



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



NCP139

1 A, Very Low Dropout Bias Rail CMOS Voltage Regulator

The NCP139 is a 1 A VLDO equipped with NMOS pass transistor and a separate bias supply voltage (V_{BIAS}). The device provides very stable, accurate output voltage with low noise suitable for space constrained, noise sensitive applications. In order to optimize performance for battery operated portable applications, the NCP139 features low I_Q consumption. The WLCSP6 1.2 mm x 0.8 mm Chip Scale package is optimized for use in space constrained applications.

Features

- Input Voltage Range: V_{OUT} to 5.5 V
- Bias Voltage Range: 3.0 V to 5.5 V
- Adjustable and Fixed Voltage Version Available
- Output Voltage Range: 0.4 V to 1.8 V (Fixed)
0.5 V to 3.0 V (Adjustable)
- $\pm 1\%$ Accuracy over Temperature, 0.5% V_{OUT} @ 25°C
- Ultra-Low Dropout: Typ. 50 mV at 1 A
- Very Low Bias Input Current of Typ. 35 μ A
- Very Low Bias Input Current in Disable Mode: Typ. 0.5 μ A
- Logic Level Enable Input for ON/OFF Control
- Output Active Discharge Option Available
- Stable with a 10 μ F Ceramic Capacitor
- Available in WLCSP6 – 1.2 mm x 0.8 mm, 0.4 mm pitch Package
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

- Battery-powered Equipment
- Smartphones, Tablets
- Cameras, DVRs, STB and Camcorders

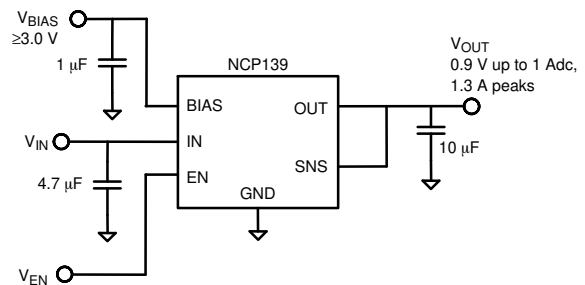
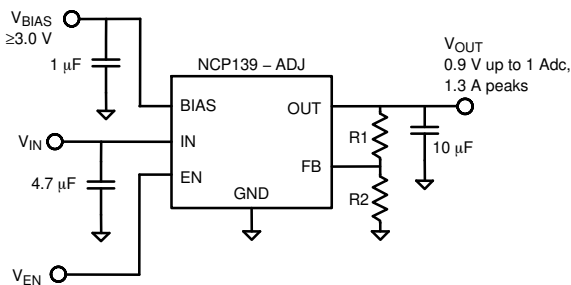


Figure 1. Typical Application Schematics



ON Semiconductor™

www.onsemi.com



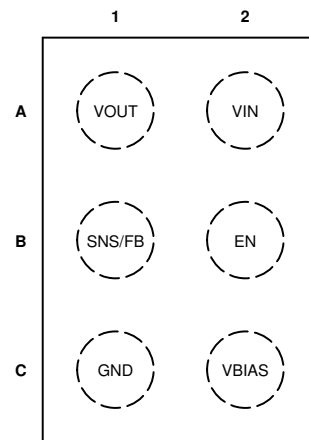
WLCSP6, 1.2x0.8
CASE 567MV

MARKING DIAGRAM



- XX = Specific Device Code
- M = Month Code
- = Pb-Free Package

PIN CONNECTIONS

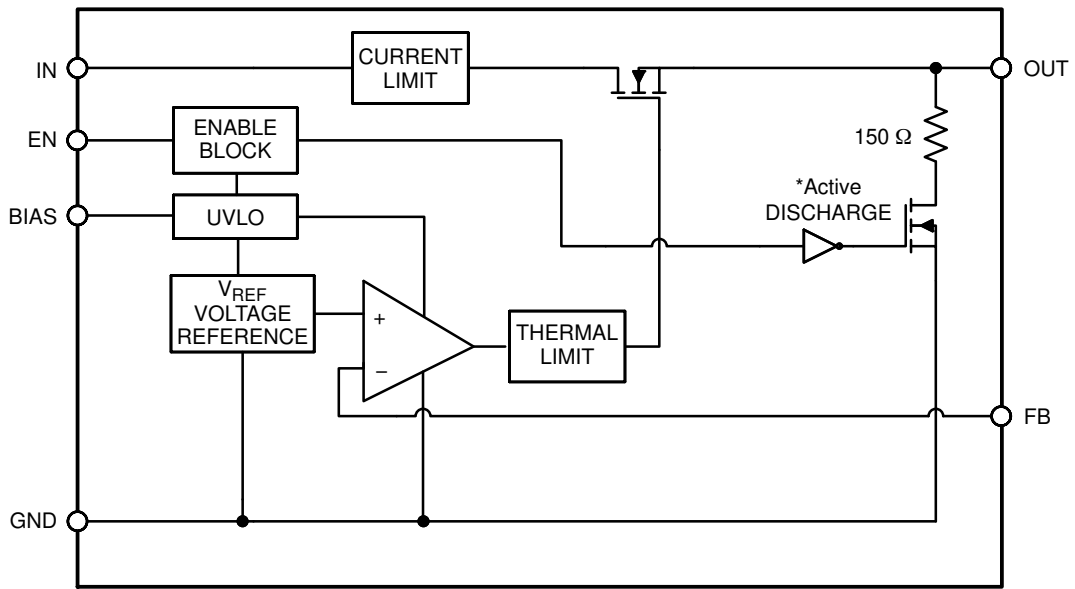


Top View

ORDERING INFORMATION

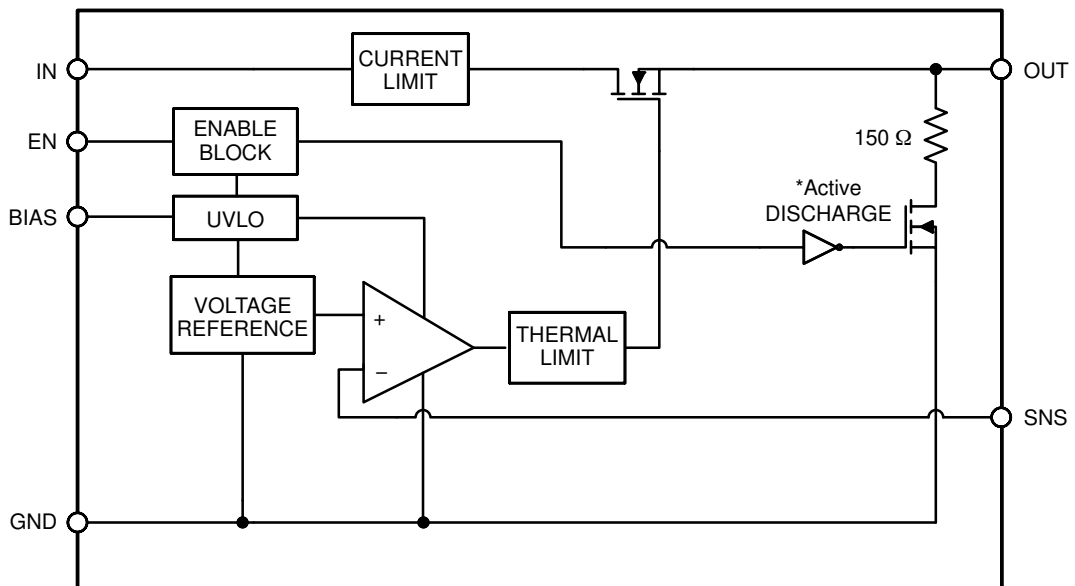
See detailed ordering, marking and shipping information on page 7 of this data sheet.

NCP139



*Active output discharge function is present only in NCP139A option devices.

Figure 2. Simplified Schematic Block Diagram – Adjustable Version



*Active output discharge function is present only in NCP139A option devices.

Figure 3. Simplified Schematic Block Diagram – Fixed Version

NCP139

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin No. WLCSP6	Pin Name	Description
A1	VOUT	Regulated Output Voltage pin
A2	VIN	Input Voltage Supply pin
B1 (ADJ devices)	FB	Adjustable Regulator Feedback Input. Connect to output voltage resistor divider central node.
B1 (Fix Volt devices)	SNS	Output voltage Sensing Input. Connect to Output on the PCB to output the voltage corresponding to the part version.
B2	EN	Enable pin. Driving this pin high enables the regulator. Driving this pin low puts the regulator into shutdown mode.
C1	GND	Ground pin
C2	VBIAS	Bias voltage supply for internal control circuits. This pin is monitored by internal Under-Voltage Lockout Circuit.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage (Note 1)	V_{IN}	-0.3 to 6	V
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	-0.3 to $(V_{IN}+0.3) \leq 6$	V
Chip Enable, Bias, FB and SNS Input	$V_{EN}, V_{BIAS}, V_{FB}, V_{SNS}$	-0.3 to 6	V
Output Short Circuit Duration	t_{SC}	unlimited	s
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_J	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2)	ESD_{HBM}	2000	V
ESD Capability, Machine Model (Note 2)	ESD_{MM}	200	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
2. This device series incorporates ESD protection (except OUT pin) and is tested by the following methods:
 ESD Human Body Model tested per EIA/JESD22-A114
 ESD Machine Model tested per EIA/JESD22-A115
 Latchup Current Maximum Rating tested per JEDEC standard: JESD78.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Characteristics, WLCSP6 1.2 mm x 0.8 mm Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air (Note 3)	$R_{\theta JA}$	69	°C/W

3. This junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection was derived by thermal simulations based on the JEDEC JESD51 series standards methodology. Only a single device mounted at the center of a high_K (2s2p) 80 mm x 80 mm multilayer board with 1-ounce internal planes and 2-ounce copper on top and bottom. Top copper layer has a dedicated 1.6 sqmm copper area.

NCP139

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{\text{BIAS}} = 3.0\text{ V}$ or $(V_{\text{OUT}} + 1.6\text{ V})$, whichever is greater, $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 0.3\text{ V}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{EN}} = 1\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{IN}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{\text{BIAS}} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Min/Max values are for $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted. (Notes 4, 5)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage Range		V_{IN}	$V_{\text{OUT}} + V_{\text{DO}}$		5.5	V
Operating Bias Voltage Range		V_{BIAS}	$(V_{\text{OUT}} + 1.60) \geq 3.0$		5.5	V
Undervoltage Lock-out	V_{BIAS} Rising Hysteresis	UVLO		1.6 0.2		V
Reference Voltage (Adj devices)	NCP139Axxxx05ADJT2G, $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{REF}		0.500		V
	NCP139Axxxx06ADJT2G, $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.600		
Output Voltage Accuracy		V_{OUT}		± 0.5		%
Output Voltage Accuracy	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 0.3\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 1.0\text{ V}$, 3.0 V or $(V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 1.6\text{ V})$, whichever is greater $< V_{\text{BIAS}} < 5.5\text{ V}$, $1\text{ mA} < I_{\text{OUT}} < 1.0\text{ A}$	V_{OUT}	-1.0		+1.0	%
V_{IN} Line Regulation	$V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 0.3\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 5.0\text{ V}$	Line_{Reg}		0.01		%/V
V_{BIAS} Line Regulation	3.0 V or $(V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 1.6\text{ V})$, whichever is greater $< V_{\text{BIAS}} < 5.5\text{ V}$	Line_{Reg}		0.01		%/V
Load Regulation	$I_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{ mA}$ to 1.0 A	Load_{Reg}		2.0		mV
V_{IN} Dropout Voltage	$I_{\text{OUT}} = 1.0\text{ A}$ (Notes 6, 7)	V_{DO}		50	80	mV
V_{BIAS} Dropout Voltage	$I_{\text{OUT}} = 1.0\text{ A}$, $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{BIAS}}$ (Notes 6, 8, 9)	V_{DO}		1.05	1.5	V
Output Current Limit	$V_{\text{OUT}} = 90\% V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}}$	I_{CL}	1500	2000	2600	mA
FB/SNS Pin Operating Current		I_{FB} , I_{SNS}		0.1	0.5	μA
Bias Pin Quiescent Current	$V_{\text{BIAS}} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 0\text{ mA}$	I_{BIASQ}		35	50	μA
Bias Pin Disable Current	$V_{\text{EN}} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$	$I_{\text{BIAS(DIS)}}$		0.5	1	μA
Vinput Pin Disable Current	$V_{\text{EN}} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$	$I_{\text{VIN(DIS)}}$		0.5	1	μA
EN Pin Threshold Voltage	EN Input Voltage "H"	$V_{\text{EN(H)}}$	0.9			V
	EN Input Voltage "L"	$V_{\text{EN(L)}}$			0.4	
EN Pull Down Current	$V_{\text{EN}} = 5.5\text{ V}$	I_{EN}		0.3	1	μA
Turn-On Time	From assertion of V_{EN} to $V_{\text{OUT}} = 98\% V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}}$. $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 1.0\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	t_{ON}		160		μs
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (Adj devices)	V_{IN} to V_{OUT} , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{\text{OUT}} + 0.5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 1.0\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	$\text{PSRR}(V_{\text{IN}})$		70		dB
	V_{BIAS} to V_{OUT} , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{\text{OUT}} + 0.5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 1.0\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	$\text{PSRR}(V_{\text{BIAS}})$		85		
Output Noise Voltage (Adj devices)	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}} + 0.5\text{ V}$, $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ to 100 kHz , $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 1.0\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	V_{N}		$35 \times V_{\text{OUT}}/V_{\text{REF}}$		μV_{RMS}
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (Fixed Voltage devices)	V_{IN} to V_{OUT} , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{\text{OUT}} + 0.5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	$\text{PSRR}(V_{\text{IN}})$		75		dB
	V_{BIAS} to V_{OUT} , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{\text{OUT}} + 0.5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{BIAS}} = 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	$\text{PSRR}(V_{\text{BIAS}})$		85		

4. Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization. Production tested at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during the testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
5. Adjustable devices tested at $V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{REF}}$ unless otherwise noted; external resistor tolerance is not taken into account.
6. Dropout voltage is characterized when V_{OUT} falls 3% below $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}}$.
7. For adjustable devices, V_{IN} dropout voltage tested at $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 2 \times V_{\text{REF}}$.
8. For adjustable devices, V_{BIAS} dropout voltage tested at $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 3 \times V_{\text{REF}}$ due to a minimum Bias operating voltage of 3.0 V .
9. For Fixed Voltages below 1.8 V , V_{BIAS} dropout voltage does not apply due to a minimum Bias operating voltage of 3.0 V .

NCP139

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{\text{BIAS}} = 3.0\text{ V}$ or $(V_{\text{OUT}} + 1.6\text{ V})$, whichever is greater, $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 0.3\text{ V}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{EN}} = 1\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{IN}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{\text{BIAS}} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Min/Max values are for $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted. (Notes 4, 5)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Noise Voltage (Fixed Voltage devices)	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}} + 0.5\text{ V}$, $f = 10\text{ Hz to } 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	V_{N}		48		μVRMS
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	Temperature increasing			160		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
	Temperature decreasing			140		
Output Discharge Pull-Down	$V_{\text{EN}} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5\text{ V}$, NCP139A options only	R_{DISCH}		150		Ω

4. Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization. Production tested at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during the testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
5. Adjustable devices tested at $V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{REF}}$ unless otherwise noted; external resistor tolerance is not taken into account.
6. Dropout voltage is characterized when V_{OUT} falls 3% below $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}}$.
7. For adjustable devices, V_{IN} dropout voltage tested at $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 2 \times V_{\text{REF}}$.
8. For adjustable devices, V_{BIAS} dropout voltage tested at $V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} = 3 \times V_{\text{REF}}$ due to a minimum Bias operating voltage of 3.0 V.
9. For Fixed Voltages below 1.8 V, V_{BIAS} dropout voltage does not apply due to a minimum Bias operating voltage of 3.0 V.

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

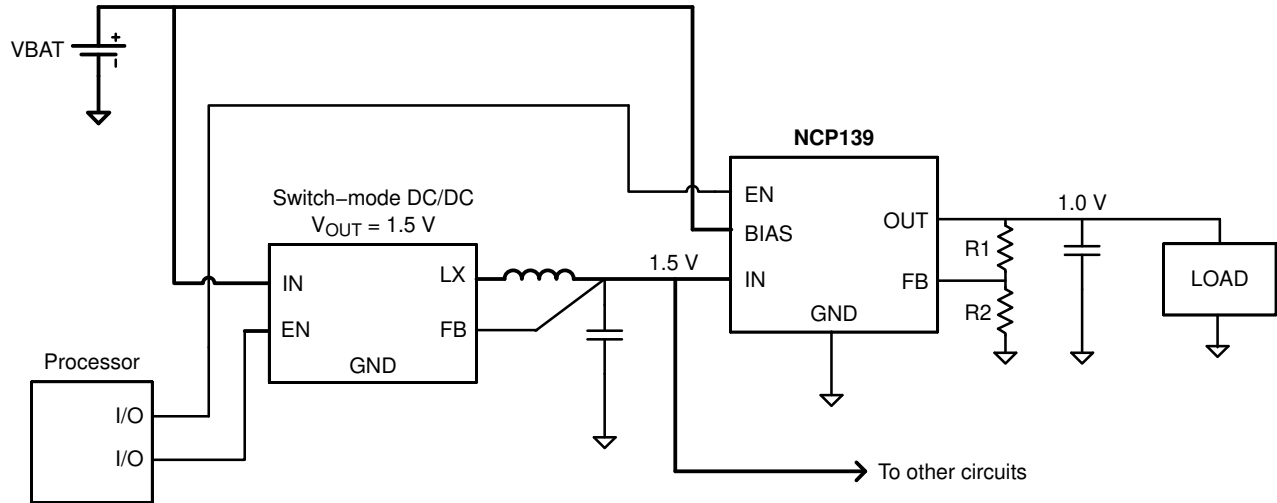


Figure 4. Typical Application: Low-Voltage DC/DC Post-Regulator with ON/OFF Functionality

The NCP139 dual-rail very low dropout voltage regulator is using NMOS pass transistor for output voltage regulation from V_{IN} voltage. All the low current internal control circuitry is powered from the V_{BIAS} voltage.

The use of an NMOS pass transistor offers several advantages in applications. Unlike PMOS topology devices, the output capacitor has reduced impact on loop stability. V_{in} to V_{out} operating voltage difference can be very low compared with standard PMOS regulators in very low V_{in} applications.

The NCP139 offers smooth monotonic start-up. The controlled voltage rising limits the inrush current.

The Enable (EN) input is equipped with internal hysteresis. NCP139 Voltage linear regulator Fixed and Adjustable version is available.

Output Voltage Adjust

The required output voltage of Adjustable devices can be adjusted from V_{REF} to 3.0 V using two external resistors.

Typical application schematics is shown in Figure 5.

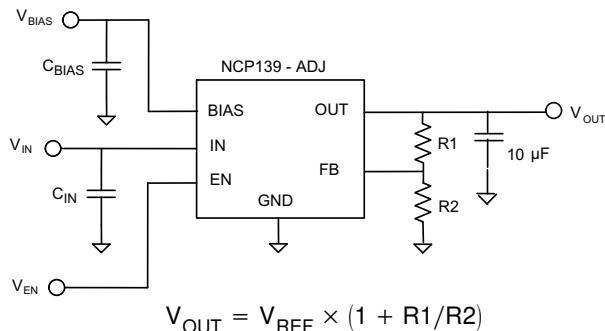


Figure 5. Typical Application Schematics

It is recommended to keep the total serial resistance of resistors ($R1 + R2$) no greater than 100 k Ω .

Dropout Voltage

Because of two power supply inputs V_{IN} and V_{BIAS} and one V_{OUT} regulator output, there are two Dropout voltages specified.

The first, the V_{IN} Dropout voltage is the voltage difference ($V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$) when V_{OUT} starts to decrease by percent specified in the Electrical Characteristics table. V_{BIAS} is high enough; specific value is published in the Electrical Characteristics table.

The second, V_{BIAS} dropout voltage is the voltage difference ($V_{BIAS} - V_{OUT}$) when V_{IN} and V_{BIAS} pins are joined together and V_{OUT} starts to decrease.

Input and Output Capacitors

The device is designed to be stable for ceramic output capacitors with Effective capacitance in the range from 10 μ F to 22 μ F. The device is also stable with multiple capacitors in parallel, having the total effective capacitance in the specified range.

In applications where no low input supplies impedance available (PCB inductance in V_{IN} and/or V_{BIAS} inputs as example), the recommended $C_{IN} = 1 \mu$ F and $C_{BIAS} = 0.1 \mu$ F or greater. Ceramic capacitors are recommended. For the best performance all the capacitors should be connected to the NCP139 respective pins directly in the device PCB copper layer, not through vias having not negligible impedance.

