Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!

Contact us

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Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com
Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China

Thyristor Module

V_{RRM} = 2x 1200 V
I_{TAV} = 220 A
V_T = 1.18 V

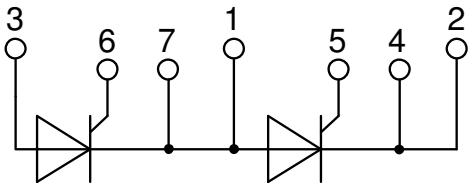
Phase leg

Part number

MCC225-12io1

Backside: isolated

E72873



Features / Advantages:

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al2O3-ceramic with copper base plate
- Planar passivated chip
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Keyed gate/cathode twin pins

Applications:

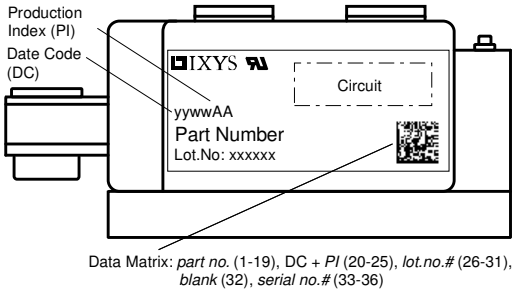
- Motor control, softstarter
- Power converter
- Heat and temperature control for industrial furnaces and chemical processes
- Lighting control
- Solid state switches

Package: Y1

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	**Definition**	**Conditions**		**min.**	**typ.**	**max.**	**Unit**
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	*max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage*		T_{VJ} = 25°C			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	*max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage*		T_{VJ} = 25°C			1200	V
$I_{R/D}$	*reverse current, drain current*	$V_{R/D}$ = 1200 V	T_{VJ} = 25°C			1	mA
		$V_{R/D}$ = 1200 V	T_{VJ} = 125°C			40	mA
V_T	*forward voltage drop*	I_T = 200 A	T_{VJ} = 25°C			1.04	V
		I_T = 400 A				0.97	V
		I_T = 200 A	T_{VJ} = 125°C			1.18	V
		I_T = 400 A				1.14	V
I_{TAV}	*average forward current*	T_C = 85°C	T_{VJ} = 140°C			220	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	*RMS forward current*	180° sine				400	A
V_{T0}	*threshold voltage* } *for power loss calculation only*		T_{VJ} = 140°C			0.79	V
r_T	*slope resistance* }					0.83	mΩ
R_{thJC}	*thermal resistance junction to case*					0.157	K/W
R_{thCH}	*thermal resistance case to heatsink*				0.040		K/W
P_{tot}	*total power dissipation*		T_C = 25°C			730	W
I_{TSM}	*max. forward surge current*	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T_{VJ} = 45°C			8.00	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V_R = 0 V			8.64	kA
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T_{VJ} = 140°C			6.80	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V_R = 0 V			7.35	kA
I^2t	*value for fusing*	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T_{VJ} = 45°C			320.0	kA^2s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V_R = 0 V			310.5	kA^2s
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T_{VJ} = 140°C			231.2	kA^2s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V_R = 0 V			224.4	kA^2s
C_J	*junction capacitance*	V_R = 400 V f = 1 MHz	T_{VJ} = 25°C		366		pF
P_{GM}	*max. gate power dissipation*	t_P = 30 µs	T_C = 140°C			120	W
		t_P = 500 µs				60	W
P_{GAV}	*average gate power dissipation*					20	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	*critical rate of rise of current*	T_{VJ} = 140°C; f = 50 Hz	repetitive, I_T = 660 A			100	A/µs
		t_P = 200 µs; di_G/dt = 1 A/µs;					
		I_G = 1 A; V = ⅔ V_{DRM}	non-repet., I_T = 220 A			500	A/µs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	*critical rate of rise of voltage*	V = ⅔ V_{DRM}	T_{VJ} = 140°C			1000	V/µs
		R_{GK} = ∞; method 1 (linear voltage rise)					
V_{GT}	*gate trigger voltage*	V_D = 6 V	T_{VJ} = 25°C			2	V
			T_{VJ} = -40°C			3	V
I_{GT}	*gate trigger current*	V_D = 6 V	T_{VJ} = 25°C			150	mA
			T_{VJ} = -40°C			220	mA
V_{GD}	*gate non-trigger voltage*	V_D = ⅔ V_{DRM}	T_{VJ} = 140°C			0.25	V
I_{GD}	*gate non-trigger current*					10	mA
I_L	*latching current*	t_p = 30 µs	T_{VJ} = 25°C			200	mA
		I_G = 0.45 A; di_G/dt = 0.45 A/µs					
I_H	*holding current*	V_D = 6 V R_{GK} = ∞	T_{VJ} = 25°C			150	mA
t_{gd}	*gate controlled delay time*	V_D = ½ V_{DRM}	T_{VJ} = 25°C			2	µs
		I_G = 1 A; di_G/dt = 1 A/µs					
t_q	*turn-off time*	V_R = 100 V; I_T = 220 A; V = ⅔ V_{DRM}	T_{VJ} = 125 °C		200		µs
		di/dt = 10 A/µs dv/dt = 50 V/µs t_p = 200 µs					

Package Y1				Ratings			
Symbol	**Definition**	**Conditions**		**min.**	**typ.**	**max.**	**Unit**
I_{RMS}	*RMS current*	per terminal				600	A
T_{VJ}	*virtual junction temperature*			-40		140	°C
T_{op}	*operation temperature*			-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	*storage temperature*			-40		125	°C
Weight					680		g
M_D	*mounting torque*			4.5		7	Nm
M_T	*terminal torque*			11		13	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	*creepage distance on surface | striking distance through air*		*terminal to terminal*	16.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$			*terminal to backside*	16.0			mm
V_{ISOL}	*isolation voltage*	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; I_{ISOL} ≤ 1 mA	3600			V
		t = 1 minute		3000			V

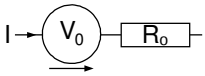


Data Matrix: *part no.* (1-19), DC + *PI* (20-25), *lot.no.#* (26-31), *blank* (32), *serial no.#* (33-36)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCC225-12io1	MCC225-12io1	Box	3	463280

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

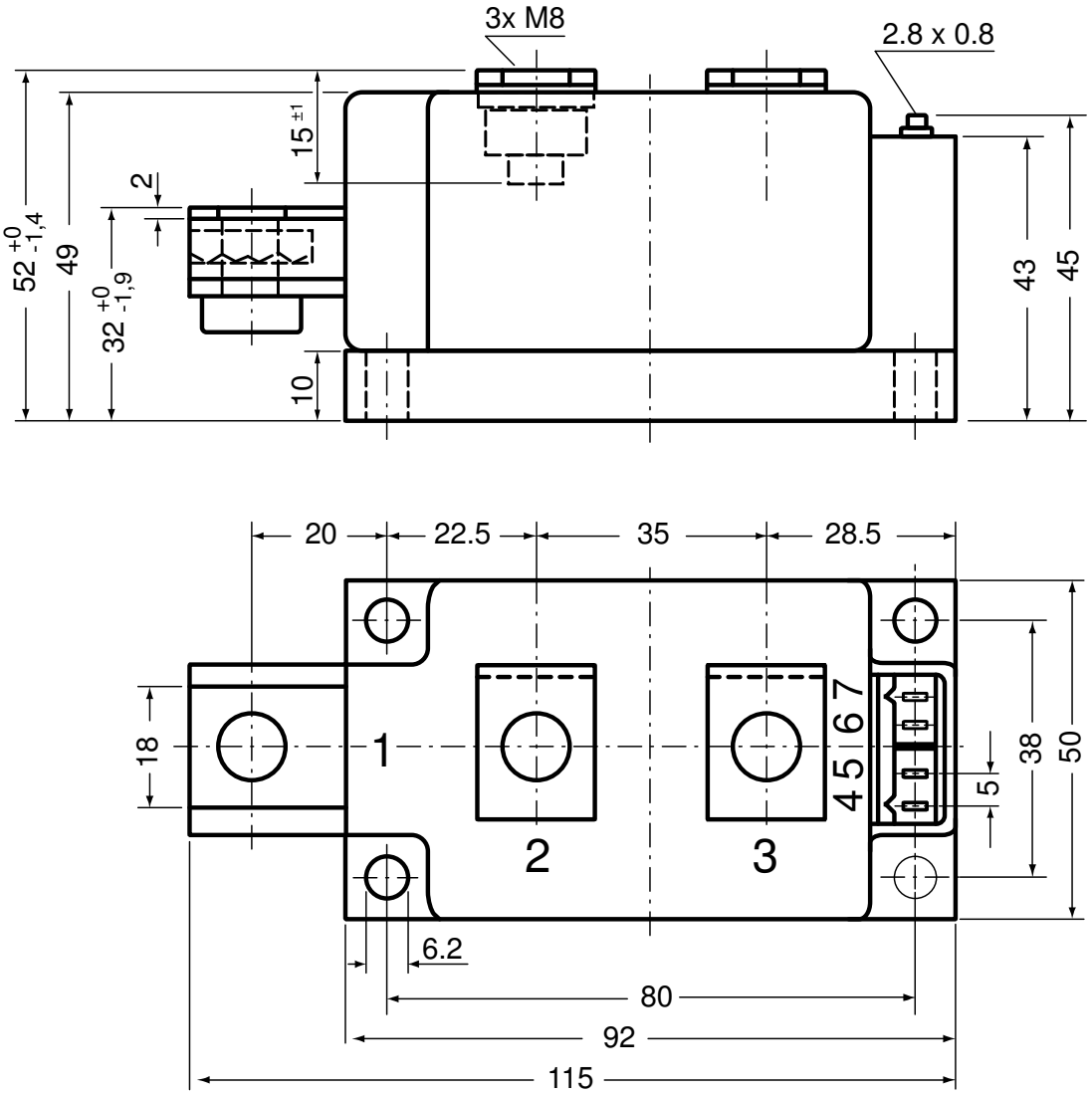
** on die level* T_{VJ} = 140 °C



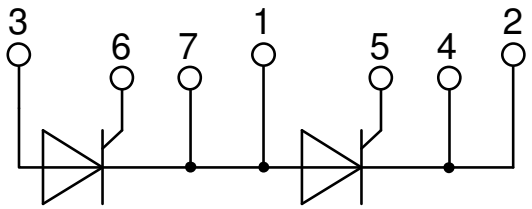
Thyristor

$V_{0\,max}$	*threshold voltage*	0.79	V
$R_{0\,max}$	*slope resistance **	0.64	mΩ

Outlines Y1



Optional accessories for modules
Keyed gate/cathode twin plugs with wire length = 350 mm, gate = white, cathode = red
Type ZY 180L (L = Left for pin pair 4/5)
Type ZY 180R (R = Right for pin pair 6/7) } UL 758, style 3751



Thyristor

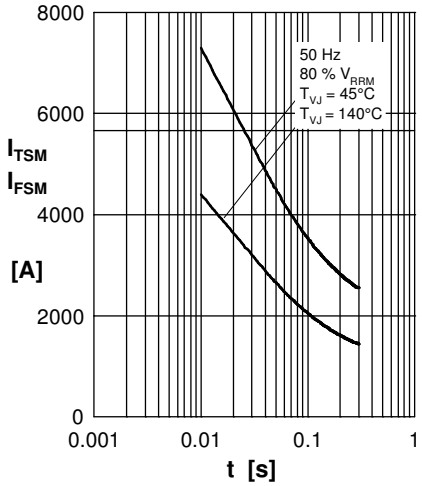


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
$I_{TSM/FSM}$: Crest value, t: duration

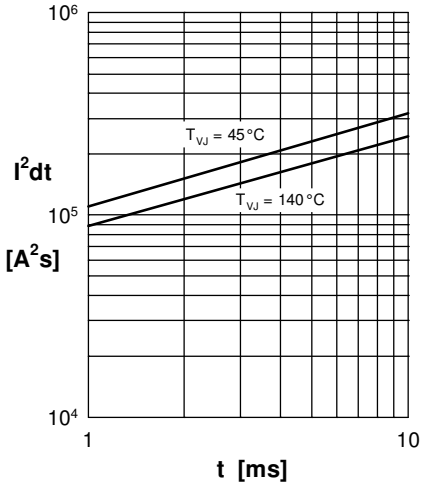


Fig. 2 I^2dt versus time

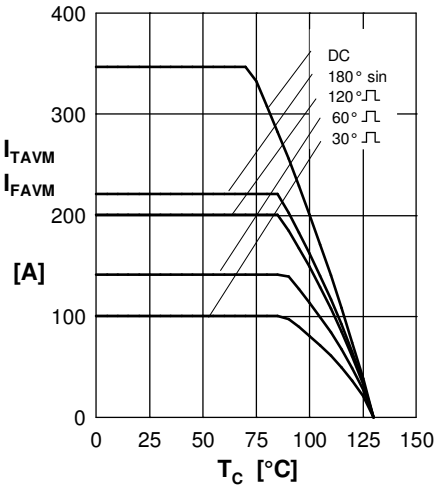


Fig. 3 Max. forward current at case temperature

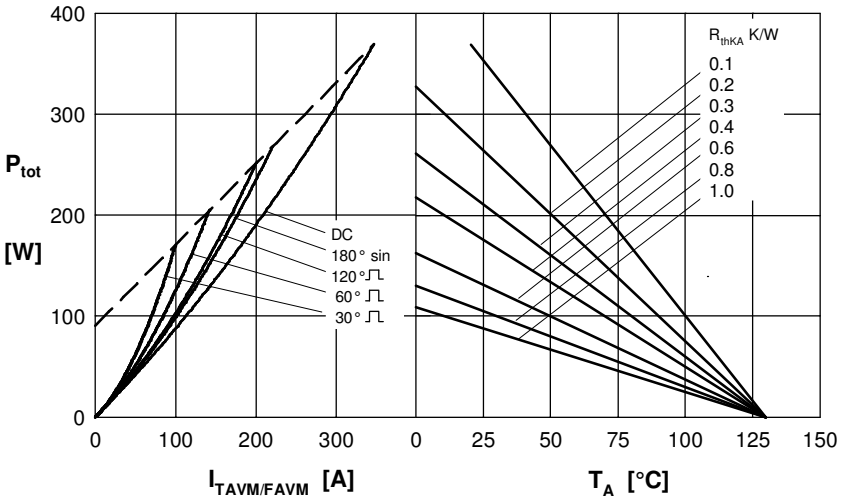


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus on-state current and ambient temperature (per thyristor or diode)

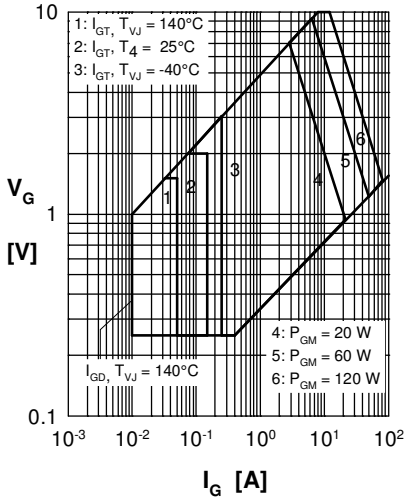


Fig. 5 Gate voltage and current

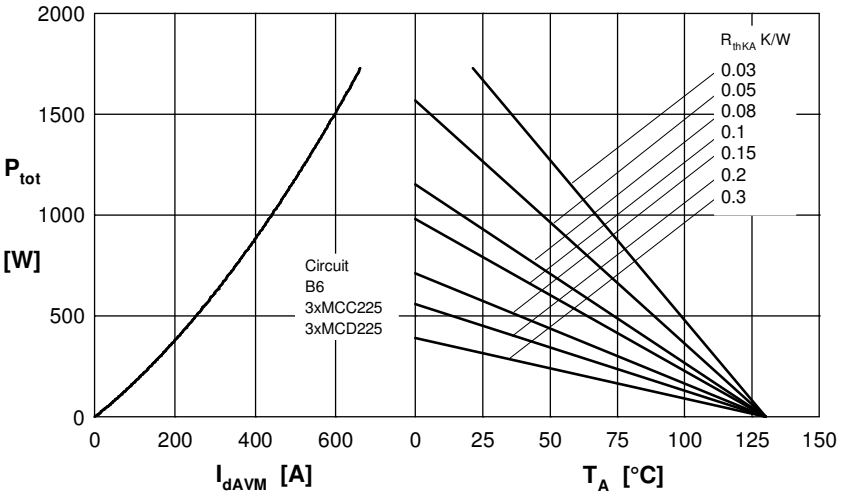


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

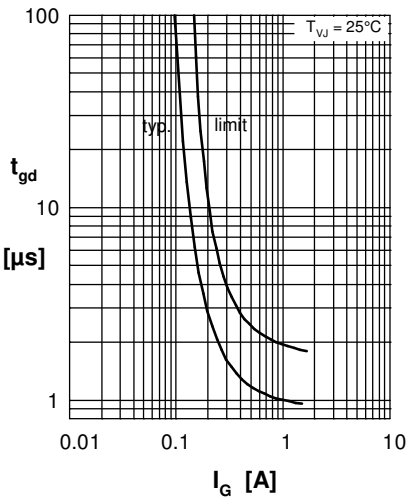


Fig. 7 Gate trigger characteristics

Rectifier

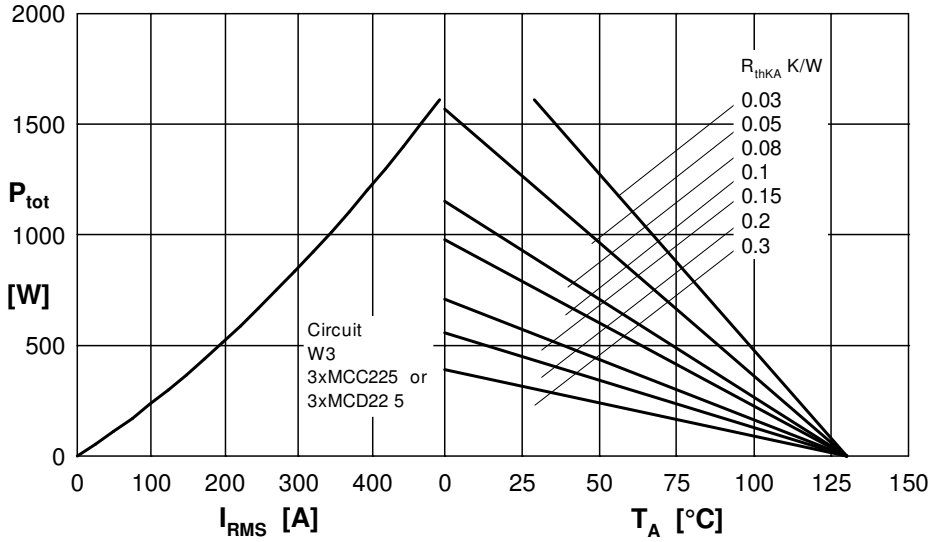


Fig. 8 Three phase AC-controller: Power dissipation versus R_{MS} output current and ambient temperature

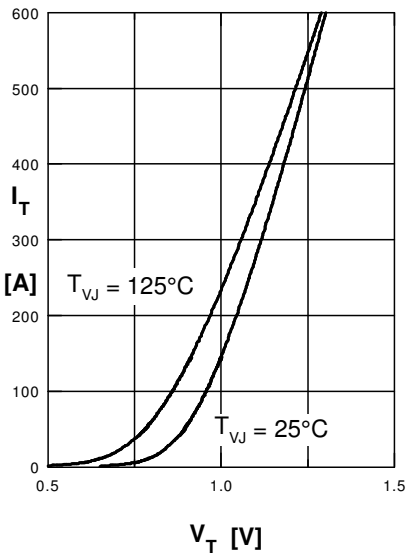


Fig. 9 Forward characteristics

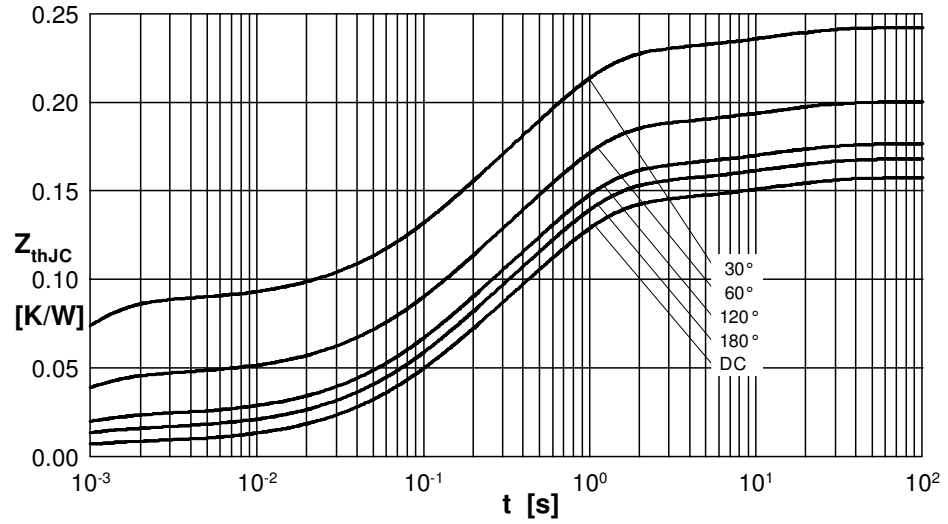


Fig. 10 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per thyristor/diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduct. angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.157
180°	0.168
120°	0.177
60°	0.200
30°	0.243

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0076	0.00054
2	0.0406	0.09800
3	0.0944	0.54000
4	0.0147	12.0000

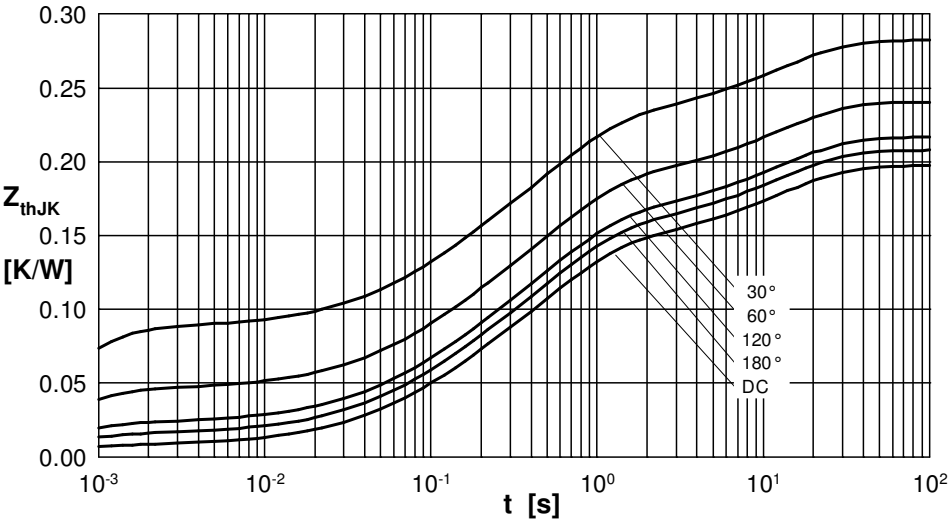


Fig. 11 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per thyristor/diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduct. angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.197
180°	0.208
120°	0.217
60°	0.240
30°	0.283

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0076	0.00054
2	0.0406	0.09800
3	0.0944	0.54000
4	0.0147	12.0000
5	0.0400	12.0000