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Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

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Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China







Order Number: MC88915T/D Rev 5. 08/2001

Low Skew CMOS PLL Clock Drivers, 3-State

55, 70, 100, 133 and 160MHz Versions

The MC88915T Clock Driver utilizes phase—locked loop technology to lock its low skew outputs' frequency and phase onto an input reference clock. It is designed to provide clock distribution for high performance PC's and workstations. For a 3.3V version, see the MC88LV915T data sheet.

The PLL allows the high current, low skew outputs to lock onto a single clock input and distribute it with essentially zero delay to multiple components on a board. The PLL also allows the MC88915T to multiply a low frequency input clock and distribute it locally at a higher (2X) system frequency. Multiple 88915's can lock onto a single reference clock, which is ideal for applications when a central system clock must be distributed synchronously to multiple boards (see Figure 7).

MC88915TFN55 MC88915TFN70 MC88915TFN100 MC88915TFN133 MC88915TFN160

LOW SKEW CMOS PLL CLOCK DRIVER

Five "Q" outputs (Q0–Q4) are provided with less than 500 ps skew between their rising edges. The $\overline{Q5}$ output is inverted (180° phase shift) from the "Q" outputs. The 2X_Q output runs at twice the "Q" output frequency, while the Q/2 runs at 1/2 the "Q" frequency.

The VCO is designed to run optimally between 20 MHz and the $2X_Q$ F_{max} specification. The wiring diagrams in Figure 5 detail the different feedback configurations which create specific input/output frequency relationships. Possible frequency ratios of the "Q" outputs to the SYNC input are 2:1, 1:1, and 1:2.

The FREQ_SEL pin provides one bit programmable divide—by in the feedback path of the PLL. It selects between divide—by–1 and divide—by–2 of the VCO before its signal reaches the internal clock distribution section of the chip (see the block diagram on page 2). In most applications FREQ_SEL should be held high (÷1). If a low frequency reference clock input is used, holding FREQ_SEL low (÷2) will allow the VCO to run in its optimal range (>20MHz and >40MHz for the TFN133 version).

In normal phase—locked operation the PLL_EN pin is held high. Pulling the PLL_EN pin low disables the VCO and puts the 88915 in a static "test mode". In this mode there is no frequency limitation on the input clock, which is necessary for a low frequency board test environment. The second SYNC input can be used as a test clock input to further simplify board—level testing (see detailed description on page 11).

Pulling the OE/RST pin low puts the clock outputs 2X_Q, Q0–Q4, Q5 and Q/2 into a high impedance state (3–state). After the OE/RST pin goes back high Q0–Q4, Q5 and Q/2 will be reset in the low state, with 2X_Q being the inverse of the selected SYNC input. Assuming PLL_EN is low, the outputs will remain reset until the 88915 sees a SYNC input pulse.

A lock indicator output (LOCK) will go high when the loop is in steady-state phase and frequency lock. The LOCK output will go low if phase-lock is lost or when the PLL_EN pin is low. The LOCK output will go high no later than 10ms after the 88915 sees a SYNC signal and full 5V V_{CC}.

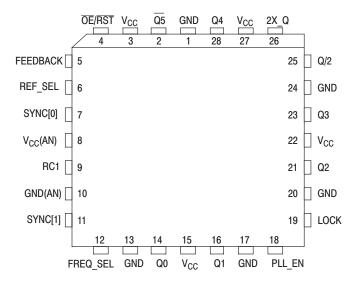
Features

- Five Outputs (Q0-Q4) with Output-Output Skew < 500 ps each being phase and frequency locked to the SYNC input
- The phase variation from part–to–part between the SYNC and FEEDBACK inputs is less than 550 ps (derived from the t_{PD} specification, which defines the part–to–part skew)
- Input/Output phase-locked frequency ratios of 1:2, 1:1, and 2:1 are available
- Input frequency range from 5MHz 2X Q FMAX spec. (10MHz 2X Q FMAX for the TFN133 version)
- Additional outputs available at 2X and +2 the system "Q" frequency. Also a Q (180° phase shift) output available
- All outputs have ±36 mA drive (equal high and low) at CMOS levels, and can drive either CMOS or TTL inputs. All inputs are TTL-level compatible. ±88mA I_{OL}/I_{OH} specifications guarantee 50Ω transmission line switching on the incident edge
- Test Mode pin (PLL_EN) provided for low frequency testing. Two selectable CLOCK inputs for test or redundancy purposes.
 All outputs can go into high impedance (3-state) for board test purposes
- Lock Indicator (LOCK) accuracy indicates a phase-locked state

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Pinout: 28-Lead PLCC (Top View)



FN SUFFIX PLASTIC PLCC CASE 776–02

PIN SUMMARY

Pin Name	Num	I/O	Function
SYNC[0] SYNC[1] REF_SEL FREQ_SEL FEEDBACK RC1 Q(0-4) Q5 2x_Q Q/2 LOCK OE/RST PLL_EN V _{CC} ,GND	1 1 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1	Input Input Input Input Input Input Output Output Output Output Input Input Input Input Input	Reference clock input Reference clock input Chooses reference between sync[0] & Sync[1] Doubles VCO Internal Frequency (low) Feedback input to phase detector Input for external RC network Clock output (locked to sync) Inverse of clock output 2 x clock output (Q) frequency (synchronous) Clock output(Q) frequency ÷ 2 (synchronous) Indicates phase lock has been achieved (high when locked) Output Enable/Asynchronous reset (active low) Disables phase–lock for low freq. testing Power and ground pins (note pins 8, 10 are "analog" supply pins for internal PLL only)

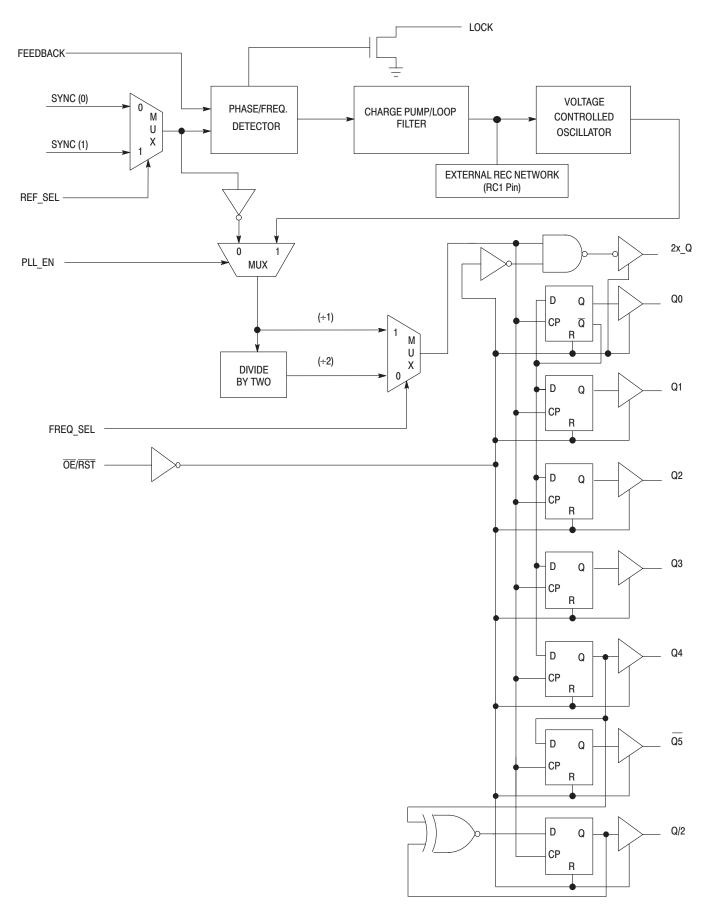


Figure 1. MC88915T Block Diagram (All Versions)

MC88915TFN55 and MC88915TFN70

SYNC INPUT TIMING REQUIREMENTS

		Minimum				
Symbol	Parameter	TFN70	TFN55	Maximum	Unit	
t _{RISE/FALL} ,SYNC Inputs	Rise/Fall Time, SYNC Inputs From 0.8 to 2.0V	_	_	3.0	ns	
t _{CYCLE} , SYNC Inputs	Input Clock Period SYNC Inputs	28.5 ¹	36.0 ¹	200 ²	ns	
Duty Cycle SYNC Inputs	Input Duty Cycle SYNC Inputs	50% ±25%				

^{1.} These toycle minimum values are valid when 'Q' output is fed back and connected to the FEEDBACK pin. This is the configuration shown in Figure 5b.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Voltages Referenced to GND) T_A =–40° C to +85° C for 55MHz Version; T_A =0° C to +70° C for 70MHz Version; V_{CC} = 5.0 V \pm 5%

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	v _{cc}	Target Limit	Unit
V _{IH}	Minimum High-Level Input Voltage	$V_{out} = 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{CC} - 0.1 \text{ V}$	4.75 5.25	2.0 2.0	V
V _{IL}	Maximum Low-Level Input Voltage	$V_{out} = 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{CC} - 0.1 \text{ V}$	4.75 5.25	0.8 0.8	V
V _{OH}	Minimum High-Level Output Voltage	$V_{in} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $I_{OH} = -36$ mA ¹	4.75 5.25	4.01 4.51	V
V _{OL}	Maximum Low-Level Output Voltage	V _{in} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} I _{OL} = 36 mA ¹	4.75 5.25	0.44 0.44	V
I _{in}	Maximum Input Leakage Current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.25	±1.0	μА
I _{CCT}	Maximum I _{CC} /Input	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$	5.25	2.0 2	mA
I _{OLD}	Minimum Dynamic Output Current ³	V _{OLD} = 1.0V Max	5.25	88	mA
I _{OHD}		V _{OHD} = 3.85V Min	5.25	-88	mA
I _{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.25	1.0	mA
I _{OZ}	Maximum 3-State Leakage Current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.25	±50 4	μА

I_{OL} and I_{OH} are 12mA and –12mA respectively for the LOCK output.
 The PLL_EN input pin is not guaranteed to meet this specification.
 Maximum test duration is 2.0ms, one output loaded at a time.

CAPACITANCE AND POWER SPECIFICATIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Typical Values	Unit	Conditions
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	40	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
PD ₁	Power Dissipation @ 50MHz with 50Ω Thevenin Termination	23mW/Output 184mW/Device	mW	V _{CC} = 5.0 V T = 25°C
PD ₂	Power Dissipation @ 50MHz with 50Ω Parallel Termination to GND	57mW/Output 456mW/Device	mW	V _{CC} = 5.0 V T = 25° C

NOTE: PD₁ and PD₂ mW/Output numbers are for a 'Q' output.

^{2.} Information in Table 1 and in Note 3 of the AC specification notes describe this specification and its limits depending on what output is fed back, and if FREQ_SEL is high or low.

^{4.} Specification value for $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OZ}}$ is preliminary, will be finalized upon 'MC' status.

MC88915TFN55 and MC88915TFN70 (continued)

FREQUENCY SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{ C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \text{ C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$)

		Guaranteed Minimum		
Symbol	Parameter	TFN70	TFN55	Unit
f _{max} 1	Maximum Operating Frequency (2X_Q Output)	70	55	MHz
	Maximum Operating Frequency (Q0-Q4,Q5 Output)	35	27.5	MHz

^{1.} Maximum Operating Frequency is guaranteed with the part in a phase–locked condition, and all outputs loaded with 50Ω terminated to V_{CC}/2.

AC CHARACTERISTICS (T_A =–40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{CC} = 5.0V ±5%, Load = 50 Ω Terminated to V_{CC}/2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
t _{RISE/FALL} Outputs	Rise/Fall Time, All Outputs (Between 0.2V _{CC} and 0.8V _{CC})	1.0	2.5	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to $V_{CC}/2$
trise/fall ¹ 2X_Q Output	Rise/Fall Time Into a 20pF Load, With Termination Specified in Note ²	0.5	1.6	ns	t _{RISE} : 0.8V – 2.0V t _{FALL} : 2.0V – 0.8V
t _{PULSE} WIDTH ¹ (Q0-Q4, Q5, Q/2)	Output Pulse Width: Q0, Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5, Q/2 @ V _{CC} /2	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 ²	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 ²	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to $V_{CC}/2$
t _{PULSE} WIDTH ¹ (2X_Q Output)	Output Pulse Width: 66MHz 2X_Q @ 1.5V 50MHz 40MHz	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 1.0 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 1.5	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 1.0 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 1.5	ns	Must Use Termination Specified in Note 2
tpulse width ¹ (2X_Q Output)	Output Pulse Width: 50–65MHz 2X_Q @ V _{CC} /2 40–49MHz 66–70MHz	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 1.0 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 1.5 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 1.0 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 1.5 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to $V_{CC}/2$
t _{PD} 1,3	SYNC Input to Feedback Delay	(With 1MΩ from RC1 to An V _{CC})		ns	See Note 4 and
SYNC Feedback	(Measured at SYNC0 or 1 and FEEDBACK Input Pins)	-1.05	-0.40		Figure 2 for Detailed Explanation
	, ,	(With 1M Ω from RC1 to An GND)			
		+1.25	+3.25		
t _{SKEWr} 1,4 (Rising) See Note ⁵	Output-to-Output Skew Between Outputs Q0-Q4, Q/2 (Rising Edges Only)	_	500	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2
t _{SKEWf} 1,4 (Falling)	Output-to-Output Skew Between Outputs Q0-Q4 (Falling Edges Only)	_	500	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2
t _{SKEWall} 1,4	Output-to-Output Skew 2X_Q, Q/2, Q0-Q4 Rising, Q5 Falling	_	750	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2
t _{LOCK} 5	Time Required to Acquire Phase–Lock From Time SYNC Input Signal is Received	1.0	10	ms	Also Time to LOCK Indicator High
t _{PZL} 6	Output Enable Time OE/RST to 2X_Q, Q0-Q4, Q5, and Q/2	3.0	14	ns	Measured With the PLL_EN Pin Low
t _{PHZ} ,t _{PLZ} 6	Output Disable Time $\overline{\text{OE}}/\overline{\text{RST}}$ to 2X_Q, Q0-Q4, $\overline{\text{Q5}}$, and Q/2	3.0	14	ns	Measured With the PLL_EN Pin Low

^{1.} These specifications are not tested, they are guaranteed by statistical characterization. See AC specification Note 1.

T_{CYCLE} in this spec is 1/Frequency at which the particular output is running.

The T_{PD} specification's min/max values may shift closer to zero if a larger pullup resistor is used.
 Under equally loaded conditions and at a fixed temperature and voltage.

^{5.} With V_{CC} fully powered—on, and an output properly connected to the FEEDBACK pin. t_{LOCK} maximum is with C1 = 0.1 μ F, t_{LOCK} minimum is with C1 = 0.01 μ F.

^{6.} The t_{PZL}, t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ} minimum and maximum specifications are estimates, the final guaranteed values will be available when 'MC' status is reached.

MC88915TFN100

SYNC INPUT TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Symbol	Parameter Minimum Maximum		Maximum	Unit
t _{RISE/FALL} ,SYNC Inputs	Rise/Fall Time, SYNC Inputs From 0.8 to 2.0V	_	3.0	ns
t _{CYCLE} , SYNC Inputs	Input Clock Period SYNC Inputs	20.0 1	200 2	ns
Duty Cycle SYNC Inputs	Input Duty Cycle SYNC Inputs	50% ±25%		

 $^{1. \ \ \, \}text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{is fed back and connected to the FEEDBACK pin. This is the configuration shown in} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{is fed back and connected to the FEEDBACK pin.} \, \, \text{This is the configuration shown in} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{is fed back and connected to the FEEDBACK pin.} \, \, \text{This is the configuration shown in} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{$ Figure 5b.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages Referenced to GND) T_A =–40° C to +85° C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V \pm 5%

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	V _{CC}	Target Limit	Unit
V _{IH}	Minimum High-Level Input Voltage	$V_{out} = 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{CC} - 0.1 \text{ V}$	4.75 5.25	2.0 2.0	٧
V _{IL}	Maximum Low-Level Input Voltage	$V_{out} = 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{CC} - 0.1 \text{ V}$	4.75 5.25	0.8 0.8	V
V _{OH}	Minimum High-Level Output Voltage	$V_{in} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $I_{OH} = -36$ mA ¹	4.75 5.25	4.01 4.51	V
V _{OL}	Maximum Low-Level Output Voltage	$V_{in} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $I_{OL} = 36$ mA ¹	4.75 5.25	0.44 0.44	V
l _{in}	Maximum Input Leakage Current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.25	±1.0	μΑ
I _{CCT}	Maximum I _{CC} /Input	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$	5.25	2.0 2	mA
I _{OLD}	Minimum Dynamic Output Current ³	V _{OLD} = 1.0V Max	5.25	88	mA
I _{OHD}		V _{OHD} = 3.85V Min	5.25	-88	mA
Icc	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.25	1.0	mA
l _{OZ}	Maximum 3-State Leakage Current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.25	±50 4	μΑ

^{1.} I_{OL} and I_{OH} are 12mA and -12mA respectively for the LOCK output. 2. The PLL_EN input pin is not guaranteed to meet this specification.

CAPACITANCE AND POWER SPECIFICATIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Typical Values	Unit	Conditions
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	40	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
PD ₁	Power Dissipation @ 50MHz with 50Ω Thevenin Termination	23mW/Output 184mW/Device	mW	V _{CC} = 5.0 V T = 25°C
PD ₂	Power Dissipation @ 50MHz with 50Ω Parallel Termination to GND	57mW/Output 456mW/Device	mW	V _{CC} = 5.0 V T = 25° C

NOTE: PD₁ and PD₂ mW/Output numbers are for a 'Q' output.

FREQUENCY SPECIFICATIONS (T_A =–40° C to +85° C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V $\pm 5\%$)

		Guaranteed Minimum	
Symbol	Parameter	TFN100	Unit
f _{max} 1	Maximum Operating Frequency (2X_Q Output)	100	MHz
	Maximum Operating Frequency (Q0-Q4, Q5 Output)	50	MHz

^{1.} Maximum Operating Frequency is guaranteed with the part in a phase–locked condition, and all outputs loaded with 50Ω terminated to $V_{CC}/2$.

^{2.} Information in Table 1 and in Note 3 of the AC specification notes describe this specification and its limits depending on what output is fed back, and if FREQ_SEL is high or low.

^{3.} Maximum test duration is 2.0ms, one output loaded at a time.

^{4.} Specification value for I_{OZ} is preliminary, will be finalized upon 'MC' status.

MC88915TFN100 (continued)

AC CHARACTERISTICS (T_A =–40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{CC} = 5.0V ±5%, Load = 50 Ω Terminated to V_{CC}/2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Condition	
t _{RISE/FALL} Outputs	Rise/Fall Time, All Outputs (Between 0.2V _{CC} and 0.8V _{CC})	1.0	2.5	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2	
t _{RISE/FALL} 1 2X_Q Output	Rise/Fall Time Into a 20pF Load, With Termination Specified in Note ²	0.5	1.6	ns	t _{RISE} : 0.8V – 2.0V t _{FALL} : 2.0V – 0.8V	
$^{t_{PULSE}}$ WIDTH 1 (Q0-Q4, $\overline{Q5}$, Q/2)	Output Pulse Width: Q0, Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5, Q/2 @ V _{CC} /2	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 ²	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 ²	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2	
t _{PULSE} WIDTH ¹ (2X_Q Output)	Output Pulse Width: 2X_Q @ 1.5V	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 ²	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 ²	ns	Must Use Termination Specified in Note 2	
tPULSE WIDTH ¹ (2X_Q Output)	Output Pulse Width: 40–49MHz 2X_Q @ V _{CC} /2 50–65MHz 66–100MHz	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 1.5 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 1.0 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 1.5 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 1.0 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to $V_{CC}/2$	
t _{PD} 1,3	SYNC Input to Feedback Delay	(With 1M Ω from RC1 to An V _{CC})		ns	See Note 4 and	
SYNC Feedback	(Measured at SYNC0 or 1 and FEEDBACK Input Pins)	-1.05	-0.30	1	Figure 2 for Detailed Explanation	
		(With 1M Ω from RC1 to An GND)				
		+1.25	+3.25	1		
t _{SKEWr} 1,4 (Rising) See Note ⁵	Output-to-Output Skew Between Outputs Q0-Q4, Q/2 (Rising Edges Only)	_	500	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2	
^t SKEWf ^{1,4} (Falling)	Output-to-Output Skew Between Outputs Q0-Q4 (Falling Edges Only)	_	500	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2	
[†] SKEWall ^{1,4}	Output-to-Output Skew 2X_Q, Q/2, Q0-Q4 Rising, Q5 Falling	_	750	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2	
t _{LOCK} 5	Time Required to Acquire Phase–Lock From Time SYNC Input Signal is Received	1.0	10	ms	Also Time to LOCK Indicator High	
t _{PZL} 6	Output Enable Time OE/RST to 2X_Q, Q0-Q4, Q5, and Q/2	3.0	14	ns	Measured With the PLL_EN Pin Low	
t _{PHZ} ,t _{PLZ} 6	Output Disable Time OE/RST to 2X_Q, Q0-Q4, Q5, and Q/2	3.0	14	ns	Measured With the PLL_EN Pin Low	

These specifications are not tested, they are guaranteed by statistical characterization. See AC specification Note 1.
 T_{CYCLE} in this spec is 1/Frequency at which the particular output is running.
 The T_{PD} specification's min/max values may shift closer to zero if a larger pullup resistor is used.

^{4.} Under equally loaded conditions and at a fixed temperature and voltage.

 ^{5.} States square, readed containing and at a fixed temperature and voltage.
 5. With V_{CC} fully powered—on, and an output properly connected to the FEEDBACK pin. t_{LOCK} maximum is with C1 = 0.1μF, t_{LOCK} minimum is with C1 = 0.01μF.

^{6.} The t_{PZL}, t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ} minimum and maximum specifications are estimates, the final guaranteed values will be available when 'MC' status is reached.

