



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China

PC400

Compact, Surface Mount Type OPIC Photocoupler

■ Features

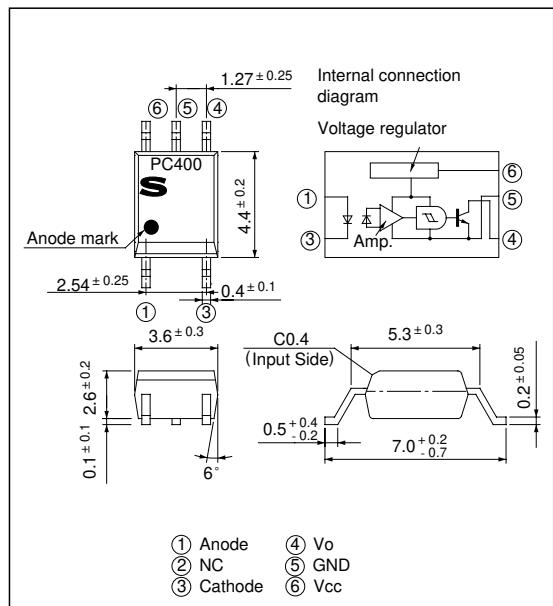
1. Mini-flat package
2. "Low" output during light emission
3. Isolation voltage between input and output
(V_{iso} : 3750V_{rms})
4. TTL and LSTTL compatible output
5. Recognized by UL(No.E64380)

■ Applications

1. Hybrid substrate which requires high density mounting
2. Personal computers, office computers and peripheral equipment
3. Electronic musical instruments

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



* "OPIC" (Optical IC) is a trademark of the SHARP Corporation.
An OPIC consists of a light-detecting element and signal-processing circuit integrated onto a single chip.

■ Package Specifications

Model No.	Package specifications	Diameter of reel	Tape width
PC400	Taping package (Net: 3 000pcs.)	φ 370mm	12mm
PC400T	Taping package (Net: 750pcs.)	φ 178mm	12mm
PC400Z	Sleeve package (Net: 100pcs.)	-	-

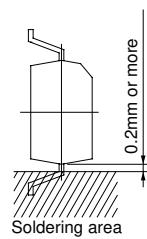
■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I _F	50	mA
	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Supply voltage	V _{CC}	16	V
	High level output voltage	V _{OH}	16	V
	Low level output current	I _{OL}	50	mA
	Power dissipation	P _O	130	mW
	Total power dissipation	P _{tot}	150	mW
* ¹ Isolation voltage		V _{iso}	3 750	V _{rms}
Operating temperature		T _{opr}	- 25 to + 85	°C
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	- 40 to + 125	°C
* ² Soldering temperature		T _{sol}	260	°C

*1 AC for 1 minute, 40 to 60% RH

*2 For 10 seconds



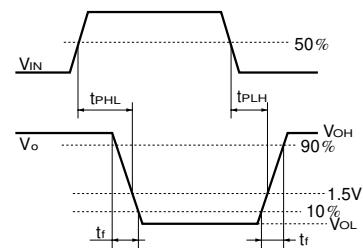
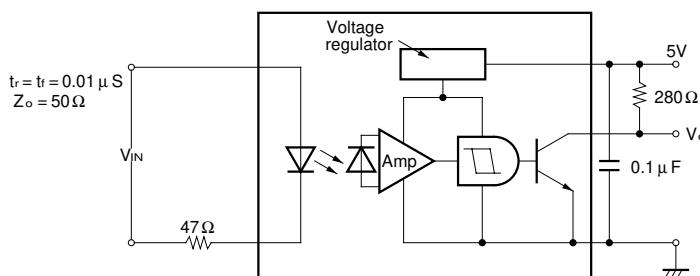
■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta = 0 to +70°C unless otherwise specified)

