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# Overvoltage Up to +30 V and Down to -30 V with Load Switch Function

NCP374 is an over-voltage and over-current protection device. From IN to VBUS, the part acts as a load switch protection, with programmable current regulation. The current protection is externally adjustable.

Additional voltage protection is available, from VBUS to IN. Due to built–IN low  $R_{DS(on)}$  NMOS fet, the host system is protected against positive and negative voltage up to +28 V and down to -28 V.

The both embedded over-current and over-voltage protection allows sustaining extreme conditions from short circuit on USB connector, or defective WA or USB port.

Due to the NCP374 using internal NMOS, the system cost and the PCB area of the application board are minimized.

NCP374 provides a negative going flag ( $\overline{FLAG}$ ) output, which alerts the system that a fault has occurred.

#### **Features**

- Adjustable Over-Current
- Over-voltage Protection Up to 28 V and Down to -28 V
- Logic Pins EN and DIR
- Thermal Shutdown
- On-Chip Low R<sub>DS(on)</sub> NMOS Transistors
- Over-Voltage Lockout (OVLO)
- Soft Start.
- Real Shutdown Mode
- Alert FLAG Output.
- 12 Leads LLGA 4 x 4 mm Package
- This is a Pb-Free Device

### **Typical Applications**

- USB Ports
- Tablets
- Set Top Box
- Cell Phones



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#### TLLGA12 CASE 513AP

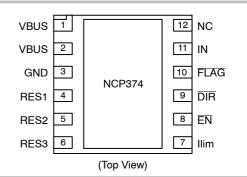
MARKING DIAGRAM



A = Assembly Location

L = Wafer Lot
 Y = Year
 W = Work Week

■ = Pb-Free Package (Note: Microdot may be in either location)



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

See detailed ordering, marking and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 10 of this data sheet.

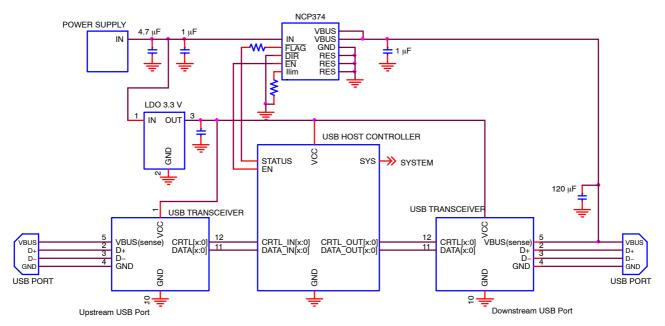


Figure 1. Typical Host Application Circuit

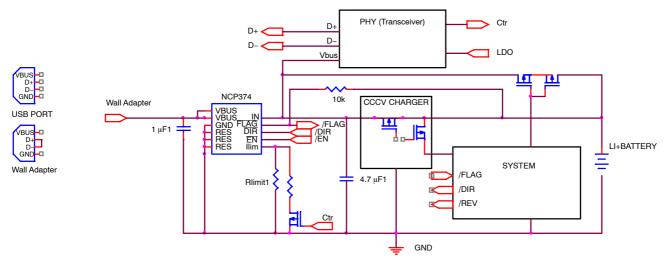


Figure 2. Typical Portable Application Circuit

# **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

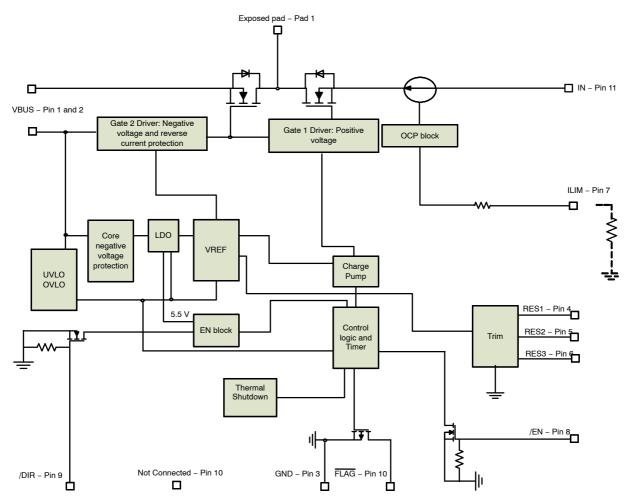


Figure 3. Functional Block Diagram

# PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin	Pin Name	Туре	Description
1, 2	VBUS	POWER	VBUS voltage pins: must be hardwired together on the PCB. These pins are connected to the VBUS connector, and are protected against positive and negative overvoltage events. A 1 μF low ESR ceramic capacitor, or larger, must be connected between these pins and GND.
3	GND	POWER	Ground
4	RES1	INPUT	Reserved pin. Must be connected to GND potential and used for IC test.
5	RES2	INPUT	Reserved pin. Must be connected to GND potential and used for IC test.
6	RES3	INPUT	Reserved pin. Must be connected to GND potential and used for IC test.
7	llim	OUTPUT	Current Limit Pin. This pin provides the reference, based on the internal band-gap voltage reference, to limit the over current, across internal NMosFet. A 0.1% tolerance resistor shall be used to get the highest accuracy of the Over Current Limit.
8	EN	INPUT	Enable Pin. In combination with DIR, the internal NMOSes are turned on if Battery is applied on the IN pins. (See logic table) In enable mode, the internal Over–Current protection is activated from IN to VBUS. When enable mode is disabled, the NCP374 current consumption, into IN pin, is drastically decreased to limit current leakage of the self powered devices.
9	DIR	INPUT	Direct Mode pin. This pin can be used, in combination with Enable pin, for the front end protection applications like wireless devices. In this case, the part can be used as +/- OVP only. See logic table.
10	FLAG	OUTPUT	Fault indication pin. This pin allows an external system to detect fault condition. The FLAG pin goes low when input voltage exceeds OVLO threshold or drops below UVLO threshold (charging mode), charge current from IN to VBus exceeds current limit or internal temperature exceeds thermal shutdown limit. Since the FLAG pin is open drain functionality, an external pull up resistor to VBat must be added (10 kΩ minimum value).
11	IN	POWER	IN pin. In Front end application this pin is connected to charger device input or PMIC input.  In host application, this pin is connected to upstream DCDC. This pin is used as power supply of the core and current from IN to VBUS is then limited to the external
12	NC	NA	Not internally connected. Can be connected to any potential.
13	PAD1	POWER	Drain connection of the back to back MOSFET's. This exposed pad mustn't be connected to any other potential and must be used for thermal dissipation of the internal MOSFETs.

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Minimum Voltage (VBus to GND)	Vmin <sub>VBUS</sub>	-30	V
Minimum Voltage (All others to GND)	Vmin	-0.3	V
Maximum Voltage (Vbus to GND)	Vmax <sub>VBUS</sub>	30	V
Maximum Voltage (IN to GND)	Vmax <sub>IN</sub>	10	V
Maximum Voltage (All others to GND)	Vmax	7	V
Maximum DC current NCP374MU075TXG Charge Mode Vbus Mode	Lin	2 900	A mA
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Air, (Note 1)	$R_{ heta JA}$	80	°C/W
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C
Junction Operating temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	150	°C
Moisture Sensitivity	MSL	Level 1	

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** Min / Max limits values  $(-40^{\circ}C < T_A < +85^{\circ}C)$  and IN = +5 V (Unless otherwise noted). Typical values are  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ 

Characteristics	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit V
Input Voltage Range	Vin		2.5		5.5	
Vbus Voltage Range	Vvbus	All modes			28	V
			-28			V
		All modes IN = 5 V	-23			V
Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	UVLO	Vbus falls down UVLO threshold Disable, Charge mode and Enhance Modes	2.6	2.7	2.8	V
Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	UVLO <sub>hyst</sub>	Vbus rises up UVLO threshold + UVLO <sub>hyst</sub>	45	60	75	mV
Over voltage Lockout threshold	OVLO	Vbus rises up OVLO threshold	5.6	5.77	5.9	V
Over Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	OVLO <sub>hyst</sub>	Vbus falls down to OVLO – OVLO <sub>hyst</sub>	45	65	90	mV
Vbus versus IN Resistance IN versus Vbus Resistance	R <sub>Dson</sub>	Vbus = 5 V, or IN = 5 V NCP374MU075TXG 25°C 85°C		90	140 155	mΩ
Quiescent Current	Idd <sub>IN</sub>	No load. Vbus mode, Vin = 5 V		200	315	μА
Standby Current	Idd <sub>STD</sub>	No load, IN = 5 V. Standby mode, No Vbus		0.02	1	μΑ
Current limit	I <sub>OCP</sub>	IN = 5 V, Load on Vbus, Vbus mode $R_{ILIM} = 0 \ \Omega$ NCP374MU075TXG	600	750	900	mA