MC88915TFN133

SYNC INPUT TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Symbol	Parameter Minimum Maximum		Maximum	Unit
t _{RISE/FALL} ,SYNC Inputs	Rise/Fall Time, SYNC Inputs From 0.8 to 2.0V	_	3.0	ns
t _{CYCLE} , SYNC Inputs	Input Clock Period SYNC Inputs	15.0 1	100 ²	ns
Duty Cycle SYNC Inputs	Input Duty Cycle SYNC Inputs	50% ±25%		

 $^{1. \ \ \, \}text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{is fed back and connected to the FEEDBACK pin. This is the configuration shown in} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{is fed back and connected to the FEEDBACK pin.} \, \, \text{This is the configuration shown in} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{is fed back and connected to the FEEDBACK pin.} \, \, \text{This is the configuration shown in} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values are valid when 'Q' output} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \text{minimum values} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{CYCLE}} \, \, \text{These t}_{\text{$ Figure 5b.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages Referenced to GND) T_A =–40° C to +85° C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V \pm 5%

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	V _{CC}	Target Limit	Unit
V _{IH}	Minimum High-Level Input Voltage	$V_{out} = 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{CC} - 0.1 \text{ V}$	4.75 5.25	2.0 2.0	V
V _{IL}	Maximum Low-Level Input Voltage	$V_{out} = 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{CC} - 0.1 \text{ V}$	4.75 5.25	0.8 0.8	V
V _{OH}	Minimum High-Level Output Voltage	V _{in} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} I _{OH} = -36 mA ¹	4.75 5.25	4.01 4.51	V
V _{OL}	Maximum Low–Level Output Voltage	V _{in} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} I _{OL} = 36 mA ¹	4.75 5.25	0.44 0.44	V
l _{in}	Maximum Input Leakage Current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.25	±1.0	μА
I _{CCT}	Maximum I _{CC} /Input	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$	5.25	2.0 2	mA
I _{OLD}	Minimum Dynamic Output Current ³	V _{OLD} = 1.0V Max	5.25	88	mA
I _{OHD}		V _{OHD} = 3.85V Min	5.25	-88	mA
lcc	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.25	1.0	mA
l _{OZ}	Maximum 3-State Leakage Current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.25	±50 4	μА

^{1.} I_{OL} and I_{OH} are 12mA and -12mA respectively for the LOCK output. 2. The PLL_EN input pin is not guaranteed to meet this specification.

CAPACITANCE AND POWER SPECIFICATIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Typical Values	Unit	Conditions
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	40	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
PD ₁	Power Dissipation @ 50MHz with 50Ω Thevenin Termination	23mW/Output 184mW/Device	mW	V _{CC} = 5.0 V T = 25°C
PD ₂	Power Dissipation @ 50MHz with 50Ω Parallel Termination to GND	57mW/Output 456mW/Device	mW	V _{CC} = 5.0 V T = 25° C

NOTE: PD₁ and PD₂ mW/Output numbers are for a 'Q' output.

FREQUENCY SPECIFICATIONS (T_A =–40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V $\pm 5\%$)

		Guaranteed Minimum	
Symbol	Parameter	TFN133	Unit
f _{max} 1	Maximum Operating Frequency (2X_Q Output)	133	MHz
	Maximum Operating Frequency (Q0-Q4, Q5 Output)	66	MHz

^{1.} Maximum Operating Frequency is guaranteed with the part in a phase–locked condition, and all outputs loaded with 50Ω terminated to $V_{CC}/2$.

^{2.} Information in Table 1 and in Note 3 of the AC specification notes describe this specification and its limits depending on what output is fed back, and if FREQ_SEL is high or low.

^{3.} Maximum test duration is 2.0ms, one output loaded at a time.

^{4.} Specification value for I_{OZ} is preliminary, will be finalized upon 'MC' status.

MC88915TFN133 (continued)

AC CHARACTERISTICS (T_A =–40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{CC} = 5.0V ±5%, Load = 50 Ω Terminated to V_{CC}/2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
t _{RISE/FALL} Outputs	Rise/Fall Time, All Outputs (Between 0.2V _{CC} and 0.8V _{CC})	1.0	2.5	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2
t _{RISE/FALL} 1 2X_Q Output	Rise/Fall Time Into a 20pF Load, With Termination Specified in Note ²	0.5	1.6	ns	t _{RISE} : 0.8V – 2.0V t _{FALL} : 2.0V – 0.8V
$t_{PULSE\ WIDTH}^{1}$ (Q0-Q4, $\overline{Q5}$, Q/2)	Output Pulse Width: Q0, Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5, Q/2 @ V _{CC} /2	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 ²	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 ²	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to $V_{CC}/2$
t _{PULSE WIDTH} 1 (2X_Q Output)	Output Pulse Width: 66–133MHz 2X_Q @ 1.5V 40–65MHz	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.9	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.9	ns	Must Use Termination Specified in Note 2
t _{PULSE} WIDTH ¹ (2X_Q Output)	Output Pulse Width: 66–133MHz 2X_Q @ V _{CC} /2 40–65MHz	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.9	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 ² 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.9	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2
t _{PD} 1,3	SYNC Input to Feedback Delay	(With $1M\Omega$ from	RC1 to An V _{CC})	ns	See Note 4 and
SYNC Feedback	SYNC Feedback (Measured at SYNC0 or 1 and FEEDBACK Input Pins)		-0.25	1	Figure 2 for Detailed Explanation
			(With 1MΩ from RC1 to An GND)		
		+1.25	+3.25		
t _{SKEWr} 1,4 (Rising) See Note ⁵	Output-to-Output Skew Between Outputs Q0-Q4, Q/2 (Rising Edges Only)	-	500	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to $V_{CC}/2$
^t SKEWf ^{1,4} (Falling)	Output-to-Output Skew Between Outputs Q0-Q4 (Falling Edges Only)	_	500	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2
[†] SKEWall ^{1,4}	Output-to-Output Skew 2X_Q, Q/2, Q0-Q4 Rising, Q5 Falling	_	750	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2
t _{LOCK} 5	Time Required to Acquire Phase–Lock From Time SYNC Input Signal is Received	1.0	10	ms	Also Time to LOCK Indicator High
t _{PZL} 6	Output Enable Time OE/RST to 2X_Q, Q0-Q4, Q5, and Q/2	3.0	14	ns	Measured With the PLL_EN Pin Low
t _{PHZ} ,t _{PLZ} 6	Output Disable Time OE/RST to 2X_Q, Q0-Q4, Q5, and Q/2	3.0	14	ns	Measured With the PLL_EN Pin Low

- These specifications are not tested, they are guaranteed by statistical characterization. See AC specification Note 1.
 T_{CYCLE} in this spec is 1/Frequency at which the particular output is running.
 The T_{PD} specification's min/max values may shift closer to zero if a larger pullup resistor is used.
 Under equally loaded conditions and at a fixed temperature and voltage.

- .. Shade equality loaded conditions and at a fixed temperature and voltage.

 5. With V_{CC} fully powered–on, and an output properly connected to the FEEDBACK pin. t_{LOCK} maximum is with C1 = 0.1μF, t_{LOCK} minimum is with C1 = 0.01μF.
- 6. The t_{PZL}, t_{PHZ}, t_{PHZ} minimum and maximum specifications are estimates, the final guaranteed values will be available when 'MC' status is reached.

MC88915TFN160

SYNC INPUT TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t _{RISE/FALL} ,SYNC Inputs	Rise/Fall Time, SYNC Inputs From 0.8 to 2.0V	_	3.0	ns
t _{CYCLE} , SYNC Inputs	Input Clock Period SYNC Inputs	12.5	100	ns
Duty Cycle SYNC Inputs Input Duty Cycle SYNC Inputs		50% :	±25%	

^{1.} These t_{CYCLE} minimum values are valid when 'Q' output is fed back and connected to the FEEDBACK pin. This is the configuration shown in Figure 5b.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages Referenced to GND) T_A =0° C to +70° C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V \pm 5%

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	V _{CC}	Target Limit	Unit
V _{IH}	Minimum High-Level Input Voltage	$V_{out} = 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{CC} - 0.1 \text{ V}$	4.75 5.25	2.0 2.0	V
V _{IL}	Maximum Low-Level Input Voltage	V _{out} = 0.1 V or V _{CC} - 0.1 V	4.75 5.25	0.8 0.8	V
V _{OH}	Minimum High-Level Output Voltage	$V_{in} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $I_{OH} = -36 \text{ mA } 1$	4.75 5.25	4.01 4.51	V
V _{OL}	Maximum Low-Level Output Voltage	V _{in} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} I _{OL} = 36 mA ¹	4.75 5.25	0.44 0.44	V
l _{in}	Maximum Input Leakage Current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.25	±1.0	μА
I _{CCT}	Maximum I _{CC} /Input	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$	5.25	2.0 2	mA
I _{OLD}	Minimum Dynamic Output Current ³	V _{OLD} = 1.0V Max	5.25	88	mA
I _{OHD}		V _{OHD} = 3.85V Min	5.25	-88	mA
I _{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.25	1.0	mA
l _{OZ}	Maximum 3-State Leakage Current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.25	±50 4	μА

^{1.} I_{OL} and I_{OH} are 12mA and -12mA respectively for the LOCK output.

CAPACITANCE AND POWER SPECIFICATIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Typical Values	Unit	Conditions
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	40	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
PD ₁	Power Dissipation @ 50MHz with 50Ω Thevenin Termination	15mW/Output 120mW/Device	mW	V _{CC} = 5.0 V T = 25°C
PD ₂	Power Dissipation @ 50MHz with 50Ω Parallel Termination to GND	57mW/Output 456mW/Device	mW	V _{CC} = 5.0 V T = 25° C

NOTE: PD_1 and PD_2 mW/Output numbers are for a 'Q' output.

FREQUENCY SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = 0^{\circ} C$ to $+70^{\circ} C$, $V_{CC} = 5.0 V \pm 5\%$)

		Guaranteed Minimum	
Symbol	Parameter	TFN160	Unit
f _{max} 1	Maximum Operating Frequency (2X_Q Output)	160	MHz
	Maximum Operating Frequency (Q0-Q4, Q5 Output)	80	MHz

^{1.} Maximum Operating Frequency is guaranteed with the part in a phase–locked condition, and all outputs loaded with 50Ω terminated to $V_{CC}/2$.

^{2.} Information in Table 1 and in Note 3 of the AC specification notes describe this specification and its limits depending on what output is fed back, and if FREQ_SEL is high or low.

^{2.} The PLL_EN input pin is not guaranteed to meet this specification.

^{3.} Maximum test duration is 2.0ms, one output loaded at a time.

^{4.} Specification value for I_{OZ} is preliminary, will be finalized upon 'MC' status.

MC88915TFN160 (continued)

AC CHARACTERISTICS (T_A =0 $^{\circ}$ C to +70 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{CC} = 5.0V ±5%, Load = 50 Ω Terminated to V_{CC}/2)

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit	Condition	
t _{RISE/FALL} Outputs	Rise/Fall Time, All Outputs (Between 0.2V _{CC} and 0.8V _{CC})		1.0	2.5	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2	
[†] RISE/FALL 2X_Q Output	Rise/Fall Time		0.5	1.6	ns	t _{RISE} : 0.8V – 2.0V t _{FALL} : 2.0V – 0.8V	
$^{t_{PULSE}}$ WIDTH $(Q0-Q4, \overline{Q5}, Q/2)$	Output Pulse Width: Q0, Q1, Q2 Q5, Q/2 @ V _{CC} /2	2, Q3, Q4,	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 ²	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 ²	ns	Into a 50Ω Load Terminated to $V_{CC}/2$	
tPULSE WIDTH (2X_Q Output)	Output Pulse Width: 2X_Q @ V _{CC}	80MHz 100MHz 133MHz 160MHz	0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.7 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 0.5t _{CYCLE} - 0.5 TBD	0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.7 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 0.5t _{CYCLE} + 0.5 TBD	ns		
t _{PD} 1 SYNC Feedback	SYNC Input to Feedback Delay (Measured at SYNC0 or 1 and		(With 1MΩ from	RC1 to An V _{CC})	ns	See Note 2 and Figure 2 for Detailed	
	FEEDBACK Input Pins)	133MHz 160MHz	-1.05 -0.9	-0.25 -0.10		Explanation	
t _{CYCLE} (2x_Q Output)	Cycle-to-Cycle Variation	133MHz 160MHz	t _{CYCLE} - 300ps t _{CYCLE} - 300ps	t _{CYCLE} + 300ps t _{CYCLE} + 300ps			
t _{SKEWr} ³ (Rising) See Note 4	Output-to-Output Skew Betwee Q0-Q4, Q/2 (Rising Edges Only		_	500	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to $V_{CC}/2$	
t _{SKEWf} ³ (Falling)	Output-to-Output Skew Betwee Q0-Q4 (Falling Edges Only)	en Outputs	_	500	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2	
[†] SKEWall ³	Output-to-Output Skew 2X_Q, Q0-Q4 Rising, Q5 Falling	Q/2,	_	750	ps	All Outputs Into a Matched 50Ω Load Terminated to V _{CC} /2	
t _{LOCK} 4	Time Required to Acquire Phase From Time SYNC Input Signal is Received		1.0	10	ms	Also Time to LOCK Indicator High	
t _{PZL} ⁵	Output Enable Time $\overline{\text{OE}}/\overline{\text{RST}}$ to Q0–Q4, $\overline{\text{Q5}}$, and Q/2	2X_Q,	3.0	14	ns	Measured With the PLL_EN Pin Low	
t _{PHZ} ,t _{PLZ} 5	Output Disable Time $\overline{\text{OE}}/\overline{\text{RST}}$ to Q0–Q4, $\overline{\text{Q5}}$, and Q/2	2X_Q,	3.0	14	ns	Measured With the PLL_EN Pin Low	

T_{CYCLE} in this spec is 1/Frequency at which the particular output is running.
 The T_{PD} specification's min/max values may shift closer to zero if a larger pullup resistor is used.

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 Under equally loaded conditions and at a fixed temperature and voltage.
 With V_{CC} fully powered—on, and an output properly connected to the FEEDBACK pin. t_{LOCK} maximum is with C1 = 0.1μF, t_{LOCK} minimum is with C1 = 0.01μF.

^{5.} The t_{PZL}, t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ} minimum and maximum specifications are estimates, the final guaranteed values will be available when 'MC' status is reached.

Applications Information for All Versions

General AC Specification Notes

- 1. Several specifications can only be measured when the MC88915TFN55, 70 and 100 are in phase-locked operation. It is not possible to have the part in phase-lock on ATE (automated test equipment). Statistical characterization techniques were used to quarantee those specifications which cannot be measured on the ATE. MC88915TFN55, 70 and 100 units were fabricated with key transistor properties intentionally varied to create a 14 cell designed experimental matrix. IC performance was characterized over a range of transistor properties (represented by the 14 cells) in excess of the expected process variation of the wafer fabrication area, to set performance limits of ATE testable specifications within those which are to be guaranteed by statistical characterization. In this way all units passing the ATE test will meet or exceed the non-tested specifications limits.
- These two specs (t_{RISE/FALL} and t_{PULSE} Width 2X_Q output) guarantee that the MC88915T meets the 40MHz and 33MHz MC68040 P-Clock input specification (at 80MHz and 66MHz, respectively). For these two specs to be guaranteed by Motorola, the termination scheme shown below in Figure 1 must be used.
- 3. The wiring Diagrams and explanations in Figure 5 demonstrate the input and output frequency relationships for three possible feedback configurations. The allowable SYNC input range for each case is also indicated. There are two allowable SYNC frequency ranges, depending whether FREQ_SEL is high or low. Although not shown, it is possible to feed back the Q5 output, thus creating a 180° phase shift between the SYNC input and the "Q" outputs. Table 1 below summarizes the allowable SYNC frequency range for each possible configuration.

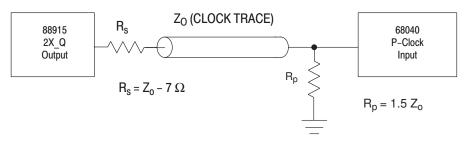


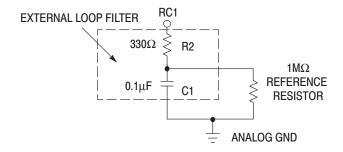
Figure 1. MC68040 P-Clock Input Termination Scheme

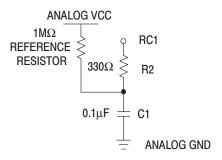
 Table 1. Allowable SYNC Input Frequency Ranges for Different Feedback Configurations.

FREQ_SEL Level	Feedback Output	Allowable SYNC Input Frequency Range (MHZ)	Corresponding VCO Frequency Range	Phase Relationships of the "Q" Outputs to Rising SYNC Edge
HIGH	Q/2	5 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)/4	20 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)	0°
HIGH	Any "Q" (Q0-Q4)	10 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)/2	20 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)	0°
HIGH	Q 5	10 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)/2	20 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)	180°
HIGH	2X_Q	20 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)	20 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)	0°
LOW	Q/2	2.5 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)/8	20 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)	0°
LOW	Any "Q" (Q0-Q4)	5 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)/4	20 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)	0 °
LOW	Q5	5 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)/4	20 to (2X_Q FMAXSpec)	180°
LOW	2X_Q	10 to (2X_Q FMAX Spec)/2	20 to (2X_Q FMAXSpec)	0°

4. A $1M\Omega$ resistor tied to either Analog V_{CC} or Analog GND as shown in Figure 2 is required to ensure no jitter is present on the MC88915T outputs. This technique causes a phase offset between the SYNC input and the output connected to the FEEDBACK input, measured at the input pins. The t_{PD} spec describes how this offset varies with process, temperature, and voltage. The specs were arrived at by

measuring the phase relationship for the 14 lots described in note 1 while the part was in phase–locked operation. The actual measurements were made with a 10MHz SYNC input (1.0ns edge rate from 0.8V - 2.0V) with the Q/2 output fed back. The phase measurements were made at 1.5V. The Q/2 output was terminated at the FEEDBACK input with 100Ω to V_{CC} and 100Ω to ground.



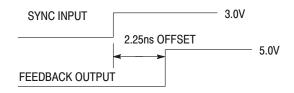


With the 1M Ω resistor tied in this fashion, the t_{PD} specification measured at the input pins is:

With the $1M\Omega$ resistor tied in this fashion, the t_{PD} specification measured at the input pins is:

 $t_{PD} = -0.775 ns \pm 0.275 ns$

$$t_{PD}$$
 = 2.25ns \pm 1.0ns



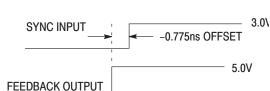


Figure 2. Depiction of the Fixed SYNC to Feedback Offset (tPD) Which is Present When a 1M Ω Resistor is Tied to V_{CC} or Ground

5. The t_{SKEWr} specification guarantees that the rising edges of outputs Q/2, Q0, Q1, Q2, Q3, and Q4 will always fall within a 500ps window within one part. However, if the relative position of each output within this window is not specified, the 500 ps window must be added to each side of the tPD specification limits to calculate the total part–to–part skew. For this reason the absolute

distribution of these outputs are provided in table 2. When taking the skew data, Q0 was used as a reference, so all measurements are relative to this output. The information in Table 2 is derived from measurements taken from the 14 process lots described in Note 1, over the temperature and voltage range.

Table 2. Relative Positions of Outputs Q/2, Q0-Q4, 2X_Q, Within the 500ps t_{SKEWr} Spec Window

Output	(ps)	+ (ps)
Q0	0	0
Q1	- 72	40
Q2	-44	276
Q3	-4 0	255
Q4	-274	-34
Q/2	- 16	250
2X_Q	-633	- 35

Calculation of Total Output-to-Skew between multiple parts (Part-to-Part skew)

By combining the t_{PD} specification and the information in Note 5, the worst case output—to—output skew between multiple 88915's connected in parallel can be calculated. This calculation assumes that all parts have a common SYNC input clock with equal delay of that input signal to each part. This skew value is valid at the 88915 output pins only (equally loaded), it does not include PCB trace delays due to varying loads.

With a $1M\Omega$ resistor tied to analog V_{CC} as shown in note 4, the t_{PD} spec. limits between SYNC and the Q/2 output (connected to the FEEDBACK pin) are -1.05ns and -0.5ns. To calculate the skew of any given output between two or more parts, the absolute value of the distribution of that output given in table 2 must be subtracted and added to the lower and upper t_{PD} spec limits respectively. For output Q2, [276 - (-44)] = 320ps is the absolute value of the distribution. Therefore [-1.05ns -0.32ns] = -1.37ns is

the lower t_{PD} limit, and [-0.5ns + 0.32ns] = -0.18ns is the upper limit. Therefore the worst case skew of output Q2 between any number of parts is |(-1.37) - (-0.18)| = 1.19ns. Q2 has the worst case skew distribution of any output, so 1.2ns is the absolute worst case output—to—output skew between multiple parts.

7. Note 4 explains that the t_{PD} specification was measured and is guaranteed for the configuration of the Q/2 output connected to the FEEDBACK pin and the SYNC input running at 10MHz. The fixed offset (t_{PD}) as described above has some dependence on the input frequency and at what frequency the VCO is running. The graphs of Figure 3 demonstrate this dependence.

The data presented in Figure 3 is from devices representing process extremes, and the measurements were also taken at the voltage extremes ($V_{CC} = 5.25V$ and 4.75V). Therefore the data in Figure 3 is a realistic representation of the variation of t_{PD} .

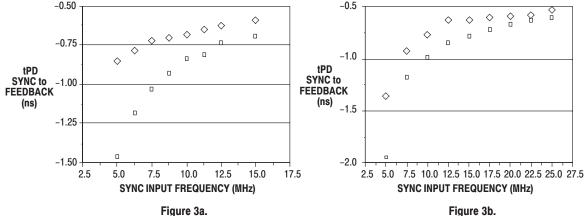


Figure 3a.

t_{PD} versus Frequency Variation for Q/2 Output Fed Back, Including Process and Voltage Variation @ 25°C (With $1M\Omega$ Resistor Tied to Analog V_{CC})

t_{PD} versus Frequency Variation for Q4 Output Fed Back, Including Process and Voltage Variation @ 25°C (With 1M Ω Resistor Tied to Analog V_{CC})

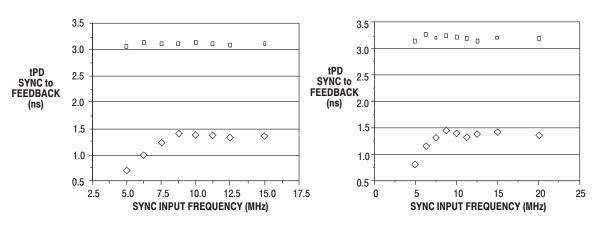


Figure 3c.

t_{PD} versus Frequency Variation for Q/2 Output Fed Back, Including Process and Voltage Variation @ 25°C (With $1M\Omega$ Resistor Tied to Analog GND)

t_{PD} versus Frequency Variation for Q4 Output Fed Back, Including Process and Voltage Variation @ 25°C (With $1M\Omega$ Resistor Tied to Analog GND)

Figure 3d.

8. The lock indicator pin (LOCK) will reliably indicate a phase-locked condition at SYNC input frequencies down to 10MHz. At frequencies below 10MHz, the frequency of correction pulses going into the phase detector form the SYNC and FEEDBACK pins may not be sufficient to allow the lock indicator circuitry to accurately predict a phase-locked conditition. The MC88915T is guaranteed to provide stable phase-locked operation down to the appropriate minimum input frequency given in Table 1, even though the LOCK pin may be LOW at frequencies below 10MHZ. The exact minimum frequency where the lock indicator functionality can be guaranteed will be available when the MC88915T reaches 'MC' status.

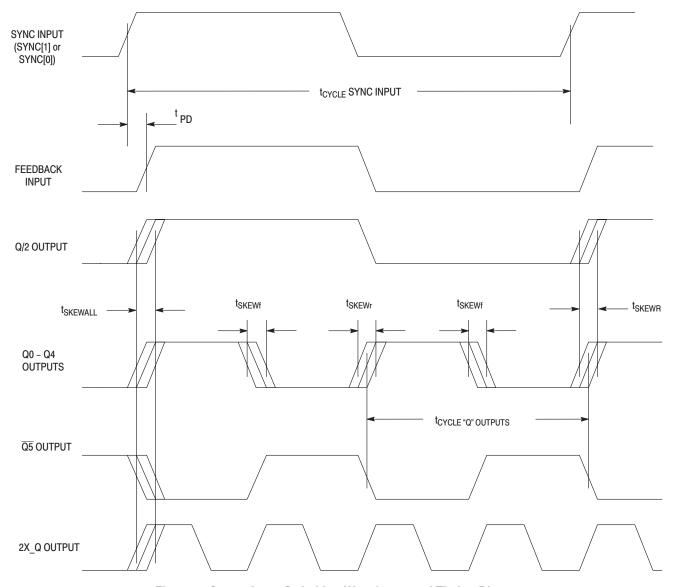
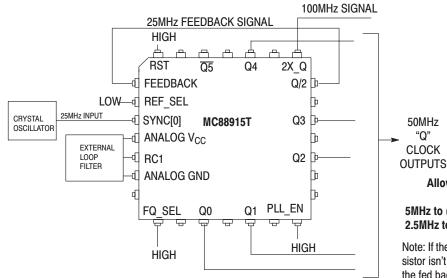


Figure 4. Output/Input Switching Waveforms and Timing Diagrams

(These waveforms represent the hook-up configuration of Figure 5a on page 17)

Timing Notes:

- The MC88915T aligns rising edges of the FEEDBACK input and SYNC input, therefore the SYNC input does not require a 50% duty cycle.
- All skew specs are measured between the $V_{CC}/2$ crossing point of the appropriate output edges. All skews are specified as 'windows', not as a \pm deviation around a center point.
- If a "Q" output is connected to the FEEDBACK input (this situation is not shown), the "Q" output frequency would match the SYNC input frequency, the 2X_Q output would run at twice the SYNC frequency, and the Q/2 output would run at half the SYNC frequency.



1:2 Input to "Q" Output Frequency Relationship

In this application, the Q/2 output is connected to the FEEDBACK input. The internal PLL will line up the positive edges of Q/2 and SYNC, thus the Q/2 frequency will equal the SYNC frequency. The "Q" outputs (Q0–Q4, $\overline{Q5}$) will always run at 2X the Q/2 frequency, and the 2X Q output will run at 4X the Q/2 frequency.

Allowable Input Frequency Range:

50MHz

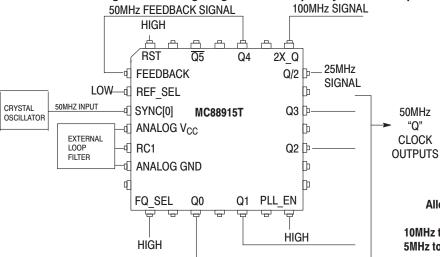
"Q"

CLOCK

5MHz to (2X Q FMAX Spec)/4 (for FREQ SEL HIGH) 2.5MHz to (2X Q FMAX Spec)/8 (for FREQ SEL LOW)

Note: If the OE/RST input is active, a pull-up or pull-down resistor isn't necessary at the FEEDBACK pin so it won't when the fed back output goes into 3-state.

Figure 5a. Wiring Diagram and Frequency Relationships With Q/2 Output Feed Back



1:1 Input to "Q" Output Frequency Relationship

In this application, the Q4 output is connected to the FEEDBACK input. The internal PLL will line up the positive edges of Q4 and SYNC, thus the Q4 frequency (and the rest of the "Q" outputs) will equal the SYNC frequency. The Q/2 output will always run at 1/2 the "Q" frequency, and the 2X Q output will run at 2X the "Q" frequency.

Allowable Input Frequency Range:

10MHz to (2X Q FMAX Spec)/2 (for FREQ SEL HIGH) 5MHz to (2X Q FMAX Spec)/4 (for FREQ SEL LOW)

Figure 5b. Wiring Diagram and Frequency Relationships With Q4 Output Feed Back

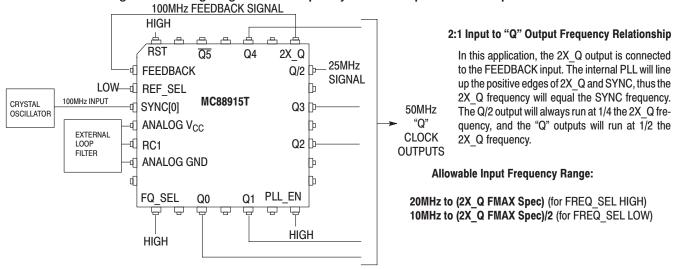


Figure 5c. Wiring Diagram and Frequency Relationships with 2X_Q Output Feed Back

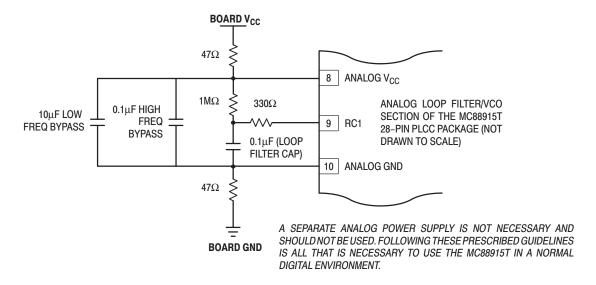


Figure 6. Recommended Loop Filter and Analog Isolation Scheme for the MC88915T

Notes Concerning Loop Filter and Board Layout Issues

- Figure 6 shows a loop filter and analog isolation scheme which will be effective in most applications. The following guidelines should be followed to ensure stable and jitter–free operation:
- 1a.All loop filter and analog isolation components should be tied as close to the package as possible. Stray current passing through the parasitics of long traces can cause undesirable voltage transients at the RC1 pin.
- 1b.The 47Ω resistors, the $10\mu F$ low frequency bypass capacitor, and the $0.1\mu F$ high frequency bypass capacitor form a wide bandwidth filter that will minimize the 88915T's sensitivity to voltage transients from the system digital V_{CC} supply and ground planes. This filter will typically ensure that a 100mV step deviation on the digital V_{CC} supply will cause no more than a 100pS phase deviation on the 88915T outputs. A 250mV step deviation on V_{CC} using the recommended filter values should cause no more than a 250pS phase deviation; if a $25\mu F$ bypass capacitor is used (instead of $10\mu F$) a 250mV V_{CC} step should cause no more than a 100pS phase deviation.

If good bypass techniques are used on a board design near components which may cause digital V_{CC} and ground noise, the above described V_{CC} step deviations should not occur at the 88915T's digital V_{CC} supply. The purpose of the bypass filtering scheme shown in Figure 6 is to give the

- 88915T additional protection from the power supply and ground plane transients that can occur in a high frequency, high speed digital system.
- 1c.There are no special requirements set forth for the loop filter resistors (1M Ω and 330 Ω). The loop filter capacitor (0.1 μ F) can be a ceramic chip capacitior, the same as a standard bypass capacitor.
- 1d. The 1M reference resistor injects current into the internal charge pump of the PLL, causing a fixed offset between the outputs and the SYNC input. This also prevents excessive jitter caused by inherent PLL dead–band. If the VCO (2X_Q output) is running above 40MHz, the 1M Ω resistor provides the correct amount of current injection into the charge pump (2–3 μ A). For the TFN55, 70 or 100, if the VCO is running below 40MHz, a 1.5M Ω reference resistor should be used (instead of 1M Ω).
- 2. In addition to the bypass capacitors used in the analog filter of Figure 6, there should be a $0.1\mu F$ bypass capacitor between each of the other (digital) four V_{CC} pins and the board ground plane. This will reduce output switching noise caused by the 88915T outputs, in addition to reducing potential for noise in the 'analog' section of the chip. These bypass capacitors should also be tied as close to the 88915T package as possible.

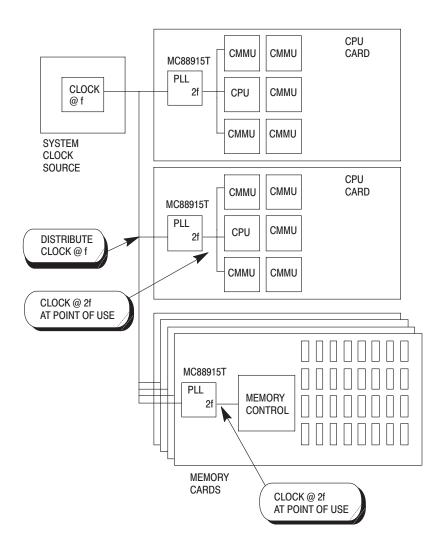


Figure 7. Representation of a Potential Multi–Processing Application Utilizing the MC88915T for Frequency Multiplication and Low Board–to–Board Skew

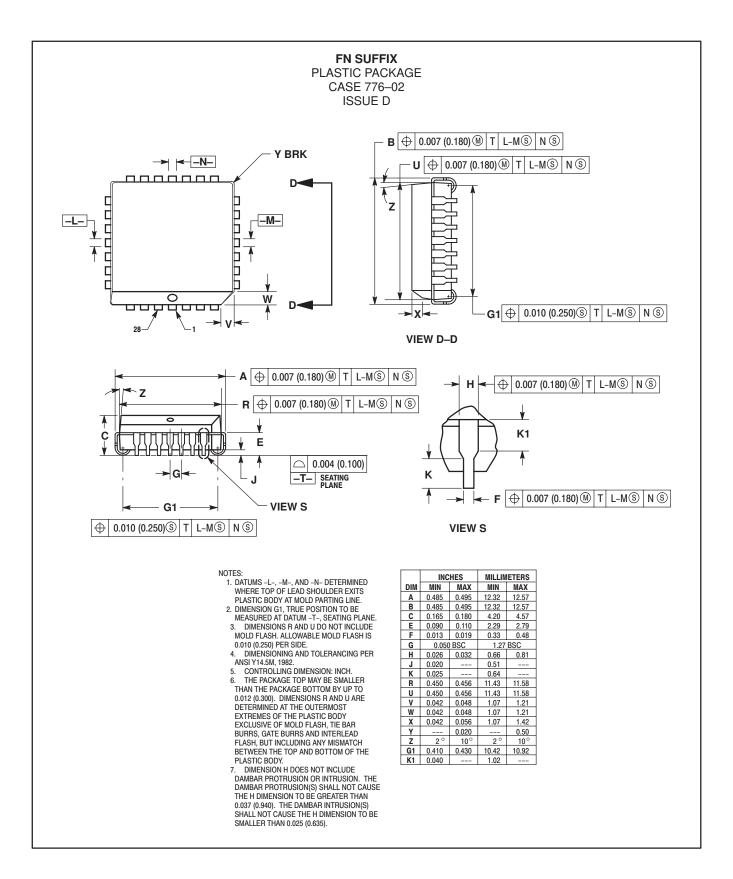
MC88915T System Level Testing Functionality

3–state functionality has been added to the 100MHz version of the MC88915T to ease system board testing. Bringing the $\overline{\text{OE/RST}}$ pin low will put all outputs (except for LOCK) into the high impedance state. As long as the PLL_EN pin is low, the Q0–Q4, Q5, and the Q/2 outputs will remain reset in the low state after the $\overline{\text{OE/RST}}$ until a falling SYNC edge is seen. The 2X_Q output will be the inverse of the SYNC signal in this mode. If the 3–state functionality will be used, a pull–up or pull–down resistor must be tied to the FEEDBACK input pin to prevent it from floating when the fedback output goes into high impedance.

With the PLL_EN pin low the selected SYNC signal is gated directly into the internal clock distribution network, bypassing and disabling the VCO. In this mode the outputs are directly driven by the SYNC input (per the block diagram). This mode can also be used for low frequency board testing.

Note: If the outputs are put into 3-state during normal PLL operation, the loop will be broken and phase-lock will be lost. It will take a maximum of 10mS (tLOCK spec) to regain phase-lock after the OE/RST pin goes back high.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



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How to reach us:

USA/EUROPE/Locations Not Listed: Motorola Literature Distribution; P.O. Box 5405, Denver, Colorado 80217. 1–303–675–2140 or 1–800–441–2447

JAPAN: Motorola Japan Ltd.; SPS, Technical Information Center, 3-20-1, Minami-Azabu. Minato-ku, Tokyo 106-8573 Japan. 81-3-3440-3569

ASIA/PACIFIC: Motorola Semiconductors H.K. Ltd.; Silicon Harbour Centre, 2 Dai King Street, Tai Po Industrial Estate, Tai Po, N.T., Hong Kong. 852–26668334

Technical Information Center: 1-800-521-6274

HOME PAGE: http://www.motorola.com/semiconductors/



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