

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China







Dual 5 A High Speed Low-Side MOSFET Drivers with Enable

NCP81071 is a high speed dual low-side MOSFETs driver. It is capable of providing large peak currents into capacitive loads. This driver can deliver 5 A peak current at the Miller plateau region to help reduce the Miller effect during MOSFETs switching transition. This driver also provides enable functions to give users better control capability in different applications. ENA and ENB are implemented on pin 1 and pin 8 which were previously unused in the industry standard pin-out. They are internally pulled up to driver's input voltage for active high logic and can be left open for standard operations. This part is available in MSOP8-EP package, SOIC8 package and WDFN8 3 mm x 3 mm package.

Features

- High Current Drive Capability ±5 A
- TTL/CMOS Compatible Inputs Independent of Supply Voltage
- Industry Standard Pin-out
- High Reverse Current Capability (6 A) Peak
- Enable Functions for Each Driver
- 8 ns Typical Rise and 8 ns Typical Fall Times with 1.8 nF Load
- Typical Propagation Delay Times of 20 ns with Input Falling and 20 ns with Input Rising
- Input Voltage from 4.5 V to 20 V
- Dual Outputs can be Paralleled for Higher Drive Current
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

Applications

- Server Power
- Telecommunication, Datacenter Power
- Synchronous Rectifier
- Switch Mode Power Supply
- DC/DC Converter
- Power Factor Correction
- Motor Drive
- Renewable Energy, Solar Inverter



ON Semiconductor®

www.onsemi.com



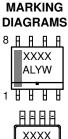
SOIC-8 D SUFFIX CASE 751



MSOP-8 Z SUFFIX CASE 846AM



WDFN8 MN SUFFIX CASE 511CD



AYW



XX = Specific Device Code

A = Assembly Location L = Wafer Lot

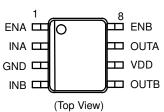
Y = Year
W = Work Week

M = Date Code

= Pb–Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 11 of this data sheet.

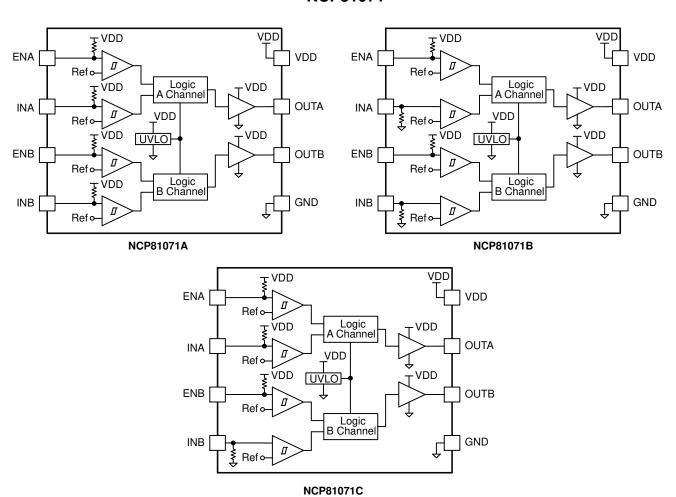


Figure 1. NCP81071 Block Diagram

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	ENA	Enable input for the driver channel A with logic compatible threshold and hysteresis. This pin is used to enable and disable the driver output. It is internally pulled up to VDD with a 200 k Ω resistor for active high operation. The output of the pin when the device is disabled will be always low.
2	INA	Input of driver channel A which has logic compatible threshold and hysteresis. If not used, this pin should be connected to either VDD or GND. It should not be left unconnected.
3	GND	Common ground. This ground should be connected very closely to the source of the power MOSFET.
4	INB	Input of driver channel B which has logic compatible threshold and hysteresis. If not used, this pin should be connected to either VDD or GND. It should not be left unconnected.
5	OUTB	Output of driver channel B. The driver is able to provide 5 A drive current to the gate of the power MOSFET.
6	VDD	Supply voltage. Use this pin to connect the input power for the driver device.
7	OUTA	Output of driver channel A. The driver is able to provide 5 A drive current to the gate of the power MOSFET.
8	ENB	Enable input for the driver channel B with logic compatible threshold and hysteresis. This pin is used to enable and disable the driver output. It is internally pulled up to VDD with a 200 k Ω resistor for active high operation. The output of the pin when the device is disabled will be always low.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

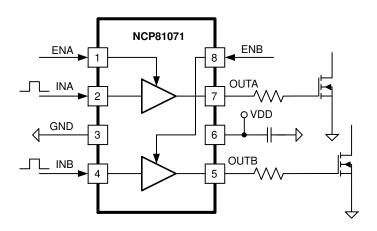


Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		Value		
		Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	24	V
Output Current (DC)	lout_dc		0.3	Α
Reverse Current (Pulse< 1 μs)			6.0	Α
Output Current (Pulse < 0.5 μs)	lout_pulse		6.0	Α
Input Voltage	INA, INB	-6.0	VDD+0.3	V
Enable Voltage	ENA, ENB	-0.3	VDD+0.3	1
Output Voltage	OUTA, OUTB	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V
Output Voltage (Pulse < 0.5 μs)	OUTA, OUTB	-3.0	VDD+3.0	V
Junction Operation Temperature	TJ	-40	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-65	160	1
Electrostatic Discharge	Human body model, HBM	4	4000	
	Charge device model, CDM	1	000	1
OUTA OUTB Latch-up Protection		500	mA	

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

Table 3. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Rating	Unit
VDD supply Voltage	4.5 to 20	V
INA, INB input voltage	-5.0 to VDD	V
ENA, ENB input voltage	0 to VDD	V
Junction Temperature Range	-40 to +140	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

Table 4. THERMAL INFORMATION

Package	θ _{JA} (°C/W)	θ _{JC} (°C/W)
SOIC-8	115	50
MSOP-8 EP	39	4.7
WDFN8 3x3	39	4.7

Table 5. INPUT/OUTPUT TABLE

				NCP81071A		NCP81071B		NCP81071C	
ENA	ENB	INA	INB	OUTA	OUTB	OUTA	OUTB	OUTA	OUTB
Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	L
Н	Н	L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	Н
Н	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	L	L
Н	Н	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	Н
L	L	Any	Any	L	L	L	L	L	L
Any	Any	x (Note 1)	x (Note 1)	L	L	L	L	L	L
x (Note 1)	x (Note 1)	L	L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	L
x (Note 1)	x (Note 1)	L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	Н
x (Note 1)	x (Note 1)	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	L	L
x (Note 1)	x (Note 1)	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	Н

^{1.} Floating condition, internal resistive pull up or pull down configures output condition

