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PA04 • PA04A

RoH_S

Power Operational Amplifier

FEATURES

- High Internal Dissipation 200 Watts
- High Voltage, High Current 200V, 20A
- High Slew Rate 50V/μs
- 4 Wire Current Limit Sensing
- Low Distortion
- External Sleep Mode Control
- Optional Boost Voltage Inputs
- Evaluation Kit See EK09

APPLICATIONS

- Sonar Transducer Driver
- Linear and Rotary Motor Drives
- Yoke/Magnetic Field Excitation
- Programmable Power Supplies to ±95V
- Audio up to 400W

DESCRIPTION

The PA04 is a high voltage MOSFET power operational amplifier that extends the performance limits of power amplifiers in slew rate and power bandwidth, while maintaining high current and power dissipation ratings.

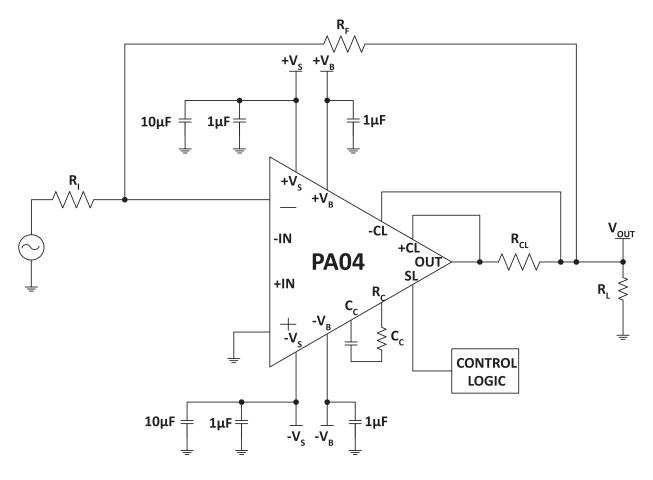
The PA04 is a highly flexible amplifier. The sleep mode feature allows ultra-low quiescent current for standby operation or load protection by disabling the entire amplifier. Boost voltage inputs allow the small signal portion of the amplifier to operate at a higher voltage than the high current output stage. The amplifier is then biased to achieve close linear swings to the supply rails at high currents for extra efficient operation. External compensation tailors performance to user needs. A four wire sense technique allows precision current limiting without the need to consider internal or external milliohm parasitic resistance in the output line. The JEDEC MO-127 12-pin Power Dip[™] package (see Package Outlines) is hermetically sealed and isolated from the internal circuits. The use of compressible thermal washers will void product warranty.





TYPICAL CONNECTION

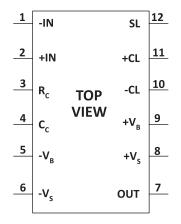
Figure 1: Typical Connection





PINOUT AND DESCRIPTION TABLE

Figure 2: External Connections



Pin Number	Name	Description
1	-IN	The inverting input.
2	+IN	The non-inverting input.
3	RC	Compensation resistor connection. Select value based on Phase Compensation. See applicable section.
4	СС	Compensation capacitor connection. Select value based on Phase Compensation. See applicable section.
5	-VB	The negative boost supply rail. Short to -Vs if unused. See applicable section.
6	-Vs	The negative supply rail.
7	OUT	The output. Connect this pin to load and to the feedback resistors through $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{CL}}.$
8	+Vs	The positive supply rail.
9	+VB	The positive boost supply rail. Short to +Vs if unused. See applicable section.
10	-CL	Connect to the load side of the current limit resistor. Current limit will activate as the voltage across R _{CL} increases.
11	11 +CL Connect to the OUT side of the current limit resistor. Curre the voltage across R _{CL} increases.	
12	SL	The sleep mode activation pin. See applicable section.



SPECIFICATIONS

Unless otherwise noted: $T_C = 25$ °C, $C_C = 470$ pF, $R_C = 120$ ohms. DC input specifications are ± value given. Power supply voltage is typical rating. $\pm V_{BOOST} = \pm V_S$.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage, total	+V _s to -V _s		200	V
Boost Voltage	±V _B		$\pm V_{S} \pm 20V$	V
Output Current, within SOA	۱ ₀		20	А
Power Dissipation, internal	PD		200	W
Input Voltage, differential	V _{IN (Diff)}	-20	20	V
Input Voltage, common mode	V _{cm}	-V _S	V _S	V
Temperature, pin solder, 10s			350	°C
Temperature, junction ¹	Tj		150	°C
Temperature, storage		-65	+150	°C
Operating Temperature Range, case	т _с	-55	+125	°C

1. Long term operation at the maximum junction temperature will result in reduced product life. Derate internal power dissipation to achieve high MTTF. For guidance, refer to the heatsink data sheet.



The PA04 is constructed from MOSFET transistors. ESD handling procedures must be observed. The internal substrate contains beryllia (BeO). Do not break the seal. If accidentally broken, do not crush, machine, or subject to temperatures in excess of 850°C to avoid generating toxic fumes.



INPUT

Parameter	Test		PA04			Units		
raiailleter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Offset Voltage, initial			5	10		2	5	mV
Offset Voltage vs. temperature	Full temp range		30	50		10	30	μV/°C
Offset Voltage vs. supply			15			*		μV/V
Offset Voltage vs. power	Full temp range		30			10		μV/W
Bias Current, initial			10	50		5	20	pА
Bias Current vs. supply			0.01			*		pA/V
Offset Current, initial			10	50		5	20	pА
Input Impedance, DC			10 ¹¹			*		Ω
Input Capacitance			13			*		pF
Common Mode Voltage Range	Full temp range	±V _B -8			*			V
Common Mode Rejection, DC	Full temp range, V _{CM} = ±20V	86	98		*	*		dB
Input Noise	100 kHz BW, R _I = 1 kΩ		10			*		μVrms

GAIN

Parameter	Test	PA04			PA04A			Units
Falameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Open Loop, @ 15 Hz	Full temp range, C _C = 100pF	94	102		*	*		dB
Gain Bandwidth Product	I _O = 10A		2			*		MHz
Power Bandwidth	R_L =4.5 Ω, V_O = 180V p-p C_C =100pF, R_C =120 Ω		90			*		kHz
Phase Margin	Full temp range		60			*		٥

PA04 • PA04A



OUTPUT

Parameter	Test	PA04			PA04A			Units
Falameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Voltage Swing	I _O = 15A	±V _S -8.8	±V _S -7.5		*	*		V
Voltage Swing	V _{BOOST} = Vs + 5V, I _O = 20A	±V _S -6.8	±V _S -5.5		*	*		V
Current, peak		20			*			А
Settling Time to 0.1%	A _V = 1, 10V step, R _L = 4 Ω		2.5			*		μs
Slew Rate	A _V = 10, C _C = 100pF, R _C =120 Ω	40	50		*	*		V/µs
Capacitive Load	Full temp range, A _V = +1	10			*			nF
Resistance			2			*		Ω

POWER SUPPLY

Parameter	Test	PA04				Units		
raidilletei	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Voltage	Full temp range	±15	±75	±100	*	*	*	V
Current, quiescent, boost supply			30	40		*	*	mA
Current, quiescent, total			70	90		*	*	mA
Current, quiescent, total, sleep mode	Full temp range		3	5		*	*	mA

THERMAL

Parameter	Test	PA04				Units		
Parameter	Conditions Mir	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Resistance, AC, junction to case ¹	Full temp range, F>60 Hz		0.3	0.4		*	*	°C/W
Resistance, DC, junction to case	Full temp range, F<60 Hz		0.5	0.6		*	*	°C/W
Resistance ² , junction to air	Full temp range		12			*		°C/W
Temperature Range, case	Meets full range specification	-25		85	*		*	°C

1. Rating applies if the output current alternates between both output transistors at a rate faster than 60 Hz.

2. The PA04 must be used with a heatsink or the quiescent power may drive the unit to junction temperatures higher than 150°C.

Note: *The specification of PA04A is identical to the specification for PA04 in applicable column to the left.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS

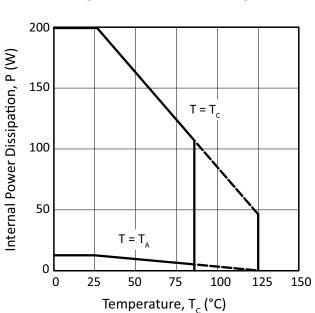


Figure 3: Power Derating

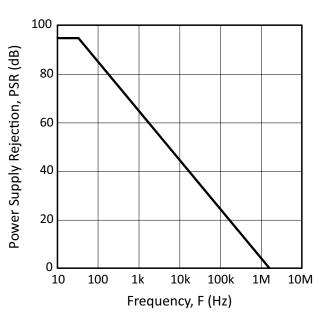


Figure 4: Power Supply Rejection



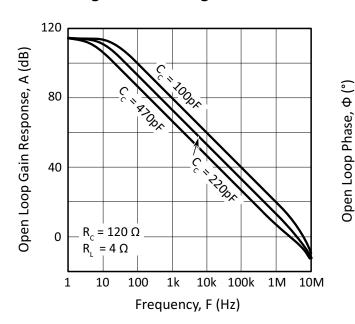
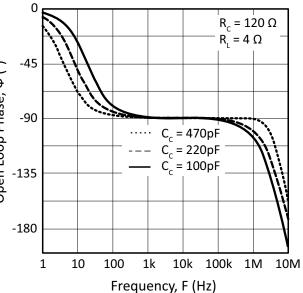


Figure 5: Small Signal Gain



1k

Frequency, F (Hz)

10k

Common Mode Rejection, CMR (dB)



Figure 7: Slew Rate

Figure 8: Output Voltage Swing

V BOOST

 $V_{B005T} = V_{5} + 5V$

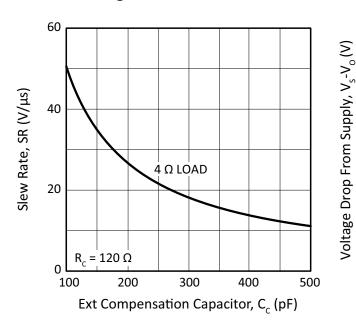
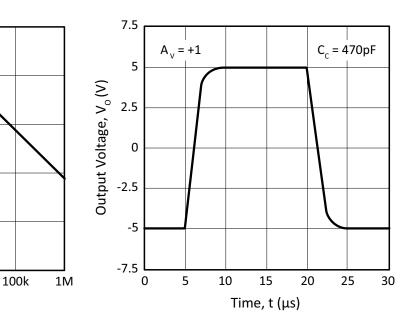




Figure 10: Pulse Response

Output Current, I_o (A)





3004

P . 200N

10k

30k

3k

Figure 11: Current Limit

Figure 12: Harmonic Distortion

0.2

0.1

.05

.02

.01

.005

.002

.001

30

100

300

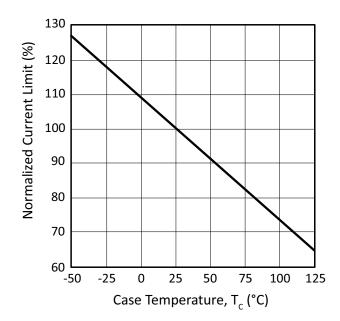
Distortion, THD (%)

 $A_{v} = 10$

 $R_1 = 4 \Omega$

 $V_{s} = 62V$

 $C_{c} = 100 \text{pF}, R_{c} = 120 \Omega$



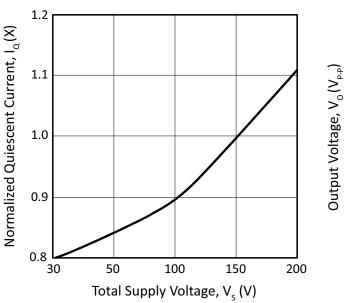


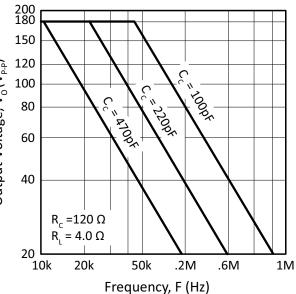


1k

Frequency, F (Hz)

 $P_0 = 1W$







SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)

The MOSFET output stage of this power operational amplifier has two distinct limitations:

- 1. The current handling capability of the MOSFET geometry and the wire bonds.
- 2. The junction temperature of the output MOSFETs.
- **Note:** The output stage is protected against transient flyback. However, for protection against sustained, high energy flyback, external fast-recovery diodes should be used.

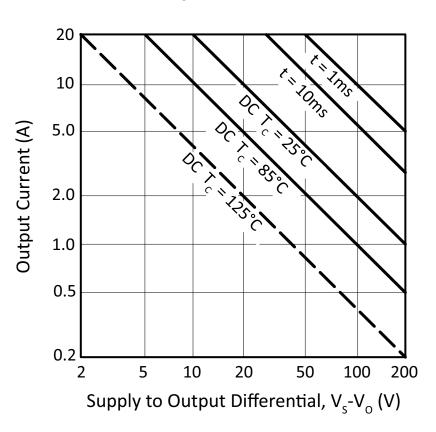


Figure 15: SOA



GENERAL

Please read Application Note 1 "General Operating Considerations" which covers stability, supplies, heat sinking, mounting, current limit, SOA interpretation, and specification interpretation. Visit www.apexanalog.com for Apex Microtechnology's complete Application Notes library, Technical Seminar Workbook, and Evaluation Kits.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

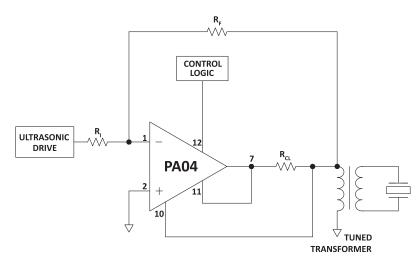


Figure 16: Typical Application (Sonar Transducer Driver)

The high power bandwidth and high voltage output of the PA04 allows driving sonar transducers via a resonant circuit including the transducer and a matching transformer. The load circuit appears resistive to the PA04. Control logic turns off the amplifier in sleep mode.

PHASE COMPENSATION

Gain	C _C *	R _C
≥1	470pF	120 Ω
≥3	220pF	120 Ω
≥10	100pF	120 Ω

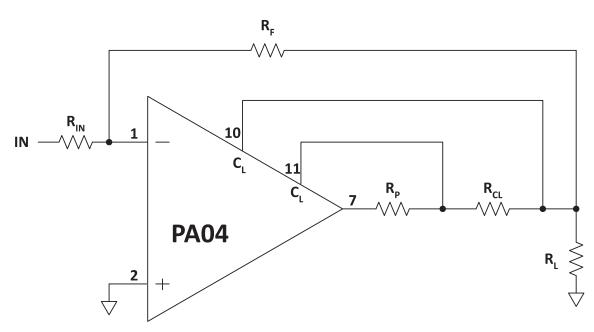
C_C Rated For Full Supply Voltage *See "BOOST OPERATION" paragraph.



CURRENT LIMIT

The two current limit sense lines are to be connected directly across the current limit sense resistor. For the current limit to work correctly pin 11 must be connected to the amplifier output side and pin 10 connected to the load side of the current limit resistor, R_{CL}, as shown in Figure 17. This connection will bypass any parasitic resistances, Rp, formed by sockets and solder joints as well as internal amplifier losses. The current limiting resistor may not be placed anywhere in the output circuit except where shown in Figure 17. The value of the current limit resistor can be calculated as follows:

 $R_{CL}(\Omega) = \frac{0.76V}{I_{LIMIT}(A)}$







SLEEP MODE OPERATION

To activate sleep mode, connect pin 12 (sleep) to pin 9 ($+V_{BOOST}$). This disables the amplifier's internal reference and the amplifier shuts down except for a trickle current of 3 mA which flows into pin 12. Pin 12 should be left open if the sleep mode is not required.

Several possible circuits can be built to take advantage of this mode. In Figure 18a a small signal relay is driven by a logic gate. This removes the requirement to deal with the common mode voltage that exists on the shutoff circuitry since the sleep mode is referenced to the $+V_{BOOST}$ voltage.

In Figure 18b, circuitry is used to level translate the sleep mode input signal. The differential input activates sleep mode with a differential logic level signal and allows common mode voltages to $\pm V_{BOOST}$.

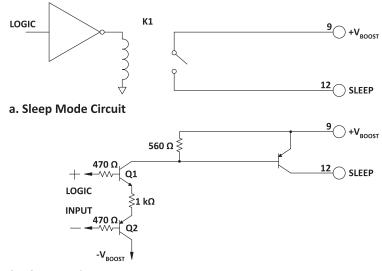


Figure 18: Sleep Mode Current

b. Sleep Mode Circuit

BOOST OPERATION

With the V_{BOOST} feature the small signal stages of the amplifier are operated at higher supply voltages than the amplifier's high current output stage. $+V_{BOOST}$ (pin 9) and $-V_{BOOST}$ (pin 5) are connected to the small signal circuitry of the amplifier. $+V_S$ (pin 8) and $-V_S$ (pin 6) are connected to the high current output stage. An additional 5V on the V_{BOOST} pins is sufficient to allow the small signal stages to drive the output transistors into saturation and improve the output voltage swing for extra efficient operation when required. When close swings to the supply rails is not required the $+V_{BOOST}$ and $+V_S$ pins must be strapped together as well as the $-V_{BOOST}$ and $-V_S$ pins. The V_{BOOST} pins must not be at a voltage lower than the V_S pins.

COMPENSATION

The external compensation components C_C and R_C are connected to pins 3 and 4. Unity gain stability can be achieved at any compensation capacitance greater than 330 pF with at least 60 degrees of phase margin. At higher gains more phase shift can be tolerated in most designs and the compensation capacitance can accordingly be reduced, resulting in higher bandwidth and slew rate. Use the typical operating curves as a guide to select C_C and R_C for the application.



0.156±.002 [ø3.96±0.05] 2 PLACES

1,200 [30,48]

.600 [15.24]

.200 [5.08] TYP.

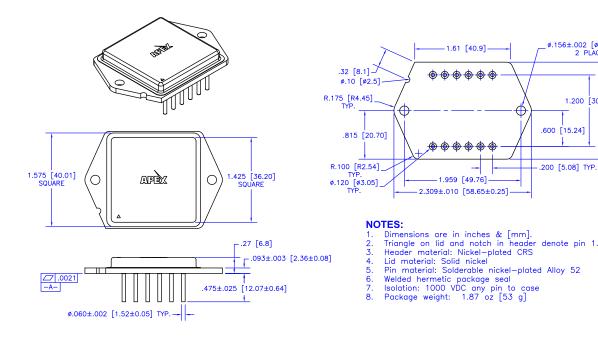
1.63 [41.4]

.61 [40.9]

.959 [49.76]

PACKAGE DESIGN

PACKAGE STYLE CR



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