

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China







6-Channel EMI Filter with Integrated ESD Protection

The NUF6010MU is a six-channel (C-R-C) Pi-style EMI filter array with integrated ESD protection. Its typical component values of $R = 100~\Omega$ and C = 7~pF deliver a cutoff frequency of 250 MHz and stop band attenuation greater than -20 dB from 800 MHz to 3.0 GHz.

This performance makes the part ideal for parallel interfaces with data rates up to 167 Mbps in applications where wireless interference must be minimized. The specified attenuation range is very effective in minimizing interference from 2G/3G, GPS, Bluetooth® and WLAN signals.

The NUF6010MU is available in the low-profile 12-lead 1.2x2.5mm UDFN12 surface mount package.

Features/Benefits

- ±8.0 kV ESD Protection on each channel (IEC61000–4–2 Level 4, Contact Discharge)
- R/C Values of 100 Ω and 7 pF deliver Exceptional S21 Performance Characteristics of 250 MHz f_{3dB} and -20 dB Stop Band Attenuation from 800 MHz to 3.0 GHz
- Integrated EMI/ESD System Solution in UDFN Package Offers Exceptional Cost, System Reliability and Space Savings
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

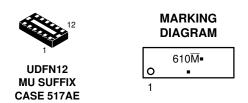
Applications

- EMI Filtering for LCD and Camera Data Lines
- EMI Filtering and Protection for I/O Ports and Keypads



ON Semiconductor®

www.onsemi.com



610 = Specific Device Code \overline{M} = Date and Assembly Location

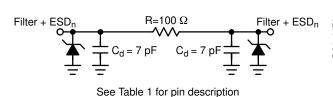
= Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
NUF6010MUT2G	UDFN12 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.





1

0

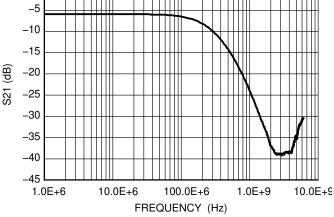


Figure 1. Electrical Schematic

Figure 2. Typical Insertion Loss Curve

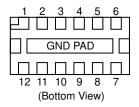


Figure 3. Pin Diagram

Table 1. FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION

Filter	Device Pins	Description
Filter 1	1 & 12	Filter + ESD Channel 1
Filter 2	2 & 11	Filter + ESD Channel 2
Filter 3	3 & 10	Filter + ESD Channel 3
Filter 4	4 & 9	Filter + ESD Channel 4
Filter 5	5 & 8	Filter + ESD Channel 5
Filter 6	6 & 7	Filter + ESD Channel 6
Ground Pad	GND	Ground

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		Symbol	Value	Unit
ESD Discharge IEC61000-4-2 Cor	ntact Discharge	V _{PP}	8.0	kV
DC Power per Resistor		P _R	100	mW
DC Power per Package		P _T	600	mW
Operating Temperature Range		T _{OP}	-40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range		T _{STG}	-55 to 150	°C
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes (1.8 in from case f	or 10 seconds)	T _L	260	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_J = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Maximum Reverse Working Voltage	V_{RWM}				5.0	V
Breakdown Voltage	V_{BR}	I _R = 1.0 mA	6.0	7.0	8.0	V
Leakage Current	I _R	V _{RWM} = 3.3 V		10	100	nA
Resistance	R _A	I _R = 20 mA	85	100	115	Ω
Diode Capacitance	C _d	V _R = 2.5 V, f = 1.0 MHz		7.0	9.0	pF
Line Capacitance	C _L	V _R = 2.5 V, f = 1.0 MHz		14	18	pF
3 dB Cut-Off Frequency (Note 1)	f _{3dB}	Above this frequency, appreciable attenuation occurs		250		MHz
6 dB Cut-Off Frequency (Note 1)	f _{6dB}	Above this frequency, appreciable attenuation occurs		395		MHz

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

^{1. 50} Ω source and 50 Ω load termination.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (T_A= 25°C unless otherwise specified)

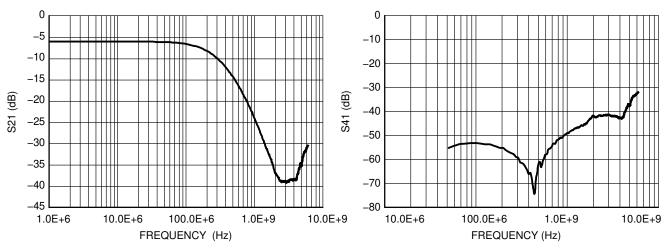


Figure 4. Typical Insertion Loss Curve



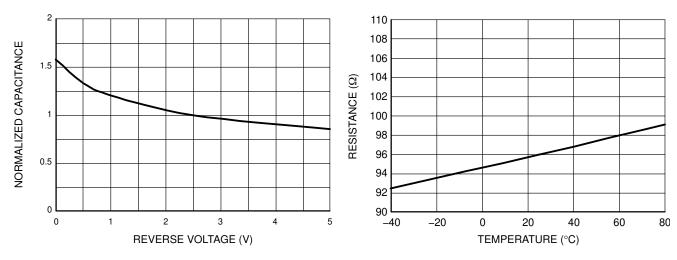


Figure 6. Typical Capacitance vs.
Reverse Biased Voltage
(Normalized Capacitance, Cd @ 2.5 V)

Figure 7. Typical Resistance over Temperature

Theory of Operation

The NUF6010MU combines ESD protection and EMI filtering conveniently into a small package for today's size constrained applications. The capacitance inherent to a typical protection diode is utilized to provide the capacitance value necessary to create the desired frequency response based upon the series resistance in the filter. By combining this functionality into one device, a large number of discrete components are integrated into one small package saving valuable board space and reducing BOM count and cost in the application.

Application Example

The accepted practice for specifying bandwidth in a filter is to use the 3 dB cutoff frequency. Utilizing points such as the 6 dB or 9 dB cutoff frequencies results in signal degradation in an application. This can be illustrated in an application example. A typical application would include EMI filtering of data lines in a camera or display interface. In such an example it is important to first understand the signal and its spectral content. By understanding these things, an appropriate filter can be selected for the desired application. A typical data signal is pattern of 1's and 0's transmitted over a line in a form similar to a square wave. The maximum frequency of such a signal would be the pattern 1-0-1-0 such that for a signal with a data rate of 100 Mbps, the maximum frequency component would be 50 MHz. The next item to consider is the spectral content of the signal, which can be understood with the Fourier series

approximation of a square wave, shown below in Equations 1 and 2 in the Fourier series approximation.

From this it can be seen that a square wave consists of odd order harmonics and to fully construct a square wave n must go to infinity. However, to retain an acceptable portion of the waveform, the first two terms are generally sufficient. These two terms contain about 85% of the signal amplitude and allow a reasonable square wave to be reconstructed. Therefore, to reasonably pass a square wave of frequency x the minimum filter bandwidth necessary is 3x. All ON Semiconductor EMI filters are rated according to this principle. Attempting to violate this principle will result in significant rounding of the waveform and cause problems in transmitting the correct data. For example, take the filter with the response shown in Figure 8 and apply three different data waveforms. To calculate these three different frequencies, the 3 dB, 6 dB, and 9 dB bandwidths will be used.

Equation 1:

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{a} \left[\frac{1}{2n-1} sin((2n-1)\omega_0 t) \right]$$
 (eq. 1)

Equation 2 (simplified form of Equation 1):

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(\omega_0 t)}{1} + \frac{\sin(3\omega_0 t)}{3} + \frac{\sin(5\omega_0 t)}{5} + \dots \right] (eq. 2)$$

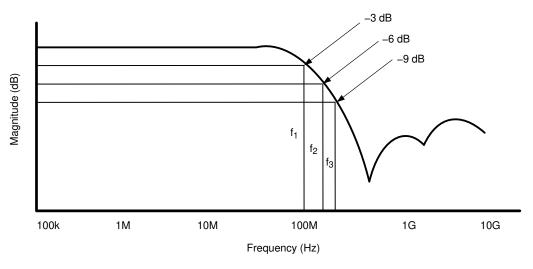


Figure 8. Filter Bandwidth

From the above paragraphs it is shown that the maximum supported frequency of a waveform that can be passed through the filter can be found by dividing the bandwidth by a factor of three (to obtain the corresponding data rate multiply the result by two). The following table gives the bandwidth values and the corresponding maximum supported frequencies and the third harmonic frequencies.

Table 2. Frequency Chart

Bandwidth	Maximum Supported Frequency	Third Harmonic Frequency
3 dB-100 MHz	33.33 MHz (f ₁)	100 MHz
6 dB-200 MHz	66.67 MHz (f ₂)	200 MHz
9 dB-300 MHz	100 MHz (f ₃)	300 MHz

Considering that 85% of the amplitude of the square is in the first two terms of the Fourier series approximation most of the signal content is at the fundamental (maximum supported) frequency and the third harmonic frequency. If a signal with a frequency of 33.33 MHz is input to this filter, the first two terms are sufficiently passed such that the signal is only mildly affected, as is shown in Figure 9a. If a signal with a frequency of 66.67 MHz is input to this same filter, the third harmonic term is significantly attenuated. This serves to round the signal edges and skew the waveform, as is shown in Figure 9b. In the case that a 100 MHz signal is input to this filter, the third harmonic term is attenuated even

further and results in even more rounding of the signal edges as is shown in Figure 9c. The result is the degradation of the data being transmitted making the digital data (1's and 0's) more difficult to discern. This does not include effects of other components such as interconnect and other path losses which could further serve to degrade the signal integrity. While some filter products may specify the 6 dB or 9 dB bandwidths, actually using these to calculate supported frequencies (and corresponding data rates) results in significant signal degradation. To ensure the best signal integrity possible, it is best to use the 3 dB bandwidth to calculate the achievable data rate.

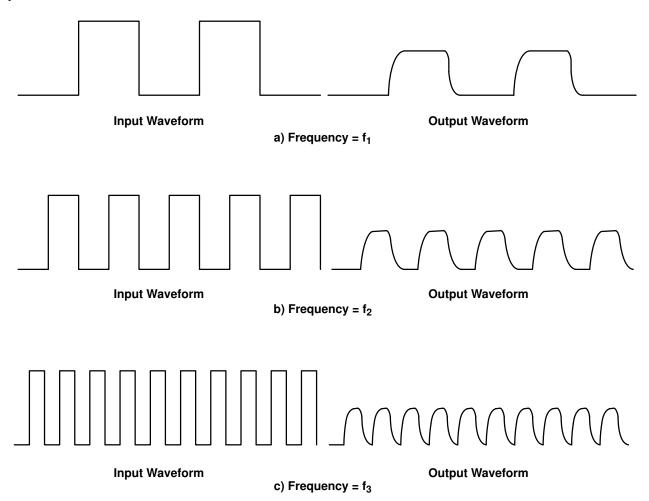
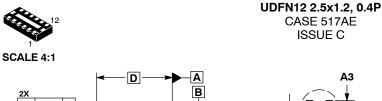
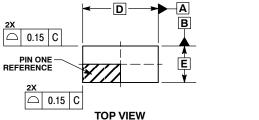
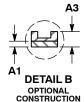
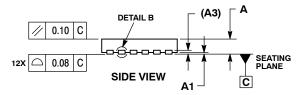


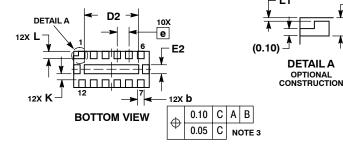
Figure 9. Input and Output Waveforms of Filter



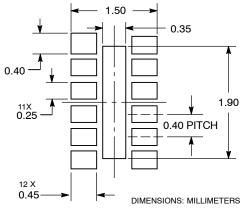








SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

DATE 23 OCT 2012

- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANGING FLIT
 ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
 CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
 DIMENSION 6 APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL
 AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 AND
- 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL.

 COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

	MILLIMETERS					
DIM	MIN NOM MAX					
Α	0.45	0.50	0.55			
A1	0.00	0.03	0.05			
А3		0.127 R	EF			
b	0.15	0.20	0.25			
D		2.50 BS	C			
D2	1.70	1.80	1.90			
E		1.20 BS	SC SC			
E2	0.20	0.30	0.40			
е		0.40 BS	C			
K	0.20 TYP					
L	0.20	0.25	0.30			
L1			0.10			

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXX = Specific Device Code Μ = Month Code = Pb-Free Package

DESCRIPTION:	UDFN12 2.5X1.2, 0.4P		PAGE 1 OF 2
NEW STANDARD:		"CONTROLLED COPY" in red.	
STATUS:	ON SEMICONDUCTOR STANDARD	accessed directly from the Document versions are uncontrolled except	, ,
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	98AON22155D	Electronic versions are uncontrolle	

^{*}This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " ■", may or may not be present.



DOCUMENT NUMBER	:
98AON22155D	

PAGE 2 OF 2

ISSUE	REVISION	DATE
0	RELEASED FOR PRODUCTION. REQ. BY A. TAM.	05 MAY 2006
Α	REMOVED TWO END CONTACTS FROM SOLDERING FOOTPRINT DIAGRAM, REQ. BY A. TAM.	07 APR 2009
В	MODIFIED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT DIMENSIONS. REQ. BY A. TAM.	21 APR 2009
С	CHANGED DIMENSION K FROM 0.20 MIN TO 0.20 TYP. REQ. BY M. BEGONIA.	23 OCT 2012

ON Semiconductor and are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

ON Semiconductor and in are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdt/Patent-Marking.pdf. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages.

Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold ON Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that ON Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. ON Semiconductor is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor 19521 E. 32nd Pkwy, Aurora, Colorado 80011 USA Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free

Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support:

Phone: 421 33 790 2910

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative