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74F283
4-bit binary full adder with fast carry

IC15 Data Handbook

## FEATURES

- High speed 4-bit addition
- Cascadable in 4-bit increments
- Fast Internal carry look-ahead


## DESCRIPTION

The 74F283 adds two 4-bit binary words (An plus Bn) plus the incoming carry. The binary sum appears on the sum outputs ( $\Sigma 0-\Sigma 3$ ) and the outgoing carry ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$ ) according to the equation: $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}+2^{0}(\mathrm{~A} 0+\mathrm{B} 0)+2^{1}(\mathrm{~A} 1+\mathrm{B} 1)+2^{2}(\mathrm{~A} 2+\mathrm{B} 2)+2^{3}(\mathrm{~A} 3+\mathrm{B} 3)$
$=\Sigma 0+2 \Sigma 1+4 \Sigma 2+8 \Sigma 3+16 \mathrm{C}_{\text {OUT }}$ where (+)=plus

Due to the symmetry of the binary add function, the 74F283 can be used with either all active-High operands (positive logic) or with all active-Low operands (negative logic). See Function Table. In case of all active-Low operands (negative logic) the results $\Sigma 1-\Sigma 4$ and $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OUT }}$ should be interpreted also as active-Low. With active-High inputs, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}^{N}}$ cannot be left open; it must be held Low when no "carry in" is intended. Interchanging inputs of equal weight does not affect the operation, thus $\mathrm{A} 0, \mathrm{~B} 0, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ can arbitrarily be assigned to pins 5,6 , 7, etc.
Due to pin limitations, the intermediate carries of the 74F283 are not brought out for use as inputs or outputs. However, other means can be used to effectively insert a carry into, or bring a carry out from, an intermediate stage.

## PIN CONFIGURATION



| TYPE | TYPICAL <br> PROPAGATION <br> DELAY | TYPICAL <br> SUPPLY CURRENT <br> (TOTAL) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 74 F 283 | 6.5 ns | 40 mA |

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| DESCRIPTION | COMMERCIAL RANGE <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, <br> $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | PKG DWG \# |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 16-pin plastic DIP | N74F283N | SOT38-4 |
| 16-pin plastic SO | N74F283D | SOT109-1 |

## INPUT AND OUTPUT LOADING AND FAN-OUT TABLE

| PINS | DESCRIPTION | 74F(U.L.) <br> HIGH/LOW | LOAD VALUE <br> HIGH/LOW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A0 - A3 | A operand inputs | $1.0 / 2.0$ | $20 \mu \mathrm{~A} / 1.2 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| B0 - B3 | B operand inputs | $1.0 / 2.0$ | $20 \mu \mathrm{~A} / 1.2 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Carry input | $1.0 / 1.0$ | $20 \mu \mathrm{~A} / 0.6 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Carry output | $50 / 33$ | $1.0 \mathrm{~mA} / 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| $\Sigma 0-\Sigma 3$ | Sum outputs | $50 / 33$ | $1.0 \mathrm{~mA} / 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |

## NOTE:

One (1.0) FAST Unit Load is defined as: $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ in the High state and 0.6 mA in the Low state.

LOGIC SYMBOL


LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)


## LOGIC DIAGRAM



FUNCTION TABLE

| PINS | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | A0 | A1 | A2 | A3 | B0 | B1 | B2 | B3 | $\Sigma 0$ | $\Sigma 1$ | $\Sigma 2$ | $\Sigma 3$ | Cout | Example: <br> 1001 <br> 1010 <br> 10011 <br> $(10+9=19)$ <br> (carry $+5+6=12$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logic levels | L | L | H | L | H | H | L | L | H | H | H | L | L | H |  |
| Active High | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |
| Active Low | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |

H = High voltage level
$L=$ Low voltage level

Figure A shows how to make a 3-bit adder. Tying the operand inputs of the fourth adder (A3, B3) Low makes $\Sigma 3$ dependent only on, and equal to, the carry from the third adder. Using somewhat the same principle, Figure B shows a way of dividing the 74F283 into a 2 -bit and a 1 -bit adder. The third stage adder (A2, B2, 22 ) is used as means of getting a carry (C10) signal into the fourth stage adder (via A 2 and B 2 ) and bringing out the carry from the second stage on $\Sigma 2$. Note that as long as A2 and B2 are the same, whether High or Low,
they do not influence $\Sigma 2$. Similarly, when A 2 and B 2 are the same, the carry into the third stage does not influence the carry out of the third stage. Figure C shows a method of implementing a 5 -input encoder where the inputs are equally weighted. The outputs $\Sigma 0, \Sigma 1$ and $\Sigma 2$ present a binary number of inputs $10-14$ that are true. Figure D shows one method of implementing a 5 -input majority gate. When three or more of the inputs I0-I4 are true, the output M4 is true.

## APPLICATIONS


A. 3-bit Adder

C. 5-input Encoder

B. 2-bit and 1-bit Adder

D. 5-input Majority Gate

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Operation beyond the limits set forth in this table may impair the useful life of the device. Unless otherwise noted these limits are over the operating free-air temperature range.)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | RATING | UNIT |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | Supply voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Input current | -30 to +5 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Voltage applied to output in High output state | -0.5 to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Current applied to output in Low output state | 40 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {amb }}$ | Operating free-air temperature range | 0 to +70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage temperature | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | LIMITS |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Nom | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply voltage | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1 \text { I }}$ | High-level input voltage | 2.0 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Low-level input voltage |  |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | Input clamp current |  |  | -18 | mA |
| $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High-level output current |  |  | -1 | mA |
| l OL | Low-level output current |  |  | 20 | mA |
| Tamb | Operating free-air temperature range | 0 |  | 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
(Over recommended operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted.)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER |  | TEST CONDITIONS ${ }^{\text {NO TAG }}$ |  | LIMITS |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | MIN | TYP <br> NO TAG | MAX |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High-level output voltage |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MIN}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}=\mathrm{MAX}$ | $\pm 10 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\text {CC }}$ | 2.5 |  |  | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{MIN}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=\mathrm{MAX}$ | $\pm 5 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\text {cc }}$ | 2.7 | 3.4 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Low-level output voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MIN}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}=\mathrm{MAX}$ | $\pm 10 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ |  | 0.30 | 0.50 | V |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{H}}=\mathrm{MIN}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=\mathrm{MAX}$ | $\pm 5 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\text {cc }}$ |  | 0.30 | 0.50 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | Input clamp voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MIN}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I}}$ |  |  | -0.73 | -1.2 | V |  |
| I | Input current at maximum input voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MAX}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=7.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | High-level input current |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MAX}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| ${ }_{\text {IIL }}$ | Low-level input current | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ only | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MAX}, \mathrm{V}_{1}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | -0.6 | mA |  |
|  |  | An, Bn |  |  |  |  | -1.2 | mA |  |
| los | Short-circuit output current ${ }^{\text {NO }}$ TAG |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MAX}$ |  | -60 |  | -150 | mA |  |
| Icc | Supply current (total) ${ }^{4}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MAX}$ |  |  | 40 | 55 | mA |  |

## NOTES:

1. For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions for the applicable type.
2. All typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
3. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time. For testing los, the use of high-speed test apparatus and/or sample-and-hold techniques are preferable in order to minimize internal heating and more accurately reflect operational values. Otherwise, prolonged shorting of a High output may raise the chip temperature well above normal and thereby cause invalid readings in other parameter tests. In any sequence of parameter tests, los tests should be performed last.
4. I ICC should be measured with all outputs open and the following conditions:

Condition1: all inputs grounded
Condition 2: all B inputs Low, other inputs at 4.5 V
Condition 3: all inputs at 4.5 V

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | LIMITS |  |  |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+5 . \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=500 \Omega \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=+5 . \mathrm{V} \pm 10 \% \\ \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=500 \Omega \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | MAX |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { tpLH } \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHHL}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Propagation delay <br> $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ to $\Sigma \mathrm{i}$ | Waveform 1, 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 4.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.0 \\ & 7.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.5 \\ & 9.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 3.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.5 \\ & 10.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLH}} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHL}} \end{aligned}$ | Propagation delay <br> Ai or Bi to $\Sigma \mathrm{i}$ | Waveform 1, 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 3.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.0 \\ & 7.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.5 \\ & 9.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \\ & 3.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.5 \\ & 10.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ns } \\ & \text { ns } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { tpLH } \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHHL}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Propagation delay $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ to $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Waveform 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 3.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.7 \\ & 5.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & 7.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 2.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.5 \\ & 8.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { tpLH } \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pHHL}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Propagation delay <br> Ai or Bi to Cout | Waveform 1, 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.5 \\ & 2.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.7 \\ & 5.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & 7.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 2.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.5 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

## AC WAVEFORMS

For all waveforms, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{M}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$.


