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DESCRIPTION

The MP5087A is a load switch, designed to provide 7A load protection covering 0.5V to 5.5V voltage range. With low $R_{DS(on)}$ in tiny package, MP5087A provides very high efficiency and space-saving solution for notebook, tablet and other portable applications.

With the soft start function, the MP5087A can avoid inrush current during circuit start up. The MP5087A also provides other features, like power good, output discharge function, OCP and thermal shutdown.

The maximum load at the output (source) is current limited. This is accomplished by utilizing a sense FET topology. The magnitude of the current limit is controlled by an external resistor from ILIM pin to ground.

This device comes in a tiny 2x2mm QFN12 package.

FEATURES

- Integrated 10m Ω Low $R_{DS(on)}$ FET
- Adjustable Start Up Slew Rate
- Wide V_{IN} Range: 0.5V to 5.5V
- <1 μ A Shutdown Current
- Programmable 7A Current Limit Range
- Output Discharge Function
- Enable Pin
- Push-pull PG Indicator for $V_{IN}>3V$
- <200ns Short-Circuitry Response Protection
- Thermal Protection
- Small QFN-12 (2mmx2mm) Package

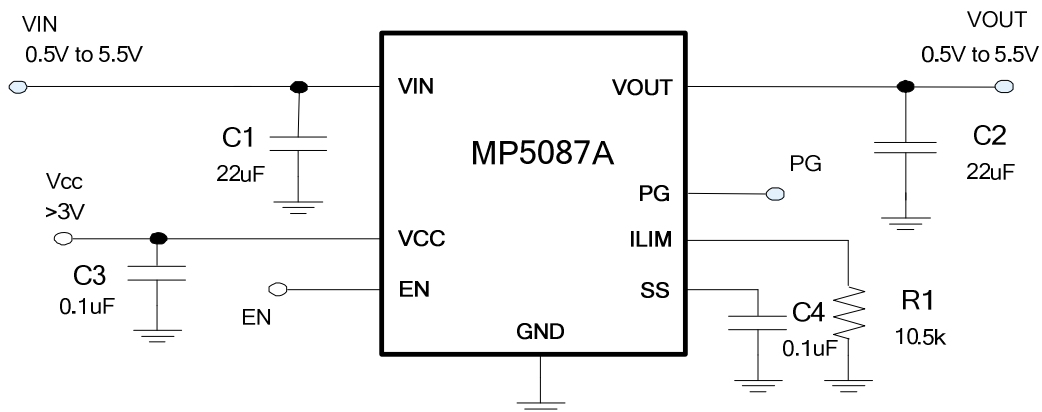
APPLICATIONS

- Notebook and Tablet Computers
- Portable Devices
- Solid State Drivers
- Handheld Devices

All MPS parts are lead-free and adhere to the RoHS directive. For MPS green status, please visit MPS website under Quality Assurance.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number* | Package | Top Marking |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|
| MP5087AGG | QFN-12 (2mmx2mm) | See Below |

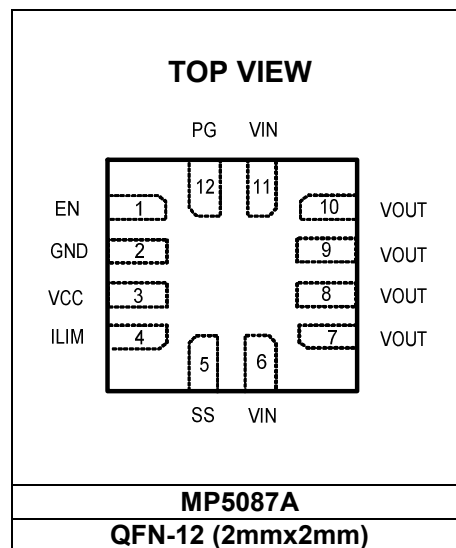
* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MP5087AGG-Z);

TOP MARKING

—
CHY
LLL

CH: product code of MP5087AGG;
 Y: year code;
 LLL: lot number;

PACKAGE REFERENCE



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ⁽¹⁾

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| V _{IN} | -0.3V to +6.5V |
| V _{CC} | -0.3V to +6.5V |
| V _{OUT} | -0.3V to +6.5V |
| EN, SS, ILIM..... | -0.3V to V _{CC} +0.3 V |
| Junction Temperature..... | 150°C |
| Lead Temperature..... | 260°C |
| Continuous Power Dissipation ⁽²⁾ | |
| QFN-12 (2mmx2mm)..... | 1.6W |

Recommended Operating Conditions ⁽³⁾

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Supply Voltage V _{IN} | 0.5V to 5.5V |
| Supply Voltage V _{CC} | 3V to 5.5V |
| Output Voltage V _{OUT} | 0.5V to 5.5V |
| Operating Junction Temp..... | -40°C to +125°C |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| Thermal Resistance ⁽⁴⁾ | θ_{JA} | θ_{JC} | |
| QFN-12 (2mmx2mm) | 80 | 16 | °C/W |

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA}, and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = (T_J (MAX)-T_A)/θ_{JA}. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameters | Symbol | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|--|-------------------|--|------|-------|------|------------|
| Input and Supply Voltage Range | | | | | | |
| Input Voltage | V_{IN} | | 0.5 | | 5.5 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | | 3 | | 5.5 | V |
| Supply Current | | | | | | |
| Off State Leakage Current | I_{OFF} | $V_{IN}=5V$, $EN=0$ | | | 1 | μA |
| V_{CC} Standby Current | I_{STBY} | $V_{CC}=5V$, $EN=0$ | | 0.1 | 1 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC}=5V$, Enable, No load | | 220 | 330 | |
| Power FET | | | | | | |
| ON Resistance | $R_{DS(on)}$ | $V_{CC}=5.0V$ | | 10 | | m Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}=3.3V$ | | 12 | | |
| Thermal Shutdown and Recovery | | | | | | |
| Shutdown Temperature ⁽⁵⁾ | T_{STD} | | | 155 | | $^\circ C$ |
| Hysteresis ⁽⁵⁾ | T_{HYS} | | | 30 | | $^\circ C$ |
| Under Voltage Protection | | | | | | |
| V_{CC} Under Voltage Lockout Threshold | V_{CC_UVLO} | UVLO Rising Threshold | | 2.6 | 2.8 | V |
| UVLO Hysteresis | V_{UVLO_HYS} | | | 200 | | mV |
| Soft Start | | | | | | |
| SS pull-up current | I_{SS} | | | 9 | | μA |
| Enable | | | | | | |
| EN Rising Threshold | V_{ENH} | | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | V |
| EN Hysteresis | V_{ENHYS} | | | 400 | | mV |
| ILIM | | | | | | |
| Current Limit | I_{OUT} | $R_{LIM}=50k\Omega$. Ramp I_{OUT} record peak current limit | 1.54 | | 1.74 | A |
| PG | | | | | | |
| V_{IN} Upper threshold | V_{INTH} | | 2.8 | 2.925 | 2.97 | V |
| Hysteresis on V_{IN} pin | V_{HYS} | | | 100 | | mV |
| Power Good Rising Delay | $T_{PG_D\ Rise}$ | | | 100 | | μs |
| Power Good Deglitch Delay | $T_{PG_D\ Fall}$ | | | | 5 | μs |
| Power Good High | V_{PG_H} | $V_{CC}=3.3V$ | 3.2 | | | V |
| Power Good Low | V_{PG_L} | Sink 1mA | | | 0.4 | V |
| Discharge Resistance | | | | | | |
| Resistance | R_{DIS} | | | 200 | | Ω |

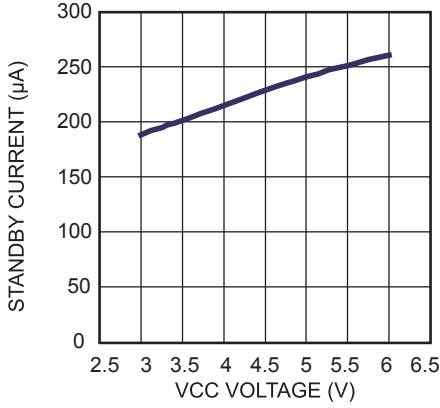
Notes:

5) Guarantee by Characterization-Not Production tested.

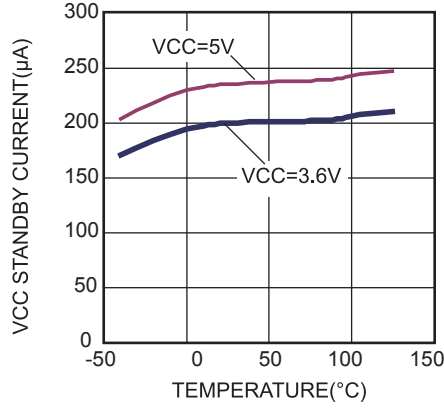
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

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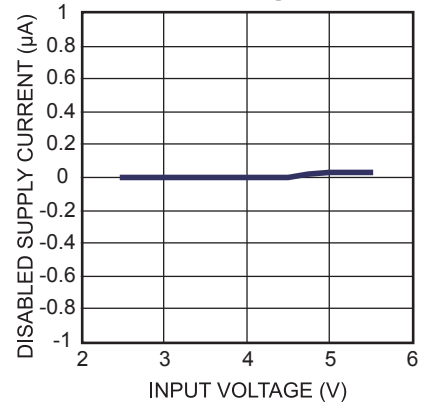
Vcc Standby Current vs. Vcc



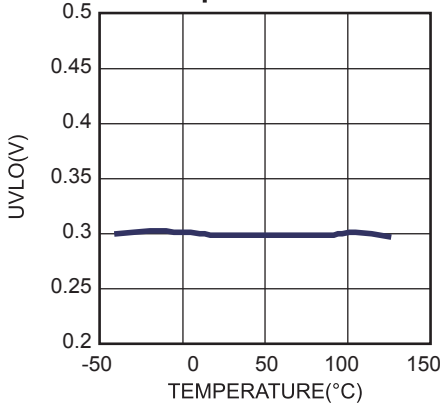
Vcc Standby Current vs. Temperature



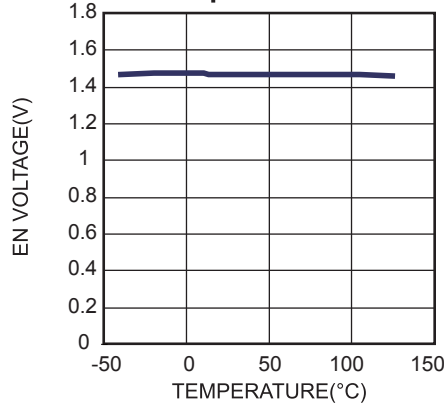
Disabled Supply Current vs. Input Voltage



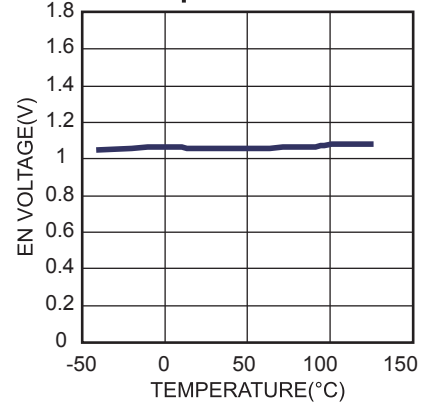
VIN UVLO Rising Threshold vs. Temperature



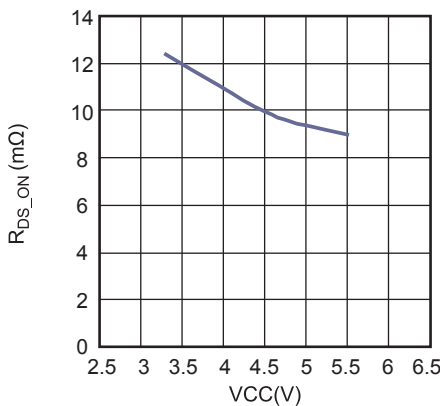
EN Rising Threshold vs. Temperature



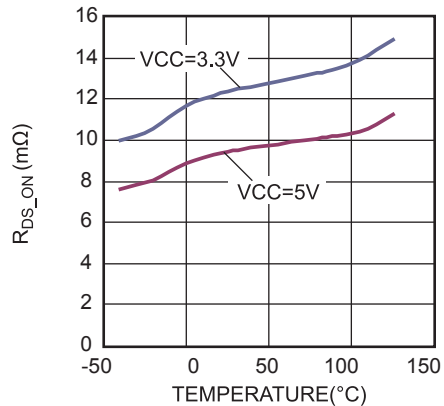
EN Falling Threshold vs. Temperature



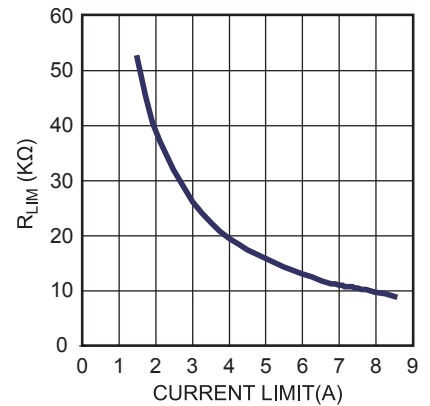
$R_{DS(on)}$ vs. Vcc



$R_{DS(on)}$ vs. Temperature



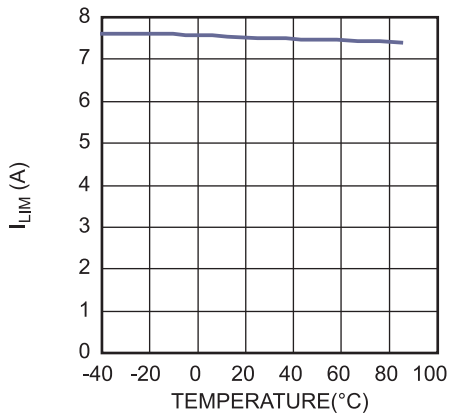
Current Limit vs R_{LIM}



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

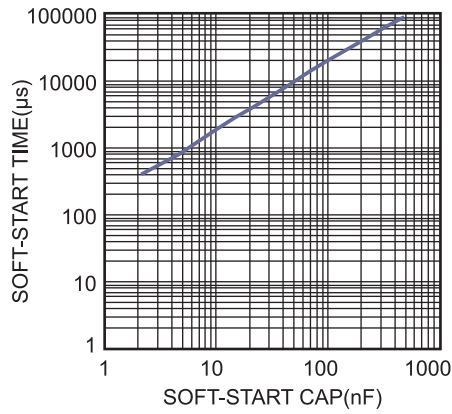
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I_{LIM} vs. Temperature

