# imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



## Contact us

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20

0.7

2.5

CLOCKWISE

(in mm) Tolerance : ±0.3)

### **Trimmer Potentiometers**



0.55W×3.2L×1.3D

3-0.5 E

### Lead Sealed Type Single-turn PVC6/PV32/PV34 Series

### **PVC6 Series**

### Features

- 1. Enlarged and colored rotor provides superior adjustability.
- 2. Cone-shaped rotor improves driver insertion during automatic adjustment.
- 3. Available for "Zero" plus adjustment tool (taper head) use
- 4. Easy to see 11-scales adjustment positions.
- 5. Sealed construction protects the interior from dust and liquid, which achieves stable performance.
- 6. Available for ultrasonic cleaning after soldering
- 7. During cutting process by the inserter machine, the round shaped lead wire prevents clinch problems and realizes longer life of cutter than flat shaped lead wire.
- 8. Flammability: UL94V-0
- 9. To be complied with RoHS directive by new Cd free cermet resistive material. Pb free terminals with Sn plating.

#### Applications

- 1. DY
- 2. CRT display
- 4. Professional cameras 3. Power supply
- 5. CATV 7. Printers

PVC6M

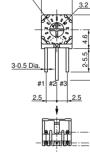
- 6. FAX
- 8. OA Equipment
- 9. Sensors

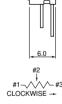


PVC6E

PVC6D

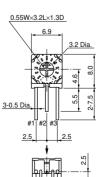
PVC64

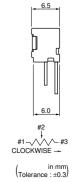




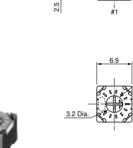


muRata



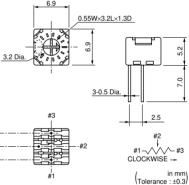


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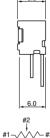


5.5

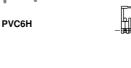
3.2 [

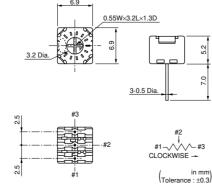


0.55W×3.2L×1.3D

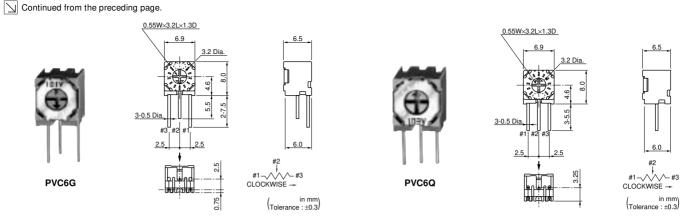


(in mm) (Tolerance : ±0.3)





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Part Number	Power Rating	Soldering Method	Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle)	Total Resistance Value	TCR
PVC6□100C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	10ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□200C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	20ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□250C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250hm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□500C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	50ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□101C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	100ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□201C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2000hm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC62251C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□501C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	500ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□102C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	1k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□202C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□252C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2.5k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□502C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	5k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□103C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	10k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□203C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	20k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□253C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	25k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□503C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	50k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□104C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	100k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□204C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	200k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6[254C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□504C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	500k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□105C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	1M ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC62205C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2M ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□505C01	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	5M ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□100C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	10ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□200C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	20ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6250C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250hm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□500C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	50ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□101C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	100ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□201C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	200ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6[251C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□501C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	500ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□102C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	1k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□202C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□252C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2.5k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□502C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	5k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□103C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	10k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□203C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	20k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□253C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	25k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□503C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	50k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□104C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	100k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□204C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	200k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□254C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□504C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	500k ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
PVC6□105C04	0.5W(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	1M ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C



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Part Number	Part Number Power Rating Soldering Method		Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle)	Total Resistance Value	TCR
PVC6 205C04 0.5W(70°C) Flow/Solderin		Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2M ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C
<b>PVC6</b> □ <b>505C04</b> 0.5W(70°C) FI		Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	5M ohm ±10%	±100ppm/°C

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 125 °C

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (A, D, E, G, H, M and Q).

The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .

The last three digits express the individual specification codes. C01 for standard type and C04 for radial taping type (PVC6M/PVC6Q series only).

