



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



MICROCHIP MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

7/8-Bit Single/Dual SPI Digital POT with Volatile Memory

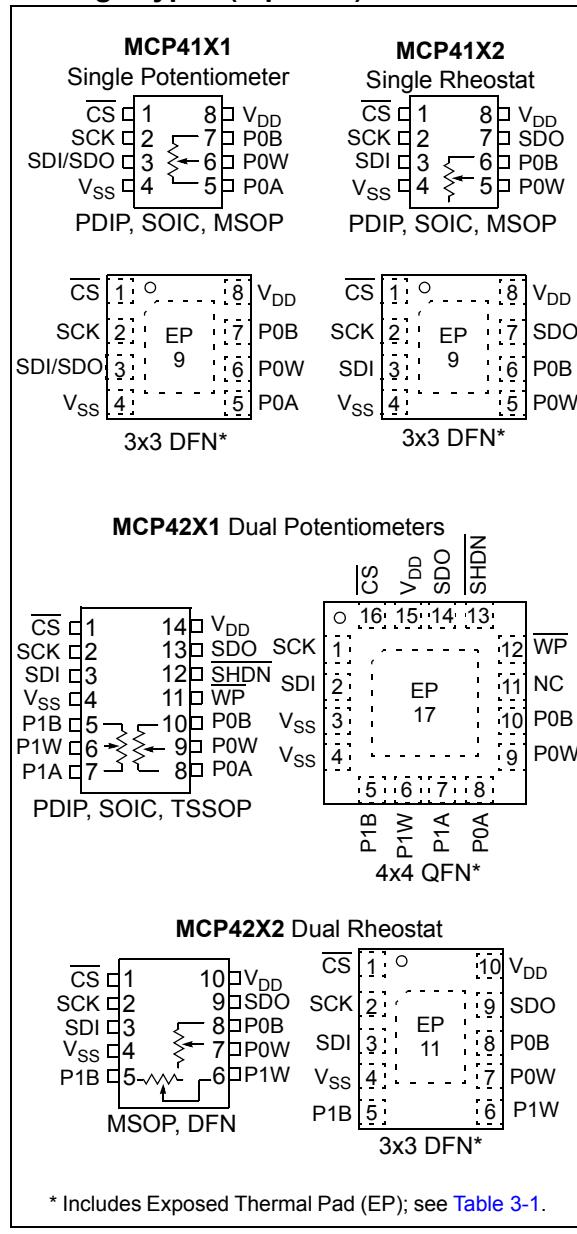
Features

- Single or Dual Resistor Network options
- Potentiometer or Rheostat configuration options
- Resistor Network Resolution
 - 7-bit: 128 Resistors (129 Steps)
 - 8-bit: 256 Resistors (257 Steps)
- R_{AB} Resistances options of:
 - 5 k Ω
 - 10 k Ω
 - 50 k Ω
 - 100 k Ω
- Zero Scale to Full-Scale Wiper operation
- Low Wiper Resistance: 75 Ω (typical)
- Low Tempco:
 - Absolute (Rheostat): 50 ppm typical (0°C to 70°C)
 - Ratiometric (Potentiometer): 15 ppm typical
- SPI Serial Interface (10 MHz, modes 0,0 & 1,1)
 - High-Speed Read/Writes to wiper registers
 - SDI/SDO multiplexing (MCP41X1 only)
- Resistor Network Terminal Disconnect Feature via:
 - Shutdown pin (SHDN)
 - Terminal Control (TCON) Register
- Brown-out reset protection (1.5V typical)
- Serial Interface Inactive current (2.5 uA typical)
- High-Voltage Tolerant Digital Inputs: Up to 12.5V
- Supports Split Rail Applications
- Internal weak pull-up on all digital inputs
- Wide Operating Voltage:
 - 2.7V to 5.5V - Device Characteristics Specified
 - 1.8V to 5.5V - Device Operation
- Wide Bandwidth (-3 dB) Operation:
 - 2 MHz (typical) for 5.0 k Ω device
- Extended temperature range (-40°C to +125°C)

Description

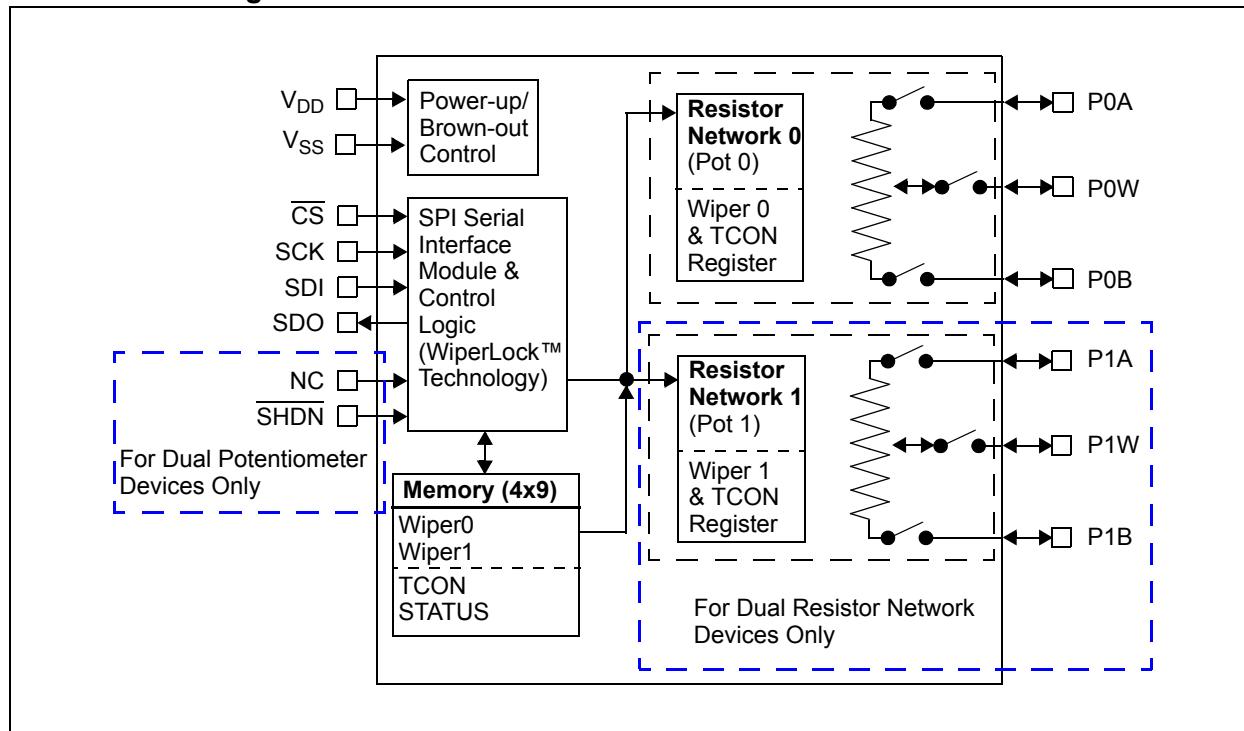
The MCP41XX and MCP42XX devices offer a wide range of product offerings using an SPI interface. This family of devices support 7-bit and 8-bit resistor networks, and Potentiometer and Rheostat pinouts.

Package Types (top view)



MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Device Block Diagram



Device Features

Device	# of POTs	Wiper Configuration	Control Interface	Memory Type	WiperLock Technology	POR Wiper Setting	Resistance (typical)		# of Steps	V _{DD} Operating Range ⁽²⁾
							R _{AB} Options (kΩ)	Wiper - R _W (Ω)		
MCP4131 ⁽³⁾	1	Potentiometer ⁽¹⁾	SPI	RAM	No	Mid-Scale	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	129	1.8V to 5.5V
MCP4132 ⁽³⁾	1	Rheostat	SPI	RAM	No	Mid-Scale	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	129	1.8V to 5.5V
MCP4141	1	Potentiometer ⁽¹⁾	SPI	EE	Yes	NV Wiper	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	129	2.7V to 5.5V
MCP4142	1	Rheostat	SPI	EE	Yes	NV Wiper	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	129	2.7V to 5.5V
MCP4151 ⁽³⁾	1	Potentiometer ⁽¹⁾	SPI	RAM	No	Mid-Scale	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	257	1.8V to 5.5V
MCP4152 ⁽³⁾	1	Rheostat	SPI	RAM	No	Mid-Scale	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	257	1.8V to 5.5V
MCP4161	1	Potentiometer ⁽¹⁾	SPI	EE	Yes	NV Wiper	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	257	2.7V to 5.5V
MCP4162	1	Rheostat	SPI	EE	Yes	NV Wiper	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	257	2.7V to 5.5V
MCP4231 ⁽³⁾	2	Potentiometer ⁽¹⁾	SPI	RAM	No	Mid-Scale	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	129	1.8V to 5.5V
MCP4232 ⁽³⁾	2	Rheostat	SPI	RAM	No	Mid-Scale	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	129	1.8V to 5.5V
MCP4241	2	Potentiometer ⁽¹⁾	SPI	EE	Yes	NV Wiper	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	129	2.7V to 5.5V
MCP4242	2	Rheostat	SPI	EE	Yes	NV Wiper	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	129	2.7V to 5.5V
MCP4251 ⁽³⁾	2	Potentiometer ⁽¹⁾	SPI	RAM	No	Mid-Scale	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	257	1.8V to 5.5V
MCP4252 ⁽³⁾	2	Rheostat	SPI	RAM	No	Mid-Scale	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	257	1.8V to 5.5V
MCP4261	2	Potentiometer ⁽¹⁾	SPI	EE	Yes	NV Wiper	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	257	2.7V to 5.5V
MCP4262	2	Rheostat	SPI	EE	Yes	NV Wiper	5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0	75	257	2.7V to 5.5V

Note 1: Floating either terminal (A or B) allows the device to be used as a Rheostat (variable resistor).

2: Analog characteristics only tested from 2.7V to 5.5V unless otherwise noted.

3: Please check Microchip web site for device release and availability.

