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PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

Data Sheet

64/80-Pin Flash Microcontrollers
with LCD Driver and nanoWatt Technology

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MICROCHIP

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

64/80-Pin Flash Microcontrollers with LCD Driver and nanoWatt Technology

LCD Driver Module Features:

- Direct Driving of LCD Panel
- Up to 48 Segments: Software Selectable
- Programmable LCD Timing module:
 - Multiple LCD timing sources available
 - Up to 4 commons: Static, 1/2, 1/3 or 1/4 multiplex
 - Static, 1/2 or 1/3 bias configuration
- Can drive LCD Panel while in Sleep mode

Power-Managed Modes:

- Run: CPU On, Peripherals On
- Idle: CPU Off, Peripherals On
- Sleep: CPU Off, Peripherals Off
- Run mode Currents Down to 14.0 μ A Typical
- Idle mode Currents Down to 5.8 μ A Typical
- Sleep Current Down to 0.1 μ A Typical
- Timer1 Oscillator: 1.8 μ A, 32 kHz, 2V
- Watchdog Timer: 2.1 μ A
- Two-Speed Oscillator Start-up

Flexible Oscillator Structure:

- Four Crystal modes:
 - LP: up to 200 kHz
 - XT: up to 4 MHz
 - HS: up to 40 MHz
 - HSPLL: 4-10 MHz (16-40 MHz internal)
- 4x Phase Lock Loop (available for crystal and internal oscillators)
- Two External RC modes, up to 4 MHz
- Two External Clock modes, up to 40 MHz
- Internal Oscillator Block:
 - 8 user-selectable frequencies, from 31 kHz to 8 MHz
 - Provides a complete range of clock speeds from 31 kHz to 32 MHz when used with PLL
 - User-tunable to compensate for frequency drift
- Secondary Oscillator using Timer1 @ 32 kHz
- Fail-Safe Clock Monitor:
 - Allows for safe shut down of device if primary or secondary clock fails

Peripheral Highlights:

- High-Current Sink/Source 25 mA/25 mA
- Four External Interrupts
- Four Input Change Interrupts
- Four 8-Bit/16-Bit Timer/Counter modules
- Real-Time Clock (RTC) Software module:
 - Configurable 24-hour clock, calendar, automatic 100-year or 12800-year, day-of-week calculator
 - Uses Timer1
- Up to 2 Capture/Compare/PWM (CCP) modules
- Master Synchronous Serial Port (MSSP) module supporting 3-Wire SPI (all 4 modes) and I²C™ Master and Slave modes
- Addressable USART module:
 - Supports RS-485 and RS-232
- Enhanced Addressable USART module:
 - Supports RS-485, RS-232 and LIN 1.2
 - Auto-wake-up on Start bit
 - Auto-Baud Detect
- 10-Bit, up to 12-Channel Analog-to-Digital (A/D) Converter module:
 - Auto-acquisition capability
 - Conversion available during Sleep
- Dual Analog Comparators with Input Multiplexing

Special Microcontroller Features:

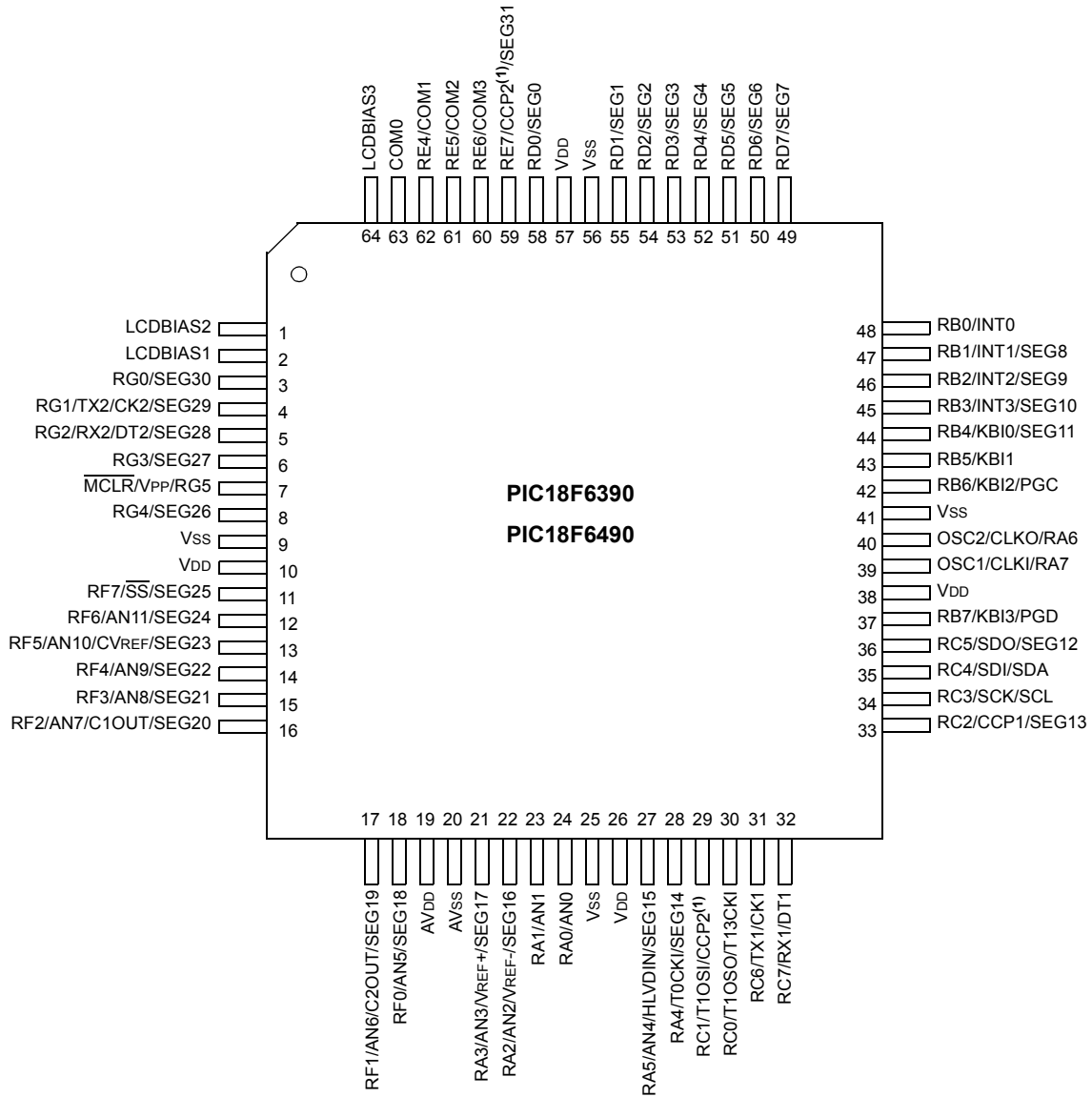
- C Compiler Optimized Architecture:
 - Optional extended instruction set designed to optimize re-entrant code
- 1000 Erase/Write Cycle Flash Program Memory Typical
- Flash Retention: 100 Years Typical
- Priority Levels for Interrupts
- 8 x 8 Single-Cycle Hardware Multiplier
- Extended Watchdog Timer (WDT):
 - Programmable period from 4 ms to 132s
 - 2% stability over VDD and temperature
- In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) via Two Pins
- In-Circuit Debug (ICD) via Two Pins
- Wide Operating Voltage Range: 2.0V to 5.5V

Device	Program Memory		Data Memory	I/O	LCD (pixel)	10-Bit A/D (ch)	CCP (PWM)	MSSP		EUSART/AUSART	Comparators	Timers 8/16-Bit
	Flash (bytes)	# Single-Word Instructions	SRAM (bytes)					SPI	Master I ² C™			
PIC18F6390	8K	4096	768	50	128	12	2	Y	Y	1/1	2	1/3
PIC18F6490	16K	8192	768	50	128	12	2	Y	Y	1/1	2	1/3
PIC18F8390	8K	4096	768	66	192	12	2	Y	Y	1/1	2	1/3
PIC18F8490	16K	8192	768	66	192	12	2	Y	Y	1/1	2	1/3

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

Pin Diagrams

64-Pin TQFP

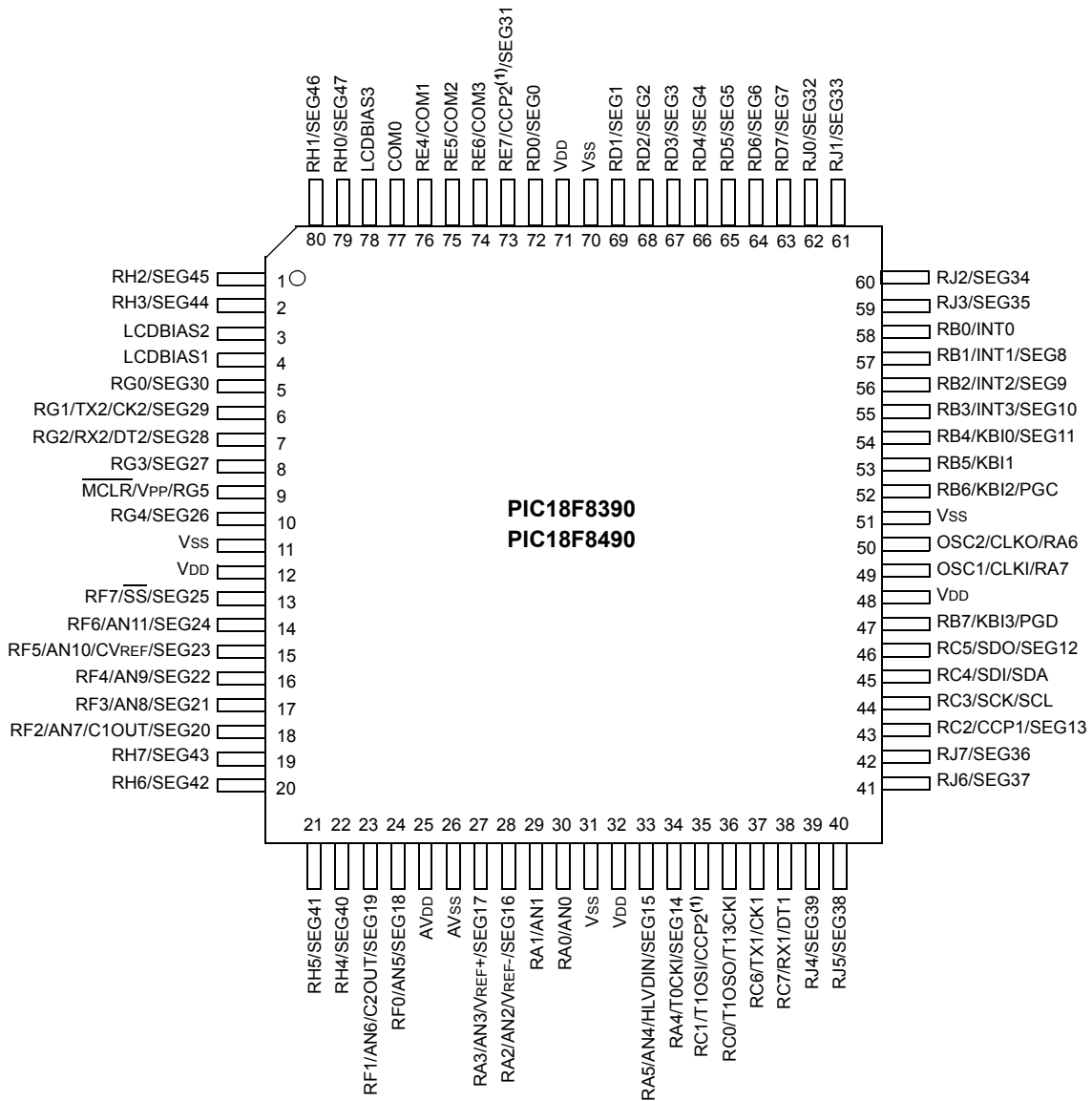


Note 1: RE7 is the alternate pin for CCP2 multiplexing.

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

80-Pin TQFP



Note 1: RE7 is the alternate pin for CCP2 multiplexing.

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

Table of Contents

1.0	Device Overview	7
2.0	Oscillator Configurations	31
3.0	Power-Managed Modes	41
4.0	Reset	51
5.0	Memory Organization	65
6.0	Flash Program Memory	87
7.0	8 x 8 Hardware Multiplier	91
8.0	Interrupts	93
9.0	I/O Ports	109
10.0	Timer0 Module	131
11.0	Timer1 Module	135
12.0	Timer2 Module	141
13.0	Timer3 Module	143
14.0	Capture/Compare/PWM (CCP) Modules	147
15.0	Master Synchronous Serial Port (MSSP) Module	157
16.0	Enhanced Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (EUSART)	197
17.0	Addressable Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (AUSART)	217
18.0	10-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (A/D) Module	231
19.0	Comparator Module	241
20.0	Comparator Voltage Reference Module	247
21.0	High/Low-Voltage Detect (HLVD)	251
22.0	Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) Driver Module	257
23.0	Special Features of the CPU	281
24.0	Instruction Set Summary	295
25.0	Development Support	345
26.0	Electrical Characteristics	349
27.0	DC and AC Characteristics Graphs and Tables	387
28.0	Packaging Information	389
	Appendix A: Revision History	395
	Appendix B: Device Differences	395
	Appendix C: Conversion Considerations	396
	Appendix D: Migration from Baseline to Enhanced Devices	396
	Appendix E: migration from Mid-Range to Enhanced Devices	397
	Appendix F: Migration from High-End to Enhanced Devices	397
	Index	399
	The Microchip Web Site	409
	Customer Change Notification Service	409
	Customer Support	409
	Reader Response	410
	PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490 Product Identification System	411

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PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

NOTES:

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

This document contains device-specific information for the following devices:

- PIC18F6390
- PIC18F8390
- PIC18F6490
- PIC18F8490

This family offers the advantages of all PIC18 microcontrollers – namely, high computational performance at an economical price. In addition to these features, the PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490 family introduces design enhancements that make these microcontrollers a logical choice for many high-performance, power-sensitive applications.

1.1 New Core Features

1.1.1 nanoWatt TECHNOLOGY

All of the devices in the PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490 family incorporate a range of features that can significantly reduce power consumption during operation. Key items include:

- **Alternate Run Modes:** By clocking the controller from the Timer1 source or the internal oscillator block, power consumption during code execution can be reduced by as much as 90%.
- **Multiple Idle Modes:** The controller can also run with its CPU core disabled, but the peripherals still active. In these states, power consumption can be reduced even further – to as little as 4% of normal operation requirements.
- **On-the-Fly Mode Switching:** The power-managed modes are invoked by user code during operation, allowing the user to incorporate power-saving ideas into their application's software design.
- **Lower Consumption in Key Modules:** The power requirements for both Timer1 and the Watchdog Timer have been reduced by up to 80%, with typical values of 1.1 μ A and 2.1 μ A, respectively.

1.1.2 MULTIPLE OSCILLATOR OPTIONS AND FEATURES

All of the devices in the PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490 family offer ten different oscillator options, allowing users a wide range of choices in developing application hardware. These include:

- Four Crystal modes using crystals or ceramic resonators.
- Two External Clock modes offering the option of using two pins (oscillator input and a divide-by-4 clock output) or one pin (oscillator input, with the second pin reassigned as general I/O).
- Two External RC Oscillator modes with the same pin options as the External Clock modes.
- An internal oscillator block which provides an 8 MHz clock ($\pm 2\%$ accuracy) and an INTRC source (approximately 31 kHz, stable over temperature and VDD), as well as a range of six user-selectable clock frequencies between 125 kHz to 4 MHz for a total of eight clock frequencies. This option frees the two oscillator pins for use as additional general purpose I/O.
- A Phase Lock Loop (PLL) frequency multiplier, available to both the High-Speed Crystal and Internal Oscillator modes, which allows clock speeds of up to 40 MHz. Used with the internal oscillator, the PLL gives users a complete selection of clock speeds from 31 kHz to 32 MHz – all without using an external crystal or clock circuit.

Besides its availability as a clock source, the internal oscillator block provides a stable reference source that gives the family additional features for robust operation:

- **Fail-Safe Clock Monitor:** This option constantly monitors the main clock source against a reference signal provided by the internal oscillator. If a clock failure occurs, the controller is switched to the internal oscillator block, allowing for continued low-speed operation or a safe application shutdown.
- **Two-Speed Start-up:** This option allows the internal oscillator to serve as the clock source from Power-on Reset or wake-up from Sleep mode until the primary clock source is available.

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

1.2 Other Special Features

- **Memory Endurance:** The Flash cells for program memory are rated to last for approximately a thousand erase/write cycles. Data retention without refresh is conservatively estimated to be greater than 100 years.
- **Extended Instruction Set:** The PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490 family introduces an optional extension to the PIC18 instruction set, which adds 8 new instructions and an Indexed Addressing mode. This extension, enabled as a device configuration option, has been specifically designed to optimize re-entrant application code originally developed in high-level languages such as C.
- **Enhanced Addressable USART:** This serial communication module is capable of standard RS-232 operation and provides support for the LIN bus protocol. Other enhancements include Automatic Baud Rate Detection and a 16-bit Baud Rate Generator for improved resolution. When the microcontroller is using the internal oscillator block, the EUSART provides stable operation for applications that talk to the outside world, without using an external crystal (or its accompanying power requirement).
- **10-Bit A/D Converter:** This module incorporates programmable acquisition time, allowing for a channel to be selected and a conversion to be initiated without waiting for a sampling period and thus, reduces code overhead.
- **Extended Watchdog Timer (WDT):** This enhanced version incorporates a 16-bit prescaler, allowing a time-out range from 4 ms to over 10 minutes that is stable across operating voltage and temperature.

1.3 Details on Individual Family Members

Devices in the PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490 family are available in 64-pin (PIC18F6X90) and 80-pin (PIC18F8X90) packages. Block diagrams for the two groups are shown in Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-2, respectively.

The devices are differentiated from each other in three ways:

1. I/O Ports: 7 bidirectional ports on 64-pin devices; 9 bidirectional ports on 80-pin devices.
2. LCD Pixels: 128 (32 SEGs x 4 COMs) pixels can be driven by 64-pin devices; 192 (48 SEGs x 4 COMs) pixels can be driven by 80-pin devices.
3. Flash Program Memory: 8 Kbytes for PIC18FX390 devices; 16 Kbytes for PIC18FX490.

All other features for devices in this family are identical. These are summarized in Table 1-1.

The pinouts for all devices are listed in Table 1-2 and Table 1-3.

Like all Microchip PIC18 devices, members of the PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490 family are available as both standard and low-voltage devices. Standard devices with Flash memory, designated with an "F" in the part number (such as PIC18F6390), accommodate an operating V_{DD} range of 4.2V to 5.5V. Low-voltage parts, designated by "LF" (such as PIC18LF6490), function over an extended V_{DD} range of 2.0V to 5.5V.

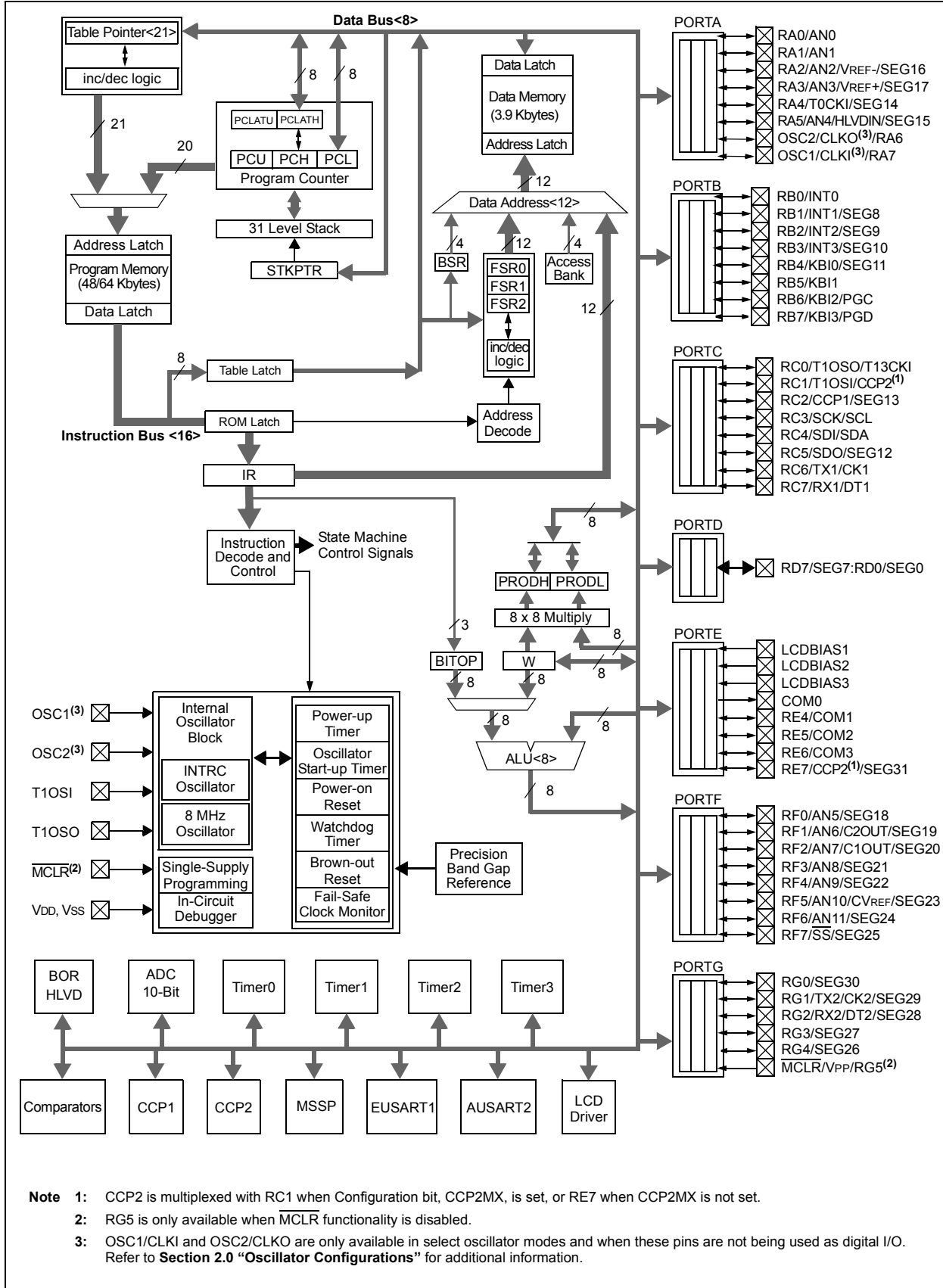
PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

TABLE 1-1: DEVICE FEATURES

Features	PIC18F6390	PIC18F6490	PIC18F8390	PIC18F8490
Operating Frequency	DC – 40 MHz	DC – 40 MHz	DC – 40 MHz	DC – 40 MHz
Program Memory (Bytes)	8K	16K	8K	16K
Program Memory (Instructions)	4096	8192	4096	8192
Data Memory (Bytes)	768	768	768	768
Interrupt Sources	22	22	22	22
I/O Ports	Ports A, B, C, D, E, F, G	Ports A, B, C, D, E, F, G	Ports A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, J	Ports A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, J
Number of Pixels the LCD Driver can Drive	128 (32 SEGs x 4 COMs)	128 (32 SEGs x 4 COMs)	192 (48 SEGs x 4 COMs)	192 (48 SEGs x 4 COMs)
Timers	4	4	4	4
Capture/Compare/PWM Modules	2	2	2	2
Serial Communications	MSSP, AUSART Enhanced USART	MSSP, AUSART Enhanced USART	MSSP, AUSART Enhanced USART	MSSP, AUSART Enhanced USART
10-Bit Analog-to-Digital Module	12 Input Channels	12 Input Channels	12 Input Channels	12 Input Channels
Resets (and Delays)	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, Stack Full, Stack Underflow (PWRT, OST), MCLR (optional), WDT	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, Stack Full, Stack Underflow (PWRT, OST), MCLR (optional), WDT	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, Stack Full, Stack Underflow (PWRT, OST), MCLR (optional), WDT	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, Stack Full, Stack Underflow (PWRT, OST), MCLR (optional), WDT
Programmable Low-Voltage Detect	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Programmable Brown-out Reset	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Instruction Set	75 Instructions; 83 with Extended Instruction Set Enabled	75 Instructions; 83 with Extended Instruction Set Enabled	75 Instructions; 83 with Extended Instruction Set Enabled	75 Instructions; 83 with Extended Instruction Set Enabled
Packages	64-Pin TQFP	64-Pin TQFP	80-Pin TQFP	80-Pin TQFP

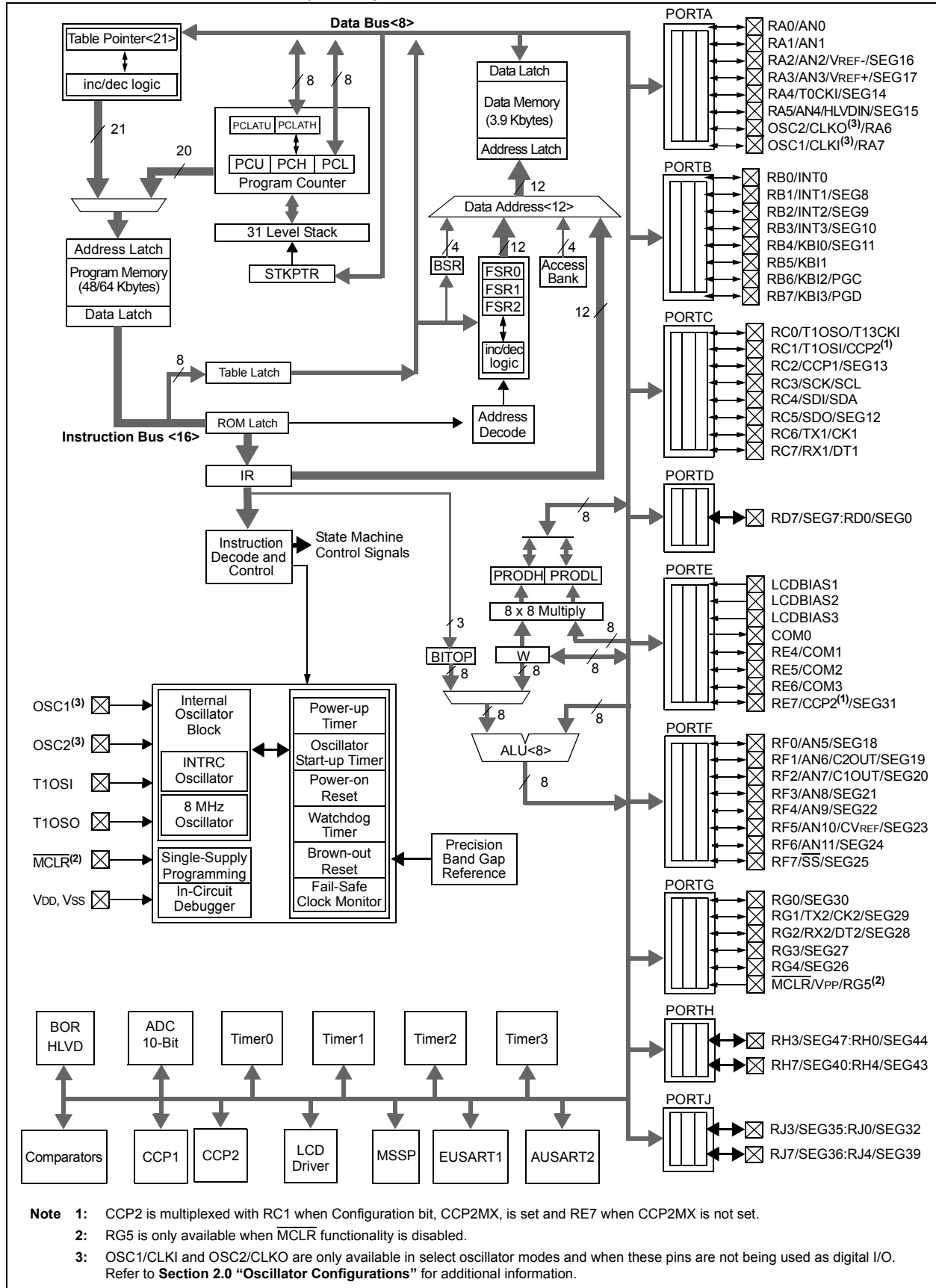
PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

FIGURE 1-1: PIC18F6X90 (64-PIN) BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

FIGURE 1-2: PIC18F8X90 (80-PIN) BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

TABLE 1-2: PIC18F6X90 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	TQFP			
RB0/INT0 RB0 INT0	48	I/O I	TTL ST	PORTB is a bidirectional I/O port. PORTB can be software programmed for internal weak pull-ups on all inputs. Digital I/O. External interrupt 0.
RB1/INT1/SEG8 RB1 INT1 SEG8	47	I/O I O	TTL ST Analog	Digital I/O. External interrupt 1. SEG8 output for LCD.
RB2/INT2/SEG9 RB2 INT2 SEG9	46	I/O I O	TTL ST Analog	Digital I/O. External interrupt 2. SEG9 output for LCD.
RB3/INT3/SEG10 RB3 INT3 SEG10	45	I/O I O	TTL ST Analog	Digital I/O. External interrupt 3. SEG10 output for LCD.
RB4/KBI0/SEG11 RB4 KBI0 SEG11	44	I/O I O	TTL TTL Analog	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. SEG11 output for LCD.
RB5/KBI1 RB5 KBI1	43	I/O I	TTL TTL	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin.
RB6/KBI2/PGC RB6 KBI2 PGC	42	I/O I I/O	TTL TTL ST	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. In-Circuit Debugger and ICSP™ programming clock pin.
RB7/KBI3/PGD RB7 KBI3 PGD	37	I/O I I/O	TTL TTL ST	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. In-Circuit Debugger and ICSP programming data pin.

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels Analog = Analog input
 I = Input O = Output
 P = Power OD = Open-Drain (no P diode to VDD)

Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.
2: Alternate assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is cleared.

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

TABLE 1-2: PIC18F6X90 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	TQFP			
RC0/T1OSO/T13CKI RC0 T1OSO T13CKI	30	I/O O I	ST — ST	PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port. Digital I/O. Timer1 oscillator output. Timer1/Timer3 external clock input.
RC1/T1OSI/CCP2 RC1 T1OSI CCP2 ⁽¹⁾	29	I/O I I/O	ST CMOS ST	Digital I/O. Timer1 oscillator input. Capture 2 input/Compare 2 output/PWM2 output.
RC2/CCP1/SEG13 RC2 CCP1 SEG13	33	I/O I/O O	ST ST Analog	Digital I/O. Capture 1 input/Compare 1 output/PWM1 output. SEG13 output for LCD.
RC3/SCK/SCL RC3 SCK SCL	34	I/O I/O I/O	ST ST ST	Digital I/O. Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI mode. Synchronous serial clock input/output for I ² C™ mode.
RC4/SDI/SDA RC4 SDI SDA	35	I/O I I/O	ST ST ST	Digital I/O. SPI data in. I ² C data I/O.
RC5/SDO/SEG12 RC5 SDO SEG12	36	I/O O O	ST — Analog	Digital I/O. SPI data out. SEG12 output for LCD.
RC6/TX1/CK1 RC6 TX1 CK1	31	I/O O I/O	ST — ST	Digital I/O. EUSART1 asynchronous transmit. EUSART1 synchronous clock (see related RX1/DT1).
RC7/RX1/DT1 RC7 RX1 DT1	32	I/O I I/O	ST ST ST	Digital I/O. EUSART1 asynchronous receive. EUSART1 synchronous data (see related TX1/CK1).

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels Analog = Analog input
I = Input O = Output
P = Power OD = Open-Drain (no P diode to VDD)

Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.
2: Alternate assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is cleared.

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

TABLE 1-2: PIC18F6X90 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	TQFP			
LCDBIAS1 LCDBIAS1	2	I	Analog	PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port. BIAS1 input for LCD.
LCDBIAS2 LCDBIAS2	1	I	Analog	BIAS2 input for LCD.
LCDBIAS3 LCDBIAS3	64	I	Analog	BIAS3 input for LCD.
COM0 COM0	63	O	Analog	COM0 output for LCD.
RE4/COM1 RE4 COM1	62	I/O O	ST Analog	Digital I/O. COM1 output for LCD.
RE5/COM2 RE5 COM2	61	I/O O	ST Analog	Digital I/O. COM2 output for LCD.
RE6/COM3 RE6 COM3	60	I/O O	ST Analog	Digital I/O. COM3 output for LCD.
RE7/CCP2/SEG31 RE7 CCP2 ⁽²⁾ SEG31	59	I/O I/O O	ST ST Analog	Digital I/O. Capture 2 input/Compare 2 output/PWM2 output. SEG31 output for LCD.

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels Analog = Analog input
 I = Input O = Output
 P = Power OD = Open-Drain (no P diode to VDD)

Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.

2: Alternate assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is cleared.

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

TABLE 1-2: PIC18F6X90 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	TQFP			
RF0/AN5/SEG18	18	I/O	ST	PORTF is a bidirectional I/O port. Digital I/O. Analog input 5. SEG18 output for LCD.
RF0		I	Analog	
AN5		O	Analog	
SEG18		O	Analog	
RF1/AN6/C2OUT/SEG19	17	I/O	ST	Digital I/O. Analog input 6. Comparator 2 output. SEG19 output for LCD.
RF1		I	Analog	
AN6		O	—	
C2OUT		O	Analog	
SEG19		O	Analog	
RF2/AN7/C1OUT/SEG20	16	I/O	ST	Digital I/O. Analog input 7. Comparator 1 output. SEG20 output for LCD.
RF2		I	Analog	
AN7		O	—	
C1OUT		O	Analog	
SEG20		O	Analog	
RF3/AN8/SEG21	15	I/O	ST	Digital I/O. Analog input 8. SEG21 output for LCD.
RF3		I	Analog	
AN8		O	Analog	
SEG21		O	Analog	
RF4/AN9/SEG22	14	I/O	ST	Digital I/O. Analog input 9. SEG22 output for LCD.
RF4		I	Analog	
AN9		O	Analog	
SEG22		O	Analog	
RF5/AN10/CVREF/SEG23	13	I/O	ST	Digital I/O. Analog input 10. Comparator reference voltage output. SEG23 output for LCD.
RF5		I	Analog	
AN10		O	Analog	
CVREF		O	Analog	
SEG23		O	Analog	
RF6/AN11/SEG24	12	I/O	ST	Digital I/O. Analog input 11. SEG24 output for LCD.
RF6		I	Analog	
AN11		O	Analog	
SEG24		O	Analog	
RF7/SS/SEG25	11	I/O	ST	Digital I/O. SPI slave select input. SEG25 output for LCD.
RF7		I	TTL	
SS		O	Analog	
SEG25		O	Analog	

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels Analog = Analog input
I = Input O = Output
P = Power OD = Open-Drain (no P diode to VDD)

Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.
2: Alternate assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is cleared.

PIC18F6390/6490/8390/8490

TABLE 1-3: PIC18F8X90 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	TQFP			
RB0/INT0 RB0 INT0	58	I/O I	TTL ST	PORTB is a bidirectional I/O port. PORTB can be software programmed for internal weak pull-ups on all inputs. Digital I/O. External interrupt 0.
RB1/INT1/SEG8 RB1 INT1 SEG8	57	I/O I O	TTL ST Analog	Digital I/O. External interrupt 1. SEG8 output for LCD.
RB2/INT2/SEG9 RB2 INT2 SEG9	56	I/O I O	TTL ST Analog	Digital I/O. External interrupt 2. SEG9 output for LCD.
RB3/INT3/SEG10 RB3 INT3 SEG10	55	I/O I O	TTL ST Analog	Digital I/O. External interrupt 3. SEG10 output for LCD.
RB4/KBI0/SEG11 RB4 KBI0 SEG11	54	I/O I O	TTL TTL Analog	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. SEG11 output for LCD.
RB5/KBI1 RB5 KBI1	53	I/O I	TTL TTL	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin.
RB6/KBI2/PGC RB6 KBI2 PGC	52	I/O I I/O	TTL TTL ST	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. In-Circuit Debugger and ICSP™ programming clock pin.
RB7/KBI3/PGD RB7 KBI3 PGD	47	I/O I I/O	TTL TTL ST	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. In-Circuit Debugger and ICSP programming data pin.

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels Analog = Analog input
 I = Input O = Output
 P = Power OD = Open-Drain (no P diode to VDD)

Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.
2: Alternate assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is cleared.