PRODUCT MATRIX

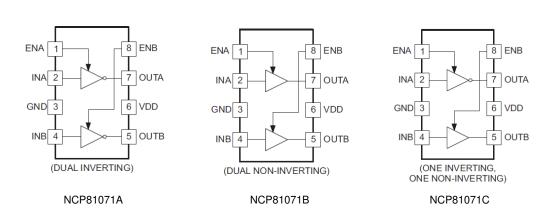


Table 6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Typical values: V_{DD} =12 V, 1 μF from V_{DD} to GND, T_A = T_J = $-40^{\circ}C$ to 140 $^{\circ}C$, typical at T_{AMB} = 25 $^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
SUPPLY VOLTAGE						
VDD Under Voltage Lockout (rising)	V _{CCR}	VDD rising	3.5	4.0	4.5	V
VDD Under Voltage Lockout (hysteresis)	V _{CCH}			400		mV
Operating Current (no switching)	I _{DD}	INA = 0, INB = 5 V, ENA = ENB = 0 INA = 5 V, INB = 0, ENA = ENB = 0 INA = 0, INB = 5 V, ENA = ENB = 5 V INA = 5 V, INB = 0, ENA = ENB = 5 V		1.4	3	mA
VDD Under Voltage Lockout to Output Delay (Note 2)		VDD rising		10		μS
INPUTS						
High Threshold	V_{thH}	Input rising from logic low	1.8	2.0	2.2	V
Low Threshold	V_{thL}	Input falling from logic high	0.8	1.0	1.2	V
INA, INB Pull-Up Resistance		OUTA = OUTB = Inverter Configuration		200		kΩ
INA, INB Pull-Down Resistance		OUTA = OUTB = Buffer Configuration		200		kΩ
OUTPUTS			-	-	-	-
Output Resistance High	R _{OH}	IOUT = -10 mA		8.0	2	Ω
Output Resistance Low	R _{OL}	IOUT = +10 mA		0.8	2	Ω
Peak Source Current (Note 3)	I _{Source}	OUTA/OUTB = GND 200 ns Pulse		5		Α
Miller Plateau Source Current (Note 3)	I _{Source}	OUTA/OUTB = 5.0 V 200 ns Pulse		4.5		Α
Peak Sink Current (Note 3)	I _{Sink}	OUTA/OUTB = VDD 200 ns Pulse		5		Α
Miller Plateau Sink Current (Note 3)	I _{Sink}	OUTA/OUTB = 5.0 V 200 ns Pulse		3.5		Α
ENABLE						
High-Level Input Voltage	V _{IN_H}	Low to High Transition	1.8	2.0	2.2	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	V_{IN_L}	High to Low Transition	0.8	1.0	1.2	V
ENA, ENB pull-up resistance				200		kΩ
Propagation Delay Time (EN to OUT) (Notes 2, 4)	t _{d3}	C _{Load} = 1.8 nF	16	20	29	ns
Propagation Delay Time (EN to OUT) (Notes 2, 4)	t _{d4}	C _{Load} = 1.8 nF	16	20	29	ns
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS						
Propagation Delay Time Low to High, IN Rising (IN to OUT) (Notes 2, 4)	t _{d1}	C _{Load} = 1.8 nF	16	20	29	ns
Propagation Delay Time High to Low, IN Falling (IN to OUT) (Notes 2, 4)	t _{d2}	C _{Load} = 1.8 nF	16	20	29	ns
Rise Time (Note 4)	t _r	C _{Load} = 1.8 nF		8	15	ns
Fall Time (Note 4)	t _f	C _{Load} = 1.8 nF		8	15	ns
Delay Matching between 2 Channels (Note 5)	t _m	INA = INB, OUTA and OUTB at 50% Transition Point		1	4	ns
		•	•			

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

2. Guaranteed by design.

- 3. Not production tested, guaranteed by design and statistical analysis.
- See timing diagrams in Figure 2, Figure 3, Figure 4 and Figure 5.
 Guaranteed by characterization.

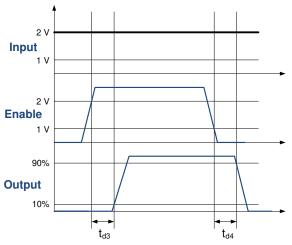


Figure 2. Enable Function for Non-inverting Input Driver Operation

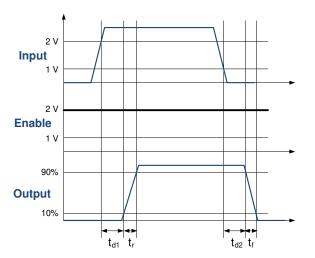


Figure 4. Non-inverting Input Driver Operation

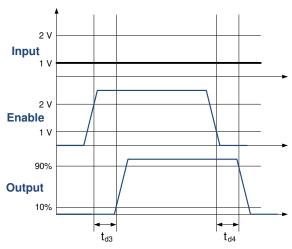


Figure 3. Enable Function for Inverting Input Driver Operation

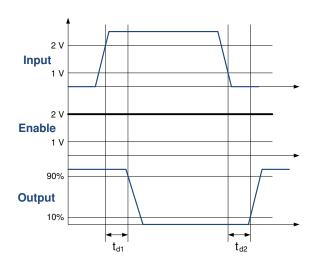


Figure 5. Inverting Input Driver Operation

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

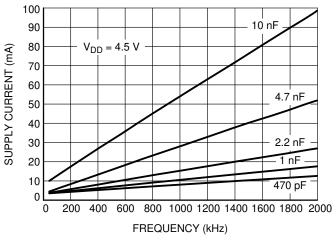


Figure 6. Supply Current vs. Switching Frequency (V_{DD} = 4.5 V)

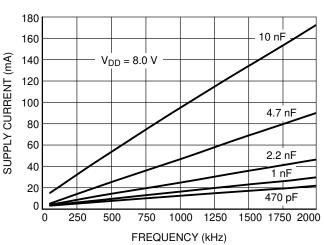


Figure 7. Supply Current vs. Switching Frequency (V_{DD} = 8 V)

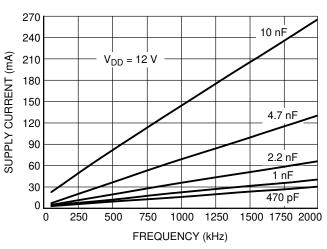


Figure 8. Supply Current vs. Switching Frequency (V_{DD} = 12 V)

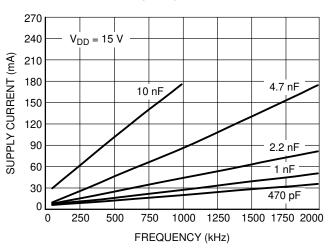


Figure 9. Supply Current vs. Switching Frequency (V_{DD} = 15 V)

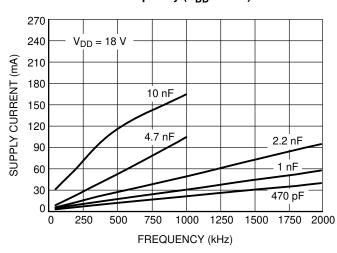


Figure 10. Supply Current vs. Switching Frequency (V_{DD} = 18 V)

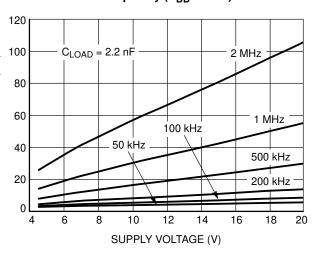
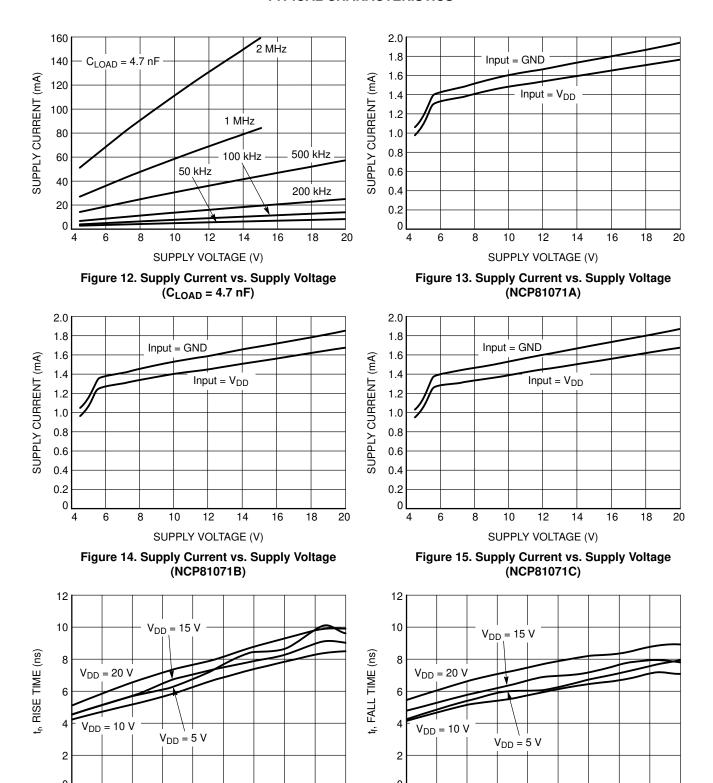


Figure 11. Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage $(C_{LOAD} = 2.2 \text{ nF})$

SUPPLY CURRENT (mA)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TEMPERATURE (°C) Figure 16. Rise Time vs. Temperature

60

80

100

120

140

-20

-40

0

20

40

-20

-40

0

20

TEMPERATURE (°C) Figure 17. Fall Time vs. Temperature

60

80

100

120 140

40

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

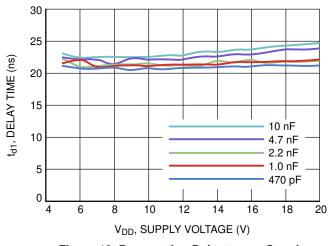


Figure 18. Propagation Delay t_{d1} vs. Supply Voltage

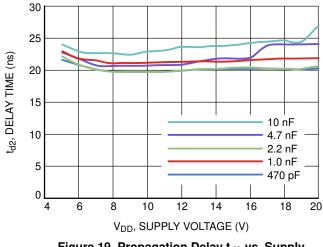


Figure 19. Propagation Delay t_{d2} vs. Supply Voltage

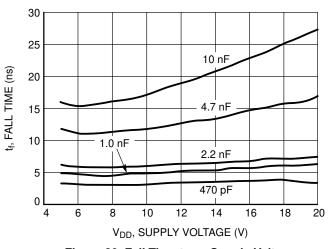


Figure 20. Fall Time tf vs. Supply Voltage

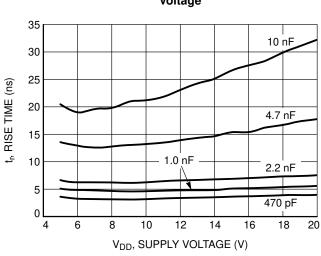


Figure 21. Rise Time t_r vs. Supply Voltage



Figure 22. Output Behavior vs. Supply Voltage NCP81071A (Inverting) 10 nF between Output and GND, INA = GND, ENA = VDD

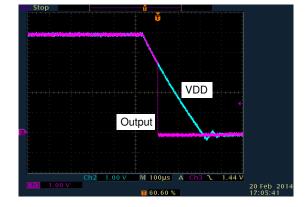


Figure 23. Output Behavior vs. Supply Voltage NCP81071A (Inverting) 10 nF between Output and GND, INA = GND, ENA = VDD

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Figure 24. Output Behavior vs. Supply Voltage NCP81071A (Inverting) 10 nF between Output and GND, INA = VDD, ENA = VDD

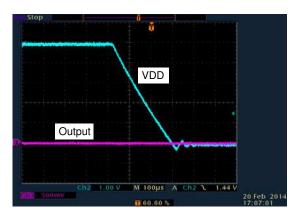


Figure 25. Output Behavior vs. Supply Voltage NCP81071A (Inverting) 10 nF between Output and GND, INA = VDD, ENA = VDD

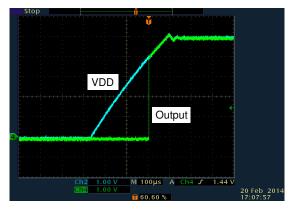


Figure 26. Output Behavior vs. Supply Voltage NCP81071B (Non-Inverting) 10 nF between Output and GND, INA = VDD, ENA = VDD



Figure 27. Output Behavior vs. Supply Voltage NCP81071B (Non-Inverting) 10 nF between Output and GND, INA = VDD, ENA = VDD



Figure 28. Output Behavior vs. Supply Voltage NCP81071B (Non-Inverting) 10 nF between Output and GND, INA = GND, ENA = VDD

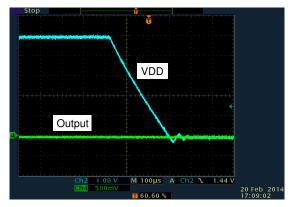


Figure 29. Output Behavior vs. Supply Voltage NCP81071B (Non-Inverting) 10 nF between Output and GND, INA = GND, ENA = VDD

LAYOUT GUIDELINES

The switching performance of NCP81071 highly depends on the design of PCB board. The following layout design guidelines are recommended when designing boards using these high speed drivers.

Place the driver as close as possible to the driven MOSFET.

Place the bypass capacitor between VDD and GND as close as possible to the driver to improve the noise filtering. It is preferred to use low inductance components such as chip capacitor and chip resistor. If vias are used, connect several paralleled vias to reduce the inductance of the vias.

Minimize the turn-on/sourcing current and turn-off/sinking current paths in order to minimize stray inductance. Otherwise high di/dt established in these loops with stray inductance can induce significant voltage spikes on the output of the driver and MOSFET Gate terminal.

Keep power loops as short as possible by paralleling the source and return traces (flux cancellation).

Keep low level signal lines away from high level power lines with a lot of switching noise.

Place a ground plane for better noise shielding. Beside noise shielding, ground plane is also useful for heat dissipation.

