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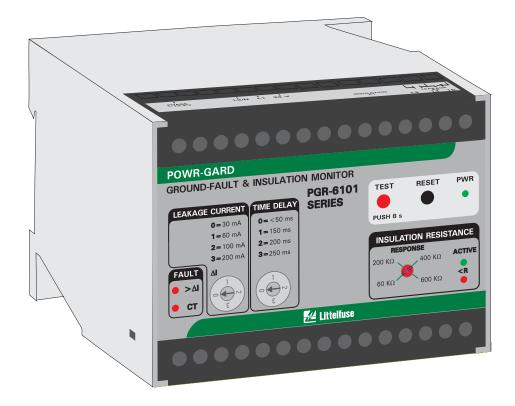


# **Ground-Fault & Insulation Monitor PGR-6101**

### **PGR-6101 MANUAL**

## **GROUND-FAULT & INSULATION MONITOR**

Revision 0-B-020614



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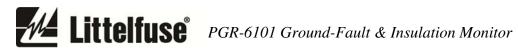
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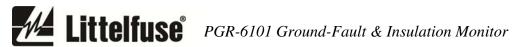
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#### 1. GENERAL

The PGR-6101 Ground-Fault & Insulation Monitor can detect a motor ground fault whether the motor is running (Online mode) or stopped (Offline mode), and can be used to protect a motor supplied by a solidly grounded, resistance-grounded, or ungrounded system. ungrounded system, use only the Offline mode.

On grounded systems, a current transformer (CT) is used to detect ground-fault current as low as 30 mA when the motor is running, and insulation resistance is measured to detect a fault when the motor is stopped. Online or Offline mode is selected with a digital input connected to a starter auxiliary contact.

In the Online mode, ground-fault current is sensed by a PGC-5000-series zero-sequence CT. The trip level of the ground-fault circuit is selectable from 30 to 200 mA. Trip time is selectable from <50 to 250 ms. Additional current-detection features include harmonic filtering, a relay output that can operate in the fail-safe or non-failsafe mode, CT-connection detection, LED trip, power, and open-CT indication, autoreset or latching trips with front-panel and remote reset, a test button, and a 0- to 1mA-analog output.

In the Offline mode, insulation-resistance monitoring is enabled, with a selectable 60- to 600-k $\Omega$  alarm-setting range. Additional insulation-monitoring features include a relay output that can operate in the fail-safe or non-failsafe mode, LED active and low-resistance indication, and a 0- to 1-mA-analog output.

The PGR-6101 can be directly connected to a supply up to 1.3 kV. For systems from 1.3 to 5 kV, use a PGH-5000 High Tension Coupler. For systems from 5 kV to 6 kV, use a PGH-6000 High Tension Coupler.

#### 2. OPERATION

#### 2.1 OUTPUT RELAY OPERATING MODE

In the fail-safe mode the output relays energize when power is applied and the ground-fault and insulationresistance circuits are not tripped. Fail-safe mode is the factory setting.

For non-fail-safe operation connect terminals 19-20 and 22-23. The respective output relay will energize when a fault occurs. See Fig. 2.

#### 2.2 PGR-6101 OPERATING MODE

Connect terminals 27 and 28 to a normally closed (Form B) auxiliary starter contact. When terminals 27 and 28 are open, Online mode (insulation monitoring off) is selected and when terminals 27 and 28 are connected, Offline mode (insulation monitoring active) is selected.

#### 2.2.1 ONLINE OPERATION

When the monitor is running, the PGR-6101 in conjunction with a PGC-5000-series zero-sequence current sensor operates as a sensitive ground-fault relay.

#### 2.2.2 OFFLINE OPERATION

The PGR-6101 changes mode by means of an auxiliary contact on the main contactor when the motor is off. It becomes an insulation-resistance monitor and imposes a small dc voltage to the motor windings and supply cable from the motor starter. Leakage to ground is detected.

#### 2.3 FRONT-PANEL CONTROLS 2.3.1 GROUND-FAULT TRIP LEVEL

The Leakage Current ΔI selector switch is used to set the ground-fault trip level from 30 to 200 mA. For groundfault detection, the switch setting must be set substantially below the prospective ground-fault current. To avoid sympathetic tripping, the switch setting must be above the charging current of the protected feeder.

#### 2.3.2 GROUND-FAULT TRIP TIME

The PGR-6101 has a definite-time trip characteristic. In tripping systems, the TIME DELAY selector is used to set the ground-fault trip time for coordination with upstream and downstream ground-fault devices. Trip time is selectable from < 50 ms to 250 ms. Coordination requires the same trip level for all ground-fault devices in a system and the trip time to progressively increase upstream. The amount of equipment removed from the system will be a minimum if the first ground-fault device to operate is the one immediately upstream from the fault.

#### 2.3.3 Insulation Resistance Response

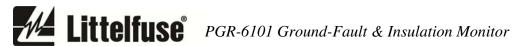
The PGR-6101 insulation resistance function has an adjustable alarm range of 60 to 600 k $\Omega$ . There is no selectable time delay. The unit will operate in less than three seconds.

#### **2.3.4 RESET**

The front-panel RESET button is used to reset latching trips. After a fault has been cleared, cycling the supply voltage will also reset the PGR-6101.

To use the PGR-6101 in autoreset mode, connect terminals 18-19 and 21-22. See Fig. 2.

The reset function is not instantaneous. Press the RESET button for several seconds.



### 2.3.5 TEST

The TEST button will test both leakage-current and insulation-resistance circuits regardless of the selected operating mode. Press the TEST button for at least eight seconds to complete test. All LED's will light and relay contacts will change to fault/alarm state. In the default mode (latching), the tripped state will remain until reset. Allow eight seconds before operating the RESET push button.

#### 2.4 FRONT-PANEL INDICATION **2.4.1 Power**

The green LED labelled PWR indicates presence of supply voltage.

#### 2.4.2 >∆l

The red LED labelled  $>\Delta I$  indicates a ground-fault trip.

#### 2.4.3 CT

The red LED labelled CT indicates that a PGC-5000-series current sensor is not connected. See Section 2.8.

#### **2.4.4 ACTIVE**

The green LED labelled ACTIVE indicates that the Offline monitoring function is active. The insulation monitoring or lockout function is active when terminals 27 and 28 are connected. See Section 2.2.

The red LED labelled <R indicates a low resistance.

#### 2.5 ANALOG OUTPUTS 2.5.1 OUT I

A non-isolated, 0- to 1-mA output (terminals 24 and 25) indicates ground-fault current sensed by the CT. The fullscale value corresponds to the ground-fault trip setting. For example, if the ground-fault trip setting is 30 mA, then 1 mA output will be indicated when the measured current is 30 mA. The output is linear between zero and full scale. See Figs. 2 and 6.

#### 2.5.2 OUT R

A non-isolated, 0- to 1-mA output (terminals 25 and 26) indicates insulation resistance. The metering output relates to an insulation-resistance range of 0 to infinity. See Figs. 2 and 7.

#### 2.6 REMOTE TEST

Use external switches to test the current-sensor detection, insulation-monitoring activation, and insulationmonitoring functions. See Fig. 2. Response to a test input can take several seconds.

#### 2.7 REMOTE RESET

For remote reset, connect a switch or pushbutton with a normally closed contact between the neutral side of the supply voltage and terminal 5. See Fig. 2.

For an alternate configuration, connect a normally open, double-pole, single-throw switch across terminals 18 and 19, and terminals 21 and 22. A momentary connection across these terminals will reset the PGR-6101.

#### 2.8 CT VERIFICATION

A ground-fault trip will occur and the red CT LED will light when a PGC-5000-series CT is not connected to terminals 16 and 17.

#### 3. INSTALLATION

NOTE: Mounting, terminal block connections and wiring must conform to applicable local electrical codes. Check all applicable codes prior to installation.

This ground-fault monitoring system consists of a PGR-6101-series Ground-Fault & Insulation Relay, a PGC-5000-series CT, and for systems over 1.3 kV, a PGH-5000 or PGH-6000 High Tension Coupler connected as shown in Fig. 2.

A PGR-6101 can be surface or DIN-rail mounted. See Fig. 1.

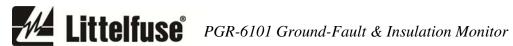
Use terminal 6 (L1) as the line terminal for a 120 or 240 Vac supply. Use terminal 7 as the line terminal for a 24 Vac supply. Use terminal 5 (L2/N) as the neutral terminal. Connect terminal 30 to ground.

Pass the phase conductors through the CT window and position them in the centre of the opening (for four-wire and single-phase systems, also pass the neutral conductor through the CT window). Do not pass ground conductors through the CT window. In applications that require shields or drain wires to pass through the CT window, return them through the CT window before connecting CT connections are not polarity them to ground. sensitive. Applications in electrically noisy environments require twisted- or shielded-twisted-pair CT-secondary conductors. Connect the CT-secondary leads to terminals 16 and 17, and connect the shield to terminal 17. See Fig. 3 for PGC-5000-series CT dimensional drawings.

If insulation monitoring is required, connect terminals 27 and 28 to a normally closed contact on the motor

For systems up to 1.3 kV connect terminal 2 to one phase of the load side of the starter.

Connect optional PGA-0500 Analog Current Meter and PGA-0510 Analog Ohm Meter as shown in Fig. 2. Meter outline, dimensions, and cutout size are shown in Figs. 6 and 7.



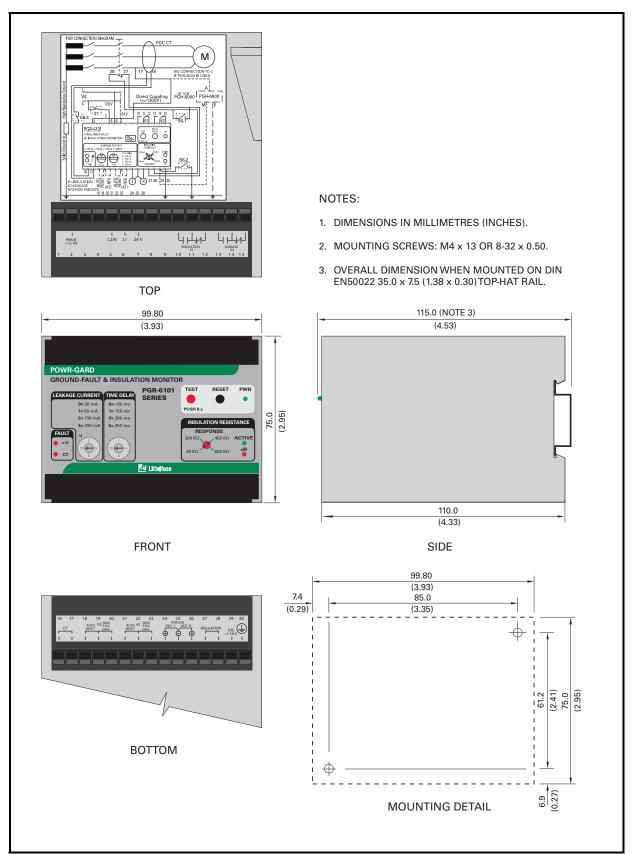
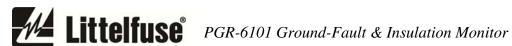


FIGURE 1. PGR-6101 Outline and Mounting Details.



#### 3.1 PGH-5000 AND PGH-6000

5-kV and 6-kV systems, PGR-6101 to the monitored circuit with a PGH-5000 and PGH-6000 respectively. See Fig. PGH-5000 outline and mounting details. See Fig. 5 for PGH-6000 outline and mounting details.

Connect protective-ground terminal (4) to ground. Ε ground Connect terminal to or PGR-6101 terminal 30, which must be grounded. Connect terminal M to PGR-6101 terminal 29. (PGR-6101 terminal 2 is not used.) For PGR-6101 to PGH-5000/PGH-6000 distances 10 m (30'), use shielded cable, and connect the cable shield to the second PGH-5000/PGH-6000 terminal E. Connect terminal A to one phase on the load side of the motor starter. See Fig. 2. The PGH-5000/PHG-6000 includes 915 mm (36") of high-voltage conductor.

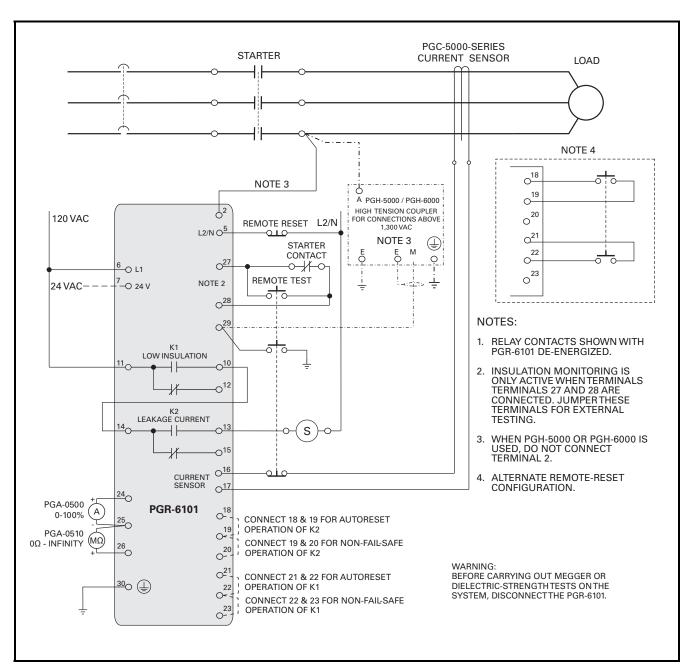
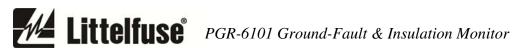


FIGURE 2. Typical Connection Diagram.



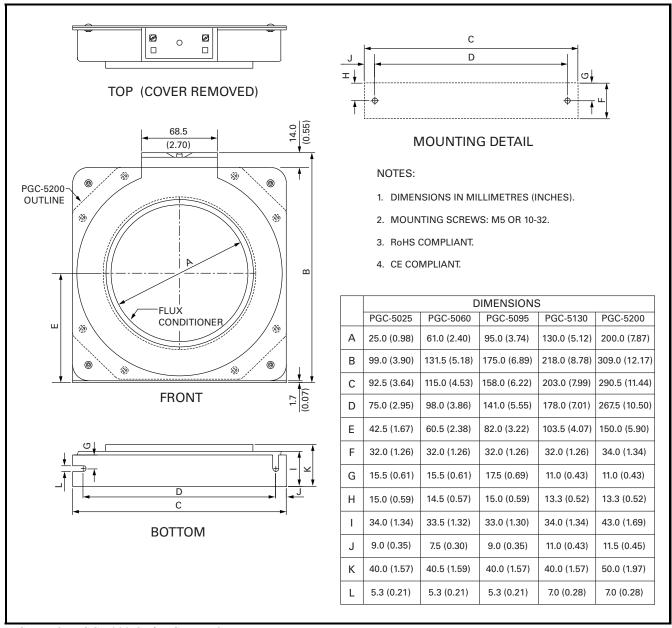
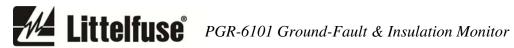


FIGURE 3. PGC-5000-Series Current Sensors.



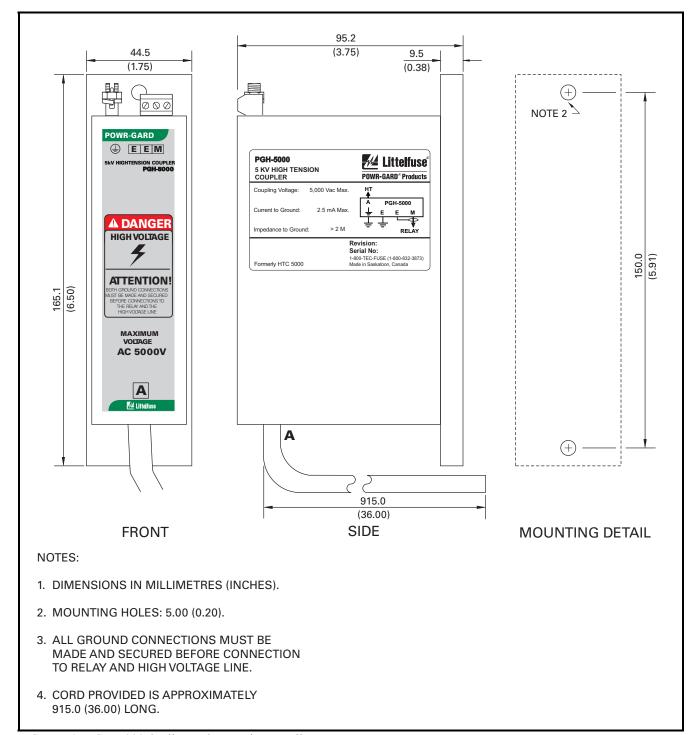
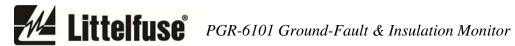


FIGURE 4. PGH-5000 Outline and Mounting Details.



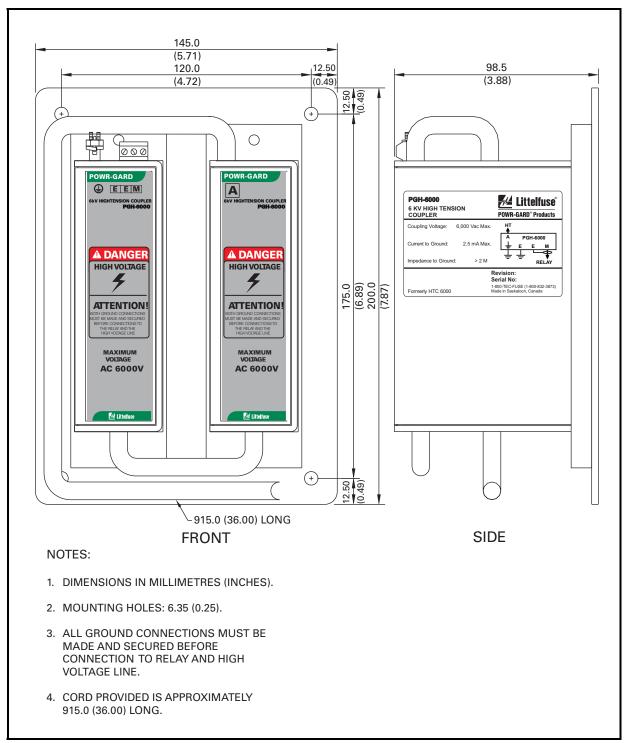
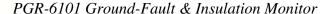
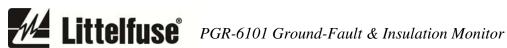


FIGURE 5. PGH-6000 Outline and Mounting Details.





### 4. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS 4.1 PGR-6101

Supply: (+10, -15%) 50/60 Hz Operation Class......Continuous K1 and K2 Relay Contacts: Configuration ......N.O. and N.C. (Form C) Operating Mode ......Fail-Safe or Non-Fail-Safe Switching Capacity ......625 VA Supplemental Contact Ratings: Carry Continuous ......5 A, maximum Break: 30 Vdc ......5 A 110 Vdc ......0.3 A Trip Mode .....Latching or Autoreset Reset Front-Panel Button and Remote N.C. Contact Test.....Front-Panel Button and Remote Contacts Terminals ......Wire Clamping, 12-22 AWG  $(0.3 \text{ to } 2.5 \text{ mm}^2)$ conductors Dimensions: Including DIN rail ......115 mm (4.5") Environment: Operating Temperature.....-10 to 60°C (14 to 140°F) Storage Temperature.....-40 to 80°C (-40 to 176°F)

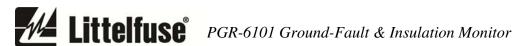
Humidity.....85% Non-Condensing

Certification .....UL Listed LISTED SWITCHES, IND CONT US 19PF NRNT, NRNT7, E183688 UL508 Industrial Control Equipment