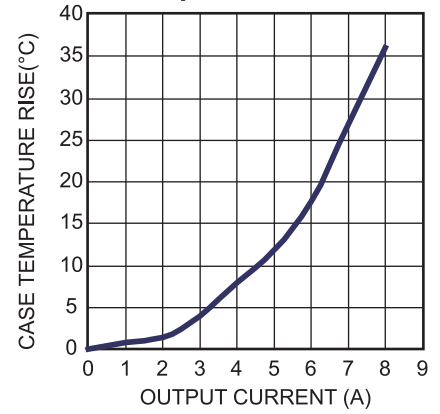


Soft-Start vs. Cap

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$



Case Temperature Rise vs. Output Current

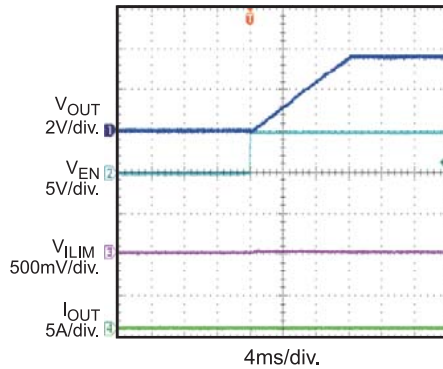


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

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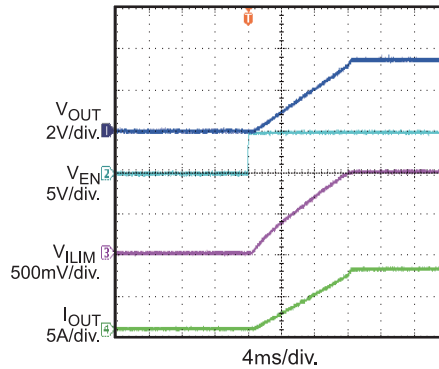
Enable Startup

