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DESCRIPTION

The MP8802 is a low-noise, low-dropout linear regulator. It operates from 2.7V to 6.5V input voltage, and regulates the output voltage with 2% accuracy at 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V, or from 1.25V to 5V.

The MP8802 can supply up to 250mA of load current. The MP8802 features thermal overload protection. It is available in a 5-pin TSOT23-5 package.

FIXED VOLTAGE PART NUMBERS

Part Number	Output Voltage
MP8802DJ-2.5	2.5V
MP8802DJ-2.85	2.85V
MP8802DJ-3.3	3.3V

EVALUATION BOARD REFERENCE

Board Number	Output*	Dimensions
EV8802DJ-00A	2.85V	2.0"X x 2.0"Y x 0.4"Z

Default output voltage adjustable from 1.25V to 5.0V using an external resistor divider.

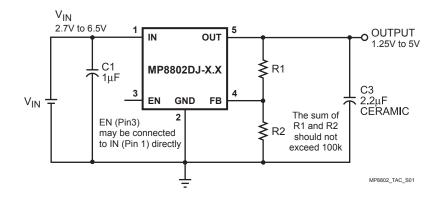
FEATURES

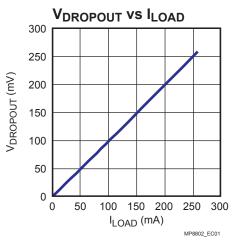
- Low 250mV Dropout at 250mA Output
- 2% Accurate Output Voltage
- Fixed Output Voltage Options of 2.5V, 2.85V or 3.3V
- Adjustable Output Voltage Option from 1.25V to 5V using an External Resistor Divider
- Up to 6.5V Input Voltage
- High PSRR
 - o 70dB at 1KHz
 - o 30dB at 1MHz
- Better Than 0.001%/mA Load Regulation
- Stable With Low-ESR Output Capacitor
- Low 125µA Ground Current
- Internal Thermal Protection

APPLICATIONS

- 802.11 PC Cards
- Mobile Handset PLL Power
- Audio Codec Power

TYPICAL APPLICATION





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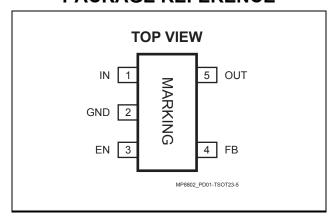


ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking	Free Air Temperature (T _A)
MP8802DJ-2.5		G6	
MP8802DJ-2.85	TSOT23-5	H2	–40°C to +85°C
MP8802DJ-3.3		H3	

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z. (eg. MP8802DJ–2.85–Z); For RoHS compliant packaging, add suffix –LF. (eg. MP8802DJ–2.85–LF–Z)

PACKAGE REFERENCE



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM	RATINGS (1)
IN Supply Voltage	
FB Voltage0.3	V to $V_{OUT} + 0.3V$
All Other Pins	0.3V to +6V
Continuous Power Dissipation	$(T_A = +25^{\circ}C)^{(2)}$
	0.57W
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature	
Storage Temperature	
Recommended Operating C	Conditions ⁽³⁾
Input Voltage	
Output Voltage	
Load Current2	
Operating Junct. Temp (T _J)	

Thermal Resistance ⁽⁴⁾	$oldsymbol{ heta}_{JA}$	$oldsymbol{ heta}_{JC}$
TSOT23-5	220	110 °C/W

Notes

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J(MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA}, and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D(MAX)=(T_J(MAX)-T_A)/ θ_{JA}. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7 4-layer PCB..



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{IN} = 5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Min	Typ (5)	Max	Units
Operating Voltage		I _{OUT} = 1mA		2.7		6.5	V
Output Voltage Accuracy		$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{mA}, V_{OUT} = 1.25 \text{V to 5V}$		2.0	±1.0	2.0	%
Ground Pin Current		$I_{OUT} = 1mA - 250$	mA		125	155	μA
Shutdown Current		$V_{EN} = 0V, V_{IN} =$	5V		0.1	1	μA
ER Regulation Voltage				1.197	1.222	1.246	V
rb Regulation Voltage	FB Regulation Voltage $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		35°C	1.194	1.222	1.249	V
Dropout Voltage (6)		I _{OUT} = 250mA	V _{OUT} = 3V		230		mV
Diopout voltage		10UT - 250111A	$V_{OUT} = 4V$		190		IIIV
Line Regulation		$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{mA},$ $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{V}) \text{ to } 6.5 \text{V}^{(7)}$			0.005	0.08	%/V
Load Regulation		I_{OUT} = 1mA to 250mA, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V ⁽⁷⁾			0.001	0.02	%/mA
PSRR		$V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 0.5V$, $C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu F$, $V_{IN}(AC) = 100 \text{mV}$, $f = 1 \text{kHz}$			70		dB
FORK		$V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 0.5V$, $C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu F$, $V_{IN}(AC) = 100 \text{mV}$, $f = 1 \text{MHz}$			30		dB
Output Voltage Noise		$f = 1kHz, C_{FB} > 0.1\mu F, I_{OUT} = 1mA$			300		nV/√Hz
EN Input High Voltage						1.5	V
EN Input Low Voltage				0.4			V
EN Input Bias Current		V _{EN} = 0V, 5V			0.01	1	μΑ
Thermal Protection					155		°C
Thermal Protection Hysteresis					30		°C

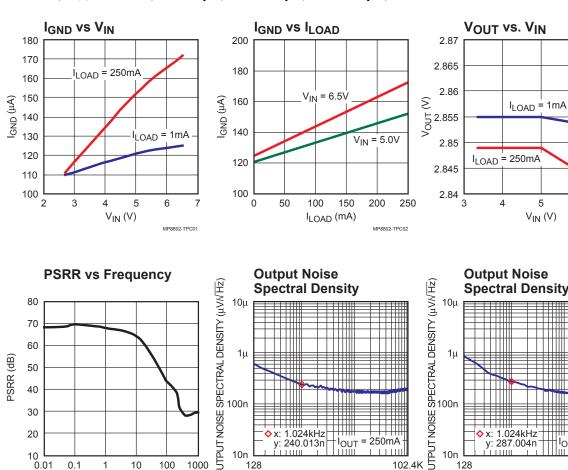
⁵⁾ Parameter is guaranteed by design, not production tested.

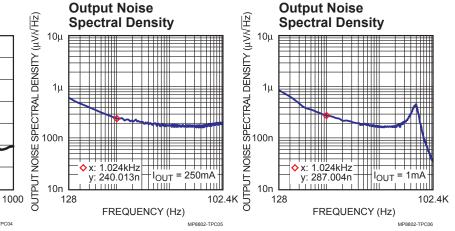
 ⁶⁾ Dropout Voltage is defined as the input to output differential when the output voltage drops 1% below its normal value.
 7) V_{IN} = 2.7V for V_{OUT} = 1.25V to 2.2V

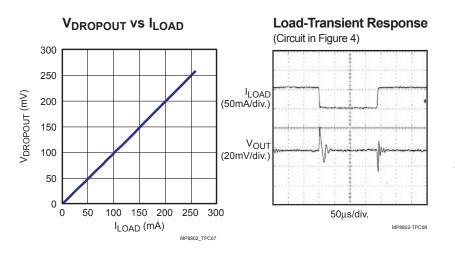


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

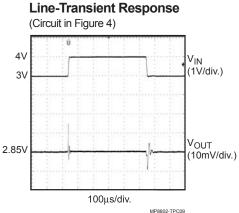
 $V_{IN} = 4.5V$, $V_{OUT} = 2.85V$, C1 = 1 μ F, C2 = 0.1 μ F, C3 = 2.2 μ F, $T_A = +25$ °C unless otherwise noted.







FREQUENCY (KHz)



5

 $V_{IN}(V)$

MP8802-TPC03



PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin#	Name	Description
1	IN	Power Source Input. IN supplies the internal power to the MP8802 and is the source of the pass transistor. Bypass IN to GND with a 1µF or greater capacitor.
2	GND	Ground.
3	EN	Enable Input. Drive EN high to turn on the MP8802, drive EN low to turn it off. For automatic startup, connect EN to IN.
4	FB	Feedback Input. Connect a resistive voltage divider from OUT to FB to set the output voltage. OUT feedback threshold is 1.222V.
5	OUT	Regulator Output. OUT is the output of the linear regulator. Bypass OUT to GND with a 1µF or greater capacitor.

OPERATION

The MP8802 is a low-current, low-noise, high-PSRR, low-dropout, linear regulator. It is intended for use in devices that require very low noise power supplies and high-PSRR such as PLL VCO supplies for mobile handsets and 802.11 PC Cards, as well as audio codecs and

microphones. The MP8802 uses a PMOS pass element and features internal thermal shutdown. As shown in Figures 1 and 2, optional feed-forward capacitor C_{BYP} may be added between FB and OUT pins for an improved transient response.

MP8802_F01_BD01

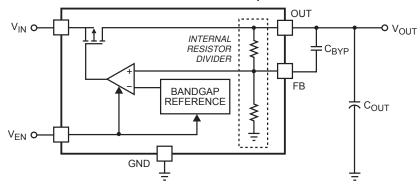


Figure 1—Ultra-Low-Noise Fixed Output Regulator

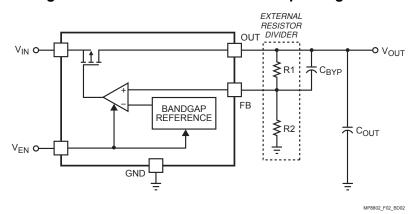


Figure 2—Ultra-Low-Noise Adjustable Regulator: $V_{OUT} = V_{FB}(1+(R1/R2))$



APPLICATION INFORMATION SETTING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The fixed output voltage of the MP8802DJ is set to 2.5V, 2.85V or 3.3V, depending on the internal resistor divider (Figure 1). You can also adjust the output voltage by using an external resistor divider (R1 and R2 in Figure 2). However, the sum of R1 and R2 should not exceed $100k\Omega$ to minimize the impact of the internal resistor divider. For accurate output-voltage setting, it is suggested to use $10k\Omega$ ($\pm1\%$) for the low-side resistor R2 of the voltage divider, the high side resistor R1 can be determined by the equation:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT} - V_{FB}}{V_{FB}} \right)$$

Where V_{FB} is the OUT feedback threshold voltage equal to 1.222V.

Example: For 2.5V Output

$$R1 = \frac{2.5V - 1.222V}{\left(\frac{1.222V}{10k\Omega}\right)} = 10.41k\Omega$$

You can select a standard 10.5k Ω ($\pm 1\%$) resistor for R1.

The following table lists the selected R1 values for some typical output voltages:

Table 1—Adjustable Output Voltage R1 Values

V _{OUT} (V)	R1 (Ω)
1.25	232
1.5	2.26k
1.8	4.75k
2	6.34k
2.5	10.5k
2.8	13k
3	14.7k
3.3	16.9k
4	22.6k
5	30.9k

In Figures 3 and 4, C2 is added for an improved transient response.

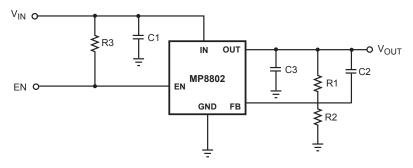


PCB Layout Guide

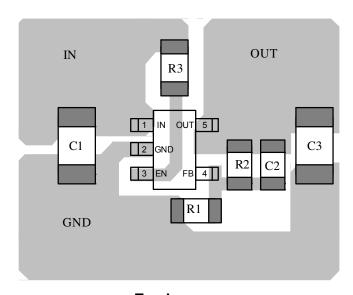
PCB layout is very important to achieve good regulation, ripple rejection, transient response and thermal performance. It is highly recommended to duplicate EVB layout for optimum performance.

If change is necessary, please follow these guidelines and take figure 5 for reference.

- Input and output bypass ceramic capacitors are suggested to be put close to the IN Pin and OUT Pin respectively.
- Ensure all feedback connections are short and direct. Place the feedback resistors and compensation components as close to the chip as possible.
- Connect IN, OUT and especially GND respectively to a large copper area to cool the chip to improve thermal performance and long-term reliability.



MP8802_F05_TAC03



Top Layer
Figure 5—PCB Layout



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

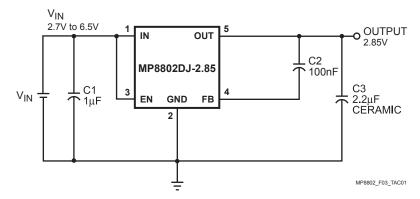


Figure 3—Typical Application Circuit (Fixed)

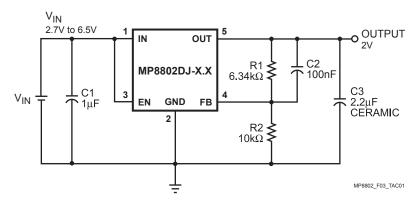
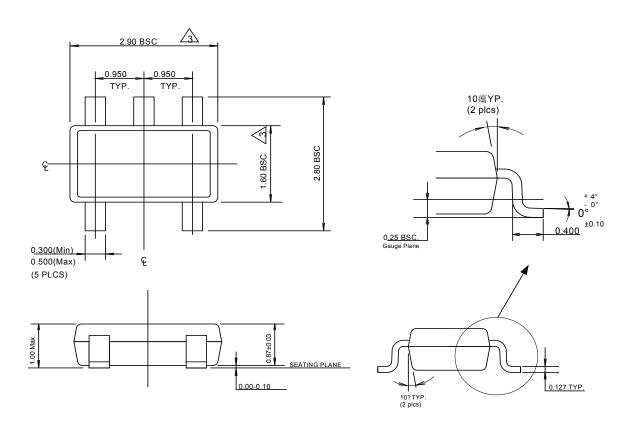


Figure 4—Typical Application Circuit (Adjustable)



PACKAGE INFORMATION

TSOT23-5



Dimensions are in millimeters

NOTE:

- 1. Dimensions and tolerances are as per ANSI Y14.5M, 1994.
- 2. Die is facing up for mold. Die is facing down for trim/form, ie. reverse trim/form.

3. Dimensions are exclusive of mold flash and gate burr.

- 4. The footlength measuring is based on the gauge plane method.
- 5. All specification comply to Jedec Spec MO193 Issue C.

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