

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China







# PC716V0NSZX/ PC716V0YSZX

#### ■ Features

- 1. High collector current (Ic:MAX. 200mA)
- 2. High sensitivity (CTR:MIN. 1 000%)
- 3. Isolation voltage (Viso (rms):5kV)
- 4. Recognized by UL, file No.E64380 Approved by TÜV (VDE0884)(PC716V0YSZX)
- 5. 6-pin DIP package

#### Applications

- 1. Home appliances
- 2. Programmable controllers
- 3. Peripheral equipment of personal computers

#### ■ Model Line-up

M- 4-1 N-	* Safty Standard Approval			
Model No.	UL	TÜV(VDE0884)		
PC716V0NSZX	0	_		
PC716V0YSZX	0	0		

<sup>\*</sup> Application Model No. PC716V

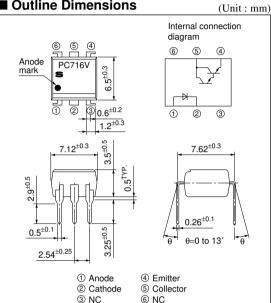
#### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	IF	50	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	IFM	1	A
	Reverse voltage	$V_R$	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	Vceo	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	VECO	6	V
	Collector current	Ic	200	mA
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	300	mW
Total power dissipation		Ptot	350	mW
*2 Isolation voltage		Viso (rms)	5	kV
Operating temperature		Торг	-25 to +100	°C
Storage temperature		Tstg	-40 to +125	°C
*3 Soldering temperature		Tsol	260	°C

<sup>\*1</sup> Pulse width≤100µs, Duty ratio=0.001

### High Sensitivity and High **Collector Current Type Photocoupler**

#### ■ Outline Dimensions



(Ta=25°C)

<sup>\*2 40</sup> to 60%RH, AC for 1 min

<sup>\*3</sup> For 10 s

■ Electro-optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)									
Parameter			Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage		VF	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	-	1.2	1.4	V	
	Peak forward voltage		V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> =0.5A	-	-	3.0	V	
	Reverse current		IR	V <sub>R</sub> =4V	-	_	10	μΑ	
	Terminal capacitance		Ct	V=0, f=1kHz	-	30	250	pF	
Output	Collector dark current		Iceo	Vce=10V, I <sub>F</sub> =0	_	_	10-6	A	
Transfer charac- teristics	Collector current		Ic	I <sub>F</sub> =1mA, V <sub>CE</sub> =2V	10	60	150	mA	
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA, I <sub>C</sub> =10mA	-	_	1.2	V	
	Isolation resistance		Riso	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	1011	_	Ω	
	Floating capacitance		Cf	V=0, f=1MHz	_	0.6	1.0	pF	
	Cut-off frequency		fc	Vce=2V, Ic=10mA, Rt=100Ω, -3dB	-	3	_	kHz	
	Response time	Rise time	tr	Vce=2V, Ic=20mA	-	130	400	μs	
		Fall time	<b>t</b> f	R <sub>L</sub> =100Ω	_	60	350	μs	

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

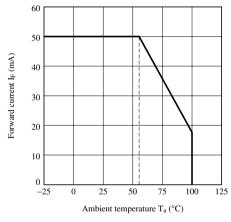


Fig.2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

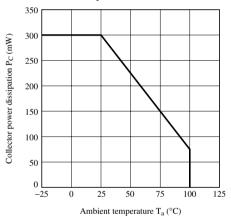


Fig.3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

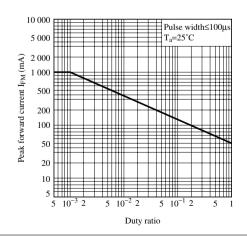


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

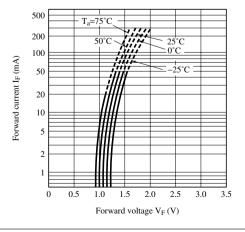


Fig.5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

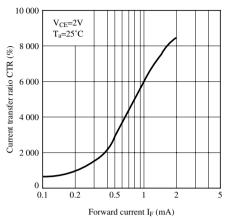


Fig.7 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

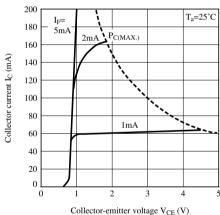


Fig.9 Collector - emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

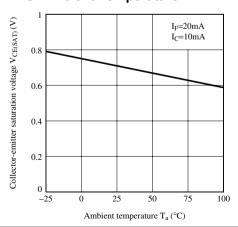


Fig.6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

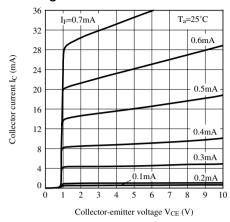


Fig.8 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs.
Ambient Temperature

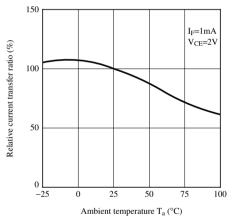


Fig.10 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

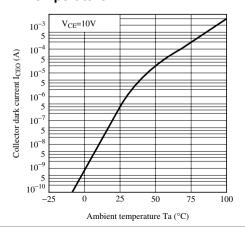


Fig.11 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

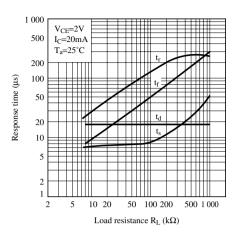


Fig.13 Frequency Response

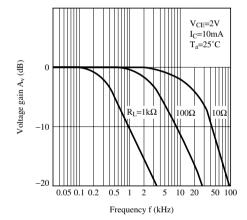


Fig.12 Test Circuit for Response Time

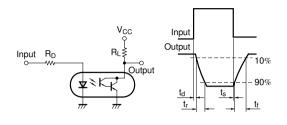
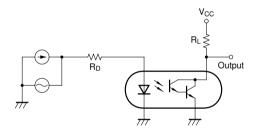


Fig.14 Test Circuit for Frequency Response



#### NOTICE

- •The circuit application examples in this publication are provided to explain representative applications of SHARP devices and are not intended to guarantee any circuit design or license any intellectual property rights. SHARP takes no responsibility for any problems related to any intellectual property right of a third party resulting from the use of SHARP's devices.
- •Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any SHARP device. SHARP reserves the right to make changes in the specifications, characteristics, data, materials, structure, and other contents described herein at any time without notice in order to improve design or reliability. Manufacturing locations are also subject to change without notice.
- Observe the following points when using any devices in this publication. SHARP takes no responsibility for damage caused by improper use of the devices which does not meet the conditions and absolute maximum ratings to be used specified in the relevant specification sheet nor meet the following conditions:
  - (i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:
  - Personal computers
  - Office automation equipment
- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
- Test and measurement equipment
- Industrial control
- Audio visual equipment
- Consumer electronics
- (ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:
- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- Traffic signals
- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- Alarm equipment
- Various safety devices, etc.
- (iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:
- Space applications
- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
- Nuclear power control equipment
- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).
- •Contact a SHARP representative in advance when intending to use SHARP devices for any "specific" applications other than those recommended by SHARP or when it is unclear which category mentioned above controls the intended use.
- •If the SHARP devices listed in this publication fall within the scope of strategic products described in the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law of Japan, it is necessary to obtain approval to export such SHARP devices.
- •This publication is the proprietary product of SHARP and is copyrighted, with all rights reserved. Under the copyright laws, no part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, for any purpose, in whole or in part, without the express written permission of SHARP. Express written permission is also required before any use of this publication may be made by a third party.
- Contact and consult with a SHARP representative if there are any questions about the contents of this
  publication.