# imall

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# **PC866** Series

#### Features

- 1. Low driving current (single Tr. output)  $(CTR : MIN. 100 \% \text{ at } I_F = 1 \text{ mA})$
- 2. High collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{CEO}$ : 80V)
- 3. Isolation voltage between input and output  $(V_{iso}: 5\ 000V_{rms})$
- 4. Also available burn-in type (PC866Q/PC8D66Q/PC8Q66Q)

### Applications

1. Telephone sets

Anode mark

 $3.5 \pm 0.5$ 0.5<sup>TYP.</sup>

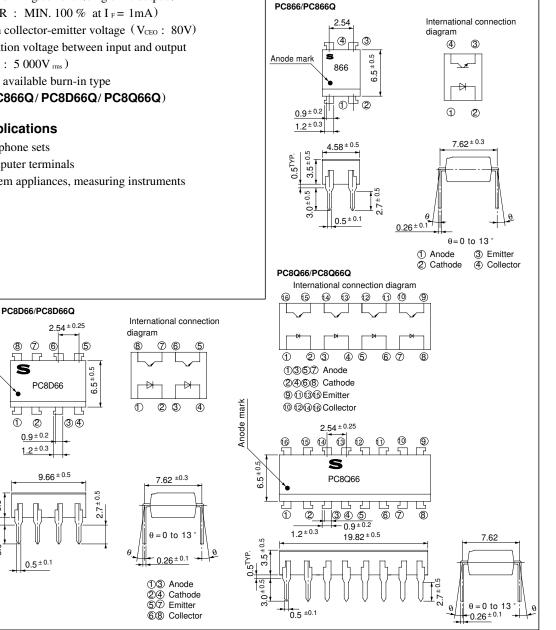
3.0±0.5

- 2. Computer terminals
- 3. System appliances, measuring instruments

# Low Driving Current Type **Photocoupler**

#### Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)



In the absence of confirmation by device specification sheets, SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that occur in equipment using any of SHARP's devices, shown in catalogs, data books, etc. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest version of the device specification sheets before using any SHARP's device.

# ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Input	Forward current	IF	50	mA	
	*1Peak forward current	I <sub>FM</sub>	1	А	
	Reverse voltage	VR	6	V	
	Power dissipation	Р	70	mW	
	Collector-emitter voltage	V CEO	80	V	
0 / /	Emitter-collector voltage	V ECO	6	V	
Output	Collector current	Ic	50	mA	
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	150	mW	
	Total power dissipation	P tot	200	mW	
	*2Isolation voltage	V iso	5 000	V rms	
	Operating temperature	T opr	- 30 to + 100	°C	
	Storage temperature	T stg	- 55 to + 125	°C	
	*3Soldering temperature	T sol	260	°C	

\*1 Pulse width <=100 $\mu$ s, Duty ratio : 0.001

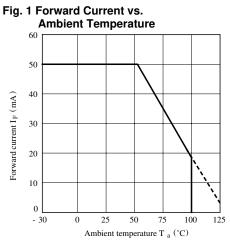
\*2 40 to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute

\*3 For 10 seconds

# Electoro-optical Characteristics

#### $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter			Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage		V <sub>F</sub>	$I_F = 10mA$	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage		V FM	$I_{FM} = 0.5A$	-	-	3.0	V
	Reverse current		IR	$V_R = 4V$	-	-	10	μA
	Terminal capacitance		Ct	V = 0, $f = 1$ kHz	-	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current		I <sub>CEO</sub>	$V_{CE} = 24V, I_F = 0$	-	-	100	nA
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage		BV CEO	$I_{C} = 0.1 \text{ mA}, I_{F} = 0$	80	-	-	V
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage		BV ECO	$I_E = 10 \mu A$ , $I_F = 0$	6	-	-	V
Transfer charac- teristics	Current transfer ratio		CTR	$I_F = 1mA$ , $V_{CE} = 0.5V$	100	-	-	%
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V CE(sat)	$I_F = 1mA$ , $I_C = 0.2mA$	-	-	0.4	V
	Isolation resistance		R ISO	DC500V, 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	1011	-	Ω
	Floating capacitance		Cf	V = 0, $f = 1MHz$	-	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency		fc	$V_{CE} = 5V, I_C = 2mA, R_L = 100 \Omega$ - 3dB	-	50	-	kHz
	Response time	Rise time	tr	$V_{CE} = 2V, I_C = 2mA$	-	8	-	μs
		Fall time	tf	$R_L = 100 \Omega$	-	8	-	





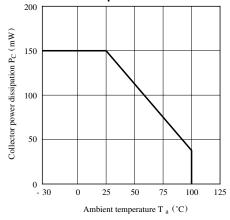
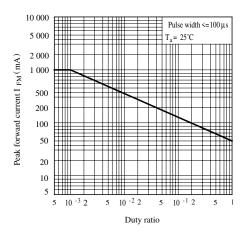


Fig. 5 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio





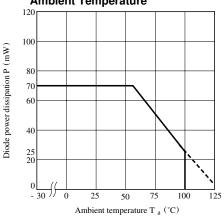


Fig. 4 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

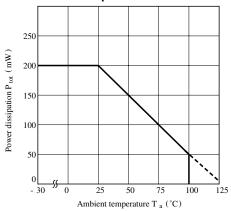
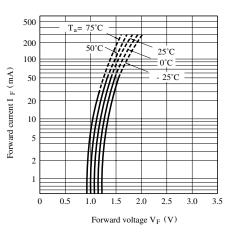
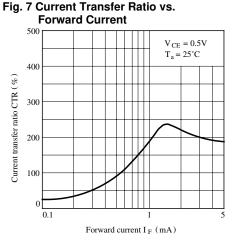
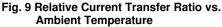
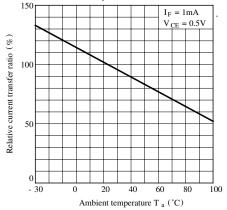


Fig. 6 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage











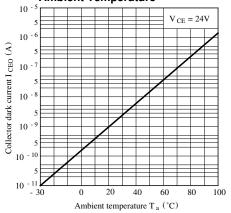


Fig. 8 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

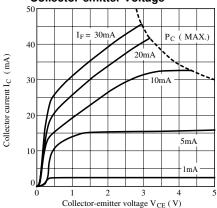


Fig.10 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

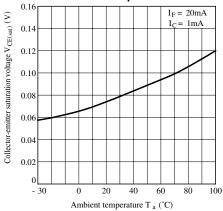
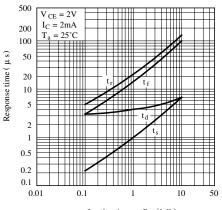
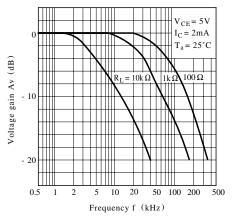


Fig.12 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

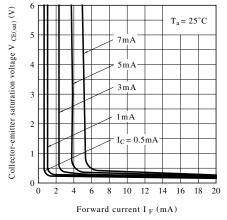


Load resistance  $R_L~(k\,\Omega\,)$ 

#### Fig.13 Frequency Response

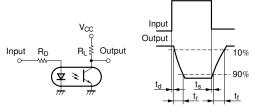




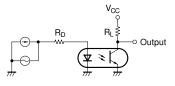


• Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use"

## Test Circuit for Response Time



### **Test Circuit for Frepuency Response**



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  - Office automation equipment
  - Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
  - Test and measurement equipment
  - Industrial control
  - Audio visual equipment
  - Consumer electronics

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- Traffic signals
- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- Alarm equipment
- Various safety devices, etc.

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- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
- Nuclear power control equipment
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