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, No Load



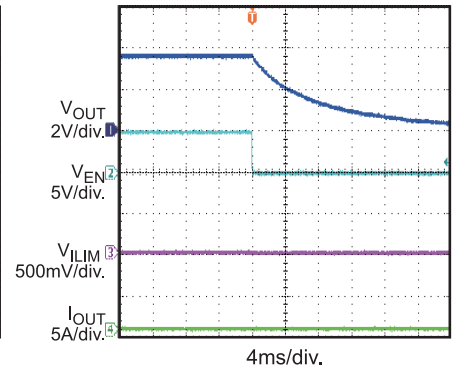
Enable Startup

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, 7A Load



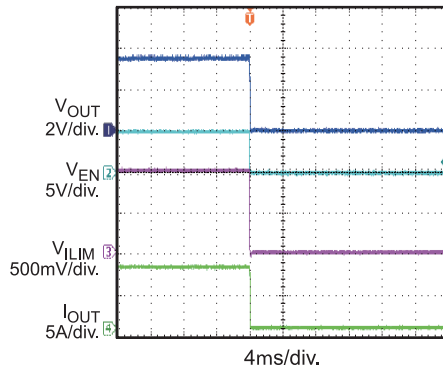
Enable Shutdown

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, No Load



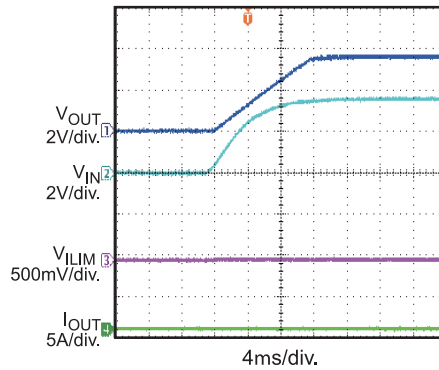
Enable Shutdown

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, 7A Load



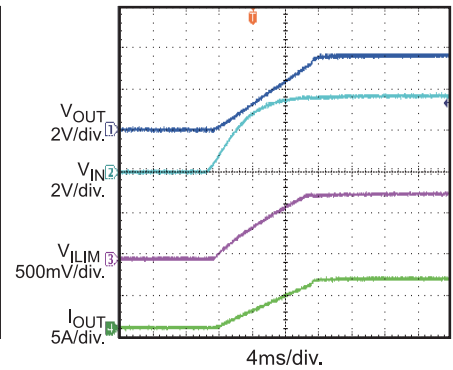
Power Up

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, No Load



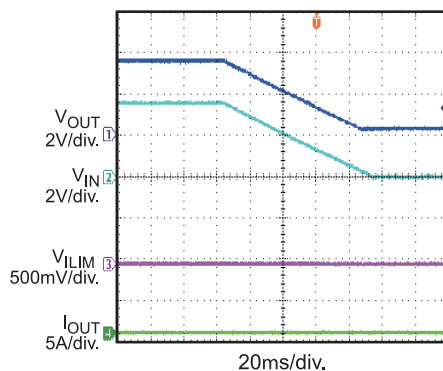
Power Up

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, 7A Load



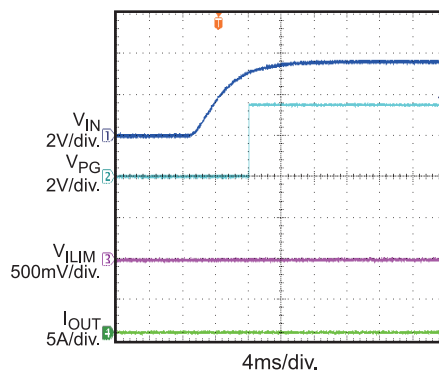
Power Down

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, No Load



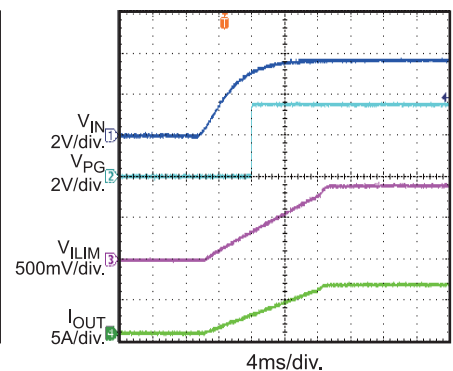
Power Good

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, No Load



Power Good

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, 7A Load

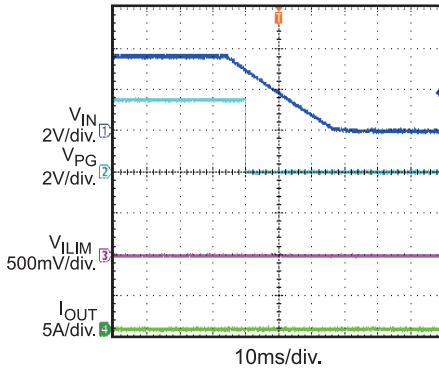


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

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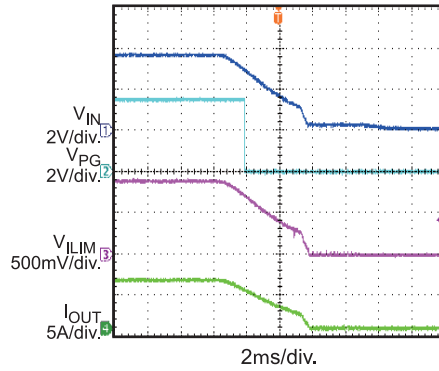
Power Good

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, No Load



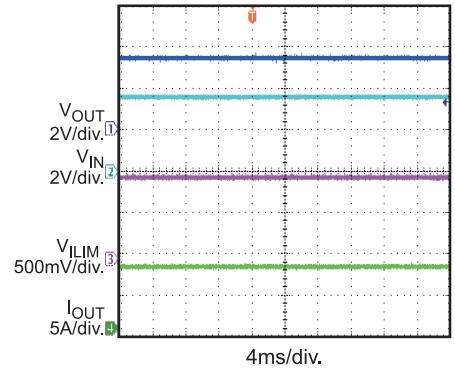
Power Good

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, 7A Load



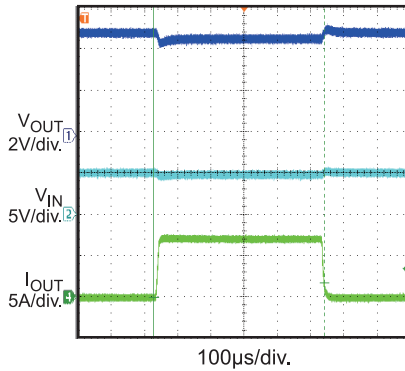
Steady State

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, 7A Load



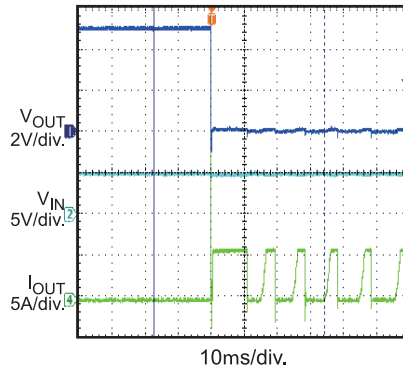
Load Transient Response

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $I_{OUT} = 0A-7A$



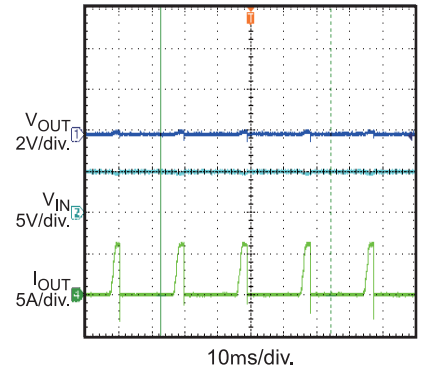
SCP Enter

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $R_{LIMIT} = 10.5k\Omega$



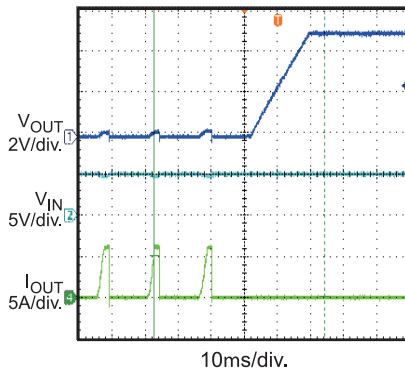
SCP Steady State

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $R_{LIMIT} = 10.5k\Omega$



SCP Recover

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $R_{LIMIT} = 10.5k\Omega$



PIN FUNCTIONS

| QFN-12 (2mmx2mm) Pin # | Name | Description |
|------------------------------|------|--|
| 1 | EN | Enable Input. Pulling this pin below the specified threshold shuts the chip down. |
| 2 | GND | Ground. |
| 3 | VCC | Supply Voltage to the Control Circuitry. |
| 4 | ILIM | Output Current Limit Configure. Place a resistor to ground to set the overload current limit level. |
| 5 | SS | Soft Start Pin. An external capacitor connected to this pin sets the slew rate of the output voltage soft start period. |
| 6, 11 | VIN | Input Power Supply. |
| 7, 8, 9, 10 | VOUT | Output to the Load. |
| 12 | PG | Power Good Pin. Push-Pull output to monitor input voltage. If VIN pin voltage is higher than 3V, the PG voltage is high. |

BLOCK DIAGRAM

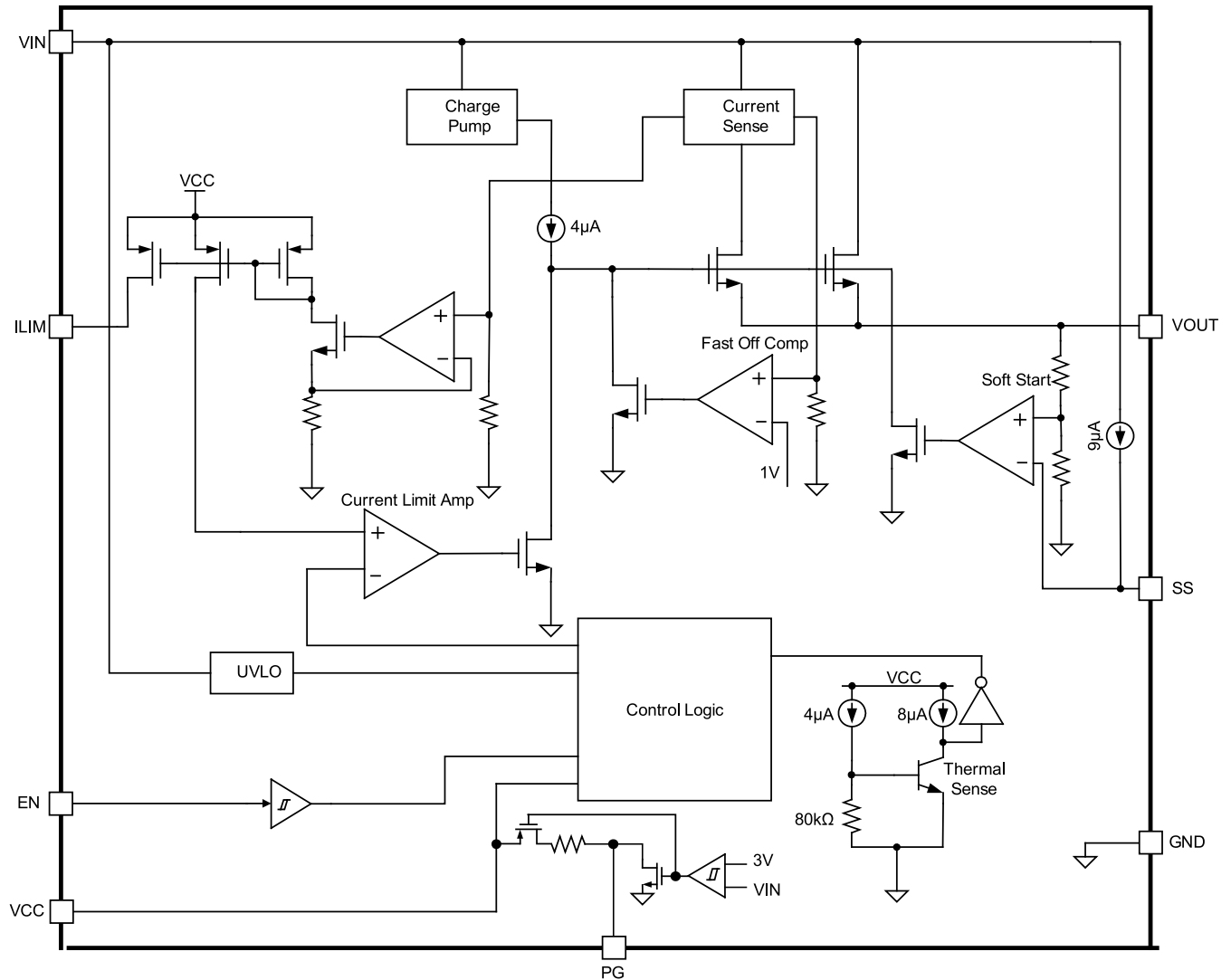


Figure 1: Functional Block Diagram

OPERATION

The MP5087A is designed to limit the in-rush current to the load, thereby limiting the backplane's voltage drop and the slew rate of the voltage to the load. It provides an integrated solution to monitor the input voltage and output current to eliminate the need for an external current power MOSFET, and current switch device.

Enable

When input voltage is greater than the under-voltage lockout threshold (UVLO), typically 0.5V, MP5087A can be enabled by pulling EN pin to higher than 1.5V. Pulling down and floating to ground will disable MP5087A.

The recommend start up sequence is power up VIN first. After V_{IN} is ready, pull EN voltage to high.

Current Limit

The MP5087A provides a constant current limit that can be programmed by an external resistor. Once the device reaches its current limit threshold, the internal circuit regulates the gate voltage to hold the current in the power FET constant. The typical response time is about 20μs and the output current may have a small overshoot during this time period.

The pre-set current limit value can be calculated by below equation:

$$I_{LIM}(A) = \frac{82000}{R_{LIM}(\Omega)} \quad (1)$$

R_{LIM} is R1 which is placed between ILIM pin to ground in Figure 4.

If the current limit block starts to regulate the output current, the power loss on power MOSFET will cause the IC temperature rise. If the junction temperature rose to high enough, it will trigger thermal shutdown. After thermal shutdown happened, it will disable the output until the over temperature fault remove. The over temperature threshold is 155°C and hysteresis is 30°C.

Power-Good Function

The PG pin is the push pull output that can be pulled high to V_{CC}. The V_{IN} sense input is connected internally to monitored system voltage directly. When the V_{IN} voltage raises over 3V, PG is high. A threshold hysteresis will prevent the chip from responding perturbation on V_{IN} pin.

Short-Circuit Protection

If the load current increases rapidly due to a short circuit, the current may exceed the current limit threshold by a lot before the control loop can respond. If the current reaches an internal secondary current limit level (about 13A), a fast turn-off circuit activates to turn off the power FET. This limits the peak current through the switch to limit the input voltage drop. The total short circuit response time is about 200ns. If fast off works, it will keep off the power FET for 80μs. After that time period, it will re-turn on power FET.

Output Discharge

MP5087A has output discharge function. This function can discharge the V_{OUT} by internal pull down resistance when IC EN or V_{CC} disabled and the load is very light.

Soft-Start

A capacitor connected to the SS pin determines the soft-start time. There is an internal 9μA constant current source charge SS cap and ramps up the voltage on the SS pin. The output voltage rises at 3 times the slew rate to the SS voltage.

The soft-start time can be calculated by below equation:

$$T_{SS}(ms) = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{V_{OUT}(V) \cdot C_{SS}(nF)}{I_{SS}(\mu A)} \quad (2)$$

T_{SS} is the soft-start time, I_{SS} is internal 9μA constant current, C_{SS} is external soft-start cap.

The suggestion minimum SS cap should be bigger than 4.7nF. If the SS pin is floated or SS cap is too small, the V_{out} rising time will be just limited by power MOS charge time.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

ILIM Resistor Selection

The current limit value can be set by ILIM resistor. The current limit can be gotten by equation (1).

The current limit threshold is suggested to 10% ~ 20% higher than maximum load current. For example, if the system's full load is 7A, set the current limit to 7.7A.

ILIM Capacitor Selection

The internal advanced auto-zero comparator bring a high accuracy of current limit. The auto-zero will also cause some little jitter on ILIM pin. To get a more stable ILIM, a small ceramic capacitor can be mounted between ILIM and ground. Suggested place a ILIM capacitor less than 1nF.

Soft Start Capacitor Selection

There is an internal 9 μ A constant current source charge SS cap and ramps up the voltage on the SS pin. The output voltage rises follow 3 times the slew rate of SS voltage.

If the inrush on output current reached the current limit during start up (like with large output cap or very large load), MP5087A will limit the output current and the same time, SS time will be increased (Figure 2 and Figure 3).

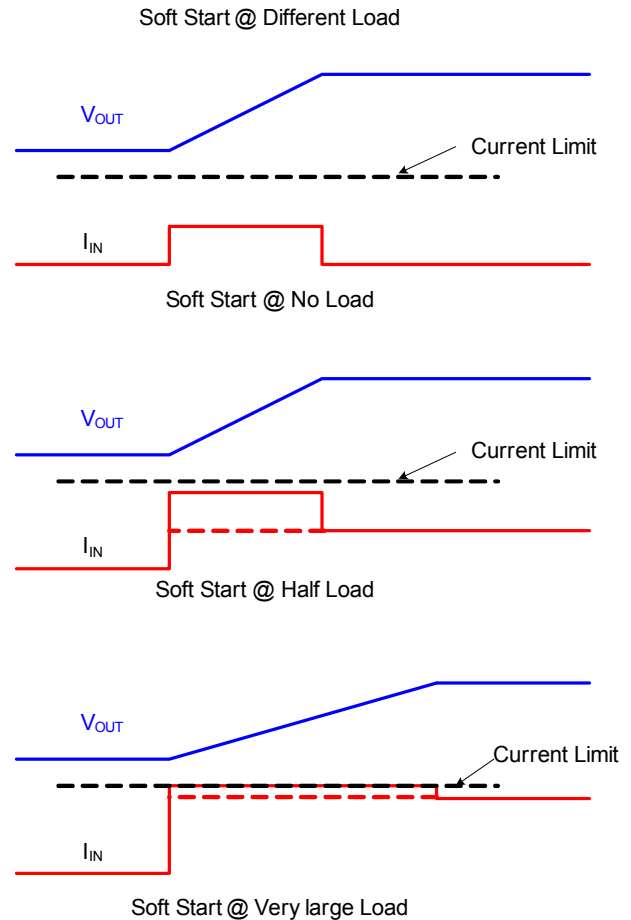


Figure 2: Soft Start Periods at different load

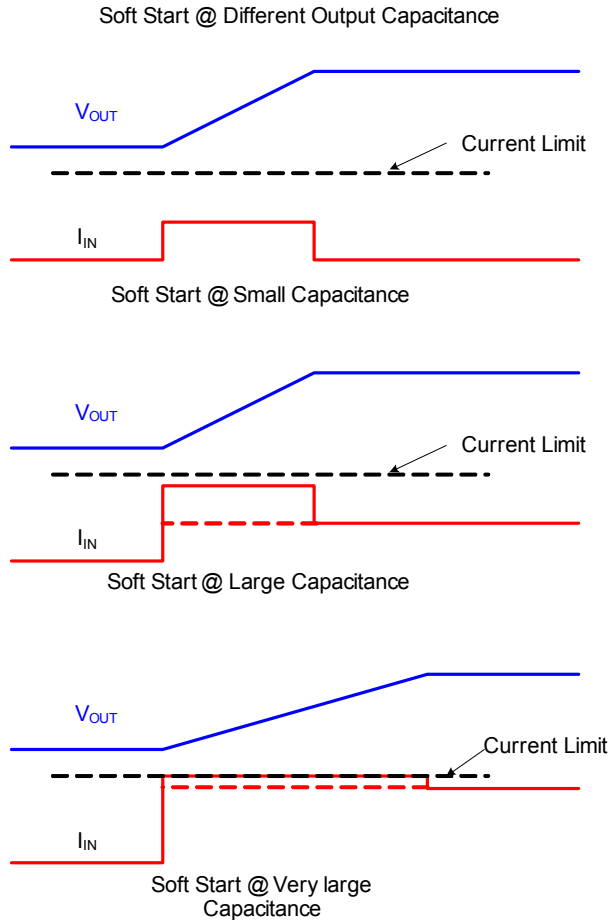


Figure 3: Soft Start Periods at different output capacitance

Design Example

Some design examples are provided below. See Table 1 and Figure 4.

Table 1

| V_{IN} (V) | Max Load Range (A) | R_{LIM} (k Ω) | SS cap (nF) | SS time (ms) |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 5 | 3 | 26.1 | 22 | 4 |
| 5 | 5 | 15.8 | 47 | 9 |
| 5 | 7.5 | 10.5 | 100 | 20 |

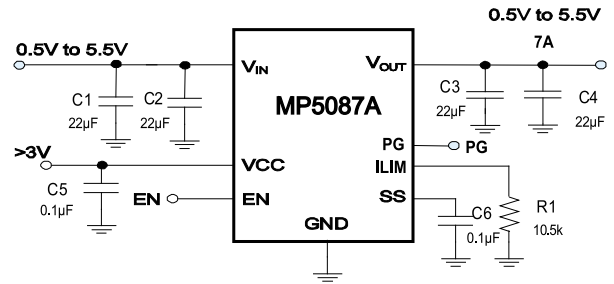


Figure 4: Typical Application Schematic

Layout Guide

PCB layout is very important to achieve stable operation. Please follow these guidelines and take below figure for reference (take schematic in Figure 4 as an example). Place ILIM resistor (R1 in Figure 4) close to ILIM pin, input cap close to V_{CC} pin. Put enough vias around IC to achieve better thermal performance.

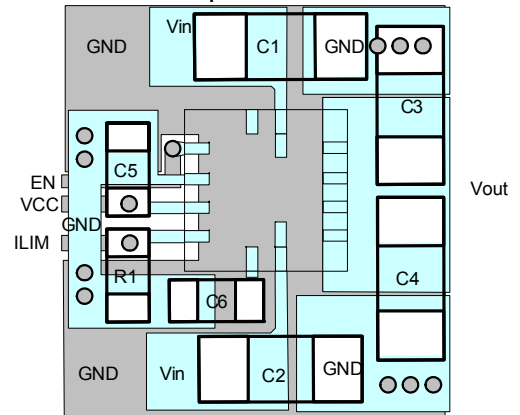
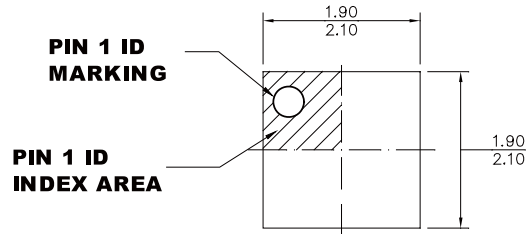


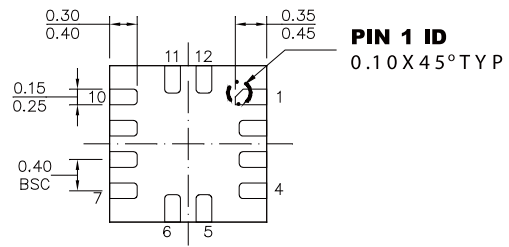
Figure 5: Recommended Layout

PACKAGE INFORMATION

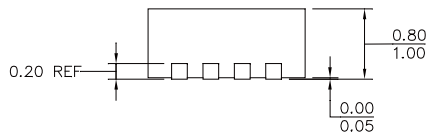
QFN-12 (2mmx2mm)



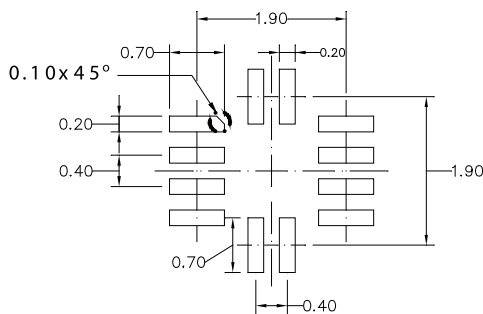
TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

NOTE:

- 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
- 2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH
- 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETERS MAX
- 4) JEDEC REFERENCE IS MQ220.
- 5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE

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