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# MTLC

Capacitive Multi-Touch LCD with Camera Module

## User Manual



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# Chapter 1

## *Introduction*

The Terasic Capacitive Multi-touch LCD and Camera Module (MTLC) is an all-purpose LCD multimedia color touch-screen for FPGA applications and provides multi-touch gesture and single-touch support. A 5-megapixel digital image sensor, ambient light sensor, and 3-axis accelerometer make up the rich feature-set. A HSMC cable is provided to interface with various Terasic FPGA development boards, such as Terasic DE2-115 and TR4 development boards through a HSMC interface on the MTLC. The kit contains complete reference designs and source code for camera, sensing, and painter demonstrations.

Once the MTLC is connected and preconfigured with an FPGA hardware reference design including several ready-to-run demonstration applications stored on the provided SD card, software developers can use these reference designs as their platform to quickly architect, develop and build complex embedded systems.

Developers can benefit from the use of FPGA-based embedded processing system such as mitigating design risk and obsolescence, design reuse, reducing bill of material (BOM) costs by integrating powerful graphics engines within the FPGA, and lower cost.

**Figure 1-1** shows a photograph of MTLC.



**Figure 1-1** Video and Embedded Development Kit – Multi-touch

## ■ Capacitive LCD Touch Screen

- Equipped with an 7-inch amorphous-TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module
- Module composed of LED backlight
- Supports 24-bit parallel RGB interface
- Converting the X/Y touch coordinates to corresponding digital data via Touch controller.

**Table 1-1** shows the general physical specifications of the touch screen (Note\*).

**Table 1-1 General Physical Specifications of the LCD**

<i>Item</i>	<i>Specification</i>	<i>Unit</i>
<b>LCD size</b>	<b>7-inch (Diagonal)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Resolution</b>	<b>800 x3(RGB) x 480</b>	<b>dot</b>
<b>Dot pitch</b>	<b>0.1926(H) x0.1790 (V)</b>	<b>mm</b>
<b>Active area</b>	<b>154.08 (H) x 85.92 (V)</b>	<b>mm</b>
<b>Module size</b>	<b>164.9(H) x 100.0(V) x 5.7(D)</b>	<b>mm</b>
<b>Surface treatment</b>	<b>Glare</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Color arrangement</b>	<b>RGB-stripe</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Interface</b>	<b>Digital</b>	<b>-</b>

## ■ 5-Megapixel Digital Image Sensor

- Superior low-light performance
- High frame rate
- Low dark current
- Global reset release, which starts the exposure of all rows simultaneously
- Bulb exposure mode, for arbitrary exposure times
- Snapshot-mode to take frames on demand
- Horizontal and vertical mirror image
- Column and row skip modes to reduce image size without reducing field-of-view
- Column and row binning modes to improve image quality when resizing
- Simple two-wire serial interface
- Programmable controls: gain, frame rate, frame size, exposure

**Table 1-2** shows the key parameters of the CMOS sensor (Note\*).

**Table 1-2 Key Performance Parameters of the CMOS sensor**

<b>Parameter</b>		<b>Value</b>
<b>Active Pixels</b>		<b>2592Hx1944V</b>
<b>Pixel size</b>		<b>2.2umx2.2um</b>
<b>Color filter array</b>		<b>RGB Bayer pattern</b>
<b>Shutter type</b>		<b>Global reset release(GRR)</b>
<b>Maximum data rate/master clock</b>		<b>96Mp/s at 96MHz</b>
<b>Frame rate</b>	<b>Full resolution</b>	<b>Programmable up to 15 fps</b>
	<b>VGA mode</b>	<b>Programmable up to 70 fps</b>
<b>ADC resolution</b>		<b>12-bit</b>
<b>Responsivity</b>		<b>1.4V/lux-sec(550nm)</b>
<b>Pixel dynamic range</b>		<b>70.1dB</b>
<b>SNRMAX</b>		<b>38.1dB</b>
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	<b>Power</b>	<b>3.3V</b>
	<b>I/O</b>	<b>1.7V~3.1V</b>

## ■ Digital Accelerometer

- Up to 13-bit resolution at +/- 16g
- SPI (3- and 4-wire) digital interface
- Flexible interrupts modes

## ■ Ambient Light Sensor

- Approximates human-eye response
- Precise luminance measurement under diverse lighting conditions
- Programmable interrupt function with user-defined upper and lower threshold settings
- 16-bit digital output with I<sup>2</sup>C fast-mode at 400 kHz
- Programmable analog gain and integration time
- 50/60-Hz lighting ripple rejection



*Note: for more detailed information of the LCD touch panel and CMOS sensor module, please refer to their datasheets respectively.*

## 1.1 About the Package

The kit includes everything users need to run the demonstrations and develop custom designs, as shown in **Figure 1-2**.



Figure 1-2 MTLC kit package contents

## 1.2 Setup License for Terasic Multi-Touch IP

To utilize the multi-touch panel in a Quartus II project, the Terasic Multi-Touch IP is required for operation. Error messages will be displayed if the license file for the Multi-Touch IP is not added before compiling projects. The license file is located at:

MTLC System CD\License\license\_multi\_touch.dat

There are two ways to install the license. The first one is to add the license file (license\_multi\_touch.dat) to the “License file” listed in Quartus II, as shown in **Figure 1-3**. In order to reach this window, please navigate through to Quartus II → Tools → License Setup.

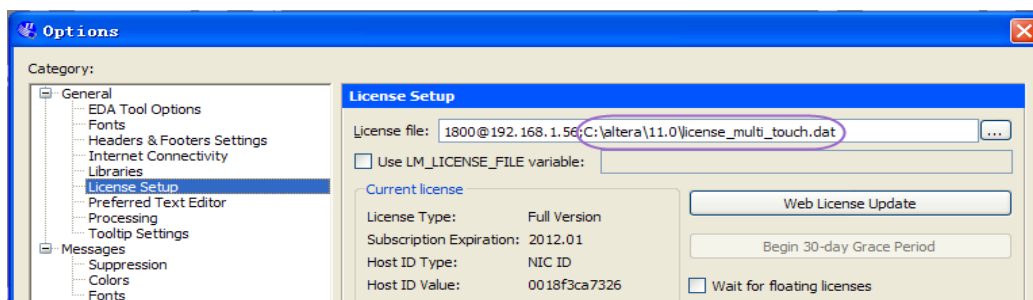


Figure 1-3 License Setup

The second way is to add license content to the existing license file. The procedures are listed below:

Use Notepad or other text editing software to open the file license\_multi\_touch.dat.

1. The license contains the FEATURE lines required to license the IP Cores as shown in **Figure 1-4**.

	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	
1	FEATURE 535C_0018 alterad 9999.12 12-jan-9999 uncounted 3F15022F111E \								
2	VENDOR_STRING="142c2k297gj7hoTVotLcny9Bti7hPsnSaeyATv8c8V5OsL3yQqoc1DdCI2.								
3	HOSTID=ANY TS_OK SIGN="1177 818B 8DA8 A068 5C33 BE57 9139 77D8 \								
4	C855 3B4B 6582 721C 9B62 CD64 A358 0B19 40C2 15C8 B6C8 CA5B \								
5	B5A9 C994 C296 D8FD E93C 9ADE 3D83 8952 EDCF 0843"								

**Figure 1-4 Content of license\_multi\_touch.dat**

2. Open your Quartus II license.dat file in a text editor.
3. Copy everything under license\_multi\_touch.dat and paste it at the end of your Quartus II license file. (Note: Do not delete any FEATURE lines from the Quartus II license file. Doing so will result in an unusable license file.) .
4. Save the Quartus II license file.

## 1.3 Assembly of MTLC onto Boards with HSMC Connectors

In this section, we would like to introduce how to successfully install the MTLC daughter card to FPGA boards that are equipped with HSMC connectors on top:



**Figure 1-5 Fixed components in a MTLC kit**

Inside every MTLC kit package, there should be 2 sets of copper pillars, screws, and nuts as shown in **Figure 1-5**

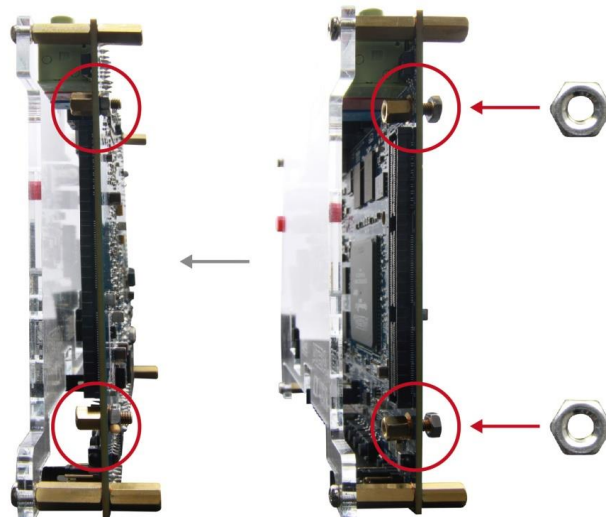
These parts are used to install the MTLC on the FPGA board through the mounting holes shown in **Figure 1-6**.





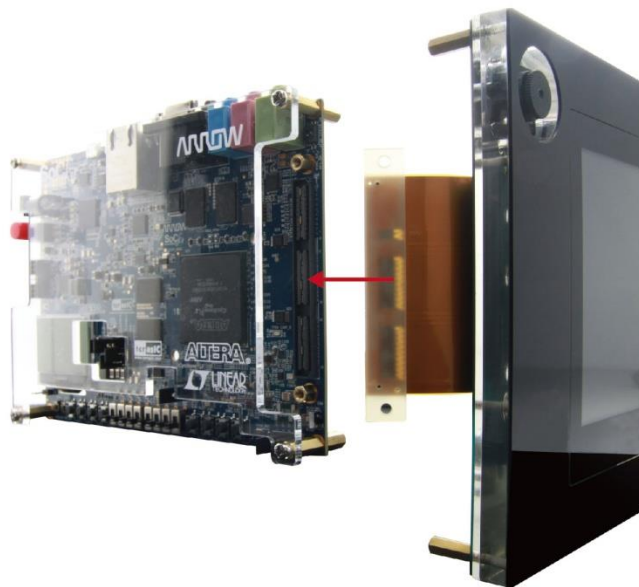
**Figure 1-6 Mounting holes next to the HSMC connector**

By doing so, this will ensure a rigid connection between the host board and the HSMC cable. Install the copper pillars and nuts on the mounting holes as shown in **Figure 1-7**.



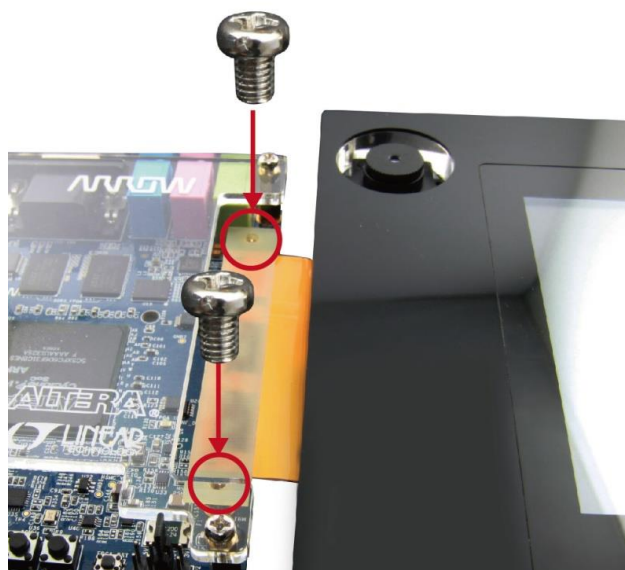
**Figure 1-7 Install copper pillars and nuts on the mounting hole**

The HSMC cable should be already connected to the MTLC right out of the box. User only needs to connect the HSMC cable to the HSMC connector on the host board as shown in **Figure 1-8**.



**Figure 1-8 Connect the HSMC cable to the HSMC connector on the host board**

The final step would be to fasten the screws through the HSMC cable and the copper pillar as shown in **Figure 1-9**.



**Figure 1-9 Fasten screws through the HSMC cable to the copper pillars**

## 1.4 Connectivity

Here we provide examples of MTLC being connected to different FPGA development boards: Arrow's SoCKit, TR4, DE2-115, and Altera Cyclone V SoC FPGA development board (C5SoC).



Figure 1-10 MTLC Connect C5S



Figure 1-11 MTLC Connect TR4



Figure 1-12 MTLC Connect DE2-115



Figure 1-13 MTLC Connect C5SOC

## 1.5 Getting Help

Here is the contact information if you encounter any problem:

**Terasic Technologies**

**Tel:** +886-3-575-0880

**Email:** [support@terasic.com](mailto:support@terasic.com)



## Chapter 2

# *Architecture of MTLC*

This chapter provides information regarding features and architecture of the Terasic Capacitive Multi-touch LCD and Camera Module.

### 2.1 Features

The key features of this module are listed as follows:

- 800x480 pixel resolution LCD with 24-bit color depth
- Single touch and two-point multi-gesture support
- 5-Megapixel Digital Image Sensor
- Digital Accelerometer
- Ambient Light Sensor

### 2.2 Layout and Components

The picture of the MTLC is shown in **Figure 2-1** and **Figure 2-2**. It depicts the layout of the board and indicates the locations of the connectors and key components.



Figure 2-1 MTLC PCB and Component Diagram (Top)

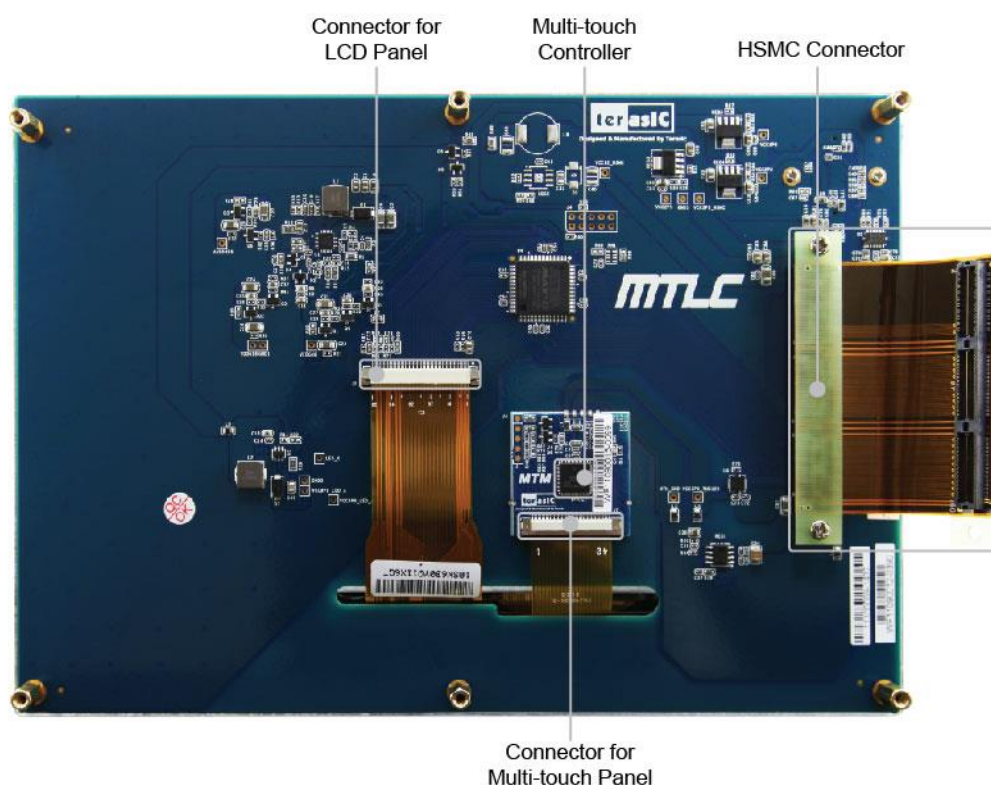
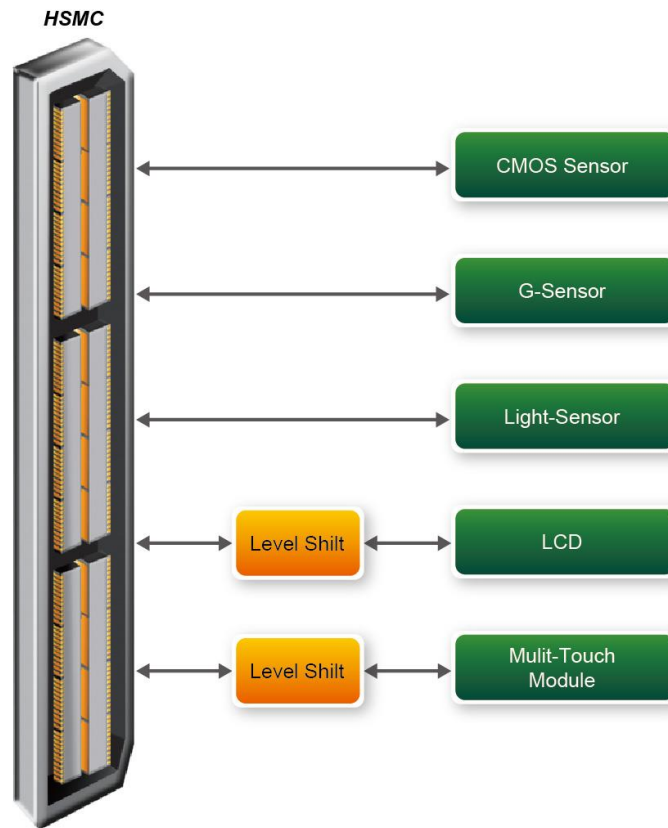


Figure 2-2 MTLC PCB and Component Diagram (Bottom)

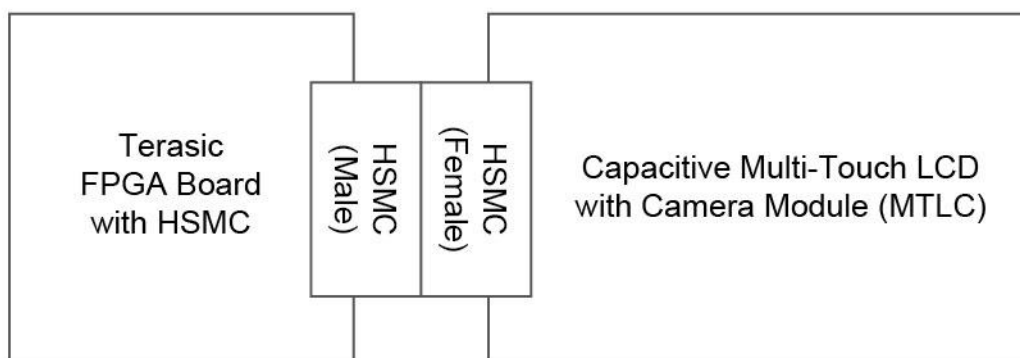
## 2.3 Block Diagram of the MTLC

Figure 2-3 gives the block diagram of the MTLC board. The HSMC connector houses all the

wires from peripheral interfaces, connecting to the FPGA of a development kit through the HSMC cable. Thus, the user can configure the FPGA to implement any system design. **Figure 2-4** illustrates the connection for MTLC to the Terasic FPGA boards.



**Figure 2-3 Block Diagram of MTLC**



**Figure 2-4 Connection Diagram of MTLC Kit with Terasic FPGA boards**

## Chapter 3

# Using MTLC

This section describes the detailed information of the components, connectors, and pin assignments of the MTLC.

### 3.1 Using the 7" LCD Capacitive Touch Screen

The MTLC features a 7-inch capacitive amorphous TFT-LCD panel. The LCD touch screen offers resolution of (800x480) to provide users the best display quality for developing applications. The LCD panel supports 24-bit parallel RGB data interface.

The MTLC is also equipped with a Touch controller, which can read the coordinates of the touch points through a serial port interface.

To display images on the LCD panel correctly, the RGB color data along with the data enable and clock signals must act according to the timing specification of the LCD touch panel as shown in **Table 3-1**.

