imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





PS9551AL4

Optically Isolated Delta-Sigma Modulator

DESCRIPTION

Data Sheet R08DS0121EJ0100 Rev.1.00 Mar 20, 2014

The PS9551AL4 is an optically isolated Delta – Sigma Modulator that includes high-Accuracy A/D convertor and converts an analog voltage input into one-bit data stream. PS9551AL4 provides Effective Number of Bit (ENOB) is 12 bits (typ) with a Sinc³ digital filter.

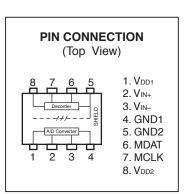
The PS9551AL4 is designed specifically for high common mode transient immunity (CMR) and high linearity (nonlinearity). The PS9551AL4 is suitable for current sensing and voltage sensing in motor drives.

FEATURES

- Internal Reference Voltage Tolerance ($GE = \pm 1\%$ MAX.)
- Effective Number of Bit (ENOB = 12 bits TYP.)
- Operating Ambient Temperature (TA = -40 to $105^{\circ}C$)
- Non-linearity (INL = 0.14% MAX.)
- Input Offset Voltage (Vos = 3 mV MAX.)
- Input Offset Voltage Drift vs. Temperature ($|dVos/dTA| = 2 \mu V/^{\circ}C TYP.$)
- Output Clock Frequency (fCLK = 10 MHz TYP.)
- High common mode transient immunity (CMR= $15 \text{ kV}/\mu \text{s}$ MIN.)
- Package: 8-pin DIP lead bending type (Gull-wing) for long creepage distance for surface mount (L4)
- Embossed tape product: PS9551AL4-E3: 1 000 pcs/reel
- Pb-Free product
- <R> Safety standards
 - UL approved: No. E72422
 - CSA approved: No. CA 101391 (CA5A, CAN/CSA-C22.2 60065, 60950)
 - SEMKO approved (EN 60065, EN60950)
 - DIN EN 60747-5-5 (VDE 0884-5) approved (Option)

APPLICATIONS

- AC Servo, inverter
- Solar inverter
- Measurement equipment



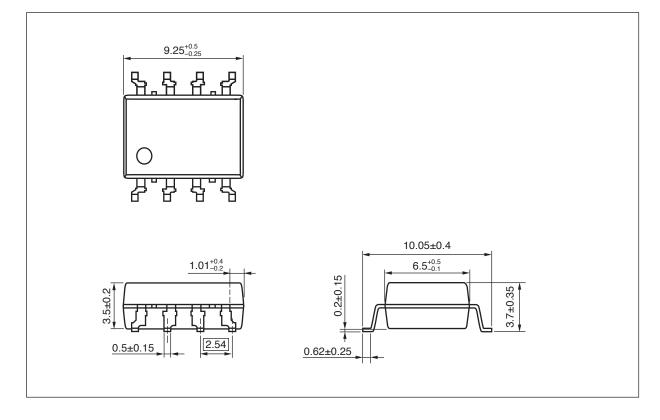
The mark <R> shows major revised points.

The revised points can be easily searched by copying an "<R>" in the PDF file and specifying it in the "Find what:" field.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)

Lead Bending Type (Gull-wing) For Long Creepage Distance For Surface Mount (L4)



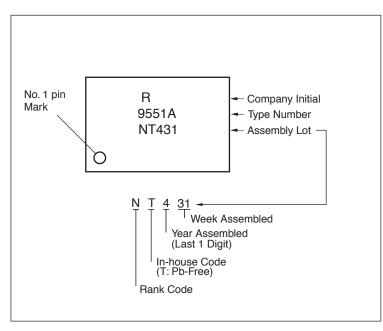
PHOTOCOUPLER CONSTRUCTION

Parameter	MIN.
Air Distance	8 mm
Outer Creepage Distance	8 mm
Isolation Distance	0.4 mm



A Business Partner of Renesas Electronics Corporation. CEL California Eastern Laboratories

<R> MARKING EXAMPLE



<R> ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Order Number	Solder Plating Specification	Packing Style	Safety Standard Approval	Application Part Number* ¹
PS9551AL4	PS9551AL4-AX	Pb-Free	Magazine case 50 pcs	Standard products	PS9551AL4
PS9551AL4-E3	PS9551AL4-E3-AX	(Ni/Pd/Au)	Embossed Tape 1 000 pcs/reel	(UL, CSA, SEMKO approved)	
PS9551AL4-V	PS9551AL4-V-AX		Magazine case 50 pcs	UL,CSA,SEMKO,	
PS9551AL4-V-E3	PS9551AL4-V-E3-AX		Embossed Tape 1 000 pcs/reel	DIN EN 60747-5-5	
				(VDE 0884-5)	

*1 For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.



<R> ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature	Та	-40 to +105	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	–55 to +125	°C
Supply Voltage	Vdd1, Vdd2	0 to 5.5	V
Input Voltage	Vin+, Vin-	-2 to VDD1 +0.5	V
2 Seconds Transient Input Voltage	Vin+, Vin-	-6 to VDD1 +0.5	V
Output Voltage	Vout+, Vout-	-0.5 to VDD2 +0.5	V
Isolation Voltage ^{*1}	BV	5 000	Vr.m.s.

*1 AC voltage for 1 minute at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, RH = 60% between input and output. Pins 1-4 shorted together, 5-8 shorted together.

<R> RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	-40		105	°C
Supply Voltage	Vdd1, Vdd2	4.5	5	5.5	V
Input Voltage (Accurate and Linear) ^{*1}	Vin+, Vin-	-200		200	mV

*1 Using $V_{IN-} = 0$ V (to be connected to GND1) is recommended. Avoid using V_{IN-} of 2.5 V or more, because the internal test mode is activated when the voltage V_{IN-} reaches more than 2.5 V.



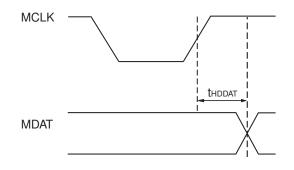
<R> ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

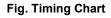
 $(TYP.: T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = 0 V, V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 5 V,$

MIN., MAX.: refer to RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input Supply Current	IDD1	VIN+ = 350 mV		12	15	mA
Output Supply Current	IDD2	VIN+ = -350 mV		6	15	mA
Input Bias Current	lin		-5	-0.6	5	μA
Low Level Saturated Output Voltage	Vol	Ιουτ = 1.6 mA		0.1	0.6	V
High Level Saturated Output Voltage	Vон	Ιουτ = -100 μΑ	3.9	4.9		V
Output Short-circuit Current	losc	Vout = VDD2 or Vout = GND2		17	40	mA
Equivalent Input Resistance	Rin			450		kΩ
Output Clock Frequency	fclk		8.2	10	13.2	MHz
Isolation Resistance	RI-0	VI-0 = 1 kVDC, TA = 25°C	10 ¹¹			Ω
Isolation Capacitance	CI-O	f = 1 MHz		0.7		pF
Data Hold Time ^{*1}	thddat		4	10	16	ns
Common Mode Transient Immunity *2	CMR	Vcm = 1 kV, Ta = 25°C	15			kV/ <i>µ</i> s

*1 The data hold time (tHDDAT) is that the data (MDAT) will stay stable following the rising edge of the clock (MCLK). tHDDAT is shown in the below timing chart.





*2 Common Mode Transient Immunity (CMR) is specified by the rate of rise / fall of a pulse applied between GND1 on the input side and GND2 on the output side (pins 4 and 5) by using the circuit shown in Fig. 6 CMR Test Circuit. CMR is defined at the point that clock signals are corrupted.



<R> ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Tested with Sinc³ filter, 256 decimation ratio.) (TYP.: T_A = 25°C, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = 0 V, V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 5 V, MIN., MAX.: refer to RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Integral Non-linearity *3	INL	–200 mV ≤ Vın+ ≤ 200 mV		3	30	LSB
integral Non-linearity	INL	$-200 \text{ mV} \le \text{VIN} + \le 200 \text{ mV}$		0.01	0.14	%
Differential Non-linearity *4	DNL	$-200 \text{ mV} \le \text{Vin}_+ \le 200 \text{ mV}$			1	LSB
Input Offset Voltage *5	Vos		-3	0	3	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift vs. Temperature	dVos/dTa			2	10	μV/°C
Input Offset Voltage Drift vs. Supply Voltage	dVos/dVdd1			0.1		mV/V
Internal Reference Voltage *6	VREF			320		mV
Absolute Internal Reference	0-	TA = 25°C	-1		1	%
Voltage Tolerance	Ge	TA = -40 to 105°C	-4		4	%
Internal Reference Voltage Drift vs. Temperature	dVref/dTa			60		ppm/°C
Internal Reference Voltage Drift vs. Supply Voltage	dVref/dVdd1			0.2		mV/V
Input DC Common-Mode Rejection Ratio ^{*7}	CMRRIN			70		dB

*3 Integral non-linearity (INL) is the maximum deviation between the ideal conversion line (best-fit line) and measured points. The best-fit line is obtained by using the least-squares method from the differential input voltage (VIN+ - VIN-: VIN+ = -200 mV to 200 mV, VIN- = 0 V) and the output data that is measured under the circuit shown in Fig. 7 INL Test Circuit. INL is defined as the ratio (%) obtained by dividing [Half of the peak to peak value of the deviation] by [full-scale differential input voltage 400 mV].

For example, if the differential input voltage is $V_{IN+} = -200 \text{ mV}$ to 200 mV, and the peak to peak value of the deviation is 1.12 mV, Integral non-linearity is obtained as follows:

 $INL = 1.12 \text{ mV}/(2 \times 400 \text{ mV}) = 0.14\%$

And Input Full-Scale 640 mV (-320 to 320 mV) of PS9551A is assigned 15 bits (2^{15} = 32768). Therefore, Least Significant Bit (LSB) is 19.5 μ V.

By LSB indication, above-mentioned INL is $1.12 \text{ mV}/(2 \times 0.0195 \text{ mV}) = 29 \text{ LSBs}$.

- *4 Differential non-linearity (DNL) is the difference between a measured code width and ideal 1 LSB in the ADC transfer curve.
- *5 Input offset voltage (Vos) is a measured value after Sinc³ digital filter when the input voltage is 0 V (VIN+ = VIN- = 0 V).
- *6 Absolute Internal Reference Voltage Tolerance (GE) is the gap rate between the ideal conversion line slope (Slope = 1) and a best-fit line slope that provided by the least-squares method from a real conversion level output for the differential input voltage (VIN+ VIN-: VIN+ = -200 mV to 200 mV, VIN- = 0 V).
- *7 Input DC Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR_{IN}) is the ratio of the differential signal (VIN+ = -200 mV to 200 mV, VIN− = 0 V) to the common-mode signal (VIN+ = VIN− = -200 mV to 200 mV: Both input pins are connected). CMRR_{IN} is defined as follows,

CMRRIN (dB) = 20log (Vdo/Vco)

- Vdo : Output voltage when the differential signal voltage input
- Vco : Output voltage when the common-mode signal voltage input



<R> ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Tested with Sinc³ filter, 256 decimation ratio.) (TYP.: T_A = 25°C, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = 0 V, V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 5 V, MIN., MAX.: refer to RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Signal to Noise Ratio *8	SNR	VIN+ = 35 Hz, 400 mVpk-pk	62	74		dB
Total Harmonic Distortion *9	THD	(141 mVr.m.s.) sine wave		-80		dB
Signal to Noise and Distortion Ratio ^{*10}	SNDR			72		dB
Effective Number of Bit *11	ENOB		10	12		bits

*8 Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) is the ratio of the AC signal power to the noise power that excludes harmonic signals and DC. SNR is defined as follows,

SNR (dB) = $10\log(Ps/PN)$

Ps: Signal power (fundamental)

PN: Noise power (excluding harmonic signals and DC)

*9 Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) is the ratio of the AC signal power (fundamental) to the sum of harmonic signals that are occurred by the non-linearity. THD is defined as follows,

THD (dB) = 10log((PH2 + PH3 + ... + PH5)/PS) Ps: Signal power (fundamental) PH2, PH3 ... PH5: Second through fifth harmonics power

***10** Signal to Noise and Distortion ratio (SNDR) is the ratio of the AC signal power (fundamental) to the noise power plus distortion power. SNDR is defined as follows,

SNDR (dB) = 10log(Ps/(PN + PH2 + PH3 + ... + PH5))
Ps: Signal power (fundamental)
PN: Noise power (excluding harmonic signals and DC)
PH2, PH3 ... PH5: Second through fifth harmonics power

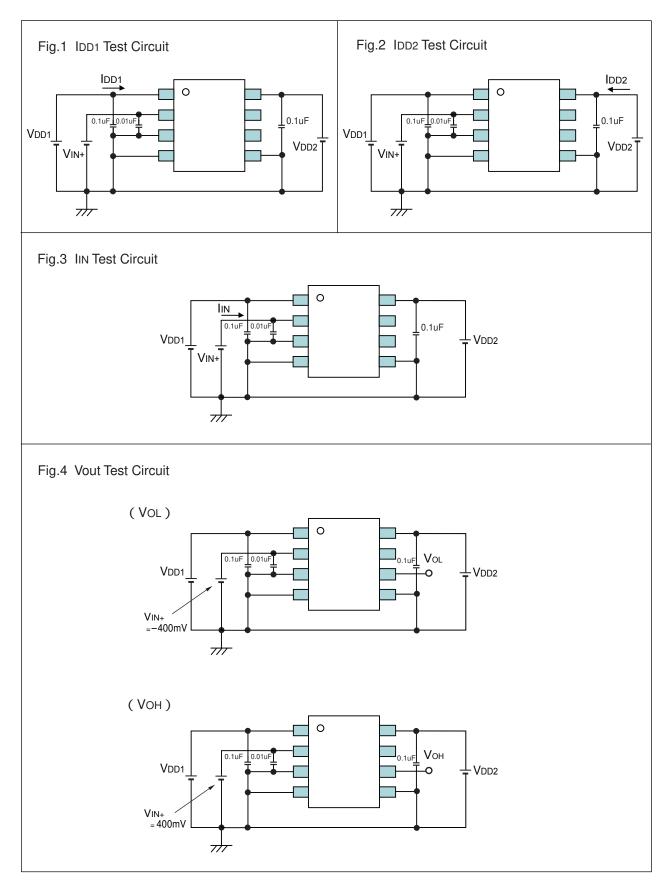
*11 Effective Number of Bit (ENOB) is the effective resolution of ADC that is considered the noise. ENOB is defined as follows,

ENOB (bits) = (SNR-1.76)/6.02

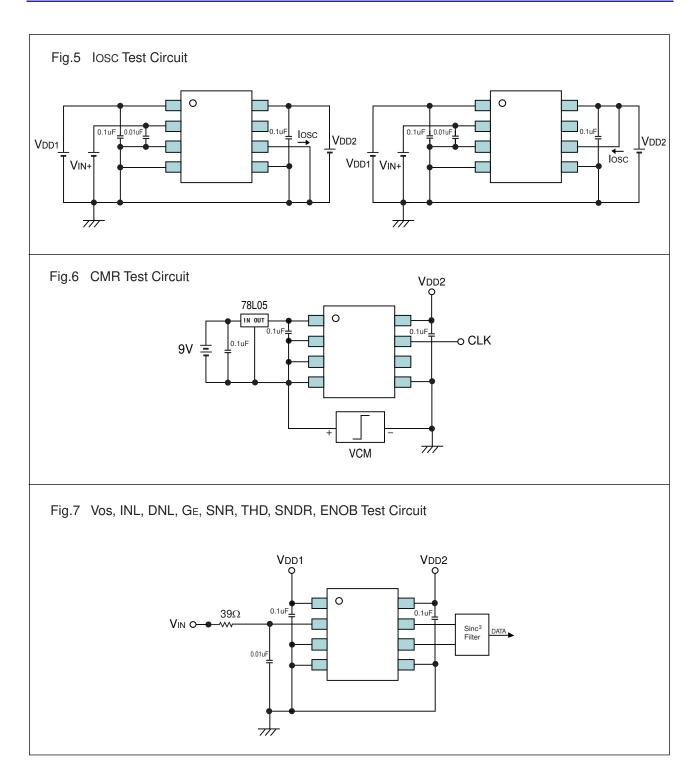




<R> TEST CIRCUIT

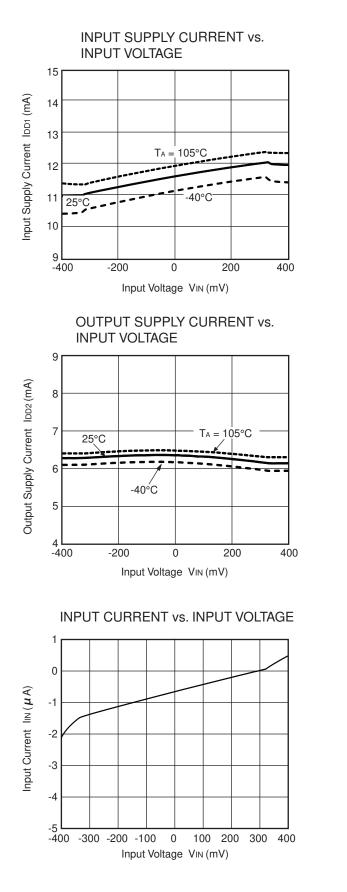


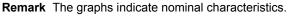


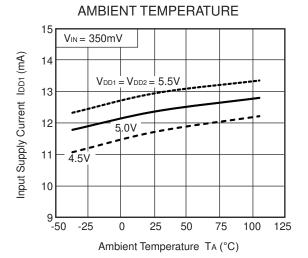


INPUT SUPPLY CURRENT vs.

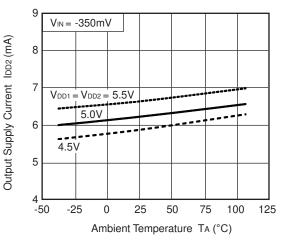
<R> TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = 0 V, V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 5 V, tested with Sinc³ filter, 256 decimation ratio, unless otherwise specified)



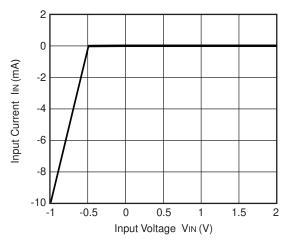




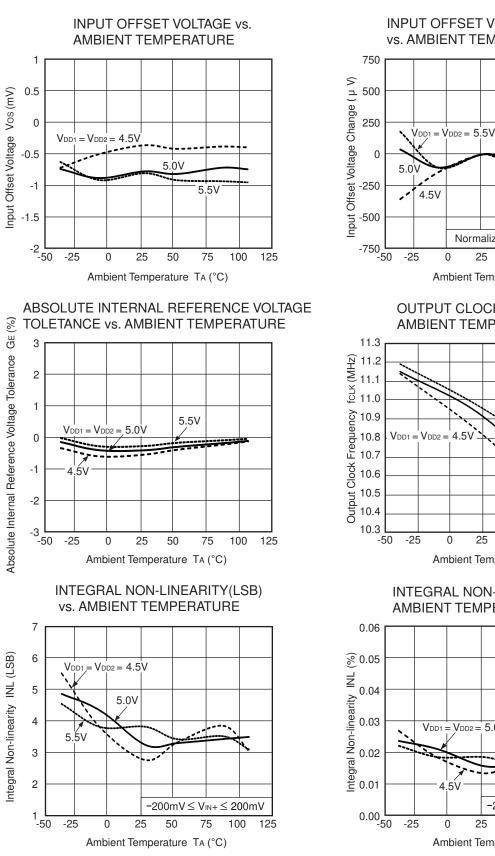
OUTPUT SUPPLY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



INPUT CURRENT vs. INPUT VOLTAGE

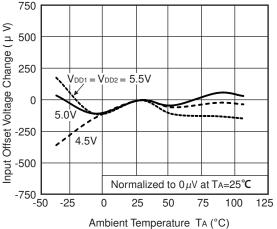




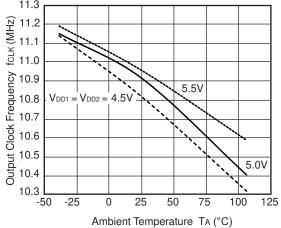


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

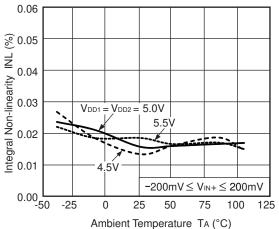
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE CHANGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

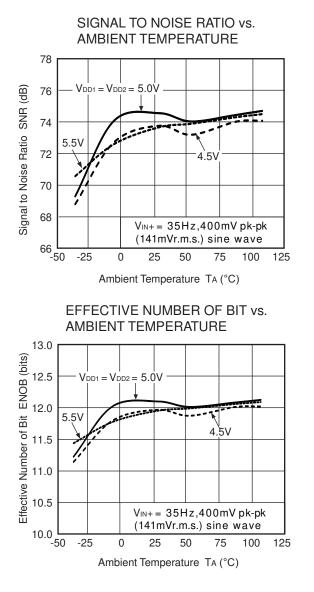


OUTPUT CLOCK FREQUENCY vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



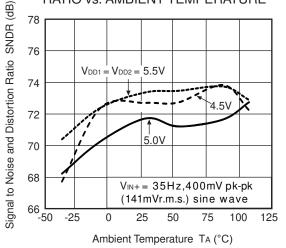
INTEGRAL NON-LINEARITY(%) vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE





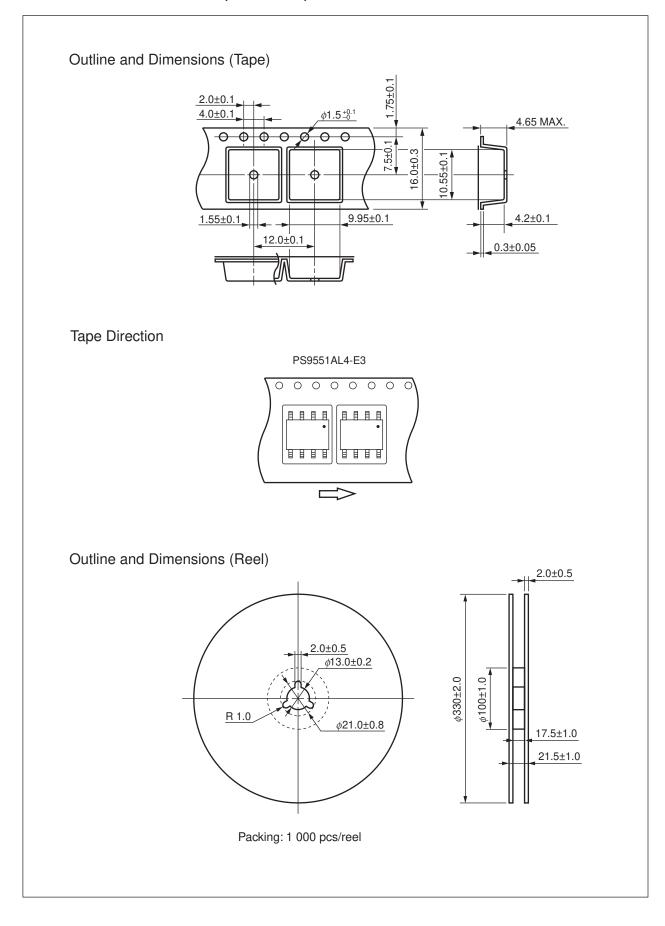
Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

SIGNAL TO NOISE AND DISTORTION RATIO vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



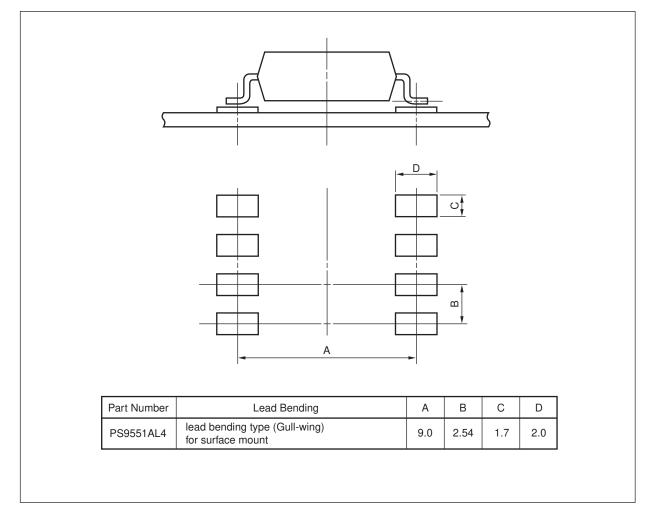


TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT: mm)





<R> RECOMMENDED MOUNT PAD DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)





NOTES ON HANDLING

1. Recommended soldering conditions

- (1) Infrared reflow soldering
 - Peak reflow temperature
 - Time of peak reflow temperature
 - Time of temperature higher than 220°C
 - Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180°C
 - Number of reflows

260°C or below (package surface temperature) 10 seconds or less

60 seconds or less

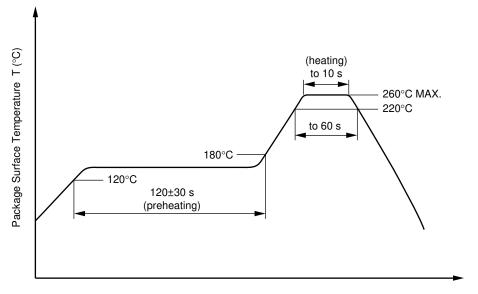
120±30 s

Three

- Flux

Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow





(2) Wave soldering

• Temperature

- Time 10 seconds or less
- Preheating conditions 120°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Number of times One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)

260°C or below (molten solder temperature)

• Flux

Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(3) Soldering by Soldering Iron

350°C or below
3 seconds or less
Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a
maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead



(4) Cautions

• Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

2. Cautions regarding noise

Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output at startup, the output transistor may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

<R> USAGE CAUTIONS

- 1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
- 2. Board designing
 - (1) Below figure shows a typical application circuit where the PS9551A is used. A digital filter (Sinc³ filter) reduces high frequency quantization noise from the PS9551A and convers from one-bit data stream to 3-wire serial data.

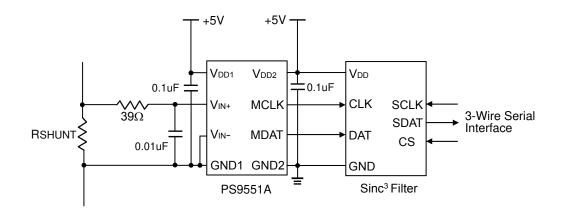


Fig. PS9551A Typical application circuit

- (2) By-pass capacitor of more than 0.1 μ F is used between VDD and GND near device. Also, ensure that the distance between the leads of the photocoupler and capacitor is no more than 10 mm.
- (3) Keep the pattern connected the input (VIN+, VIN-) and the output (MCLK, MDAT), respectively, as short as possible. MCLK and MDAT are digital signal, but when the lines between the photocoupler and a digital filter are long, the digital filter might not read the data.

When using long lines, use a line driver between the photocoupler and the digital filter, and keep the pattern between the output (MCLK, MDAT) and the line driver as short as possible.

- (4) Do not connect any routing to the portion of the frame exposed between the pins on the package of the photocoupler. If connected, it will affect the photocoupler's internal voltage and the photocoupler will not operate normally.
- (5) Because the maximum frequency of the signal input to the photocoupler must be lower than the allowable frequency band, be sure to connect an anti-aliasing filter (an RC filter with R = 39 Ω and C = 0.01 μ F, for example).
- (6) When VDD is lower than 4.5 V that is the outside of recommended operating condition, the output (MCLK, MDAT) of this product is unstable, and this might produce undesirable operation. Be sure to check the operation of an IC that is connected to this product during Power-up and Power-down process. And we recommend to use a disable function (shutdown function) of the connected IC or a reset IC to avoid this undesirable operation.
- 3. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.



<R> SPECIFICATION OF VDE MARKS LICENSE DOCUMENT

Parameter	Symbol	Spec.	Unit
Climatic test class (IEC 60068-1/DIN EN 60068-1)		40/105/21	
Dielectric strength			
maximum operating isolation voltage	UIORM	1 130	Vpeak
Test voltage (partial discharge test, procedure a for type test and random test)	Upr	1 808	Vpeak
U_{pr} = 1.6 × U_{IORM} , Pd < 5 pC			
Test voltage (partial discharge test, procedure b for all devices)	Upr	2 119	Vpeak
U_{pr} = 1.875 \times U_{IORM} , Pd < 5 pC			
Highest permissible overvoltage	Utr	8 000	Vpeak
Degree of pollution (DIN EN 60664-1 VDE 0110 Part 1)		2	
Comparative tracking index (IEC 60112/DIN EN 60112 (VDE 0303 Part 11))	CTI	175	
Material group (DIN EN 60664-1 VDE 0110 Part 1)		III a	
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Operating temperature range	T _A	-40 to +105	°C
Isolation resistance, minimum value			
V_{IO} = 500 V dc at T _A = 25°C	Ris MIN.	10 ¹²	Ω
V _{IO} = 500 V dc at T _A MAX. at least 100°C	Ris MIN.	10 ¹¹	Ω
Safety maximum ratings (maximum permissible in case of fault, see thermal			
derating curve)			
Package temperature	Tsi	175	°C
Current (input current I _F , Psi = 0)	lsi	400	mA
Power (output or total power dissipation)	Psi	700	mW
Isolation resistance			
V _{IO} = 500 V dc at T _A = Tsi	Ris MIN.	10 ⁹	Ω





Caution GaAs Products	This product uses gallium arsenide (GaAs). GaAs vapor and powder are hazardous to human health if inhaled or ingested, so please observe the following points.
	• Follow related laws and ordinances when disposing of the product. If there are no applicable laws and/or ordinances, dispose of the product as recommended below.
	 Commission a disposal company able to (with a license to) collect, transport and dispose of materials that contain arsenic and other such industrial waste materials.
	Exclude the product from general industrial waste and household garbage, and ensure that the product is controlled (as industrial waste subject to special control) up until final disposal.
	Do not burn, destroy, cut, crush, or chemically dissolve the product.
	 Do not lick the product or in any way allow it to enter the mouth.



Revision History

PS9551AL4 Data Sheet

			Description				
Rev.	Date	Page Summary					
1.00	Mar 20, 2014	Throughout	Preliminary Data Sheet -> Data Sheet				
		Throughout	Safety standards approved				
		p.3	Modification of MARKING EXAMPLE				
			Addition of ORDERING INFORMATION				
		p.4	Modification of ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS				
			Modification of RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS				
		p.5 to 7	Modification of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS				
		p.8 to 9	Addition of TEST CIRCUIT				
		p.10 to 12	Addition of TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS				
		p.14	Addition of RECOMMENDED MOUNT PAD DIMENSIONS				
		p.16	Modification of USAGE CAUTIONS				
		p.17	Addition of SPECIFICATION OF VDE MARKS LICENSE DOCUMENT				

All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

NOTICE

- 1. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. California Eastern Laboratories and Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- California Eastern Laboratories has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but California Eastern Laboratories does not warrant that such information is error free. California Eastern Laboratories and Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
- 3. California Eastern Laboratories and Renesas Electronics do not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of California Eastern Laboratories or Renesas Electronics or others.
- 4. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. California Eastern Laboratories and Renesas Electronics assume no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copy or otherwise misappropriation of Renesas Electronics product.
- 5. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below. "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots etc. "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anti-crime systems; and safety equipment etc. Renesas Electronics products are neither intended nor authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems, surgical implantations etc.), or may cause serious property damages (nuclear reactor control systems, military equipment etc.). You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application for which it is not intended. California Eastern Laboratories and Renesas Electronics product for which the product is not intended by California Eastern Laboratories or Renesas Electronics.
- 6. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by California Eastern Laboratories, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. California Eastern Laboratories shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
- 7. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
- 8. Please contact a California Eastern Laboratories sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. California Eastern Laboratories and Renesas Electronics assume no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 9. Renesas Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You should not use Renesas Electronics products or technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. When exporting the Renesas Electronics products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations.
- 10. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of California Eastern Laboratories, who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise places the Renesas Electronics product with a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document, California Eastern Laboratories and Renesas Electronics assume no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties as a result of unauthorized use of Renesas Electronics products.
- This document may not be reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of California Eastern Laboratories.
 Please contact a California Eastern Laboratories sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas
- Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.

NOTE 1: "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries. **NOTE 2:** "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics. **NOTE 3:** Products and product information are subject to change without notice.

CEL Headquarters • 4590 Patrick Henry Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95054 • Phone (408) 919-2500 • www.cel.com

For a complete list of sales offices, representatives and distributors, Please visit our website: www.cel.com/contactus