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1. Overview

1.1 Features

The M16C Family offers a robust platform of 32-/16-bit CISC microcomputers (MCUs) featuring high ROM code efficiency, extensive EMI/EMS noise immunity, ultra-low power consumption, high-speed processing in actual applications, and numerous and varied integrated peripherals. Extensive device scalability from low- to high-end, featuring a single architecture as well as compatible pin assignments and peripheral functions, provides support for a vast range of application fields.

The R32C/100 Series is a high-end microcontroller series in the M16C Family. With a 4-Gbyte memory space, it achieves maximum code efficiency and high-speed processing with 32-bit CISC architecture, multiplier, multiply-accumulate unit, and floating point unit. The selection from the broadest choice of on-chip peripheral devices — UART, CRC, DMAC, A/D and D/A converters, timers, I^2C, and watchdog timer enables to minimize external components.

The R32C/117 Group is the standard MCU within the R32C/100 Series. This product, provided as 100-pin and 144-pin plastic molded LQFP packages, has nine channels of serial interface, one channel of multi-master I^2C-bus interface, and one channel of CAN module.

1.1.1 Applications

Car audio, audio, printer, office/industrial equipment, etc.

1.1.2 Performance Overview

Tables 1.1 to 1.4 list the performance overview of the R32C/117 Group.

Table 1.1 Performance Overview for the 144-pin Package (1/2)

Unit	Function	Explanation
CPU	Central processing unit	R32C/100 Series CPU Core • Basic instructions: 108 • Minimum instruction execution time: 15.625 ns (f(CPU) = 64 MHz) • Multiplier: 32-bit × 32-bit → 64-bit • Multiply-accumulate unit: 32-bit × 32-bit + 64-bit → 64-bit • IEEE-754 compatible FPU: Single precision • 32-bit barrel shifter • Operating mode: Single-chip mode, memory expansion mode, microprocessor mode (optional (1))
Memory		Flash memory: 384 Kbytes to 1 Mbyte RAM: 40 K/48 K/63 Kbytes Data flash: 4 Kbytes × 2 blocks Refer to Table 1.5 for each product's memory size
Voltage Detector	Low voltage detector	Optional (1) Low voltage detection interrupt
Clock	Clock generator	• 4 circuits (main clock, sub clock, PLL, on-chip oscillator) • Oscillation stop detector: Main clock oscillator stop/restart detection • Frequency divide circuit: Divide-by-2 to divide-by-24 selectable • Low power modes: Wait mode, stop mode
External Bus Expansion	Bus and memory expansion	• Address space: 4 Gbytes (of which up to 64 Mbytes is user accessible) • External bus Interface: Support for wait-state insertion, 4 chip select outputs • Bus format: Separate bus/Multiplexed bus selectable, data bus width selectable (8/16/32 bits)
Interrupts		Interrupt vectors: 261 External interrupt inputs: $\overline{\text{NMI}}$, $\overline{\text{INT}}$ × 9, key input × 4 Interrupt priority levels: 7
Watchdog Timer		15 bits × 1 (selectable input frequency from prescaler output)
DMA	DMAC	4 channels • Cycle-steal transfer mode • Request sources: 57 • 2 transfer modes: Single transfer, repeat transfer
	DMAC II	• Triggered by an interrupt request of any peripheral • 3 characteristic transfer functions: Immediate data transfer, calculation result transfer, chain transfer
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• 2 input-only ports • 120 CMOS I/O ports (of which 32 are 5 V tolerant) • A pull-up resistor is selectable for every 4 input ports (except 5 V tolerant inputs)

Note:
1. Contact a Renesas Electronics sales office to use the optional features.

Table 1.2 Performance Overview for the 144-pin Package (2/2)

Unit	Function	Explanation
Timer	Timer A	16-bit timer × 5 Timer mode, event counter mode, one-shot timer mode, pulse-width modulation (PWM) mode Two-phase pulse signal processing in event counter mode (two-phase encoder input) × 3
	Timer B	16-bit timer × 6 Timer mode, event counter mode, pulse frequency measurement mode, pulse-width measurement mode
	Three-phase motor control timer	Three-phase motor control timer × 1 (timers A1, A2, A4, and B2 used) 8-bit programmable dead time timer
Serial Interface	UART0 to UART8	Asynchronous/synchronous serial interface × 9 channels • I^2C-bus (UART0 to UART6) • Special mode 2 (UART0 to UART6) • IEBus (optional (1)) (UART0 to UART6)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 34 channels Sample and hold functionality integrated
D/A Converter		8-bit resolution × 2
CRC Calculator		CRC-CCITT ($X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$)
X-Y Converter		16 bits × 16 bits
Intelligent I/O		Time measurement (input capture): 16 bits × 16 Waveform generation (output compare): 16 bits × 24 Serial interface: Variable-length synchronous serial I/O mode, IEBus mode (optional (1))
Multi-master I^2C-bus Interface		1 channel
CAN Module		1 channel CAN functionality compliant with ISO 11898-1 32 mailboxes
Flash Memory		Programming and erasure supply voltage: VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V Minimum endurance: 1,000 program/erase cycles Security protection: ROM code protect, ID code protect Debugging: On-chip debug, on-board flash programming
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		64 MHz (high speed version)/VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V 50 MHz (normal speed version)/VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V
Operating Temperature		-20°C to 85°C (N version) -40°C to 85°C (D version) -40°C to 85°C (P version)
Current Consumption		45 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(CPU) = 64 MHz) 35 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(CPU) = 50 MHz) 8 µA (VCC = 3.3 V, f(XCIN) = 32.768 kHz, in wait mode)
Package		144-pin plastic molded LQFP (PLQP0144KA-A)

Note:
1. Contact a Renesas Electronics sales office to use the optional features.

Table 1.3 Performance Overview for the 100-pin Package (1/2)

Unit	Function	Explanation
CPU	Central processing unit	R32C/100 Series CPU Core • Basic instructions: 108 • Minimum instruction execution time: 15.625 ns (f(CPU) = 64 MHz) • Multiplier: 32-bit × 32-bit → 64-bit • Multiply-accumulate unit: 32-bit × 32-bit + 64-bit → 64-bit • IEEE-754 compatible FPU: Single precision • 32-bit barrel shifter • Operating mode: Single-chip mode, memory expansion mode, microprocessor mode (optional (1))
Memory		Flash memory: 128 Kbytes to 1 Mbyte RAM: 20 K/40 K/48 K/63 Kbytes Data flash: 4 Kbytes × 2 blocks Refer to Table 1.5 for each product's memory size
Voltage Detector	Low voltage detector	Optional (1) Low voltage detection interrupt
Clock	Clock generator	• 4 circuits (main clock, sub clock, PLL, on-chip oscillator) • Oscillation stop detector: Main clock oscillator stop/restart detection • Frequency divide circuit: Divide-by-2 to divide-by-24 selectable • Low power modes: Wait mode, stop mode
External Bus Expansion	Bus and memory expansion	• Address space: 4 Gbytes (of which up to 64 Mbytes is user accessible) • External bus Interface: Support for wait-state insertion, 4 chip select outputs • Bus format: Separate bus/Multiplexed bus selectable, data bus width selectable (8/16 bits)
Interrupts		Interrupt vectors: 261 External interrupt inputs: $\overline{\text{NMI}}$, $\overline{\text{INT}}$ × 6, key input × 4 Interrupt priority levels: 7
Watchdog Timer		15 bits × 1 (selectable input frequency from prescaler output)
DMA	DMAC	4 channels • Cycle-steal transfer mode • Request sources: 51 • 2 transfer modes: Single transfer, repeat transfer
	DMAC II	• Triggered by an interrupt request of any peripheral • 3 characteristic transfer functions: Immediate data transfer, calculation result transfer, chain transfer
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• 2 input-only ports • 84 CMOS I/O ports (of which 32 are 5 V tolerant) • A pull-up resistor is selectable for every 4 input ports (except 5 V tolerant inputs)

Note:
1. Contact a Renesas Electronics sales office to use the optional features.

Table 1.4 Performance Overview for the 100-pin Package (2/2)

Unit	Function	Explanation
Timer	Timer A	16-bit timer × 5 Timer mode, event counter mode, one-shot timer mode, pulse-width modulation (PWM) mode Two-phase pulse signal processing in event counter mode (two-phase encoder input) × 3
	Timer B	16-bit timer × 6 Timer mode, event counter mode, pulse frequency measurement mode, pulse-width measurement mode
	Three-phase motor control timer	Three-phase motor control timer × 1 (timers A1, A2, A4, and B2 used) 8-bit programmable dead time timer
Serial Interface	UART0 to UART8	Asynchronous/synchronous serial interface × 9 channels • I^2C-bus (UART0 to UART6) • Special mode 2 (UART0 to UART6) • IEBus (optional (1)) (UART0 to UART6)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 26 channels Sample and hold functionality integrated
D/A Converter		8-bit resolution × 2
CRC Calculator		CRC-CCITT ($X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$)
X-Y Converter		16 bits × 16 bits
Intelligent I/O		Time measurement (input capture): 16 bits × 16 Waveform generation (output compare): 16 bits × 19 Serial interface: Variable-length synchronous serial I/O mode, IEBus mode (optional (1))
Multi-master I^2C-bus Interface		1 channel
CAN Module		1 channel CAN functionality compliant with ISO 11898-1 32 mailboxes
Flash Memory		Programming and erasure supply voltage: VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V Minimum endurance: 1,000 program/erase cycles Security protection: ROM code protect, ID code protect Debugging: On-chip debug, on-board flash programming
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		64 MHz (high speed version)/VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V 50 MHz (normal speed version)/VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V
Operating Temperature		-20°C to 85°C (N version) -40°C to 85°C (D version) -40°C to 85°C (P version)
Current Consumption		45 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(CPU) = 64 MHz) 35 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(CPU) = 50 MHz) 8 µA (VCC = 3.3 V, f(XCIN) = 32.768 kHz, in wait mode)
Package		100-pin plastic molded LQFP (PLQP0100KB-A)

Note:
1. Contact a Renesas Electronics sales office to use the optional features.

1.2 Product Information

Tables 1.5 and 1.6 list the product information and Figure 1.1 shows the details of the part number.

Table 1.5 R32C/117 Group Product List for Normal Speed Version (1/2) As of February, 2013

Part Number	Package Code (1)	ROM Capacity (2)	RAM Capacity	Remarks
R5F6417BNFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A	128 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes	20 Kbytes	-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F6417BDFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F6417BPFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F6417ANFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A	256 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes		-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F6417ADFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F6417APFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64175NFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	384 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes	40 Kbytes	-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64175DFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64175PFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64175NFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64175DFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64175PFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64176NFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	512 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes		-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64176DFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64176PFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64176NFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64176DFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64176PFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64177NFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	640 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes	48 Kbytes	-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64177DFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64177PFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64177NFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64177DFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64177PFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64178NFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	768 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes	63 Kbytes	-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64178DFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64178PFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64178NFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64178DFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64178PFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64179NFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	1 Mbyte + 8 Kbytes		-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64179DFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64179PFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64179NFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64179DFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64179PFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)

(P): On planning phase

Notes:
1. The old package codes are as follows:
   PLQP0100KB-A: 100P6Q-A; PLQP0144KA-A: 144P6Q-A
2. “8 Kbytes” in the ROM capacity indicates the data flash memory capacity.

Table 1.6 R32C/117 Group Product List for High Speed Version (2/2) As of February, 2013

Part Number	Package Code (1)	ROM Capacity (2)	RAM Capacity	Remarks
R5F6417BHNFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A	128 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes	20 Kbytes	-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F6417BHDFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F6417BHPFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F6417AHNFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A	256 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes		-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F6417AHDFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F6417AHPFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64175HNFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	384 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes	40 Kbytes	-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64175HDFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64175HPFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64175HNFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64175HDFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64175HPFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64176HNFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	512 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes		-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64176HDFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64176HPFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64176HNFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64176HDFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64176HPFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64177HNFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	640 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes	48 Kbytes	-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64177HDFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64177HPFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64177HNFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64177HDFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64177HPFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64178HNFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	768 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes	63 Kbytes	-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64178HDFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64178HPFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64178HNFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64178HDFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64178HPFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64179HNFD (P)	PLQP0144KA-A	1 Mbyte + 8 Kbytes		-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64179HDFD				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64179HPFD				-40°C to 85°C (P version)
R5F64179HNFB (P)	PLQP0100KB-A			-20°C to 85°C (N version)
R5F64179HDFB				-40°C to 85°C (D version)
R5F64179HPFB				-40°C to 85°C (P version)

(P): On planning phase

Notes:
1. The old package codes are as follows:
   PLQP0100KB-A: 100P6Q-A; PLQP0144KA-A: 144P6Q-A
2. “8 Kbytes” in the ROM capacity indicates the data flash memory capacity.

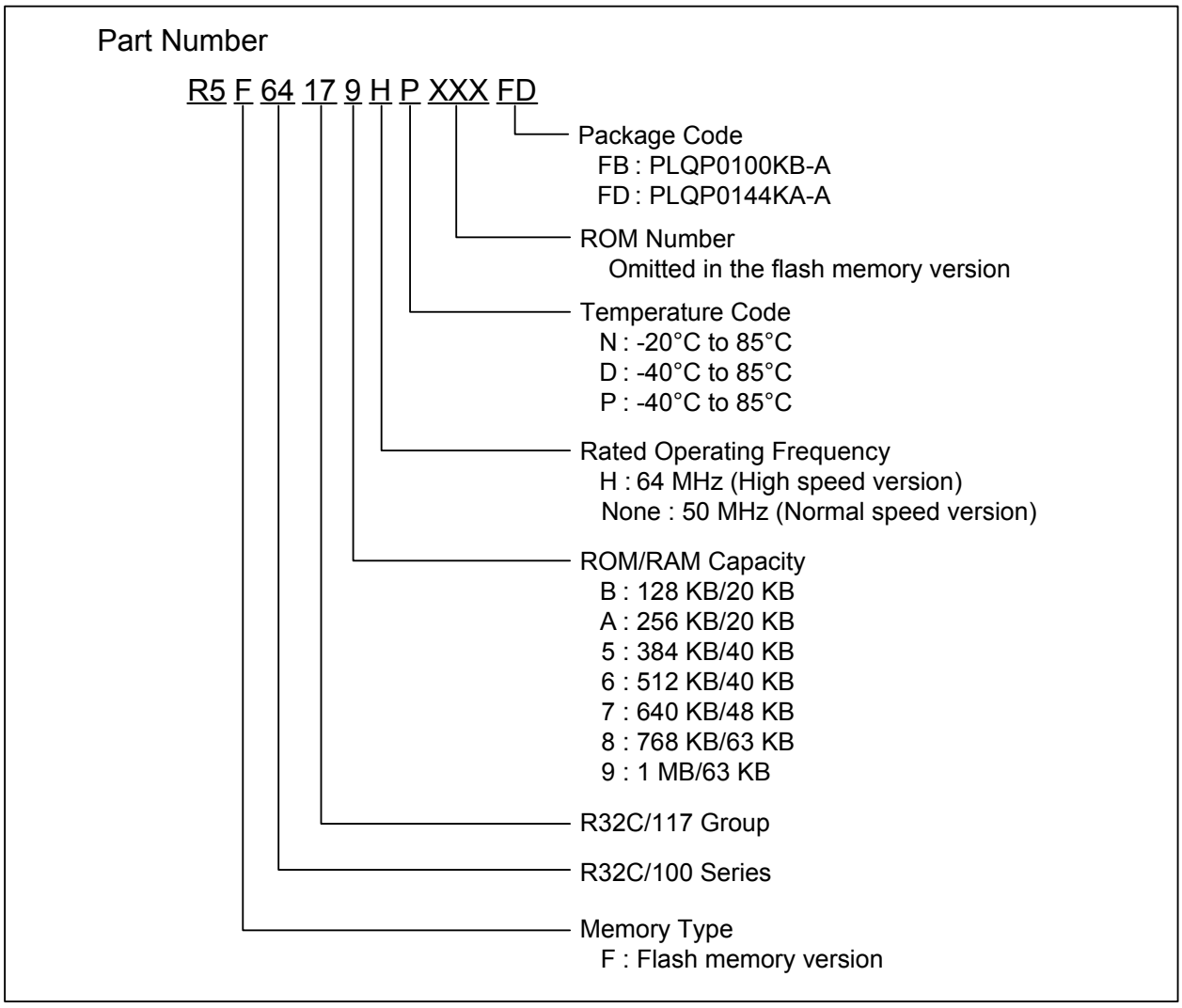
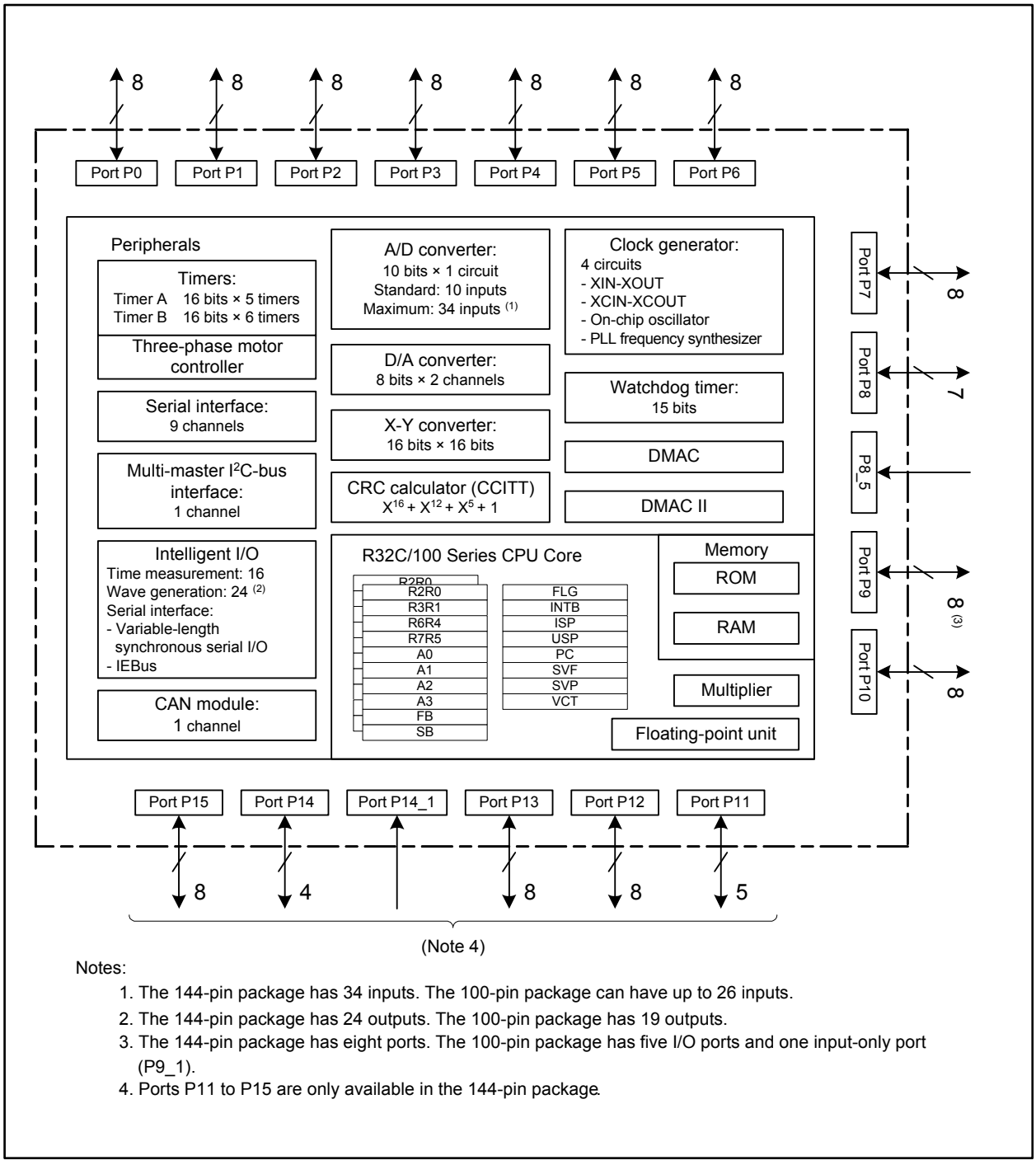


Figure 1.1 Part Numbering

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows the block diagram for the R32C/117 Group.

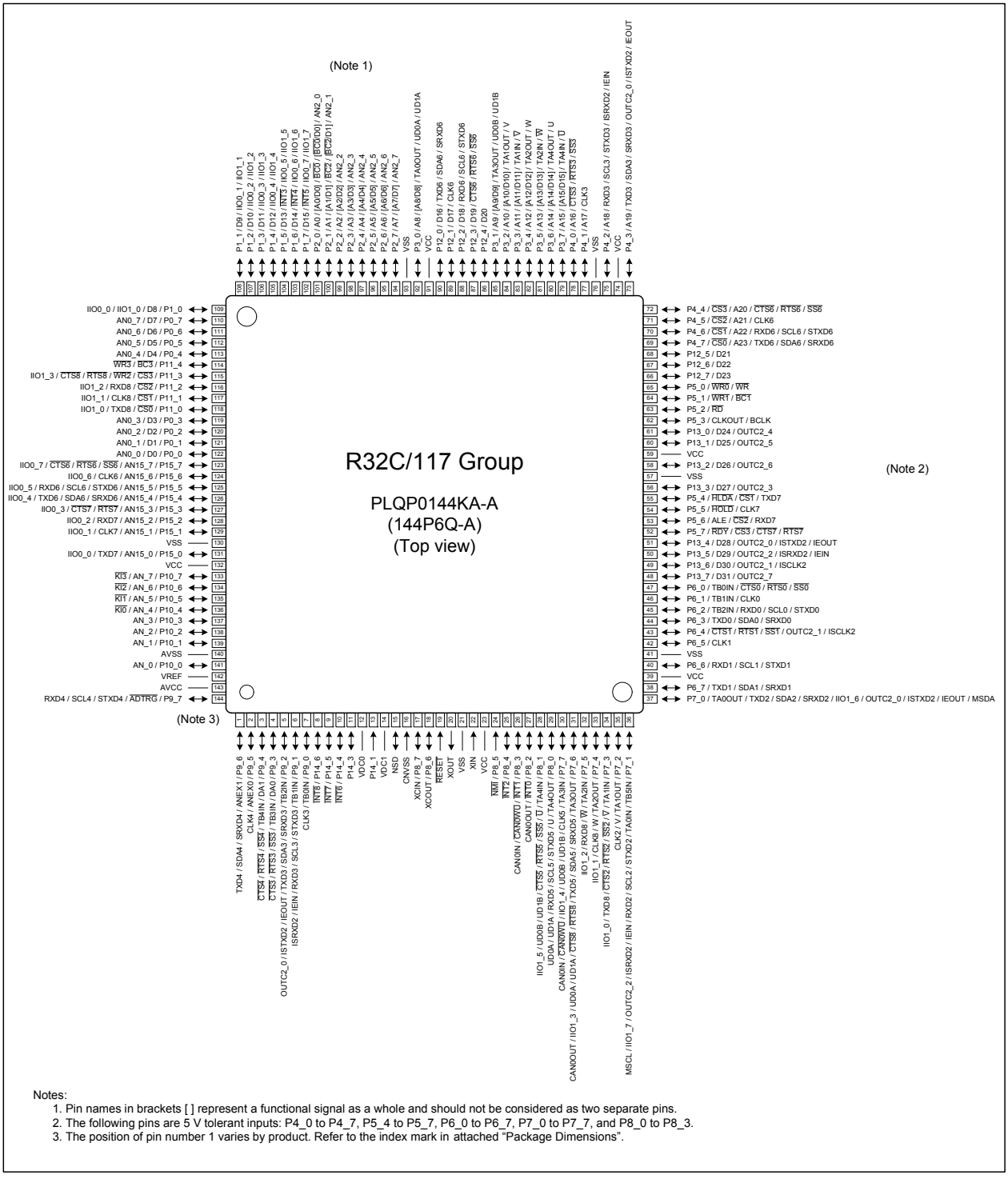


Notes:
1. The 144-pin package has 34 inputs. The 100-pin package can have up to 26 inputs.
2. The 144-pin package has 24 outputs. The 100-pin package has 19 outputs.
3. The 144-pin package has eight ports. The 100-pin package has five I/O ports and one input-only port (P9_1).
4. Ports P11 to P15 are only available in the 144-pin package.

Figure 1.2 R32C/117 Group Block Diagram

1.4 Pin Assignments

Figures 1.3 and 1.4 show the pin assignments (top view) and Tables 1.7 to 1.13 list the pin characteristics.



Notes:
1. Pin names in brackets [ ] represent a functional signal as a whole and should not be considered as two separate pins.
2. The following pins are 5 V tolerant inputs: P4_0 to P4_7, P5_4 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, and P8_0 to P8_3.
3. The position of pin number 1 varies by product. Refer to the index mark in attached "Package Dimensions".

Figure 1.3 Pin Assignment for the 144-pin Package (top view)

Table 1.7 Pin Characteristics for the 144-pin Package (1/4)

Pin No.	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Module Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
1		P9_6			TXD4/SDA4/SRXD4		ANEX1	
2		P9_5			CLK4		ANEX0	
3		P9_4		TB4IN	CTS4/RTS4/SS4		DA1	
4		P9_3		TB3IN	CTS3/RTS3/SS3		DA0	
5		P9_2		TB2IN	TXD3/SDA3/SRXD3	OUTC2_0/ISTXD2/ IEOUT		
6		P9_1		TB1IN	RXD3/SCL3/STXD3	ISRXD2/IEIN		
7		P9_0		TB0IN	CLK3			
8		P14_6	INT8					
9		P14_5	INT7					
10		P14_4	INT6					
11		P14_3						
12	VDC0							
13		P14_1						
14	VDC1							
15	NSD							
16	CNVSS							
17	XCIN	P8_7						
18	XCOUT	P8_6						
19	RESET							
20	XOUT							
21	VSS							
22	XIN							
23	VCC							
24		P8_5	NMI					
25		P8_4	INT2					
26		P8_3	INT1		CAN0IN/CAN0WU			
27		P8_2	INT0		CAN0OUT			
28		P8_1		TA4IN/U	CTS5/RTS5/SS5	IIO1_5/UD0B/UD1B		
29		P8_0		TA4OUT/U	RXD5/SCL5/STXD5	UD0A/UD1A		
30		P7_7		TA3IN	CLK5/CAN0IN/ CAN0WU	IIO1_4/UD0B/UD1B		
31		P7_6		TA3OUT	TXD5/SDA5/SRXD5/ CTS8/RTS8/CAN0OUT	IIO1_3/UD0A/UD1A		
32		P7_5		TA2IN/W	RXD8	IIO1_2		
33		P7_4		TA2OUT/W	CLK8	IIO1_1		
34		P7_3		TA1IN/V	CTS2/RTS2/SS2/TXD8	IIO1_0		
35		P7_2		TA1OUT/V	CLK2			
36		P7_1		TA0IN/ TB5IN	RXD2/SCL2/STXD2/ MSCL	IIO1_7/OUTC2_2/ ISRXD2/IEIN		

Table 1.8 Pin Characteristics for the 144-pin Package (2/4)

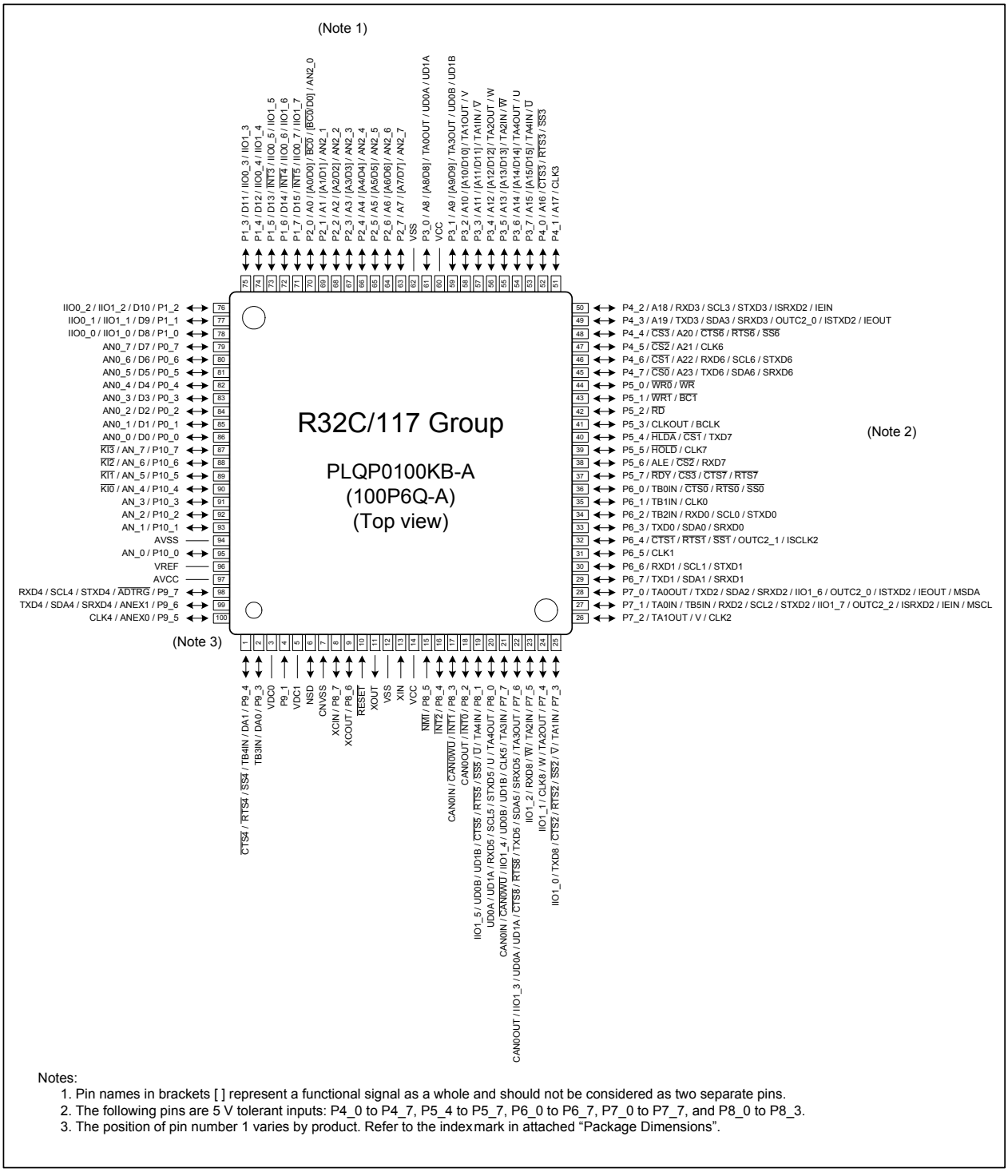
Pin No.	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Module Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
37		P7_0		TA0OUT	TXD2/SDA2/SRXD2/ MSDA	IIO1_6/OUTC2_0/ ISTXD2/IEOUT		
38		P6_7			TXD1/SDA1/SRXD1			
39	VCC							
40		P6_6			RXD1/SCL1/STXD1			
41	VSS							
42		P6_5			CLK1			
43		P6_4			$\overline{\text{CTS1}}/\overline{\text{RTS1}}/\overline{\text{SS1}}$	OUTC2_1/ISCLK2		
44		P6_3			TXD0/SDA0/SRXD0			
45		P6_2		TB2IN	RXD0/SCL0/STXD0			
46		P6_1		TB1IN	CLK0			
47		P6_0		TB0IN	$\overline{\text{CTS0}}/\overline{\text{RTS0}}/\overline{\text{SS0}}$			
48		P13_7				OUTC2_7		D31
49		P13_6				OUTC2_1/ISCLK2		D30
50		P13_5				OUTC2_2/ISRXD2/ IEIN		D29
51		P13_4				OUTC2_0/ISTXD2/ IEOUT		D28
52		P5_7			$\overline{\text{CTS7}}/\overline{\text{RTS7}}$			$\overline{\text{RDY}}/\overline{\text{CS3}}$
53		P5_6			RXD7			ALE/$\overline{\text{CS2}}$
54		P5_5			CLK7			$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$
55		P5_4			TXD7			$\overline{\text{HLDA}}/\overline{\text{CS1}}$
56		P13_3				OUTC2_3		D27
57	VSS							
58		P13_2				OUTC2_6		D26
59	VCC							
60		P13_1				OUTC2_5		D25
61		P13_0				OUTC2_4		D24
62		P5_3						CLKOUT/ BCLK
63		P5_2						$\overline{\text{RD}}$
64		P5_1						$\overline{\text{WR1}}/\overline{\text{BC1}}$
65		P5_0						$\overline{\text{WR0}}/\overline{\text{WR}}$
66		P12_7						D23
67		P12_6						D22
68		P12_5						D21
69		P4_7			TXD6/SDA6/SRXD6			$\overline{\text{CS0}}$/A23
70		P4_6			RXD6/SCL6/STXD6			$\overline{\text{CS1}}$/A22
71		P4_5			CLK6			$\overline{\text{CS2}}$/A21
72		P4_4			$\overline{\text{CTS6}}/\overline{\text{RTS6}}/\overline{\text{SS6}}$			$\overline{\text{CS3}}$/A20
73		P4_3			TXD3/SDA3/SRXD3	OUTC2_0/ISTXD2/ IEOUT		A19
74	VCC							

Table 1.9 Pin Characteristics for the 144-pin Package (3/4)

Pin No.	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Module Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
75		P4_2			RXD3/SCL3/STXD3	ISRXD2/IEIN		A18
76	VSS							
77		P4_1			CLK3			A17
78		P4_0			$\overline{\text{CTS3}}/\overline{\text{RTS3}}/\overline{\text{SS3}}$			A16
79		P3_7		TA4IN/$\overline{\text{U}}$				A15(/D15)
80		P3_6		TA4OUT/U				A14(/D14)
81		P3_5		TA2IN/$\overline{\text{W}}$				A13(/D13)
82		P3_4		TA2OUT/W				A12(/D12)
83		P3_3		TA1IN/$\overline{\text{V}}$				A11(/D11)
84		P3_2		TA1OUT/V				A10(/D10)
85		P3_1		TA3OUT		UD0B/UD1B		A9(/D9)
86		P12_4						D20
87		P12_3			$\overline{\text{CTS6}}/\overline{\text{RTS6}}/\overline{\text{SS6}}$			D19
88		P12_2			RXD6/SCL6/STXD6			D18
89		P12_1			CLK6			D17
90		P12_0			TXD6/SDA6/SRXD6			D16
91	VCC							
92		P3_0		TA0OUT		UD0A/UD1A		A8(/D8)
93	VSS							
94		P2_7					AN2_7	A7(/D7)
95		P2_6					AN2_6	A6(/D6)
96		P2_5					AN2_5	A5(/D5)
97		P2_4					AN2_4	A4(/D4)
98		P2_3					AN2_3	A3(/D3)
99		P2_2					AN2_2	A2(/D2)
100		P2_1					AN2_1	A1(/D1)/ $\overline{\text{BC2}}$(/D1)
101		P2_0					AN2_0	A0(/D0)/ $\overline{\text{BC0}}$(/D0)
102		P1_7	$\overline{\text{INT5}}$			IIO0_7/IIO1_7		D15
103		P1_6	$\overline{\text{INT4}}$			IIO0_6/IIO1_6		D14
104		P1_5	$\overline{\text{INT3}}$			IIO0_5/IIO1_5		D13
105		P1_4				IIO0_4/IIO1_4		D12
106		P1_3				IIO0_3/IIO1_3		D11
107		P1_2				IIO0_2/IIO1_2		D10
108		P1_1				IIO0_1/IIO1_1		D9
109		P1_0				IIO0_0/IIO1_0		D8
110		P0_7					AN0_7	D7
111		P0_6					AN0_6	D6
112		P0_5					AN0_5	D5
113		P0_4					AN0_4	D4
114		P11_4						$\overline{\text{BC3}}/\overline{\text{WR3}}$

Table 1.10 Pin Characteristics for the 144-pin Package (4/4)

Pin No.	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Module Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
115		P11_3			$\overline{\text{CTS8}}$/$\overline{\text{RTS8}}$	IIO1_3		$\overline{\text{CS3}}$/$\overline{\text{WR2}}$
116		P11_2			RXD8	IIO1_2		$\overline{\text{CS2}}$
117		P11_1			CLK8	IIO1_1		$\overline{\text{CS1}}$
118		P11_0			TXD8	IIO1_0		$\overline{\text{CS0}}$
119		P0_3					AN0_3	D3
120		P0_2					AN0_2	D2
121		P0_1					AN0_1	D1
122		P0_0					AN0_0	D0
123		P15_7			$\overline{\text{CTS6}}$/$\overline{\text{RTS6}}$/$\overline{\text{SS6}}$	IIO0_7	AN15_7	
124		P15_6			CLK6	IIO0_6	AN15_6	
125		P15_5			RXD6/SCL6/STXD6	IIO0_5	AN15_5	
126		P15_4			TXD6/SDA6/SRXD6	IIO0_4	AN15_4	
127		P15_3			$\overline{\text{CTS7}}$/$\overline{\text{RTS7}}$	IIO0_3	AN15_3	
128		P15_2			RXD7	IIO0_2	AN15_2	
129		P15_1			CLK7	IIO0_1	AN15_1	
130	VSS							
131		P15_0			TXD7	IIO0_0	AN15_0	
132	VCC							
133		P10_7	$\overline{\text{KI3}}$				AN_7	
134		P10_6	$\overline{\text{KI2}}$				AN_6	
135		P10_5	$\overline{\text{KI1}}$				AN_5	
136		P10_4	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$				AN_4	
137		P10_3					AN_3	
138		P10_2					AN_2	
139		P10_1					AN_1	
140	AVSS							
141		P10_0					AN_0	
142	VREF							
143	AVCC							
144		P9_7			RXD4/SCL4/STXD4		$\overline{\text{ADTRG}}$	



Notes:
1. Pin names in brackets [ ] represent a functional signal as a whole and should not be considered as two separate pins.
2. The following pins are 5 V tolerant inputs: P4_0 to P4_7, P5_4 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, and P8_0 to P8_3.
3. The position of pin number 1 varies by product. Refer to the index mark in attached “Package Dimensions”.

Figure 1.4 Pin Assignment for the 100-pin Package (top view)

Table 1.11 Pin Characteristics for the 100-pin Package (1/3)

Pin No.	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Module Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
1		P9_4		TB4IN	CTS4/RTS4/SS4		DA1	
2		P9_3		TB3IN			DA0	
3	VDC0							
4		P9_1						
5	VDC1							
6	NSD							
7	CNVSS							
8	XCIN	P8_7						
9	XCOUT	P8_6						
10	RESET							
11	XOUT							
12	VSS							
13	XIN							
14	VCC							
15		P8_5	NMI					
16		P8_4	INT2					
17		P8_3	INT1		CAN0IN/CAN0WU			
18		P8_2	INT0		CAN0OUT			
19		P8_1		TA4IN/U	CTS5/RTS5/SS5	IIO1_5/UD0B/UD1B		
20		P8_0		TA4OUT/U	RXD5/SCL5/STXD5	UD0A/UD1A		
21		P7_7		TA3IN	CLK5/CAN0IN/ CAN0WU	IIO1_4/UD0B/UD1B		
22		P7_6		TA3OUT	TXD5/SDA5/SRXD5/ CTS8/RTS8/CAN0OUT	IIO1_3/UD0A/UD1A		
23		P7_5		TA2IN/W	RXD8	IIO1_2		
24		P7_4		TA2OUT/W	CLK8	IIO1_1		
25		P7_3		TA1IN/V	CTS2/RTS2/SS2/TXD8	IIO1_0		
26		P7_2		TA1OUT/V	CLK2			
27		P7_1		TA0IN/ TB5IN	RXD2/SCL2/STXD2/ MSCL	IIO1_7/OUTC2_2/ ISRXD2/IEIN		
28		P7_0		TA0OUT	TXD2/SDA2/SRXD2/ MSDA	IIO1_6/OUTC2_0/ ISTXD2/IEOUT		
29		P6_7			TXD1/SDA1/SRXD1			
30		P6_6			RXD1/SCL1/STXD1			
31		P6_5			CLK1			
32		P6_4			CTS1/RTS1/SS1	OUTC2_1/ISCLK2		
33		P6_3			TXD0/SDA0/SRXD0			
34		P6_2		TB2IN	RXD0/SCL0/STXD0			
35		P6_1		TB1IN	CLK0			
36		P6_0		TB0IN	CTS0/RTS0/SS0			
37		P5_7			CTS7/RTS7			RDY/CS3
38		P5_6			RXD7			ALE/CS2

Table 1.12 Pin Characteristics for the 100-pin Package (2/3)

Pin No.	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Module Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
39		P5_5			CLK7			$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$
40		P5_4			TXD7			$\overline{\text{HLDA}}$/$\overline{\text{CS1}}$
41		P5_3						CLKOUT/ BCLK
42		P5_2						$\overline{\text{RD}}$
43		P5_1						$\overline{\text{WR1}}$/$\overline{\text{BC1}}$
44		P5_0						$\overline{\text{WR0}}$/$\overline{\text{WR}}$
45		P4_7			TXD6/SDA6/SRXD6			$\overline{\text{CS0}}$/A23
46		P4_6			RXD6/SCL6/STXD6			$\overline{\text{CS1}}$/A22
47		P4_5			CLK6			$\overline{\text{CS2}}$/A21
48		P4_4			$\overline{\text{CTS6}}$/$\overline{\text{RTS6}}$/$\overline{\text{SS6}}$			$\overline{\text{CS3}}$/A20
49		P4_3			TXD3/SDA3/SRXD3	OUTC2_0/ISTXD2/ IEOUT		A19
50		P4_2			RXD3/SCL3/STXD3	ISRXD2/IEIN		A18
51		P4_1			CLK3			A17
52		P4_0			$\overline{\text{CTS3}}$/$\overline{\text{RTS3}}$/$\overline{\text{SS3}}$			A16
53		P3_7		TA4IN/$\overline{\text{U}}$				A15(/D15)
54		P3_6		TA4OUT/U				A14(/D14)
55		P3_5		TA2IN/$\overline{\text{W}}$				A13(/D13)
56		P3_4		TA2OUT/W				A12(/D12)
57		P3_3		TA1IN/$\overline{\text{V}}$				A11(/D11)
58		P3_2		TA1OUT/V				A10(/D10)
59		P3_1		TA3OUT		UD0B/UD1B		A9(/D9)
60	VCC							
61		P3_0		TA0OUT		UD0A/UD1A		A8(/D8)
62	VSS							
63		P2_7					AN2_7	A7(/D7)
64		P2_6					AN2_6	A6(/D6)
65		P2_5					AN2_5	A5(/D5)
66		P2_4					AN2_4	A4(/D4)
67		P2_3					AN2_3	A3(/D3)
68		P2_2					AN2_2	A2(/D2)
69		P2_1					AN2_1	A1(/D1)
70		P2_0					AN2_0	A0(/D0)/ $\overline{\text{BC0}}$(/D0)
71		P1_7	$\overline{\text{INT5}}$			IIO0_7/IIO1_7		D15
72		P1_6	$\overline{\text{INT4}}$			IIO0_6/IIO1_6		D14
73		P1_5	$\overline{\text{INT3}}$			IIO0_5/IIO1_5		D13
74		P1_4				IIO0_4/IIO1_4		D12
75		P1_3				IIO0_3/IIO1_3		D11

Table 1.13 Pin Characteristics for the 100-pin Package (3/3)

Pin No.	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt Pin	Timer Pin	UART/CAN Module Pin	Intelligent I/O Pin	Analog Pin	Bus Control Pin
76		P1_2				IIO0_2/IIO1_2		D10
77		P1_1				IIO0_1/IIO1_1		D9
78		P1_0				IIO0_0/IIO1_0		D8
79		P0_7					AN0_7	D7
80		P0_6					AN0_6	D6
81		P0_5					AN0_5	D5
82		P0_4					AN0_4	D4
83		P0_3					AN0_3	D3
84		P0_2					AN0_2	D2
85		P0_1					AN0_1	D1
86		P0_0					AN0_0	D0
87		P10_7	$\overline{KI3}$				AN_7	
88		P10_6	$\overline{KI2}$				AN_6	
89		P10_5	$\overline{KI1}$				AN_5	
90		P10_4	$\overline{KI0}$				AN_4	
91		P10_3					AN_3	
92		P10_2					AN_2	
93		P10_1					AN_1	
94	AVSS							
95		P10_0					AN_0	
96	VREF							
97	AVCC							
98		P9_7			RXD4/SCL4/STXD4		$\overline{ADTRG}$	
99		P9_6			TXD4/SDA4/SRXD4		ANEX1	
100		P9_5			CLK4		ANEX0	

1.5 Pin Definitions and Functions

Tables 1.14 to 1.18 list the pin definitions and functions.

Table 1.14 Pin Definitions and Functions (1/4)

Function	Symbol	I/O	Description
Power supply	VCC, VSS	I	Applicable as follows: VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V
Connecting pins for decoupling capacitor	VDC0, VDC1	—	A decoupling capacitor for internal voltage should be connected between VDC0 and VDC1
Analog power supply	AVCC, AVSS	I	Power supply for the A/D converter. AVCC and AVSS should be connected to VCC and VSS, respectively
Reset input	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	The MCU is reset when this pin is driven low
CNVSS	CNVSS	I	This pin should be connected to VSS via a resistor
Debug port	NSD	I/O	This pin is to communicate with a debugger. It should be connected to VCC via a resistor of 1 to 4.7 kΩ
Main clock input	XIN	I	Input/output for the main clock oscillator. A crystal, or a ceramic resonator should be connected between pins XIN and XOUT. An external clock should be input at the XIN while leaving the XOUT open
Main clock output	XOUT	O	
Sub clock input	XCIN	I	Input/output for the sub clock oscillator. A crystal oscillator should be connected between pins XCIN and XCOUT. An external clock should be input at the XCIN while leaving the XCOUT open
Sub clock output	XCOUT	O	
BCLK output	BCLK	O	BCLK output
Clock output	CLKOUT	O	Output of the clock with the same frequency as low speed clocks, f8, or f32
External interrupt input	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ to $\overline{\text{INT8}}$ (1)	I	Input for external interrupts
NMI input	P8_5/$\overline{\text{NMI}}$	I	Input for NMI
Key input interrupt	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$ to $\overline{\text{KI3}}$	I	Input for the key input interrupt
Bus control pins	D0 to D7	I/O	Input/output of data (D0 to D7) while accessing an external memory space with a separate bus
	D8 to D15	I/O	Input/output of data (D8 to D15) while accessing an external memory space with 16-bit or 32-bit separate bus
	D16 to D31 (2)	I/O	Input/output of data (D16 to D31) while accessing an external memory space with 32-bit separate bus
	A0 to A23	O	Output of address bits A0 to A23
	A0/D0 to A7/D7	I/O	Output of address bits (A0 to A7) and input/output of data (D0 to D7) by time-division while accessing an external memory space with multiplexed bus
	A8/D8 to A15/D15	I/O	Output of address bits (A8 to A15) and input/output of data (D8 to D15) by time-division while accessing an external memory space with 16-bit or 32-bit multiplexed bus

Notes:
1. Pins $\overline{\text{INT6}}$ to $\overline{\text{INT8}}$ are available in the 144-pin package only.
2. Pins D16 to D31 are available in the 144-pin package only.

Table 1.15 Pin Definitions and Functions (2/4)

Function	Symbol	I/O	Description
Bus control pins	$\overline{BC0}$/D0, $\overline{BC2}$/D1 (1)	I/O	Output of byte control ($\overline{BC0}$ and $\overline{BC2}$) and input/output of data (D0 and D1) by time-division while accessing an external memory space with multiplexed bus
	$\overline{CS0}$ to $\overline{CS3}$	O	Chip select output
	$\overline{WR0}$/$\overline{WR1}$/$\overline{WR2}$/$\overline{WR3}$, $\overline{WR}$/$\overline{BC0}$/$\overline{BC1}$/$\overline{BC2}$/$\overline{BC3}$, $\overline{RD}$ (1)	O	Output of write, byte control, and read signals. Either $\overline{WRx}$ or $\overline{WR}$ and $\overline{BCx}$ can be selected by a program. Data is read when $\overline{RD}$ is low. • When $\overline{WR0}$, $\overline{WR1}$, $\overline{WR2}$, $\overline{WR3}$, and $\overline{RD}$ are selected, data is written to the following address: 4n+0, when $\overline{WR0}$ is low 4n+1, when $\overline{WR1}$ is low 4n+2, when $\overline{WR2}$ is low 4n+3, when $\overline{WR3}$ is low on 32-bit external data bus or an even address, when $\overline{WR0}$ is low an odd address, when $\overline{WR1}$ is low on 16-bit external data bus • When $\overline{WR}$, $\overline{BC0}$, $\overline{BC1}$, $\overline{BC2}$, $\overline{BC3}$, and $\overline{RD}$ are selected, data is written, when $\overline{WR}$ is low and the following address is accessed: 4n+0, when $\overline{BC0}$ is low 4n+1, when $\overline{BC1}$ is low 4n+2, when $\overline{BC2}$ is low 4n+3, when $\overline{BC3}$ is low on 32-bit external data bus or an even address, when $\overline{BC0}$ is low an odd address, when $\overline{BC1}$ is low on 16-bit external data bus
	ALE	O	Latch enable signal in multiplexed bus format
	$\overline{HOLD}$	I	The MCU is in a hold state while this pin is held low
	$\overline{HLDA}$	O	This pin is driven low while the MCU is held in a hold state
	$\overline{RDY}$	I	Bus cycle is extended by the CPU if this pin is low on the falling edge of BCLK

Note:
1. Pins $\overline{BC2}$/D1, $\overline{WR2}$, $\overline{WR3}$, $\overline{BC2}$, and $\overline{BC3}$ are available in the 144-pin package only.

Table 1.16 Pin Definitions and Functions (3/4)

Function	Symbol	I/O	Description
I/O port (1, 2)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_4, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_3 to P14_6, P15_0 to P15_7	I/O	I/O ports in CMOS. Each port can be programmed to input or output under the control of the direction register. Some ports are 5 V tolerant inputs. Pull-up resistors and N-channel open drain setting can be enabled on some ports. Refer to Table 1.18 “Pin Specifications” for details
Input port (2)	P9_1 (for 100-pin package) P14_1 (for 144-pin package)	I	Input port in CMOS Pull-up resistor is selectable. Refer to Table 1.18 “Pin Specifications” for details
Timer A	TA0OUT to TA4OUT	I/O	Timers A0 to A4 input/output
	TA0IN to TA4IN	I	Timers A0 to A4 input
Timer B	TB0IN to TB5IN	I	Timers B0 to B5 input
Three-phase motor control timer output	U, $\overline{U}$, V, $\overline{V}$, W, $\overline{W}$	O	Three-phase motor control timer output
Serial interface	$\overline{CTS0}$ to $\overline{CTS8}$	I	Handshake input
	$\overline{RTS0}$ to $\overline{RTS8}$	O	Handshake output
	CLK0 to CLK8	I/O	Transmit/receive clock input/output
	RXD0 to RXD8	I	Serial data input
	TXD0 to TXD8	O	Serial data output
I^2C-bus (simplified)	SDA0 to SDA6	I/O	Serial data input/output
	SCL0 to SCL6	I/O	Transmit/receive clock input/output
Serial interface special functions	STXD0 to STXD6	O	Serial data output in slave mode
	SRXD0 to SRXD6	I	Serial data input in slave mode
	$\overline{SS0}$ to $\overline{SS6}$	I	Input to control serial interface special functions

Notes:
1. Port P9_1 in the 100-pin package is an input-only port.
2. Ports P9_0, P9_2, and P11 to P15 are available in the 144-pin package only.

Table 1.17 Pin Definitions and Functions (4/4)

Function	Symbol	I/O	Description
A/D converter	AN_0 to AN_7, AN0_0 to AN0_7, AN2_0 to AN2_7, AN15_0 to AN15_7 (1)	I	Analog input for the A/D converter
	$\overline{\text{ADTRG}}$	I	External trigger input for the A/D converter
	ANEX0	I/O	Expanded analog input for the A/D converter and output in external op-amp connection mode
	ANEX1	I	Expanded analog input for the A/D converter
D/A converter	DA0, DA1	O	Output for the D/A converter
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input for the A/D converter and D/A converter
Intelligent I/O	IIO0_0 to IIO0_7	I/O	Input/output for Intelligent I/O group 0. Either input capture or output compare is selectable
	IIO1_0 to IIO1_7	I/O	Input/output for Intelligent I/O group 1. Either input capture or output compare is selectable
	UD0A, UD0B, UD1A, UD1B	I	Input for the two-phase encoder
	OUTC2_0 to OUTC2_7 (2)	O	Output for OC (output compare) of Intelligent I/O group 2
	ISCLK2	I/O	Clock input/output for the serial interface
	ISRXD2	I	Receive data input for the serial interface
	ISTXD2	O	Transmit data output for the serial interface
	IEIN	I	Receive data input for the serial interface
	IEOUT	O	Transmit data output for the serial interface
Multi-master I^2C-bus	MSDA	I/O	Serial data input/output
	MSCL	I/O	Transmit/receive clock input/output
CAN Module	CAN0IN	I	Receive data input for the CAN communications
	CAN0OUT	O	Transmit data output for the CAN communications
	$\overline{\text{CAN0WU}}$	I	Input for the CAN wake-up interrupt

Notes:
1. Pins AN15_0 to AN15_7 are available in the 144-pin package only.
2. Pins OUTC2_3 to OUTC2_7 are available in the 144-pin package only.

Table 1.18 Pin Specifications

Pin Names	Package		Selectable Functions		5 V Tolerant Input (3)
	144-pin	100-pin	Pull-up resistor (1)	N-channel open drain (2)	
P0_0 to P0_7	✓	✓	✓		
P1_0 to P1_7	✓	✓	✓		
P2_0 to P2_7	✓	✓	✓		
P3_0 to P3_7	✓	✓	✓		
P4_0 to P4_7	✓	✓		✓	✓
P5_0 to P5_3	✓	✓	✓		
P5_4 to P5_7	✓	✓		✓	✓
P6_0 to P6_7	✓	✓		✓	✓
P7_0 to P7_7	✓	✓		✓	✓
P8_0 to P8_3	✓	✓		✓	✓
P8_4, P8_6, P8_7	✓	✓	✓		
P9_0 to P9_3 (144-pin)	✓		✓	✓	
P9_1, P9_3 (100-pin)		✓	✓		
P9_4 to P9_7	✓	✓	✓	✓	
P10_0 to P10_7	✓	✓	✓		
P11_0 to P11_3	✓		✓	✓	
P11_4	✓		✓		
P12_0 to P12_3	✓		✓	✓	
P12_4 to P12_7	✓		✓		
P13_0 to P13_7	✓		✓		
P14_1, P14_3	✓		✓		
P14_4 to P14_6	✓		✓		
P15_0 to P15_7	✓		✓	✓	

Notes:
1. Pull-up resistors are selected for the following 4-pin units: Pi_0 to Pi_3 and Pi_4 to Pi_7 (i = 0 to 15); however, they are enabled only for the input pins.
2. N-channel open drain output can be enabled on the applicable pins on a discrete pin basis.
3. 5 V tolerant input is enabled when an applicable pin is set as an input port. When it is set as an I/O port, to enable 5 V tolerant input, this pin should be set as N-channel open drain output.

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The CPU contains the registers shown below. There are two register banks each consisting of registers R2R0, R3R1, R6R4, R7R5, A0 to A3, SB, and FB.

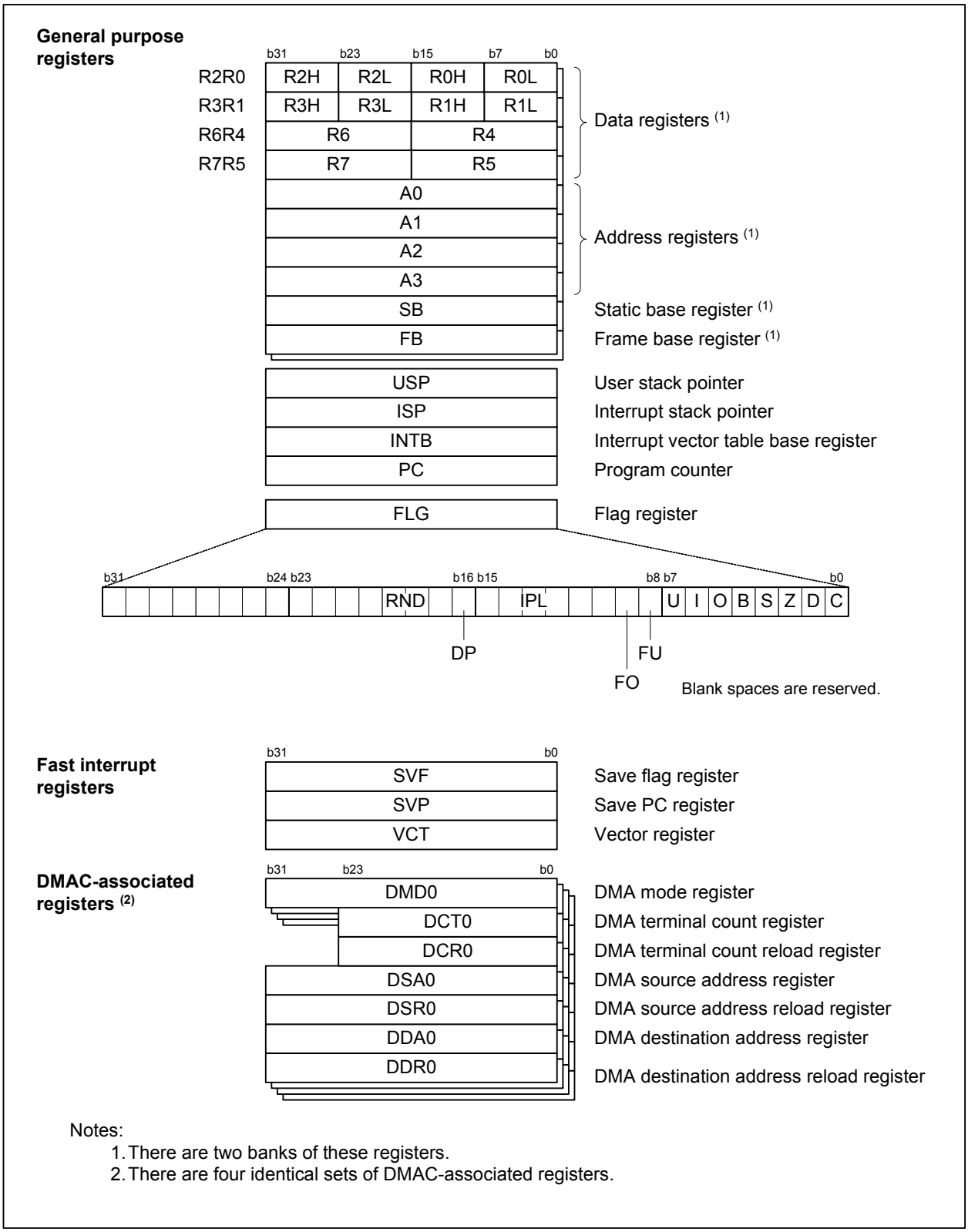


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

2.1 General Purpose Registers

2.1.1 Data Registers (R2R0, R3R1, R6R4, and R7R5)

These 32-bit registers are primarily used for transfers and arithmetic/logic operations.
Each of the registers can be divided into upper and lower 16-bit registers, e.g. R2R0 can be divided into R2 and R0, R3R1 can be divided into R3 and R1, etc.
Moreover, data registers R2R0 and R3R1 can be divided into four 8-bit data registers: upper (R2H and R3H), mid-upper (R2L and R3L), mid-lower (R0H and R1H), and lower (R0L and R1L).

2.1.2 Address Registers (A0, A1, A2, and A3)

These 32-bit registers have functions similar to data registers. They are also used for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing.

2.1.3 Static Base Register (SB)

This 32-bit register is used for SB relative addressing.

2.1.4 Frame Base Register (FB)

This 32-bit register is used for FB relative addressing.

2.1.5 Program Counter (PC)

This 32-bit counter indicates the address of the instruction to be executed next.

2.1.6 Interrupt Vector Table Base Register (INTB)

This 32-bit register indicates the start address of a relocatable vector table.

2.1.7 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

Two types of 32-bit stack pointers (SPs) are provided: user stack pointer (USP) and interrupt stack pointer (ISP).
Use the stack pointer select flag (U flag) to select either the user stack pointer (USP) or the interrupt stack pointer (ISP). The U flag is bit 7 in the flag register (FLG). Refer to 2.1.8 “Flag Register (FLG)” for details.
To minimize the overhead of interrupt sequence due to less memory access, set the user stack pointer (USP) or the interrupt stack pointer (ISP) to a multiple of 4.

2.1.8 Flag Register (FLG)

This 32-bit register indicates the CPU status.

2.1.8.1 Carry Flag (C flag)

This flag retains a carry, borrow, or shifted-out bit generated by the arithmetic logic unit (ALU).

2.1.8.2 Debug Flag (D flag)

This flag is only for debugging. Only set this bit to 0.

2.1.8.3 Zero Flag (Z flag)

This flag becomes 1 when the result of an operation is 0; otherwise it is 0.

2.1.8.4 Sign Flag (S flag)

This flag becomes 1 when the result of an operation is a negative value; otherwise it is 0.