**Table 3-2** gives the pin assignment information of the LCD touch panel.

**Table 3-1 LCD timing specifications**

			<i>M</i> <i>I</i> <i>N</i>	<i>T</i> <i>Y</i> <i>P</i>	<i>M</i> <i>A</i> <i>X</i>		
<i>ITEM</i>		<i>SYMBOL</i>				<i>UNIT</i>	<i>NOTE</i>
D C L K	Dot Clock	1/tCLK		3 3		MHZ	
	DCLK pulse duty	Tcwh	4 0	5 0	6 0	%	
D E	Setup time	Tesu	8			ns	
	Hold time	Tehd	8			ns	
	Horizontal period	tH		1 0 5 6		tCLK	
	Horizontal Valid	tHA	800			tCLK	
	Horizontal	tHB		2		tCLK	



	Blank			5 6			
	Vertical Period	tV		5 2 5		tH	
	Vertical Valid	tVA	480			tH	
	Vertical Blank	tVB		4 5		tH	
S Y N C	HSYNC setup time	Thst	8			ns	
	HSYNC hold time	Thhd	8			ns	
	VSYNC Setup Time	Tvst	8			ns	
	VSYNC Hold Time	Tvhd	8			ns	
	Horizontal Period	th		1 0 5 6		tCLK	
	Horizontal Pulse Width	thpw		3 0		tCLK	thb+t hpw= 46DC LK is fixed
	Horizontal Back Porch	thb		1 6		tCLK	
	Horizontal Front Porch	thfp		2 1 0		tCLK	
	Horizontal Valid	thd		8 0 0		tCLK	
	Vertical Period	tv		5 2 5		th	
	Vertical Pulse Width	tvpw		1 3		th	tvpw + tvb = 23th is fixed
	Vertical Back Porch	tvb		1 0		th	
	Vertical Front Porch	tvfp		2 2		th	
	Vertical Valid	tvd	480			th	
D A T A	Setup time	Tdsu	8			ns	
	Hold time	Tdsu	8			ns	

**Table 3-2 Pin assignment of the LCD touch panel**

Signal Name	FPGA Pin No.	Description	I/O Standard
LCD_B0	P28	LCD blue data bus bit 0	2.5V
LCD_B1	P27	LCD blue data bus bit 1	2.5V
LCD_B2	J24	LCD blue data bus bit 2	2.5V
LCD_B3	J23	LCD blue data bus bit 3	2.5V
LCD_B4	T26	LCD blue data bus bit 4	2.5V
LCD_B5	T25	LCD blue data bus bit 5	2.5V
LCD_B6	R26	LCD blue data bus bit 6	2.5V
LCD_B7	R25	LCD blue data bus bit 7	2.5V
LCD_DCLK	V24	LCD Clock	2.5V
LCD_DE	H23	Data Enable signal	2.5V
LCD_DIM	P21	LCD backlight enable	2.5V
LCD_DITH	L23	Dithering setting	2.5V
LCD_G0	P26	LCD green data bus bit 0	2.5V
LCD_G1	P25	LCD green data bus bit 1	2.5V
LCD_G2	N26	LCD green data bus bit 2	2.5V
LCD_G3	N25	LCD green data bus bit 3	2.5V
LCD_G4	L22	LCD green data bus bit 4	2.5V
LCD_G5	L21	LCD green data bus bit 5	2.5V
LCD_G6	U26	LCD green data bus bit 6	2.5V
LCD_G7	U25	LCD green data bus bit 7	2.5V
LCD_HSD	U22	Horizontal sync input.	2.5V
LCD_MODE	L24	DE/SYNC mode select	2.5V
LCD_POWER_CTL	M25	LCD power control	2.5V
LCD_R0	V28	LCD red data bus bit 0	2.5V
LCD_R1	V27	LCD red data bus bit 1	2.5V
LCD_R2	U28	LCD red data bus bit 2	2.5V
LCD_R3	U27	LCD red data bus bit 3	2.5V
LCD_R4	R28	LCD red data bus bit 4	2.5V
LCD_R5	R27	LCD red data bus bit 5	2.5V
LCD_R6	V26	LCD red data bus bit 6	2.5V
LCD_R7	V25	LCD red data bus bit 7	2.5V
LCD_RSTB	K22	Global reset pin	2.5V
LCD_SHLR	H24	Left or Right Display Control	2.5V
LCD_UPDN	K21	Up / Down Display Control	2.5V
LCD_VSD	V22	Vertical sync input.	2.5V
TOUCH_I2C_SCL	T22	touch I2C clock	2.5V
TOUCH_I2C_SDA	T21	touch I2C data	2.5V
TOUCH_INT_n	R23	touch interrupt	2.5V

## 3.2 Using 5 Megapixel Digital Image Sensor

The MTLC is equipped with a 5 megapixel digital image sensor that provides an active imaging array of 2,592H x 1,944V. It features low-noise CMOS imaging technology that achieves CCD image quality. In addition, it incorporates sophisticated camera functions on-chip such as windowing, column and row skip mode, and snapshot mode.

The sensor can be operated in its default mode or programmed by the user through a simple two-wire serial interface for frame size, exposure, gain settings, and other parameters. **Table 3-3** contains the pin names and descriptions of the image sensor module.

**Table 3-3 Pin Assignment of the CMOS Sensor**

Signal Name	FPGA Pin No.	Description	I/O Standard
CAMERA_PIXCLK	J27	Pixel clock	2.5V
CAMERA_D0	F24	Pixel data bit 0	2.5V
CAMERA_D1	F25	Pixel data bit 1	2.5V
CAMERA_D2	D26	Pixel data bit 2	2.5V
CAMERA_D3	C27	Pixel data bit 3	2.5V
CAMERA_D4	F26	Pixel data bit 4	2.5V
CAMERA_D5	E26	Pixel data bit 5	2.5V
CAMERA_D6	G25	Pixel data bit 6	2.5V
CAMERA_D7	G26	Pixel data bit 7	2.5V
CAMERA_D8	H25	Pixel data bit 8	2.5V
CAMERA_D9	H26	Pixel data bit 9	2.5V
CAMERA_D10	K25	Pixel data bit 10	2.5V
CAMERA_D11	K26	Pixel data bit 11	2.5V
CAMERA_STROBE	E27	Snapshot strobe	2.5V
CAMERA_LVAL	D28	Line valid	2.5V
CAMERA_FVAL	D27	Frame valid	2.5V
CAMERA_RESET_n	F27	Image sensor reset	2.5V
CAMERA_SCLK	AE26	Serial clock	2.5V
CAMERA_TRIGGER	E28	Snapshot trigger	2.5V
CAMERA_SDATA	AE27	Serial data	2.5V
CAMERA_XCLKIN	G23	External input clock	2.5V

### 3.3 Using the Digital Accelerometer

The MTLC is equipped with a digital accelerometer sensor module. The ADXL345 is a small, thin, ultralow power assumption 3-axis accelerometer with high resolution measurement. Digitalized output is formatted as 16-bit twos complement and can be accessed either using SPI interface or I2C interface. This chip uses the 3.3V CMOS signaling standard. Main applications include medical instrumentation, industrial instrumentation, personal electronic aid and hard disk drive protection etc. Some of the key features of this device are listed below. For more detailed information of better using this chip, please refer to its datasheet which is available on manufacturer's website or under the /datasheet folder of the system CD.

**Table 3-4 Pin Names and Descriptions of the GSENSOR Module**

<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>FPGA Pin No.</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>I/O Standard</b>
<b>GSENSOR_INT1</b>	<b>G27</b>	<b>Interrupt 1 output</b>	<b>2.5V</b>
<b>GSENSOR_INT2</b>	<b>G28</b>	<b>Interrupt 2 output</b>	<b>2.5V</b>
<b>GSENSOR_CS_n</b>	<b>F28</b>	<b>Chip Select</b>	<b>2.5V</b>
<b>GSENSOR_ALT_ADDR</b>	<b>K27</b>	<b>I2C Address Select</b>	<b>2.5V</b>
<b>GSENSOR_SDA_SDI_SDI O</b>	<b>K28</b>	<b>Serial Data</b>	<b>2.5V</b>
<b>GSENSOR_SCL_SCLK</b>	<b>M27</b>	<b>Serial Communications Clock</b>	<b>2.5V</b>

### 3.4 Using the Ambient Light Sensor

The APDS-9300 is a low-voltage digital ambient light sensor that converts light intensity to digital signal output capable of direct I2C communication. Each device consists of one broadband photodiode (visible plus infrared) and one infrared photodiode. Two integrating ADCs convert the photodiode currents to a digital output that represents the irradiance measured on each channel. This digital output can be input to a microprocessor where illuminance (ambient light level) in lux is derived using an empirical formula to approximate the human-eye response. For more detailed information of better using this chip, please refer to its datasheet which is available on manufacturer's website or under the /datasheet folder of the system CD.

**Table 3-5 Pin names and Descriptions of Ambient Light Sensor Module**

<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>FPGA Pin No.</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>I/O Standard</b>
<b>LSensor_ADDR_SEL</b>	<b>J25</b>	<b>Chip select</b>	<b>2.5V</b>
<b>LSensor_INT</b>	<b>L28</b>	<b>Interrupt output</b>	<b>2.5V</b>
<b>LSensor_SCL</b>	<b>J26</b>	<b>Serial Communications Clock</b>	<b>2.5V</b>
<b>LSensor_SDA</b>	<b>L27</b>	<b>Serial Data</b>	<b>2.5V</b>



## 3.5 Using Terasic Multi-Touch IP

Terasic Multi-Touch IP is provided for developers to retrieve user inputs, including multi-touch gestures and single-touch. The file name of this IP is **i2c\_touch\_config** and it is encrypted. To compile projects with the IP, users need to install the IP license first. For license installation, please refer to section **1.2 Setup License for Terasic Multi-Touch IP** in this document. The license file is located at:

MTLC System CD\License\license\_multi\_touch.dat

The IP decodes I2C information and outputs coordinate and gesture information. The IP interface is shown below:

```
module i2c_touch_config (
    // Host Side
    iCLK,
    iRSTN,
    iTRIG,
    oREADY,
    oREG_X1,
    oREG_Y1,
    oREG_X2,
    oREG_Y2,
    oREG_TOUCH_COUNT,
    oREG_GESTURE,
    // I2C Side
    I2C_SCLK,
    I2C_SDAT
);
```

The signal purpose of the IP is described in **Table 3-6**. The IP requires a 50MHz signal as a reference clock to the **iCLK** pin and system reset signal to **iRSTN**. **iTRIG**, **I2C\_SCLK**, and **IC2\_SDAT** pins should be connected of the TOUCH\_INT\_n, TOUCH\_I2C\_SCL, and TOUCH\_I2C\_SDA signals in the 2x20 GPIO header respectively. When **oREADY** rises, it means there is touch activity, and associated information is given in the **oREG\_X1**, **oREG\_Y1**, **oREG\_X2**, **oREG\_Y2**, **oREG\_TOUCH\_COUNT**, and **oREG\_GESTURE** pins.

For the control application, when touch activity occurs, it should check whether the value of **oREG\_GESTURE** matched a pre-defined gesture ID defined in **Table 3-7**. If it is not a gesture, it means a single-touch has occurred and the relative X/Y coordinates can be derived from **oREG\_X1** and **oREG\_Y1**.

**Table 3-6 Interface Definitions of Terasic Multi-touch IP**

<i>Pin Name</i>	<i>Direction</i>	<i>Description</i>
<b>iCLK</b>	<b>Input</b>	<b>Connect to 50MHz Clock</b>
<b>iRSTN</b>	<b>Input</b>	<b>Connect to system reset signal</b>
<b>iTRIG</b>	<b>Input</b>	<b>Connect to Interrupt Pin of Touch IC</b>
<b>oREADY</b>	<b>Output</b>	<b>Rising Trigger when following six output data is valid</b>
<b>oREG_X1</b>	<b>Output</b>	<b>10-bits X coordinate of first touch point</b>
<b>oREG_Y1</b>	<b>Output</b>	<b>9-bits Y coordinate of first touch point</b>

<b>oREG_X2</b>	<b>Output</b>	<b>10-bits X coordinate of second touch point</b>
<b>oREG_Y2</b>	<b>Output</b>	<b>9-bits Y coordinate of second touch point</b>
<b>oREG_TOUCH_COUNT</b>	<b>Output</b>	<b>2-bits touch count. Valid value is 0, 1, or 2.</b>
<b>oREG_GESTURE</b>	<b>Output</b>	<b>8-bits gesture ID (See <a href="#">Table 3-7</a>)</b>
<b>I2C_SCLK</b>	<b>Output</b>	<b>Connect to I2C Clock Pin of Touch IC</b>
<b>I2C_SDAT</b>	<b>Inout</b>	<b>Connect to I2C Data Pin of Touch IC</b>

The supported gestures and IDs are shown in [Table 3-7](#).

**Table 3-7 Gestures**

<b><i>Gesture</i></b>	<b><i>ID (hex)</i></b>
<b>One Point Gesture</b>	
<b>North</b>	<b>0x10</b>
<b>North-East</b>	<b>0x12</b>
<b>East</b>	<b>0x14</b>
<b>South-East</b>	<b>0x16</b>
<b>South</b>	<b>0x18</b>
<b>South-West</b>	<b>0x1A</b>
<b>West</b>	<b>0x1C</b>
<b>North-West</b>	<b>0x1E</b>
<b>Rotate Clockwise</b>	<b>0x28</b>
<b>Rotate Anti-clockwise</b>	<b>0x29</b>
<b>Click</b>	<b>0x20</b>
<b>Double Click</b>	<b>0x22</b>
<b>Two Point Gesture</b>	
<b>North</b>	<b>0x30</b>
<b>North-East</b>	<b>0x32</b>
<b>East</b>	<b>0x34</b>
<b>South-East</b>	<b>0x36</b>
<b>South</b>	<b>0x38</b>
<b>South-West</b>	<b>0x3A</b>
<b>West</b>	<b>0x3C</b>
<b>North-West</b>	<b>0x3E</b>
<b>Click</b>	<b>0x40</b>
<b>Zoom In</b>	<b>0x48</b>
<b>Zoom Out</b>	<b>0x49</b>

Note: The Terasic Multi-Touch IP can also be found under the \IP folder in the system CD as well as the \IP folder in the reference designs.

## Chapter 4

# *MTLC Demonstrations*

This chapter gives detailed description of the provided bundles of exclusive demonstrations implemented on the DE2-115 development board with MTLC. These demonstrations are particularly designed (or ported) for MTLC, with the goal of showing the potential capabilities of the kit and showcase the unique benefits of FPGA-based SOPC systems such as reducing BOM costs by integrating powerful graphics and video processing circuits within the FPGA.

**Please notice that all the demonstrations in this chapter are using the DE2-115 development board with MTLC. For the demonstrations with other FPGA board can be found on MTLC system CD.**

### 4.1 System Requirements

To run and recompile the demonstrations, you should:

- Install Altera Quartus II 13.1 and NIOS II EDS 13.1 or later edition on the host computer
- Install the USB-Blaster driver software. You can find instructions in the tutorial “Getting Started with Altera’s DE2-115 Board” (tut\_initialDE2-115.pdf) which is available on the DE2-115 system CD
- Copy the entire \Demonstration\DE2-115 folder from the MTLC system CD to your host computer

### 4.2 Painter Demonstration

This chapter shows how to control LCD and touch controller to establish a paint demo based on SOPC Builder and Altera VIP Suite. The demonstration shows how multi-touch gestures and single-touch coordinates operate.

**Figure 4-1** shows the hardware system block diagram of this demonstration. For LCD display processing, the reference design is developed based on the Altera Video and Image Processing Suite (VIP). The Frame Reader VIP is used for reading display content from the associated video memory, and VIP Video Out is used to display the display content. The display content is filled by NIOS II processor according to users’ input.

For multi-touch processing, a Terasic Memory-Mapped IP is used to retrieve the user input, including multi-touch gesture and single-touch coordinates. Note, the IP is encrypted, so the license should be installed before compiling the Quartus II project. For IP--usage details please refer to the

section 3.5 Using Terasic Multi-Touch IP in this document.

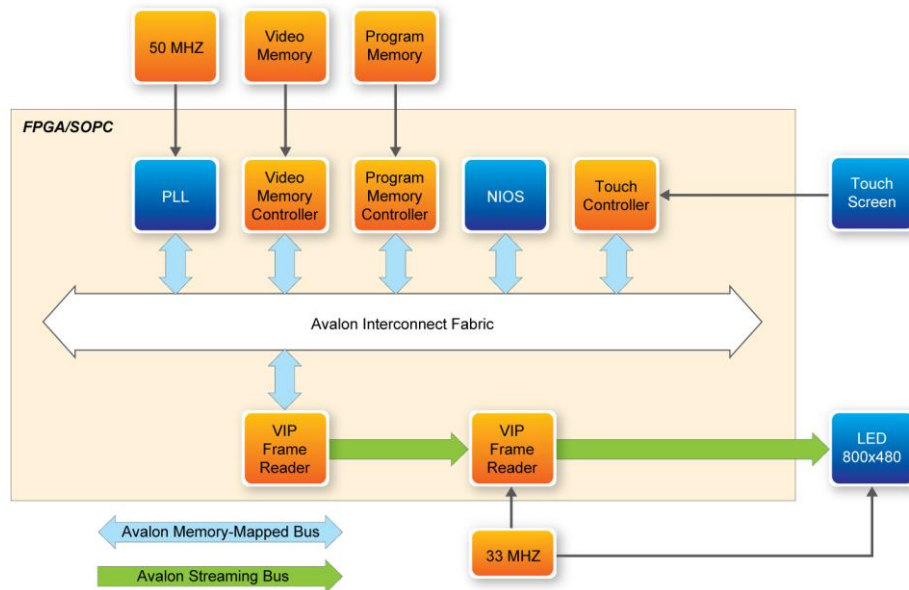


Figure 4-1 Block Diagram of the Painter Demonstration

## ■ Demonstration Source Code

- Project directory: Painter
- Bit stream used: Painter.sof
- Nios II Workspace: Painter \Software

## ■ Demonstration Batch File

Demo Batch File Folder: Painter \demo\_batch

The demo batch file includes the following files:

- Batch File: test.bat, test\_bashrc
- FPGA Configuration File: Painter.sof
- Nios II Program: Painter.elf

## ■ Demonstration Setup

1. Make sure Quartus II and Nios II are installed on your PC
  2. Power on the DE2-115 board
  3. Connect USB-Blaster to the DE2-115 board and install USB-Blaster driver if necessary
  4. Execute the demo batch file “test.bat” under the batch file folder, Painter \demo\_batch
  5. After Nios II program is downloaded and executed successfully, you will see a painter GUI in the LCD. Figure 4-2 shows the GUI of the Painter Demo.
- The GUI is classified into three areas: Palette, Canvas, and Gesture. Users can select pen color from the color palette and start painting in the Canvas area. If gesture is detected, the associated gesture symbol is shown in the gesture area. To clear canvas content, press the



“Clear” button.

- **Figure 4-3** shows the photo when users paint in the canvas area. **Figure 4-4** shows the phone when counter-clockwise rotation gesture is detected. **Figure 4-5** shows the photo when zoom-in gesture is detected.



Figure 4-2 GUI of Painter Demo

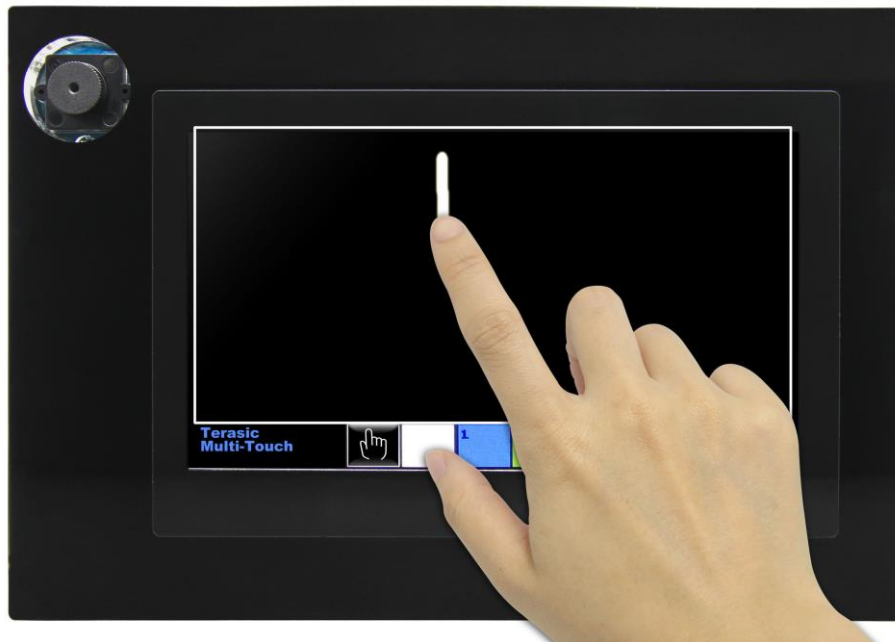


Figure 4-3 Single Touch Painting



Figure 4-4 Counter-clockwise Rotation Gesture



Figure 4-5 Zoom-in Gesture



*Note: execute the test.bat under Picture\_Viewer\demo\_batch will automatically download the .sof and .elf file.*