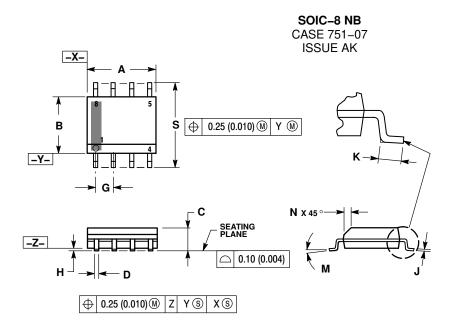
NCP81071 DFN and MSOP package have thermal pad for: 1) quiet GND for all the driver circuits; 2) heat sink for the driver. This pad must be connected to a ground plane and no switching currents from the driven MOSFET should pass through the ground plane under the driver. To maximize the heatsinking capability, it is recommended several ground layers are added to connect to the ground plane and thermal pad. A via array within the area of package can conduct the heat from the package to the ground layers and the whole PCB board. The number of vias and the size of ground plane are determined by the power dissipation of NCP81071 (VDD voltage, switching frequency and load condition), the air flow condition and its maximum junction temperature.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Output Configuration	Temperature Range (°C)	Package Type	Shipping [†]	
NCP81071ADR2G	dual inverting				
NCP81071BDR2G	dual non inverting]	SOIC-8	2500 / Tape & Reel	
NCP81071CDR2G	One inverting one non inverting		(Pb-Free)		
NCP81071AZR2G	dual inverting	1			
NCP81071BZR2G	dual non inverting	on inverting -40 to +140	MSOP8 EP (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel	
NCP81071CZR2G	One inverting one non inverting	10 10 1110			
NCP81071AMNTXG	dual inverting]			
NCP81071BMNTXG	dual non inverting]	WDFN8	3000 / Tape & Reel	
NCP81071CMNTXG	One inverting one non inverting		(Pb-Free)		

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



- NOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

 3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.

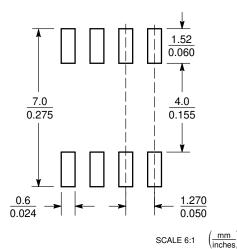
 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.

 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

 6. 751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751-07.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
С	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
D	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020
G	1.27	7 BSC	0.050 BSC	
Н	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
J	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
M	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244

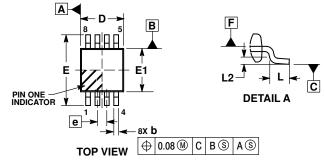
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*

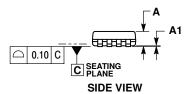


^{*}For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

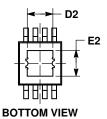
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

MSOP8 EP, 3x3 CASE 846AM **ISSUE O**







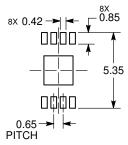


- NOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS.
 3. DIMENSION & DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION.
 ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.10 MM IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
 4. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 MM PER SIDE. DIMENSION B COES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 MM PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS OR DETERMINED AT DATUM F.
 5. DATUMS A AND B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM F.
 6. A1 IS DEFINED AS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE SEATING PLANE TO THE LOWEST POINT ON THE PACKAGE BODY.

	MILLIMETERS				
DIM	MIN	MAX			
Α		1.10			
A1	0.05	0.15			
b	0.25	0.40			
С	0.13	0.23			
D	2.90	3.10			
D2	1.78	REF			
Е	4.75	5.05			
E1	2.90	3.10			
E2	1.42 REF				
е	0.65 BSC				
L	0.40 0.70				
12	0.254 BSC				

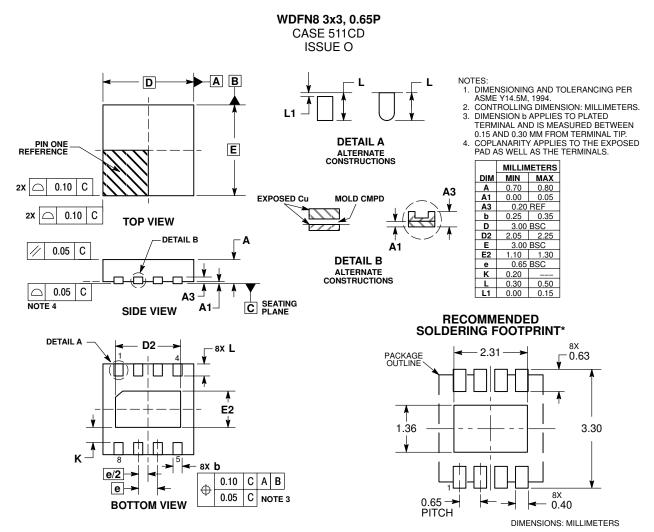
RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

^{*}For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

ON Semiconductor and the (III) are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC) or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. SCILLC owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of SCILLC's product/patent coverage may be accessed SCILLC owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of SCILLC's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor P.O. Box 5163, Denver, Colorado 80217 USA

Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free

Phone: 421 33 790 2910

Japan Customer Focus Center

Phone: 81–3–5817–1050

Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support:

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative