

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China







INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

DATA SHEET



PCK2057

70 – 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

Product data Supersedes data of 2001 May 09 File under Integrated Circuits, ICL03 2001 Jun 12





70 – 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

FEATURES

- Optimized for clock distribution in DDR (Double Data Rate)
 SDRAM applications supporting DDR 200/266/300/333
- Full DDR solution provided when used with PCK2002P or PCK2002PL, and PCK2022RA
- 1-to-10 differential clock distribution
- Very low jitter (< 100 ps)
- \bullet Operation from 2.2 V to 2.7 V AV_DD and 2.3 V to 2.7 V V_DD
- SSTL 2 interface clock inputs and outputs
- HCSL to SSTL_2 input conversion
- Test mode enables buffers while disabling PLL
- Tolerant of Spread Spectrum input clock
- 3.3 V I²C support with 3.3 V V_{DD}I²C
- 2.5 V I²C support with 2.5 V V_{DD}I²C
- Form, fit, and function compatible with CDCV850

DESCRIPTION

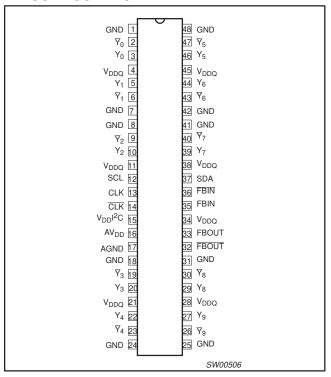
The PCK2057 is a high-performance, low-skew, low-jitter zero delay buffer that distributes a differential clock input pair (CLK, $\overline{\text{CLK}}$) to ten differential pairs of clock outputs and one differential pair of feedback clock outputs. The clock outputs are controlled by the clock inputs (CLK, $\overline{\text{CLK}}$), the feedback clocks (FBIN, $\overline{\text{FBIN}}$), the 2-line serial interface (SDA, SCL), and the analog power input (AVDD). The two-line serial interface (I²C) can put the individual output clock pairs in a high-impedance state. When AVDD is tied to GND, the PLL is turned off and bypassed for test purposes.

The device provides a standard mode (100 kbits) I²C interface for device control. The implementation is as a slave/receiver. The serial inputs (SDA, SCL) provide integrated pull-up resistors (typically 100 k Ω).

Two 8-bit, 2-line serial registers provide individual enable control for each output pair. All outputs default to enabled at power-up. Each output pair can be placed in a high-impedance mode, when a low-level control bit is written to the control register. The registers must be accessed in sequential order (i.e., random access of the registers is not supported). The $\rm l^2C$ interface circuit can be supplied with either 2.5 V or 3.3 V (VDD $\rm l^2C$).

Since the PCK2057 is based on PLL circuitry, it requires a stabilization time to achieve phase-lock of the PLL. This stabilization time is required following power-up.

PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN DESCRIPTION

PINS	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1, 7, 8, 18, 24, 25, 31, 41, 42, 48	GND	Ground
2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 19, 20, 22, 23, 26, 27, 29, 30, 32, 33, 39, 40, 43, 44, 46, 47	$Y_n, \overline{Y}_n,$ FBOUT, FBOUT	Buffered output copies of input clock, CLK
4, 11, 21, 28, 34, 38, 45	V_{DDQ}	2.5 V supply
13, 14, 35, 36	CLK, <u>CLK,</u> FBIN, FBIN	Differential clock inputs and feedback differential clock inputs
16	AV _{DD}	Analog power
17	AGND	Analog ground
37	SDA	Serial data
12	SCL	Serial clock
15	V _{DD} I ² C	I ² C power

ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	PACKAGES TEMPERATURE RANGE		DRAWING NUMBER
48-Pin Plastic TSSOP	0 to +70 °C	PCK2057DGG	SOT362-1

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS			OUTPUTS ¹				PLL ON/OFF
AV _{DD}	CLK	CLK	Υ	γ	FBOUT	FBOUT	
GND	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н	Bypassed/OFF
GND	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	Bypassed/OFF
2.5 V (nom.)	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н	ON
2.5 V (nom.)	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	ON

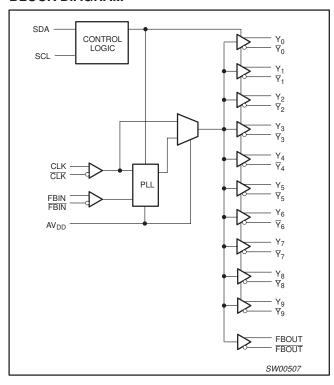
NOTES:

H = HIGH voltage level

L = LOW voltage level

1. Each output pair (except FBOUT and FBOUT) can be put into a high-impedance state through the 2-line serial interface.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

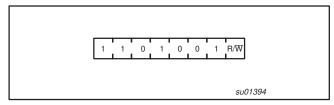


2001 Jun 12

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

I²C ADDRESS



I²C CONSIDERATIONS

I²C has been chosen as the serial bus interface to control the PCK2057. I²C was chosen to support the JEDEC proposal JC-42.5 168 Pin Unbuffered SDRAM DIMM. All vendors are required to determine the legal issues associated with the manufacture of I²C devices.

1) Address assignment: The clock driver in this specification uses the single, 7-bit address shown below. All devices can use the address if only one master clock driver is used in a design. The address can be re-used for the CKBF device if no other conflicting I²C clock driver is used in the system.

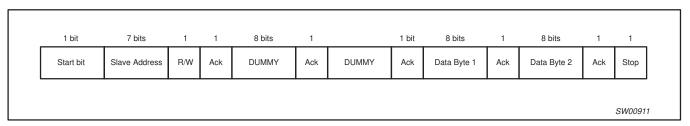
The following address was confirmed by Philips on 09/04/96.

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	R/\overline{W}
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0

NOTE: The R/W bit is used by the I²C controller as a data direction bit. A 'zero' indicates a transmission (WRITE) to the clock device. A 'one' indicates a request for data (READ) from the clock driver. Since the definition of the clock buffer only allows the controller to WRITE data; the R/W bit of the address will always be seen as 'zero'. Optimal address decoding of this bit is left to the vendor.

- 2) Data Transfer Rate: 100 kbits/s (standard mode) is the base functionality required. Fast mode (400 kbits/s) functionality is optional.
- 3) Logic Levels: I²C logic levels are based on a percentage of V_{DD} for the controller and other devices on the bus. Assume all devices are based on a 3.3 Volt supply.
- 4) Data Byte Format: Byte format is 8 Bits as described in the following appendices.
- 5) Data Protocol: To simplify the clock I²C interface, the clock driver serial protocol was specified to use only block writes from the controller. The bytes must be accessed in sequential order from lowest to highest byte with the ability to stop after any complete byte has been transferred. Indexed bytes are not allowed. However, the SMBus controller has a more specific format than the generic I²C protocol.

The clock driver must meet this protocol which is more rigorous than previously stated I²C protocol. Treat the description from the viewpoint of controller. The controller "writes" to the clock driver.



NOTE: The acknowledgement bit is returned by the slave/receiver (the clock driver).

- 6) Electrical Characteristics: All electrical characteristics must meet the standard mode specifications found in section 15 of the I²C specification.
- a) Pull-Up Resistors: Any internal resistors pull-ups on the SDATA and SCLOCK inputs must be stated in the individual datasheet. The use of internal pull-ups on these pins of below 100 k Ω is discouraged. Assume that the board designer will use a single external pull-up resistor for each line and that these values are in the 5–6 k Ω range. Assume one I²C device per DIMM (serial presence detect), one I²C controller, one clock driver plus one/two more I²C devices on the platform for capacitive loading purposes.
- (b) Input Glitch Filters: Only fast mode I²C devices require input glitch filters to suppress bus noise. The clock driver is specified as a standard mode device and is not required to support this feature.

For specific I²C information, consult the Philips I²C Peripherals Data Handbook IC12 (1997).

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

SERIAL CONFIGURATION MAP

The serial bits will be read by the clock buffer in the following order:

Byte 0 – Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0 Byte 1 – Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

All unused register bits (Reserved and "—") should be designed as "Don't Care". It is expected that the controller will force all of these bits to a "0" level.

All register bits labeled "Initialize to 0" must be written to zero during initialization. Failure to do so may result in a higher than normal operating

Byte 0: Active/inactive register

1 = enable; 0 = disable

BIT	PIN#	NAME	INITIAL VALUE	DESCRIPTION
7	2, 3	CLKO, CLKO	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
6	5, 6	CLK1, CLK1	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
5	9, 10	CLK2, CLK2	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
4	19, 20	CLK3, CLK3	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
3	22, 23	CLK4, CLK4	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
2	47, 46	CLK5, CLK5	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
1	44, 43	CLK6, CLK6	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
0	40, 39	CLK7, CLK7	1	Enable/Disable Outputs

NOTE:

Byte 1: Active/inactive register

1 = enable; 0 = disable

BIT	PIN#	NAME	INITIAL VALUE	DESCRIPTION
7	30, 29	CLK8, CLK8	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
6	27, 26	CLK9, CLK9	1	Enable/Disable Outputs
5	_	_	0	Reserved
4	_	_	0	Reserved
3	_	_	0	Reserved
2	_	_	0	Reserved
1	_	_	0	Power-Down Mode Disable/Enable
0	_	_	0	HCSL Enable/Disable

NOTE

^{1.} Inactive means outputs are disabled from switching. These outputs are designed to be configured at power-on and are not expected to be configured during the normal modes of operation.

Inactive means outputs are disabled from switching. These outputs are designed to be configured at power-on and are not expected to be configured during the normal modes of operation.

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (see Note 1)

Over recommended operating conditions. Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	LI	UNIT	
STWBUL			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNII
$V_{\rm DDQ}/AV_{\rm DD}$	Supply voltage range			0.5	3.6	V
V _{DD} I ² C	I ² C supply voltage range	е		0.5	4.6	V
VI	Input voltage renge	except SCL and SDA	see Notes 2 and 3	-0.5	V _{DDQ} + 0.5	V
VI	Input voltage range SCL and SDA	see Notes 2 and 3	-0.5	$V_{DD}I^{2}C + 0.5$	V	
V _O	Output voltage range		see Notes 2 and 3	-0.5	V _{DDQ} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current		$V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{DDQ}$	_	±50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current		$V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{DDQ}$	_	±50	mA
I _O	Continuous output current		$V_O = 0$ to V_{DDQ}	_	±50	mA
	Continuous current to GND or V _{DDQ}			_	±100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature rai	nge		-65	+150	°C

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 2. The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- 3. This value is limited to 3.6 V maximum.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (see Note 1)

OVMDOL	PARAMETER		TEST		LIMITS		LINIT
SYMBOL	PARAMEI	EK	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		V_{DDQ}		2.3	_	2.7	V
	Supply voltage	AV_{DD}		2.2	_	2.7	V
		V _{DD} I ² C	see Note 2	2.3	_	3.6	V
		CLK, CLK, HCSL buffer only		_	0	0.24	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	CLK, CLK		-0.3	_	V _{DDQ} – 0.4	V
-		FBIN, FBIN		_	_	V _{DDQ} /2 – 0.18	V
		SDA, SCL		_	_	$0.3 \times V_{DD}I^2C$	V
	HIGH-level input voltage	CLK, CLK, HCSL buffer only		0.66	0.71	_	V
V_{IH}		CLK, CLK		0.4	_	V _{DDQ} + 0.3	V
		FBIN, FBIN		$V_{DDQ}/2 + 0.18$	_	_	V
		SDA, SCL		$0.7 \times V_{DD}I^2C$	_	_	V
	DC input signal voltage		see Note 3	-0.3	_	$V_{DDQ} + 0.3$	V
V	Differential input signal	DC: CLK, FBIN	see Note 4	0.36	_	$V_{DDQ} + 0.6$	V
V_{ID}	voltage	AC: CLK, FBIN	see Note 4	0.2	_	$V_{DDQ} + 0.6$	V
V_{IX}	Input differential pair cross-	voltage	see Note 5	$0.45\times(V_{IH}-V_{IL})$	_	$0.55\times(V_{IH}-V_{IL})$	V
I _{OH}	HIGH-level output current			_	_	-12	mA
	LOW-level output current			_	_	12	mA
l _{OL}	LOW-level output current	SDA		_	_	3	mA
SR	Input slew rate		see Figure 3	1	_	4	V/ns
	SSC modulation frequency			30	_	33.3	kHz
	SSC clock input frequency	deviation		0	_	-0.50	%
T _{amb}	Operating free-air temperation	ture		0	_	+70	°C

NOTES:

- 1. Unused inputs must be held HIGH or LOW to prevent them from floating.
- 2. All devices on the I²C-bus, with input levels related to V_{DD}I²C, must have one common supply line to which the pull-up resistor is connected.
- 3. DC input signal voltage specifies the allowable DC execution of differential input.
- Differential input signal voltage specifies the differential voltage |V_{TR} V_{CP}| required for switching, where V_{TR} is the true input level, and V_{CP} is the complementary input level.
- 5. Differential cross-point voltage is expected to track variations of V_{DD} and is the voltage at which the differential signals must be crossing.

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over recommended operating conditions.

CVMDO:	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS				
SYMBOL			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ¹	MAX	UNIT
V_{IK}	Input voltage	All inputs	$V_{DDQ} = 2.3 \text{ V}; I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$	_	_	-1.2	V
W	LUCI I lovel output voltos		$V_{DDQ} = min to max; I_{OH} = -1 mA$	V _{DDQ} – 0.1	_	_	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	₹	$V_{\rm DDQ} = 2.3 \text{ V}; I_{\rm OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	1.7	_	_	V
	LOW level output voltage		V_{DDQ} = min to max; I_{OL} = 1 mA	_	_	0.1	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	,	$V_{DDQ} = 2.3 \text{ V}; I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$	_	_	0.6	V
		SDA	$V_{DD}I^{2}C = 3.0 \text{ V}; I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}$	_	_	0.4	V
V _{OX}	Output differential cross v	oltage/		$V_{DDQ}/2 - 0.2$	V _{DDQ} /2	$V_{DDQ}/2 + 0.2$	V
I _I	Input current	CLK, FBIN	$V_{DDQ} = 2.7 \text{ V}; V_I = 0 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	_	_	±10	μΑ
I _{OZ}	High impedance state ou	tput current	$V_{DDQ} = 2.7 \text{ V}; V_{O} = V_{DDQ} \text{ or GND}$	_	_	±10	μΑ
	Power-down current on \	_{DDQ} + AV _{DD}	CLK at 0 MHz; Σ of I _{DD} and AI _{DD}	_	150	250	μΑ
DDPD	Power-down current on V _{DD} I ² C		CLK at 0 MHz; V _{DDQ} = 3.6 V	_	3	20	μΑ
I _{DD}	Dynamic current on V _{DD0}	2	f _O = 100 MHz	_	205	230	mA
Al _{DD}	Supply current on AV _{DD}		f _O = 100 MHz	_	4	6	mA
I _{DD} I ² C	Supply current on V _{DD} I ² C		$V_{DD}I^{2}C = 3.6 \text{ V};$ SCL and SDA = 3.6V	_	1	2	mA
C _I	Input capacitance		$V_{DDQ} = 2.5 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{DDQ} \text{ or GND}$	2	2.8	3	pF

NOTES:

TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	LIM	UNIT	
	FARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f _{CLK}	Clock frequency	70	190	MHz
	Input clock duty cycle	40	60	%
	Stabilization time ¹	_	100	μs

NOTE:

TIMING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE I²C INTERFACE

Over recommended ranges of operating free-air temperature and $V_{DD}l^2C$ from 3.3 V to 3.6 V..

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	STANDARD-N	IODE I ² C-BUS	UNIT
STWIBUL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNII
f _{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	_	100	kHz
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	4.7	_	μs
t _{SU;STA}	Set-up time for a repeated START condition	4.7	_	μs
t _{HD;STA}	Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock is generated.	4.0	_	μs
t _{LOW}	LOW period of the SCL clock	4.7	_	μs
tHIGH	HIGH period of the SCL clock	4.0	_	μs
t _r	Rise time of both SDA and SCL signals	_	1000	ns
t _f	Fall time of both SDA and SCL signals	_	300	ns
t _{SU;DAT}	DATA set-up time	250	_	ns
t _{HD;DAT}	DATA hold time	0	_	ns
t _{SU;STO}	Set-up time for STOP condition	4	_	μs

^{1.} All typical values are at respective nominal V_{DDQ}.

^{1.} Time required for the integrated PLL circuit to obtain phase lock of its feedback signal to its reference signal. For phase lock to be obtained, a fixed-frequency, fixed-phase reference signal must be present at CLK. Until phase lock is obtained, the specifications for propagation delay, skew, and jitter parameters given in the switching characteristics table are not applicable. This parameter does not apply for input modulation under SSC application.

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

AC CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		LIMITS		UNIT
STWIDOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
t _{PD}	Propagation delay time	Test mode/CLK to any output	_	3.7	_	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH-to-LOW level propagation delay time	SCL to SDA (acknowledge)	_	500 ¹	_	ns
t _{en}	Output enable time	Test mode/SDA to Y output	_	85	_	ns
t _{dis}	Output disable time	Test mode/SDA to Y output	_	35	_	ns
t _{jit(per)}	Jitter (period); see Figure 4	100 MHz to 167 MHz	-75	_	75	ps
t _{jit(cc)}	Jitter (cycle-to-cycle); see Figure 5	100 MHz to 167 MHz	-75	_	75	ps
t _{jit(hper)}	Half-period jitter; see Figure 6	100 MHz to 167 MHz	-90	_	90	ps
	Chatia abase effects one Figure 1	133 MHz/V _{ID} on CLK = 0.71 V	220	_	450	ps
t∅	Static phase offset; see Figure 1	167 MHz/V _{ID} on CLK = 0.71 V	140	_	270	ps
t _{slr(o)}	Output clock slew rate; see Figure 3	terminated with 120 Ω/14 pF	1	_	2	V/ns
t _{sk(o)}	Output skew; see Figure 2			_	75	ps
	SSC modulation frequency		30	_	33.3	kHz
	SSC clock input frequency deviation		0.00	_	-0.50	%

NOTE:

AC WAVEFORMS

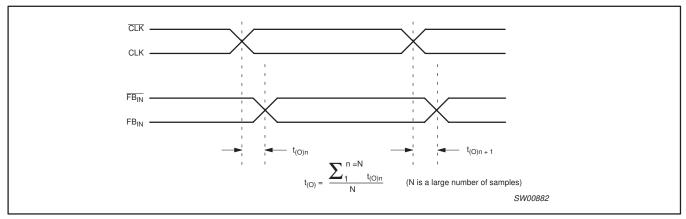


Figure 1. Static phase offset

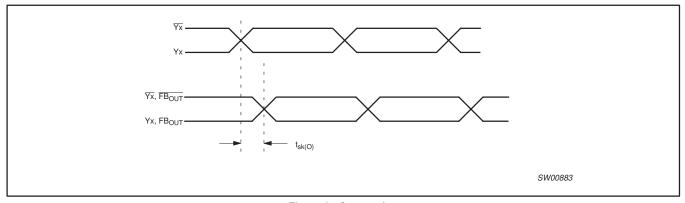


Figure 2. Output skew

2001 Jun 12

^{1.} This time is for a PLL frequency of 100 MHz.

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

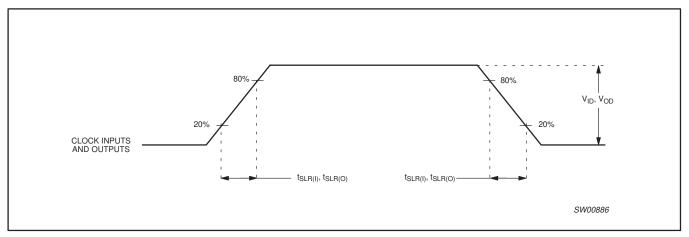


Figure 3. Input and output slew rates

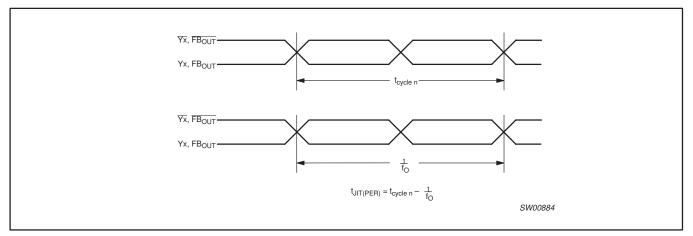


Figure 4. Period jitter

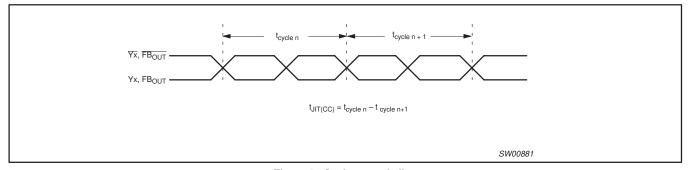


Figure 5. Cycle-to-cycle jitter

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

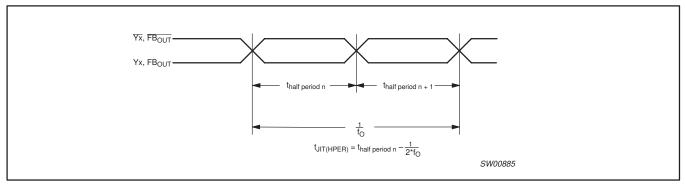


Figure 6. Half-period jitter

TEST CIRCUIT

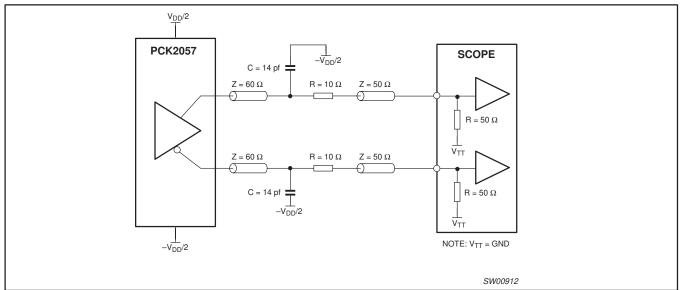


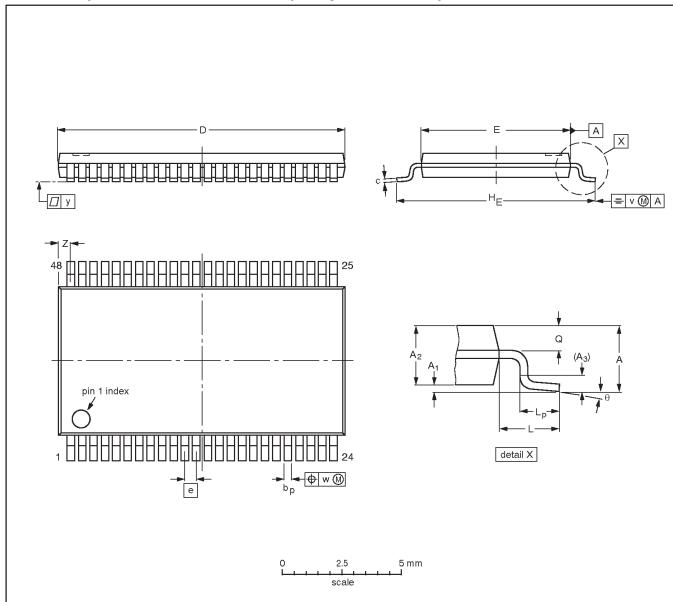
Figure 7. Output load test measurement

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057

TSSOP48: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 6.1 mm

SOT362-1



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions).

UNIT	A max.	Α1	A ₂	А3	bp	c	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽²⁾	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	z	θ
mm	1.2	0.15 0.05	1.05 0.85	0.25	0.28 0.17	0.2 0.1	12.6 12.4	6.2 6.0	0.5	8.3 7.9	1	0.8 0.4	0.50 0.35	0.25	0.08	0.1	0.8 0.4	8° 0°

Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT362-1		MO-153				-95-02-10 99-12-27

70 - 190 MHz I²C differential 1:10 clock driver

PCK2057



Purchase of Philips I²C components conveys a license under the Philips' I²C patent to use the components in the I²C system provided the system conforms to the I²C specifications defined by Philips. This specification can be ordered using the code 9398 393 40011.

Data sheet status

Data sheet status ^[1]	Product status ^[2]	Definitions
Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
Product data	Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Changes will be communicated according to the Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN) procedure SNW-SQ-650A.

^[1] Please consult the most recently issued datasheet before initiating or completing a design.

Definitions

Short-form specification — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Philips Semiconductors make no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Disclaimers

Life support — These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips Semiconductors customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips Semiconductors for any damages resulting from such application.

Right to make changes — Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes, without notice, in the products, including circuits, standard cells, and/or software, described or contained herein in order to improve design and/or performance. Philips Semiconductors assumes no responsibility or liability for the use of any of these products, conveys no license or title under any patent, copyright, or mask work right to these products, and makes no representations or warranties that these products are free from patent, copyright, or mask work right infringement, unless otherwise specified.

Philips Semiconductors 811 East Arques Avenue P.O. Box 3409 Sunnyvale, California 94088–3409 Telephone 800-234-7381 © Copyright Philips Electronics North America Corporation 2001 All rights reserved. Printed in U.S.A.

Date of release: 06-01

Document order number: 9397 750 08476

Let's make things better.

Philips Semiconductors





^[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.