imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



Features

- ♦ ±40V Fault Protection with Power Off ±36V Fault Protection with ±15V Supplies
- Switch is Off with Power Removed
- Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- 160Ω max Signal Paths with ±15V Supplies
- On-Switch Turns Off with Overvoltage
- 0.5nA Off-Leakage Current
- Output Clamped to Appropriate Supply Voltage **During Fault Condition; No Transition Glitch**
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required
- ♦ ±4.5V to ±20V Dual Supplies +9V to +36V Single Supply
- Low Power Consumption: <2mW</p>
- ♦ TTL- and CMOS-Compatible Logic Inputs with Single +9V to +15V or ±15V Supplies
- Applications Data Acquisition Industrial and Process-Control Systems **Avionics** ATE Equipment Redundant/Backup Systems

Ordering Information

General Description

The MAX4510/MAX4520 single-pole/single-throw (SPST),

fault-protected analog switches feature a fault-protected

input and Rail-to-Rail® signal-handling capability. The

normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) terminals are protected from overvoltage faults up to 36V during

power-on and 44V with power off. During a fault condi-

tion, the switch input terminal (NO or NC) becomes an open circuit; only nanoamperes of leakage current flow

from the fault source, and the switch output (COM) fur-

nishes up to 13mA of the appropriate polarity supply voltage to the load. This ensures unambiguous rail-to-rail

On-resistance is 160Ω max. The off-leakage current is

only 0.5nA at +25°C and 10nA at +85°C. The MAX4510 is a normally closed switch, while the MAX4520 is a

normally open switch. These CMOS switches operate

with dual power supplies ranging from ±4.5V to ±20V

The digital input has +0.8V and +2.4V logic thresholds, ensuring both TTL- and CMOS-logic compatibility when

using ±15V or a single +12V supply. The MAX4510/ MAX4520 are available in 6-pin SOT23 and 8-pin µMAX

outputs when a fault begins and ends.

or a single supply between +9V and +36V.

packages.

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX4510EUT-T	-40°C to +85°C	6 SOT23-6	AABZ
MAX4510EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX	_
MAX4520EUT-T	-40°C to +85°C	6 SOT23-6	AADK
MAX4520EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX	_

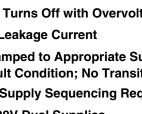
Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.

M/IXI/M

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For free samples & the latest literature: http://www.maxim-ic.com, or phone 1-800-998-8800. For small orders, phone 1-800-835-8769.

Pin Configurations/Truth Tables TOP VIEW V+ 1 6 NC (NO) MIXIM MAX4510 V- 2 5 COM MAX4520 4 GND IN 3 SOT23 () ARE FOR MAX4520. MAX4510 MAX4520 IN ON OFF 0 OFF ON 1 SWITCHES SHOWN FOR LOGIC "O" INPLIT ALL SWITCHES ARE OFF WITH POWER REMOVED. Pin Configurations continued at end of data sheet.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Voltages Referenced to GND) V+	Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}$ C) (Note 2) 6-Pin SOT23-6 (derate 7.1mW/°C above +70°C)696mW 8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.10mW/°C above +70°C)330mW Operating Temperature Ranges MAX45_0EUT40°C to +85°C MAX45_0EUA40°C to +85°C Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300°C
(pulsed at 1ms, 10% duty cycle)±50mA	

Note 1: COM and IN pins are not fault protected. Signals on COM or IN exceeding V+ or V- are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current rating.

Note 2: NC and NO pins are fault protected. Signals on NC or NO exceeding -36V to +36V may damage the device. These limits apply with power applied to V+ or V-, or $\pm 40V$ with V+ = V- = 0.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies

(V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, GND = 0, V_{IH} = 2.4V, V_{IL} = 0.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = T_{A} = T_{A} +25°C.) (Note 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	МАХ	UNITS	
ANALOG SWITCH								
Fault-Free Analog Signal Range	V _{NO} , V _{NC}	Applies with power on or off	E	V-		V+	V	
On-Resistance	Ron	$V_{COM} = \pm 10V$, $I_{COM} = 1$ mA	+25°C		125	160	Ω	
Oli-nesistance	NON	$VCOM = \pm 10V$, $ICOM = 111A$	E			225		
NO or NC Off-Leakage Current	INO(OFF),	$V_{COM} = \pm 14V;$	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA	
(Notes 4, 5)	INC(OFF)	V_{NO} , $V_{COM} = \mp 14V$	E	-10		10		
COM Off-Leakage Current		$V_{COM} = \pm 14V;$	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA	
(Notes 4, 5)	ICOM(OFF)	V_{NO} , $V_{NC} = \mp 14V$	E	-10		10		
COM On-Leakage Current	1	$V_{COM} = \pm 14V$; V_{NO} , $V_{NC} =$	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA	
(Notes 4, 5)		OM(ON) ±14V or unconnected		-20		20		
FAULT (V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, ur	nless otherwise r	noted.)						
Fault-Protected Analog	V _{NO} , V _{NC}	Applies with power on (Note 6)	E	-36		36	- V	
Signal Range	VNO, VNC	Applies with power off (Note 6)		-40		40		
COM Off-Leakage Current,		V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = \pm 36V$	+25°C	-10		10	nA	
Supplies On	ICOM(OFF)		E	-200		200		
NO or NC Input Leakage	I _{NO} , I _{NC}	$V_{\rm NO} \text{ or } V_{\rm NC} = \pm 36 \text{V},$	+25°C	-20		20	nA	
Current, Supplies On	INO, INC	$V_{COM} = \mp 10V$	E	-200		200		
NO or NC Input Leakage		$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = \pm 40V,$	+25°C	-20	0.1	20	nA	
Current, Supplies Off	rent, Supplies Off $INO, INC = 1, 00, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0$		E	-200		200		
Clamp Output Current,	1	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 36V$	+25°C	8	11	13	mA	
Supplies On	ICOM	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = -36V$	+23 0	-12	-10	-7		



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (continued)

(V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, V_{IH} = 2.4V, V_{IL} = 0.8V, GND = 0, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	ΤA	MIN	ΤΥΡ	MAX	UNITS
Clamp Output Resistance,	Deers		+25°C		1	2.5	kΩ
Supplies On	R _{COM}	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = \pm 36V$	E			3	K32
Fault Trip Threshold			+25°C	V 0.4		V+ + 0.4	V
Fault Output Turn-On Delay Time		$V_{\rm IN}$ = ±25V, R _L = 10k Ω	+25°C		10		ns
Fault Recovery Time		$V_{IN} = \pm 25V, R_L = 10k\Omega$	+25°C		2.5		μs
LOGIC INPUT	I			1			
IN Input Logic High	V _{INH}		E	2.4			V
IN Input Logic Low	VINL		Е			0.8	V
IN Input Current	luur luu	V _{IN} = 0.8V or 2.4V	+25°C	-1	0.03	1	
in input Current	I _{INH} , I _{INL}	$V_{\rm IN} = 0.8V$ Of 2.4V	E	-5		5	μA
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACT	ERISTICS						
Turn-On Time	tou	$t_{ON} \qquad \begin{array}{c} V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = \pm 10 \text{V}, \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 2 \text{k} \Omega, \\ C_{\text{L}} = 35 \text{pF}, \text{ Figure 2} \end{array}$	+25°C		350	500	ns
rum-on nine	LON		E			600	
Turn Off Time a	t	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = \pm 10V, R_L = 2k\Omega,$	+25°C		60	175	- ns
Turn-Off Time	tOFF	$C_L = 35 pF$, Figure 2	E			250	
Charge Injection (Note 7)	Q	$\label{eq:CL} \begin{array}{l} C_L = 1 n F, V_{NO} = 0, \\ R_S = 0 \Omega, Figure \; 3 \end{array}$	+25°C		1.5	5	рС
NO or NC Off-Capacitance	C _{N(OFF)}	f = 1MHz, Figure 4	+25°C		10		pF
COM Off-Capacitance	C _{COM} (OFF)	f = 1MHz, Figure 4	+25°C		5		рF
COM On-Capacitance	CCOM(ON)	f = 1MHz, Figure 4	+25°C		10		pF
Off-Isolation (Note 8)	VCISO	$\begin{array}{l} R_L = 50\Omega, \ C_L = 15 p F, \\ V_{N_{-}} = 1 V_{RMS}, \ f = 1 M Hz, \ Figure \ 5 \end{array}$	+25°C		-62		dB
POWER SUPPLY							
Power-Supply Range	V+, V-		E	±4.5		±20	V
V. Supply Current	+	V _{IN} = 0 or 5V	+25°C		100	175	μA
V+ Supply Current	1+		Е			250	
			+25°C		50	100	
V- Supply Current	I-	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } 5V$	E			175	μA
			+25°C	-1	0.01	1	
		V _{IN} = 0 or 15V	E			10	l
GND Supply Current	IGND	IGND	+25°C		50	100	μA
		$V_{IN} = 5V$				175	1

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +12V Supply

(V+ = +12V, V- = 0, GND = 0, V_{IH} = 2.4V, V_{IL} = 0.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH		1	1	1			
Fault-Free Analog Signal Range	V _{NO} , V _{NC}	Applies with power on or off	E	0		V+	V
On-Resistance	P	V _{COM} = 10V,	+25°C		260	390	Ω
On-nesistance	R _{ON}	I _{COM} = 1mA	E			500	_ 12
NO or NC Off-Leakage Current	I _{NO(OFF),}	$V_{COM} = 10V, 1V;$	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA
(Notes 4, 5, 9)	I _{NC(OFF)}	$V_{\rm NO}, V_{\rm NC} = 1V, 10V$	E	-10		10	11/ (
COM Off-Leakage Current	ICOM(OFF)	$V_{COM} = 1V, 10V;$	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA
(Notes 4, 5, 9)	ICOM(OFF)	$V_{\rm NO}, V_{\rm NC} = 10V, 1V$	E	-10		10	10.0
COM On-Leakage Current	ICOM(ON)	$V_{COM} = 1V, 10V; V_{NO}, V_{NC} =$	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA
(Notes 4, 5, 9)		1V, 10V, or unconnected	E	-20		20	
FAULT		1					
Fault-Protected Analog	V _{NO} , V _{NC}	Applies with power on (Note 6)	E	-36		36	v
Signal Range		Applies with power off (Note 6)		-40		40	v
COM Off-Leakage Current,	Ісом	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = \pm 36 V$	+25°C	-10		10	nA
Supply On	ICOM		E	-200		200	11/ (
NO or NC Input Leakage	I _{NO} , I _{NC}	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = \pm 36V,$	+25°C	-20		20	nA
Current, Supply On	110, 110	$V_{COM} = 0$	E	-200		200	
NO or NC Input Leakage	I _{NO} , I _{NC}	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = \pm 40 V,$	+25°C	-20	0.1	20	nA
Current, Supply Off	110, 110	V+=0, V-=0	E	-200		200	
Clamp Output Current, Supply On	ICOM	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 36V$	+25°C	2	3	5	mA
Clamp Output Resistance, Supply On	Rcom	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 36V$	+25°C		2.4	5	kΩ
LOGIC INPUT			1	1			-
IN Input Logic High	VINH		E	2.4			V
IN Input Logic Low	VINL		E			0.8	V
IN Input Ourrent			+25°C	-1	0.03	1	
IN Input Current	I _{INH} , I _{INL}	$V_{IN} = 0.8V \text{ or } 2.4V$	E	-5		5	μΑ

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +12V Supply (continued)

 $(V_{+} = +12V, V_{-} = 0, GND = 0, V_{IH} = 2.4V, V_{IL} = 0.8V, T_{A} = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTI	RISTICS						1
Turn-On Time	tau	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 7V, R_L = 2k\Omega,$	+25°C		500	750	ns
Turn-On Time	ton	$C_L = 35 pF$, Figure 2	E			1000	
Turn-Off Time	tOFF	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 7V, R_L = 2k\Omega,$	+25°C		60	200	ns
	UFF	C _L = 35pF, Figure 2	E			300	113
Charge Injection (Note 7)	Q	$\begin{array}{l} C_L = 1 n F, V_{NO} = 0, \\ R_S = 0 \Omega, Figure 3 \end{array} \label{eq:classical_constraint}$	+25°C		1	5	рС
NO or NC Off-Capacitance	C _{NO(OFF)} , C _{NC(OFF)}	f = 1MHz, Figure 4 +25°C			9		pF
COM Off-Capacitance	CCOM(OFF)	V _{COM} = 0, f = 1MHz, Figure 4 +25°			9		pF
COM On-Capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	$V_{COM} = V_{NO} = 0,$ f = 1MHz, Figure 4	+25°C	22			pF
Off-Isolation (Note 8)	V _{ISO}	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{array}{l} R_{L} = 50\Omega, C_{L} = 15 \text{pF}, \\ V_{IN} = 1V_{RMS}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, Figure \; 5 \end{array}$	+25°C	-62			dB
POWER SUPPLY	ł						
Power-Supply Range	V+		E	9		36	V
V+ Supply Current	1+	V _{IN} = 0 or 5V	+25°C		50	125	- μΑ
			E			175	
V- and GND Supply Current	IGND	VINI = 0 or 12V	+25°C		25	75	μA
			E			125	μι
		V _{IN} = 0 or 5V	+25°C		50	125	μA
			E			175	μ, ,

Note 3: Algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

Note 4: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum-rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$. **Note 5:** SOT packages are 100% tested at +25°C. Limits at the maximum-rated temperature are guaranteed by design and correlation limits at +25°C. Leakage tests for the SOT package are typical only.

Note 6: NC and NO pins are fault protected. Signals on NC or NO exceeding -36V to +36V may damage the device. These limits apply with power applied to V+ or V-, or ±40V with V+ = V- = 0.

Note 7: Guaranteed by design.

Note 8: Off isolation = $20\log_{10} [V_{COM} / (V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO})], V_{COM} = \text{output}, V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = \text{input to off switch}.$

Note 9: Leakage testing for single-supply operation is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies.

V+ = +12V

V- = -12V

V۲ +20V

V - = -20V

15 20

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

= -10V

SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE

vs. V_{COM} (DUAL SUPPLIES)

MAX4510/MAX4520 350 $V_{+} = +5V$ 300 V- = -5V SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE (Q) 250 $V_{+} = +10V$ 200 V 150 100 V+ = +15V 50 V- = -15V 0 -15 -10 -20

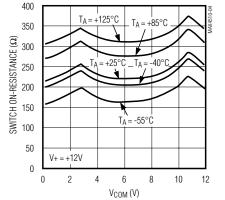


0

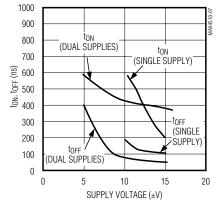
V_{COM} (V)

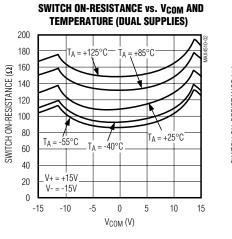
5 10

-5

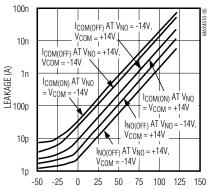






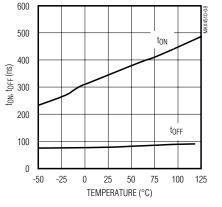


ID(ON), IS(OFF), AND ID(OFF) LEAKAGES vs. TEMPERATURE

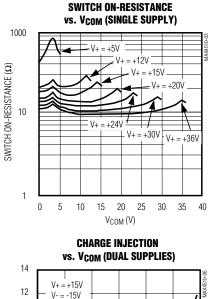


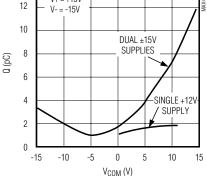




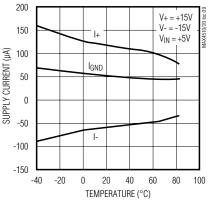


Typical Operating Characteristics





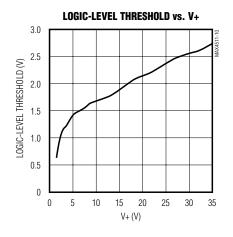
POWER-SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE





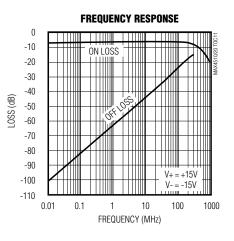
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



P	N	NAME	FUNCTION
SOT23-6	μΜΑΧ		FONCTION
1	8	V+	Positive Supply Voltage Input
2	5	V-	Negative Supply Voltage Input. Connect to GND for single-supply operation.
3	6	IN	Logic Control Digital Input
4	4	GND	Ground
5	1	СОМ	Analog Switch Common Terminal
6	3	NC or NO	Fault-Protected Analog Switch—normally closed (NC) for MAX4510; normally open (NO) for MAX4520
	2, 7	N.C.	No Connection. Not inter- nally connected.

Pin Description



Detailed Description

Overview of Traditional Fault-Protected Switches

The MAX4510/MAX4520 are fault-protected CMOS analog switches with unusual operation and construction. Traditional fault-protected switches are constructed by three series FETs. This produces good off characteristics, but fairly high on-resistance when the signals are within about 3V of each supply rail. As the voltage on one side of the switch approaches within about 3V of either supply rail (a fault condition), the switch impedance becomes higher, limiting the output signal range (on the protected side of the switch) to approximately 3V less than the appropriate polarity supply voltage.

During a fault condition, the output current that flows from the protected side of the switch into its load comes from the fault source on the other side of the switch. If the switch is open or the load is extremely high impedance, the input current will be very low. If the switch is on and the load is low impedance, enough current will flow from the source to maintain the load voltage at 3V less than the supply.

MAX4510/MAX4520

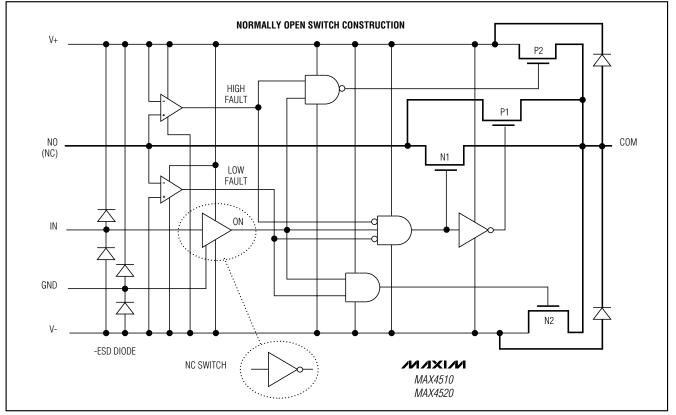


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

Overview of MAX4510/MAX4520

The MAX4510/MAX4520 differ considerably from traditional fault-protection switches, with several advantages. First, they are constructed with two parallel FETs, allowing very low on-resistance when the switch is on. Second, they allow signals on the NC or NO pins that are within or slightly beyond the supply rails to be passed through the switch to the COM terminal, allowing rail-to-rail signal operation. Third, when a signal on NC or NO exceeds the supply rails by about 50mV (a fault condition), the voltage on COM is limited to the appropriate polarity supply voltage. Operation is identical for both fault polarities. The fault-protection extends to $\pm 36V$ from GND.

During a fault condition, the NO or NC input pin becomes high impedance regardless of the switch state or load resistance. If the switch is on, the COM output current is furnished from the V+ or V- pin by "booster" FETs connected to each supply pin. These FETs can typically source or sink up to 13mA. When power is removed, the fault protection is still in effect. In this case, the NO or NC terminals are a virtual open circuit. The fault can be up to ±40V.

The COM pin is not fault protected; it acts as a normal CMOS switch pin. If a voltage source is connected to the COM pin, it should be limited to the supply voltages. Exceeding the supply voltage will cause high currents to flow through the ESD protection diodes, possibly damaging the device (see *Absolute Maximum Ratings*).

Internal Construction

Internal construction is shown in Figure 1, with the analog signal paths shown in bold. A single normally open (NO) switch is shown; the normally closed (NC) configuration is identical except the logic-level translator becomes an inverter. The analog switch is formed by the parallel combination of N-channel FET N1 and Pchannel FET P1, which are driven on and off simultaneously according to the input fault condition and the logic-level state.



Normal Operation

Two comparators continuously compare the voltage on the NO (or NC) pin with V+ and V-. When the signal on NO or NC is between V+ and V-, the switch acts normally, with FETs N1 and P1 turning on and off in response to IN signals. The parallel combination of N1 and P1 forms a low-value resistor between NO (or NC) and COM so that signals pass equally well in either direction.

Positive Fault Condition

When the signal on NO (or NC) exceeds V+ by about 50mV, the high-fault comparator output is high, turning off FETs N1 and P1. This makes the NO (or NC) pin high impedance regardless of the switch state. If the switch state is "off," all FETs are turned off and both NO (or NC) and COM are high impedance. If the switch state is "on," FET P2 is turned on, sourcing current from V+ to COM.

Negative Fault Condition

When the signal on NO (or NC) exceeds V- by about 50mV, the low-fault comparator output is high, turning off FETs N1 and P1. This makes the NO (or NC) pin high impedance regardless of the switch state. If the switch state is "off," all FETs are turned off and both NO (or NC) and COM are high impedance. If the switch state is "on," FET N2 is turned on, sinking current from COM to V-.

Transient Fault Response and Recovery

When a fast rise-time and fall-time transient on IN exceeds V+ or V-, the output (COM) follows the input (IN) to the supply rail with only a few nanoseconds delay. This delay is due to the switch on-resistance and circuit capacitance to ground. When the input transient returns to within the supply rails, however, there is a longer output recovery time delay. For positive faults, the recovery time is typically 3.5µs. For negative faults, the recovery time is typically 1.3µs. These values depend on the COM output resistance and capacitance. The delays are not dependent on the fault amplitude. Higher COM output resistance and capacitance increase recovery times.

COM and IN Pins

FETs N2 and P2 can source about ± 13 mA from V+ or Vto the COM pin in the fault condition. Ensure that if the COM pin is connected to a low-resistance load, the absolute maximum current rating of 30mA is never exceeded, both in normal and fault conditions.

The GND, COM, and IN pins do not have fault protection. Reverse ESD-protection diodes are internally connected between GND, COM, IN, and both V+ and V-. If a signal on GND, COM, or IN exceeds V+ or V- by more than 300mV, one of these diodes will conduct heavily. During normal operation these reverse-biased ESD diodes leak a few nanoamps of current to V+ and V-.

Fault-Protection Voltage and Power Off

The maximum fault voltage on the NC or NO pins is $\pm 36V$ with power applied and $\pm 40V$ with power off.

Failure Modes

The MAX4510/MAX4520 are not lightning arrestors or surge protectors.

Exceeding the fault-protection voltage limits on NO or NC, even for very short periods, can cause the device to fail.

Ground

There is no connection between the analog signal path and GND. The analog signal path consists of an Nchannel and P-channel MOSFET with their sources and drains paralleled and their gates driven out of phase to V+ and V- by the logic-level translators.

V+ and GND power the internal logic and logic-level translators and set the input logic thresholds. The logic-level translators convert the logic levels to switched V+ and V- signals to drive the gates of the analog switch. This drive signal is the only connection between the power supplies and the analog signal. GND, IN, and COM have ESD-protection diodes to V+ and V-.

IN Logic-Level Thresholds

The logic-level thresholds are CMOS and TTL compatible when V+ is +15V. As V+ is raised, the threshold increases slightly, and when V+ reaches 25V, the level threshold is about 2.8V—above the TTL output high-level minimum of 2.4V, but still compatible with CMOS outputs (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

Increasing V- has no effect on the logic-level thresholds, but it does increase the gate-drive voltage to the signal FETs, reducing their on-resistance.

Dual Supplies

The MAX4510/MAX4520 operate with dual supplies between $\pm 4.5V$ and $\pm 20V$. The V+ and V- supplies need not be symmetrical, but their difference cannot exceed the absolute maximum rating of 44V.

Single Supply

The MAX4510/MAX4520 operate from a single supply between +9V and +36V when V- is connected to GND.



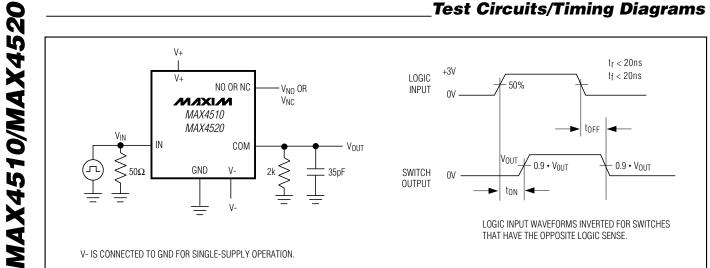


Figure 2. Switch Turn-On/Turn-Off Times

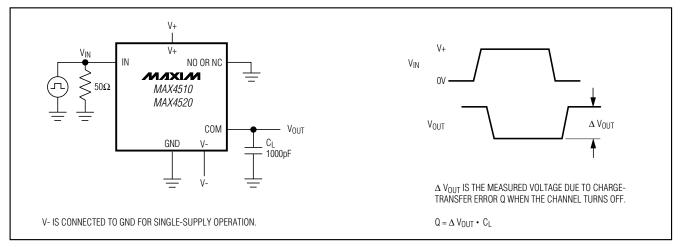


Figure 3. Charge Injection

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams

_Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

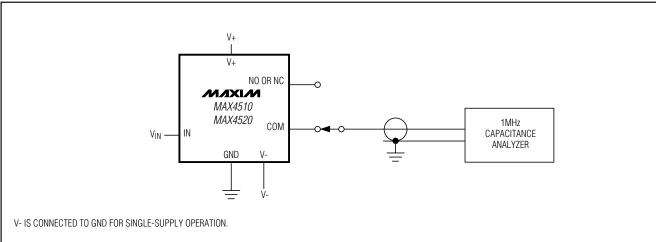


Figure 4. COM, NO, and NC Capacitance

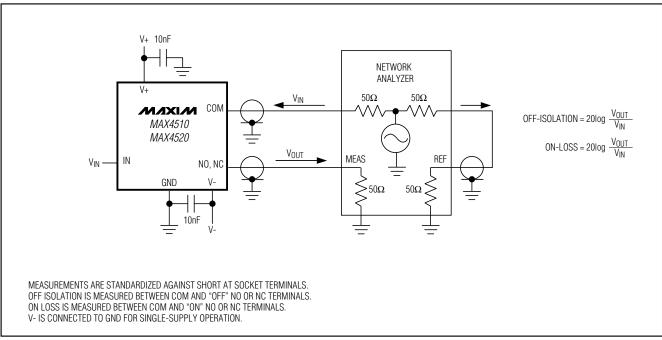


Figure 5. Frequency Response and Off-Isolation

Chip Information

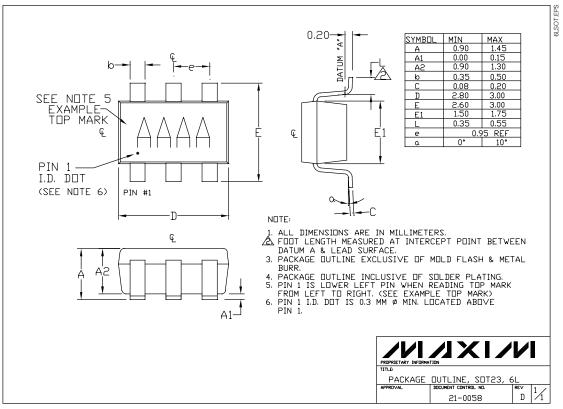
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 139

MAX4510/MAX4520

MAX4510/MAX4520 СОМ 8 V+ СОМ 8 V+ 11 11 7 N.C. N.C. N.C. 2 N.C. 2 7 6 IN NC 3 NO 3 6 IN ΜΛΧΙΜ ΜΛΧΙΜ MAX4510 MAX4520 GND 4 5 V-GND 4 5 VμΜΑΧ μΜΑΧ IN MAX4510 MAX4520 N.C. = NOT CONNECTED 0 ON OFF SWITCHES SHOWN FOR LOGIC "O" INPUT. OFF ON 1 ALL SWITCHES ARE OFF WITH POWER REMOVED.

Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams/Truth Tables (continued)

Package Information



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

© 1999 Maxim Integrated Products

12

Printed USA

MAXIM is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.