# imall

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### Description

The NIS5132 is a self-protected resettable electronic fuse designed for consumer applications such as hard disk drives, to industrial applications to enhance system reliability against catastrophic and shutdown failures.

To support a wide range of demanding applications, the design has been optimized to operate over the supply range of 9.0V to 18V. For robustness and protections, the device integrates a low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> NMOS buffer power device along with an undervoltage lockout, overvoltage clamp, a current limit, a dv/dt control and a thermal shutdown circuits. The overvoltage circuit limits the output voltage without shutting the device down to allow the load to continue operating during over voltage. Thermal shutdown can be either latching type (NIS5132MN1) or auto-retry type (NIS5132MN2).

## **Features**

- 9.0 to 18V Operating Input Voltage
- Integrated NMOS Power Device with R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> of 30mΩ Typical
- Internal Current Limit No External Current Sense Resistor in Load Path
- Under Voltage Lockout
- Over Voltage Clamp (NIS5132MN1 and NIS5132MN2)
- Thermal Shutdown
- -40°C to +150°C Operating Junction Temperature
- ESD Ratings: HBM > 1500V; MM 200V
- Small Low Profile U-DFN3030-10 Package
- UL Recognized, Report E322375-20140529
- Lead-Free Finish; RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- Notes:
- 1. EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant. All applicable RoHS exemptions applied. 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead\_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free
  - 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

## **Typical Application Circuits**

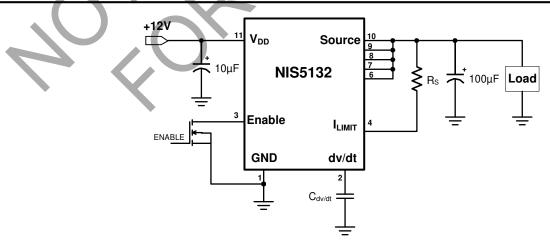
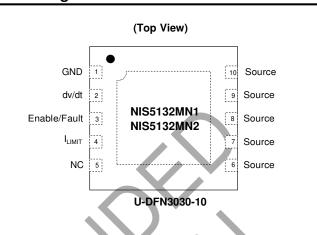


Figure 1. Application Circuit with Direct Current Sensing

## Pin Assignments

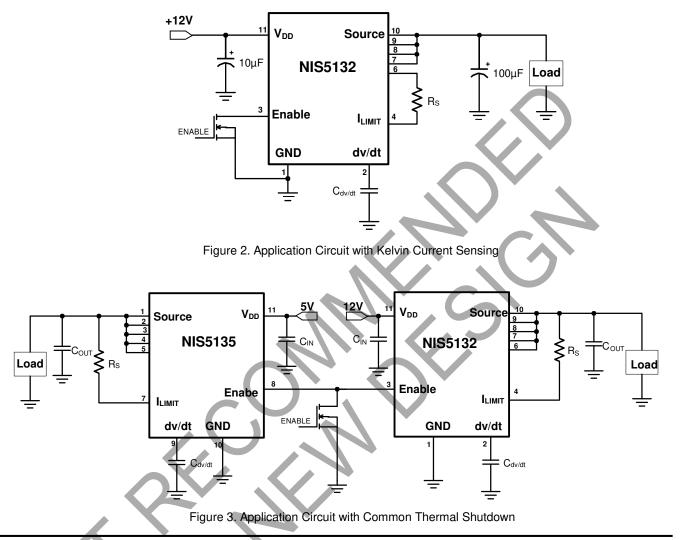


## Applications

- Hard Drives
- Mother Board Power Management
- Printer Load Power Management



## Typical Application Circuits (Cont.)



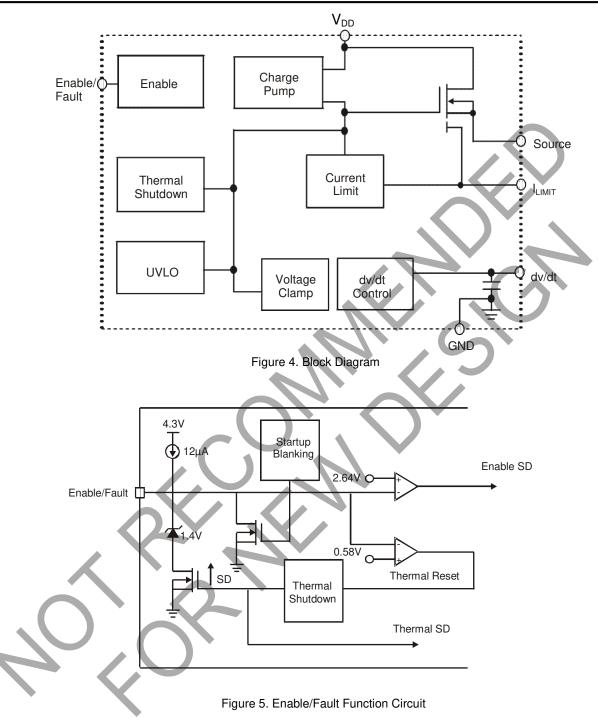
## **Pin Descriptions**

#### Package: U-DFN3030-10

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function
T	GND	Ground pin
2	dv/dt	Internal NMOS power device turn-on time adjustment pin: If this pin is left unconnected, the internal capacitor ensures the turn-on ramp is over a period of 2ms typical. If an additional delay is required, connect a capacitor from this pin to the ground.
3	Enable/Fault	Tri-state bi-directional interface pin: The output can be disabled by pulling this pin to ground through an open drain or an open collector. Additionally, this pin output goes to an intermediate state to indicate that the device is in thermal shutdown state. This pin can also be connected together with other NIS5132 devices to cause a system-wide simultaneous shutdown during thermal events.
4	I <sub>LIMIT</sub>	Current limit setting pin: A resistor between Source pins and this pin sets the overload and short-circuit current limit thresholds.
5	NC	No connection
6 to 10	Source	The internal NMOS power device's Source pins: These pins are the Source of internal power device and also the output terminal of the electronic fuse
Exposed PAD	V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive input voltage to the device



## Functional Block Diagram





NIS5132

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 4) (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Characteristic	Value	Unit	
V	Input Voltage in Steady State Operating Condition	is (Note 5)	-0.6 to +18	v
$V_{DD}$	Input Voltage - Transient (100ms)		-0.6 to +25	v
0	Junction to Air Thermal Resistance	0.1 in <sup>2</sup> (Note 6)	227	
$\theta_{JA}$		0.5 in <sup>2</sup> (Note 6)	95	
$\theta_{JL}$	Junction to Lead Thermal Resistance	27	°C/W	
$\theta_{JC}$	Junction to Case Thermal Resistance	20		
P <sub>DMAX</sub>	Package Power Dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	1.3	W	
—	Thermal Derating Above +25°C		10.4	mW/°C
Τs	Storage Temperature Range		-55 to +155	°C
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature (Note 7)		-40 to +150	°C
Tı	Lead Temperature During Soldering (10s)	+260	°C	

4. Stresses greater than the 'Absolute Maximum Ratings' specified above may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions exceeding those indicated in this specification is not implied. Device reliability may be affected by exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time.
5. Negative voltage will not damage the device provided that the power dissipation is within the package dissipation rating.
6. 1 oz copper on double sided FR-4 PCB.
7. Thermal limit is out above the maximum the package the device to the device the device to the device the maximum the package to the device device the device the device to the device the device to the device the device the device the device the device to the device to the device the device the device to the device to the device to the device the device to the d Notes:

7. Thermal limit is set above the maximum thermal rating. It is not recommended to operate the device at temperature above the maximum rating for extended period.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Condition	Rating	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage	Operating	9.0 to 18.0	V
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature Range	Operating	-40 to +150	°C



## **Electrical Characteristics** ( $V_{DD}$ = 12V, $C_L$ = 100µF, dv/dt pin open, $R_{LIMIT}$ = 10Ω, and $T_A$ = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Device	•					
I <sub>BIAS</sub>	Bias Current	Device operational	—	0.8	1.5	mA
I <sub>BIAS_SD</sub>	Bias Current During Shutdown	Device shutdown	—	0.4	—	mA
$V_{DD\_MIN}$	Minimum Operating Voltage Once Successfully Started Up	_	_		7.6	V
NMOS Powe	er Device	I				
t <sub>DLY</sub>	Chip Enable Delay Time	Enabling of the IC to $I_D = 100 \text{mA}$ (with 1A resistive load)	-	220	)-	μs
	NMOS Drain to Source Kelvin ON	NMOS fully on	20	30	40	
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Resistance (Note 8)	NMOS fully on, T <sub>J</sub> = +140°C		45	_	mΩ
V <sub>OUT_OFF</sub>	Off State Output Voltage	$V_{DD} = 18V, V_{GS} = 0V, R_L = \infty$	-	0.19	0.3	V
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, 0.5 in. <sup>2</sup> pad		3.6	-	
ID	Continuous Current (Note 9)	T <sub>A</sub> = +80°C, min copper		1.7		A
	Output Capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 12V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, f = 1MHz	-	250	-	pF
dv/dt Ramp						
t <sub>SLEW</sub>	Output Voltage Ramp Time	Device enable to $V_{DS} = 11.7V$	1.5	1.8	2.5	ms
V <sub>C_MAX</sub>	Maximum Capacitor Voltage	-		—	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Under/Over	Voltage Protection					
V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Undervoltage Lockout Threshold	Turn on, Voltage rising	7.7	8.5	9.3	V
VUVLO_HYST	Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis		-	0.80	—	V
VCLAMP	Overvoltage Clamp Limit (Note 10)	During overvoltage protection, V <sub>DD</sub> = 18V	14	15	16.2	V
Current Lim	it		•		•	
I <sub>LIMIT_SS</sub>	Kelvin Short Circuit Current Limit (Note 11)	R <sub>LIMIT</sub> = 15.4Ω	2.75	3.44	4.25	А
ILIMIT_OL	Kelvin over Load Current Limit (Note 11)	R <sub>LIMIT</sub> = 15.4Ω	3.5	4.6	6.0	A
Thermal Pro	otection					
$T_{SD}$	Thermal Shutdown Junction Temperature Threshold (Note 9)	Temperature rising	+150	+175	+200	°C
T <sub>SD_HYST</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis in Non Latching Devices	_	—	+45	—	°C
Enable/Faul			•			
V <sub>EN_LOW</sub>	Enable Logic Level Low Voltage	Output disabled	0.35	0.58	0.81	V
V <sub>EN_MID</sub>	Enable Logic Level Mid Voltage	Output disabled, Thermal fault	0.82	1.4	1.95	V
V <sub>EN_</sub> HI	Enable Logic Level High	Output enabled	1.96	2.64	3.3	V
V <sub>EN_MAX</sub>	High State Maximum Voltage	—	3.4	4.3	5.3	V
I <sub>EN_SINK</sub>	Logic Low Sink Current	V <sub>ENABLE</sub> = 0V	—	-17	-25	μA
I <sub>EN_LKG</sub>	Logic High Leakage Current for External Switch	V <sub>ENABLE</sub> = 3.3V	-	—	1.0	μA
Fanout	Maximum Fanout – Number of Device that can be Connected Together to this Pin for Simultaneous Shutdown	_	_	_	3.0	Units

Notes:

8. Pulse test with pulse width of 300µs, duty cycle 2%.
9. This parameter is not tested in production. It is guaranteed by design, process control and characterization.
10. Over voltage clamp feature is available on in NIS5132MN1 and NIS5132MN2 versions.
11. Refer to application note on explanation on short circuit and overload conditions.



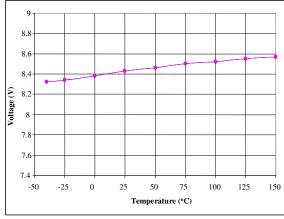
0.88

0.86

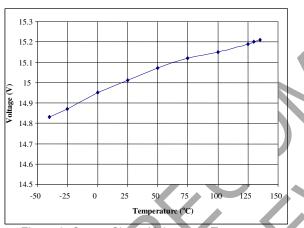
0.84

NIS5132

## **Performance Characteristics**







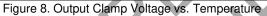




Figure 10. Input Transient Response

ε 0.82 HYST 0.8 0.78 0.76 0.74 100 125 150 -50 -25 0 25 75 50 Temperature (°C) Figure 7. UVLO Hysteresis vs. Temperature

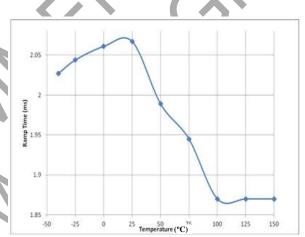
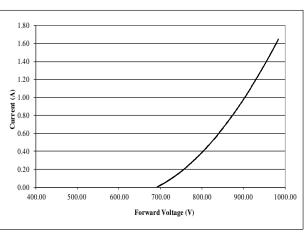


Figure 9. Output Voltage dv/dt Ramp Time vs. Temperature







## Performance Characteristics (Cont.)

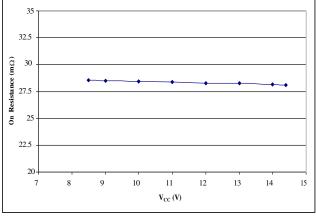


Figure 12. Power Device ON Resistance (R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>) vs. V<sub>CC</sub>

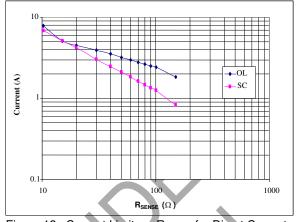
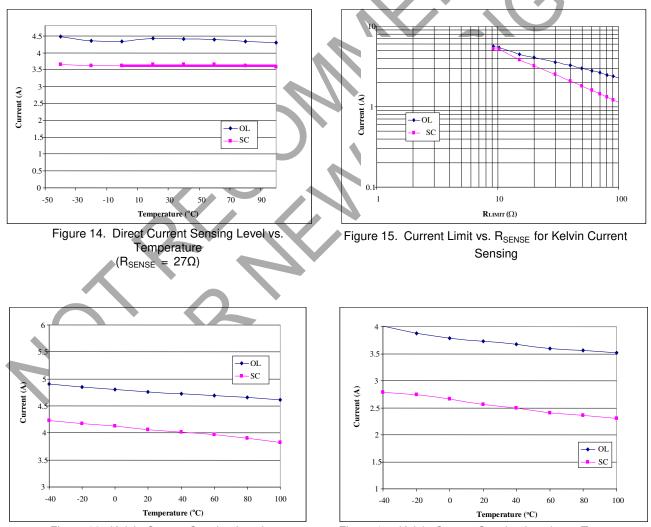
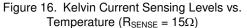
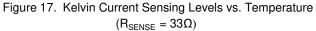


Figure 13. Current Limit vs.  $R_{\text{SENSE}}$  for Direct Current











## Application Note Theory of Operation

The NIS5132 is a self-protected, resettable electronic fuse. It monitors the input and output voltage, the output current and the die temperature. When the NIS5132 is powered up it will ramp up the output voltage based on the dv/dt setting (see description below) and current will begin to flow. The device current limit can be set with an external resistor, the ramp rate (dv/dt) can be adjusted with an external capacitor. The Overvoltage Clamp, Undervoltage Lockout and Thermal Protection are internally set.

#### **Power Supply Considerations**

Placing a high-value electrolytic capacitor or X7R (X5R) ceramic capacitor between  $V_{DD}$  to GND (10µF) and Source to GND (100µF) as close to the device as possible is highly recommended. This precaution reduces power-supply transients that may cause ringing on the input and load transients that may cause output voltage falls below input voltage resulting device over-heat.

#### **Current Limit**

The NIS5132 incorporates a sensefet with a reference and amplifier to control the current in the device. The sensefet uses a small fraction of the load current to measure the actual current. This reduces the losses as a smaller sense resistor can be used. The current can be measured direct with the  $R_s$  resistor connected between the load and the  $I_{LIMIT}$  pin (see Figure 1). That method includes the resistance of the bond wires in the current limiting circuit. Or a Kelvin connection (see Figure 2) can be used, in that case one of the 5 source pins will be used and the voltage is measured on the die eliminating the bond wire resistance. That reduces the source pins to the load to four and with that increases the on resistance of the effuse to the load.

#### **Overvoltage Clamp**

The NIS5132MN1 and NIS5132MN2 monitor the input voltage and clamp it once it exceeds 15V. This will allow for transient on the input for short periods of time. If the input voltage stays above 15V for extended time the voltage drop across the FET with the load current will increase the die temperature and the thermal shutdown feature will protect the device and shut it down.

#### Undervoltage Lock Out

The input voltage of the NIS5132 is monitored by an UVLO circuit (undervoltage lockout) if the input voltage drops below this threshold the output transistor will be pulled into a high impedance state.

#### dv/dt

The NIS5132 has an integrated control circuit that forces a linear ramp on the output voltage raise regardless of the load impedance. Without connecting a capacitor on the dv/dt pin the ramp time is roughly 2ms. Adding an external capacitor can increase this ramp rate. The internal current source of  $90\mu$ A will charge the external capacitor at a slow rate. It is recommended to utilize a ceramic capacitor.

The ramp time can be determined with the following equation

$$t_{ramp} = 24e^6(50pF + C_e$$

$$C_{ext} = \frac{t_{ramp}}{24e^6} - 50pt$$

C<sub>ext</sub> in Farad t<sub>ramp</sub> in seconds

The ramp up circuit is discharged and V<sub>OUT</sub> starts from 0V when the units shut down after a fault, enable shutdown or input power cycle.

#### Enable/Fault

The NIS5132 has a tri state Enable/Fault pin. It is used to turn on and off the device with high and low signals from a GPIO, but can also indicate a thermal fault. When the Enable/Fault pin is pulled low the output is turned off, when the Enable/Fault pin is pulled high the output is turned on. In the event of a thermal fault the Enable/Fault pin will be pulled low to an intermediate voltage by an internal circuit. This can be used to chain up to 4 NIS5132 together that during a thermal shut down the linked devices turn off as well.

Due to this fault indication capability it should not be connected to any type of logic with an internal pull up device.

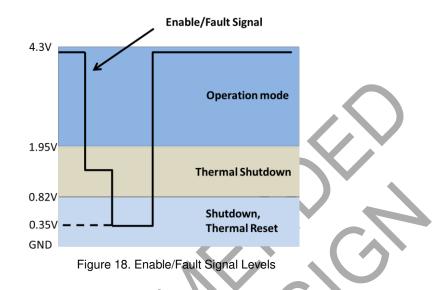
The NIS5132MN1 connected to a 2<sup>nd</sup> device will latch-off until the Enable/Fault pin has been pulled to low and then allowed to go back up to a high signal, or if the power has been cycled. Once the part starts up again it will go through the startup ramp determined by the internal circuit or based on the externally connected capacitor on pin dv/dt.

The MN2 devices will auto restart once the part that indicated a thermal shutdown has cooled down. It will also go through the startup ramp.



## Application Note (Cont.)

#### Enable/Fault (Cont.)



#### **Thermal Protection**

The NIS5132 has an integrated temperature sensing circuit that protects the die in the event of over temperature. The trip point has been intentionally set high at +175°C to allow for increase trip time during high power transient events. The NIS5132 will shut down current flow to the output when the die temperature reaches +175°C. The NIS5132MN1 will restart after the Enable pin has been toggled or the input power has been cycled. The NIS5132MN2 will auto restart after the die temperature has been reduced by -45°C.