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings †

Voltage on V_{DD} with respect to V_{SS}	-0.6V to +7.0V
Voltage on CS, SCK, SDI, SDI/SDO, and SHDN with respect to V_{SS}	-0.6V to 12.5V
Voltage on all other pins (PxA, PxW, PxW, and SDO) with respect to V_{SS}	-0.3V to V_{DD} + 0.3V
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$, $V_I > V_{DD}$, $V_I > V_{PP}$ ON HV pins)	± 20 mA
Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{DD}$)	± 20 mA
Maximum output current sunk by any Output pin	25 mA
Maximum output current sourced by any Output pin	25 mA
Maximum current out of V_{SS} pin	100 mA
Maximum current into V_{DD} pin	100 mA
Maximum current into PxW, PxW & PxW pins	± 2.5 mA
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Ambient temperature with power applied	-40°C to +125°C
Total power dissipation (Note 1)	400 mW
Soldering temperature of leads (10 seconds)	+300°C
ESD protection on all pins	≥ 4 kV (HBM), ≥ 300 V (MM)
Maximum Junction Temperature (T_J)	+150°C

Note 1: Power dissipation is calculated as follows:

$$P_{dis} = V_{DD} \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(V_{DD}-V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$$

† **Notice:** Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (extended)				
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	2.7	—	5.5	V	
		1.8	—	2.7	V	Serial Interface only.
CS, SDI, SDO, SCK, SHDN pin Voltage Range	V_{HV}	V_{SS}	—	12.5V	V	$V_{\text{DD}} \geq 4.5\text{V}$
		V_{SS}	—	$V_{\text{DD}} + 8.0\text{V}$	V	$V_{\text{DD}} < 4.5\text{V}$ The CS pin will be at one of three input levels ($V_{\text{IL}}, V_{\text{IH}}$ or V_{IHH}). (Note 6)
V_{DD} Start Voltage to ensure Wiper Reset	V_{BOR}	—	—	1.65	V	RAM retention voltage (V_{RAM}) $< V_{\text{BOR}}$
V_{DD} Rise Rate to ensure Power-on Reset	V_{DDRR}	(Note 9)			V/ms	
Delay after device exits the reset state ($V_{\text{DD}} > V_{\text{BOR}}$)	T_{BORD}	—	10	20	μs	
Supply Current (Note 10)	I_{DD}	—	—	450	μA	Serial Interface Active, $V_{\text{DD}} = 5.5\text{V}$, CS = V_{IL} , SCK @ 5 MHz, write all 0's to volatile Wiper 0 (address 0h)
		—	2.5	5	μA	Serial Interface Inactive, CS = V_{IH} , $V_{\text{DD}} = 5.5\text{V}$
		—	0.55	1	mA	Serial Interface Active, $V_{\text{DD}} = 5.5\text{V}$, CS = V_{IHH} , SCK @ 5 MHz, decrement volatile Wiper 0 (address 0h)

Note 1: Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.

2: INL and DNL are measured at V_W with $V_A = V_{\text{DD}}$ and $V_B = V_{\text{SS}}$.

3: MCP4XX1 only.

4: MCP4XX2 only, includes V_{WZSE} and V_{WFSE} .

5: Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.

6: This specification by design.

7: Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance (R_W), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature.

8: The MCP4XX1 is externally connected to match the configurations of the MCP41X2 and MCP42X2, and then tested.

9: POR/BOR is not rate dependent.

10: Supply current is independent of current through the resistor network.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

DC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (extended)					
		All parameters apply across the specified operating ranges unless noted. $V_{DD} = +2.7\text{V}$ to 5.5V , $5\text{k}\Omega$, $10\text{k}\Omega$, $50\text{k}\Omega$, $100\text{k}\Omega$ devices. Typical specifications represent values for $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$.					
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions	
Resistance ($\pm 20\%$)	R_{AB}	4.0	5	6.0	$\text{k}\Omega$	-502 devices (Note 1)	
		8.0	10	12.0	$\text{k}\Omega$	-103 devices (Note 1)	
		40.0	50	60.0	$\text{k}\Omega$	-503 devices (Note 1)	
		80.0	100	120.0	$\text{k}\Omega$	-104 devices (Note 1)	
Resolution	N	257			Taps	8-bit	No Missing Codes
		129			Taps	7-bit	No Missing Codes
Step Resistance	R_S	—	$R_{AB} / (256)$	—	Ω	8-bit	Note 6
		—	$R_{AB} / (128)$	—	Ω	7-bit	Note 6
Nominal Resistance Match	$ R_{AB0} - R_{AB1} / R_{AB}$	—	0.2	1.25	%	MCP42X1 devices only	
	$ R_{BW0} - R_{BW1} / R_{BW}$	—	0.25	1.5	%	MCP42X2 devices only, Code = Full-Scale	
Wiper Resistance (Note 3 , Note 4)	R_W	—	75	160	Ω	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$, $I_W = 2.0\text{ mA}$, code = 00h	
		—	75	300	Ω	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_W = 2.0\text{ mA}$, code = 00h	
Nominal Resistance Tempco	$\Delta R_{AB}/\Delta T$	—	50	—	$\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$	
		—	100	—	$\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	
		—	150	—	$\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Ratiometric Tempco	$\Delta V_{WB}/\Delta T$	—	15	—	$\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	Code = Midscale (80h or 40h)	
Resistor Terminal Input Voltage Range (Terminals A, B and W)	V_A, V_W, V_B	V_{SS}	—	V_{DD}	V	Note 5 , Note 6	
Maximum current through A, W or B	I_W	—	—	2.5	mA	Note 6 , Worst case current through wiper when wiper is either Full-Scale or Zero Scale.	
Leakage current into A, W or B	I_{WL}	—	100	—	nA	MCP4XX1 $PxA = PxW = PxB = V_{SS}$	
		—	100	—	nA	MCP4XX2 $PxB = PxW = V_{SS}$	

Note 1: Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.

- 2:** INL and DNL are measured at V_W with $V_A = V_{DD}$ and $V_B = V_{SS}$.
- 3:** **MCP4XX1** only.
- 4:** **MCP4XX2** only, includes V_{WZSE} and V_{WFSE} .
- 5:** Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.
- 6:** This specification by design.
- 7:** Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance (R_W), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature.
- 8:** The **MCP4XX1** is externally connected to match the configurations of the **MCP41X2** and **MCP42X2**, and then tested.
- 9:** POR/BOR is not rate dependent.
- 10:** Supply current is independent of current through the resistor network.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

DC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (extended)						
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions		
Full-Scale Error (MCP4XX1 only) (8-bit code = 100h, 7-bit code = 80h)	V _{WFSE}	-6.0	-0.1	—	LSb	5 kΩ	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		-4.0	-0.1	—	LSb		7-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		-3.5	-0.1	—	LSb	10 kΩ	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		-2.0	-0.1	—	LSb		7-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		-0.8	-0.1	—	LSb	50 kΩ	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		-0.5	-0.1	—	LSb		7-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		-0.5	-0.1	—	LSb	100 kΩ	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		-0.5	-0.1	—	LSb		7-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
Zero-Scale Error (MCP4XX1 only) (8-bit code = 00h, 7-bit code = 00h)	V _{WZSE}	—	+0.1	+6.0	LSb	5 kΩ	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		—	+0.1	+3.0	LSb		7-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		—	+0.1	+3.5	LSb	10 kΩ	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		—	+0.1	+2.0	LSb		7-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		—	+0.1	+0.8	LSb	50 kΩ	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		—	+0.1	+0.5	LSb		7-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		—	+0.1	+0.5	LSb	100 kΩ	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
		—	+0.1	+0.5	LSb		7-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$
Potentiometer Integral Non-linearity	INL	-1	± 0.5	+1	LSb	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$ MCP4XX1 devices only (Note 2)	
		-0.5	± 0.25	+0.5	LSb	7-bit		
Potentiometer Differential Non-linearity	DNL	-0.5	± 0.25	+0.5	LSb	8-bit	$3.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$ MCP4XX1 devices only (Note 2)	
		-0.25	± 0.125	+0.25	LSb	7-bit		
Bandwidth -3 dB (See Figure 2-64 , load = 30 pF)	BW	—	2	—	MHz	5 kΩ	8-bit	Code = 80h
		—	2	—	MHz		7-bit	Code = 40h
		—	1	—	MHz	10 kΩ	8-bit	Code = 80h
		—	1	—	MHz		7-bit	Code = 40h
		—	200	—	KHz	50 kΩ	8-bit	Code = 80h
		—	200	—	KHz		7-bit	Code = 40h
		—	100	—	KHz	100 kΩ	8-bit	Code = 80h
		—	100	—	KHz		7-bit	Code = 40h

Note 1: Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.

2: INL and DNL are measured at V_W with $V_A = V_{DD}$ and $V_B = V_{SS}$.

3: **MCP4XX1** only.

4: **MCP4XX2** only, includes V_{WZSE} and V_{WFSE} .

5: Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.

6: This specification by design.

7: Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance (R_W), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature.

8: The **MCP4XX1** is externally connected to match the configurations of the **MCP41X2** and **MCP42X2**, and then tested.

9: POR/BOR is not rate dependent.

10: Supply current is independent of current through the resistor network.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

DC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (extended)							
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions			
Rheostat Integral Non-linearity MCP41X1 (Note 4, Note 8) MCP4XX2 devices only (Note 4)	R-INL	-1.5	± 0.5	+1.5	LSb	5 kΩ	8-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 900 \mu\text{A}$	
		-8.25	+4.5	+8.25	LSb			3.0V, $I_W = 480 \mu\text{A}$ (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0							
		-1.125	± 0.5	+1.125	LSb		7-bit	1.8V	
		-6.0	+4.5	+6.0	LSb			5.5V, $I_W = 900 \mu\text{A}$	
		Section 2.0							
		-1.5	± 0.5	+1.5	LSb	10 kΩ	8-bit	3.0V, $I_W = 480 \mu\text{A}$ (Note 7)	
		-5.5	+2.5	+5.5	LSb			1.8V	
		Section 2.0							
		-1.125	± 0.5	+1.125	LSb		7-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 450 \mu\text{A}$	
		-4.0	+2.5	+4.0	LSb			3.0V, $I_W = 240 \mu\text{A}$ (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0							
		-1.5	± 0.5	+1.5	LSb	50 kΩ	8-bit	1.8V	
		-2.0	+1	+2.0	LSb			5.5V, $I_W = 450 \mu\text{A}$	
		Section 2.0							
		-1.125	± 0.5	+1.125	LSb		7-bit	3.0V, $I_W = 48 \mu\text{A}$ (Note 7)	
		-1.5	+1	+1.5	LSb			1.8V	
		Section 2.0							
		-1.0	± 0.5	+1.0	LSb	100 kΩ	8-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 90 \mu\text{A}$	
		-1.5	+0.25	+1.5	LSb			3.0V, $I_W = 48 \mu\text{A}$ (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0							
		-0.8	± 0.5	+0.8	LSb		7-bit	1.8V	
		-1.125	+0.25	+1.125	LSb			5.5V, $I_W = 45 \mu\text{A}$	
		Section 2.0							
		-1.0	± 0.5	+1.0	LSb		7-bit	3.0V, $I_W = 24 \mu\text{A}$ (Note 7)	
		-1.5	+0.25	+1.5	LSb			1.8V	
		Section 2.0							
		-0.8	± 0.5	+0.8	LSb		8-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 45 \mu\text{A}$	
		-1.125	+0.25	+1.125	LSb			3.0V, $I_W = 24 \mu\text{A}$ (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0							

Note 1: Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.

2: INL and DNL are measured at V_W with $V_A = V_{DD}$ and $V_B = V_{SS}$.

3: **MCP4XX1** only.

4: **MCP4XX2** only, includes V_{WZSE} and V_{WFSE} .

5: Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.

6: This specification by design.

7: Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance (R_W), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature.

8: The **MCP4XX1** is externally connected to match the configurations of the **MCP41X2** and **MCP42X2**, and then tested.

9: POR/BOR is not rate dependent.

10: Supply current is independent of current through the resistor network.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

DC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (extended)							
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions			
Rheostat Differential Non-linearity MCP41X1 (Note 4, Note 8) MCP4XX2 devices only (Note 4)	R-DNL	-0.5	± 0.25	+0.5	LSb	5 k Ω	8-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 900 \mu\text{A}$	
		-1.0	+0.5	+1.0	LSb			3.0V (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0						1.8V	
		-0.375	± 0.25	+0.375	LSb		7-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 900 \mu\text{A}$	
		-0.75	+0.5	+0.75	LSb			3.0V (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0						1.8V	
		-0.5	± 0.25	+0.5	LSb		10 k Ω	5.5V, $I_W = 450 \mu\text{A}$	
		-1.0	+0.25	+1.0	LSb			3.0V (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0						1.8V	
		-0.375	± 0.25	+0.375	LSb		7-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 450 \mu\text{A}$	
		-0.75	+0.5	+0.75	LSb			3.0V (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0						1.8V	
		-0.5	± 0.25	+0.5	LSb		50 k Ω	5.5V, $I_W = 90 \mu\text{A}$	
		-0.5	± 0.25	+0.5	LSb			3.0V (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0						1.8V	
		-0.375	± 0.25	+0.375	LSb		7-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 90 \mu\text{A}$	
		-0.375	± 0.25	+0.375	LSb			3.0V (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0						1.8V	
		-0.5	± 0.25	+0.5	LSb		100 k Ω	5.5V, $I_W = 45 \mu\text{A}$	
		-0.5	± 0.25	+0.5	LSb			3.0V (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0						1.8V	
		-0.375	± 0.25	+0.375	LSb		7-bit	5.5V, $I_W = 45 \mu\text{A}$	
		-0.375	± 0.25	+0.375	LSb			3.0V (Note 7)	
		Section 2.0						1.8V	
		—	75	—	pF	f = 1 MHz, Code = Full-Scale			
Capacitance (P_A)	C_{AW}	—	75	—	pF	f = 1 MHz, Code = Full-Scale			
Capacitance (P_w)	C_W	—	120	—	pF	f = 1 MHz, Code = Full-Scale			
Capacitance (P_B)	C_{BW}	—	75	—	pF	f = 1 MHz, Code = Full-Scale			

Note 1: Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.

- 2: INL and DNL are measured at V_W with $V_A = V_{DD}$ and $V_B = V_{SS}$.
- 3: **MCP4XX1** only.
- 4: **MCP4XX2** only, includes V_{WZSE} and V_{WFSE} .
- 5: Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.
- 6: This specification by design.
- 7: Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance (R_W), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature.
- 8: The **MCP4XX1** is externally connected to match the configurations of the **MCP41X2** and **MCP42X2**, and then tested.
- 9: POR/BOR is not rate dependent.
- 10: Supply current is independent of current through the resistor network.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

DC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (extended)					
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions	
Digital Inputs/Outputs (CS, SDI, SDO, SCK, SHDN)							
Schmitt Trigger High Input Threshold	V_{IH}	0.45 V_{DD}	—	—	V	2.7V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{V}$ (Allows 2.7V Digital V_{DD} with 5V Analog V_{DD})	
		0.5 V_{DD}	—	—	V	1.8V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{V}$	
Schmitt Trigger Low Input Threshold	V_{IL}	—	—	0.2 V_{DD}	V		
Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger Inputs	V_{HYS}	—	0.1 V_{DD}	—	V		
High Voltage Limit	V_{MAX}	—	—	12.5 ⁽⁶⁾	V	Pin can tolerate V_{MAX} or less.	
Output Low Voltage (SDO)	V_{OL}	V_{SS}	—	0.3 V_{DD}	V	$I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$	
		V_{SS}	—	0.3 V_{DD}	V	$I_{OL} = 1\text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$	
Output High Voltage (SDO)	V_{OH}	0.7 V_{DD}	—	V_{DD}	V	$I_{OH} = -2.5\text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$	
		0.7 V_{DD}	—	V_{DD}	V	$I_{OL} = -1\text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$	
Weak Pull-up / Pull-down Current	I_{PU}	—	—	1.75	mA	Internal V_{DD} pull-up, V_{IHH} pull-down, $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_{CS} = 12.5\text{V}$	
		—	170	—	μA	CS pin, $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_{CS} = 3\text{V}$	
CS Pull-up / Pull-down Resistance	R_{CS}	—	16	—	k Ω	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_{CS} = 3\text{V}$	
Input Leakage Current	I_{IL}	-1	—	1	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ and $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$	
Pin Capacitance	C_{IN} , C_{OUT}	—	10	—	pF	$f_C = 20\text{ MHz}$	
RAM (Wiper) Value							
Value Range	N	0h	—	1FFh	hex	8-bit device	
		0h	—	1FFh	hex	7-bit device	
POR/BOR Value	N	—	80h	—	hex	8-bit device	
		—	40h	—	hex	7-bit device	

- Note 1:** Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.
- 2:** INL and DNL are measured at V_W with $V_A = V_{DD}$ and $V_B = V_{SS}$.
- 3:** **MCP4XX1** only.
- 4:** **MCP4XX2** only, includes V_{WZSE} and V_{WFSE} .
- 5:** Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.
- 6:** This specification by design.
- 7:** Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance (R_W), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature.
- 8:** The **MCP4XX1** is externally connected to match the configurations of the **MCP41X2** and **MCP42X2**, and then tested.
- 9:** POR/BOR is not rate dependent.
- 10:** Supply current is independent of current through the resistor network.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

DC Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise specified) Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (extended)					
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions	
Power Requirements							
Power Supply Sensitivity (MCP41X2 and MCP42X2 only)	PSS	—	0.0015	0.0035	%/%	8-bit	$V_{\text{DD}} = 2.7\text{V to } 5.5\text{V},$ $V_A = 2.7\text{V, Code} = 80\text{h}$
		—	0.0015	0.0035	%/%	7-bit	$V_{\text{DD}} = 2.7\text{V to } 5.5\text{V},$ $V_A = 2.7\text{V, Code} = 40\text{h}$

- Note 1:** Resistance is defined as the resistance between terminal A to terminal B.
- 2:** INL and DNL are measured at V_W with $V_A = V_{\text{DD}}$ and $V_B = V_{\text{SS}}$.
- 3:** **MCP4XX1** only.
- 4:** **MCP4XX2** only, includes V_{WZSE} and V_{WFSE} .
- 5:** Resistor terminals A, W and B's polarity with respect to each other is not restricted.
- 6:** This specification by design.
- 7:** Non-linearity is affected by wiper resistance (R_W), which changes significantly over voltage and temperature.
- 8:** The **MCP4XX1** is externally connected to match the configurations of the **MCP41X2** and **MCP42X2**, and then tested.
- 9:** POR/BOR is not rate dependent.
- 10:** Supply current is independent of current through the resistor network.