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed by correlation across the full range of temperature.

<sup>1.</sup> The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is highly dependent on the PCB heat sink area (connected to PAD1). See PCB recommendation paragraph.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** Min / Max limits values ( $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < +85^{\circ}C$ ) and IN = +5 V (Unless otherwise noted). Typical values are  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ 

Characteristics	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
FLAG Output Low Voltage	Vol <sub>flag</sub>	Fault mode Sink 1 mA on FLAG pin			400	mV
FLAG Leakage Current	FLAG <sub>leak</sub>	FLAG level = 5.5 V		1		nA
DIR Voltage High	Vih		1.2			V
DIR Voltage Low	Vol				0.4	V
DIR Leakage Current	DIR <sub>leak</sub>	DIR = 5.5 V		300		nA
EN Voltage High	Vih		1.2			V
EN Voltage Low	Vol				0.4	V
EN Leakage Current	EN <sub>leak</sub>	<u>EN</u> = 5.5 V		300		nA
Thermal Shutdown temperature	T <sub>SD</sub>			150		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T <sub>SDHYST</sub>			30		°C

# **TIMINGS**

# Vbus Mode

Start Up Delay	Ton <sub>Vbus</sub>	IN >= 2.5 V, from EN = 1.2 to 0.4 to Vbus >= 0.3 V Vbus Mode	0.6	1.2	1.8	ms
FLAG going up Delay	Tstart <sub>vbus</sub>	From IN >= 0.3 V FLAG = 1.2 V, Vbus Mode	0.6	1.2	1.8	ms
Rearming Delay	t <sub>RRD</sub>	IN > .2.5 V, Rin = 1 $\Omega$ Vbus Mode, after fault	15	30	45	ms
Over Current Regulation Time	treg	IN > 2.6, Vbus > 0.3 V Vbus Mode	0.5	1.2	1.8	ms
OCP delay time	t <sub>OCP</sub>	From I Vbus > Ilim, 1 A/1 μs		5		μs
Vbus Disable time	T <sub>VbusDIS</sub>	From EN = 0.4 V to 1.2 V, to Vbus < 0.3 V. IN = 5 V		165		μs
Turn off delay	toff	From IN > OVLO toVbus ≤ 0.3 V Vin increasing from 5V to 8V at 3 V/μs		1.5	5	μs

# **Charging Mode**

Start Up Delay	ton	From Vbus>UVLO to IN=0.3V , charging mode	15	30	45	ms
FLAG going up Delay	tstart	From IN > 0.3 V to FLAG = 1.2 V	15	30	45	ms
Turn off delay	toff	From Vbus > OVLO to IN $\leq$ 0.3 V Vin increasing from 5 V to 8 V at 3 V/ $\mu$ s		1.5	5	μs
Alert delay	tstop	From Vbus > OVLO to $\overline{FLAG} \le 0.4 \text{ V}$ See Figures 3 and 9 Vin increasing from 5 V to 8 V at 3 V/ $\mu$ s		1.5		μs
Disable time	tdis	$\overline{EN}$ = 1.2 V, From $\overline{DIR}$ = 0.4 to 1.2 V to IN $\leq$ 0.3 V		2.5		μs

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed by correlation across the full range of temperature.

#### TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

# Operation

The NCP374 acts as an over-voltage in charge mode, when wall adapter or Vbus cable is connected to Vbus pin of the device. The downstream system (transceiver, CCCV charger..) are protected up to +30 V if charging voltage exceeds OVLO threshold (5.77 V). Due to a back to back architecture, the Vbus pin is also protected against reverse polarity connection, coming from wrong USB cables. This negative protection acts down to -30 V.

In disable mode ( $\overline{\text{EN}} = 1$ ,  $\overline{\text{DIR}} = 1$ ), there is no current consumption on IN pin and MSOFETs are turned off (Vbus cable disconnected)

The NCP374 provides over-current from IN to Vbus by selecting Vbus mode.

To active *Vbus mode* (USB port on), the  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  pin must be tied low. In this case, MOSFET are turned on and current is measure in the branch. If the sinking current on the Vbus pin is above the programmed current on Ilim pin (can be programmed up to TBD), the Vbus current is regulated around locp during treg time. If the overload is present at the end of this timer, the Mosfet are turned off and automatic rearming cycle is activated. With Treg/Trrd cycle until overload is present.

#### Over-voltage Lockout (OVLO)

To protect the connected system on IN pins, from external over-voltage coming from USB connector or Wall Adapter, through Vbus pin , the device has a built-in over-voltage lock out (OVLO) circuit. During over-voltage condition, the output remains disabled until the input voltage exceeds OVLO (Vbus pin).

The OVLO comparator is available in all modes.

Additional OVLO thresholds ranging from OVLO can be manufactured. Please contact your ON Semiconductor representative for further information.

FLAG output is tied to low until Vin is higher than OVLO. This circuit has a built-in hysteresis to provide noise immunity to transient conditions.

### **Over-Current Protection (OCP)**

This device integrates over current protection function, from IN to Vbus port.

That means the current across the internal NMOS is regulated when the value, set by external Rlim resistor, exceeds Ilimit during an internal timer.

An internal resistor is placed in series with the pin allowing to have a maximum OCP value when I lim pin is directly connected to GND.

By adding external resistors in series with I lim and GND, the OCP value is decreased. The Rlim tolerance is important to keep a good accuracy. So a value between 0.1% and 1% won't have an impact on the OCP accuracy. Nevertheless, the higher Rlim value, the lower Over current protection accuracy.

Indeed, the current is measured by a voltage comparator on a serial resistance. If this voltage drop comes very small, the offset of the internal comparator will have an impact on the accuracy. So a division by more than three times with Rlim will degrade drastically the overcurrent accuracy.

The current limit calculation formula for the NCP374MU075TXG is:

$$Rlim(\Omega) = 22150/locp - 29035$$

During over current event, NMOSes are opened and  $\overline{FLAG}$  output is tied to low, allowing the  $\mu Controller$  to take into account the fault event and then disable reverse charge path.

#### **VBus Mode**

To access to the Vbus mode,  $\overline{DIR}$  pin must be tied to high (>1.2) and  $\overline{EN}$  must be tied from high to low (< 0.4 V).

In that case, the core of the NCP374 will be supplied by the IN, with a 2.5 V minimum voltage and 5.5V maximum voltage.

In this state, OCP, OVLO and thermal modes are available.

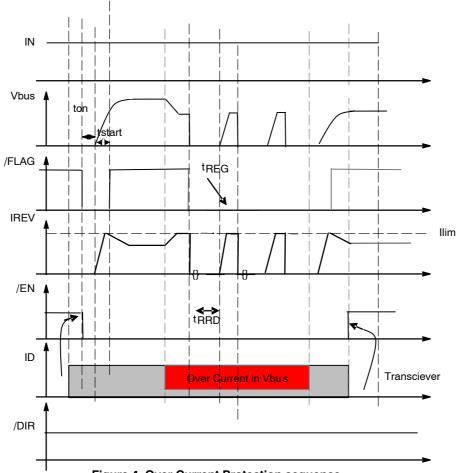


Figure 4. Over Current Protection sequence

In Vbus Mode,  $\overline{FLAG}$  pin remains available, allowing the  $\mu controller$  to have a status regarding over-voltage

condition, over-current condition or thermal shutdown condition.

