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# RL78/G1E

User's Manual: Hardware

16-Bit Microcontrollers with Smart Analog IC

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## NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES

- (1) **VOLTAGE APPLICATION WAVEFORM AT INPUT PIN:** Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between VIL (MAX) and VIH (MIN) due to noise, etc., the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between VIL (MAX) and VIH (MIN).
- (2) **HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS:** Unconnected CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If an input pin is unconnected, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to VDD or GND via a resistor if there is a possibility that it will be an output pin. All handling related to unused pins must be judged separately for each device and according to related specifications governing the device.
- (3) **PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD:** A strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with mounted semiconductor devices.
- (4) **STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION:** Power-on does not necessarily define the initial status of a MOS device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, devices with reset functions have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee output pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. A device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. A reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices with reset functions.
- (5) **POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE:** In the case of a device that uses different power supplies for the internal operation and external interface, as a rule, switch on the external power supply after switching on the internal power supply. When switching the power supply off, as a rule, switch off the external power supply and then the internal power supply. Use of the reverse power on/off sequences may result in the application of an overvoltage to the internal elements of the device, causing malfunction and degradation of internal elements due to the passage of an abnormal current. The correct power on/off sequence must be judged separately for each device and according to related specifications governing the device.
- (6) **INPUT OF SIGNAL DURING POWER OFF STATE :** Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is not powered. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Input of signals during the power off state must be judged separately for each device and according to related specifications governing the device.

# How to Use This Manual

## Readers

This manual is intended for user engineers who wish to understand the functions of the RL78/G1E and design and develop application systems and programs for these devices. The target products are as follows.

- 64-pin: R5F10FLx (x = C, D, E)
- 80-pin: R5F10FMx (x = C, D, E)

## Purpose

This manual is intended to give users an understanding of the functions described in the **Organization** below.

## Organization

The RL78/G1E manual is separated into three parts: this manual, RL78/G1A user's manual, and the RL78 family software user's manual.



- Pin functions
- Internal block functions
- On-chip peripheral functions
- Electrical specifications

- Pin functions
- Internal block functions
- Interrupts
- Other on-chip peripheral functions
- Electrical specifications

- CPU functions
- Instruction set
- Explanation of each instruction

**How to Read This Manual** It is assumed that the readers of this manual have general knowledge of electrical engineering, logic circuits, and microcontrollers.

- To gain a general understanding of functions:
  - Read this manual in the order of the **CONTENTS**. The mark “<R>” shows major revised points. The revised points can be easily searched by copying an “<R>” in the PDF file and specifying it in the “Find what:” field.
- How to interpret the register format:
  - For a bit number enclosed in angle brackets, the bit name is defined as a reserved word in the assembler, and is defined as an sfr variable using the #pragma sfr directive in the compiler.
- To know details of the microcontroller block:
  - Refer to the separate document **RL78/G1A Hardware User’s Manual (R01UH0305E)**.
- To know details of the RL78 microcontroller instructions:
  - Refer to the separate document **RL78 family User’s Manual Software (R01US0015E)**.

## Conventions

Data significance:	Higher digits on the left and lower digits on the right
Active low representations:	$\overline{\text{xxx}}$ (overscore over pin and signal name)
<b>Note:</b>	Footnote for item marked with <b>Note</b> in the text
<b>Caution:</b>	Information requiring particular attention
<b>Remark:</b>	Supplementary information
Numerical representations:	Binary            ...xxxx or xxxxB
	Decimal           ...xxxx
	Hexadecimal     ...xxxxH

**Related Documents**      The related documents indicated in this publication may include preliminary versions. However, preliminary versions are not marked as such.

**Documents Related to Devices**

Document Name	Document No.
RL78/G1E User's Manual Hardware	This manual
RL78/G1A User's Manual Hardware	R01UH0305E
RL78 family User's Manual Software	R01US0015E

**Documents Related to Flash Memory Programming**

Document Name	Document No.
PG-FP5 Flash Memory Programmer User's Manual	R02UT0008E

**Other Documents**

Document Name	Document No.
Renesas MPUs & MCUs RL78 Family	R01CS0003E
Semiconductor Package Mount Manual	<b>Note</b>
Quality Grades on NEC Semiconductor Devices	C11531E
Guide to Prevent Damage for Semiconductor Devices by Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	C11892E
NEC Semiconductor Device Reliability/Quality Control System	R51ZZ0001E

**Note** See the "Semiconductor Device Mount Manual" website (<http://www.renesas.com/products/package/manual/index.jsp>).

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# CONTENTS

<b>CHAPTER 1 OUTLINE</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>1.1 Features</b> .....	<b>1</b>
1.1.1 Microcontroller block .....	1
1.1.2 Analog block.....	3
<b>1.2 List of Part Numbers</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View)</b> .....	<b>5</b>
1.3.1 64-pin products.....	5
1.3.2 80-pin products.....	6
<b>1.4 Pin Identification</b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b>1.5 Block Diagram</b> .....	<b>9</b>
1.5.1 64-pin products.....	9
1.5.2 80-pin products.....	12
<b>1.6 Outline of Functions</b> .....	<b>15</b>
<b>CHAPTER 2 PIN FUNCTIONS</b> .....	<b>18</b>
<b>2.1 Pin Functions in Microcontroller Block</b> .....	<b>18</b>
2.1.1 Port functions .....	22
2.1.1.1 64-pin products .....	23
2.1.1.2 80-pin products .....	25
2.1.2 Functions other than port functions .....	27
2.1.2.1 Functions available for each product.....	27
2.1.2.2 Description of each function.....	30
<b>2.2 Pin Functions in Analog Block</b> .....	<b>32</b>
2.2.1 64-pin products.....	32
2.2.2 80-pin products.....	33
<b>2.3 Connection of Unused Pins</b> .....	<b>34</b>
<b>2.4 Block Diagrams of Pins</b> .....	<b>36</b>
<b>2.5 Instruction of Pin Functions</b> .....	<b>48</b>
2.5.1 Port 0 (P00 to P04).....	48
2.5.2 Port 1 (P10 to P15).....	50
2.5.3 Port 2 (P20 to P24).....	51
2.5.4 Port 4 (P40 to P42).....	52
2.5.5 Port 5 (P50, P51).....	53
2.5.6 Port 7 (P70 to P73).....	54
2.5.7 Port 12 (P121, P122).....	55
2.5.8 Port 13 (P130, P137).....	56
2.5.9 Port 14 (P140).....	57
2.5.10 AV <sub>DD</sub> , AV <sub>SS</sub> , V <sub>DD</sub> , V <sub>SS</sub> .....	58

2. 5. 11	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ .....	58
2. 5. 12	REGC .....	58
2. 5. 13	AV <sub>DD3</sub> .....	59
2. 5. 14	SC_IN.....	59
2. 5. 15	CLK_SYNC.....	59
2. 5. 16	SYNCH_OUT .....	59
2. 5. 17	AGND2.....	59
2. 5. 18	GAINAMP_OUT .....	59
2. 5. 19	GAINAMP_IN .....	59
2. 5. 20	MPXIN10, MPXIN11, MPXIN20, MPXIN21, MPXIN30, MPXIN31, MPXIN40, MPXIN41, MPXIN50, MPXIN51, MPXIN60, MPXIN61.....	59
2. 5. 21	AMP1_OUT, AMP2_OUT, AMP3_OUT.....	59
2. 5. 22	DAC1_OUT, DAC2_OUT, DAC3_OUT, DAC4_OUT .....	59
2. 5. 23	VREFIN1, VREFIN2, VREFIN3, VREFIN4.....	59
2. 5. 24	AGND1 .....	60
2. 5. 25	AV <sub>DD1</sub> .....	60
2. 5. 26	AGND3.....	60
2. 5. 27	BGR_OUT.....	60
2. 5. 28	AV <sub>DD2</sub> .....	60
2. 5. 29	LDO_OUT .....	60
2. 5. 30	TEMP_OUT.....	60
2. 5. 31	$\overline{\text{ARESET}}$ .....	60
2. 5. 32	DV <sub>DD</sub> .....	60
2. 5. 33	$\overline{\text{SCLK}}$ .....	60
2. 5. 34	SDO.....	60
2. 5. 35	SDI .....	61
2. 5. 36	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ .....	61
2. 5. 37	DGND.....	61
2. 5. 38	HPF_OUT.....	61
2. 5. 39	CLK_HPF .....	61
2. 5. 40	CLK_LPF.....	61
2. 5. 41	AGND4.....	61
2. 5. 42	LPF_OUT .....	61
2. 5. 43	I.C.....	61

**CHAPTER 3 MICROCONTROLLER BLOCK .....** 62

**3. 1 Outline of This Chapter.....** 62

**3. 2 Comparison of Each Function with RL78/G1A (64-pin products) .....** 63

**3. 3 CPU Architecture.....** 67

3. 3. 1 Memory space..... 67

3. 3. 2 Processor registers .....

3.3.2.1	Control registers.....	67
3.3.2.2	General-purpose registers .....	67
3.3.2.3	ES and CS registers .....	67
3.3.2.4	Special function registers (SFRs).....	68
3.3.2.5	Expanded special function registers (2nd SFRs) .....	76
3.3.3	Instruction address addressing.....	88
3.3.4	Addressing for processing data addresses.....	88
<b>3.4</b>	<b>Port Functions .....</b>	<b>89</b>
3.4.1	Port functions .....	89
3.4.2	Port configuration .....	89
3.4.2.1	Port 0.....	90
3.4.2.2	Port 1.....	90
3.4.2.3	Port 2.....	90
3.4.2.4	Port 3.....	91
3.4.2.5	Port 4.....	91
3.4.2.6	Port 5.....	91
3.4.2.7	Port 6.....	91
3.4.2.8	Port 7.....	91
3.4.2.9	Port 12.....	92
3.4.2.10	Port 13.....	92
3.4.2.11	Port 14.....	92
3.4.2.12	Port 15.....	92
3.4.3	Registers controlling port function .....	93
3.4.3.1	Port mode register (PMxx) .....	95
3.4.3.2	Port register (Pxx) .....	96
3.4.3.3	Pull-up resistor option register (PUxx).....	97
3.4.3.4	Port input mode register (PIMxx).....	97
3.4.3.5	Port output mode register (POMxx).....	98
3.4.3.6	Port mode control register (PMCxx) .....	98
3.4.3.7	A/D port configuration register (ADPC) .....	99
3.4.3.8	Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) .....	101
3.4.3.9	Global digital input disable register (GDIDIS).....	101
3.4.3.10	Global analog input disable register (GAIDIS).....	101
3.4.4	Port function operation .....	102
3.4.4.1	Writing to I/O port.....	102
3.4.4.2	Reading from I/O port.....	102
3.4.4.3	Operation on I/O port .....	102
3.4.4.4	Handling different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V or 3 V) by using $EV_{DD} \leq V_{DD}$ .....	102
3.4.4.5	Handling different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V or 3V) by using I/O buffers .....	103
3.4.5	Register settings when using alternate function .....	105
3.4.6	Cautions when using port function .....	105

<b>3. 5 Clock Generator.....</b>	<b>106</b>
3. 5. 1 Functions of clock generator .....	106
3. 5. 2 Configuration of clock generator.....	108
3. 5. 3 Registers controlling clock generator .....	111
3. 5. 3. 1 Clock operation mode control register (CMC).....	111
3. 5. 3. 2 System clock control register (CKC).....	112
3. 5. 3. 3 Clock operation status control register (CSC).....	113
3. 5. 3. 4 Oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) .....	114
3. 5. 3. 5 Oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) .....	114
3. 5. 3. 6 Peripheral enable register 0 (PER0) .....	115
3. 5. 3. 7 Subsystem clock supply mode control register (OSMC).....	116
3. 5. 3. 8 High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency select register (HOCODIV).....	116
3. 5. 3. 9 High-speed on-chip oscillator trimming register (HIOTRM) .....	116
3. 5. 4 System clock oscillator .....	117
3. 5. 5 Clock generator operation .....	117
3. 5. 6 Controlling clock .....	117
3. 5. 7 Resonator and oscillator constants .....	118
<b>3. 6 Timer Array Unit .....</b>	<b>122</b>
3. 6. 1 Functions of timer array unit.....	124
3. 6. 1. 1 Independent channel operation function.....	124
3. 6. 1. 2 Simultaneous channel operation function .....	126
3. 6. 1. 3 8-bit timer operation function (channels 1 and 3 only) .....	127
3. 6. 1. 4 LIN-bus supporting function (channel 7 of unit 0 only).....	128
3. 6. 2 Configuration of timer array unit .....	129
3. 6. 2. 1 Timer count register mn (TCRmn) .....	133
3. 6. 2. 2 Timer data register mn (TDRmn).....	133
3. 6. 3 Registers controlling timer array unit.....	134
3. 6. 3. 1 Peripheral enable register 0 (PER0).....	134
3. 6. 3. 2 Timer clock select register m (TPSm).....	134
3. 6. 3. 3 Timer mode register mn (TMRmn).....	135
3. 6. 3. 4 Timer status register mn (TSRmn).....	140
3. 6. 3. 5 Timer channel enable status register m (TEm).....	140
3. 6. 3. 6 Timer channel start register m (TSm) .....	140
3. 6. 3. 7 Timer channel stop register m (TTm).....	140
3. 6. 3. 8 Timer input select register 0 (TIS0).....	140
3. 6. 3. 9 Timer output enable register m (TOEm) .....	141
3. 6. 3. 10 Timer output register m (TOm) .....	141
3. 6. 3. 11 Timer output level register m (TOLm) .....	142
3. 6. 3. 12 Timer output mode register m (TOMm) .....	142
3. 6. 3. 13 Input switch control register (ISC).....	143
3. 6. 3. 14 Noise filter enable register 1 (NFEN1) .....	143

3. 6. 3. 15 Registers controlling port functions of pins to be used for timer I/O .....	144
3. 6. 4 Basic rules of timer array unit .....	145
3. 6. 5 Operation of counter.....	145
3. 6. 6 Channel output (TOmn pin) control .....	145
3. 6. 7 Timer input (TImn) control .....	145
3. 6. 8 Independent channel operation function of timer array unit.....	145
3. 6. 9 Simultaneous channel operation function of timer array unit.....	145
3. 6. 10 Cautions when using timer array unit .....	145
<b>3. 7 Real-Time Clock.....</b>	<b>146</b>
<b>3. 8 12-bit Interval Timer .....</b>	<b>147</b>
3. 8. 1 Functions of 12-bit interval timer .....	147
3. 8. 2 Configuration of 12-bit interval timer.....	147
3. 8. 3 Registers controlling 12-bit interval timer.....	148
3. 8. 3. 1 Peripheral enable register0 (PER0).....	148
3. 8. 3. 2 Subsystem clock supply mode control register (OSMC).....	148
3. 8. 3. 3 Interval timer control register (ITMC) .....	149
3. 8. 4 12-bit interval timer operation .....	149
<b>3. 9 Clock Output/Buzzer Output Controller .....</b>	<b>150</b>
3. 9. 1 Functions of clock output/buzzer output controller .....	150
3. 9. 2 Configuration of clock output/buzzer output controller.....	151
3. 9. 3 Registers controlling clock output/buzzer output controller .....	151
3. 9. 3. 1 Clock output select register 0 (CKS0).....	152
3. 9. 3. 2 Registers controlling port functions of pins to be used for clock or buzzer output.....	153
3. 9. 4 Operations of clock output/buzzer output controller .....	153
3. 9. 5 Cautions of clock output/buzzer output controller.....	153
<b>3. 10 Watchdog Timer .....</b>	<b>154</b>
<b>3. 11 A/D Converter .....</b>	<b>155</b>
3. 11. 1 Function of A/D converter.....	155
3. 11. 2 Configuration of A/D converter .....	158
3. 11. 3 Registers used in A/D converter.....	160
3. 11. 3. 1 Peripheral enable register 0 (PER0).....	160
3. 11. 3. 2 A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0).....	160
3. 11. 3. 3 A/D converter mode register 1 (ADM1).....	161
3. 11. 3. 4 A/D converter mode register 2 (ADM2).....	162
3. 11. 3. 5 12-bit A/D conversion result register (ADCR) .....	162
3. 11. 3. 6 8-bit A/D conversion result register (ADCRH).....	162
3. 11. 3. 7 Analog input channel specification register (ADS).....	163
3. 11. 3. 8 Conversion result comparison upper limit setting register (ADUL).....	167
3. 11. 3. 9 Conversion result comparison lower limit setting register (ADLL).....	167
3. 11. 3. 10 A/D test register (ADTES).....	167
3. 11. 3. 11 Registers controlling port function of analog input pins.....	167

3. 11. 4	A/D converter conversion operations .....	168
3. 11. 5	Input voltage and conversion results .....	168
3. 11. 6	A/D converter operation modes .....	168
3. 11. 7	A/D converter setup flowchart .....	168
3. 11. 8	SNOOZE mode function .....	168
3. 11. 9	How to read A/D converter characteristics table .....	168
3. 11. 10	Cautions for A/D converter .....	168
<b>3. 12</b>	<b>Serial Array Unit .....</b>	<b>169</b>
3. 12. 1	Functions of serial array unit .....	170
3. 12. 1. 1	3-wire serial I/O (CSI00, CSI10, CSI20, CSI21) .....	170
3. 12. 1. 2	UART (UART0 to UART2) .....	171
3. 12. 1. 3	Simplified I <sup>2</sup> C (IIC00, IIC10, IIC20) .....	172
3. 12. 2	Configuration of serial array unit .....	173
3. 12. 2. 1	Shift register .....	177
3. 12. 2. 2	Lower 8/9 bits of the serial data register mn (SDRmn) .....	177
3. 12. 3	Registers controlling serial array unit .....	179
3. 12. 3. 1	Peripheral enable register 0 (PER0) .....	179
3. 12. 3. 2	Serial clock select register m (SPSm) .....	179
3. 12. 3. 3	Serial mode register mn (SMRmn) .....	180
3. 12. 3. 4	Serial communication operation setting register mn (SCRmn) .....	182
3. 12. 3. 5	Higher 7 bits of the serial data register mn (SDRmn) .....	186
3. 12. 3. 6	Serial flag clear trigger register mn (SIRmn) .....	186
3. 12. 3. 7	Serial status register mn (SSRmn) .....	186
3. 12. 3. 8	Serial channel start register m (SSm) .....	186
3. 12. 3. 9	Serial channel stop register m (STm) .....	186
3. 12. 3. 10	Serial channel enable status register m (SEm) .....	186
3. 12. 3. 11	Serial output enable register m (SOEm) .....	186
3. 12. 3. 12	Serial output register m (SOM) .....	186
3. 12. 3. 13	Serial output level register m (SOLm) .....	187
3. 12. 3. 14	Serial standby control register 0 (SSC0) .....	187
3. 12. 3. 15	Input switch control register (ISC) .....	187
3. 12. 3. 16	Noise filter enable register 0 (NFEN0) .....	187
3. 12. 3. 17	Registers controlling port functions of serial input/output pins .....	188
3. 12. 4	Operation stop mode .....	189
3. 12. 5	Operation of 3-Wire serial I/O (CSI00, CSI10, CSI20, CSI21) communication .....	189
3. 12. 6	Operation of UART (UART0 to UART2) communication .....	189
3. 12. 7	LIN communication operation .....	189
3. 12. 8	Operation of simplified I <sup>2</sup> C (IIC00, IIC10, IIC20) communication .....	189
<b>3. 13</b>	<b>Serial Interface IICA .....</b>	<b>190</b>
<b>3. 14</b>	<b>Multiplier and Divider/Multiply-Accumulator .....</b>	<b>191</b>
<b>3. 15</b>	<b>DMA Controller .....</b>	<b>192</b>

<b>3. 16</b>	<b>Interrupt Functions</b> .....	<b>193</b>
3. 16. 1	Interrupt function types.....	193
3. 16. 2	Interrupt sources and configuration.....	193
3. 16. 3	Registers controlling interrupt functions.....	199
3. 16. 3. 1	Interrupt request flag register (IF0L, IF0H, IF1L, IF1H, IF2L, IF2H) .....	204
3. 16. 3. 2	Interrupt mask flag register (MK0L, MK0H, MK1L, MK1H, MK2L, MK2H).....	206
3. 16. 3. 3	Priority specification flag registers (PR00L, PR00H, PR01L, PR01H, PR10L, PR10H, PR11L, PR11H, PR12L, PR12H, PR02L, PR02H).....	208
3. 16. 3. 4	External interrupt rising edge enable register (EGP0), External interrupt falling edge enable register (EGN0) .....	212
3. 16. 3. 5	Program status word (PSW).....	213
3. 16. 4	Interrupt servicing operations .....	213
<b>3. 17</b>	<b>Key Interrupt Function</b> .....	<b>214</b>
3. 17. 1	Functions of key interrupt .....	214
3. 17. 2	Configuration of key interrupt .....	215
3. 17. 3	Register controlling key interrupt.....	217
3. 17. 3. 1	Key return control register (KRCTL).....	217
3. 17. 3. 2	Key return mode register 0 (KRM0) .....	217
3. 17. 3. 3	Key return flag register (KRF) .....	217
3. 17. 3. 4	Port mode registers 0 to 2, 7 (PM0 to PM2, PM7).....	218
3. 17. 3. 5	Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) .....	219
3. 17. 4	Key interrupt operation .....	219
<b>3. 18</b>	<b>Standby Function</b> .....	<b>220</b>
<b>3. 19</b>	<b>Reset Function</b> .....	<b>221</b>
<b>3. 20</b>	<b>Power-On-Reset Circuit</b> .....	<b>222</b>
<b>3. 21</b>	<b>Voltage Detector</b> .....	<b>223</b>
3. 21. 1	Functions of voltage detector .....	223
3. 21. 2	Configuration of voltage detector.....	224
3. 21. 3	Registers controlling voltage detector .....	225
3. 21. 3. 1	Voltage detection register (LVIM).....	225
3. 21. 3. 2	Voltage detection level register (LVIS) .....	225
3. 21. 4	Operation of voltage detector .....	228
3. 21. 5	Cautions for voltage detector.....	228
<b>3. 22</b>	<b>Safety Functions</b> .....	<b>229</b>
3. 22. 1	Overview of safety functions.....	229
3. 22. 2	Registers used by safety functions.....	230
3. 22. 3	Operation of safety functions.....	230
3. 22. 3. 1	Flash memory CRC operation function (high-speed CRC) .....	230
3. 22. 3. 2	CRC operation function (general-purpose CRC).....	230
3. 22. 3. 3	RAM parity error detection function.....	230
3. 22. 3. 4	RAM guard function .....	230

3. 22. 3. 5 SFR guard function .....	230
3. 22. 3. 6 Invalid memory access detection function.....	230
3. 22. 3. 7 Frequency detection function .....	231
3. 22. 3. 8 A/D test function.....	231
<b>3. 23 Regulator.....</b>	<b>232</b>
<b>3. 24 Option Byte .....</b>	<b>233</b>
3. 24. 1 Functions of option bytes.....	233
3. 24. 1. 1 User option byte (000C0H to 000C2H/010C0H to 010C2H) .....	233
3. 24. 1. 2 On-chip debug option byte (000C3H/010C3H).....	234
3. 24. 2 Format of user option byte.....	235
3. 24. 3 Format of on-chip debug option byte.....	238
3. 24. 4 Setting of option byte.....	238
<b>3. 25 Flash Memory .....</b>	<b>239</b>
3. 25. 1 Serial Programming Using Flash Memory Programmer .....	239
3. 25. 1. 1 Programming environment.....	240
3. 25. 1. 2 Communication mode .....	240
3. 25. 2 Serial programming using external device (that Incorporates UART).....	241
3. 25. 3 Connection of pins on board.....	241
3. 25. 4 Serial programming method .....	241
3. 25. 5 Processing time for each command when PG-FP5 Is in use (Reference value) .....	241
3. 25. 6 Self-programming .....	241
3. 25. 7 Security Settings .....	241
3. 25. 8 Data flash .....	241
<b>3. 26 On-chip Debug Function .....</b>	<b>242</b>
3. 26. 1 Connecting E1 on-chip debugging emulator to RL78/G1E .....	242
3. 26. 2 On-chip debug security ID .....	243
3. 26. 3 Securing of user resources.....	243
<b>3. 27 BCD Correction Circuit .....</b>	<b>244</b>
<b>3. 28 Instruction Set .....</b>	<b>245</b>
<b>CHAPTER 4 ANALOG BLOCK.....</b>	<b>246</b>
<b>4. 1 Configurable Amplifier.....</b>	<b>246</b>
4. 1. 1 Overview of configurable amplifier features.....	246
4. 1. 2 Block diagram.....	247
4. 1. 3 Registers controlling the configurable amplifiers .....	250
4. 1. 4 Procedure for operating the configurable amplifiers .....	268
<b>4. 2 Gain Adjustment Amplifier .....</b>	<b>282</b>
4. 2. 1 Overview of gain adjustment amplifier features.....	282
4. 2. 2 Block diagram.....	282
4. 2. 3 Registers controlling the gain adjustment amplifier .....	284

4. 2. 4 Procedure for operating the gain adjustment amplifier .....	287
<b>4. 3 D/A Converter .....</b>	<b>288</b>
4. 3. 1 Overview of D/A converter features.....	288
4. 3. 2 Block diagram.....	288
4. 3. 3 Registers controlling the D/A converters .....	289
4. 3. 4 Procedure for operating the D/A converters .....	291
4. 3. 5 Notes on using D/A converters.....	292
<b>4. 4 Low-Pass Filter .....</b>	<b>293</b>
4. 4. 1 Overview of low-pass filter features.....	293
4. 4. 2 Block diagram.....	294
4. 4. 3 Registers controlling the low-pass filter .....	295
4. 4. 4 Procedure for operating the low-pass filter .....	297
<b>4. 5 High-Pass Filter .....</b>	<b>298</b>
4. 5. 1 Overview of high-pass filter features .....	298
4. 5. 2 Block diagram.....	299
4. 5. 3 Registers controlling the high-pass filter.....	300
4. 5. 4 Procedure for operating the high-pass filter.....	302
<b>4. 6 Temperature Sensor.....</b>	<b>303</b>
4. 6. 1 Overview of temperature sensor features.....	303
4. 6. 2 Block diagram.....	303
4. 6. 3 Registers controlling the temperature sensor .....	304
4. 6. 4 Procedure for operating the temperature sensor.....	305
<b>4. 7 Variable Output Voltage Regulator.....</b>	<b>306</b>
4. 7. 1 Overview of variable output voltage regulator features .....	306
4. 7. 2 Block diagram.....	306
4. 7. 3 Registers controlling the variable output voltage regulator.....	307
4. 7. 4 Procedure for operating the variable output voltage regulator.....	309
<b>4. 8 Reference Voltage Generator .....</b>	<b>310</b>
4. 8. 1 Overview of reference voltage generator features.....	310
4. 8. 2 Block diagram.....	310
4. 8. 3 Registers controlling the reference voltage generator .....	311
4. 8. 4 Procedure for operating the reference voltage generator .....	311
4. 8. 5 Notes on using the reference voltage generator.....	311
<b>4. 9 SPI.....</b>	<b>312</b>
4. 9. 1 Overview of SPI features.....	312
4. 9. 2 SPI communication .....	313
<b>4. 10 Analog Reset.....</b>	<b>315</b>
4. 10. 1 Overview of analog reset feature.....	315
4. 10. 2 Registers controlling the analog reset .....	318

<b>CHAPTER 5 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS .....</b>	<b>319</b>
<b>5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings .....</b>	<b>320</b>
5.1.1 Absolute maximum ratings of microcontroller block .....	320
5.1.2 Absolute maximum ratings of analog block .....	322
5.1.3 Absolute maximum ratings (common to microcontroller block and analog block) .....	323
<b>5.2 Electrical Specifications of Microcontroller Block .....</b>	<b>324</b>
5.2.1 Oscillator characteristics.....	324
5.2.1.1 X1 oscillator characteristics .....	324
5.2.1.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics .....	325
5.2.2 DC characteristics .....	326
5.2.2.1 Pin characteristics .....	326
5.2.2.2 Supply current characteristics .....	332
5.2.3 AC characteristics .....	337
5.2.4 Peripheral functions characteristics .....	342
5.2.4.1 Serial array unit .....	342
5.2.5 Analog block characteristics .....	372
5.2.5.1 A/D converter characteristics.....	372
5.2.5.2 Temperature sensor, internal reference voltage output characteristics .....	378
5.2.5.3 POR circuit characteristics .....	378
5.2.5.4 LVD circuit characteristics .....	379
5.2.5.5 Supply voltage rise slope characteristics.....	380
5.2.6 Data memory STOP mode low supply voltage data retention characteristics .....	381
5.2.7 Flash memory programming characteristics.....	381
5.2.8 Dedicated flash memory programmer communication (UART) .....	382
5.2.9 Timing specs for switching flash memory programming modes .....	383
<b>5.3 Electrical Specifications of Analog Block .....</b>	<b>384</b>
5.3.1 Operating conditions of analog block .....	384
5.3.2 Supply current characteristics .....	385
5.3.3 Electrical specifications of each block .....	387
5.3.3.1 Configurable amplifier characteristics.....	387
5.3.3.2 Gain adjustment amplifier characteristics .....	397
5.3.3.3 D/A converter characteristics.....	399
5.3.3.4 Low-pass filter characteristics .....	400
5.3.3.5 High-pass filter characteristics.....	401
5.3.3.6 Temperature sensor characteristics .....	402
5.3.3.7 Variable output voltage regulator characteristics.....	402
5.3.3.8 Reference voltage generator characteristics .....	402
5.3.3.9 SPI characteristics.....	403

<b>CHAPTER 6 PACKAGE DRAWINGS .....</b>	<b>405</b>
<b>APPENDIX A CHARACTERISTICS CURVE (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, TYP.) (REFERENCE VALUE).....</b>	<b>407</b>
<b>APPENDIX B REVISION HISTORY .....</b>	<b>414</b>
<b>B. 1 Major Revisions in This Edition .....</b>	<b>414</b>
<b>B. 2 Revision History of Preceding Editions .....</b>	<b>418</b>

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## CHAPTER 1 OUTLINE

### <R> 1.1 Features

The RL78/G1E is a multi-chip package (MCP) device that integrates a chip of an analog block and a chip of 16-bit microcontroller block in a single package. The chip of analog block features a range of front-end analog circuits for small sensor signal processing such as a configurable gain amplifier, gain adjustment amplifier, filter circuit, D/A converter, and temperature sensor. The chip of 16-bit microcontroller block corresponds to the RL78/G1A (64-pin products).

#### 1.1.1 Microcontroller block

Low power consumption technology by standby function

- HALT mode
- STOP mode
- SNOOZE mode

RL78 CPU core

- CISC architecture with 3-stage pipeline
- Minimum instruction execution time: Can be changed from 0.03125  $\mu$ s (32 MHz operation with high-speed on-chip oscillator) to 0.05  $\mu$ s (20 MHz operation with high-speed system clock)
- Address space: 1 MB
- General-purpose registers: (8-bit register  $\times$  8)  $\times$  4 banks
- On-chip RAM: 2 to 4 KB

Code flash memory

- Code flash memory: 32 to 64 KB
- Block size: 1 KB
- Prohibition of block erase and rewriting (security function)
- On-chip debug function
- Self-programming (with boot swap function/flash shield window function)

Data flash memory

- Data flash memory: 4 KB
- Back ground operation (BGO): Instructions can be executed from the program memory while rewriting the data flash memory.
- Number of rewrites: 1,000,000 times (TYP.)
- Voltage of rewrites:  $V_{DD} = 1.8$  to 5.5 V

## High-speed on-chip oscillator

- Select from 32 MHz, 24 MHz, 16 MHz, 12 MHz, 8 MHz, 6 MHz, 4 MHz, 3 MHz, 2 MHz, and 1 MHz
- High accuracy  $\pm 1.0\%$  ( $V_{DD} = 1.8$  to  $5.5$  V,  $T_A = -20$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

## Operating ambient temperature

- $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications)

## Power supply voltage

- $V_{DD}$  (Power supply for microcontroller block) = 1.6 to 5.5 V
- $AV_{DD}$  (Power supply for A/D converter in microcontroller block) = 1.6 to 3.6 V
- $AV_{DDn}$  (Power supply for analog block) = 3.0 to 5.5 V
- $DV_{DD}$  (Power supply for SPI in analog block) = 3.0 to 5.5 V

## Power management and reset function

- On-chip power-on-reset (POR) circuit
- On-chip voltage detector (LVD) (Select interrupt and reset from 3 levels)

## DMA (Direct Memory Access) controller

- 2 channels
- Number of clocks during transfer between 8/16-bit SFR and internal RAM: 2 clocks

## Multiplier and divider/multiply-accumulator

- $16$  bits  $\times$   $16$  bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed)
- $32$  bits  $\div$   $32$  bits = 32 bits (Unsigned)
- $16$  bits  $\times$   $16$  bits + 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed)

## Serial interface

- CSI : 2 channels (64-pin products), 6 channels (80-pin products)
- UART / UART (LIN-bus supported) : 2 channels / 1 channel
- I<sup>2</sup>C/Simplified I<sup>2</sup>C communication : 1 channel (64-pin products), 3 channels (80-pin products)

## Timer

- 16-bit timer : 8 channels
- 12-bit interval timer : 1 channel
- Watchdog timer : 1 channel (operable with the dedicated low-speed on-chip oscillator)

## A/D converter

- 8/12-bit resolution A/D converter
- Analog input: 13 channels (64-pin products), 17 channels (80-pin products)
- Internal reference voltage (1.45 V) and temperature sensor<sup>Note</sup>

**Note** Can be selected only in HS (high-speed main) mode

**Remarks 1.**  $n = 1$  to 3

**2.** The functions mounted depend on the product. See **1.6 Outline of Functions.**

## I/O port

- I/O port : 24 (64-pin products), 30 (80-pin products)
- Can be set to N-ch open drain, TTL input buffer, and on-chip pull-up resistor
- Different potential interface: Can connect to a 1.8/2.5/3 V device
- On-chip key interrupt function
- On-chip clock output/buzzer output controller

## Others

- On-chip BCD (binary-coded decimal) correction circuit

## ROM, RAM capacities

Flash ROM	Data Flash	RAM	RL78/G1E	
			64 pins	80 pins
32 KB	4 KB	2 KB	R5F10FLC	R5F10FMC
48 KB	4 KB	3 KB	R5F10FLD	R5F10FMD
64 KB	4 KB	4 KB	R5F10FLE	R5F10FME

**Remark** The functions mounted depend on the product. See **1.6 Outline of Functions**.

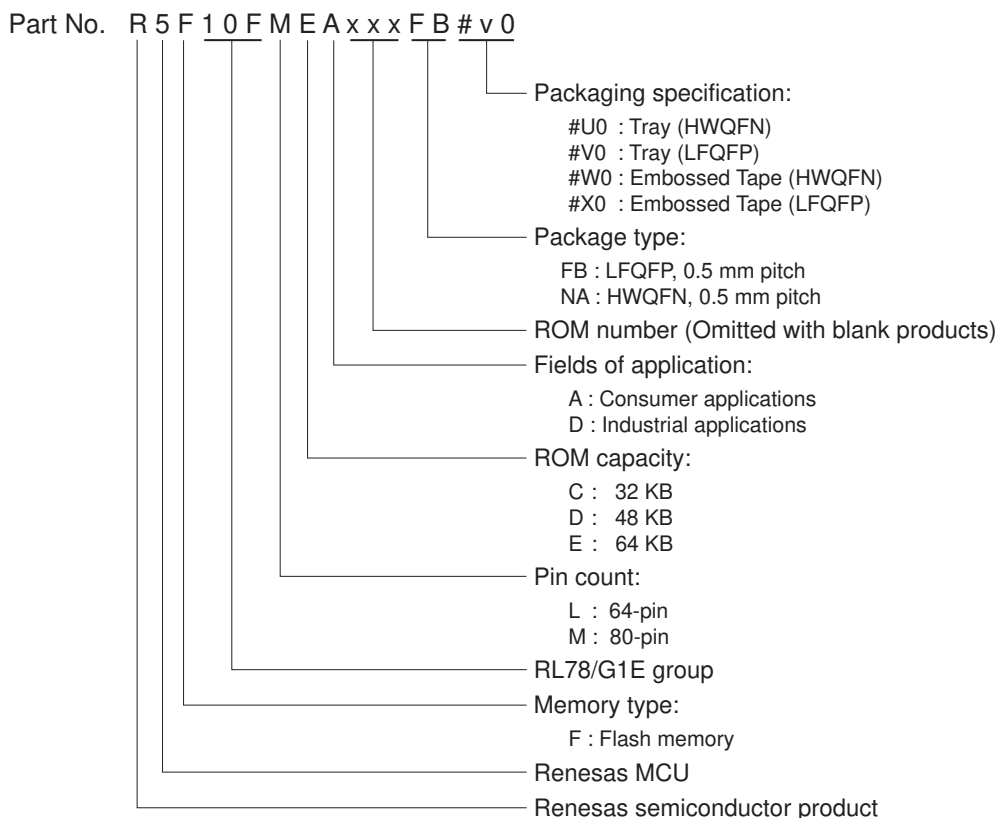
### 1. 1. 2 Analog block

- Configurable amplifier: 3 channels
- Gain adjustment amplifier: 1 channel
- High-pass filter: 1 channel <sup>Note</sup>
- Low-pass filter: 1 channel
- D/A converter: 4 channels
- Variable output voltage regulator: 1 channel
- Reference voltage generator: 1 channel
- Temperature sensor: 1 channel
- SPI (for analog block): 1 channel

**Note** 80-pin products only.

**Remark** The functions mounted depend on the product. See **1.6 Outline of Functions**.

1.2 List of Part Numbers



<R>

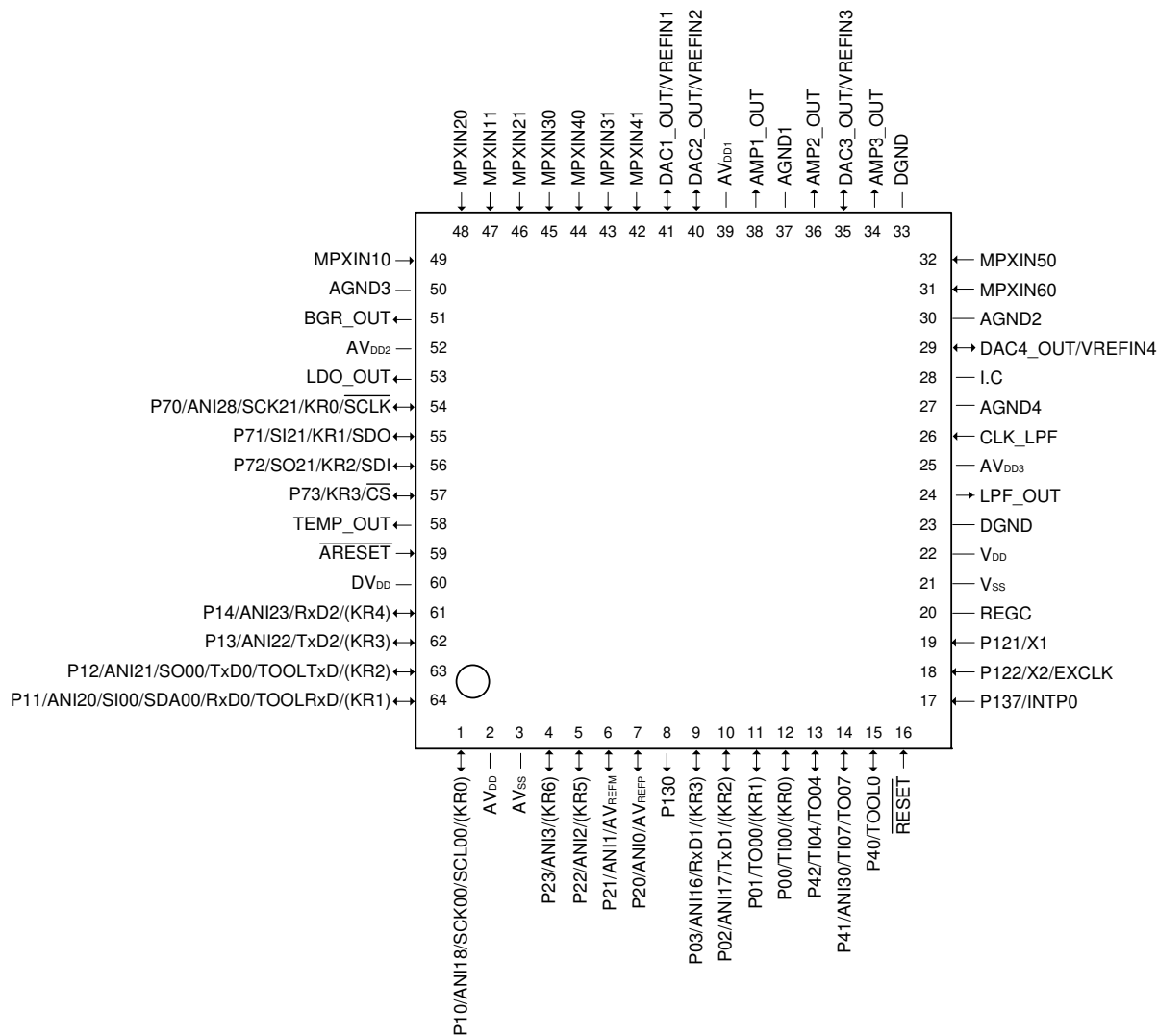
Pin count	Package	Data Flash	Part Number
64 pins	64-pin plastic HWQFN (fine pitch) (9 × 9)	Mounted	R5F10FLCANA#U0, R5F10FLCANA#W0, R5F10FLDANA#U0, R5F10FLDANA#W0, R5F10FLEANA#U0, R5F10FLEANA#W0, R5F10FLCDNA#U0, R5F10FLCDNA#W0, R5F10FLDDNA#U0, R5F10FLDDNA#W0, R5F10FLEDNA#U0, R5F10FLEDNA#W0
80 pins	80-pin plastic LFQFP (12 × 12)	Mounted	R5F10FMCAFB#V0, R5F10FMCAFB#X0, R5F10FMDAFB#V0, R5F10FMDAFB#X0, R5F10FMEAFB#V0, R5F10FMEAFB#X0, R5F10FMCDFB#V0, R5F10FMCDFB#X0, R5F10FMDDFB#V0, R5F10FMDDFB#X0, R5F10FMEDFB#V0, R5F10FMEDFB#X0

**Caution** The part number above is valid as of when this manual was issued. For the latest part number, see the web page of the target product on the Renesas Electronics website.

<R> 1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View)

1.3.1 64-pin products

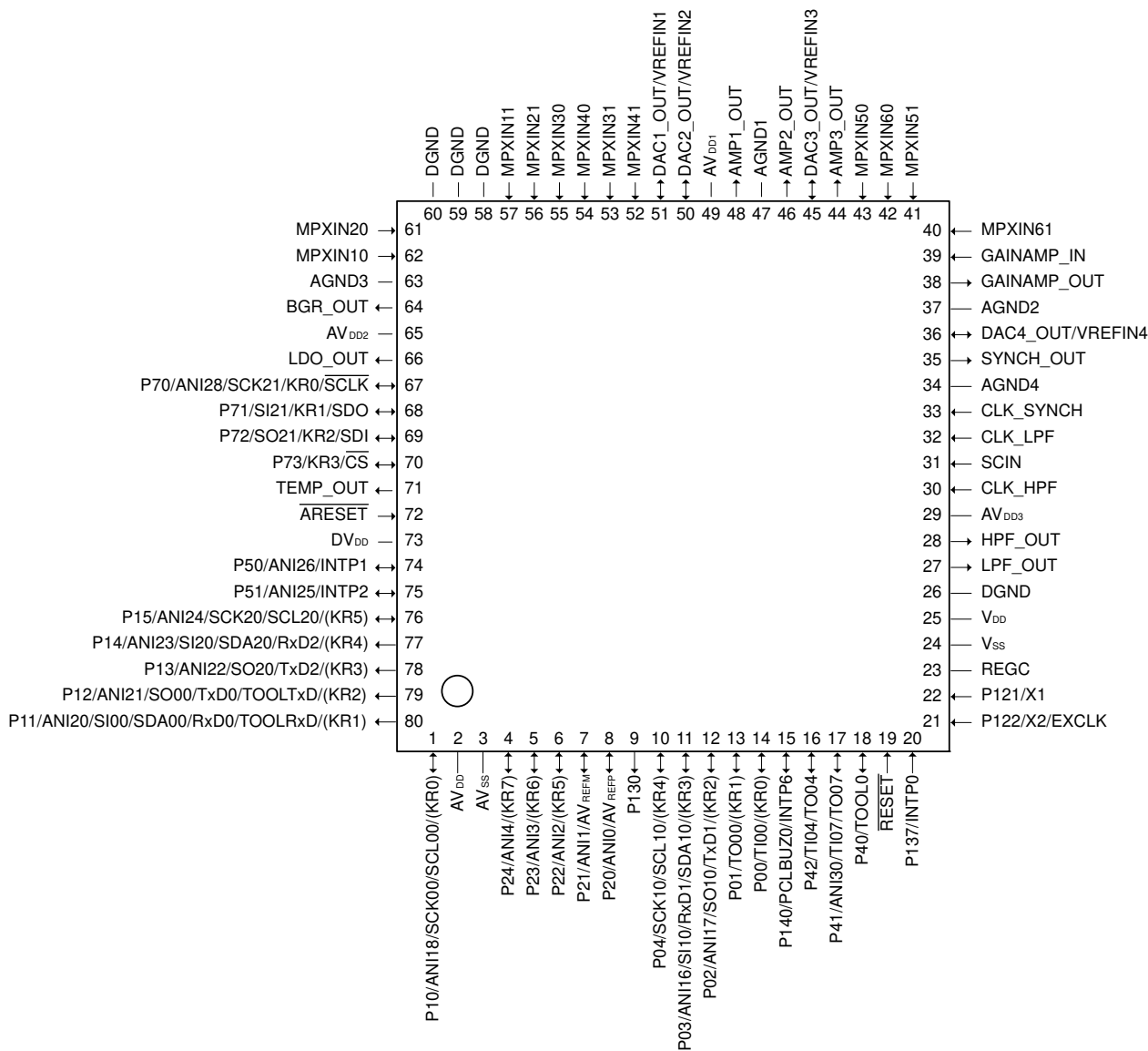
64-pin plastic WQFN (fine pitch) (9 × 9)



- Cautions**
1. Connect the REGC pin to V<sub>SS</sub> via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF).
  2. Make the potential of V<sub>DD</sub>, AV<sub>DD1</sub>, AV<sub>DD2</sub>, AV<sub>DD3</sub>, and DV<sub>DD</sub> the same.
  3. Make the potential of V<sub>SS</sub>, AGND1, AGND2, AGND3, AGND4, and DGND the same.
  4. Leave I.C open.
  5. Connect the LDO\_OUT pin to AGND3 via a capacitor (4.7 μF: recommended).
  6. Connect the BGR\_OUT pin to AGND3 via a capacitor (0.1 μF: recommended).
  7. When using Low-pass filter or High-pass filter, connect the DAC4\_OUT/VREFIN4 pin to AGND1 via a capacitor (470 pF: recommended).

<R> 1.3.2 80-pin products

80-pin plastic LQFP (fine pitch) (12 × 12)



- Cautions**
1. Connect the REGC pin to V<sub>SS</sub> via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF).
  2. Make the potential of V<sub>DD</sub>, AV<sub>DD1</sub>, AV<sub>DD2</sub>, AV<sub>DD3</sub>, and DV<sub>DD</sub> the same.
  3. Make the potential of V<sub>SS</sub>, AGND1, AGND2, AGND3, AGND4, and DGND the same.
  4. Connect the LDO\_OUT pin to AGND3 via a capacitor (4.7 μF: recommended).
  5. Connect the BGR\_OUT pin to AGND3 via a capacitor (0.1 μF: recommended).
  6. When using Low-pass filter or High-pass filter, connect the DAC4\_OUT/VREFIN4 pin to AGND1 via a capacitor (470 pF: recommended).

## &lt;R&gt; 1.4 Pin Identification

## ○ Microcontroller Block

ANI0-ANI4,	Analog Input	RxD0-RxD2	Receive Data
ANI16-ANI18,		SCK00, SCK10,	Serial Clock Input/Output
ANI20-ANI26,		SCK20, SCK21	
ANI28, ANI30		SCL00, SCL10,	Serial Clock Input/Output
AVREFM	Analog Reference Voltage	SCL20	
	Minus	SDA00, SDA10,	Serial Data Input/Output
AVREFP	Analog Reference Voltage	SDA20	
	Plus	SI00, SI10,	Serial Data Input
EXCLK	External Clock Input	SI20, SI21	
	(Main System Clock)	SO00, SO10	Serial Data Output
INTP0-INTP2	External Interrupt Input	SO20, SO21	
INTP6		TI00, TI04,	Timer Input
KR0-KR7	Key Return	TI07	
P00-P04	Port 0	TO00, TO04,	Timer Output
P10-P15	Port 1	TO07	
P20-P24	Port 2	TO0L0	Data Input/Output for Tool
P40-P42	Port 4	TOOLRxD,	Data Input/Output for External
P50, P51	Port 5		Device
P70-P73	Port 7	TOOLTxD	
P121, P122	Port 12	TxD0-TxD2	Transmit Data
P130, P137	Port 13	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply
P140	Port 14	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
PCLBUZ0	Programmable Clock Output/ Buzzer Output	X1, X2	Crystal Oscillator (Main System Clock)
REGC	Regulator Capacitance	AV <sub>DD</sub>	Analog Power Supply
RESET	Reset	AV <sub>SS</sub>	Analog Ground