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## Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp

## General Description

The MAX9622 op amp features rail-to-rail output and 50 MHz GBW at just 1 mA supply current. At power-up, this device autocalibrates its input offset voltage to less than $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$. It operates from a single-supply voltage of 2.0 V to 5.25 V .

The MAX9622 is available in a tiny $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$, 5 -pin SC70 package and is rated over the $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ automotive temperature range.

Applications
Power Modules
Automotive Power Supplies
ADC Drivers for Industrial Systems
Instrumentation
Filters
-

- 50MHz UGBW
- Low Input Voltage Offset Voltage (100 1 V max)
- Input Common-Mode Voltage Range Extends Below Ground
- Wide 2.0V to 5.25V Supply Range
- Low 1mA Supply Current

Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP <br> RANGE | PIN- <br> PACKAGE | TOP <br> MARK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAX9622AXK +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to <br> $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 SC 70 | AUA |

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. $T$ = Tape and reel.


## Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (VCC to GND)..............................-0.3V to +5.5 V
All Other Pins................................(GND - 0.3V) to (VCC + 0.3V)
Short-Circuit Duration to GND or VCC .................................... 1s
Continuous Input Current (any pins)............................... $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$
Thermal Limits (Note 1)
Continuous Power Dissipation $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
5-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) .......... 245.4 mW

Operating Temperature Range ........................ $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Junction Temperature ..................................................... $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage Temperature Range............................ $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) ................................. $+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Soldering Temperature (reflow) ...................................... $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a fourlayer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial.
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$\left(\mathrm{VCC}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}+=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{N}-=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right.$ to $\mathrm{VCC} / 2, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $)$ (Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POWER SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supply Voltage Range | VCC | Guaranteed by PSRR |  | 2 |  | 5.25 | V |
| Supply Current | ICC | No load | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1 | 1.5 | mA |
|  |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T} \leq+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 2.1 |  |
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 97 | 126 |  | dB |
|  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 93 |  |  |  |
| Power-Up Time | ton |  |  |  | 3 |  | ms |

DC SPECIFICATIONS

| Input Offset Voltage | Vos | After power-up auto | alibration |  | 8 | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 8 | 3000 |  |
| Input Offset Voltage Drift | $\Delta \mathrm{V}$ OS |  |  |  | 3 |  | $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Input Bias Current | IB | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 62 | 150 | nA |
|  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  | 320 |  |
| Input Offset Current | Ios | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 3 | 12 | nA |
|  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  | 30 |  |
| Input Common-Mode Range | VCM | Guaranteed by CMRR, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -0.1 |  | VCC -1.3 | V |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | CMRR | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 87 | 121 |  | dB |
|  |  |  |  | 80 |  |  |  |
| Large-Signal Gain | Avol | $400 \mathrm{mV} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }} \leq$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 91 | 103 |  | dB |
|  |  | Vcc - 400mV | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 84 |  |  |  |
|  |  | $400 \mathrm{mV} \leq$ VOUT $\leq$ Vcc - 400mV, RL = $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $\mathrm{VCC} / 2$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 77 | 89 |  |  |
|  |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 69 |  |  |  |
| Output Voltage Swing | $\mathrm{VOH}-\mathrm{VCC}$ | $R_{L}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $\mathrm{V}_{C C} / 2$ |  |  |  | 60 | mV |
|  | VOL | $R_{L}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $\mathrm{V}_{C C} / 2$ |  |  |  | 60 |  |
|  |  | RL $=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to GND, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  | 40 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to GND |  |  |  | 48 |  |
| Short-Circuit Current | ISC | (Note 3) |  |  | 80 |  | mA |

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$\left(V_{C C}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}+=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, R \mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right.$ to $\mathrm{VCC} / 2, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $)$ (Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gain-Bandwidth Product | GBW |  | 50 |  | MHz |
| Large-Signal Bandwidth | BWLS | VOUT $=2 \mathrm{VP}_{\text {P-P }}$ | 3 |  | MHz |
| Slew Rate | SR | VOUT = 2VP-P, 10\% to 90\% | 20 |  | V/us |
| Settling Time | ts | To 0.1\%, Vout = 2VP-P, CL = 10pF | 200 |  | ns |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz}$, VOUT $=2 \mathrm{VP}$-P | 90 |  | dB |
| Input Voltage Noise Density | EN | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | 13 |  | $\mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |
| Input Current Noise Density | IN | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | 3 |  | $\mathrm{pA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |

Note 2: The device is $100 \%$ production tested at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Temperature limits are guaranteed by design.
Note 3: Guaranteed by design.

## Typical Operating Characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{VCC}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right.$ to $\mathrm{VCC} / 2, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)


## Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)
( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $\mathrm{V}_{C C} / 2, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)


# Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp 

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right.$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}} / 2, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)



OUTPUT RECOVERY FROM SATURATION Vout Saturated to positive rail





## Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $\mathrm{V} C \mathrm{C}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} / 2, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

$1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

CAPACITIVE LOADING STABILITY
vs. ISOLATION RESISTANCE, Av = 1V/V




## Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp

Pin Configuration


Pin Description

| PIN | NAME | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | IN+ | Positive Input |
| 2 | GND | Ground |
| 3 | IN- | Negative Input |
| 4 | OUT | Output |
| 5 | VCC | Positive Power Supply. Bypass with a 0.1 $\mu \mathrm{F}$ capacitor to ground. |

# Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp 

## Detailed Description

The MAX9622 is a power-efficient, high-speed op amp ideal for capturing fast edges in a wide variety of signal processing applications.
It precisely calibrates its VOS on power-up to eliminate the effects of package stresses, power supplies, and temperature.

## Applications Information

## Power-Up Autotrim

The MAX9622 features power-up autotrimming that allows the devices to achieve less than $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ of input offset voltage. The startup sequence takes approximately 4 ms to complete after the supply voltage exceeds an internal threshold of 1.8 V . During this time, the inputs and outputs are connected to an auxiliary amplifier that has an input offset of 5 mV (typ). As soon as the autotrimming is completed, the inputs and outputs switch from the auxiliary amplifier to the calibrated amplifier. The calibration settings hold until the supply voltage drops below an internal threshold of 1.4 V . This could be used to recalibrate the amplifier. The supply current of the part increases to about 2.5 mA during the power-up autotrim period. Use good supply decoupling with low ESR capacitors.

## Active Filters

The MAX9622 is ideal for a wide variety of active filter circuits that make use of their wide output voltage swings and large bandwidth capabilities. The Typical Application Circuit shows a multiple feedback active filter circuit example with a 100 kHz corner frequency. At low frequencies, the amplifier behaves like a simple low-distortion inverting amplifier gain $=-1$, while its high bandwidth gives excellent stopband attenuation above its corner frequency. See the Typical Application Circuit.

Input Differential Voltage Protection
During normal op-amp operation, the inverting and noninverting inputs of the MAX9622 are at essentially the same voltage. However, either due to fast input voltage transients or due to loss of negative feedback, these pins can be forced to different voltages. Internal back-to-back diodes and series resistors protect input-stage transistors from large input differential voltages (see Figure 2). $\mathrm{IN}+$ and IN - can survive any voltage between the powersupply rails.
This op amp has been designed to exhibit no phase inversion to overdriven inputs.


Figure 1. Autotrim Timing Diagram


Figure 2. Input Protection Circuit

## Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp

Package Information
For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages. Note that a "+", "\#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE TYPE | PACKAGE CODE | OUTLINE NO. | LAND PATTERN NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 SC 70 | $\times 5+1$ | $\underline{21-0076}$ | $\underline{90-0188}$ |



# Precision, High-Bandwidth Op Amp 

| REVISION <br> NUMBER | REVISION <br> DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGES <br> CHANGED |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | $9 / 10$ | Initial release | - |