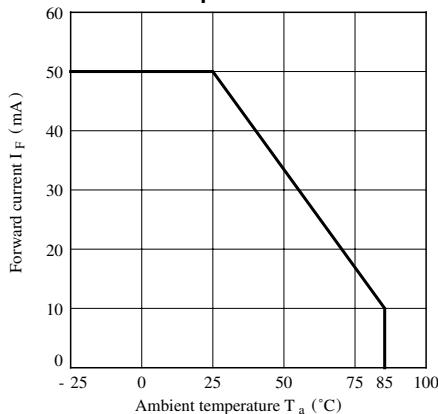
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage	V _F	I _F = 4mA I _F = 0.3mA	- 0.7	1.1 1.0	1.4 -	V	
	Reverse current	I _R	Ta = 25°C, V _R = 3V	-	-	10	μA	
	Terminal capacitance	C _t	Ta = 25°C, V = 0 f = 1kHz	-	30	250	pF	
Output	Operating supply voltage	V _{CC}		3	-	15	V	
	Low level output voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 16mA, V _{CC} = 5V I _F = 4mA	-	0.2	0.4	V	
	High level output current	I _{OH}	V _{CC} = V _O = 15V, I _F = 0	-	-	100	μA	
	Low level supply current	I _{CCL}	V _{CC} = 5V, I _F = 4mA	-	2.5	5.0	mA	
	High level supply current	I _{CCH}	V _{CC} = 5V, I _F = 0	-	1.0	5.0	mA	
Transfer characteristics	* ³ "H→L" threshold input current		I _{FHL}	Ta = 25°C, V _{CC} = 5V R _L = 280Ω V _{CC} = 5V, R _L = 280Ω	- -	1.1 -	2.0 4.0	mA
	* ⁴ "L→H" threshold input current		I _{FLH}	Ta = 25°C, V _{CC} = 5V R _L = 280Ω V _{CC} = 5V, R _L = 280Ω	0.4 0.3	0.8 -	- -	mA
	* ⁵ Hysteresis		I _{FLH} / I _{FHL}	V _{CC} = 5V, R _L = 280Ω	0.5	0.7	0.9	
	Isolation resistance		R _{ISO}	Ta = 25°C, DC500V 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10 ¹⁰	10 ¹¹	-	Ω
	* ⁶ Response time	"H→L" propagation delay time	t _{PHL}	Ta = 25°C V _{CC} = 5V, I _F = 4 mA R _L = 280Ω	-	1	3	μs
		"L→H" propagation delay time	t _{PLH}		-	2	6	
		Fall time	t _f		-	0.05	0.5	
		Rise time	t _r		-	0.1	0.5	

*3 I_{FHL} represents forward current when output goes from high to low.*4 I_{FLH} represents forward current when output goes from low to high.*5 Hysteresis stands for I_{FLH} / I_{FHL}.

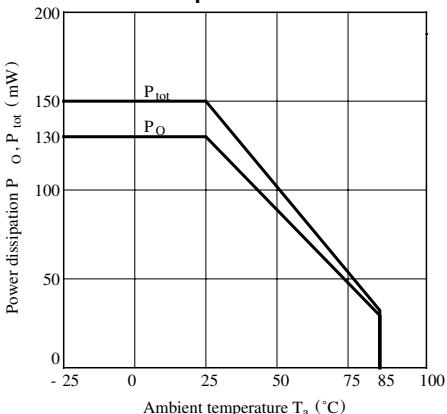
*6 Test circuit for response time is shown below.



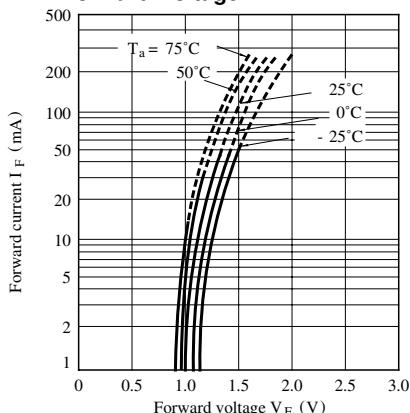
**Fig. 1 Forward Current vs.
Ambient Temperature**



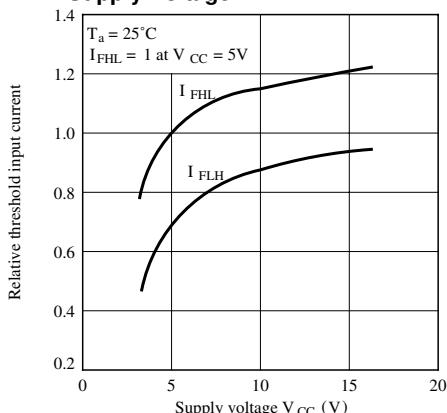
**Fig. 2 Power Dissipation vs.
Ambient Temperature**



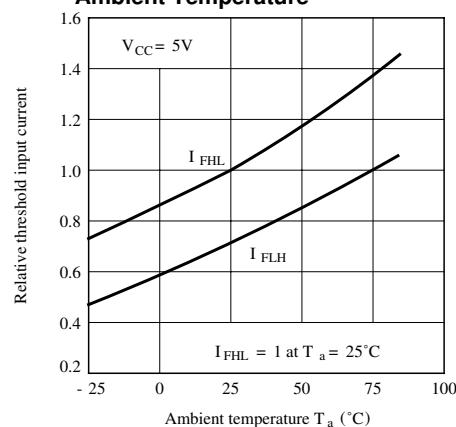
**Fig. 3 Forward Current vs.
Forward Voltage**



**Fig. 4 Relative Threshold Input Current vs.
Supply Voltage**



**Fig. 5 Relative Threshold Input Current vs.
Ambient Temperature**



**Fig. 6 Low Level Output Voltage vs.
Low Level Output Current**

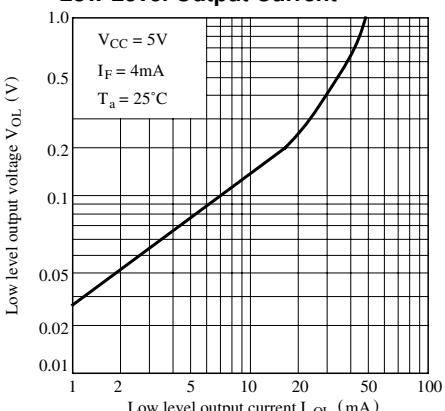


Fig. 7 Low Level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

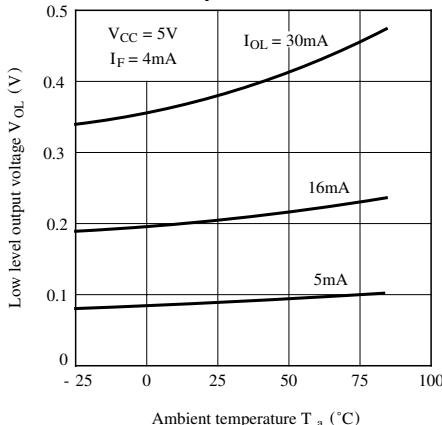


Fig. 8 Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

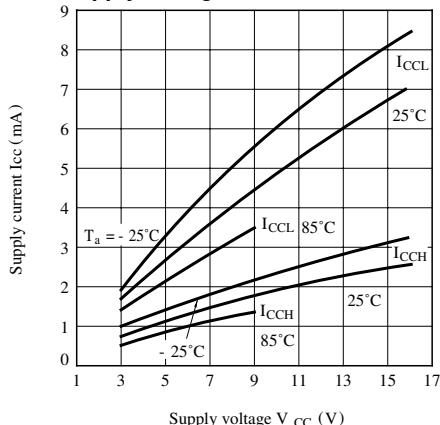


Fig. 9 Propagation Delay Time vs. Forward Current

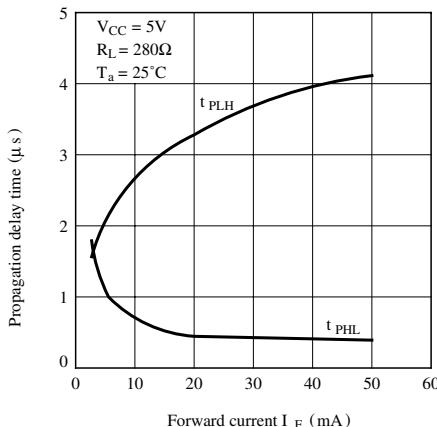
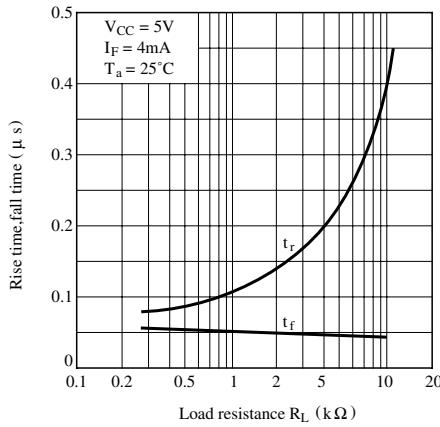


Fig.10 Rise Time, Fall Time vs. Load Resistance



■ Precautions for Use

- (1) It is recommended that a by-pass capacitor of more than $0.01 \mu\text{F}$ be added between V_{CC} and GND near the device in order to stabilize power supply line.
- (2) Handle this product the same as with other integrated circuits against static electricity.
- (3) As for other general cautions, refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use"