Waveform 1. Propagation Delay Operands and Carry Inputs to Outputs


Waveform 2. Propagation Delay Operands and Carry Inputs to Outputs

## TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORM



Test Circuit for Totem-Pole Outputs
$R_{\mathrm{L}}=$ Load resistor:
see AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS for value.
$C_{L}=$ Load capacitance includes jig and probe capacitance; see AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS for value.
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=$ Termination resistance should be equal to $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$ of pulse generators.


Input Pulse Definition

| family | INPUT PULSE REQUIREMENTS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | amplitude | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | rep. rate | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{w}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{T L H}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{T H L}}$ |
|  | 3.0 V | 1.5 V | 1 MHz | 500 ns | 2.5 ns | 2.5 ns |



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ min. | $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ <br> max. | b | $\mathrm{b}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{b}_{2}$ | c | $D^{(1)}$ | $E^{(1)}$ | e | $\mathrm{e}_{1}$ | L | $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | $\mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | w | $\underset{\max }{Z^{(1)}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 4.2 | 0.51 | 3.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.73 \\ & 1.30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.53 \\ & 0.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.25 \\ & 0.85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.36 \\ & 0.23 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.50 \\ & 18.55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.48 \\ & 6.20 \end{aligned}$ | 2.54 | 7.62 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.60 \\ & 3.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.25 \\ & 7.80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10.0 \\ 8.3 \end{gathered}$ | 0.254 | 0.76 |
| inches | 0.17 | 0.020 | 0.13 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.068 \\ & 0.051 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.021 \\ & 0.015 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.049 \\ & 0.033 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.014 \\ & 0.009 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.77 \\ & 0.73 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.26 \\ & 0.24 \end{aligned}$ | 0.10 | 0.30 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.14 \\ & 0.12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.32 \\ & 0.31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.39 \\ & 0.33 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | 0.030 |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | EIAJ |  |  |
| SOT38-4 |  |  |  | $\square$ ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & 92-11-17 \\ & 95-01-14 \end{aligned}$ |



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | c | $\mathrm{D}^{(1)}$ | $E^{(1)}$ | e | $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | L | $L_{p}$ | Q | v | w | y | $Z^{(1)}$ | $\theta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 1.75 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 0.10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.45 \\ & 1.25 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.49 \\ & 0.36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 0.19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 10.0 \\ 9.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 3.8 \end{aligned}$ | 1.27 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.2 \\ & 5.8 \end{aligned}$ | 1.05 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.1 | 0.7 0.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 8^{0} \\ & 0^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| inches | 0.069 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.010 \\ & 0.004 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.057 \\ & 0.049 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.019 \\ & 0.014 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0100 \\ & 0.0075 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.39 \\ & 0.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.16 \\ & 0.15 \end{aligned}$ | 0.050 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.244 \\ & 0.228 \end{aligned}$ | 0.041 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.039 \\ & 0.016 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.028 \\ & 0.020 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.028 \\ & 0.012 \end{aligned}$ |  |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

| outLine VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | EIAJ |  |  |
| SOT109-1 | 076E07S | MS-012AC |  | - ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & -95-01-25 \\ & 97-05-22 \end{aligned}$ |

## NOTES

Data sheet status

| Data sheet <br> status | Product <br> status | Definition [1] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Objective <br> specification | Development | This data sheet contains the design target or goal specifications for product development. <br> Specification may change in any manner without notice. |
| Preliminary <br> specification | Qualification | This data sheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. <br> Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make chages at any time without notice in order to <br> improve design and supply the best possible product. |
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Short-form specification - The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.
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