Trip-Level Settings ( $\Delta I$ )	. 30, 60, 100, and 200 mA	
Trip-Time Settings	. <50, 150, 200, and 250 ms	
Input:		
CT	. PGC-5000-Series	
CT Detection	. Open-Circuit Detection	
Analog Output:		
Mode	. Self Powered	
Range	. 0 - 1 mA	
Output impedance		
4.1.2 PGR-6101 OFFLINE OPERATION		

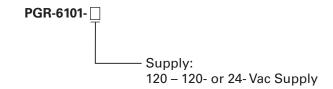
4.1.2 PGN-0101 OFFLINE OPE	RATION
Maximum System Voltage:	
Direct Connection	1,300 V
With PGH-5000	5,000 V
With PGH-6000	6,000 V
Measuring Voltage	12 Vdc
Measuring Current	20 μA maximum
DC Resistance	$600~k\Omega$
AC impedance at 50-60 Hz	$> 1 \text{ M}\Omega$
Response-Level Settings	$60$ to $600~\mathrm{k}\Omega$
Response Delay	< 3 s
Maximum Leakage	
Capacitance to Ground	$< 1 \mu F$
Maximum Stray Voltage	1,000 Vdc
Analog Output:	
Mode	
Range	0 - 1 mA
Impedance	$5~k\Omega~maximum$



#### 4.2 PGH HIGH TENSION COUPLERS

Maximum Line Voltage: PGH-5000	5 000 Vac
PGH-6000	6,000 vac
Current to Ground	2.5 mA maximum
Terminal M Maximum	
Voltage	50 Vac
Terminals:	
E, E, and M	Wire Clamping,
	22 to 12 AWG
	$(0.2 \text{ to } 2.5 \text{ mm}^2)$
	conductors
	m. O
⊌	
	10 AWG (5.26 mm <sup>2</sup> )
	maximum
High Tension Lead A	8 AWG (8 36 mm <sup>2</sup> )
ingh rension Lead A	40 kVdc, 915 mm (36")
	40 K v uc, 313 IIIII (30 )

### 5. ORDERING INFORMATION



PGA-0500	Analog Percent Current Meter
PGA-0510	Analog Ohm Meter
	Current Sensor,
	25.0 mm (0.98") window
PGC-5060	Current Sensor,
	60.8 mm (2.39") window
PGC-5095	Current Sensor,
	95.0 mm (3.74") window
PGC-5130	Current Sensor,
	130.0 mm (5.12") window
PGC-5200	Current Sensor,
	200.0 mm (7.87") window
PGH-5000	5 kV High Tension Coupler
PGH-6000	6 kV High Tension Coupler

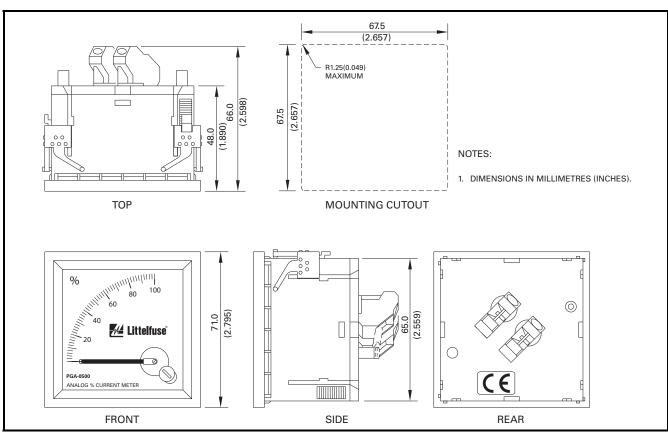
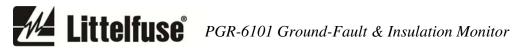


FIGURE 6. PGA-0500 Analog Percent Current Meter.



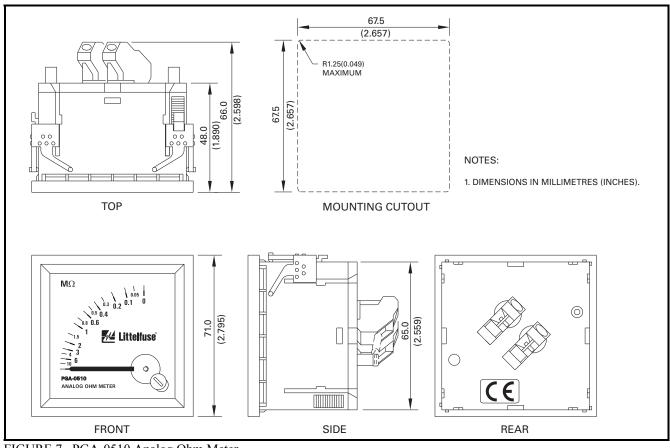


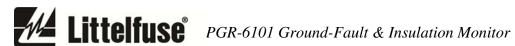
FIGURE 7. PGA-0510 Analog Ohm Meter.

#### 6. Performance Tests

#### 6.1 GROUND-FAULT TEST

Some jurisdictions require periodic ground-fault performance tests. A test record form is provided for recording the date and the result of the performance tests. The following ground-fault system tests are to be conducted by qualified personnel.

- a) Evaluate the interconnected system in accordance with the overall equipment manufacturer's detailed instructions.
- b) Verify proper location of the PGC-5000-series CT. Ensure the cables pass through the CT window. This check can be done visually with knowledge of the The connection of the current-sensor secondary to the PGR-6101 is not polarity sensitive.
- c) Verify that the system is correctly grounded and that alternate ground paths do not exist that bypass the current sensor. High-voltage testers and resistance bridges can be used to determine the existence of alternate ground paths.
- d) Verify proper reaction of the circuit-interrupting device in response to a simulated or controlled ground-fault current. To simulate ground-fault current, use CT-primary current injection. Fig. 8 shows a test circuit using the SE-400 Ground-Fault-Relay Test Unit. The SE-400 has a programmable output of 0.5 to 9.9 A for a duration of 0.1 to 9.9 seconds. Fig. 8 shows the use of resistors that reduce the injected current to 10% of the SE-400 setting. Set the test current to 120% of the PGR-6101 setting. Inject the test current through the CT window for at least 2.5 seconds. Verify that the circuit under test has reacted properly. Correct any problems and retest until the proper reaction is verified.



e) Record the date and the results of the test on the attached test-record form.

Note: Do not inject test current directly into CT-input terminals 16 and 17.

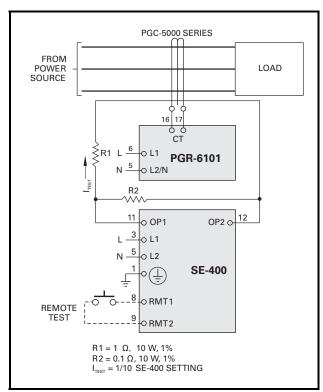


FIGURE 8. Ground-Fault-Test Circuit.

TABLE 1. GROUND-FAULT-TEST RECORD

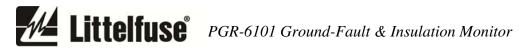
TEST RESULTS

Retain this record for the authority having jurisdiction.

#### **6.2 Insulation Test**

Perform this test with the starter open and appropriate lock-out procedures.

Connect a  $10-k\Omega$  resistor between one phase and ground at the line side of the starter or motor terminal box. Select a phase that is not connected to PGR-6101 terminal 2 (or the PGH-5000 or PGH-6000). The PGR-6101, operating in Offline mode as indicated by the green ACTIVE LED, will alarm, operating the K1 low insulation output relay and lighting the red <R LED.



### **APPENDIX A PGR-6101 REVISION HISTORY**

MANUAL RELEASE DATE	MANUAL REVISION	PRODUCT REVISION (REVISION NUMBER ON PRODUCT LABEL)
February 6, 2014	0-B-020614	01
November 22, 2013	0-A-112213	00

### **MANUAL REVISION HISTORY**

**REVISION 0-B-020614** 

**SECTION 3** 

Fig. 3 updated.

**SECTION 4** 

UL Certification and contact rating specifications added.

**REVISION 0-A-112213** 

Initial release.

### **PRODUCT REVISION HISTORY**

PRODUCT REVISION 01

UL Certification.

**PRODUCT REVISION 00** 

Initial release.