1.1 SPI Mode Timing Waveforms and Requirements

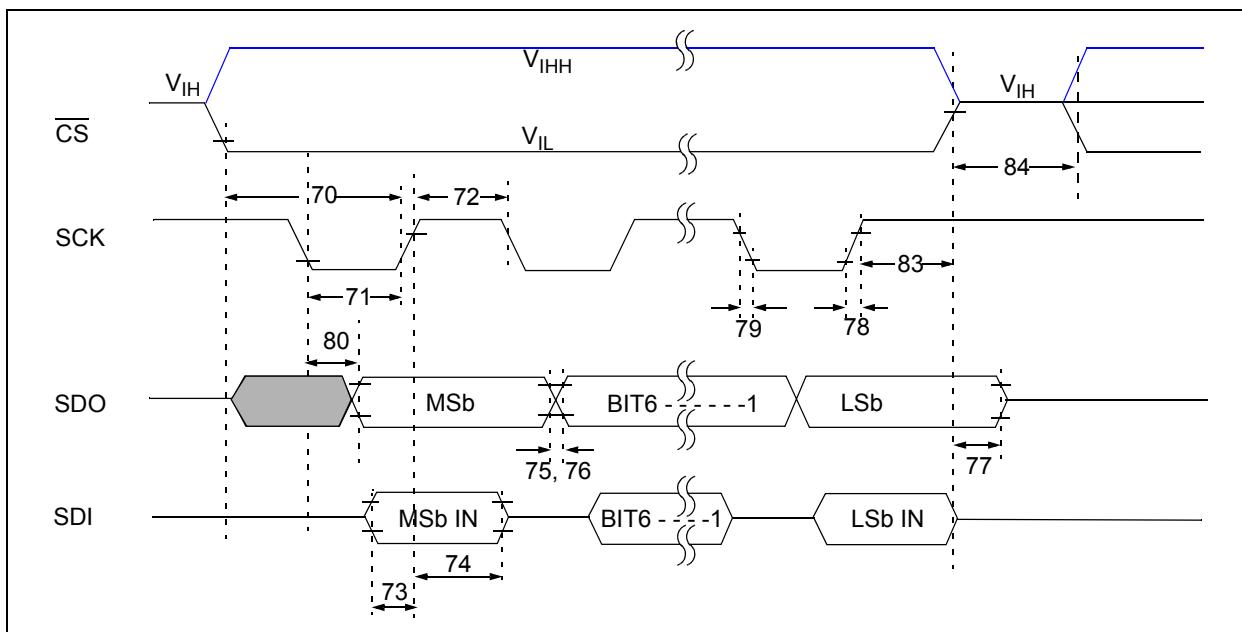


FIGURE 1-1: SPI Timing Waveform (Mode = 11).

TABLE 1-1: SPI REQUIREMENTS (MODE = 11)

#	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
	SCK Input Frequency	F_{SCK}	—	10	MHz	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$
			—	1	MHz	$V_{DD} = 1.8V$ to $2.7V$
70	CS Active (V_{IL} or V_{IHH}) to SCK \uparrow input	$T_{csA2scH}$	60	—	ns	
71	SCK input high time	T_{scH}	45	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$
			500	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 1.8V$ to $2.7V$
72	SCK input low time	T_{scL}	45	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$
			500	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 1.8V$ to $2.7V$
73	Setup time of SDI input to SCK \uparrow edge	T_{DI2scH}	10	—	ns	
74	Hold time of SDI input from SCK \uparrow edge	$T_{scH2DIL}$	20	—	ns	
77	CS Inactive (V_{IH}) to SDO output hi-impedance	$T_{csH2DOZ}$	—	50	ns	Note 1
80	SDO data output valid after SCK \downarrow edge	$T_{scL2DOV}$	—	70	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$
			—	170	ns	$V_{DD} = 1.8V$ to $2.7V$
83	CS Inactive (V_{IH}) after SCK \uparrow edge	$T_{scH2csl}$	100	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$
			1	—	ms	$V_{DD} = 1.8V$ to $2.7V$
84	Hold time of CS Inactive (V_{IH}) to CS Active (V_{IL} or V_{IHH})	$T_{csA2csl}$	50	—	ns	

Note 1: This specification by design.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

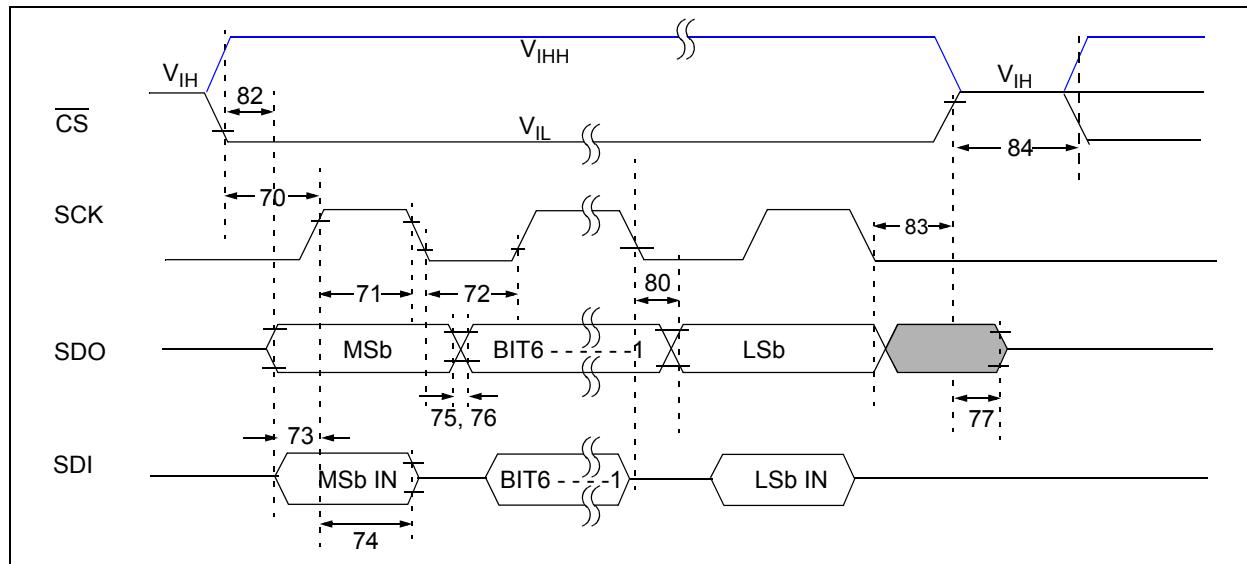


FIGURE 1-2: SPI Timing Waveform (Mode = 00).

TABLE 1-2: SPI REQUIREMENTS (MODE = 00)

#	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
70	SCK Input Frequency	F_{SCK}	—	10	MHz	$V_{DD} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$
			—	1	MHz	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 2.7V$
71	CS Active (V_{IL} or V_{IHH}) to SCK \uparrow input	$T_{csA2scH}$	60	—	ns	
72	SCK input high time	T_{scH}	45	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$
			500	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 2.7V$
73	SCK input low time	T_{scL}	45	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$
			500	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 2.7V$
74	Setup time of SDI input to SCK \uparrow edge	T_{DI2scH}	10	—	ns	
75	Hold time of SDI input from SCK \uparrow edge	$T_{scH2DIL}$	20	—	ns	
77	CS Inactive (V_{IH}) to SDO output hi-impedance	$T_{csH2DOZ}$	—	50	ns	Note 1
80	SDO data output valid after SCK \downarrow edge	$T_{scL2DOV}$	—	70	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$
			—	170	ns	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 2.7V$
82	SDO data output valid after CS Active (V_{IL} or V_{IHH})	$T_{ssL2dov}$	—	70	ns	
83	CS Inactive (V_{IH}) after SCK \downarrow edge	$T_{scH2csl}$	100	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$
			1	—	ms	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 2.7V$
84	Hold time of CS Inactive (V_{IH}) to CS Active (V_{IL} or V_{IHH})	$T_{csA2csl}$	50	—	ns	

Note 1: This specification by design.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

TABLE 1-3: SPI REQUIREMENTS FOR SDI/SDO MULTIPLEXED (READ OPERATION ONLY)⁽²⁾

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
SCK Input Frequency	F_{SCK}	—	250	kHz	$V_{DD} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$
CS Active (V_{IL} or V_{IHH}) to SCK↑ input	$T_{csA2scH}$	60	—	ns	
SCK input high time	T_{scH}	1.8	—	us	
SCK input low time	T_{scL}	1.8	—	ns	
Setup time of SDI input to SCK↑ edge	T_{DI2scH}	40	—	ns	
Hold time of SDI input from SCK↑ edge	$T_{scH2DIL}$	40	—	ns	
CS Inactive (V_{IH}) to SDO output hi-impedance	$T_{csH2D0Z}$	—	50	ns	Note 1
SDO data output valid after SCK↓ edge	$T_{scL2D0V}$	—	1.6	us	
SDO data output valid after CS Active (V_{IL} or V_{IHH})	$T_{ssL2D0V}$	—	50	ns	
CS Inactive (V_{IH}) after SCK↓ edge	$T_{scH2csl}$	100	—	ns	
Hold time of CS Inactive (V_{IH}) to CS Active (V_{IL} or V_{IHH})	$T_{csA2csl}$	50	—	ns	

Note 1: This specification by design.

2: This table is for the devices where the SPI's SDI and SDO pins are multiplexed (SDI/SDO) and a Read command is issued. This is NOT required for SDI/SDO operation with the Increment, Decrement, or Write commands. This data rate can be increased by having external pull-up resistors to increase the rising edges of each bit.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, $V_{DD} = +2.7V$ to $+5.5V$, $V_{SS} = GND$.

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Temperature Ranges						
Specified Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+125	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+125	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T_A	-65	—	+150	°C	
Thermal Package Resistances						
Thermal Resistance, 8L-DFN (3x3)	θ_{JA}	—	84.5	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-MSOP	θ_{JA}	—	211	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-PDIP	θ_{JA}	—	89.3	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-SOIC	θ_{JA}	—	149.5	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 10L-DFN (3x3)	θ_{JA}	—	57	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 10L-MSOP	θ_{JA}	—	211	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-PDIP	θ_{JA}	—	70	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-SOIC	θ_{JA}	—	95.3	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-TSSOP	θ_{JA}	—	100	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 16L-QFN	θ_{JA}	—	47	—	°C/W	

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

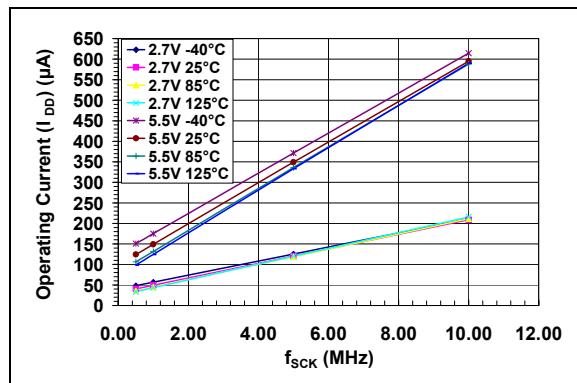


FIGURE 2-1: Device Current (I_{DD}) vs. SPI Frequency (f_{SCK}) and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$ and 5.5V).

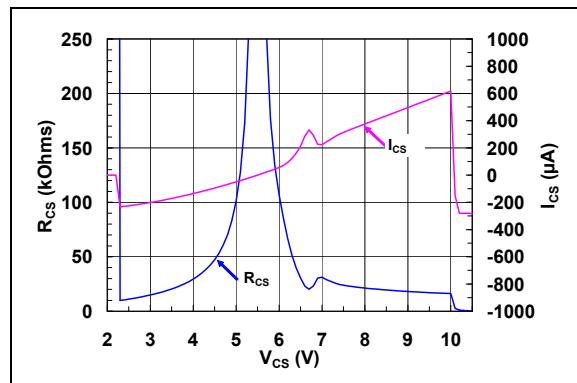


FIGURE 2-3: CS Pull-up/Pull-down Resistance (R_{CS}) and Current (I_{CS}) vs. CS Input Voltage (V_{CS}) ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

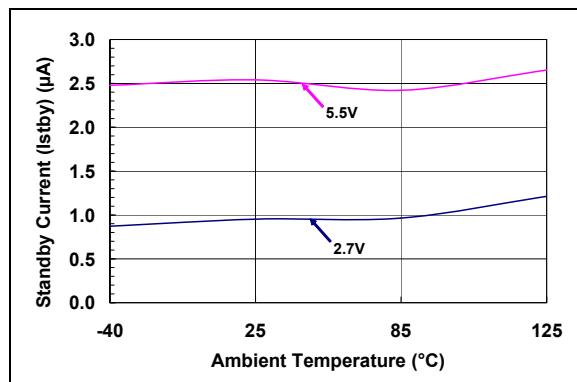


FIGURE 2-2: Device Current (I_{SHDN}) and V_{DD} ($\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$) vs. Ambient Temperature.

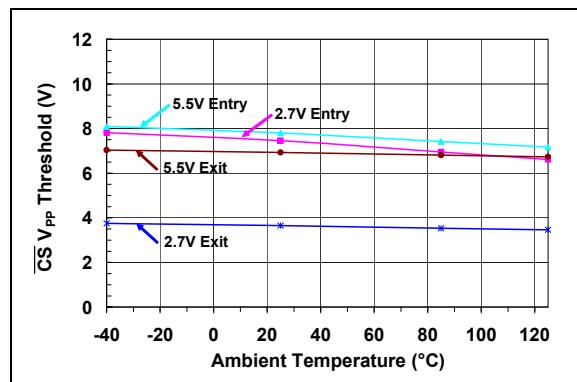


FIGURE 2-4: CS High Input Entry/Exit Threshold vs. Ambient Temperature and V_{DD} .

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

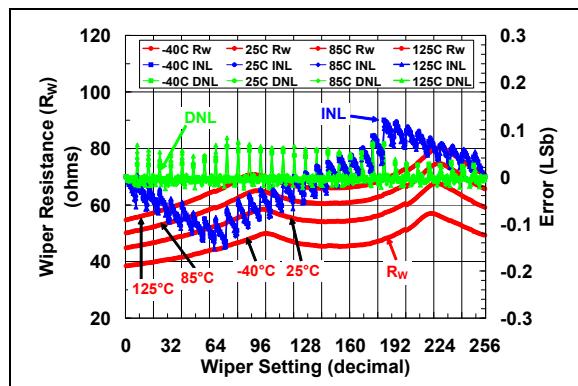


FIGURE 2-5: $5\text{k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

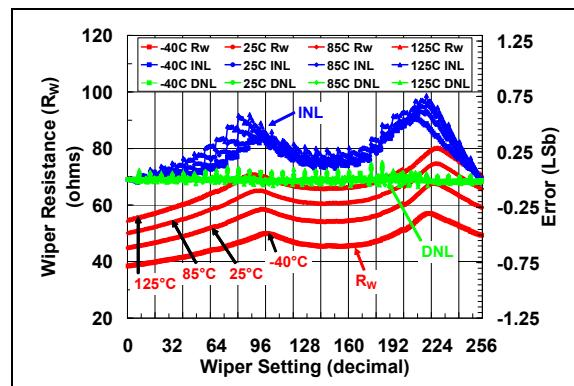


FIGURE 2-8: $5\text{k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

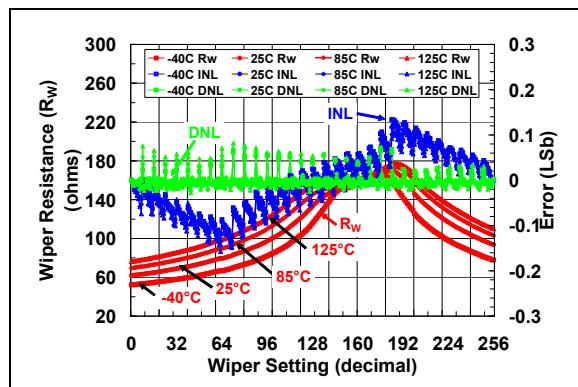


FIGURE 2-6: $5\text{k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$).

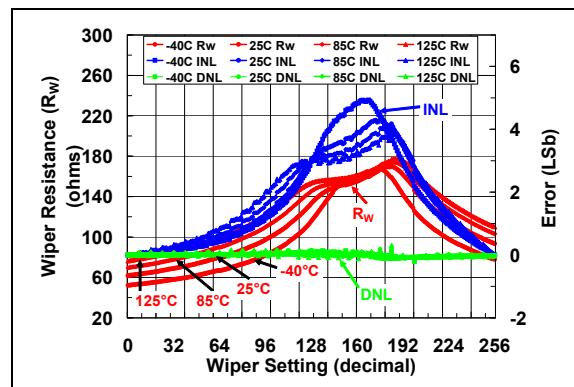


FIGURE 2-9: $5\text{k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$).

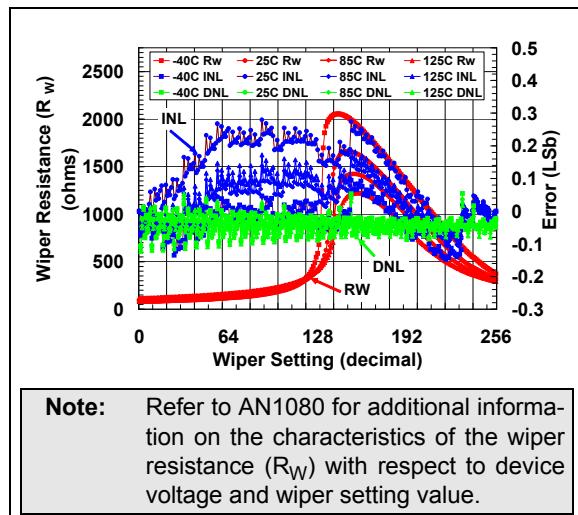


FIGURE 2-7: $5\text{k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$).

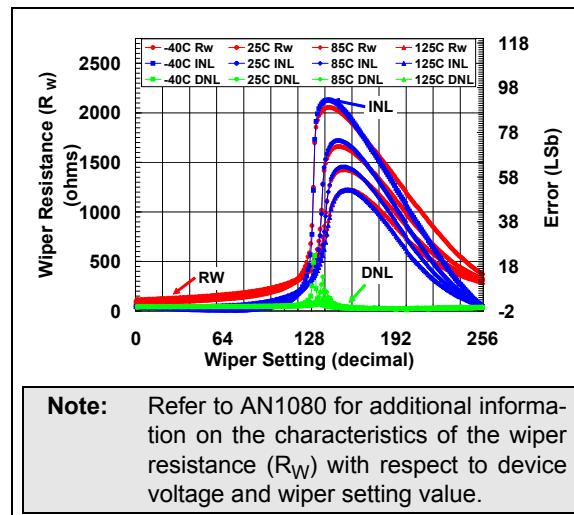


FIGURE 2-10: $5\text{k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$).

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

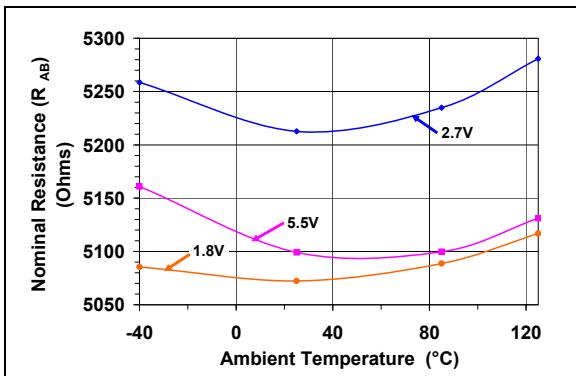


FIGURE 2-11: $5\text{k}\Omega$ – Nominal Resistance (Ω) vs. Ambient Temperature and V_{DD} .

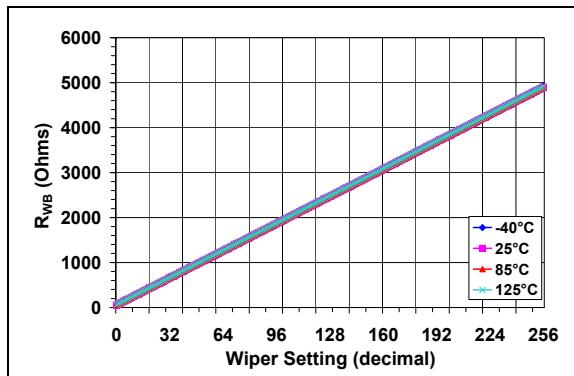


FIGURE 2-12: $5\text{k}\Omega$ – R_{WB} (Ω) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

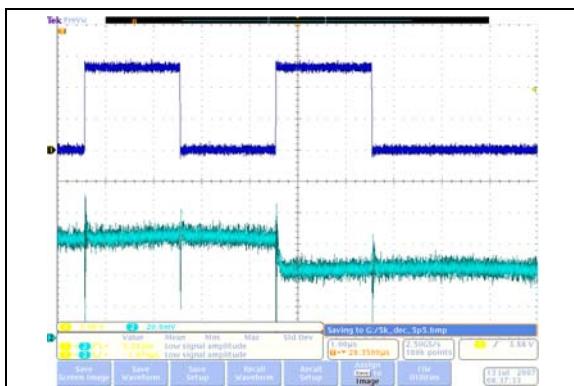


FIGURE 2-13: 5 k Ω – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

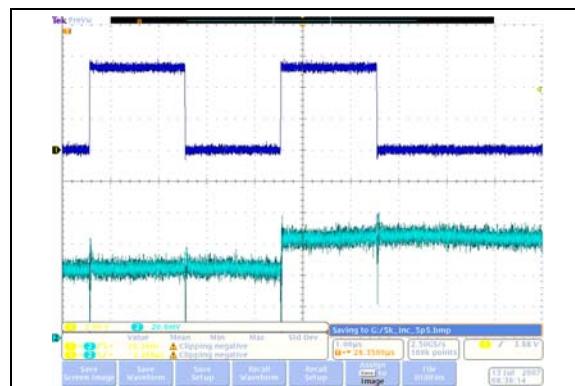


FIGURE 2-16: 5 k Ω – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

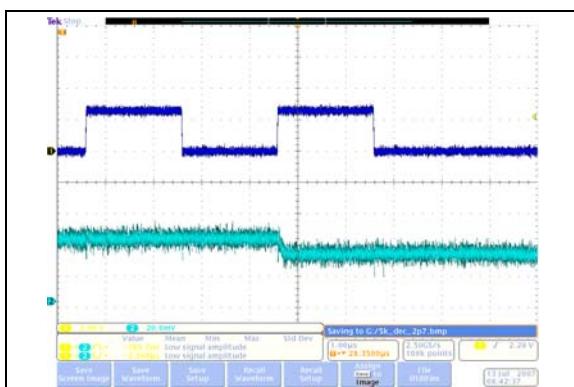


FIGURE 2-14: 5 k Ω – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

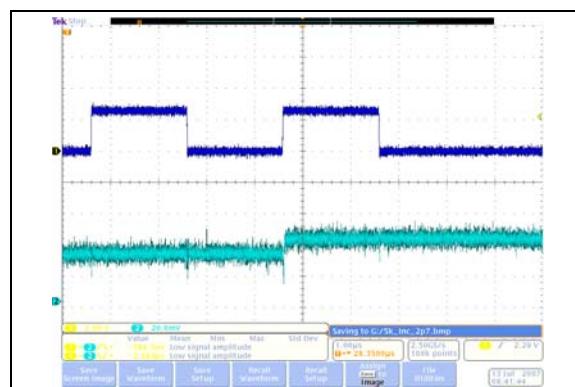


FIGURE 2-17: 5 k Ω – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

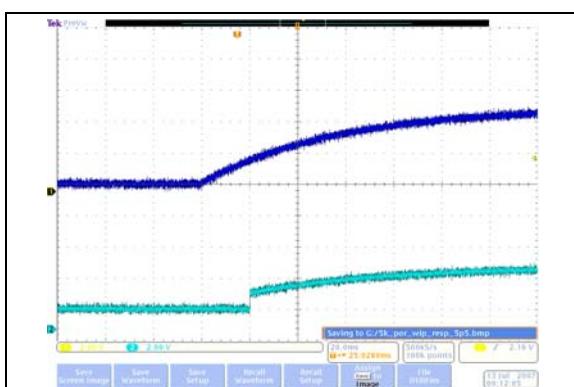


FIGURE 2-15: 5 k Ω – Power-Up Wiper Response Time (20 ms/Div).

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

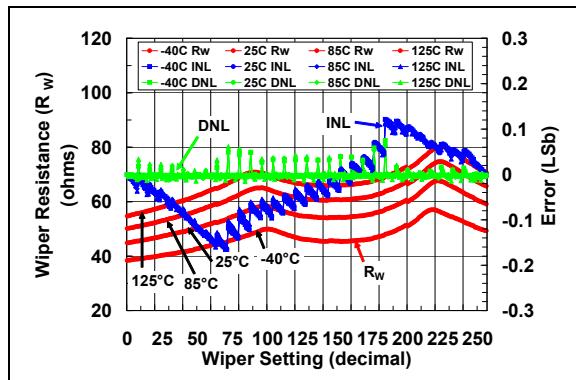


FIGURE 2-18: $10\text{ k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – $R_W(\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

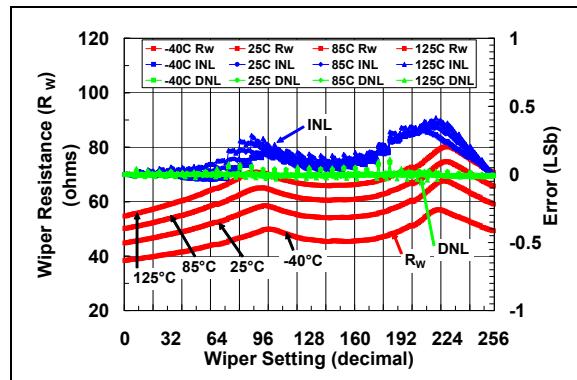


FIGURE 2-21: $10\text{ k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – $R_W(\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

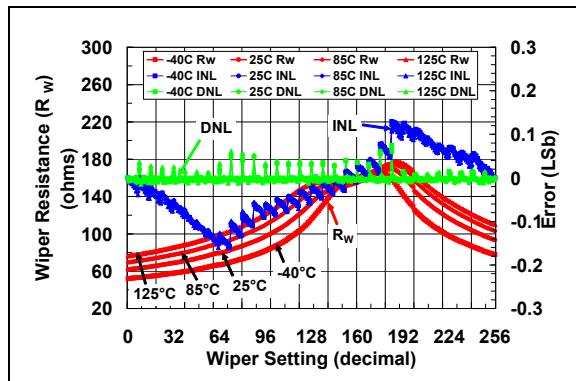


FIGURE 2-19: $10\text{ k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – $R_W(\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$).

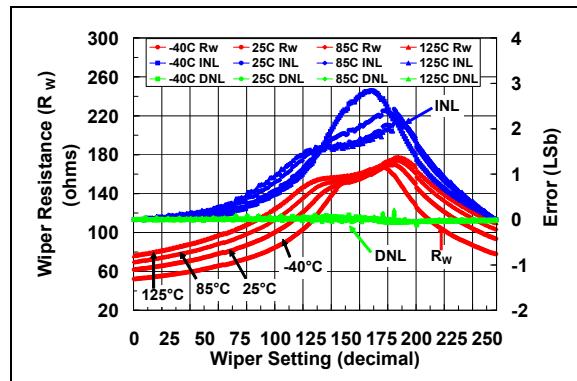


FIGURE 2-22: $10\text{ k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – $R_W(\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$).

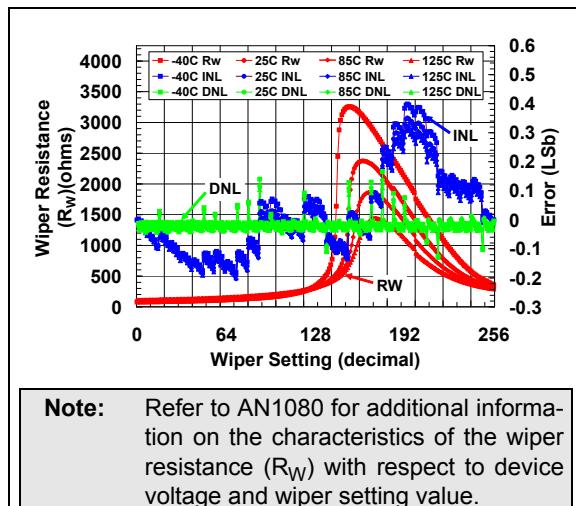


FIGURE 2-20: $10\text{ k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – $R_W(\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$).

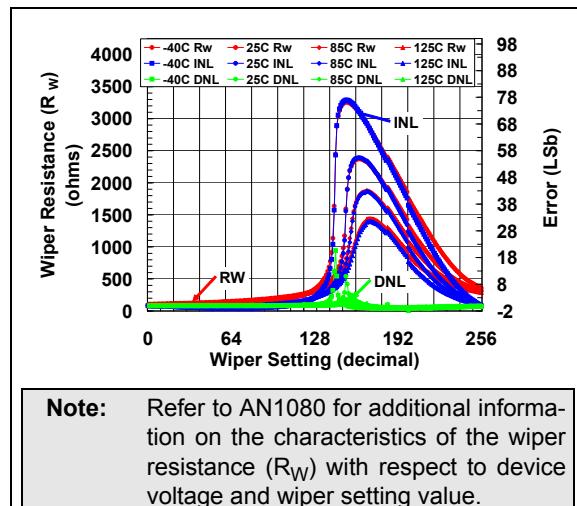


FIGURE 2-23: $10\text{ k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – $R_W(\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$).

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

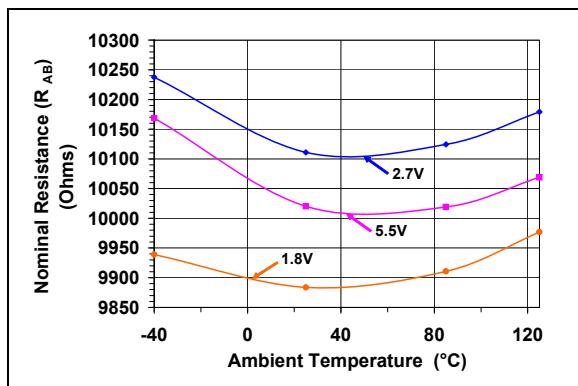


FIGURE 2-24: $10\text{ k}\Omega$ – Nominal Resistance (Ω) vs. Ambient Temperature and V_{DD} .

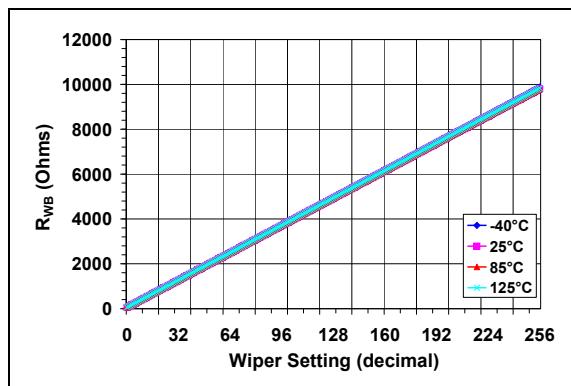


FIGURE 2-25: $10\text{ k}\Omega$ – R_{WB} (Ω) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

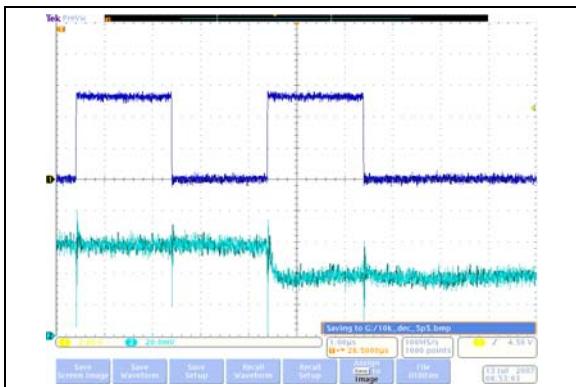


FIGURE 2-26: 10 kΩ – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

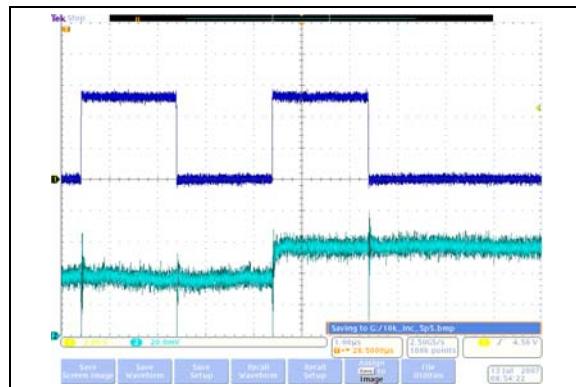


FIGURE 2-28: 10 kΩ – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

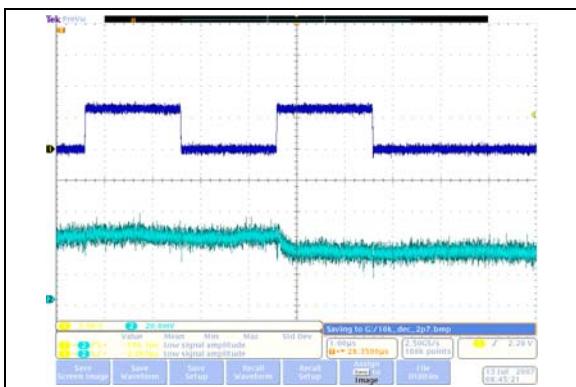


FIGURE 2-27: 10 kΩ – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

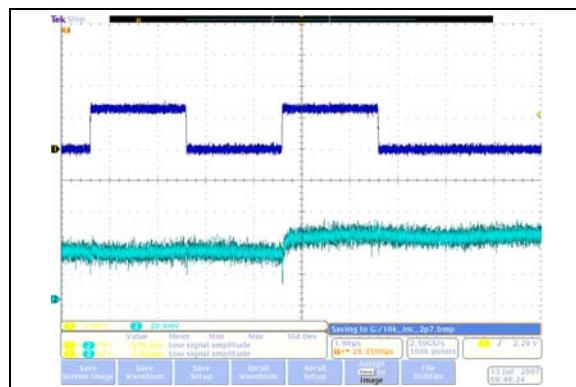


FIGURE 2-29: 10 kΩ – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

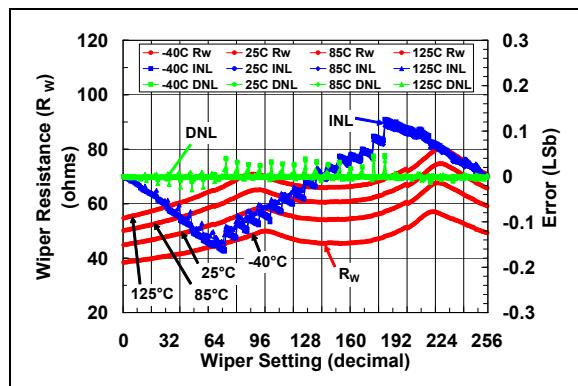


FIGURE 2-30: $50\text{ k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – $R_W (\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

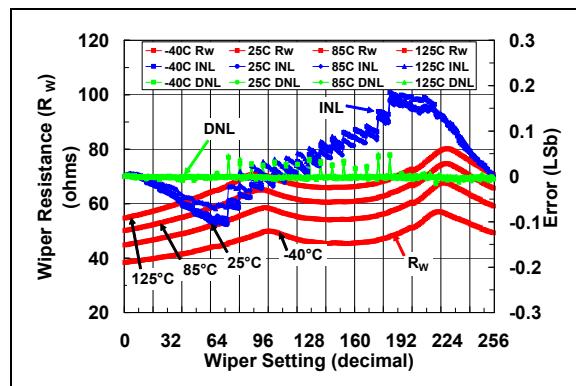


FIGURE 2-33: $50\text{ k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – $R_W (\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

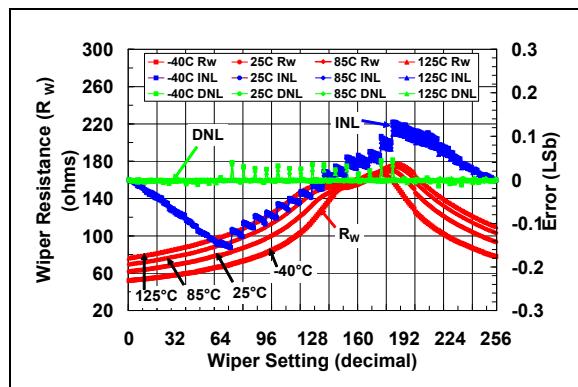


FIGURE 2-31: $50\text{ k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – $R_W (\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$).

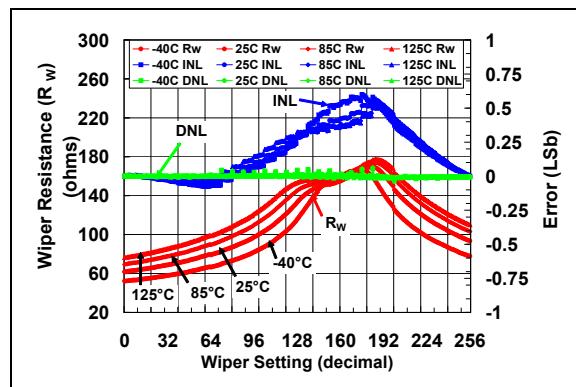


FIGURE 2-34: $50\text{ k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – $R_W (\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$).

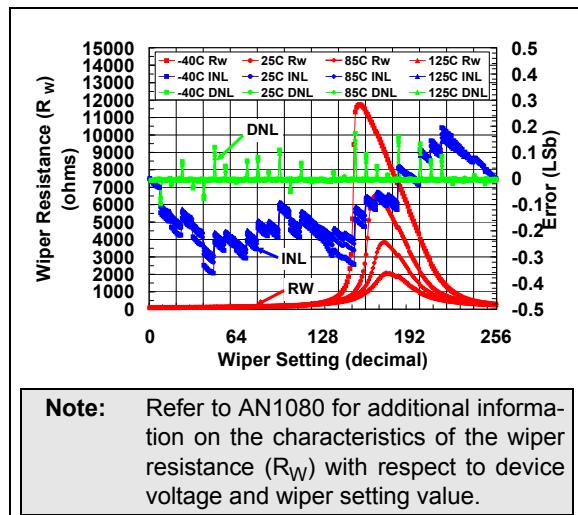


FIGURE 2-32: $50\text{ k}\Omega$ Pot Mode – $R_W (\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$).

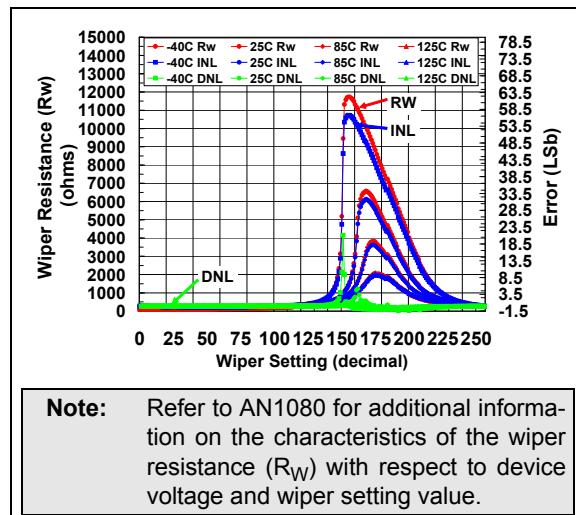


FIGURE 2-35: $50\text{ k}\Omega$ Rheo Mode – $R_W (\Omega)$, INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$).

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

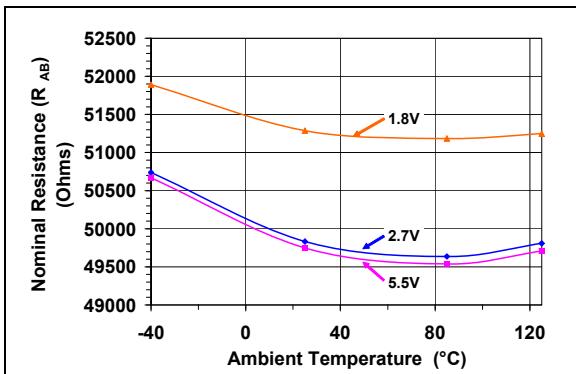


FIGURE 2-36: 50 k Ω —Nominal Resistance (Ω) vs. Ambient Temperature and V_{DD} .

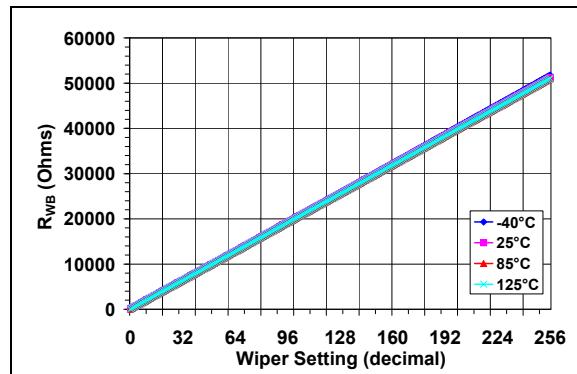


FIGURE 2-37: 50 k Ω — R_{WB} (Ω) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature.

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

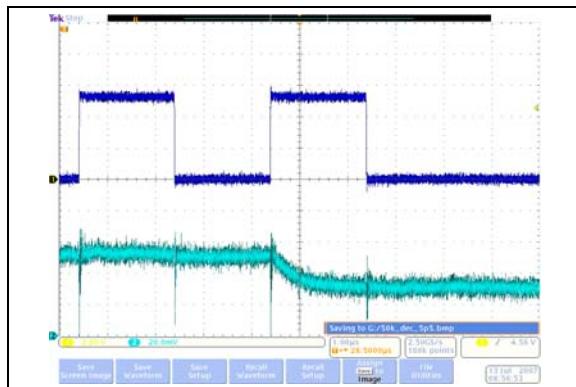


FIGURE 2-38: 50 k Ω – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

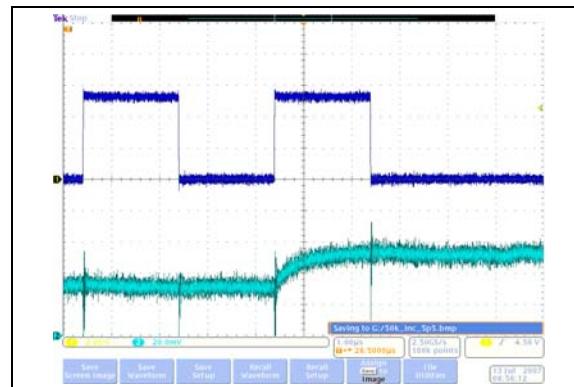


FIGURE 2-40: 50 k Ω – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

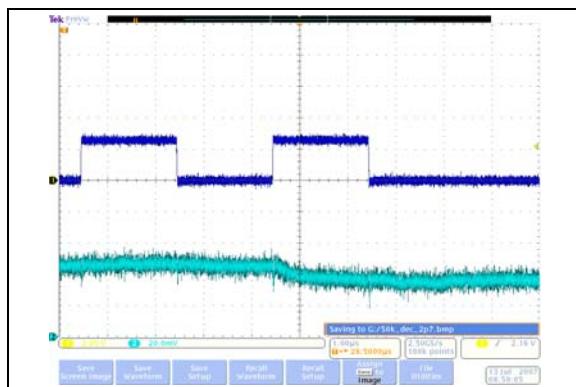


FIGURE 2-39: 50 k Ω – Low-Voltage Decrement Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

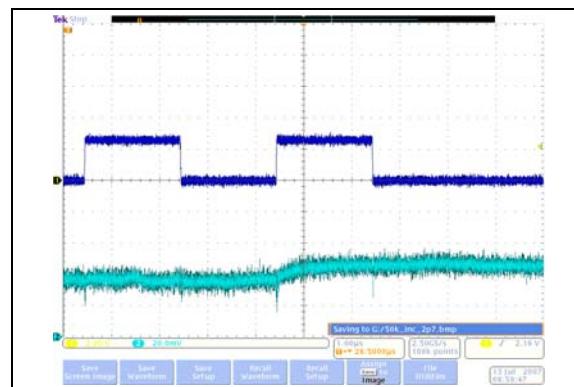


FIGURE 2-41: 50 k Ω – Low-Voltage Increment Wiper Settling Time ($V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$) (1 $\mu\text{s}/\text{Div}$).

MCP413X/415X/423X/425X

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$.

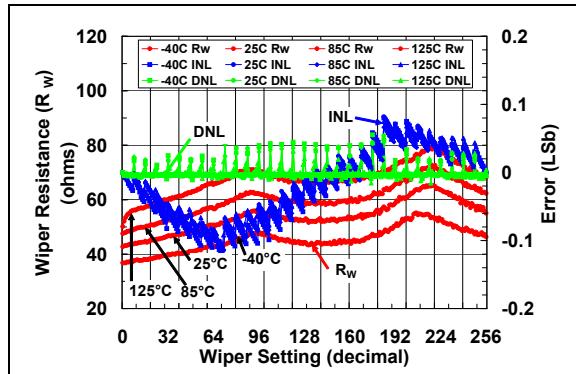


FIGURE 2-42: 100 k Ω Pot Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

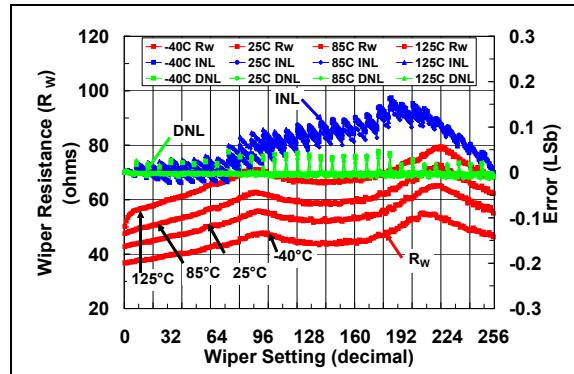


FIGURE 2-45: 100 k Ω Rheo Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$).

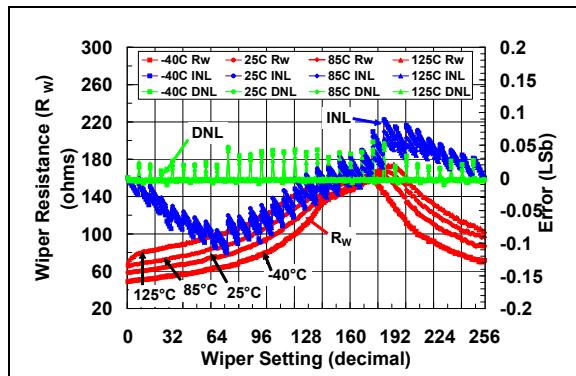


FIGURE 2-43: 100 k Ω Pot Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$).

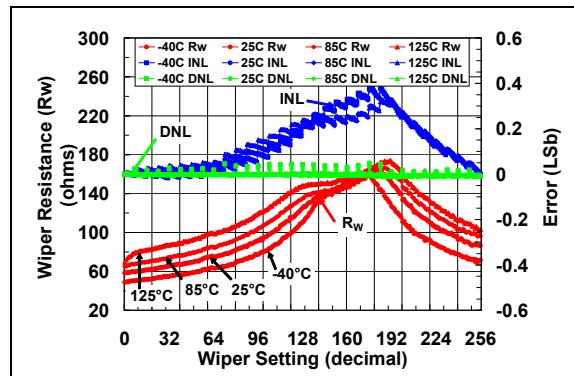
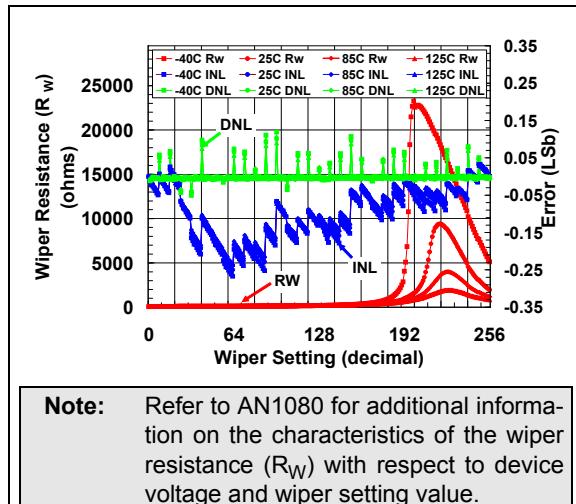
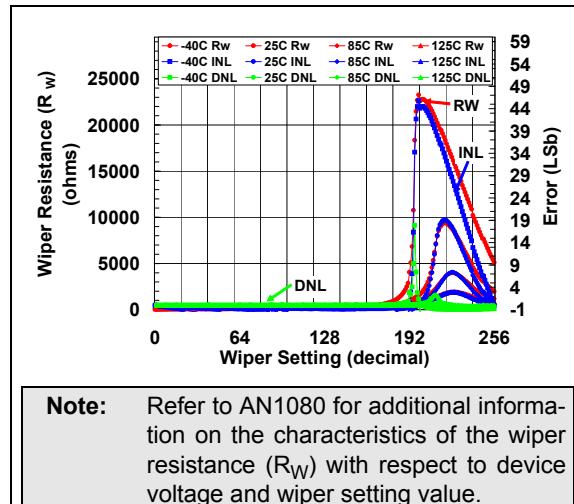


FIGURE 2-46: 100 k Ω Rheo Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$).



Note: Refer to AN1080 for additional information on the characteristics of the wiper resistance (R_W) with respect to device voltage and wiper setting value.

FIGURE 2-44: 100 k Ω Pot Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$).



Note: Refer to AN1080 for additional information on the characteristics of the wiper resistance (R_W) with respect to device voltage and wiper setting value.

FIGURE 2-47: 100 k Ω Rheo Mode – R_W (Ω), INL (LSb), DNL (LSb) vs. Wiper Setting and Ambient Temperature ($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{V}$).