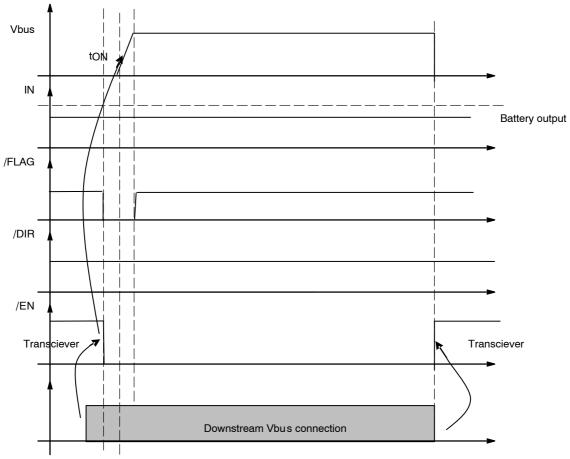


Figure 5. FLAG Status in Vbus Mode

# **Logic Inputs**

To enable Charge operation (Charge Mode), the  $\overline{DIR}$  pin shall be forced to low and  $\overline{EN}$  to high. A high level on the

 $\overline{\text{DIR}}$  pin disconnects IN pin from Vbus pin.  $\overline{\text{DIR}}$  does not overdrive an OVLO or UVLO fault ( $\overline{\text{FLAG}}$  status is still available).

**Table 1. TABLE SELECTION OF CHARGE MODES** 

			Protection			
DIR	EN	MODE	OVP @ VBUS (+28 V, -28 V, OVLO 5.77 V)	OCP (IN to VBUS)	OCP (VBUS to IN)	
0	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	
0	1	Charge	Yes	NA	NA	
1	0	VBUS	Yes	Yes	NA	
1	1	Disable	Yes (out off)	NA	NA	

# **Negative Voltage and Reverse Current**

The device protects the system connected on IN pin from negative voltage occurring on Vbus pin, down to  $-28~\rm V$ . When a negative voltage occurs, the IN pins are disconnected from Vbus pins . This negative protection is available in all modes

#### **Thermal Shutdown Protection**

In case of internal overheating, the integrated thermal shutdown protection allows to open the internal MOSFET in order to instantaneously decrease the device temperature. The thermal threshold has been set at 150°C. FLAG is then tied to low to inform the MCU.

As the thermal hysteresis is 30°C, the MOSFET will be closed as soon the device temperature falls down to 120°C.

If the fault event is still present, the temperature increase one more time and engages the thermal shutdown one more time until fault event disappeared.

# **PCB Recommendations**

The under PAD1 of the NCP374 package shall be connected to an isolated PCB area to increase the heat transfer if necessary for an application standpoint.

In any case, the PAD1 shall be not connected to any other potential or GND than the isolated extra copper surface.

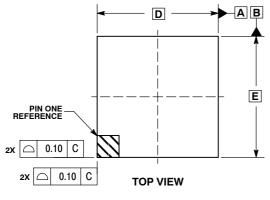
# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

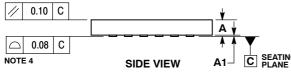
Device	Marking	Order Current Limit	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
NCP374MU075TXG	NCP 374	750 mA	LLGA12 4x4 mm (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel

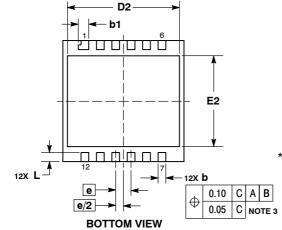
<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

### TLLGA12 4x4, 0.5P CASE 513AP ISSUE O





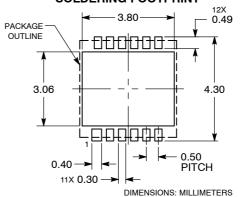


#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS. DIMENSION & APPLIES TO PLATED
- TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.25 MM FROM THE TERMINAL TIP. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED
- PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS

	MILLIMETERS					
DIM	MIN	MAX				
Α	0.50	0.60				
A1	0.00	0.05				
b	0.20	0.30				
b1	0.35 REF					
D	4.00 BSC					
D2	3.65	3.75				
E	4.00	BSC				
E2	2.95	3.05				
е	0.50 BSC					
L	0.25	0.35				

#### **RECOMMENDED** SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\*



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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