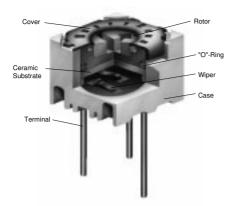
Part Number	Power Rating (W)	Soldering Method	Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle)	Total Resistance Value	TCR (ppm/°C)	Remarks
PVC6□100A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	10 ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6[200A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	20 ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6[250A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	25 ohm±10%	±100	Non Standard
PVC6□500A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	50 ohm±10%	±100	Product
PVC6□101A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	100 ohm±10%	±100	(Cd Free)
PVC6[201A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	200 ohm±10%	±100	(Cu Fiee)
PVC62251A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250 ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□501A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	500 ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□102A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	1k ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□202A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2k ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6[252A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2.5k ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□502A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	5k ohm±10%	±100	-
PVC6□103A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	10k ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6[203A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	20k ohm±10%	±100	-
PVC6[253A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	25k ohm±10%	±100	Non Standard
PVC6□503A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	50k ohm±10%	±100	Product
PVC6□104A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	100k ohm±10%	±100	(Cd included)
PVC6[204A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	200k ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6[254A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250k ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□504A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	500k ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□105A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	1M ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6[205A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2M ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□505A01	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	5M ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□100A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	10 ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6[200A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	20 ohm±10%	±100	-
PVC62250A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	25 ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□500A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	50 ohm±10%	±100	Non Standard
PVC6□101A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	100 ohm±10%	±100	Product
PVC6[201A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	200 ohm±10%	±100	(Cd Free)
PVC6[251A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250 ohm±10%	±100	-
PVC6□501A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	500 ohm±10%	±100	-
PVC6□102A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	1k ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□202A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2k ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6□252A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2.5k ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6□502A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	5k ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6□103A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	10k ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6□203A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	20k ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6[253A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	25k ohm±10%	±100	Non Standard
PVC6□503A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	50k ohm±10%	±100	Product
PVC6□104A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	100k ohm±10%	±100	(Cd included)
PVC6□204A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	200k ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6□254A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	250k ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6□504A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	500k ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6□105A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	1M ohm±10%	±100	
PVC6□205A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	2M ohm±10%	±100	1
PVC6□505A04	0.5(70°C)	Flow/Soldering Iron	1(240°±5°)	5M ohm±10%	±100	1



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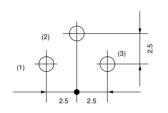
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### Construction



### ■ Mounting Holes

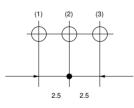
PVC6A/PVC6E



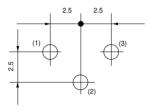


Tolerance:±0.1



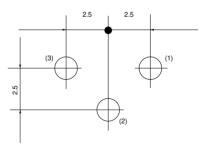






 $\left( \begin{array}{c} \text{Tolerance:\pm0.1} \\ \text{in mm} \end{array} \right)$ 

PVC6G







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### Characteristics

Characteristics				
	ΔTR	±2%		
Temperature Cycle	ΔV.S.S.	±1%		
	ΔTR	±2%		
Humidity	ΔV.S.S.	±1%		
	IR	100Mohm min.		
Vibration (20G)	ΔTR	±1%		
Vibration (20G)	ΔV.S.S.	±1%		
Sheek (100C)	ΔTR	±1%		
Shock (100G)	ΔV.S.S.	±1%		
<b>-</b>	ΔTR	±2%		
Temperature Load Life	ΔV.S.S.	±2%		
· T · F	ΔTR	±2%		
Low Temperature Exposure	ΔV.S.S.	±1%		
	ΔTR	±2%		
High Temperature Exposure	ΔV.S.S.	±1%		
Rotational Life (200 cycles)	ΔTR	±4%		

 $\Delta \mathsf{TR} \qquad : \mathsf{Total} \; \mathsf{Resistance} \; \mathsf{Change}$ 

ΔV.S.S. : Voltage Setting Stability IR : Insulation Resistance



### PVC6/PV32/PV34 Series Notice

#### ■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

- 1. Store in temperatures of -10 to +40 deg. C and relative humidity of 30-85%RH.
- 2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
- 3. Use within six months after delivery.
- 4. Open the package just before using.
- 5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
- 6. If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other than listed below, please consult with a Murata factory representative prior to using.

The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under

#### ■ Notice (Rating)

- 1. When using with partial load (rheostat), minimize the power depending on the resistance value.
- The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed (P.R)<sup>1/2</sup> or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
- The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed (P/R)<sup>1/2</sup> or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.

### Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

#### 1. Soldering

(1) Standard soldering condition

(a) Flow soldering :	
>Pre-heating temp.	80-100 deg. C
>Soldering temp.	260 deg. C max.
>Soldering time	3 sec. max.

- (b) Soldering iron :
  >Temperature of tip 300 deg. C max.
  >Soldering time 3 sec. max.
  - >Wattage of iron 40W max.
- Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from the specified characteristics.
- (2) To minimize mechanical stress when adjusting, the trimmer potentiometer should be mounted onto PCB without gap.
- (3) The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.
- 2. Mounting
- Use PCB hole to meet the pin of the trimmer potentiometer. If the trimmer potentiometer installs into insufficient PCB hole, the

the following environmental conditions:

- Corrosive gaseous atmosphere
   (Ex. Chlorine gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc.)
- (2) In liquid
  - (Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc.)
- (3) Dusty / dirty atmosphere
- (4) Direct sunlight
- (5) Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields
- (6) Direct sea breeze
- (7) Other variations of the above

trimmer potentimeter may be damaged by mechanical stress.

- (2) Do not apply excessive force (preferably 9.8N (Ref.; 1kgf) max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.
- 3. Cleaning
- Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvents for cleaning. If you use any other types of solvents, please consult with a Murata factory representative prior to using.
- (2) The total cleaning time by cold dipping, vapor and ultrasonic washing (conditions as below) method should be less than 3 minutes.
- (3) For ultra-sonic cleaning, the available condition is as follows.

>Power: 600W (67 liter) max. >Frequency: 28kHz

>Temperature: Ambient temperature Due to the ultra-sonic cleaning equipment's peculiar self-resonance point and that the cleaning compatibility usually depends on the jig construction and/or the cleaning condition such as the depth of immersion, please check the cleaning equipment to determine the suitable conditions.

If the trimmer potentiometer is cleaned by other conditions, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.





### PVC6/PV32/PV34 Series Notice

#### ■ Notice (Handling)

- 1. Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot. We recommend the screwdrivers below.
  - \* Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment <PVC6 series>

VESSEL MFG. : NO.9000+0x30 (Murata P/N : KMDR150) TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC. : SA-2225 (Murata P/N : KMDR070) <PV32/34 series> ENGINEER INC. : DA-40 (Murata P/N : KMDR180) \* Recommended screwdriver bit for automatic adjustment <PVC6 series> VESSEL MFG. : NO.CA-10 (Murata P/N : KMBT090) TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC. : JB-2225 (Murata P/N : KMBT070) We can supply the screwdrivers avobe.

#### ■ Notice (Other)

- Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
- 2. Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

If you place an order, please specify the Murata P/N.

- 2. Don't apply more than 9.8N (Ref.; 1kgf) of twist and stress after mounting onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
- When adjusting with an adjustment tool, the applied force to the adjustment screw should not exceed 4.9N (Ref.; 500gf). If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function due to damage.
- 4. The rotational torque at the position of the adjustment range should not exceed the stop strength.
- 5. When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please use adhesive resin without chlorine or sulfur (Three-bond "1401 series").



### SMD Sealed Type/Lead Sealed Type Specifications and Test Methods

The following describes trimmer potentiometer testing conducted by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. in accordance with MIL-R-22097 (Military specification for variable resistors, non-wirewound) and MIL-STD-202 (Test methods for electronic and electrical component parts).

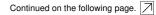
No.	Item	Test Methods						
		against a stop. The pos	sitioning of the c same device. Us	ontact arm and terr se the test voltage s	minal sho specified	uld be th in Table	1 and #3) with the conta he same for subsequen 1 for total resistance ments.	t total resistance
		Total Resistance, Nominal (ohm)	Maximum Te Voltage (V)					
1	Total Resistance	10≦R≦100	1.0					
		100 <r≦1k< th=""><th>3.0</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></r≦1k<>	3.0					
		1k <r≦10k< th=""><th>10.0</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></r≦10k<>	10.0					
		10k <r≦100k< th=""><th>30.0</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></r≦100k<>	30.0					
		100k <r Table 1: Total resis</r 	100.0 tance test volta	je				
2	Residual Resistance	between the contact ar wise limit of mechanica	m and the corre al travel and mea	sponding end term asure the resistance	inal. Ther e betwee	n, positio n the co	al travel and measure to on the contact arm at the ntact arm and the corre urrent of the resistance	e extreme clock- sponding end ter-
		adjustment rotor (screv angle (number of turns contact resistance varia where the contact arm adjustment rotor (screv	v) should be rota ) for a total of 6 ation is observe moves from the v) should be suc	ated in both direction cycles. Only the last d at least twice in the termination, on or wh that the adjustme	ons throug st 3 cycles ne same I off, the re ent rotor (	gh 90% ( s should location, esistance (screw) (	t shown in Figure 1, or of the actual effective-e l count in determining w exclusive of the roll-on e element. The rate of r completes 1 cycle for 5 in Table 2 unless othe	lectrical rotational whether or not a or roll-off points otation of the seconds minimum
	Contact Resistance	Standard Total Resis R (ohm)	stance Test	Current			#1 Rx #3	Oscilloscope
3	Variation		20	)mA		6	#2	
		100 <r<500< td=""><td></td><th>)m A</th><td>Constant Cur (Test current</td><td>rent Source</td><td>phico) Proofread O/</td><td>AC</td></r<500<>		)m A	Constant Cur (Test current	rent Source	phico) Proofread O/	AC
		500≦R<1k		mA	(	9		Amplifier O
		1k≦R<2k		mA		By · Tri	mmer Potentiometer	
		2k≦R<50k		mA			scope bandwidth :100Hz to 50kHz	
		<u>50k≦R&lt;200k</u> 200k≦R<1M		10μΑ 10μΑ		Fig	ure 1: CRV measuring	circuit
		1M≦R<2M		ομΑ ΟμΑ		0	0	
		2M≦R		ομΑ				
		Table 2: Test	current for CRV	1				
4	Temperature Coefficient of Resistance	utes. Temperature coe $TCR = \frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1 (T_2 - T_1)} \times T_1$ $T_1 : Reference$ $T_2 : Test temperature restriction to the second second$	fficient of resista ( 10 <sup>6</sup> (ppm/°C) e temperature in perature in degr	n degrees celsius ees celsius emperature ohm		0	nperatures (see Table 3 ng formula.	3) for 30-45 min-
		Sequence	1* 2	3	4*	5	6	
		Temperature (°C)	+25 -15	Min. operating Temperature	+25	+65	Max. operating Temperature	
		Note*: Reference temp		3: Test temperatur	res			
5	Voltage Setting Stability	adequate DC test pote	ntial should be a be voltage between $r = \left(\frac{e'}{E} - \frac{e}{E}\right) \times 10^{-1}$ en terminal #1 a en terminal #1 a	pplied between ter en terminal #1 and 00 (%) nd terminal #2) nd terminal #2)	minal #1	and terr	ical rotational angle (nu ninal #3. The voltage bu uld be measured and a 	etween terminal #1



### SMD Sealed Type/Lead Sealed Type Specifications and Test Methods

### Continued from the preceding page.

No.	Item	Test Methods				
		The trimmer potentiometer should be subjected to Table 4 temperature for 5 cycles. The trimmer potentiometer should be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C for 1~2 hours.				
		Sequence 1 2 3 4				
6	Temperature Cycle	Temp. PVseries PV22 series PV22 series PV22 series PV22 series				
		$ \begin{array}{c} (^{\circ}C) & 1 & 1 & 22 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 23 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1$				
		Time (min.)         30         5 max.         30         5 max.				
		Table 4: One cycle of temperature cycle.				
7	Humidity	<pre>1) PVG6, PV12, PV32, PV34 PVM4A DD1 series The trimmer potentiometer should be placed in a chamber at a temperature of 40±2°C and a humidity of 90-95% without loading for 250±8 hours (500±12 hours for PVMAA DD1 series). The trimmer potentiometer should be placed in a chamber at 60±2°C and 90-95% without loading for 1000±12 hours. The trimmer potentiometer should be placed in a chamber at 60±2°C and 90-95% without loading for 1000±12 hours. The trimmer potentiometer should be placed in a chamber at 60±2°C and 90-95% without loading for 1000±12 hours. The trimmer potentiometer should be placed in a chamber at 60±2°C and 90-95% without loading for 1000±12 hours. The trimmer potentiometer should be subjected Figure-3 the programmed humidity environment for 10 cycle. The trimmer potentiometer should be subjected Figure-3 the programmed humidity environment for 10 cycle. The trimmer potentiometer should be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 1.5±1/2 hours.</pre>				
8	Vibration	<ol> <li>PV<sup></sup> series</li> <li>The trimmer potentiometer should be vibrated throughout the frequency range at the 20G level. A complete frequency range, 10Hz to 2000Hz and back, should be made within 15 minutes for a total of 4 sweeps in each of the three axis direction for a total of 12 sweeps.</li> <li>PVF2 series</li> <li>The trimmer potentiometer should be subjected to vibration at 0.3 inch amplitude. The frequency should be varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10Hz and 55Hz. This motion should be applied for period of 2 hours in</li> </ol>				
9	Shock	<ul> <li>each of 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).</li> <li>1) PV series</li> <li>The trimmer potentiometer should be shocked at the 100G (50G for PV22 and PV23 series) level and should be subjected to 4 shocks in each of the three axis directions for a total of 12 shocks.</li> <li>2) PVM4A D01 series</li> <li>The trimmer potentiometer should be shocked at the 100G level and should be subjected to 3 shocks in each of the six axis directions for a total of 18 shocks.</li> </ul>				
10	Temperature Road Life	Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage should be applied intermittently between terminal #1 and terminal #3 of the trimmer potentiometer, 1.5 hours on and 0.5 hours off, for a total of 1000±12 hours, at a temperature of 70±2°C (85±2°C for PV01 and PV37 series, 50±2°C for PVF2 series). The trimmer potentiometer should be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 1 to 2 hours.				
11	High Temperature Exposure (Except for PVF2)	The trimmer potentiometer should be placed in a chamber at a temperature of $125\pm3$ °C ( $150\pm3$ °C for PV22 series) $250\pm8$ hours without loading. The trimmer potentiometer should be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of $25\pm5$ °C for 1 to 2 hours.				
12	Low Temperature Exposure (Except for PVF2 and PVM4AD01)	The trimmer potentiometer should be placed in a chamber at a temperature of -55±3°C for 1 hours without loading. Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage should be applied for 45 minutes. The trimmer potentiometer should be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for approximately 24 hours.				





### SMD Sealed Type/Lead Sealed Type Specifications and Test Methods

Continued from the preceding page.

No.	Item	Test Methods				
13	Low Temperature Operation (Only for PVF2 and PVM4AD01)	The trimmer potentiometer should be placed in a chamber at a temperature of -25±3°C (-55±3°C for PVM4A D01 series) 48±4 hours without loading. The trimmer potentiometer should be removed from the chamber, and main- tained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 1-2 hours				
14	Rotational Life	<ul> <li>1)PV series</li> <li>Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage should be applied with the circuit shown in the figure. The adjustment rotor (screw) should be continuously cycled through not less than 90% of effective-electrical rotational angle (number of turns), at the rate of 1 cycle for 5 seconds minimum to 2.5 minutes maximum for total of 200 cycles.</li> <li>End Terminal Resistor 1 End Terminal End Terminal Resistor 2 End Terminal DC supply Figure 4</li> <li>2) PVG3, PVG5 series</li> <li>The adjustment rotor (screw) should be continuously cycled though not less than 90% of effective-electrical rotation-al angle (number of turns), at the rate of 1 cycle for 5 seconds minimum to 2.5 minutes maximum for a total of 50 (100 for PVG5) cycles, without loading.</li> <li>3) PVF2, PVM4A DD1 series</li> <li>The wiper should be rotated over 90% of the effective rotational angle without loading at a speed of 10 cycles per minute, for 100 cycles continuously.</li> </ul>				



### Angle Sensing Potentiometer Specifications and Test Methods

No.	Item	Test Methods
1	Linearity	Independent linearity should vary no more than $\pm 2\%$ within $\pm 160^{\circ}$ to 50% voltage ratio. Taper : linear, 100%/333.3° Measured with the circuit as below (Figure 1). Output voltage ratio (%) $\left(\frac{V(1-2)}{V(1-3)}X100\right)$ $50\%$ $0\%$ $-160^{\circ}$ $CCW$ $0^{\circ}$ $CW$ $+160^{\circ}$ Rotational angle (°) $Figure-1$
2	Temperature Coefficient of Resistance	The rotary position sensor should be subjected to each of the following temperatures (see Table 1) for 30-45 minutes. Temperature coefficient of resistance should be applied to the following formula. $TCR = \frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1 (t_2 - t_1)} \times 10^6 (ppm/°C)$ $t_1 : Reference temperature in degrees celsius$ $t_2 : Test temperature in degrees celsius$ $R_1 : Resistance at reference temperature in ohm$ $R_2 : Resistance at test temperature in ohm$ $\frac{Sequence}{Temperature (°C)} + 25 - 40 + 25 + 85$ Note * : Reference temperature Table-1 Test temperatures
3	Temperature Cycle (Thermal Shock)	The rotary position sensor should be subjected to Table 2 temperature for 5 cycles.         Then, the rotary position sensor should be kept in the dry box for 24 +8/-0 hrs.         Sequence 1       3       4         Temperature (°C)       -40±3       +25±2       +85±3       +25±2         Time (min.)       30       5 max.         Table 2: One cycle of temperature cycle
4	Humidity	The rotary position sensor should be stored in a chamber at temperature of +60±2°C and relative Humidity of 90-95% for 250±8 hrs. After removing from the chamber, the rotary position sensor should be kept in the dry box for 24 +8/-0 hours.
5	Vibration	The rotary position sensor should be tested under the condition of the amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency range from 10 to 55Hz (should be traversed in approximately one minute) and 2 hours in each of 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total 6 hours). Then, the rotary position sensor should be kept in the dry box for 1-2 hrs.
6	Shock	The rotary position sensor should be tested under the condition of the peak acceleration 20G max. in half-sine wave and 5 shocks in each of 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total 15 shocks). Then, the rotary position sensor should be kept in the dry box for 1-2 hrs.
7	Humidity Load Life	Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding 5Vdc should be applied intermittently between terminal #1 and terminal #3 of the rotary position sensor, 1.5 hours on and 0.5 hours off, for 96 $\pm$ 4 hours in total in a chamber at a temperature of +40 $\pm$ 2°C and relative humidity of 90-95%. After removing from the chamber, the rotary position sensor should be kept in the dry box for 24 +8/-0 hours.
8	High Temp. Exposure	The rotary position sensor should be stored in a chamber at the temperature of +85±3°C without loading for 250±8 hours. After removing from the chamber, the rotary position sensor should be kept in the dry box for 24 +8/-0 hours.
9	Low Temp. Exposure	The rotary position sensor should be stored in a chamber at the temperature of -40±3°C without loading for 168±4 hours. After removing from the chamber, the rotary position sensor should be kept in the dry box for 24 +8/-0 hours.
10	Rotational Life	The adjustment rotor should be continuously rotated within $\pm 160^{\circ}$ of effective electrical rotational angle, at the rate of one cycle for 6 seconds for 1 Million cycles under the condition of $\pm 25\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of temperature without loading.

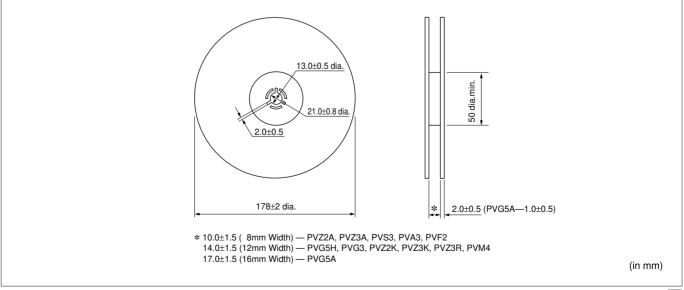


### Packaging

#### ■ Minimum Quantity

Davit Number:	Minimum Quantity (pcs.)								
Part Number	ø180mm reel	ø330mm reel	Ammo Pack	Magazine	Bulk	Tray			
PVZ2A	3000	12000	_	_	1000	_			
PVZ2K	3000	_	_	_	1000	_			
PVZ3A	2000	8000	_	_	1000	_			
PVZ3K/R	1500	_	_	_	1000	_			
PVS3	2500	8000	_	_	500	_			
PVA3	2000	8000	_	_	500	_			
PVG3A/G	1000	_	_	_	500	_			
PVG3K	500	_	_	_	—	_			
PVM4	500	3000	_	_	500	_			
PVF2A	500	_	_	_	100	_			
PVG5A	250	_	_	_	50	_			
PVG5H	500	_	_	_	50	_			
PV01W	_	_	_	50	_	_			
PV01P	_	_	_	50	_	_			
PV01X	_	_	_	50	_	_			
PVC6A/D/G/H/E	_	_	_	50	50	_			
PVC6M/Q	_	_	1000	50	50	_			
PV34	_	_	_	_	100	_			
PV32	_	_	_	_	100	_			
PV23/12	_	_	_	_	50	_			
PV22	_	_	_	_	30	_			
PV36W	_	_	1000	50	50	_			
PV36Y	_	_	_	50	50	_			
PV36X	_	_	1000	40	50	_			
PV36Z/P	_	_	_	40	50	_			
PV37Y/Z	_	_	1000	_	50	_			
PV37W/X/P	_	_	_	_	50	_			
PVS1A	_	1000	_	_	50	_			
PVS1L	_	_	_	_	_	1000			

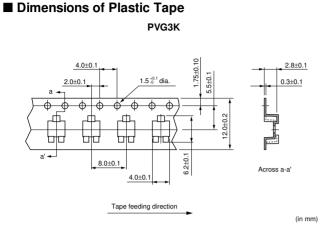
#### Dimensions of Reel





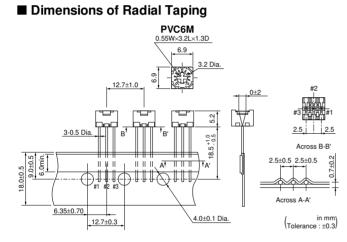
### Packaging

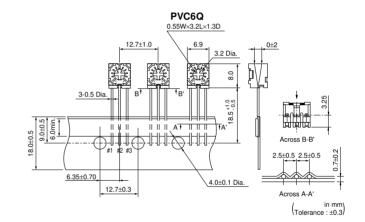
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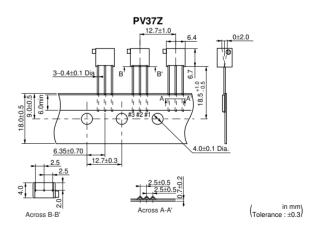


3.5 4.0 0.4±0.05 2.0±0.05 1.5<sup>+0.1</sup> Dia 6 0 0 0 0 f 6 11.5 24.0 16.3 11.4 Across a-a 16.0 (in mm) (Tolerance: ±0.1) Tape feeding direction

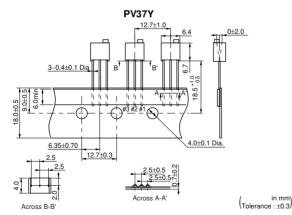
PVS1







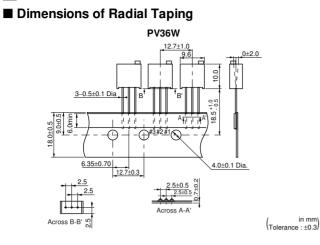
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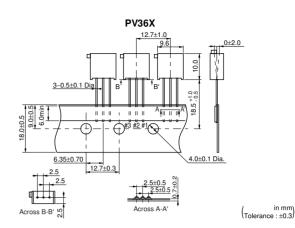




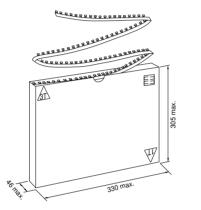
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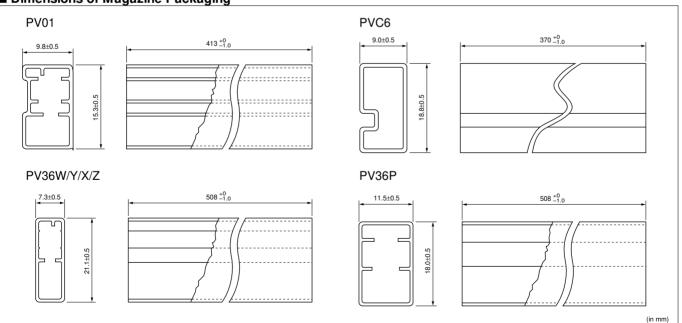




### ■ Dimensions of Ammo Pack



### ■ Dimensions of Magazine Packaging



(in mm)



### **Recommended Adjustment Tools/Qualified Standards**

### Recommended Adjustment Tools

Trimmer Potentiometer Series	Manufacturers	Model Number	MURATA Model Number	Blade
PVZ2	MURATA MFG.	KMDR090	KMDR090	– Minus (round edge)
PVZ2A_A04	VESSEL MFG.	No.9000+0×30	KMDR150	+ Cross
DV/70	VESSEL MFG.	No.9000+1.7×30	KMDR080	+ Cross
PVZ3	TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC.	SA-2225	KMDR070	– Minus (round edge)
PVA3	VESSEL MFG.	No.9000+1.7×30	KMDR080	+ Cross
PVA3	TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC.	SA-2225	KMDR070	– Minus (round edge)
PVS3	TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC.	SA-2225	KMDR070	– Minus (round edge)
PVG3	TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC.	SA-2225	KMDR070	– Minus (round edge)
PVM4	VESSEL MFG.	No.9000-2.6×30	KMDR120	– Minus
PVG5	VESSEL MFG.	No.9000-1.3×30	KMDR130	– Minus
PVG5	ENGINEER INC.	DA-54		– Minus
DVCC	VESSEL MFG.	No.9000+0×30	KMDR150	+ Cross
PVC6	TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC.	SA-2225	KMDR070	– Minus (round edge)
	VESSEL MFG.	No.9000-1.8×30	KMDR110	– Minus
others	ENGINEER INC.	DA-40	KMDR180	<ul> <li>– Minus (both ends)</li> </ul>
	ENGINEER INC.	DA-55		– Minus

### For Automatic Adjustment

Trimmer Potentiometer Series	Manufacturers	Model Number	MURATA Model Number	Blade
PVZ3 PVA3 PVS3 PVG3	TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC.	JB-2225	KMBT070	– Minus (round edge)
DVOC	VESSEL MFG.	No.CA-10	KMBT090	+ Cross
PVC6	TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC.	JB-2225	KMBT070	– Minus (round edge)

#### Qualified Standards

The products listed here have been produced by the QS9000 and ISO9001 certified factory.

MURATA FACTORY	Qualified Date	Standard	Qualified Number
Sabae Murata Mfg.Co.,Ltd.	August 14, 1997	UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC.	A5704
Wuxi Murata Electronis Co.,Ltd.	May 12, 1999	UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC.	A7924

\* No ODCs (Ozone Depleting Chemicals) are used on all Murata's trimmer potentiometers.



#### **∧Note:**

- 1. Export Control
  - (For customers outside Japan)

Murata products should not be used or sold for use in the development, production, stockpiling or utilization of any conventional weapons or mass-destructive weapons (nuclear weapons, chemical or biological weapons, or missiles), or any other weapons. (For customers in Japan)

For products which are controlled items subject to the "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law" of Japan, the export license specified by the law is required for export

- 2. Please contact our sales representatives or product engineers before using the products in this catalog for the applications listed below, which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly damage to a third party's life, body or property, or when one of our products is intended for use in applications other than those specified in this catalog.
  - 1 Aircraft equipment
    - (2) Aerospace equipment (4) Power plant equipment
  - 3 Undersea equipment
  - 5 Medical equipment
  - 6 Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.) ⑦ Traffic signal equipment (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
  - 9 Data-processing equipment
    - 1 Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above
- 3. Product specifications in this catalog are as of April 2004. They are subject to change or our products in it may be discontinued without advance notice. Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers before ordering. If there are any questions, please contact our sales representatives or product engineers.
- 4. Please read rating and ACAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
- 5. This catalog has only typical specifications because there is no space for detailed specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.
- 6. Please note that unless otherwise specified, we shall assume no responsibility whatsoever for any conflict or dispute that may occur in connection with the effect of our and/or a third party's intellectual property rights and other related rights in consideration of your use of our products and/or information described or contained in our catalogs. In this connection, no representation shall be made to the effect that any third parties are authorized to use the rights mentioned above under licenses without our consent.
- 7. No ozone depleting substances (ODS) under the Montreal Protocol are used in our manufacturing process.

#### muRata Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

http://www.murata.com/

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