Even that the thermal trip point has been set high to allow for high current transients the circuit design should accomplish best thermal performance with good thermal layout of the PCB. It is not recommended to operate NIS5132 above +150°C over extended periods of time.

## **Ordering Information**

NIS5132 X	xx - xxx - z		
Feature Option	Package	Packing	
MN1 : Thermal latching with V <sub>CLAMP</sub> MN2 : Thermal auto-retry with V <sub>CLAMP</sub>	FN : U-DFN3030-10	7 : Tape & Reel	

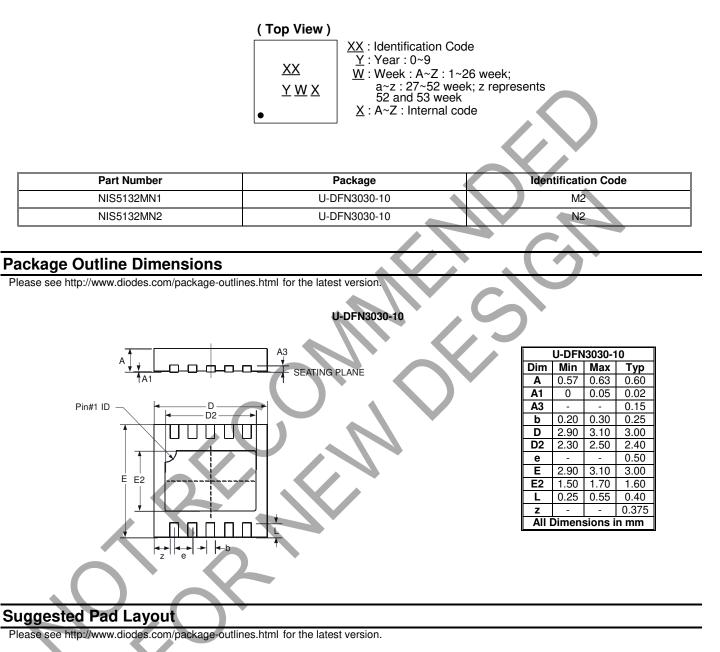
Pourt Muuruk en	Package		7" Tape and Reel		
Part Number	Code	Packaging	Quantity	Part Number Suffix	
NIS5132MN1-FN-7	FN	U-DFN3030-10	3,000/Tape & Reel	-7	
NIS5132MN2-FN-7	FN	U-DFN3030-10	3,000/Tape & Reel	-7	



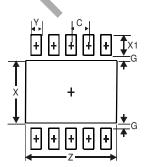
NIS5132

#### **Marking Information**

(1) Package Type: U-DFN3030-10



#### U-DFN3030-10

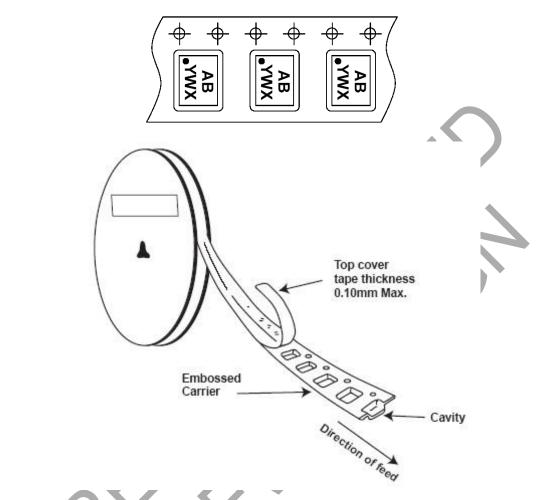


Dimensions	Value (in mm)		
Z	2.60		
G	0.15		
Х	1.80		
X1	0.60		
Y	0.30		
С	0.50		



## **Taping Orientation**

(1) Package Type: U-DFN3030-10



Note: 12. The taping orientation of the other package type can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02007.pdf.



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