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## Low-Cost 64-Step Volatile Digital POT

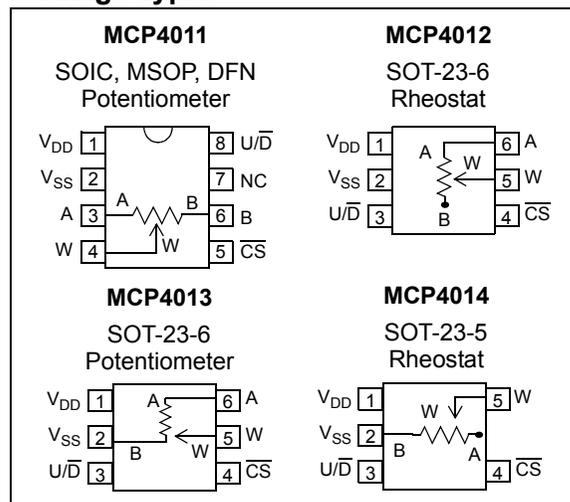
### Features

- Volatile Digital Potentiometer in SOT-23, SOIC, MSOP and DFN packages
- 64 Taps: 63 Resistors with Taps to terminal A and terminal B
- Simple Up/Down (U/D) Protocol
- Power-on Recall of Default Wiper Setting
  - Custom POR wiper settings available (contact factory)
- Resistance Values: 2.1 k $\Omega$ , 5 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$  or 50 k $\Omega$
- Low Tempco:
  - Absolute (Rheostat): 50 ppm (0°C to 70°C typ.)
  - Ratiometric (Potentiometer): 10 ppm (typ.)
- Low Wiper Resistance: 75 $\Omega$  (typ.)
- High-Voltage Tolerant Digital Inputs: Up to 12.5V
- Low-Power Operation: 1  $\mu$ A Max Static Current
- Wide Operating Voltage Range:
  - 1.8V to 5.5V - Device Operation
  - 2.7V to 5.5V - Resistor Characteristics Specified
- Extended Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C
- Wide Bandwidth (-3 dB) Operation:
  - 4 MHz (typ.) for 2.1 k $\Omega$  device

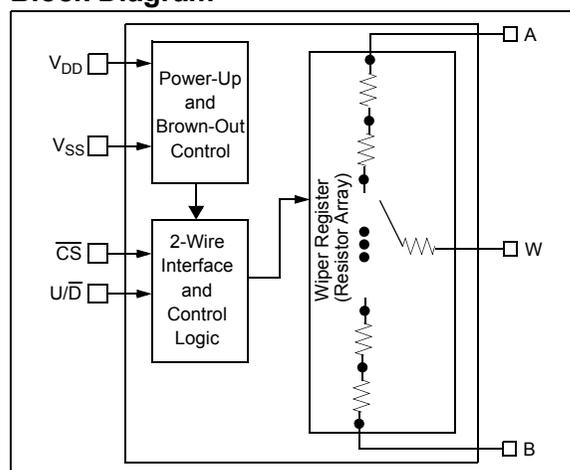
### Description

The MCP4011/2/3/4 devices are volatile, 6-bit Digital Potentiometers that can be configured as either a potentiometer or rheostat. The wiper setting is controlled through a simple Up/Down (U/D) serial interface.

### Package Types



### Block Diagram



### Device Features

Device	Wiper Configuration	Memory Type	POR Wiper Setting	Resistance (typical)		# of Steps	V <sub>DD</sub> Operating Range <sup>(2)</sup>	Control Interface	WiperLock™ Technology
				Options (k $\Omega$ )	Wiper ( $\Omega$ )				
MCP4011	Potentiometer <sup>(1)</sup>	RAM	Mid-Scale	2.1, 5.0, 10.0, 50.0	75	64	1.8V to 5.5V	U/D	No
MCP4012	Rheostat	RAM	Mid-Scale	2.1, 5.0, 10.0, 50.0	75	64	1.8V to 5.5V	U/D	No
MCP4013	Potentiometer	RAM	Mid-Scale	2.1, 5.0, 10.0, 50.0	75	64	1.8V to 5.5V	U/D	No
MCP4014	Rheostat	RAM	Mid-Scale	2.1, 5.0, 10.0, 50.0	75	64	1.8V to 5.5V	U/D	No

**Note 1:** Floating either terminal (A or B) allows the device to be used in Rheostat mode.

**2:** Analog characteristics (resistor) tested from 2.7V to 5.5V.

# MCP4011/2/3/4

## 1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Absolute Maximum Ratings †

$V_{DD}$ .....	6.5V
$\overline{CS}$ and $U/\overline{D}$ inputs w.r.t $V_{SS}$ .....	-0.3V to 12.5V
A,B and W terminals w.r.t $V_{SS}$ .....	-0.3V to $V_{DD} + 0.3V$
Current at Input Pins .....	$\pm 10$ mA
Current at Supply Pins .....	$\pm 10$ mA
Current at Potentiometer Pins .....	$\pm 2.5$ mA
Storage temperature .....	-65°C to +150°C
Ambient temp. with power applied .....	-55°C to +125°C
ESD protection on all pins .....	$\geq 4$ kV (HBM), $\geq 400V$ (MM)
Maximum Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ ).....	+150°C

† **Notice:** Stresses above those listed under “Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS

<b>Electrical Specifications:</b> Unless otherwise indicated, all parameters apply across the specified operating ranges. $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , 2.1 k $\Omega$ , 5 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$ and 50 k $\Omega$ devices. Typical specifications represent values for $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to 5.5V, $V_{SS} = 0V$ , $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ .						
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Operating Voltage Range	$V_{DD}$	2.7	—	5.5	V	
	$V_{DD}$	—	1.8	—	V	$V_{DD} = 1.8V$ , $\overline{CS}:V_{IH} = 8.5V$ , $V_{IH} = 1.8V$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$ , $U/D:V_{IH} = 1.8V$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$
$\overline{CS}$ Input Voltage	$V_{CS}$	$V_{SS}$	—	12.5	V	The $\overline{CS}$ pin will be at one of three input levels ( $V_{IL}$ , $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IHH}$ ). <b>(Note 6)</b>
Supply Current	$I_{DD}$	—	45	—	$\mu\text{A}$	5.5V, $\overline{CS} = V_{SS}$ , $f_{U/D} = 1$ MHz
		—	15	—	$\mu\text{A}$	2.7V, $\overline{CS} = V_{SS}$ , $f_{U/D} = 1$ MHz
		—	0.3	1	$\mu\text{A}$	Serial Interface Inactive ( $\overline{CS} = V_{IH}$ , $U/\overline{D} = V_{IH}$ )
Resistance ( $\pm 20\%$ )	$R_{AB}$	1.68	2.1	2.52	k $\Omega$	-202 devices <b>(Note 1)</b>
		4.0	5	6.0	k $\Omega$	-502 devices <b>(Note 1)</b>
		8.0	10	12.0	k $\Omega$	-103 devices <b>(Note 1)</b>
		40.0	50	60.0	k $\Omega$	-503 devices <b>(Note 1)</b>

- Note 1:** Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.  
**Note 2:** INL and DNL are measured at  $V_W$  with  $V_A = V_{DD}$  and  $V_B = V_{SS}$ . (-202 devices  $V_A = 4V$ ).  
**Note 3:** MCP4011/13 only, test conditions are:  $I_W = 1.9$  mA, code = 00h.  
**Note 4:** MCP4012/14 only, test conditions are:

Device Resistance	Current at Voltage		Comments
	5.5V	2.7V	
2.1 k $\Omega$	2.25 mA	1.1 mA	MCP4012 includes $V_{WZSE}$ MCP4014 includes $V_{WFSE}$
5 k $\Omega$	1.4 mA	450 $\mu\text{A}$	
10 k $\Omega$	450 $\mu\text{A}$	210 $\mu\text{A}$	
50 k $\Omega$	90 $\mu\text{A}$	40 $\mu\text{A}$	

- Note 5:** Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.  
**Note 6:** This specification by design.  
**Note 7:** Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance ( $R_W$ ), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature. See **Section 6.0 “Resistor”** for additional information.  
**Note 8:** For voltages below 2.7V, refer to **Section 2.0 “Typical Performance Curves”**.  
**Note 9:** The MCP4011 is externally connected to match the configurations of the MCP4012 and MCP4014 and then tested.

## AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

**Electrical Specifications:** Unless otherwise indicated, all parameters apply across the specified operating ranges.  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , 2.1 k $\Omega$ , 5 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$  and 50 k $\Omega$  devices. Typical specifications represent values for  $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Resolution	N	64			Taps	No Missing Codes
Step Resistance	$R_S$	—	$R_{AB} / 63$	—	$\Omega$	<b>Note 6</b>
Wiper Resistance ( <b>Note 3, Note 4</b> )	$R_W$	—	70	125	$\Omega$	5.5V
		—	70	325	$\Omega$	2.7V
Nominal Resistance Tempco	$\Delta R/\Delta T$	—	50	—	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = -20^\circ\text{C}$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
		—	100	—	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
		—	150	—	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$
Ratiometric Tempco	$\frac{\Delta V_{WA}}{\Delta T}$	—	10	—	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$	<b>MCP4011</b> and <b>MCP4013</b> only, code = 1Fh
Full-Scale Error ( <b>MCP4011/13</b> only)	$V_{WFSE}$	-0.5	-0.1	+0.5	LSb	Code 3Fh, $2.7\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
Zero-Scale Error ( <b>MCP4011/13</b> only)	$V_{WZSE}$	-0.5	+0.1	+0.5	LSb	Code 00h, $2.7\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
Monotonicity	N	Yes			Bits	
Resistor Terminal Input Voltage Range (Terminals A, B and W)	$V_A, V_W, V_B$	$V_{SS}$	—	$V_{DD}$	V	<b>Note 5, Note 6</b>
Current through A, W or B	$I_W$	—	—	2.5	mA	<b>Note 6</b>
Leakage current into A, W or B	$I_{WL}$	—	100	—	nA	<b>MCP4011</b> A = W = B = $V_{SS}$
		—	100	—	nA	<b>MCP4012/13</b> A = W = $V_{SS}$
		—	100	—	nA	<b>MCP4014</b> W = $V_{SS}$
Capacitance ( $P_A$ )	$C_{AW}$	—	75	—	pF	f = 1 MHz, code = 1Fh
Capacitance ( $P_W$ )	$C_W$	—	120	—	pF	f = 1 MHz, code = 1Fh
Capacitance ( $P_B$ )	$C_{BW}$	—	75	—	pF	f = 1 MHz, code = 1Fh
Bandwidth -3 dB	BW	—	4	—	MHz	-202 devices
		—	2	—	MHz	-502 devices
		—	1	—	MHz	-103 devices
		—	200	—	kHz	-503 devices

- Note 1:** Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.  
**Note 2:** INL and DNL are measured at  $V_W$  with  $V_A = V_{DD}$  and  $V_B = V_{SS}$ . (-202 devices  $V_A = 4\text{V}$ ).  
**Note 3:** **MCP4011/13** only, test conditions are:  $I_W = 1.9\text{mA}$ , code = 00h.  
**Note 4:** **MCP4012/14** only, test conditions are:

Device Resistance	Current at Voltage		Comments
	5.5V	2.7V	
2.1 k $\Omega$	2.25 mA	1.1 mA	<b>MCP4012</b> includes $V_{WZSE}$ <b>MCP4014</b> includes $V_{WFSE}$
5 k $\Omega$	1.4 mA	450 $\mu\text{A}$	
10 k $\Omega$	450 $\mu\text{A}$	210 $\mu\text{A}$	
50 k $\Omega$	90 $\mu\text{A}$	40 $\mu\text{A}$	

- 5:** Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.  
**6:** This specification by design.  
**7:** Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance ( $R_W$ ), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature. See **Section 6.0 "Resistor"** for additional information.  
**8:** For voltages below 2.7V, refer to **Section 2.0 "Typical Performance Curves"**.  
**9:** The **MCP4011** is externally connected to match the configurations of the **MCP4012** and **MCP4014** and then tested.

# MCP4011/2/3/4

## AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

**Electrical Specifications:** Unless otherwise indicated, all parameters apply across the specified operating ranges.  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , 2.1 k $\Omega$ , 5 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$  and 50 k $\Omega$  devices. Typical specifications represent values for  $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$  to 5.5V,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions					
Potentiometer Integral Non-linearity	INL	-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	<b>MCP4011/13 only (Note 2)</b>					
Potentiometer Differential Non-linearity	DNL	-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	<b>MCP4011/13 only (Note 2)</b>					
Rheostat Integral Non-linearity <b>MCP4011 (Note 4, Note 9)</b> <b>MCP4012 and MCP4014 (Note 4)</b>	R-INL	-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	-202 devices (2.1 k $\Omega$ )	5.5V				
		-8.5	+4.5	+8.5	LSb		2.7V (Note 7)				
		See Section 2.0			LSb		1.8V (Note 7, Note 8)				
		-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	-502 devices (5 k $\Omega$ )	5.5V				
							-5.5	+2.5	+5.5	LSb	2.7V (Note 7)
							See Section 2.0			LSb	1.8V (Note 7, Note 8)
		-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	-103 devices (10 k $\Omega$ )	5.5V				
							-3	+1	+3	LSb	2.7V (Note 7)
							See Section 2.0			LSb	1.8V (Note 7, Note 8)
		-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	-503 devices (50 k $\Omega$ )	5.5V				
							-1	+0.25	+1	LSb	2.7V (Note 7)
							See Section 2.0			LSb	1.8V (Note 7, Note 8)
Rheostat Differential Non-linearity <b>MCP4011 (Note 4, Note 9)</b> <b>MCP4012 and MCP4014 (Note 4)</b>	R-DNL	-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	-202 devices (2.1 k $\Omega$ )	5.5V				
		-1	+0.5	+2	LSb		2.7V (Note 7)				
		See Section 2.0			LSb		1.8V (Note 7, Note 8)				
		-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	-502 devices (5 k $\Omega$ )	5.5V				
							-1	+0.25	+1.25	LSb	2.7V (Note 7)
							See Section 2.0			LSb	1.8V (Note 7, Note 8)
		-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	-103 devices (10 k $\Omega$ )	5.5V				
							-1	0	+1	LSb	2.7V (Note 7)
							See Section 2.0			LSb	1.8V (Note 7, Note 8)
		-0.5	$\pm 0.25$	+0.5	LSb	-503 devices (50 k $\Omega$ )	5.5V				
							-0.5	0	+0.5	LSb	2.7V (Note 7)
							See Section 2.0			LSb	1.8V (Note 7, Note 8)

- Note 1:** Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.  
**Note 2:** INL and DNL are measured at  $V_W$  with  $V_A = V_{DD}$  and  $V_B = V_{SS}$ . (-202 devices  $V_A = 4\text{V}$ ).  
**Note 3:** **MCP4011/13** only, test conditions are:  $I_W = 1.9\text{ mA}$ , code = 00h.  
**Note 4:** **MCP4012/14** only, test conditions are:

Device Resistance	Current at Voltage		Comments
	5.5V	2.7V	
2.1 k $\Omega$	2.25 mA	1.1 mA	<b>MCP4012</b> includes $V_{WZSE}$ <b>MCP4014</b> includes $V_{WFSE}$
5 k $\Omega$	1.4 mA	450 $\mu\text{A}$	
10 k $\Omega$	450 $\mu\text{A}$	210 $\mu\text{A}$	
50 k $\Omega$	90 $\mu\text{A}$	40 $\mu\text{A}$	

- Note 5:** Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.  
**Note 6:** This specification by design.  
**Note 7:** Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance ( $R_W$ ), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature. See **Section 6.0 "Resistor"** for additional information.  
**Note 8:** For voltages below 2.7V, refer to **Section 2.0 "Typical Performance Curves"**.  
**Note 9:** The **MCP4011** is externally connected to match the configurations of the **MCP4012** and **MCP4014** and then tested.

## AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

**Electrical Specifications:** Unless otherwise indicated, all parameters apply across the specified operating ranges.  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , 2.1 k $\Omega$ , 5 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$  and 50 k $\Omega$  devices. Typical specifications represent values for  $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ .

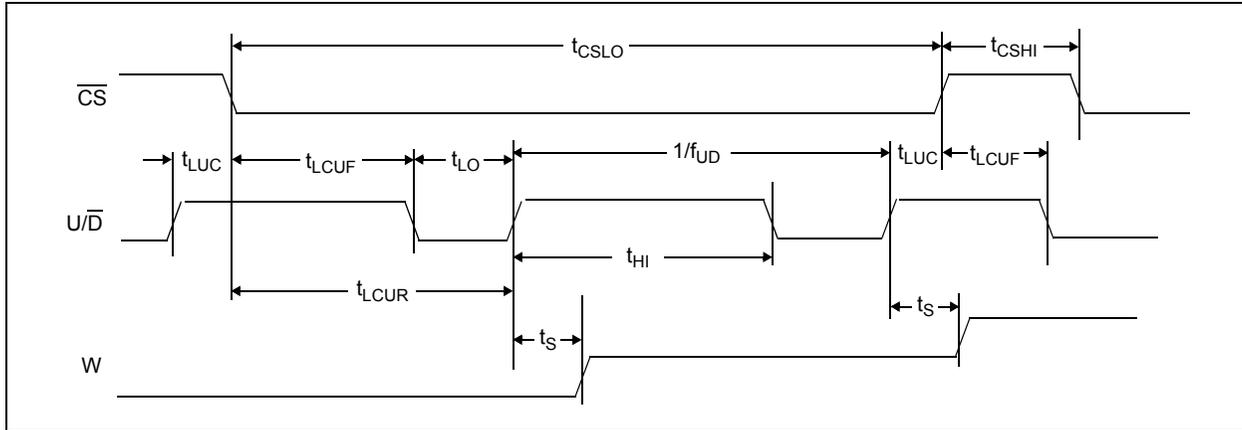
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
<b>Digital Inputs/Outputs (CS, U/D)</b>						
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH}$	$0.7 V_{DD}$	—	—	V	
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$	—	—	$0.3 V_{DD}$	V	
High-Voltage Input Entry Voltage	$V_{IHH}$	8.5	—	12.5 <sup>(6)</sup>	V	Threshold for WiperLock™ Technology
High-Voltage Input Exit Voltage	$V_{IHH}$	—	—	$V_{DD} + 0.8^{(6)}$	V	
CS Pull-up/Pull-down Resistance	$R_{CS}$	—	16	—	k $\Omega$	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ , $V_{CS} = 3\text{V}$
CS Weak Pull-up/Pull-down Current	$I_{PU}$	—	170	—	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ , $V_{CS} = 3\text{V}$
Input Leakage Current	$I_{IL}$	-1	—	1	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$
CS and U/D Pin Capacitance	$C_{IN}$ , $C_{OUT}$	—	10	—	pF	$f_C = 1\text{MHz}$ , $V_{DD} \geq 2.7\text{V}$
<b>RAM (Wiper) Value</b>						
Value Range	N	0h	—	3Fh	hex	
Default POR Setting	N	1Fh			hex	
<b>Power Requirements</b>						
Power Supply Sensitivity (MCP4011 and MCP4013 only)	PSS	—	0.0015	0.0035	%/%	$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{V}$ to $5.5\text{V}$ , $V_A = 4.5\text{V}$ , Code = 1Fh
		—	0.0015	0.0035	%/%	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ to $4.5\text{V}$ , $V_A = 2.7\text{V}$ , Code = 1Fh

- Note**
- Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.
  - INL and DNL are measured at  $V_W$  with  $V_A = V_{DD}$  and  $V_B = V_{SS}$ . (-202 devices  $V_A = 4\text{V}$ ).
  - MCP4011/13 only, test conditions are:  $I_W = 1.9\text{mA}$ , code = 00h.
  - MCP4012/14 only, test conditions are:

Device Resistance	Current at Voltage		Comments
	5.5V	2.7V	
2.1 k $\Omega$	2.25 mA	1.1 mA	MCP4012 includes $V_{WZSE}$ MCP4014 includes $V_{WFSE}$
5 k $\Omega$	1.4 mA	450 $\mu\text{A}$	
10 k $\Omega$	450 $\mu\text{A}$	210 $\mu\text{A}$	
50 k $\Omega$	90 $\mu\text{A}$	40 $\mu\text{A}$	

- Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.
- This specification by design.
- Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance ( $R_W$ ), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature. See **Section 6.0 "Resistor"** for additional information.
- For voltages below 2.7V, refer to **Section 2.0 "Typical Performance Curves"**.
- The MCP4011 is externally connected to match the configurations of the MCP4012 and MCP4014 and then tested.

# MCP4011/2/3/4

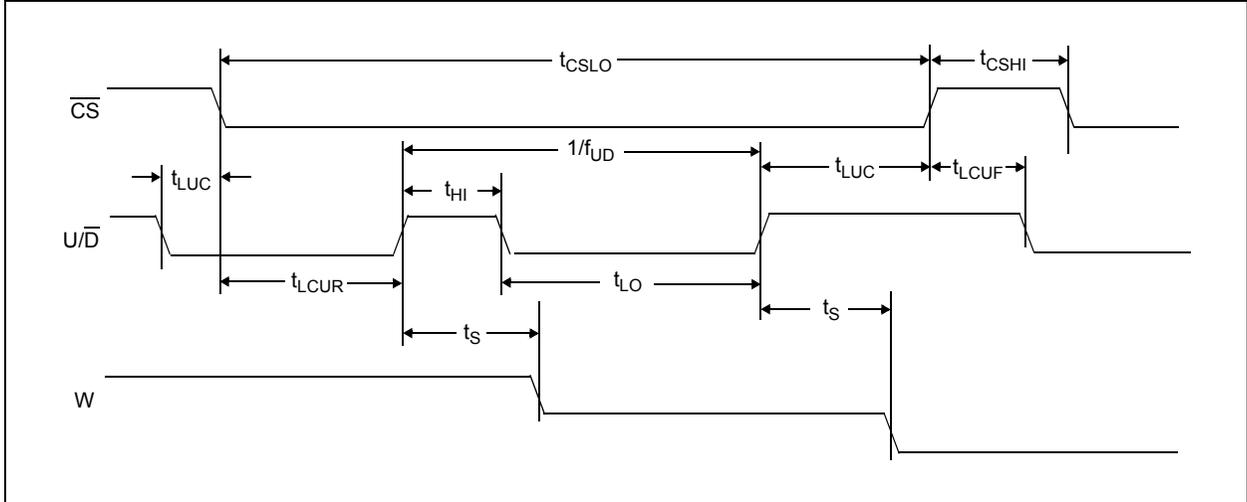


**FIGURE 1-1:** Increment Timing Waveform.

## SERIAL TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

**Electrical Specifications:** Unless otherwise noted, all parameters apply across the specified operating ranges. Extended (E):  $V_{DD} = +1.8V$  to  $5.5V$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ .

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
$\overline{CS}$ Low Time	$t_{CSLO}$	5	—	—	$\mu s$	
$\overline{CS}$ High Time	$t_{CSHI}$	500	—	—	ns	$2.7V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$
		—	—	—	ns	$1.8V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7V$
U/D to $\overline{CS}$ Hold Time	$t_{LUC}$	500	—	—	ns	$2.7V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$
		750	—	—	ns	$1.8V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7V$
$\overline{CS}$ to U/D Low Setup Time	$t_{LCUF}$	500	—	—	ns	
$\overline{CS}$ to U/D High Setup Time	$t_{LCUR}$	3	—	—	$\mu s$	
U/D High Time	$t_{HI}$	500	—	—	ns	
U/D Low Time	$t_{LO}$	500	—	—	ns	
Up/Down Toggle Frequency	$f_{UD}$	—	—	1	MHz	
Wiper Settling Time	$t_S$	0.5	—	—	$\mu s$	$2.1 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF$
		1	—	—	$\mu s$	$5 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF$
		2	—	—	$\mu s$	$10 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF$
		10	5	—	$\mu s$	$50 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF$
Wiper Response on Power-up	$t_{PU}$	—	200	—	ns	



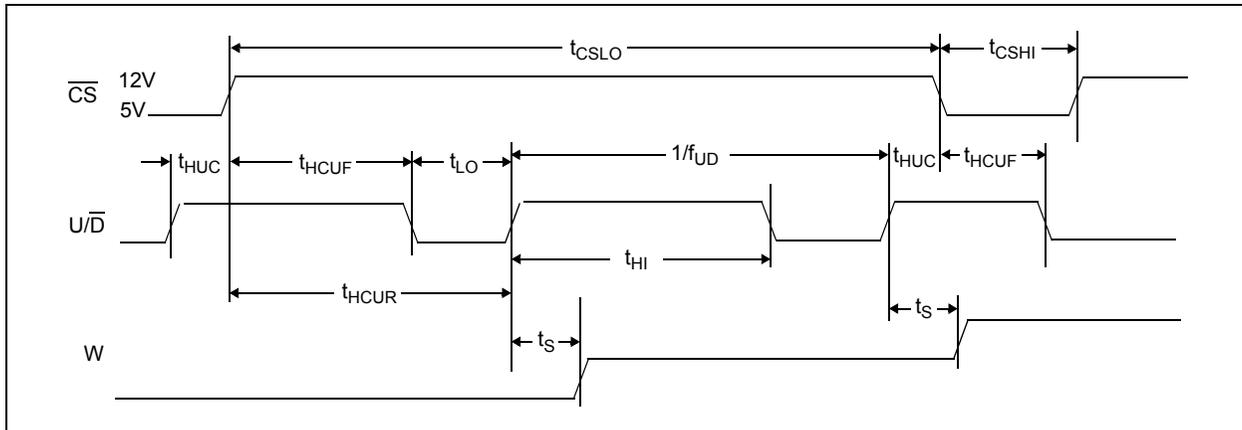
**FIGURE 1-2:** Decrement Timing Waveform.

## SERIAL TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

**Electrical Specifications:** Unless otherwise noted, all parameters apply across the specified operating ranges. Extended (E):  $V_{DD} = +1.8V$  to  $5.5V$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ .

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
$\overline{CS}$ Low Time	$t_{CSLO}$	5	—	—	$\mu s$	
$\overline{CS}$ High Time	$t_{CSHI}$	500	—	—	ns	$2.7V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$
		—	—	—	ns	$1.8V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7V$
U/D to $\overline{CS}$ Hold Time	$t_{LUC}$	500	—	—	ns	$2.7V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$
		750	—	—	ns	$1.8V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7V$
$\overline{CS}$ to U/D Low Setup Time	$t_{LCUF}$	500	—	—	ns	
$\overline{CS}$ to U/D High Setup Time	$t_{LCUR}$	3	—	—	$\mu s$	
U/D High Time	$t_{HI}$	500	—	—	ns	
U/D Low Time	$t_{LO}$	500	—	—	ns	
Up/Down Toggle Frequency	$f_{UD}$	—	—	1	MHz	
Wiper Settling Time	$t_S$	0.5	—	—	$\mu s$	$2.1 k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100 pF$
		1	—	—	$\mu s$	$5 k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100 pF$
		2	—	—	$\mu s$	$10 k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100 pF$
		10	5	—	$\mu s$	$50 k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100 pF$
Wiper Response on Power-up	$t_{PU}$	—	200	—	ns	

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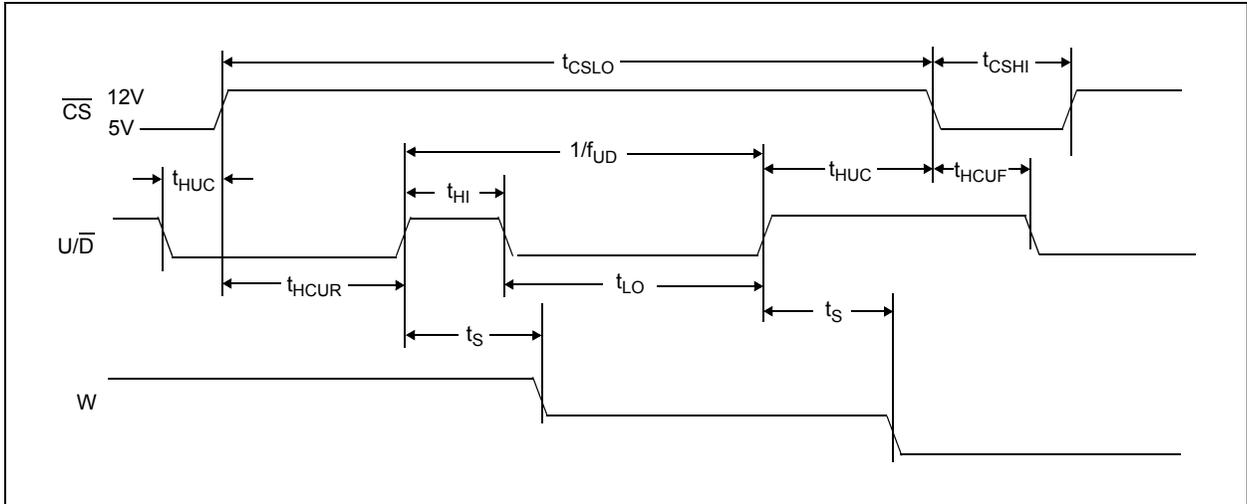


**FIGURE 1-3:** High-Voltage Increment Timing Waveform.

## SERIAL TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

**Electrical Specifications:** Unless otherwise noted, all parameters apply across the specified operating ranges. Extended (E):  $V_{DD} = +1.8V$  to  $5.5V$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+125^\circ C$ .

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
$\overline{CS}$ Low Time	$t_{CSLO}$	5	—	—	$\mu s$	
$\overline{CS}$ High Time	$t_{CSHI}$	500	—	—	ns	$2.7V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$
		—	—	—	ns	$1.8V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7V$
$U/\overline{D}$ High Time	$t_{HI}$	500	—	—	ns	
$U/\overline{D}$ Low Time	$t_{LO}$	500	—	—	ns	
Up/Down Toggle Frequency	$f_{UD}$	—	—	1	MHz	
HV $U/\overline{D}$ to $\overline{CS}$ Hold Time	$t_{HUC}$	1.5	—	—	$\mu s$	
HV $\overline{CS}$ to $U/\overline{D}$ Low Setup Time	$t_{HCUF}$	8	—	—	$\mu s$	
HV $\overline{CS}$ to $U/\overline{D}$ High Setup Time	$t_{HCUR}$	4.5	—	—	$\mu s$	
Wiper Settling Time	$t_s$	0.5	—	—	$\mu s$	$2.1 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF$
		1	—	—	$\mu s$	$5 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF$
		2	—	—	$\mu s$	$10 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF$
		10	5	—	$\mu s$	$50 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF$
Wiper Response on Power-up	$t_{PU}$	—	200	—	ns	



**FIGURE 1-4:** High-Voltage Decrement Timing Waveform.

## SERIAL TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

**Electrical Specifications:** Unless otherwise noted, all parameters apply across the specified operating ranges. Extended (E):  $V_{DD} = +1.8V$  to  $5.5V$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ .

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
$\overline{CS}$ Low Time	$t_{CSLO}$	5	—	—	$\mu s$	
$\overline{CS}$ High Time	$t_{CSHI}$	500	—	—	ns	$2.7V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$
		—	—	—	ns	$1.8V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7V$
$U/\overline{D}$ High Time	$t_{HI}$	500	—	—	ns	
$U/\overline{D}$ Low Time	$t_{LO}$	500	—	—	ns	
Up/ $\overline{Down}$ Toggle Frequency	$f_{UD}$	—	—	1	MHz	
HV $U/\overline{D}$ to $\overline{CS}$ Hold Time	$t_{HUC}$	1.5	—	—	$\mu s$	
HV $\overline{CS}$ to $U/\overline{D}$ Low Setup Time	$t_{HCUF}$	8	—	—	$\mu s$	
HV $\overline{CS}$ to $U/\overline{D}$ High Setup Time	$t_{HCUR}$	4.5	—	—	$\mu s$	
Wiper Settling Time	$t_S$	0.5	—	—	$\mu s$	$2.1 k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100 pF$
		1	—	—	$\mu s$	$5 k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100 pF$
		2	—	—	$\mu s$	$10 k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100 pF$
		10	5	—	$\mu s$	$50 k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100 pF$
Wiper Response on Power-up	$t_{PU}$	—	200	—	ns	

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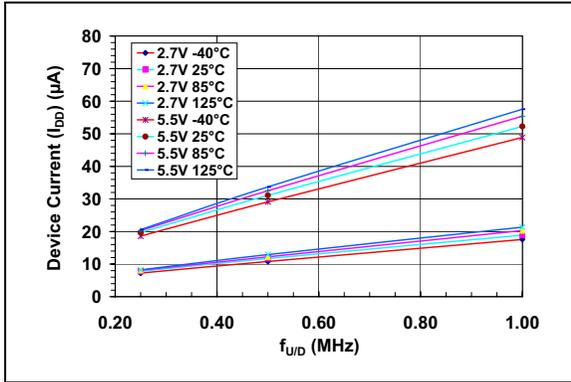
## TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, $V_{DD} = +2.7V$ to $+5.5V$ , $V_{SS} = GND$ .						
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
<b>Temperature Ranges</b>						
Specified Temperature Range	$T_A$	-40	—	+125	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	$T_A$	-40	—	+125	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	$T_A$	-65	—	+150	°C	
<b>Thermal Package Resistances</b>						
Thermal Resistance, 5L-SOT-23	$\theta_{JA}$	—	70	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 6L-SOT-23	$\theta_{JA}$	—	120	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-DFN (2x3)	$\theta_{JA}$	—	85	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-MSOP	$\theta_{JA}$	—	206	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-SOIC	$\theta_{JA}$	—	163	—	°C/W	

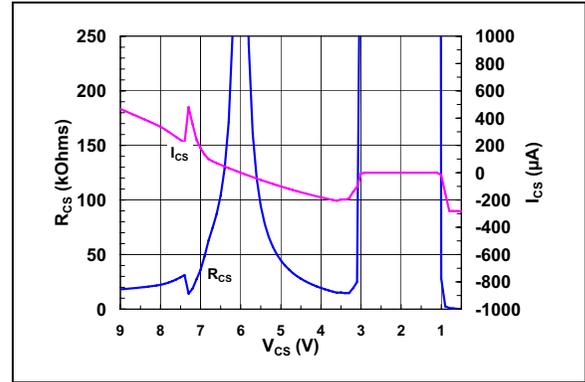
## 2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

**Note:** The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

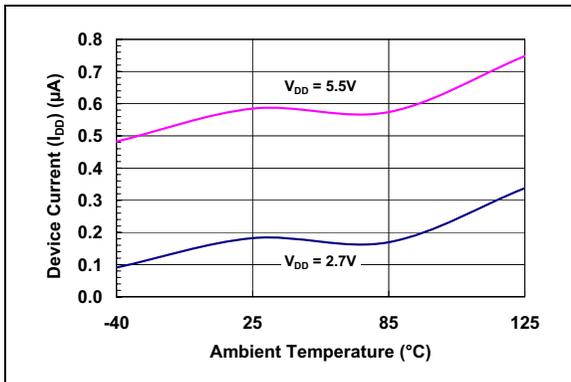
**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



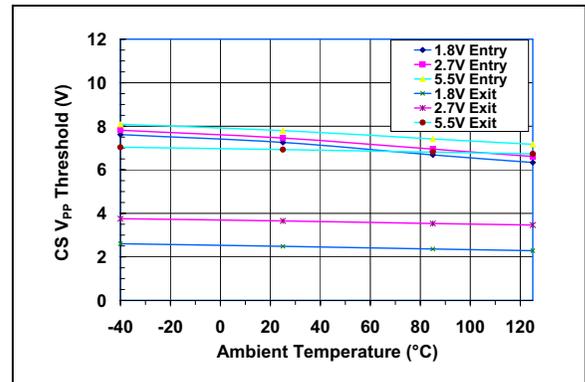
**FIGURE 2-1:** Device Current ( $I_{DD}$ ) vs. U/D Frequency ( $f_{UD}$ ) and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$  and  $5.5\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-3:**  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  Pull-up/Pull-down Resistance ( $R_{CS}$ ) and Current ( $I_{CS}$ ) vs.  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  Input Voltage ( $V_{CS}$ ) ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



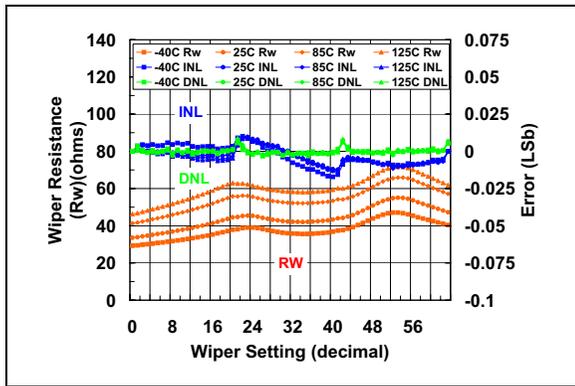
**FIGURE 2-2:** Device Current ( $I_{SHDN}$ ) and  $V_{DD}$  ( $\overline{\text{CS}} = V_{DD}$ ) vs. Ambient Temperature.



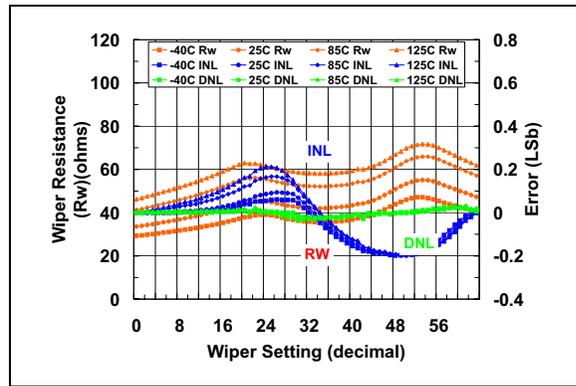
**FIGURE 2-4:**  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  High Input Entry/Exit Threshold vs. Ambient Temperature and  $V_{DD}$ .

# MCP4011/2/3/4

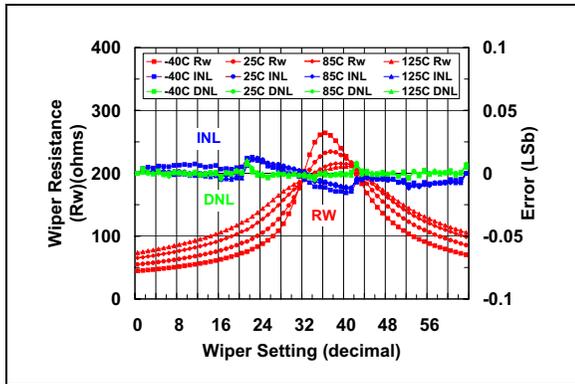
Note: Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



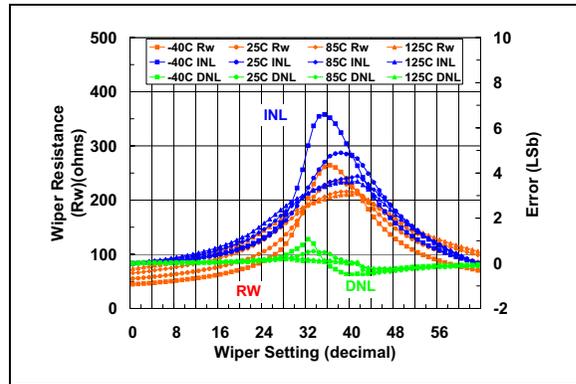
**FIGURE 2-5:** 2.1 kΩ Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



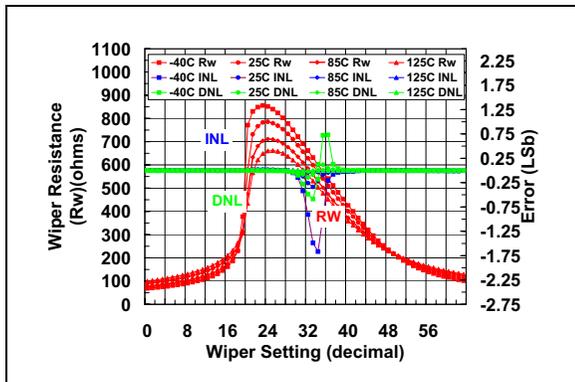
**FIGURE 2-8:** 2.1 kΩ Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



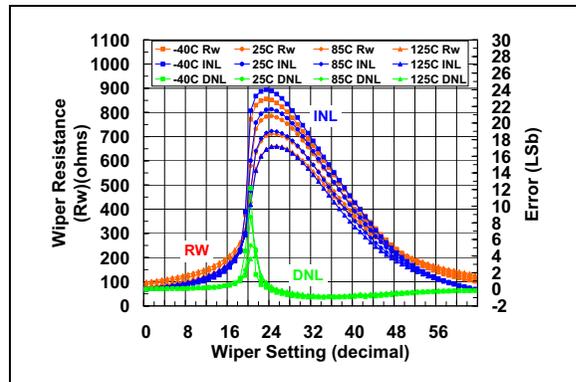
**FIGURE 2-6:** 2.1 kΩ Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-9:** 2.1 kΩ Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).

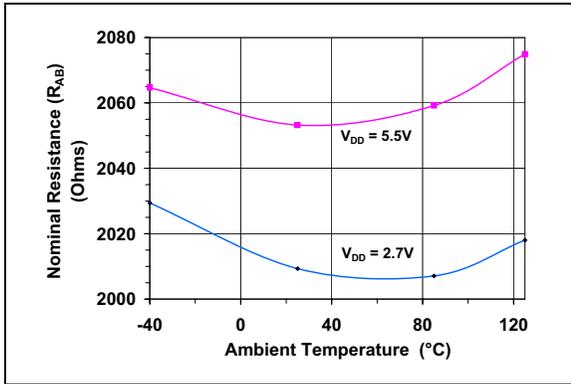


**FIGURE 2-7:** 2.1 kΩ Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$ ).

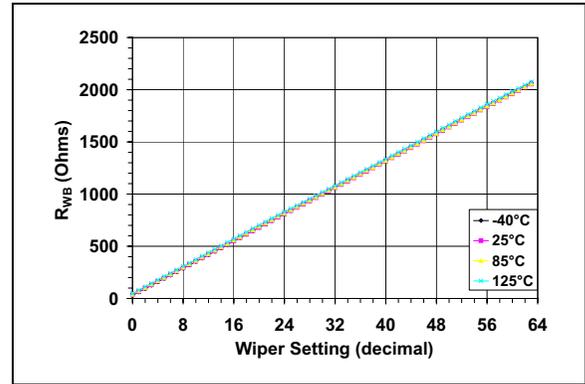


**FIGURE 2-10:** 2.1 kΩ Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$ ).

**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



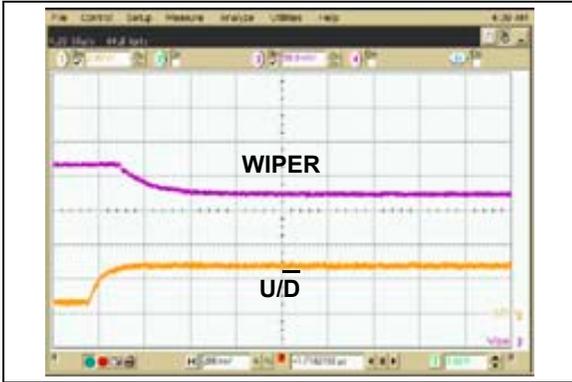
**FIGURE 2-11:**  $2.1\text{ k}\Omega$  – Nominal Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) vs. Ambient Temperature and  $V_{DD}$ .



**FIGURE 2-12:**  $2.1\text{ k}\Omega$  –  $R_{WB}$  ( $\Omega$ ) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature.

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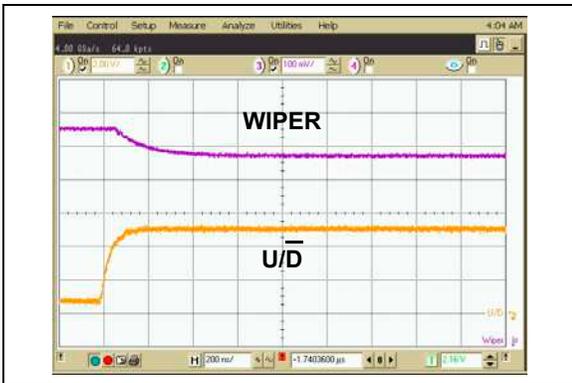
Note: Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



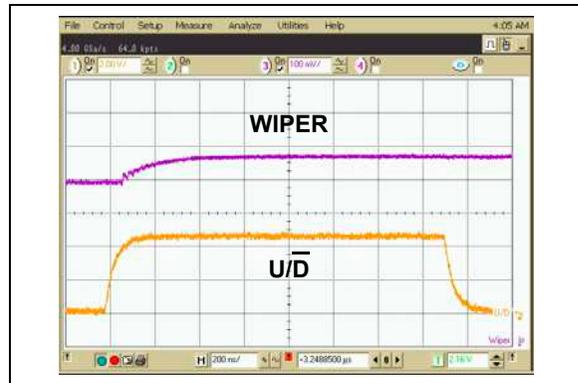
**FIGURE 2-13:** 2.1 k $\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-16:** 2.1 k $\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-14:** 2.1 k $\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).

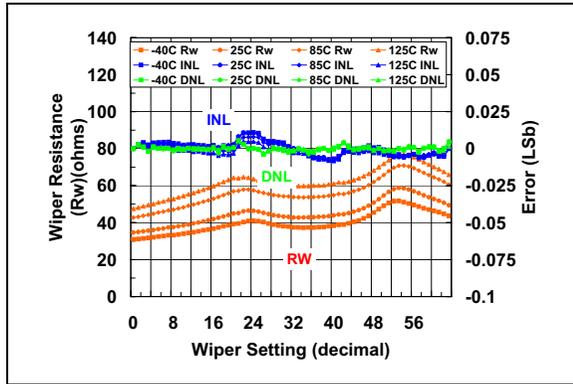


**FIGURE 2-17:** 2.1 k $\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).

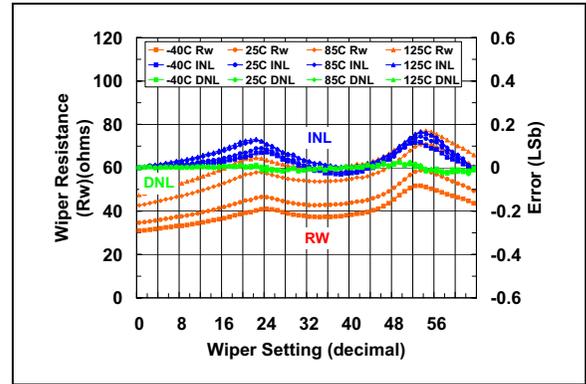


**FIGURE 2-15:** 2.1 k $\Omega$  – Power-Up Wiper Response Time.

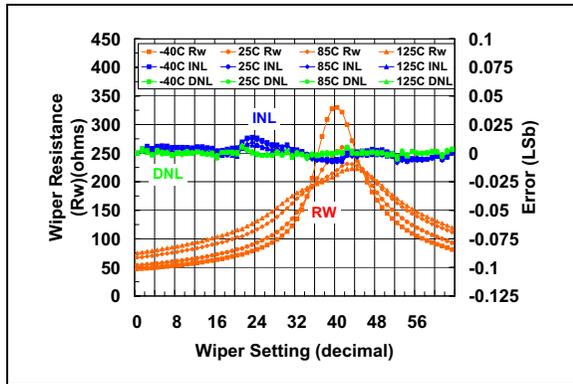
**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



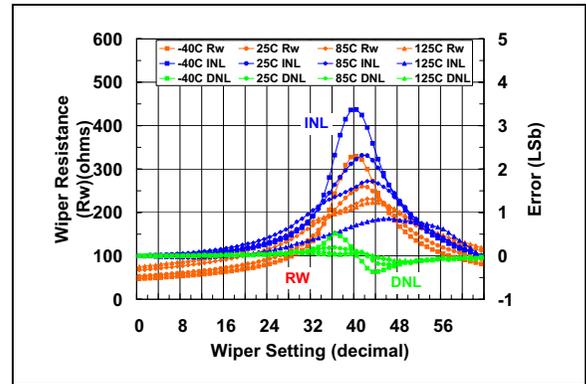
**FIGURE 2-18:** 5 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



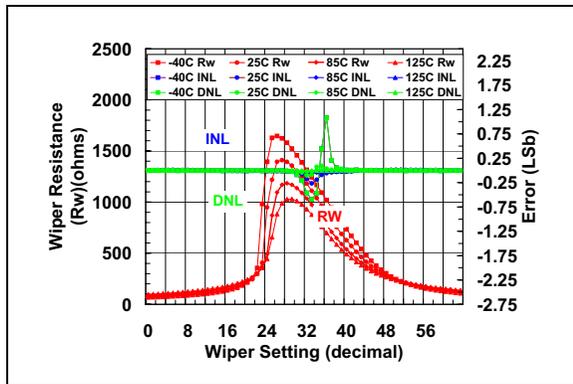
**FIGURE 2-21:** 5 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



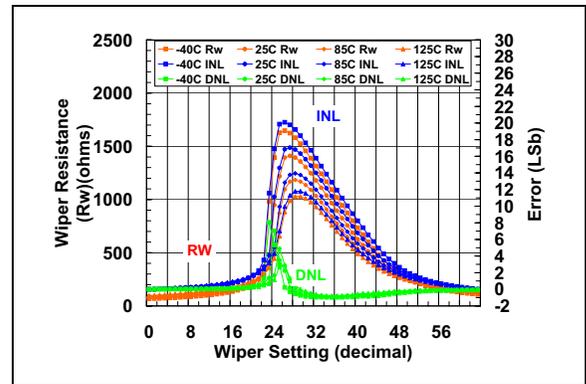
**FIGURE 2-19:** 5 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-22:** 5 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



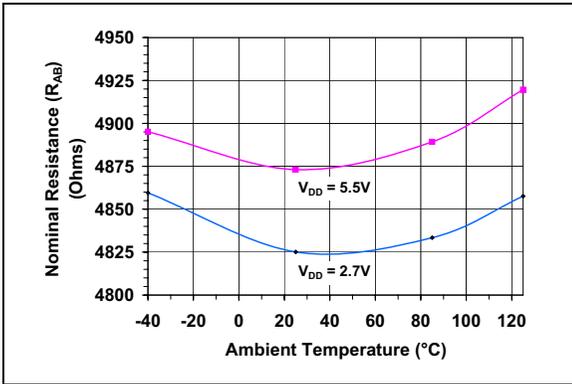
**FIGURE 2-20:** 5 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$ ).



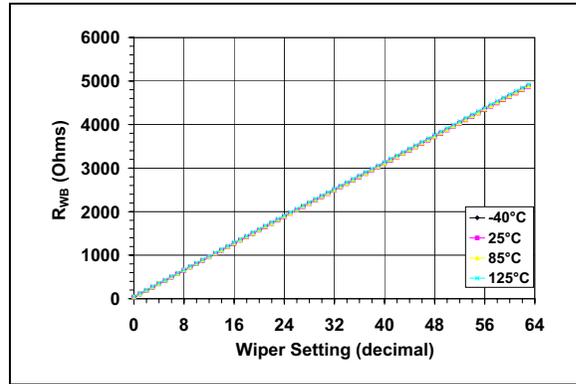
**FIGURE 2-23:** 5 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$ ).

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .

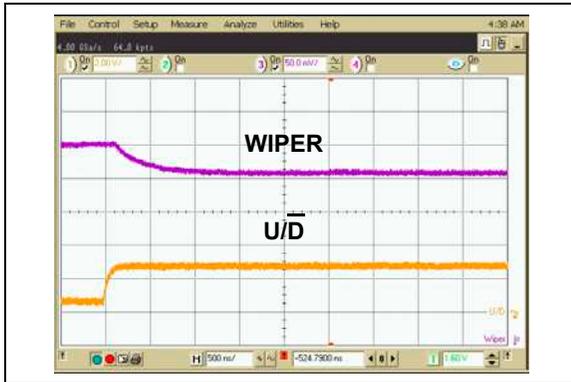


**FIGURE 2-24:**  $5\text{ k}\Omega$  – Nominal Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) vs. Ambient Temperature and  $V_{DD}$ .

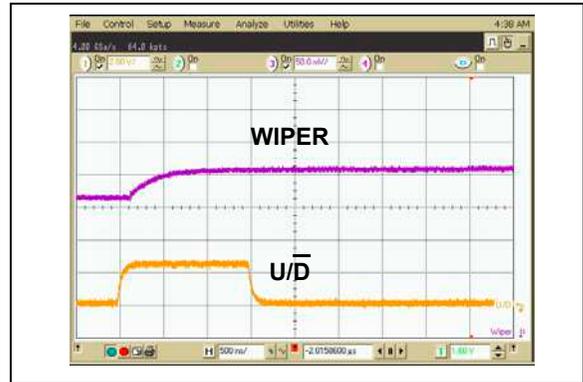


**FIGURE 2-25:**  $5\text{ k}\Omega$  –  $R_{WB}$  ( $\Omega$ ) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature.

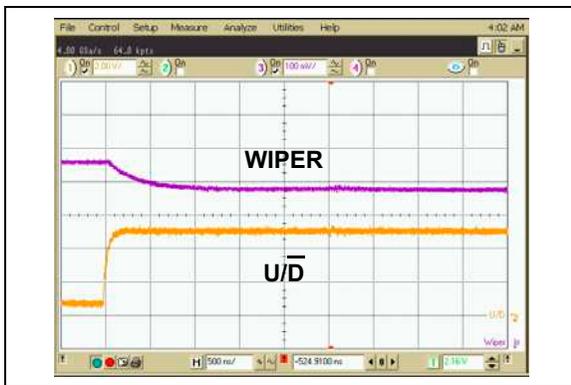
**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



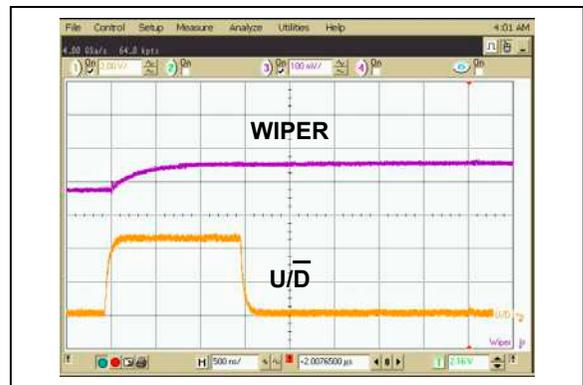
**FIGURE 2-26:**  $5\text{ k}\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-28:**  $5\text{ k}\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



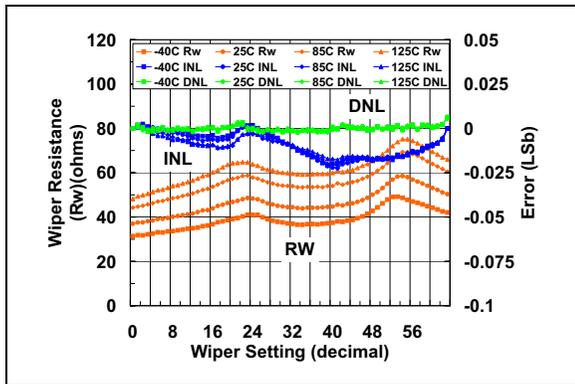
**FIGURE 2-27:**  $5\text{ k}\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



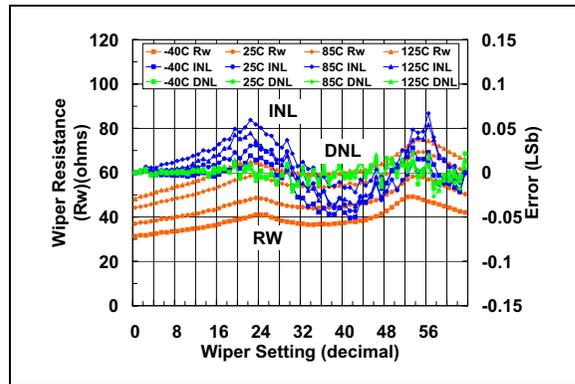
**FIGURE 2-29:**  $5\text{ k}\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).

# MCP4011/2/3/4

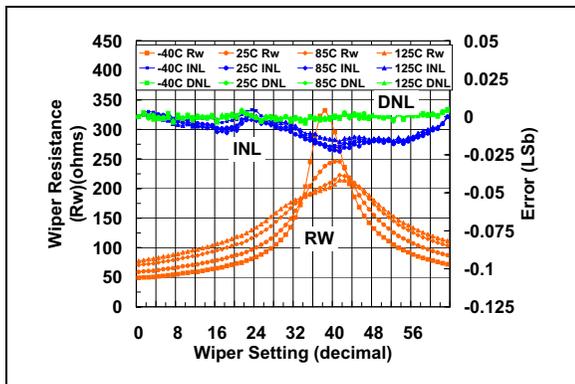
Note: Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



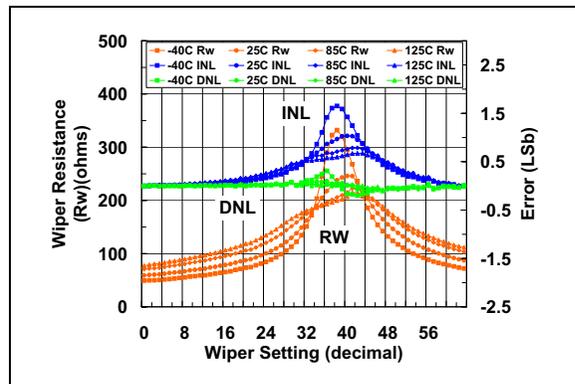
**FIGURE 2-30:** 10 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



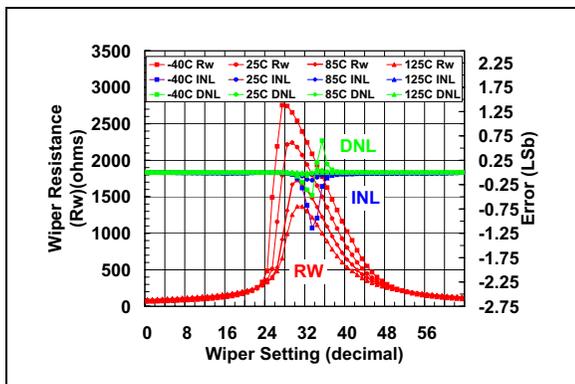
**FIGURE 2-33:** 10 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



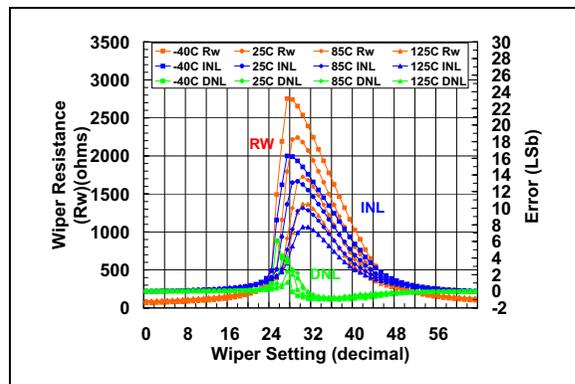
**FIGURE 2-31:** 10 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-34:** 10 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).

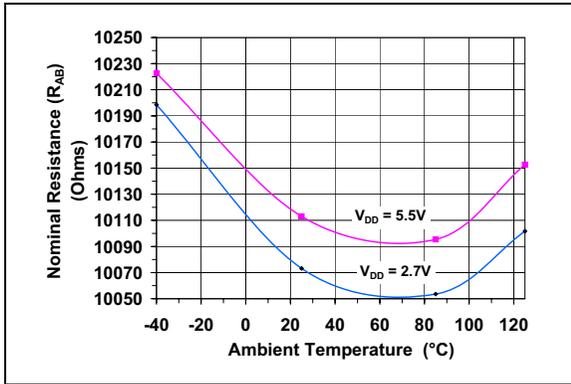


**FIGURE 2-32:** 10 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$ ).

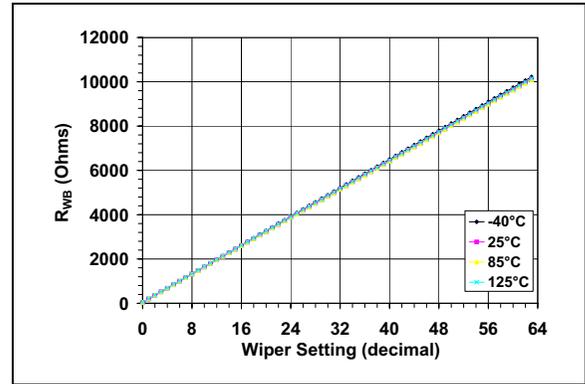


**FIGURE 2-35:** 10 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$ ).

**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



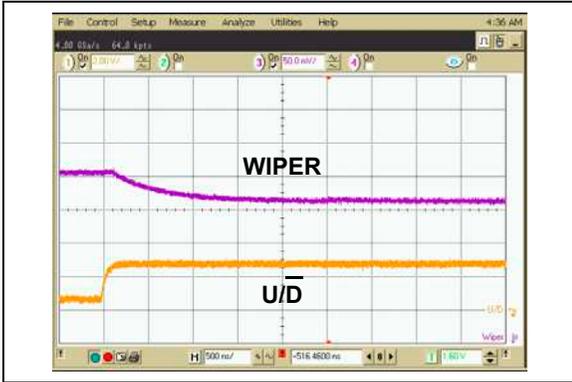
**FIGURE 2-36:**  $10\text{ k}\Omega$ —Nominal Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) vs. Ambient Temperature and  $V_{DD}$ .



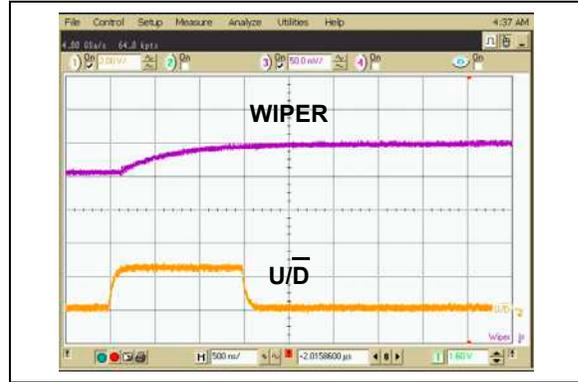
**FIGURE 2-37:**  $10\text{ k}\Omega$ — $R_{WB}$  ( $\Omega$ ) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature.

# MCP4011/2/3/4

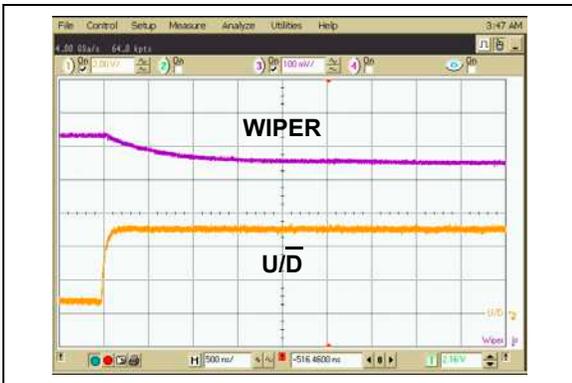
Note: Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



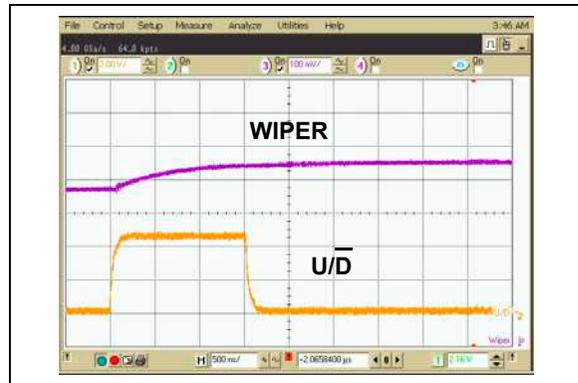
**FIGURE 2-38:**  $10\text{ k}\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-40:**  $10\text{ k}\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).

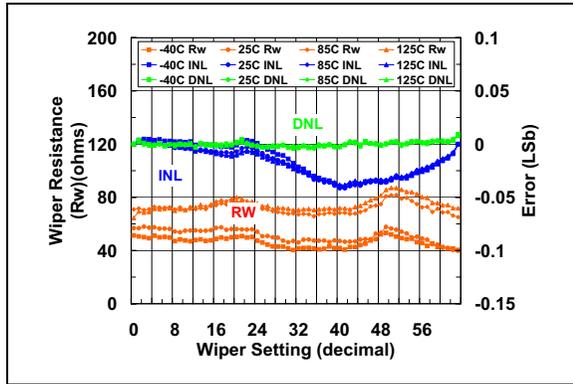


**FIGURE 2-39:**  $10\text{ k}\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).

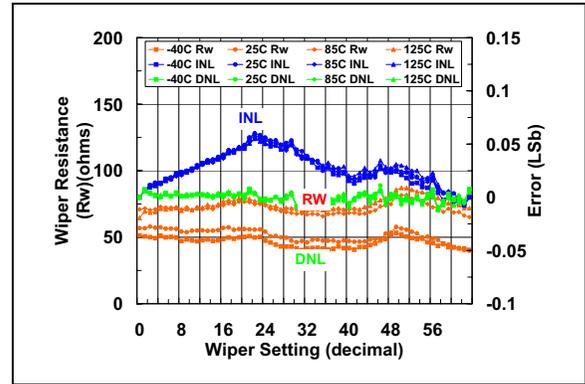


**FIGURE 2-41:**  $10\text{ k}\Omega$  – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).

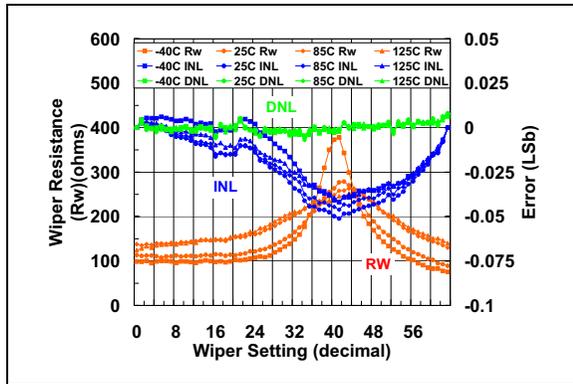
**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



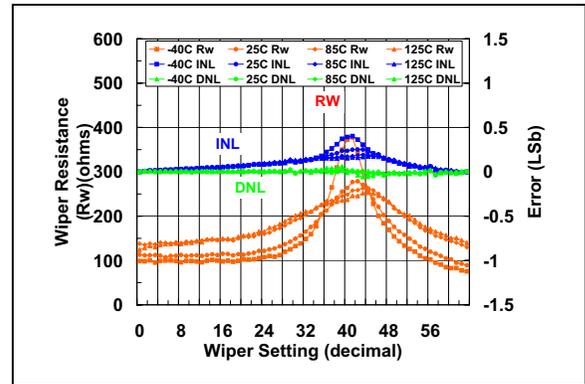
**FIGURE 2-42:** 50 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



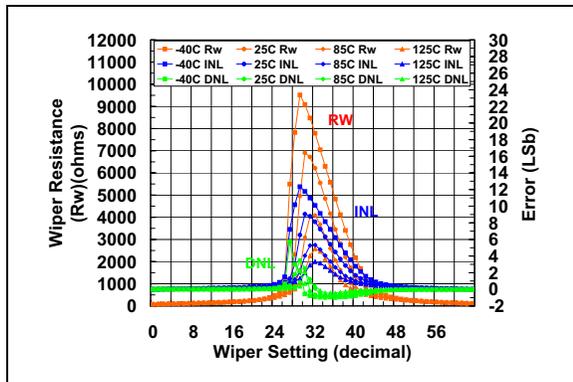
**FIGURE 2-45:** 50 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



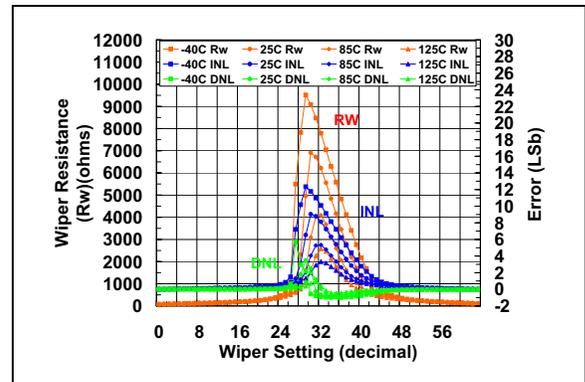
**FIGURE 2-43:** 50 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-46:** 50 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



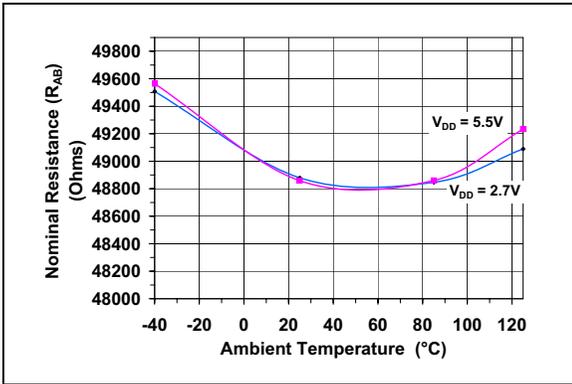
**FIGURE 2-44:** 50 k $\Omega$  Pot Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$ ).



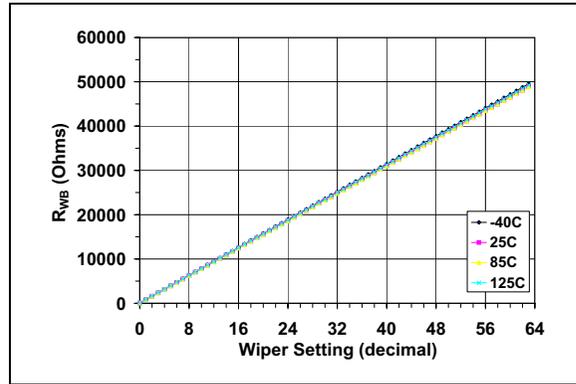
**FIGURE 2-47:** 50 k $\Omega$  Rheo Mode –  $R_W$  ( $\Omega$ ), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$ ).

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**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .

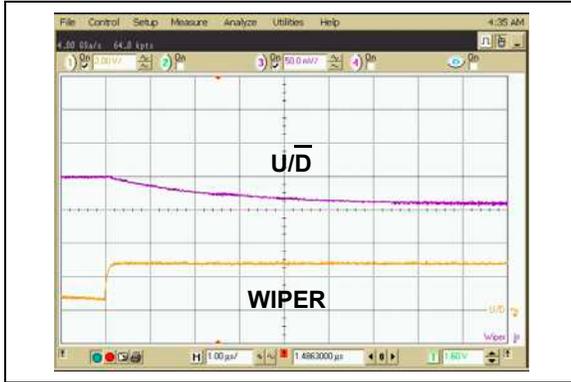


**FIGURE 2-48:**  $50\text{ k}\Omega$ —Nominal Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) vs. Ambient Temperature and  $V_{DD}$ .

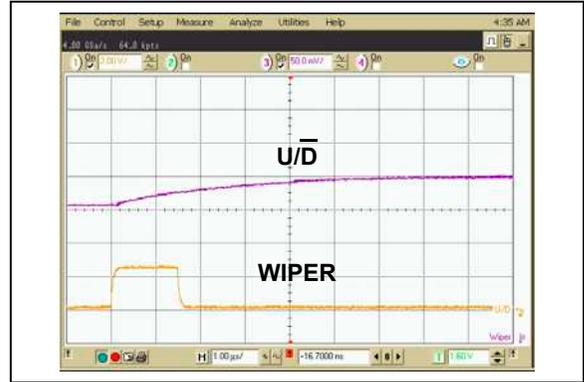


**FIGURE 2-49:**  $50\text{ k}\Omega$ — $R_{WB}$  ( $\Omega$ ) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature.

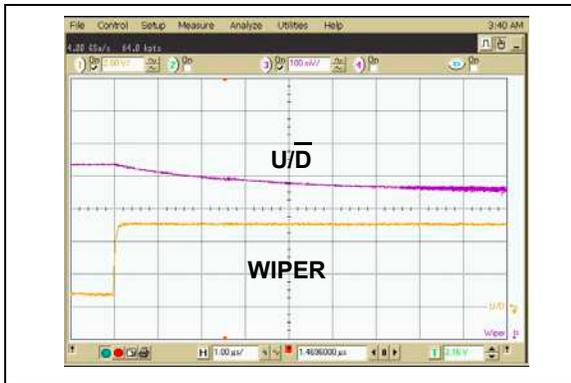
**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .



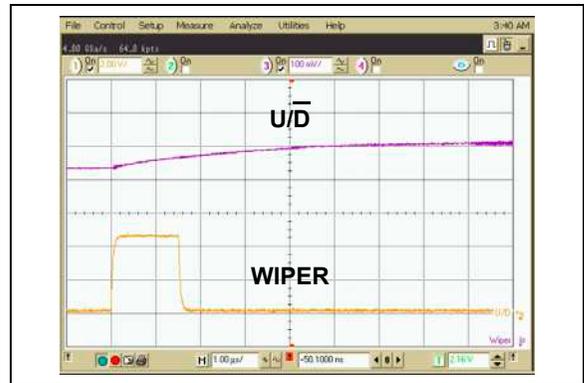
**FIGURE 2-50:** 50 kΩ – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-53:** 50 kΩ – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-51:** 50 kΩ – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-54:** 50 kΩ - Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ( $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$ ).



**FIGURE 2-52:** 50 kΩ – Power-Up Wiper Response Time.

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ .

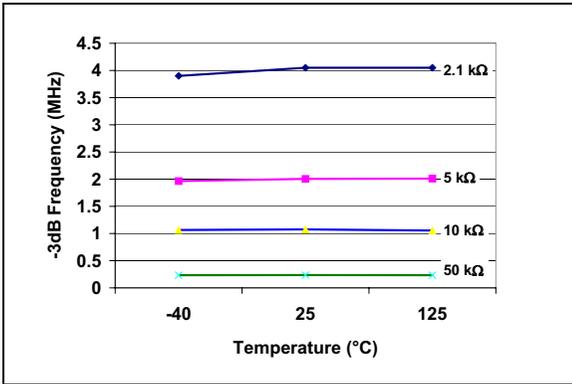


FIGURE 2-55: -3 dB Bandwidth vs. Temperature.

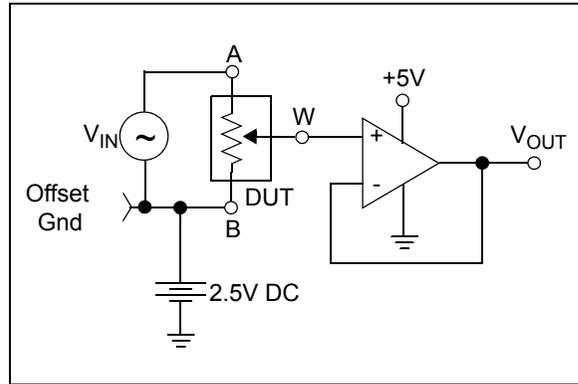


FIGURE 2-56: -3 dB Bandwidth Test Circuit.

## 3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in [Table 3-1](#).

**TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE**

Pin Number			Symbol	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function
MCP4011 (SOIC-8)	MCP4012 MCP4013 (SOT-23-6)	MCP4014 (SOT-23-5)				
1	1	1	$V_{DD}$	P	—	Positive Power Supply Input
2	2	2	$V_{SS}$	P	—	Ground
3	6	—	A	I/O	A	Potentiometer Terminal A
4	5	5	W	I/O	A	Potentiometer Wiper Terminal
5	4	4	$\overline{CS}$	I	TTL	Chip Select Input
6	—	—	B	I/O	A	Potentiometer Terminal B
7	—	—	NC	—	—	No Connection
8	3	3	$U/\overline{D}$	I	TTL	Increment/Decrement Input

**Legend:** TTL = TTL compatible input  
I = Input  
P = Power

A = Analog input  
O = Output

### 3.1 Positive Power Supply Input ( $V_{DD}$ )

The  $V_{DD}$  pin is the device's positive power supply input. The input power supply is relative to  $V_{SS}$  and can range from 1.8V to 5.5V. A decoupling capacitor on  $V_{DD}$  (to  $V_{SS}$ ) is recommended to achieve maximum performance.

### 3.2 Ground ( $V_{SS}$ )

The  $V_{SS}$  pin is the device ground reference.

### 3.3 Potentiometer Terminal A

The terminal A pin is connected to the internal potentiometer's terminal A (available on some devices). The potentiometer's terminal A is the fixed connection to the 0x3F terminal of the digital potentiometer.

The terminal A pin is available on the MCP4011, MCP4012 and MCP4013 devices. The terminal A pin does not have a polarity relative to the terminal W or B pins. The terminal A pin can support both positive and negative current. The voltage on terminal A must be between  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{DD}$ .

The terminal A pin is not available on the MCP4014. The potentiometer's terminal A is internally floating.

### 3.4 Potentiometer Wiper (W) Terminal

The terminal W pin is connected to the internal potentiometer's terminal W (the wiper). The wiper terminal is the adjustable terminal of the digital potentiometer. The terminal W pin does not have a polarity relative to terminals A or B pins. The terminal W pin can support both positive and negative current. The voltage on terminal W must be between  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{DD}$ .

### 3.5 Potentiometer Terminal B

The terminal B pin is connected to the internal potentiometer's terminal B (available on some devices). The potentiometer's terminal B is the fixed connection to the 0x00 terminal of the digital potentiometer.

The terminal B pin is available on the MCP4011 device. The terminal B pin does not have a polarity relative to the terminal W or A pins. The terminal B pin can support both positive and negative current. The voltage on terminal B must be between  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{DD}$ .

The terminal B pin is not available on the MCP4012, MCP4013 and MCP4014 devices.

For the MCP4013 and MCP4014, the internal potentiometer's terminal B is internally connected to  $V_{SS}$ . Terminal B does not have a polarity relative to terminals W or A. Terminal B can support both positive and negative current.

For the MCP4012, terminal B is internally floating.