imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



PC702VxNSZX Series/ PC702VxYSZX Series

Features

- 1. High collector-emitter voltage (VCEO:70V)
- 2. Isolation voltage (Viso (rms):5kV)
- 3. TTL compatible output
- Recognized by UL, file No.E64380 Approved by TÜV (VDE0884)(PC702VxYSZX Series)
- 5. 6-pin DIP package

Applications

- 1. Programmable controllers
- 2. Facsimiles
- 3. Telephones

■ Model Line-up

Model No.	* Safty Standard Approval		
widdel No.	UL	TÜV(VDE0884)	
PC702VxNSZX Series	0	-	
PC702VxYSZX Series	0	0	

* Application Model No. PC702V

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	IF	60	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	Ifm	1.5	А
	Reverse voltage	Vr	6	V
	Power dissipation	Р	105	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	VCEO	70	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	VECO	6	V
	Collector-base voltage	Vсво	70	V
	Emitter-base voltage	Vebo	6	V
	Collector current	Ic	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	160	mW
	Total power dissipation	Ptot	200	mW
	*2 Isolation voltage	Viso (rms)	5	kV
	Operating temperature	Topr	-55 to +100	°C
	Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
	*3 Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width≤10µs, Duty ratio=0.004

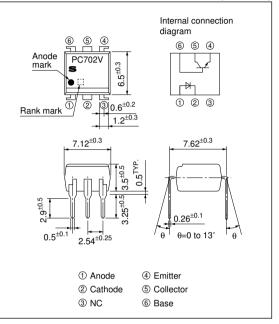
*2 40 to 60%RH, AC for 1 min

*3 For 10 s

High Collector-emitter Voltage Type Photocoupler

Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



PC702VxNSZX Series/PC702VxYSZX Series

Electr	o-optical Charac	teristics					C	Ta=25°C)
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
	Forward voltage		VF	IF=60mA	-	1.4	1.7	V
Input	Reverse current		Ir	V _R =6V	-	-	10	μΑ
	Terminal capacitance		Ct	V=0, f=1kHz	-	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark curren	t	Iceo	Vce=10V, If=0	-	-	5×10-8	Α
Transfer charac- teristics	*4 Collector current		Ic	IF=10mA, VCE=5V	4.0	-	32.0	mA
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		VCE(sat)	IF=10mA, Ic=2.5mA	-	0.25	0.4	V
	Isolation resistance		Riso	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×1010	1011	-	Ω
	Floating capacitance		Cf	V=0, f=1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency		fc	IF=10mA, Vcc=5V, RL=75Ω, RBE=∞, -3dB	-	150	-	kHz
	Response time	Rise time	tr	IF=10mA, Vcc=5V	_	2	7	μs
		Fall time	tr	RL=75 Ω , RBE= ∞	_	2	8	μs

*4 Classification table of collector current is shown below.

Model No. *5	Rank mark	Ic (mA)
PC702V1NSZX	А	4.0 to 8.0
PC702V2NSZX	В	6.3 to 12.5
PC702V3NSZX	С	10.0 to 20.0
PC702V4NSZX	D	16.0 to 32.0
PC702V5NSZX	A or B	4.0 to 12.5
PC702V6NSZX	B or C	6.3 to 20.0
PC702V7NSZX	C or D	10.0 to 32.0
PC702V0NSZX	A, B, C or D	4.0 to 32.0

Measuring Conditions IF=10mA

*5 PC702VxYSZX Series are equivalent.

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient

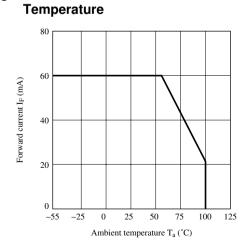
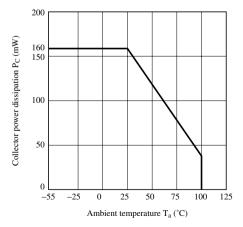


Fig.2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Vce=5V

Ta=25°C

Fig.3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

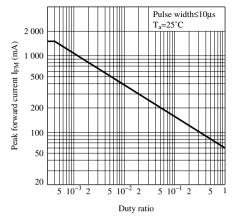


Fig.5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

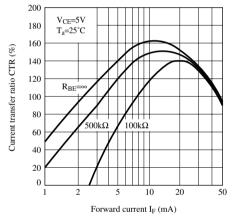


Fig.7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

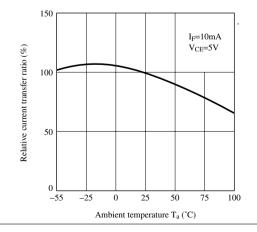


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

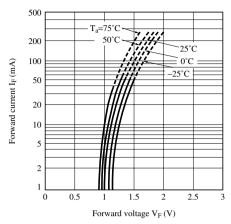


Fig.6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

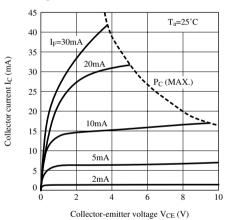


Fig.8 Collector - emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

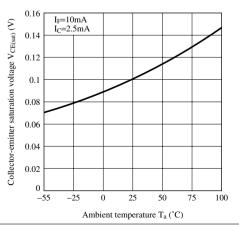


Fig.9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

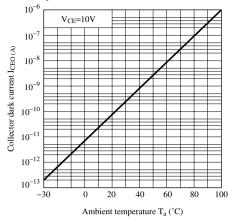
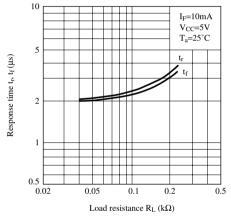
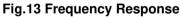


Fig.11 Response Time vs. Load Resistance





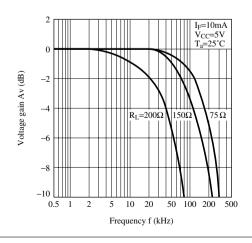


Fig.10 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current

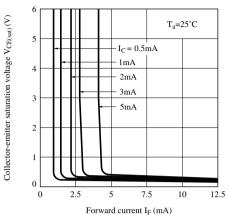


Fig.12 Test Circuit for Response Time

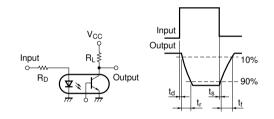
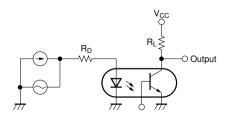


Fig.14 Test Circuit for Frequency Response



NOTICE

- •The circuit application examples in this publication are provided to explain representative applications of SHARP devices and are not intended to guarantee any circuit design or license any intellectual property rights. SHARP takes no responsibility for any problems related to any intellectual property right of a third party resulting from the use of SHARP's devices.
- •Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any SHARP device. SHARP reserves the right to make changes in the specifications, characteristics, data, materials, structure, and other contents described herein at any time without notice in order to improve design or reliability. Manufacturing locations are also subject to change without notice.
- •Observe the following points when using any devices in this publication. SHARP takes no responsibility for damage caused by improper use of the devices which does not meet the conditions and absolute maximum ratings to be used specified in the relevant specification sheet nor meet the following conditions:
 - (i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:
 - Personal computers
 - Office automation equipment
 - Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
 - Test and measurement equipment
 - Industrial control
 - Audio visual equipment
 - Consumer electronics

(ii)Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:

- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- Traffic signals
- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- Alarm equipment
- Various safety devices, etc.

(iii)SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:

- Space applications
- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
- Nuclear power control equipment
- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).
- •Contact a SHARP representative in advance when intending to use SHARP devices for any "specific" applications other than those recommended by SHARP or when it is unclear which category mentioned above controls the intended use.
- •If the SHARP devices listed in this publication fall within the scope of strategic products described in the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law of Japan, it is necessary to obtain approval to export such SHARP devices.
- •This publication is the proprietary product of SHARP and is copyrighted, with all rights reserved. Under the copyright laws, no part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, for any purpose, in whole or in part, without the express written permission of SHARP. Express written permission is also required before any use of this publication may be made by a third party.
- •Contact and consult with a SHARP representative if there are any questions about the contents of this publication.