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Differential 8:1 ECL/PECL Multiplexer with Dual Output Buffers

MAX9389

General Description

The MAX9389 is a fully differential, high-speed, low-jitter, 8-to-1 ECL/PECL multiplexer (mux) with dual output buffers. The device is designed for clock and data distribution applications, and features extremely low propagation delay (310ps typ) and output-to-output skew (30ps max).

Three single-ended select inputs, SEL0, SEL1, and SEL2, control the mux function. The mux select inputs are compatible with ECL/PECL logic, and are internally referenced to the on-chip reference output (V_{BB1}, V_{BB2}), nominally V_{CC} - 1.425V. The select inputs accept signals between V_{CC} and V_{EE}. Internal pulldowns to V_{EE} ensure a low default condition if the select inputs are left open.

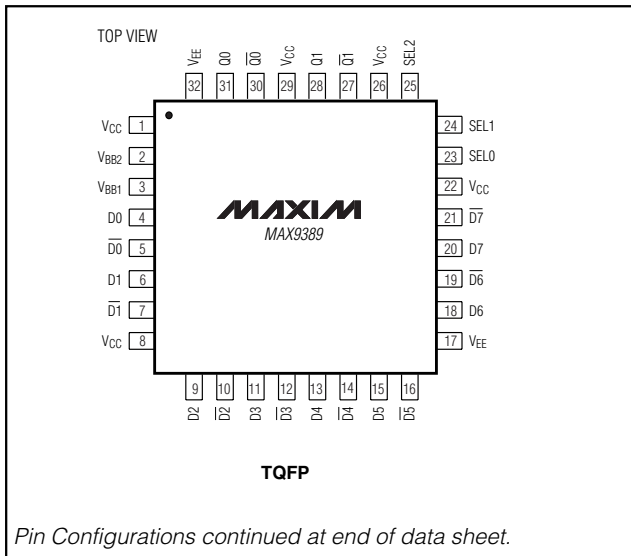
The differential inputs D₋, \overline{D}_- can be configured to accept a single-ended signal when the unused complementary input is connected to the on-chip reference output (V_{BB1}, V_{BB2}). All the differential inputs have internal bias and clamping circuits that ensure a low output state when the inputs are left open.

The MAX9389 operates with a wide supply range V_{CC} - V_{EE} of 2.375V to 5.5V. The device is offered in 32-pin TQFP and thin QFN packages, and operates over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range.

Applications

- High-Speed Telecom and Datacom Applications
- Central-Office Backplane Clock Distribution
- DSLAM/DLC

Pin Configurations



Features

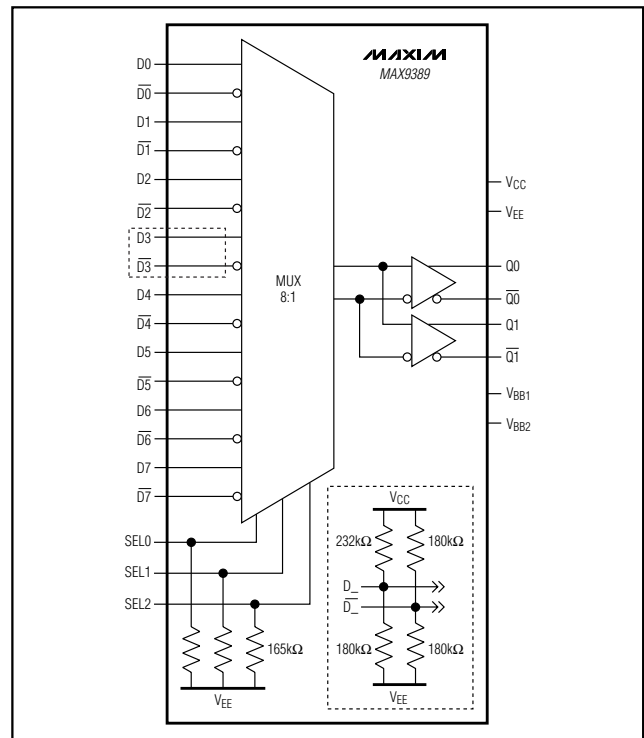
- ◆ 310ps Propagation Delay
- ◆ Guaranteed 2.7GHz Operating Frequency
- ◆ 0.3ps_{RMS} Random Jitter
- ◆ <30ps Output-to-Output Skew
- ◆ -2.375V to -5.5V Supplies for Differential LVECL/ECL
- ◆ +2.375V to +5.5V Supplies for Differential LVPECL/PECL
- ◆ Outputs Low for Open Inputs
- ◆ Dual Output Buffers
- ◆ >2kV ESD Protection (Human Body Model)

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX9389EHJ	-40°C to +85°C	32 TQFP
MAX9389ETJ*	-40°C to +85°C	32 Thin QFN

*Future product—contact factory for availability.

Functional Diagram



Differential 8:1 ECL/PECL Multiplexer with Dual Output Buffers

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

VCC - VEE	-0.3V to +6.0V	32-Lead QFN (derate 21.3mW/°C above +70°C)	1702mW
Inputs (D ₋ , \overline{D} ₋ , SEL ₋) to VEE	-0.3V to (VCC + 0.3V)	θ _{JA} in Still Air	+47°C/W
D ₋ to \overline{D} ₋	±3.0V	θ _{JC}	+2°C/W
Continuous Output Current50mA	Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Surge Output Current	100mA	Junction Temperature	+150°C
V _{BB-} Sink/Source Current	±600μA	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)		ESD Protection	
32-Lead TQFP (derate 13.1mW/°C above +70°C) ...	1047mW	Human Body Model (D ₋ , \overline{D} ₋ , Q ₋ , \overline{Q} ₋ , SEL ₋ , V _{BB-})	≥2kV
θ _{JA} in Still Air	+76°C/W	Soldering Temperature (10s)	+300°C
θ _{JC}	+25°C/W		

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(VCC - VEE = 2.375V to 5.5V, outputs loaded with 50Ω ±1% to VCC - 2V. Typical values are at VCC - VEE = 3.3V, V_{IHD} = VCC - 1V, V_{ILD} = VCC - 1.5V, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1-4)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	-40°C			+25°C			+85°C			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
INPUT (D₋, \overline{D}₋, SEL₋)												
Single-Ended Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	V _{BB-} connected to the unused input, Figure 1	VCC - 1.225	VCC - 0.880	VCC - 1.225	VCC - 0.880	VCC - 1.225	VCC - 0.880	V			
Single-Ended Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	V _{BB-} connected to the unused input, Figure 1	VCC - 1.945	VCC - 1.625	VCC - 1.945	VCC - 1.625	VCC - 1.945	VCC - 1.625	V			
Differential Input High Voltage	V _{IHD}	Figure 1	V _{EE} + 1.2	VCC	V _{EE} + 1.2	VCC	V _{EE} + 1.2	VCC	V			
Differential Input Low Voltage	V _{ILD}	Figure 1	V _{EE}	VCC - 0.095	V _{EE}	VCC - 0.095	V _{EE}	VCC - 0.095	V			
Differential Input Voltage	V _{IHD} - V _{ILD}	Figure 1	VCC - V _{EE} < 3.0V	0.095	VCC - V _{EE}	0.095	VCC - V _{EE}	0.095	VCC - V _{EE}	V		
			VCC - V _{EE} ≥ 3.0V	0.095	3.000	0.095	3.000	0.095	3.000			
Input Current	I _{IN}	V _{IH} , V _{IL} , V _{IHD} , V _{ILD}	-60	+60	-60	+60	-60	+60	μA			
OUTPUT (Q₋, \overline{Q}₋)												
Single-Ended Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	Figure 2	VCC - 1.145	VCC - 0.895	VCC - 1.145	VCC - 0.895	VCC - 1.145	VCC - 0.895	V			

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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 2.375V$ to $5.5V$, outputs loaded with $50\Omega \pm 1\%$ to $V_{CC} - 2V$. Typical values are at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V$, $V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V$, $V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1–4)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	-40°C			+25°C			+85°C			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Single-Ended Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	Figure 2	$V_{CC} - 1.945$		$V_{CC} - 1.695$	$V_{CC} - 1.945$		$V_{CC} - 1.695$	$V_{CC} - 1.945$		$V_{CC} - 1.695$	V
Differential Output Voltage	$V_{OH} - V_{OL}$	Figure 2	650	830		650	840		650	840		mV
REFERENCE OUTPUT (V_{BB-})												
Reference Voltage Output	V_{BB1} V_{BB2}	$I_{BB1} + I_{BB2} = \pm 0.5mA$ (Note 5)	$V_{CC} - 1.525$	$V_{CC} - 1.425$	$V_{CC} - 1.325$	$V_{CC} - 1.525$	$V_{CC} - 1.425$	$V_{CC} - 1.325$	$V_{CC} - 1.525$	$V_{CC} - 1.425$	$V_{CC} - 1.325$	V
POWER SUPPLY												
Supply Current	I_{EE}	(Note 6)		50	70		53	70		55	70	mA

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 2.375V$ to $5.5V$, outputs loaded with $50\Omega \pm 1\%$ to $V_{CC} - 2V$, $V_{IHD} - V_{ILD} = 0.15V$ to $1V$, $f_{IN} \leq 2.5GHz$, input duty cycle = 50%, input transition time = 125ps (20% to 80%). Typical values are at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V$, $V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V$, $V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$, $f_{IN} = 622MHz$, input duty cycle = 50%, input transition time = 125ps (20% to 80%.) (Note 7)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	-40°C			+25°C			+85°C			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Differential Input-to-Output Delay	t_{PLHD} , t_{PHLD}	Figure 2	216	301	370	237	310	416	255	329	456	ps
SEL_-to-Output Delay	t_{PLH2} , t_{PHL2}	Figure 4, input transition time = 500ps (20% to 80%) (Note 8)		1.34	2		1.25	2		1.44	2	ns
Output-to-Output Skew	t_{SKOO}	Figure 5 (Note 9)			15			15			30	ps
Input-to-Output Skew	t_{SKIO}	Figure 6 (Note 10)			50			50			55	ps
Part-to-Part Skew	t_{SKPP}	(Note 11)			125			150			160	ps
Added Random Jitter (Note 12)	t_{RJ}	Clock pattern	$f_{IN} = 156MHz$	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	psRMS
			$f_{IN} = 622MHz$	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	
			$f_{IN} = 2.5GHz$	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	0.3	1.15	
Added Deterministic Jitter (Note 12)	T_{DJ}	PRBS $2^{23} - 1$	$f_{IN} = 156Mbps$	33	95	33	95	33	95	33	95	pSP-P
			$f_{IN} = 622Mbps$	21	61	21	61	21	61	21	61	

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 2.375V$ to $5.5V$, outputs loaded with $50\Omega \pm 1\%$ to $V_{CC} - 2V$, $V_{IHD} - V_{ILD} = 0.15V$ to $1V$, $f_{IN} \leq 2.5GHz$, input duty cycle = 50%, input transition time = 125ps (20% to 80%). Typical values are at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V$, $V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V$, $V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$, $f_{IN} = 622MHz$, input duty cycle = 50%, input transition time = 125ps (20% to 80%)) (Note 7)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	-40°C			+25°C			+85°C			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Switching Frequency	f_{MAX}	$V_{OH} - V_{OL} \geq 300mV$, Figure 2	2.7			2.7			2.7			GHz
Select Toggle Frequency	f_{SEL}	$V_{OH} - V_{OL} \geq 300mV$, Figure 4	100			100			100			MHz
Output Rise and Fall Time (20% to 80%)	t_R, t_F	Figure 2	67	105	138	74	117	155	81	128	165	ps

Note 1: Measurements are made with the device in thermal equilibrium.

Note 2: Current into an I/O pin is defined as positive. Current out of an I/O pin is defined as negative.

Note 3: DC parameters production tested at $T_A = +25^\circ C$ and guaranteed by design over the full operating temperature range.

Note 4: Single-ended data input operation using V_{BB-} is limited to $(V_{CC} - V_{EE}) \geq 3.0V$.

Note 5: Use V_{BB-} only for inputs that are on the same device as the V_{BB-} reference.

Note 6: All pins open except V_{CC} and V_{EE} .

Note 7: Guaranteed by design and characterization. Limits are set at ± 6 sigma.

Note 8: Measured from the 50% point of the input signal with the 50% point equal to V_{BB} , to the 50% point of the output signal.

Note 9: Measured between outputs of the same part at the signal crossing points for a same-edge transition.

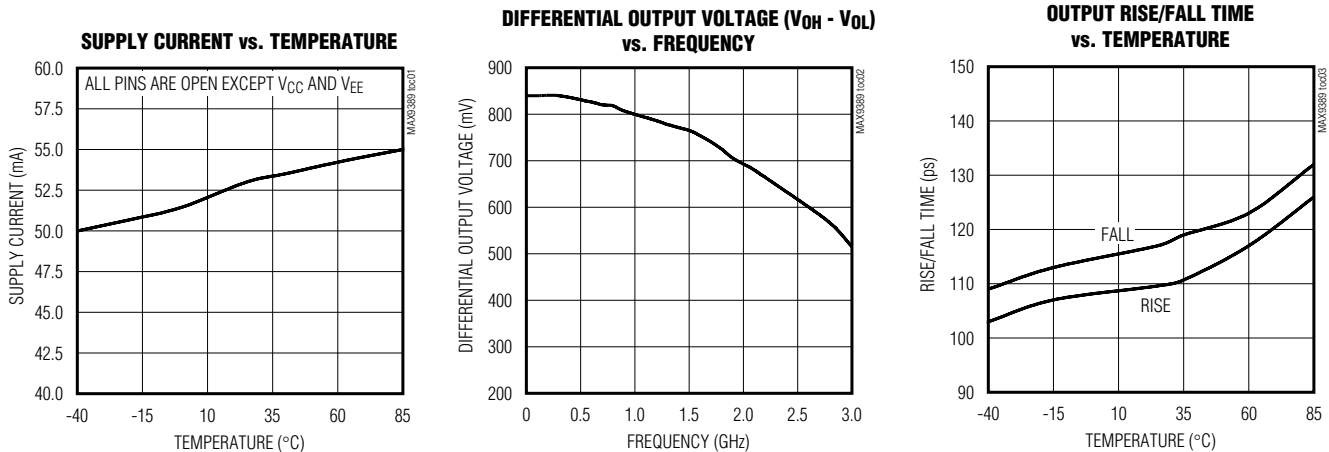
Note 10: Measured between input-to-output paths of the same part at the signal crossing points for a same-edge transition of the differential input signal.

Note 11: Measured between outputs of different parts at the signal crossing points under identical conditions for a same-edge transition.

Note 12: Device jitter added to the differential input signal.

Typical Operating Characteristics

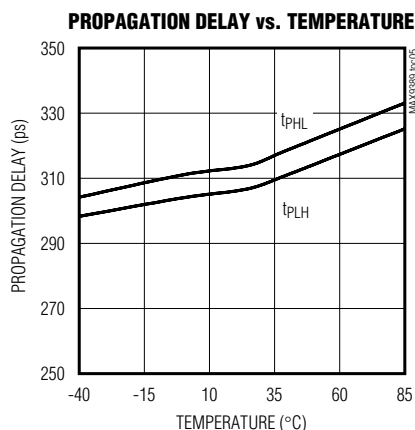
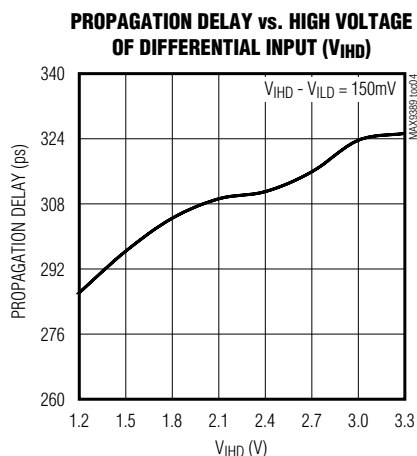
($V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V$, $V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V$, $V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$, outputs loaded with $50\Omega \pm 1\%$ to $V_{CC} - 2V$, $f_{IN} = 622MHz$, input duty cycle = 50%, input transition time = 125ps (20% to 80%), unless otherwise noted.)



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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V$, $V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V$, $V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$, outputs loaded with $50\Omega \pm 1\%$ to $V_{CC} - 2V$, $f_{IN} = 622MHz$, input duty cycle = 50%, input transition time = 125ps (20% to 80%), unless otherwise noted.)



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 8, 22, 26, 29	V_{CC}	Positive Supply Input. Bypass each V_{CC} to V_{EE} with 0.1 μF and 0.01 μF ceramic capacitors. Place the capacitors as close to the device as possible with the smaller value capacitor closest to the device.
2	V_{BB2}	Reference Output Voltage 2. Connect to the inverting or noninverting data input to provide a reference for single-ended operation. When used, bypass V_{BB2} to V_{CC} with a 0.01 μF ceramic capacitor. Otherwise leave open.
3	V_{BB1}	Reference Output Voltage 1. Connect to the inverting or noninverting data input to provide a reference for single-ended operation. When used, bypass V_{BB1} to V_{CC} with a 0.01 μF ceramic capacitor. Otherwise leave open.
4	D0	Noninverting Differential Input 0. Internal 232k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
5	$\overline{D0}$	Inverting Differential Input 0. Internal 180k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
6	D1	Noninverting Differential Input 1. Internal 232k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
7	$\overline{D1}$	Inverting Differential Input 1. Internal 180k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
9	D2	Noninverting Differential Input 2. Internal 232k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
10	$\overline{D2}$	Inverting Differential Input 2. Internal 180k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
11	D3	Noninverting Differential Input 3. Internal 232k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
12	$\overline{D3}$	Inverting Differential Input 3. Internal 180k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
13	D4	Noninverting Differential Input 4. Internal 232k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
14	$\overline{D4}$	Inverting Differential Input 4. Internal 180k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
15	D5	Noninverting Differential Input 5. Internal 232k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
16	$\overline{D5}$	Inverting Differential Input 5. Internal 180k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
17, 32	V_{EE}	Negative Supply Input
18	D6	Noninverting Differential Input 6. Internal 232k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .
19	$\overline{D6}$	Inverting Differential Input 6. Internal 180k Ω to V_{CC} and 180k Ω to V_{EE} .

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Pin Description (continued)

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
20	D7	Noninverting Differential Input 7. Internal 232kΩ to V _{CC} and 180kΩ to V _{EE} .
21	$\overline{D7}$	Inverting Differential Input 7. Internal 180kΩ to V _{CC} and 180kΩ to V _{EE} .
23	SEL0	Select Logic Input 0. Internal 165kΩ pull-down to V _{EE} .
24	SEL1	Select Logic Input 1. Internal 165kΩ pull-down to V _{EE} .
25	SEL2	Select Logic Input 2. Internal 165kΩ pull-down to V _{EE} .
27	$\overline{Q1}$	Inverting Output 1. Typically terminate with 50Ω resistor to V _{CC} - 2V.
28	Q1	Noninverting Output 1. Typically terminate with 50Ω resistor to V _{CC} - 2V.
30	$\overline{Q0}$	Inverting Output 0. Typically terminate with 50Ω resistor to V _{CC} - 2V.
31	Q0	Noninverting Output 0. Typically terminate with 50Ω resistor to V _{CC} - 2V.
—	EP	Exposed Pad (QFN Package Only). Connect to V _{EE} .

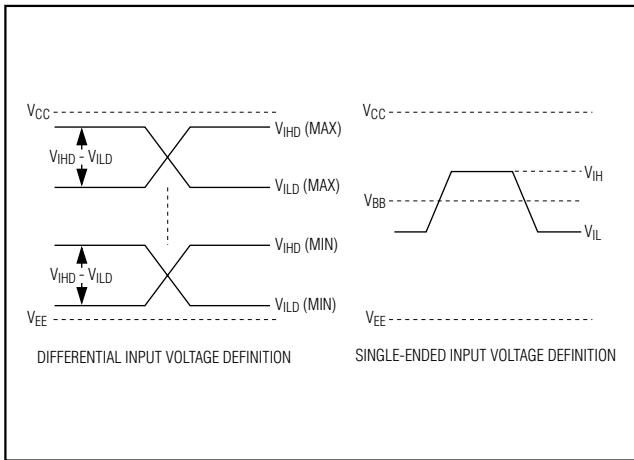


Figure 1. Input Definitions

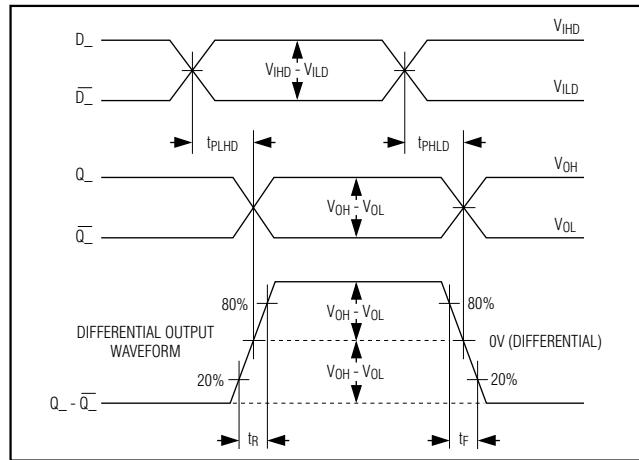


Figure 2. Differential Input-to-Output Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

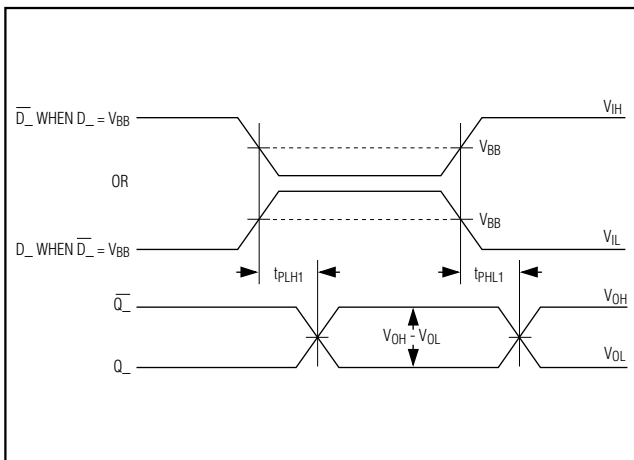


Figure 3. Single-Ended Input-to-Output Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

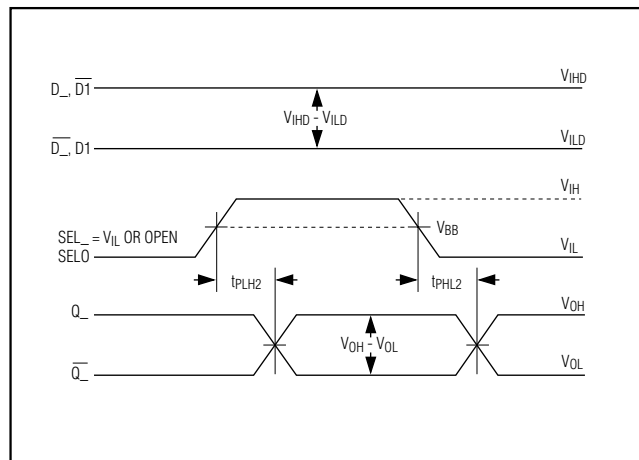


Figure 4. Select Input (SEL0) to Output (Q₊, Q₋) Delay Timing Diagram

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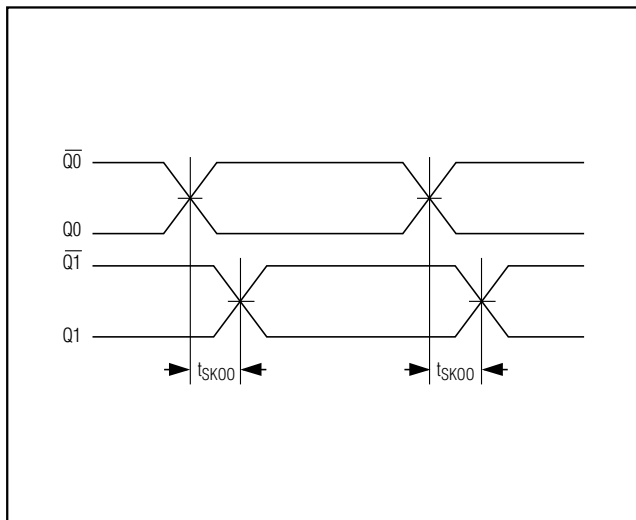


Figure 5. Output-to-Output Skew (t_{SKOO}) Definition

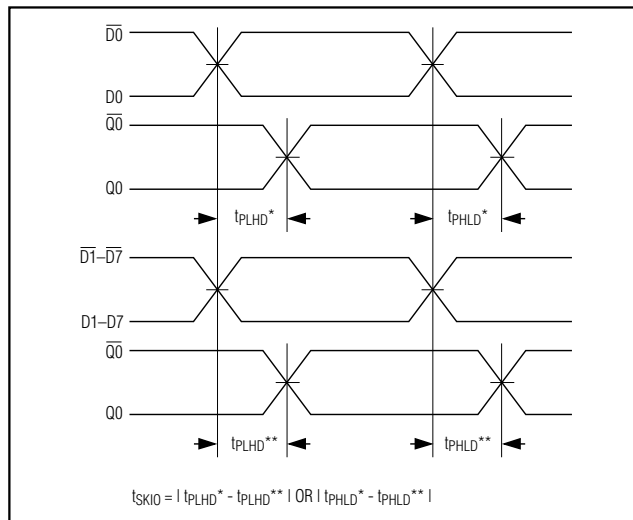


Figure 6. Input-to-Output Skew (t_{SKIO}) Definition

Detailed Description

The MAX9389 is a fully differential, high-speed, low-jitter 8-to-1 ECL/PECL mux with dual output buffers. The device is designed for clock and data distribution applications, and features extremely low propagation delay (310ps typ) and output-to-output skew (30ps max).

Three single-ended select inputs, SEL0, SEL1, and SEL2, control the mux function (see Table 1). The mux select inputs are compatible with ECL/PECL logic, and are internally referenced to the on-chip reference output (V_{BB1} , V_{BB2}), nominally $V_{CC} - 1.425V$. The select inputs accept signals between V_{CC} and V_{EE} . Internal 165k Ω pull-downs to V_{EE} ensure a low default condition if the select inputs are left open. Leaving SEL0, SEL1, and SEL2 open selects the $D0$, $\overline{D0}$ inputs by default.

The differential inputs D_{-} , \overline{D}_{-} can be configured to accept a single-ended signal when the unused complementary input is connected to the on-chip reference voltage (V_{BB1} , V_{BB2}). Voltage reference outputs V_{BB1} and V_{BB2} provide the reference voltage needed for single-ended operations. A single-ended input of at least $V_{BB_{-}} \pm 100mV$ or a differential input of at least 100mV switches the outputs to the V_{OH} and V_{OL} levels specified in the *DC Electrical Characteristics* table. The maximum magnitude of the differential input from D_{-} to \overline{D}_{-} is $\pm 3.0V$. This limit also applies to the difference between a single-ended input and any reference voltage input.

Table 1. Mux Select Input Truth Table

DATA OUTPUT	SEL0	SEL1	SEL2
$D0^*$	L or open	L or open	L or open
D1	H	L or open	L or open
D2	L or open	H	L or open
D3	H	H	L or open
D4	L or open	L or open	H
D5	H	L or open	H
D6	L or open	H	H
D7	H	H	H

*Default output when SEL0, SEL1, and SEL2 are left open.

Single-Ended Operation

The recommended supply voltage for single-ended operation is 3.0V to 3.8V. The differential inputs (D_{-} , \overline{D}_{-}) can be configured to accept single-ended inputs when operating at supply voltages greater than 2.725V. In single-ended mode operation, the unused complementary input needs to be connected to the on-chip reference voltage, V_{BB1} or V_{BB2} , as a reference. For example, the differential D_{-} , \overline{D}_{-} inputs are converted to a noninverting, single-ended input by connecting V_{BB1} or V_{BB2} to \overline{D}_{-} and connecting the single-ended input to D_{-} . Similarly, an inverting input is obtained by connecting V_{BB1} or V_{BB2} to D_{-} and connecting the single-ended input to \overline{D}_{-} . The single-ended input can be driven to V_{CC} or V_{EE} or with a single-ended LVPECL/LVECL signal.

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In single-ended operation, ensure that the supply voltage ($V_{CC} - V_{EE}$) is greater than 2.725V. The input high minimum level must be at least ($V_{EE} + 1.2V$) or higher for proper operation. The reference voltage V_{BB} must be at least ($V_{EE} + 1.2V$) because it becomes the high-level input when a single-ended input swings below it. The minimum V_{BB} output for the MAX9389 is ($V_{CC} - 1.525V$). Substituting the minimum V_{BB} output for ($V_{BB} = V_{EE} + 1.2V$) results in a minimum supply ($V_{CC} - V_{EE}$) of 2.725V. Rounding up to standard supplies gives the recommended single-ended operating supply ranges ($V_{CC} - V_{EE}$) of 3.0V to 5.5V.

When using the V_{BB} reference output, bypass it with a 0.01 μ F ceramic capacitor to V_{CC} . If V_{BB} is not being used, leave it unconnected. The V_{BB} reference can source or sink a total of 0.5mA (shared between V_{BB1} and V_{BB2}), which is sufficient to drive eight inputs.

Applications Information

Output Termination

Terminate each output with a 50 Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$ or use an equivalent Thevenin termination. Terminate each Q_{-} and \bar{Q}_{-} output with identical termination for minimal distortion. When a single-ended signal is taken from the differential output, terminate both Q_{-} and \bar{Q}_{-} .

Ensure that the output current does not exceed the current limits specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table. Under all operating conditions, the device's total thermal limits should not be exceeded.

Supply Bypassing

Bypass each V_{CC} to V_{EE} with high-frequency surface-mount ceramic 0.1 μ F and 0.01 μ F capacitors. For PECL, bypass each V_{CC} to V_{EE} . For ECL, bypass each V_{EE} to V_{CC} . Place the capacitors as close to the device as possible with the 0.01 μ F capacitor closest to the device pins.

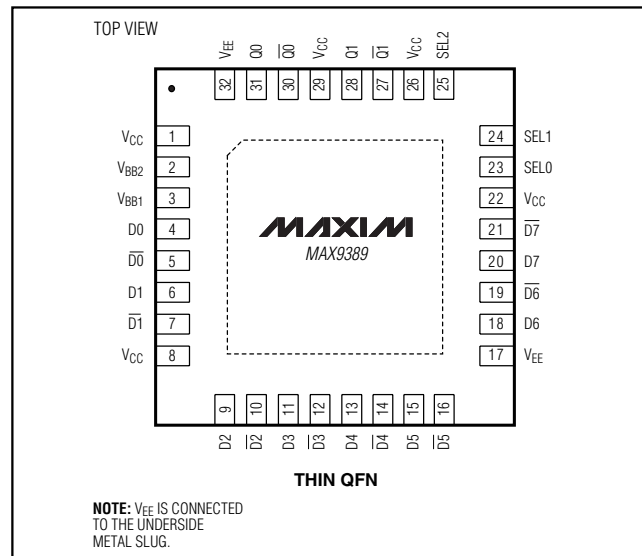
Use multiple vias when connecting the bypass capacitors to ground. When using the V_{BB1} or V_{BB2} reference outputs, bypass each one with a 0.01 μ F ceramic capacitor to V_{CC} . If the V_{BB1} or V_{BB2} reference outputs are not used, they can be left open.

Traces

Circuit board trace layout is very important to maintain the signal integrity of high-speed differential signals. Maintaining integrity is accomplished in part by reducing signal reflections and skew, and increasing common-mode noise immunity.

Signal reflections are caused by discontinuities in the 50 Ω characteristic impedance of the traces. Avoid discontinuities by maintaining the distance between differential traces, not using sharp corners or using vias. Maintaining distance between the traces also increases common-mode noise immunity. Reducing signal skew is accomplished by matching the electrical length of the differential traces.

Pin Configurations (continued)



Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 716

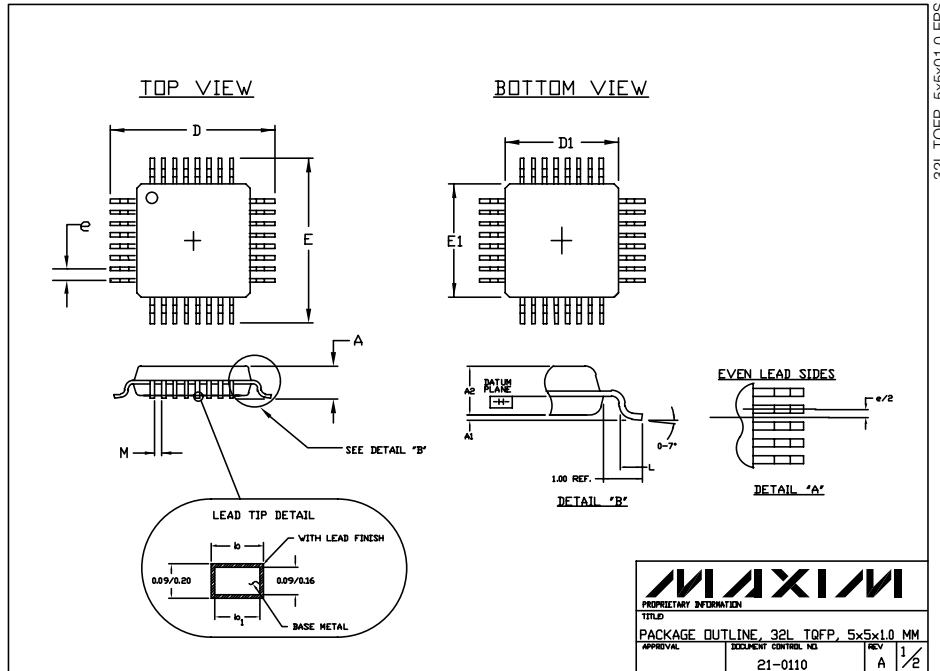
PROCESS: Bipolar

Differential 8:1 ECL/PECL Multiplexer with Dual Output Buffers

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

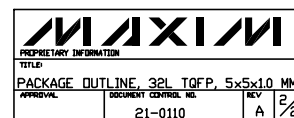
MAX9389



NOTES:

- ALL DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5-1982.
- DATUM PLANE [EE] IS LOCATED AT MOLD PARTING LINE AND COINCIDENT WITH LEAD, WHERE LEAD EXITS PLASTIC BODY AT BOTTOM OF PARTING LINE.
- DIMENSIONS D1 AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION IS 0.254 MM ON D1 AND E1 DIMENSIONS.
- THE TOP OF PACKAGE IS SMALLER THAN THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGE BY 0.15 MILLIMETERS.
- DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 MM TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE b DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- THIS OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC PUBLICATION 95, REGISTRATION MD-136.
- LEADS SHALL BE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

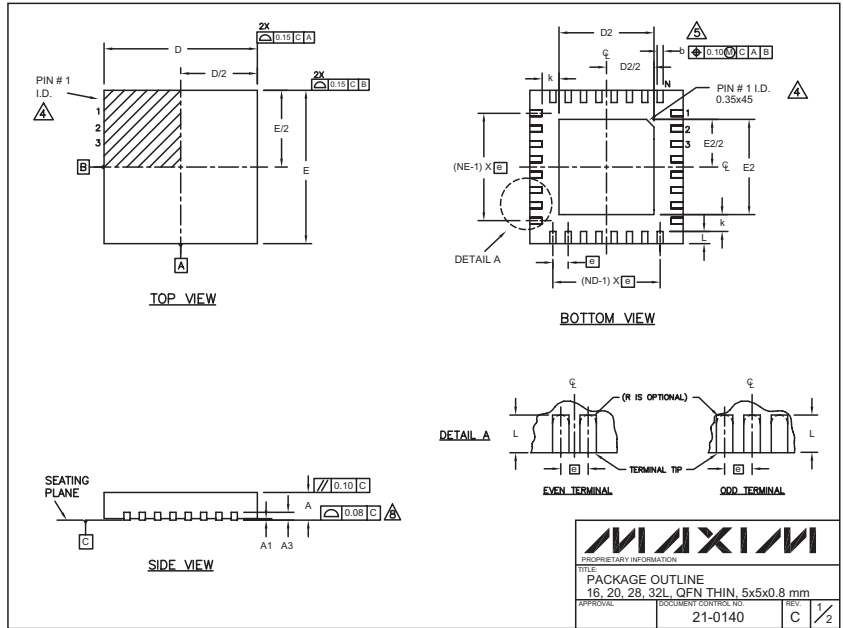
JEDEC VARIATIONS		
DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS		
AA		
5x5x1.0 MM		
	MIN.	MAX.
A	~	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.95	1.05
D	7.00 BSC.	
D1	5.00 BSC.	
E	7.00 BSC.	
E1	5.00 BSC.	
L	0.45	0.75
M	0.15	~
N	32	
e	0.50 BSC.	
b	0.17	0.27
b1	0.17	0.23



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Package Information (continued)

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COMMON DIMENSIONS												
PKG. SYMBOL	16L 5x5			20L 5x5			28L 5x5			32L 5x5		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05
A3	0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.		
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10
E	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10
e	0.80 BSC.			0.65 BSC.			0.50 BSC.			0.50 BSC.		
k	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-
L	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50
N	16			20			28			32		
ND	4			5			7			8		
NE	4			5			7			8		
JEDEC	WHHB			WHHC			WHHD-1			WHHD-2		

EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS									
PKG. CODES	D2			E2					
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.			
T1855-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20			
T2055-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20			
T2855-1	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35			
T2855-2	2.80	2.70	2.80	2.80	2.70	2.80			
T3255-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20			

NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
- N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
- THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JEDEC 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.
- DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
- ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
- DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
- DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220.
- WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.

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