## : ©hipsmall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation, and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

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Power Rating: up to 250 W
Height: 9.1 mm to 10.4 mm Max
Footprint: $29.5 \mathrm{~mm} \times 26.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ Max
Frequency Range: 200 kHz to 700 kHz Isolation (Primary to Secondary): 1750VDC

| Electrical Specifications @ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ - Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part <br> Number | Turns Ratio |  | Schematic | Primary* Inductance ( $\mu \mathrm{H}$ MIN) | Leakage** <br> Inductance <br> ( $\mu \mathrm{H}$ MAX) | DCR (m, MAX) |  |  |  | Maximum Height (mm) |
|  | Primary A | Secondary |  |  |  | Primary A | Primary B | Primary Aux. | Secondary |  |
| Double Interleave Designs (Higher Efficiency, Lower DCR and Lower Leakage) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PA0901NL | 4 T \& 4T | $4 T$(IT:IT:TT:TT) | A1 | 216 | 0.3 | 13 | 13 | - | 4.5 | 10.2 |
| PA0903NL | 5 T \& 5 T (w/5T aux) |  |  | 340 | 0.3 | 15 | 15 | 235 |  |  |
| PA0905NL | 6 T \& 6 T (w/2T aux) |  |  | 480 | 0.3 | 21 | 21 | 78 |  |  |
| PA0907NL | 7 T \& 7 T (w/3T aux) |  |  | 660 | 0.3 | 50 | 50 | 100 |  |  |
| PA0909NL | 8T \& 8T |  |  | 860 | 0.3 | 60 | 60 | - |  |  |
| PA0908NL | 4 T \& 4T | $1 T \& T$ | A2 | 216 | 0.3 | 13 | 13 | - | 0.56 \& 0.56 | 10.2 |
| PA0910NL | 5 T \& 5 T (w/5T aux) |  |  | 340 | 0.3 | 15 | 15 | 235 |  |  |
| PA0912NL | 6 T \& 6 T (w/2T aux) |  |  | 480 | 0.3 | 21 | 21 | 78 |  |  |
| PA0914NL | $7 T \& 7 \mathrm{~T}$ (w/3T aux) |  |  | 660 | 0.3 | 50 | 50 | 100 |  |  |
| Single Interleave Designs (Lower Cost) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PA0930NL | 4T | $\begin{gathered} \text { 4T } \\ (I T: I T: I T: 1 T) \end{gathered}$ | B1 | 54 | 0.3 | 13 | - | - |  |  |
| PA0931NL | 5 T (w/5T aux) |  |  | 85 | 0.3 | 15 | - | 470 |  |  |
| PA0934NL | 4T | $7 T \& 7 T$ | B2 | 54 | 0.3 | 13 | - | - | 40 \& 40 | 9.1 |
| PA0935NL | 5 T (w/5T aux) |  |  | 85 | 0.3 | 15 | - | 470 |  |  |
| PA0936NL | 6 T (w/2T aux) |  |  | 120 | 0.3 | 21 | - | 156 |  |  |
| PA0937NL | 7 T (w/3T aux) |  |  | 165 | 0.3 | 50 | - | 200 |  |  |
| PA0947NL | 8 T |  |  | 215 | 0.3 | 60 | - | - |  |  |
| PA0943NL | 5 T (w/5T aux) | $2 T \& 1 T$ | B3 | 85 | 0.3 | 15 | - | 470 | 1.8 \& 0.6 | 9.1 |

Notes: *Inductance is measured, where applicable, with both primary windings connected in series ( 2 to 5 , with 3 and 4 shorted).
${ }^{* *}$ Leakage inductance is measured with both primary windings connected in series (where applicable) with all other windings shorted.

Mechanical

## PA090X

Weight ..............19.8grams
Tray .......................reel
Dimensions: $\frac{\text { nches }}{m m}$
Unless otherwise specified, all tolerances are $\pm \frac{010}{0,25}$

$6 \times \varnothing \frac{.047}{1,19}$ SHAFT

*H - Maximum Height (see table above)

SUGGESTED PAD LAYOUT


## Schematics

## PAO9OX

| - DOUBL | E | INTER | SCH | ATICS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 |  |  | A2 |  |
| $2 \text { PRIA }$ |  |  | $20-3$ |  |
|  |  |  | PRIA | - 11 |
| 3 - |  |  | $30-$ | 1 T |
| PRI B |  | $\bigcirc 9$ | 3 PRIB ${ }^{\circ}$ | - 010 |
| $5 \bigcirc$ |  |  | $5 \bigcirc$ | $\longrightarrow 8$ |
| 10 |  | $\bigcirc 8$ | 1 |  |
| PRI AUX 3 |  | 1 T | PRI AUX 3 | O |
| $6 \bigcirc$ |  | - 7 | $6 \bigcirc$ |  |

- Single interleave schematics -


High Frequency Planar
Transformers

## PA09XXNL Series（up to 250W）

## PA09XX Transformer Winding Configuration Matrix

The following is a matrix of the winding configurations that are possible with the Pulse PA09XX Planar Transformer Platform．The package is typically capable of handling between 150－250W of power depending on the application，ambient conditions and available cooling．

Once a configuration is selected，the formulae and charts can be used to determine the approximate power dissipation and temperature rise of the component in a given application．

|  |  |  |  | High Efficiency Double Interleaved Designs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | SECONDARY WINDINGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Single Winding |  |  | Tapped Winding |  |  | Dual Winding |
|  |  | Turns |  | 17 | 2 T | 41 | 1：1 | 1：3 | 2：2 | 1\％\＆ 11 |
|  |  |  | DCR（m） | 0.28 | 1.12 | 4.5 | 1.12 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 1.12 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ㅎㅡㅡㅡ } \\ & \text { 亲 } \\ & \text { 른 } \\ & \text { 튼 } \end{aligned}$ | 41 | 5 | PA0908 | PA0908 | PA0901 | PA0908 | PA0901 | PA0901 | PA0908 |
|  |  | 5 | 7.5 | PA0910 | PA0910 | PA0903 | PA0910 | PA0903 | PA0903 | PA0910 |
|  |  | 6 T | 12 | PA0912 | PA0912 | PA0905 | PA0912 | PA0905 | PA0905 | PA0912 |
|  |  | 7 | 30 | PA0914 | PA0914 | PA0907 | PA0914 | PA0907 | PA0907 | PA0914 |
|  |  | 8 T | 20 | PA0908 | PA0908 | PA0901 | PA0908 | PA0901 | PA0901 | PA0908 |
|  |  | 10T | 30 | PA0910 | PA0910 | PA0903 | PA0910 | PA0903 | PA0903 | PA0910 |
|  |  | 121 | 48 | PA0912 | PA0912 | PA0905 | PA0912 | PA0905 | PA0905 | PA0912 |
|  |  | 14 T | 120 | PA0914 | PA0914 | PA0907 | PA0914 | PA0907 | PA0907 | PA0914 |
|  |  | 16 T | 140 | PA0916 | PA0916 | PA0909 | PA0916 | PA0909 | PA0009 | PA0916 |
|  | 은晋言 | 47／4T | 20 | PA0908 | PA0908 | PA0901 | PA0908 | PA0901 | PA0901 | PA0908 |
|  |  | 47／5T | 30 | PA0910 | PA0910 | PA0903 | PA0910 | PA0903 | PA0903 | PA0910 |
|  |  | 5T／5T | 48 | PA0912 | PA0912 | PA0905 | PA0912 | PA0905 | PA0905 | PA0912 |
|  |  | 5T／6T | 120 | PA0914 | PA0914 | PA0907 | PA0914 | PA0907 | PA0907 | PA0914 |
|  |  | 6T／6T | 140 | － | － | PA0909 | － | PA0909 | PA0009 | － |

Lower Cost Single Interleaved Designs

|  |  | Turns |  |  |  |  | SECONDARY WINDINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single Winding | Tapped Winding |  |  |  | Dual Winding |  |
|  |  | 31 | 4T | 71 | 1：2 | 1：3 | 2：2 | 7：7 | 1T \＆2T | 7T \＆ 71 |
|  |  |  | DCR（m） | 3.4 | 4.5 | 20 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 80 | 4.5 | 80 |
|  |  |  |  | 4T | 10 | － | PA0930 | PA0934 | － | PA0930 | PA0930 | PA0934 | － | PA0934 |
|  |  |  |  | 51 | 15 | PA0943 | PA0931 | PA0935 | PA0943 | PA0931 | PA0931 | PA0935 | PA0943 | PA0935 |
|  |  | $6 T$ | 24 | － | － | PA0936 | － | － | － | PA0936 | － | PA0936 |
|  |  | 71 | 60 | － | － | PA0937 | － | － | － | PA0937 | － | PA0937 |
|  |  | 8 T | 70 | － | － | PA0947 | － | － | － | PA0947 | PA0947 | PA0947 |

## Notes：

1．The primary inductance for any configuration can be calculated as： Primary Inductance $(\mu \mathrm{H}$ MIN $)=3.4^{*}$（Primary＿Turns）${ }^{2}$
2．The above base part numbers（PAO9XXNL）are available from stock．
3．It is possible to add a small gap to the transformer．Gapped transformers are
non－standard and can be made available upon request，but are not typically available from stock．To request a gapped version of the transformer，add a suffix＂$G$＂to the base number （i．e．PA0901GNL）．The nominal inductance with the a gap can be calculated as： Primary Inductance $(\mu \mathrm{H}$ nominal）$)=2.2^{*}$（Primary Turns）${ }^{2}$

# High Frequency Planar <br> Transformers 

PA09XXNL Series (up to 250W)

## Notes from Tables

1. The above transformers have been tested and approved by Pulse's IC partners and are cited in the appropriate datasheet or evaluation board documentation at these companies. To determine which IC and IC companies are matched with the above transformers, please refer to the IC cross reference on the Pulse web page.
2. To determine if the transformer is suitable for your application, it is necessary to ensure that the temperature rise of the component (ambient plus temperature
rise) does not exceed its operating temperature. To determine the approximate temperature rise of the transformer, refer to the graphs below.


Temperature Rise vs. Power (W) Dissipation


Total Power (W) Dissipation
Total Power Dissipation (W) = . 001 * (DCRprimary * IRMs_primary ${ }^{2}+$ DCRsecondary * IRMs_secondary $^{2}$ ) + Core Loss (W)

