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DATA SHEET

(PRELIMINARY)

Part No.	MN63Y3212N1
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* The specifications are subject to change without notice since it is under development.

* This is an engineering sample to mainly check functions during development. Reliability and delivery are not guaranteed.

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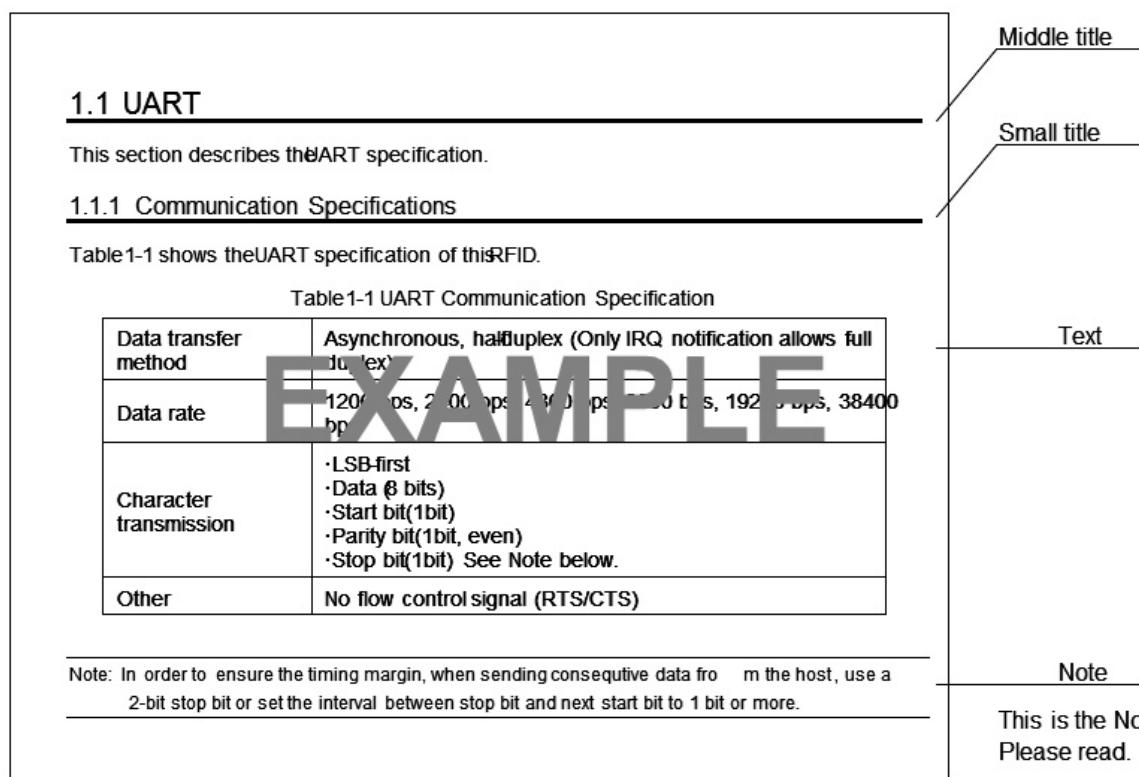
About this manual

■ Organization

These specifications provide important information for users of the MN63Y3212N1, including an overview and descriptions of functions.

■ Manual Configuration

Each section of this manual consists of a title, main text, and notes. The layout and definition of each section are shown below.



■ Finding Desired Information

This manual provides two methods for finding desired information quickly and easily.

1. Consult the table of contents at the front of the manual to locate desired titles.
2. Chapter names are located at the top outer corner of each page, and section titles are located at the bottom outer corner of each page.

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Chapter 1 Overview

1

1.1 Features

The MN63Y3212N2 is a Tag Module for RFID (Radio Frequency Identification), which features the following:

- Built-in 4-Kbit non-volatile memory with fast write and low power consumption.
- RF interface compliant with JISX6319-4 (212 kbps / 424 kbps) and ISO/IEC14443 TypeB (106 kbps / 212 kbps) of the 13.56-MHz contactless IC card standards.
- Batteryless RF communication
- Encryption communication function that uses AES (128 bits) private-key cryptosystem
- Supply voltage range: 1.7 V to 3.6 V

1.2 Block Diagram

Figure 1-1 shows a block diagram.

This RFID provides RF interface for contactless communication with external reader/writer, serial interface for contact communication with external host, control logic for command processing and various controls, 2-Kbit transmit/receive buffer for RF communication, 4-Kbit non-volatile memory, and AES cryptosystem.

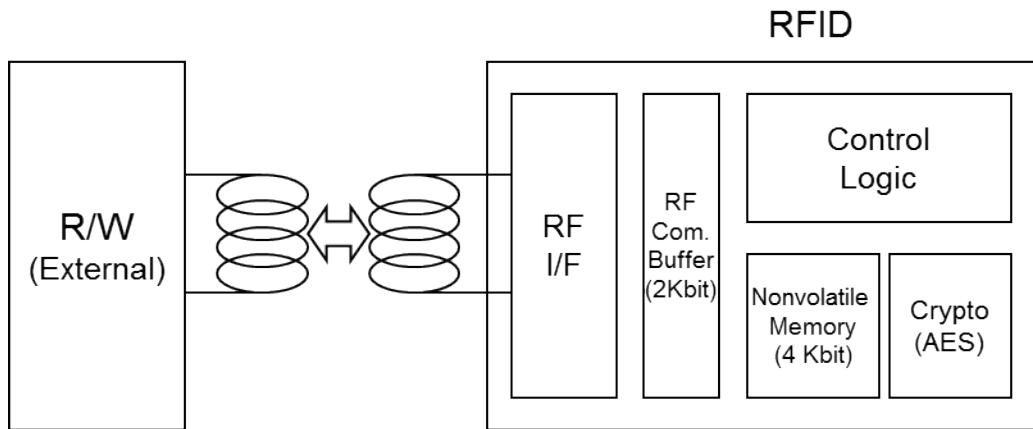


Figure 1-1 Block Diagram

1.3 Operation Mode

This RFID provides the one operation modes of RF communication.

Figure 1-2 gives the overview of each operation mode.

■ RF communication mode

This mode is used for communication between reader/writer and RFID. Reader/writer is the master and RFID is the slave. Key commands are read and write commands to non-volatile memory of RFID. This mode allows batteryless operations that use only the power supplied from the antenna of reader/writer.

For more information about RF communication mode, see Chapter 4 RF Communication Mode.

RF communication mode

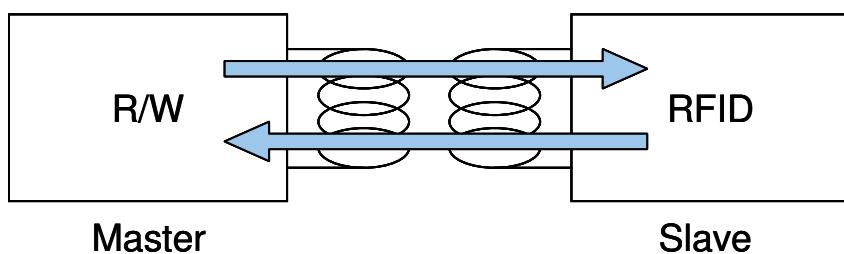


Figure 1-2 Operation Mode

1.4 Encrypted Communication Function

This RFID provides an encrypted communication function.

Figure 1-3 depicts its functionality in the one operation mode.

For communication between reader/writer and RFID, RF communication mode allows both encrypted and plaintext (unencrypted) communications

Encrypted communication uses Message Authentication Code (MAC) to detect falsified communication data and to prevent access from illegal readers/writers.

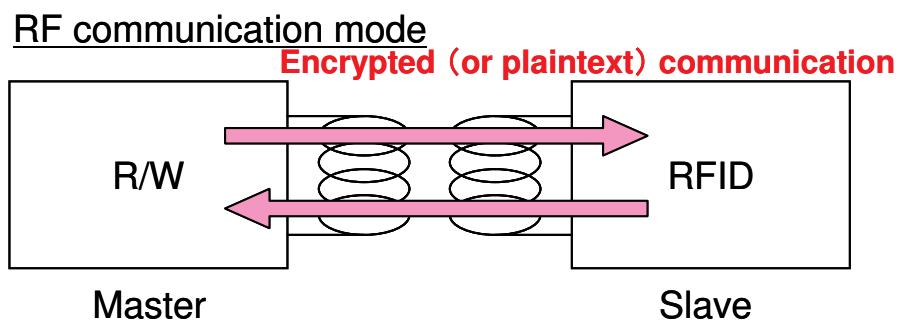


Figure 1-3 Encrypted Communication Function

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Chapter 2 Pin Descriptions

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2.1 Module outline

Figure 2-1,2-2 shows module outline of this RFID

■Pin Descriptions

Table 2-1 Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Use	Description
1	VSS	Ground	NIRQ used : connected to Ground NIRQ not used : open
2	NIRQ	Interrupt request output	Used : Pull-up with the power supply of IC which uses NIRQ. Not used : open

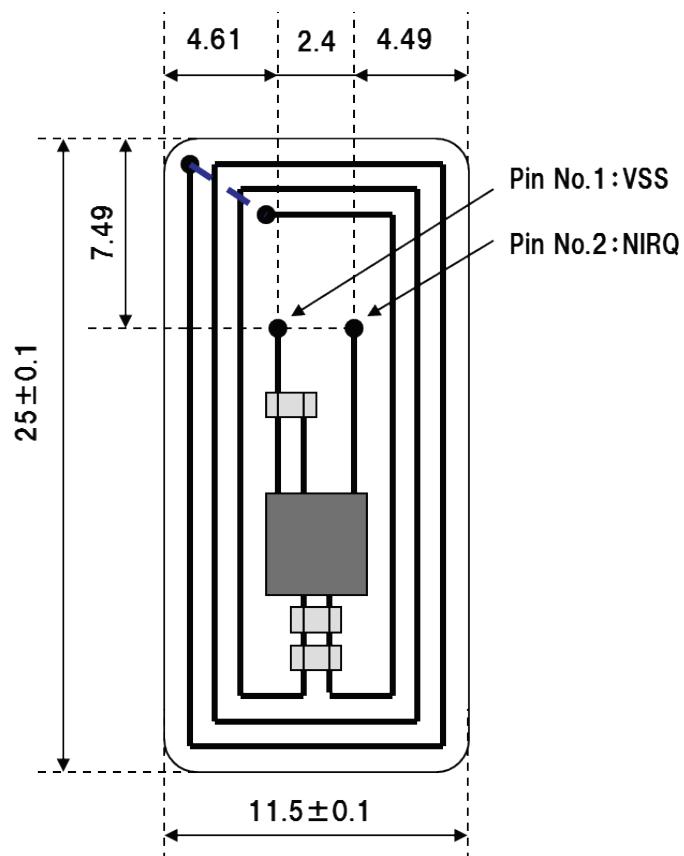


Figure 2-1 Module outline

■Board sectional view

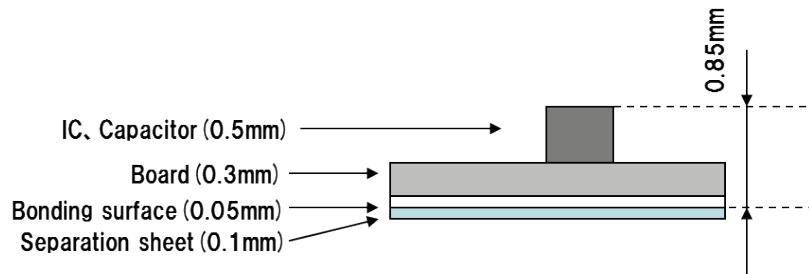


Figure 2-2 Board sectional view

- Thickness
 - 1) IC or include chip capacitor : $0.85\text{mm} \pm 0.1\text{mm}$ (max)
 - 2) Board + Bonding surface : $0.35\text{mm} \pm 0.1\text{mm}$
 - 3) The thickness of each component are reference values

2.2 Pin Descriptions

Main pins of the LSI mounted on the module are described below.

- Ground (VSS)

A reference power supply pin. Connect to the ground of the host CPU.

- Interrupt request (NIQR)

An N-ch open drain pin to request an interrupt to the host and should be pulled up externally.

2.3 Connection Example

Figure 2-3 gives a connection example of the antenna and the mounting LSI in module.

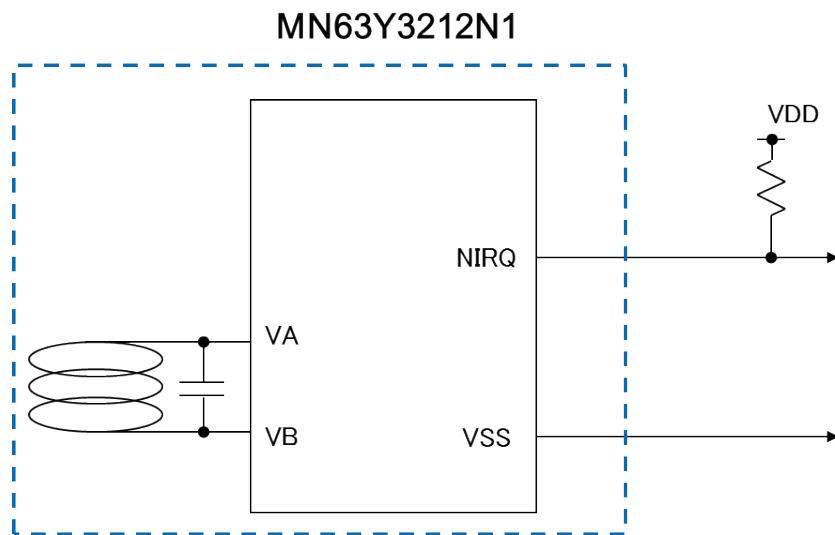


Figure 2-3 Connection Example

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Chapter 3 Memory Map

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3.1 Block Configuration

Figure 3-1 illustrates the block configuration of 4-Kbit non-volatile memory.

This LSI consists of 32 non-volatile memory blocks. The size of a block is 16 bytes.

The memory consists of two areas: user and system areas.

The system area stores RF-communication-related parameters and memory-access-control-related data, etc.

Block	Area	Type
0	16-byte non-volatile memory	User area
1	16-byte non-volatile memory	
2	16-byte non-volatile memory	
3	16-byte non-volatile memory	
...	...	
24	16-byte non-volatile memory	
25	16-byte non-volatile memory	
26	16-byte non-volatile memory	
27	16-byte non-volatile memory	
28	16-byte non-volatile memory	
29	16-byte non-volatile memory	System area
30	16-byte non-volatile memory	
31	16-byte non-volatile memory	

Figure 3-1 4-Kbit non-volatile memory Block Configuration

3.2 Physical Memory Map

Figure 3-2 presents the physical memory map.

Block	Address	0x0	0x1	0x2	0x3	0x4	0x5	0x6	0x7	0x8	0x9	0xA	0xB	0xC	0xD	0xE	0xF
0	0x0000																User Area
1	0x0010																User Area
2	0x0020																User Area
3	0x0030																User Area
4	0x0040																User Area
5	0x0050																User Area
6	0x0060																User Area
7	0x0070																User Area
8	0x0080																User Area
9	0x0090																User Area
10	0x00A0																User Area
11	0x00B0																User Area
12	0x00C0																User Area
13	0x00D0																User Area
14	0x00E0																User Area
15	0x00F0																User Area
16	0x0100																User Area
17	0x0110																User Area
18	0x0120																User Area
19	0x0130																User Area
20	0x0140																User Area
21	0x0150																User Area
22	0x0160																User Area
23	0x0170																User Area
24	0x0180																User Area
25	0x0190																User Area
26	0x01A0																User Area
27	0x01B0																CONFIG
28	0x01C0																CONFIG
29	0x01D0																CONFIG
30	0x01E0	SC															PMM
31	0x01F0	RORF															AFI
																	FWI
																	HW1
																	TNPRM
																	HW2
																	CONFIG

Figure 3-2 Physical Memory Map

3.3 System Area

This section describes the system area.

3.3.1 Parameter Specifications

Each parameter of the system area is shown below.

All addresses and block numbers used in this section correspond to the physical address in Figure 3-2.

■ RORF (4 bytes)

RORF and SECURITY are an area to specify whether read/write or read-only is to be used in accessing the block by memory access commands in RF communication mode. Table 3-1 describes RORF and SECURITY setting, and Table 3-2 shows RORF setting bits and corresponding block numbers. By default, all values are 0. Set all reserved bits to 0. Refer to Table 3-5 for SECURITY

Table 3-1 RORF and SECURITY Setting

Value		Meaning -	
RORF	SECURITY	Plaintext communication	Encryption communication
0	0	READ/WRITE	READ/WRITE
0	1	Prohibition	READ/WRITE
1	0	READ ONLY	READ ONLY
1	1	READ ONLY	READ/WRITE

Table 3-2 RORF Setting Bits and Corresponding Block Numbers

Address	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0x01F0	Block7	Block6	Block5	Block4	Block3	Block2	Block1	Block0
0x01F1	Block15	Block14	Block13	Block12	Block11	Block10	Block9	Block8
0x01F2	Block23	Block22	Block21	Block20	Block19	Block18	Block17	Block16
0x01F3	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Block26	Block25	Block24

■ ROSI (4 bytes)

ROSI is reserved Set all bits to 0.

■ SECURITY (4 bytes)

RORF and SECURITY are an area to specify whether to enable plaintext (unencrypted) communication access by memory access commands in RF communication mode. This setting is valid only in RF communication mode. Table 3-31 describes RORF and SECURITY setting, and Table 3-33 shows SECURITY setting bits and corresponding block numbers. By default, all values are 0. Set all reserved bits to 0.

Table 3-3 SECURITY Setting Bit and Corresponding Block Number

Address	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0x01F8	Block7	Block6	Block5	Block4	Block3	Block2	Block1	Block0
0x01F9	Block15	Block14	Block13	Block12	Block11	Block10	Block9	Block8
0x01FA	Block23	Block22	Block21	Block20	Block19	Block18	Block17	Block16
0x01FB	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Block26	Block25	Block24

■ HW1 (2 bytes)

HW1 is an area to store various setting data related to the hardware of this RFID.

Table 3-4 describes the HW1 parameter. For the setting of the RF communication protocol RFTYPE, see Table 3-5. For the setting of IDM data selection IDMSEL, see Table 3-6.

Table 3-4 HW1 Parameter

Address	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0x01EE	Reserved		RFTYPE			Reserved		
0x01EF	Reserved	Reserved(Please set "0x54")					IDMSEL	

Table 3-5 RFTYPE Setting for Selecting RF Communication Protocol

Bit 5	Bit 4	Meaning
0	0	Use both JISX6319-4 and ISO/IEC14443 TypeB. (Automatic protocol detection) (default)
0	1	Use JISX6319-4 only. (ISO/IEC14443 TypeB interface disabled)
1	0	Use ISO/IEC14443 TypeB only. (JISX6319-4 interface disabled)
1	1	Reserved (When this field is specified, a default setting will be applied.)

Table 3-6 IDMSEL Setting for Selecting IDM Data

Bit 0	Meaning
0	Use the fixed values (All-0) as JISX6319-4 PICC identifier or ISO/IEC14443 TypeB PICC. Values written in the system area are not used. (default)
1	Use the values written in the system area as JISX6319-4 PICC identifier or ISO/IEC14443 TypeB PICC.

■ TNPRM (1 byte)

TNPRM is reserved.

Table 3-7 TNPRM Parameter

Address	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0x01FC	Reserved(Please set "0x4")					Reserved (Please set "0x7")			