When using small ceramic capacitor, their capacitance is not constant but varies with applied DC biasing voltage, temperature and tolerance. The effective capacitance can be much lower than their nominal capacitance value, most importantly in negative temperatures and higher LDO output voltages. That is why the recommended Output capacitor capacitance value is specified as Effective value in the specific application conditions.

NCP139

Enable Operation

The enable pin will turn the regulator on or off. The threshold limits are covered in the electrical characteristics table in this data sheet. If the enable function is not to be used then the pin should be connected to V_{IN} or V_{BIAS} .

Current Limitation

The internal Current Limitation circuitry allows the device to supply the full 1 A nominal current and short time current peaks up to 1.3 A but protects the device against Current Overload or Short.

Thermal Protection

Internal thermal shutdown (TSD) circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When TSD activated, the regulator output turns off. When cooling down under the low temperature threshold, device output is activated again. This TSD feature is provided to prevent failures from accidental overheating.

Activation of the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or inadequate heatsinking. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to +85°C maximum.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Nominal Output Voltage	Reference Voltage	Marking	Option	Package	Shipping†
NCP139AFCT05ADJT2G	ADJ	0.5 V	AY	Output Active Discharge	WLCSP6 (Pb-Free)	5000 / Tape & Reel
NCP139AFCTC05ADJT2G	ADJ	0.5 V	AY	Output Active Discharge, Back Side Coating		
NCP139AFCT06ADJT2G	ADJ	0.6 V	A6	Output Active Discharge		
NCP139AFCTC06ADJT2G	ADJ	0.6 V	A6	Output Active Discharge, Back Side Coating		
NCP139AFCT100T2G	1.00 V	–	AK	Output Active Discharge		
NCP139AFCT120T2G	1.20 V	–	AL	Output Active Discharge		
NCP139AFCT180T2G	1.80 V	–	AZ	Output Active Discharge		

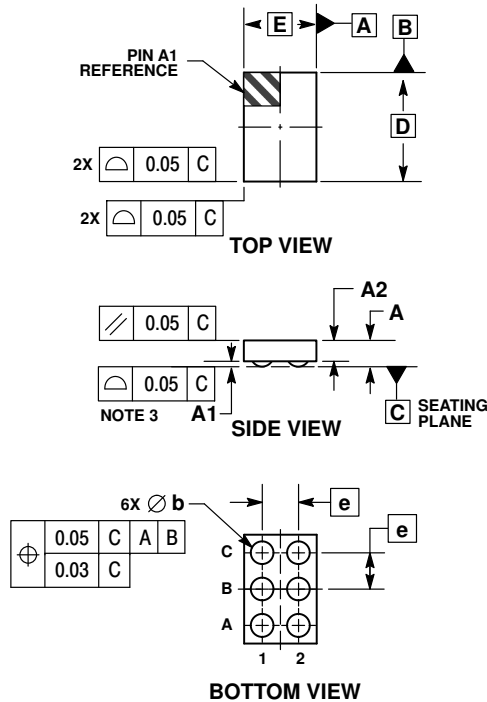
†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

To order other package and voltage variants, please contact your ON Semiconductor sales representative

NCP139

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

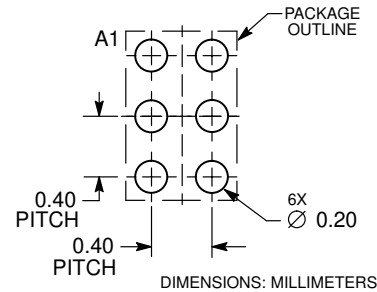
WLCSP6, 1.20x0.80
CASE 567MV
ISSUE A



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
 3. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO SPHERICAL CROWNS OF SOLDER BALLS.

MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX
A	---	0.33
A1	0.04	0.08
A2	0.23 REF	
b	0.24	0.30
D	1.20 BSC	
E	0.80 BSC	
e	0.40 BSC	

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

ON Semiconductor and are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marketing.pdf. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold ON Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that ON Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. ON Semiconductor is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:
Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor
19521 E. 32nd Pkwy, Aurora, Colorado 80011 USA
Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada
Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada
Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free
USA/Canada
Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support:
Phone: 421 33 790 2910
Japan Customer Focus Center
Phone: 81-3-5817-1050

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com
Order Literature: <http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit>
For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative