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#### **General Description**

MAXSMBus is an interface between an IBM-compatible PC and System Management Bus (SMBus<sup>™</sup>)compatible serial-interface devices such as temperature monitors, voltage regulators, or A/D converters (ADCs). The MAXSMBus interface board is connected between the PC parallel port and the device under test, converting parallel data into 2-wire, open-drain serial data. The board is provided for use with selected Maxim products and is not intended to replace commercially available SMBus hardware. MAXSMBus is shipped with a companion EV kit board, including all relevant software.

Note that the MAXSMBus board, combined with a PC, is intended only for the functional evaluation of Maxim SMBus-interfaced devices. The PC functions as the only bus master, and does not yield to any other SMBus master. The SMBus emulation system is not designed to meet all of the SMBus specifications.

#### MAXSMBus Interface Board Component List

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
C1, C2, C3	3	0.1µF ceramic capacitors
C4–C7, C9	5	3.3µF, 20V tantalum capacitors
C8	1	2.2µF, 35V tantalum capacitor
D1	1	1N4692 zener diode, 6.8V
D2	1	1N4688 zener diode, 4.7V
D3	1	1N4148 small-signal diode
J1	1	DB25 right-angle plug
J2	0	Not installed
P1	1	2x10 right-angle male header
R1, R2, R3, R8–R11	7	47k $\Omega$ ±5% resistors
R4–R7	4	4.7k $\Omega$ ±5% resistors
U1	1	74HCT05 hex open-collector inverter
U2	1	74HCT04 hex inverter
U3	1	74HCT08 quad AND gate
U4	1	74HCT74 dual D flip-flop
U5	1	+5V, 100mA regulator LM78L05ACM
U6	1	MAX865EUA (8-pin µMAX)
U7	1	MAX367CWN (18-pin SO)
NONE	1	PC board

#### **Features**

- SMBus-Compatible 2-Wire Interface
- SMBus Suspend Output
- Two SMBus Alert Inputs
- Overvoltage Fault Protection
- PC Parallel Port Interface

#### **Ordering Information**

PART	BOARD TYPE
MAXSMBus	Companion Board for SMBus EV Kits

#### \_MAXSMBus Functionality Check

Follow these steps to verify that the MAXSMBus interface board is functioning properly. All necessary software is supplied on a disk with the companion EV kit. Instructions for operating the software are included in the EV kit manual.

- Connect a +9VDC supply (+7V minimum, +30V maximum) to the MAXSMBus interface board at the terminals labeled POS9 and GND in the lower left corner of the board.
- 2) Use a digital voltmeter to verify that the oval pad labeled POS5 is +5V (+4.75V minimum, +5.25V maximum). Also verify that the pads labeled SBDAT1, SBCLK1, SBSUS1, ALERT1, and ALERT2 are above +4V.
- 3) If these DC voltages are correct, MAXSMBus passes the functionality test.

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAXSMBus interface board provides all of the interface signals necessary to interface an IBM PC-compatible computer with an SMBus-compliant device. A DB25 right-angle plug connects to the computer (Table 1). The companion board plugs into a 20-pin dual-row right-angle header at the edge of the board (Table 2). Alternatively, connection can be made by soldering wires to the oval pads as appropriate. This allows the companion board to be placed in an environmental chamber for evaluation over temperature.

Refer to the documentation of the companion Maxim EV kit for quick start and operating instructions.

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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

#### **Power Supply**

The interface board is powered by a 78L05 linear regulator. The companion board can draw about 20mA of +5V power through the circuit protector. Companion boards that require more power must provide their own regulator. The unregulated input to the 78L05 is available on the right-angle header.

#### **Fault-Protection Circuitry**

Overvoltage fault protection is provided by a MAX367 fault protector (U7). If any of the SMBus interface signals exceed the MAX367's power-supply rails, the MAX367 increases its resistance to prevent damage to the user's computer. A MAX865 dual charge pump (U6) and two zener diodes (D1 and D2) provide +7V and -3V supplies to the MAX367, thus allowing 0 and +5V signals to pass with a nominal resistance of 100 $\Omega$ .

#### **Bus Driving Circuitry**

A 74HCT05 open-drain inverter (U1) is used to pull down the SMBus interface signals. The 74HCT08 (U3), 74HCT74 (U4), and 74HCT04 (U2) buffer the signal to the IBM PC and provide the capability to mask the ALERT interrupts, detect an externally generated start condition, and capture data sent by an external bus master. Interface connections are listed in Table 1 and Table 2.

#### **Bus Monitoring Circuitry**

Flip-flop U4A detects the start condition (falling edge of SMBDATA when SMBCLK is high). Flip-flop U4B detects the falling SMBCLK edge when enabled, and U1F holds SMBCLK low until the software releases it. To advance to the next data bit, the software uses U1A to assert and then release SMBCLK. A logic high at the input of U1A also resets flip-flop U4B. Because the IBM PC parallel port has a limited number of inputs, the start-detect circuit and the two alert inputs share a single interrupt input. The source of the interrupt is distinguished using U3A, U3B, and U3C.

#### SYMPTOM CAUSE SOLUTION Verify that the cable is a 25-pin parallel port I/O extension cable Board not connected to with a plug on one end and a socket on the other end. Can't Find the Interface Board Verify that the cable is connected to a printer port, not a floppy parallel printer port disk, SCSI, or serial communications port. Check power connections on the interface board. Board is connected to cor-Check clock and data signal connections. Try operating the interface board without the companion Maxim Clock or Data Stuck Low rect port, but SMBus is not evaluation kit-this should cause the address-not-acknowledged functioning symptom described below. Verify that the companion board is connected to the MAXSMBus interface board. SMBus is OK, but no Verify that the companion board is powered. Address Not Acknowledged response at expected If the companion offers a choice of addresses, confirm that the soft-SMBus address ware and hardware addresses match. Some devices only read the address select pins at device power-up. Disable print manager in the Windows printer control panel. Disable Conflict with local printer driver printer driver. Erratic Operation 1) Use computer with commercially available BIOS. 2) Make a bootable floppy disk, remove unnecessary device dri-Operating system conflict vers from A:config.sys, and boot system from floppy.

#### **Troubleshooting Guide**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	SPARE OUTPUT A	Spare output
2	SMBCLK_OUT	When high, drives SMBCLK signal low
3	SMBDATA_OUT	When high, drives SMBDATA signal low
4	SMBUS_OUT	When high, drives SMBSUS signal low
5	LOOPBACK	Loopback connection for port verification
6	MASK_ALERT1	When high, allows ALERT1 to trigger INT low
7	MASK_ALERT2	When high, allows ALERT2 to trigger INT low
8	MASK_START	When high, allows a start condition to trigger INT low
9	CAPTURE_ENABLE	When high, enables slave / bus monitor circuitry. This circuit waits until SMBCLK is pulled low, and then it holds SMBCLK until the software resets it.
10	ĪNT	Active low interrupt input
11	SMBDATA_IN	When high, indicates that SMBDATA is low
12	SMBCLK_IN	When high, indicates that SMBCLK is low
13	LOOPBACK	Loopback connection for port verification
14	SPARE OUTPUT B	Spare output
15	HOLDING_CLOCK	When low, indicates that interface board is holding SMBCLK low
16	UNUSED	Not used
17	UNUSED	Not used
18–25	GND	Signal ground return

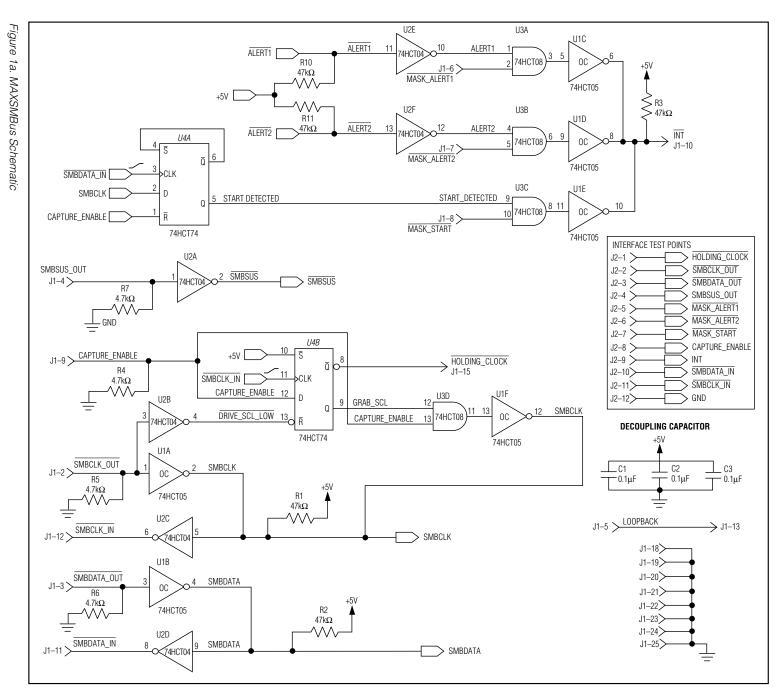
### Table 1. DB25 Connector Signals

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PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	DUT +5V	+5V at 1mA power supply to Maxim companion board
2	GND	Signal ground return
3	DUT SDA	SMBDATA interface signal
4	GND	Signal ground return
5	GND	Signal ground return
6	GND	Signal ground return
7	DUT SCL	SMBCLK interface signal
8	GND	Signal ground return
9	DUT SMBSUS	SMBSUS interface signal
10	GND	Signal ground return
11	DUT SMBALERT	Primary ALERT interface signal
12	GND	Signal ground return
13	DUT ALERT2	Secondary ALERT interface signal
14	GND	Signal ground return
15	SPARE OUTPUT A	Spare output from pin 1 of the DB25 connector
16	GND	Signal ground return
17	SPARE OUTPUT B	Spare output from pin 14 of the DB25 connector
18	GND	Signal ground return
19	GND	Signal ground return
20	RAW POWER	Unregulated, unprotected power-supply input to MAXSMBus interface board

#### Table 2. Right-Angle Header P1 Signals

Note: Odd-numbered pins are on the outer row. Even-numbered pins are on the inner row. All right-angle header signals pass through the MAX367 circuit protector, except 20.

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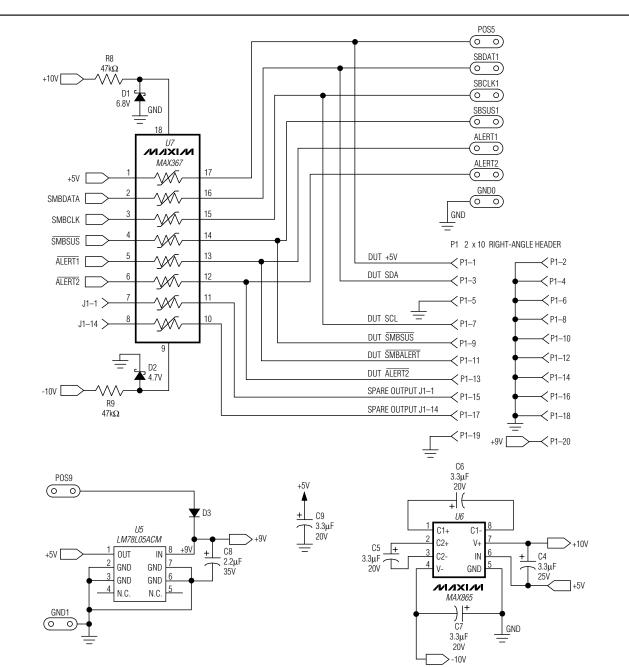
2-Wire Interface Board

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## **Evaluates: MAXSMBus**

**2-Wire Interface Board** 

6



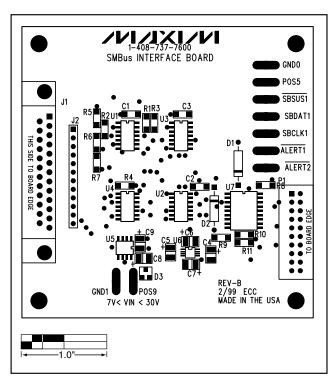


Figure 2. MAXSMBus Component Placement Guide— Component Side

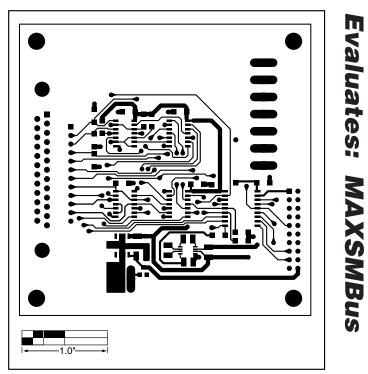


Figure 3. MAXSMBus PC Board Layout—Component Side

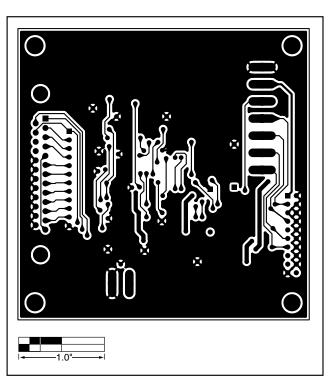


Figure 4. MAXSMBus PC Board Layout—Solder Side

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8

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