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### **3V W-CDMA BAND 8 LINEAR PA MODULE**

Package Style: Module, 10-Pin, 3mmx3mmx1.0mm

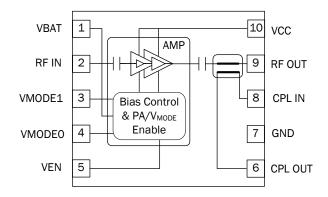


### **Features**

- HSDPA and HSPA+ Compliant
- Low Voltage Positive Bias Supply (3.0V to 4.35V)
- +28.5 dBm Linear Output Power (+27.0 dBm HSDPA)
- High Efficiency Operation 41% at P<sub>OUT</sub>=+28.5dBm 22% at P<sub>OUT</sub>=+18.0dBm 11% at P<sub>OUT</sub>=+10.0dBm
- Low Quiescent Current in Low Power Mode: 6 mA
- Internal Voltage Regulator
  Eliminates the Need for External Reference Voltage (V<sub>RFF</sub>)
- 3-Mode Power States with Digital Control Interface
- Integrated Power Coupler
- Integrated Blocking and Collector Decoupling Capacitors

### **Applications**

- WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Wireless Handsets and Data Cards
- Dual-Mode UMTS Wireless Handsets



Functional Block Diagram

### **Product Description**

The RF7228 is a high-power, high-efficiency, linear power amplifier designed for use as the final RF amplifier in 3V,  $50\Omega$  W-CDMA mobile cellular equipment and spread-spectrum systems. This PA is developed for UMTS Band 8 which operates in the 880MHz to 915MHz frequency band. The RF7228 has two digital control pins to select one of three power modes to optimize performance and current drain at lower power levels. The part also has an integrated directional coupler which eliminates the need for an external discrete coupler at the output. The RF7228 is fully HSDPA and HSPA+ compliant and is assembled in a 10-pin, 3mmx3mm module.

### **Ordering Information**

RF7228 3V W-CDMA Band 8 Linear PA Module RF7228PCBA-410 Fully Assembled Evaluation Board

Optimum recimology Matching® Applied					
GaAs HBT	☐ SiGe BiCMOS	☐ GaAs pHEMT	☐ GaN HEMT		
GaAs MESFET	☐ Si BiCMOS	☐ Si CMOS	☐ RF MEMS		
InGaP HBT	☐ SiGe HBT	☐ Si BJT	☐ LDMOS		



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage in Standby Mode	6.0	V
Supply Voltage in Idle Mode	6.0	V
Supply Voltage in Operating Mode, $50\Omega$ Load	6.0	V
Supply Voltage, V <sub>BAT</sub>	6.0	V
Control Voltage, VMODE0, VMODE1	3.5	V
Control Voltage, V <sub>EN</sub>	3.5	V
RF - Input Power	+10	dBm
RF - Output Power	+30	dBm
Output Load VSWR (Ruggedness)	10:1	
Operating Ambient Temperature	-30 to +110	°C
Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	°C



### Caution! ESD sensitive device.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.

RoHS status based on EUDirective 2002/95/EC (at time of this document revision).

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Dawastan	Specification			11.21	0	
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	. Max.	Unit	Condition	
Recommended Operating Conditions						
Operating Frequency Range	880		915	MHz		
V <sub>BAT</sub>	+3.0	+3.4	+4.35	V		
V <sub>CC</sub>	+3.0 <sup>1</sup>	+3.4	+4.35	V		
V <sub>EN</sub>	0		0.5	V	PA disabled.	
	1.4	1.8	3.0	V	PA enabled.	
V <sub>MODEO</sub> , V <sub>MODE1</sub>	0		0.5	V	Logic "low".	
	1.5	1.8	3.0	V	Logic "high".	
P <sub>OUT</sub>						
Maximum Linear Output (HPM)	28.5 <sup>2,3</sup>			dBm	High Power Mode (HPM)	
Maximum Linear Output (MPM)	18.0 <sup>2,3</sup>			dBm	Medium Power Mode (MPM)	
Maximum Linear Output (LPM)	10.0 <sup>2,3</sup>			dBm	Low Power Mode (LPM)	
Ambient Temperature	-30	+25	+85	°C		

#### Notes:

HSDPA Configuration:  $\beta c=12$ ,  $\beta d=15$ ,  $\beta hs=24$ 

HSPA+ Configuration: Rel7 Subtest 1

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{Minimum}\,\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$  for max  $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$  is indicated.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ For operation at V<sub>CC</sub>=+3.2V, derate P<sub>OUT</sub> by 0.6dB. For operation at V<sub>CC</sub>=3.0V, derate P<sub>OUT</sub> by 1.3dB.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$ P $_{OUT}$  is specified for 3GPP (Rel99) modulation. For HSDPA and HSPA+ operation, derate P $_{OUT}$  by 1.5 dB:



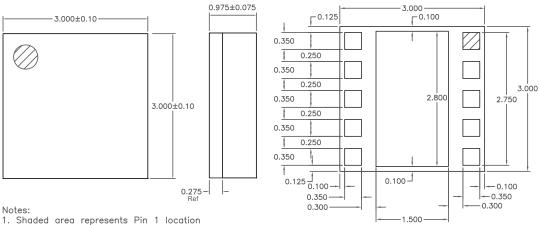
Parameter	Specification			Heit	Condition
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Electrical Specifications					$ \begin{array}{l} \text{T=+25^{\circ}\text{C},V_{\text{CC}}=V_{\text{BAT}}=+3.4\text{V},V_{\text{EN}}=+1.8\text{V},50\Omega} \\ \text{system,W-CDMARel99Modulationunless} \\ \text{otherwise specified.} \end{array} $
Gain	27	30		dB	HPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =28.5 dBm
	16	18		dB	MPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤18.0dBm
	10	13		dB	LPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤10.0dBm
Gain Linearity		±0.7		dB	HPM, 18.0dBm≤P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤28.5dBm
ACLR - 5 MHz Offset		-40		dBc	HPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =28.5dBm
		-40		dBc	MPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =18.0dBm
		-40		dBc	LPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =10.0dBm
ACLR - 10 MHz Offset		-52		dBc	HPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =28.5 dBm
		-60		dBc	MPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =18.0dBm
		-60		dBc	LPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =10.0dBm
PAE		41		%	HPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =28.5 dBm
		22		%	MPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =18.0dBm
		11		%	P <sub>OUT</sub> =11.0dBm
Current Drain		500		mA	HPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =28.5dBm
		85		mA	MPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> =18dBm
		30		mA	LPM, P <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 dBm
Quiescent Current		85		mA	HPM, DC only
Quiescent durent		20		mA	MPM, DC only
		6		mA	LPM, DC only
Enable Current		0.1		mA	Source or sink current. V <sub>EN</sub> =1.8V.
Mode Current (I <sub>MODE0</sub> , I <sub>MODE1</sub> )		0.1		mA	Source or sink current. V <sub>MODEO</sub> , V <sub>MODE1</sub> =1.8V.
Leakage Current		5.0	15.0	μА	DC only. V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>BAT</sub> =4.35V,
				-	V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>MODEO</sub> =V <sub>MODE1</sub> =0.5V.
Noise Power in Receive Band		-135		dBm/Hz	All power modes, measured at duplex offset frequency (FTX+45MHz). Rx: 925MHz to 960MHz, P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤28.5dBm
Input Impedance		1.5:1		VSWR	No ext. matching, P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤28.5dBm, all modes.
Harmonic, 2FO		-15		dBm	P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤28.5 dBm, all power modes.
Harmonic, 3FO		-25		dBm	P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤28.5dBm, all power modes.
Spurious Output Level			-70	dBc	All spurious, $P_{OUT} \le 28.5  dBm$ , all conditions, load VSWR $\le 6:1$ , all phase angles.
Insertion Phase Shift		±25		٥	Phase shift at 18dBm when switching from HPM to MPM and MPM to LPM at 10dBm.
DC Enable Time			10	μS	DC only. Time from $V_{\rm EN}$ =high to stable idle current (90% of steady state value).
RF Rise/Fall Time			6	μS	P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤28.5 dBm, all modes. 90% of target, DC settled prior to RF.
Coupling Factor		-20		dB	P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤28.5 dBm, all modes.
Coupling Accuracy - Temp/Voltage		±0.5		dB	$\begin{array}{l} P_{OUT}{\le}28.5\text{dBm, all modes.} \ \ -30^{\circ}\text{C}{\le}\text{T}{\le}85^{\circ}\text{C},\\ 3.0\text{V}{\le}\text{V}_{CC}^{\circ}\!$
Coupling Accuracy - VSWR		±0.25		dB	P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤28.5dBm, all modes, load VSWR=2:1, ±0.25dB accuracy corresponds to 20dB directivity.



Pin	Function	Description			
1	VBAT	Supply voltage for bias circuitry.			
2	RF IN	RF input internally matched to $50\Omega$ and DC blocked. Input matching includes a shunt inductor to ground which would short DC voltage placed on this pin.			
3	VMODE1	Digital control input for power mode selection (see Operating Modes truth table).			
4	VMODE0	Digital control input for power mode selection (see Operating Modes truth table).			
5	VEN	Digital control input for PA enable and disable (see Operating Modes truth table).			
6	CPL_OUT	Coupler output.			
7	GND	This pin must be grounded.			
8	CPL_IN	Coupler input used for cascading couplers in series. Terminate this pin with a $50\Omega$ resistor if not connected to another coupler.			
9	RF OUT	RF output internally matched to $50\Omega$ and DC blocked.			
10	VCC	Supply voltage for the first and second stage amplifier.			
Pkg Base	GND	Ground connection. The package backside should be soldered to a topside ground pad connecting to the PCB ground plane with multiple ground vias. The pad should have a low thermal resistance and low electrical impedance to the ground plane.			

$V_{EN}$	V <sub>MODEO</sub>	V <sub>MODE1</sub>	V <sub>BAT</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Conditions/Comments
Low	Low	Low	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	Power down mode
Low	Х	X	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	Standby Mode
High	Low	Low	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	High power mode
High	High	Low	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	Medium power mode
High	High	High	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	Low power mode

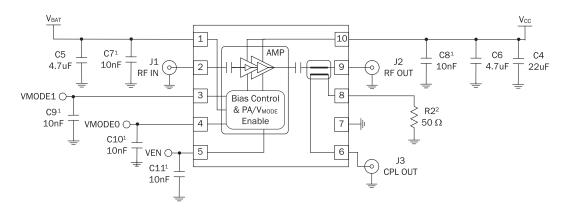
## **Package Drawing**



1. Snaded area represents Pin 1 location



### **Preliminary Application Schematic**



#### NOTES

- 1 Place these capacitors as close to PA as possible.
- $250 \Omega$  resistor will be removed if pin 8 is connected to another coupler.

### **PCB Design Requirements**

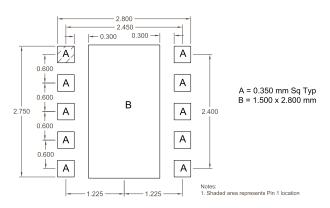
#### **PCB Surface Finish**

The PCB surface finish used for RFMD's qualification process is electroless nickel, immersion gold. Typical thickness is  $3\mu$ inch to  $8\mu$ inch gold over  $180\mu$ inch nickel.

#### **PCB Land Pattern Recommendation**

PCB land patterns for RFMD components are based on IPC-7351 standards and RFMD empirical data. The pad pattern shown has been developed and tested for optimized assembly at RFMD. The PCB land pattern has been developed to accommodate lead and package tolerances. Since surface mount processes vary from company to company, careful process development is recommended.

### **PCB Metal Land Pattern**



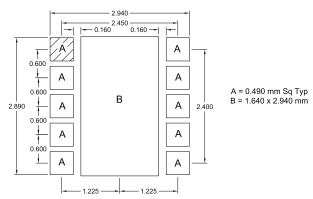
PCB Metal Land Pattern (Top View)

# **RF7228**



#### **PCB Solder Mask Pattern**

Liquid Photo-Imageable (LPI) solder mask is recommended. The solder mask footprint will match what is shown for the PCB metal land pattern with a 2mil to 3mil expansion to accommodate solder mask registration clearance around all pads. The center-grounding pad shall also have a solder mask clearance. Expansion of the pads to create solder mask clearance can be provided in the master data or requested from the PCB fabrication supplier.



PCB Solder Mask Pattern (Top View)

#### Thermal Pad and Via Design

The PCB land pattern has been designed with a thermal pad that matches the die paddle size on the bottom of the device.

Thermal vias are required in the PCB layout to effectively conduct heat away from the package. The via pattern has been designed to address thermal, power dissipation and electrical requirements of the device as well as accommodating routing strategies.

The via pattern used for the RFMD qualification is based on thru-hole vias with 0.203mm to 0.330mm finished hole size on a 0.5mm to 1.2mm grid pattern with 0.025mm plating on via walls. If micro vias are used in a design, it is suggested that the quantity of vias be increased by a 4:1 ratio to achieve similar results.