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Reference Specification

175°C Operation Leaded MLCC for Automotive with AEC-Q200 RHS Series

Product specifications in this catalog are as of Feb. 2018, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

⚠ CAUTION

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor within rated voltage containing these irregular voltage.

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in input circuits from commercial power source (AC filter), be sure to use Safety Recognized Capacitors because various regulations on withstand voltage or impulse withstand established for each equipment should be taken into considerations.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage(1)	Pulse Voltage(2)
Positional Measurement	Vo-p	Vo-p	Vp-p	Vp-p	Vp-p

2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. In case of Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. Please contact us if self-generated heat is occurred with Class 1 capacitors (Temp.Char. : C0G,U2J,X8G, etc.). When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ϕ 0.1mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability.

3. Fail-safe

Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.

4. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed 5 to 40 °C and 20 to 70%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

7. BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of a bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive or molding resin may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 °C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

1. Aircraft equipment 2. Aerospace equipment

3. Undersea equipment 4. Power plant control equipment

5. Medical equipment6. Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)7. Traffic signal equipment8. Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment

9. Data-processing equipment exerting influence on public

10. Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

NOTICE

1. CLEANING (ULTRASONIC CLEANING)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

2. Soldering and Mounting

Insertion of the Lead Wire

- When soldering, insert the lead wire into the PCB without mechanically stressing the lead wire.
- Insert the lead wire into the PCB with a distance appropriate to the lead space.

3. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.)

Class 2 capacitors an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

⚠ NOTE

- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this specification.

1. Application

This specification is applied to 175°C Operation Leaded MLCC RHS series in accordance with AEC-Q200 requirements used for Automotive Electronic equipment.

2. Rating

• Applied maximum temperature up to 175°C

Note: Maximum accumulative time to 175°C is within 2000 hours.

• Part number configuration

ex.)	RHS	N1	2A	103	K	0	A2	H01	В
	Series	Temperature Characteristic	Rated voltage	Capacitance	Capacitance tolerance	Dimension code	Lead code	Individual specification	Packing style
		Griaracteristic	voitage		tolerance	code	code	code	code

Series

Code	Content
RHS	Epoxy coated, 175°C max.

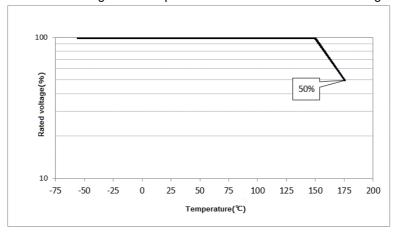
• Temperature characteristic

Code	Temp. Range	Cap. Change (Within%)	Standard Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
N1	-55 ∼ +125°C	+/-15	25°C	-55 ∼ +175°C
INI	+125~+175°C	+15/-60	25°C	-55~+175~0

• Rated voltage

Code	Rated voltage
2A	DC100V

When the product temperature exceeds 150°C, please use this product within the voltage and temperature derated conditions in the figure below.



Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 103.

$$10 \times 10^3 = 10000 pF$$

• Capacitance tolerance

Code	Capacitance tolerance
K	+/-10%

• Dimension code

Code	Dimensions (LxW) mm max.
0	3.8 x 3.5
1	4.0 x 3.5
2	5.5 x 4.0

• Lead code

Code	Lead style	Lead spacing (mm)
A2	Straight type	2.5+/-0.8
DG	Straight taping type	2.5+0.4/-0.2
K1 Inside crimp type		5.0+/-0.8
M2	Inside crimp taping type	5.0+0.6/-0.2

Lead wire is solder coated CP wire.

Individual specification code
 Murata's control code
 Please refer to [Part number list].

• Packing style code

Code	Packing style
Α	Taping type of Ammo
В	Bulk type

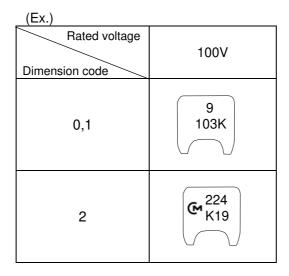
3. Marking

Temp. char. : Letter code : 9
Capacitance : 3 digit numbers

Capacitance tolerance : Code

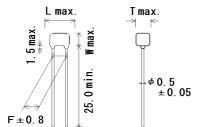
Rated voltage : Letter code : 1 (DC100V only. Except dimension code : 0,1)

Company name code : Abbreviation : (Except dimension code : 0,1)

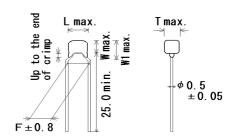


4. Part number list

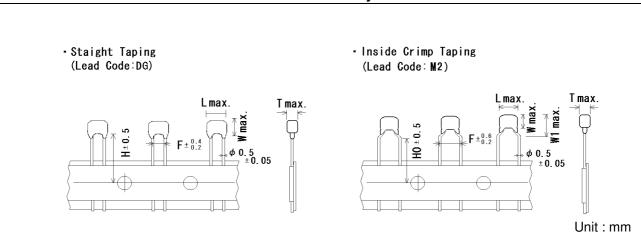
 Straight Long (Lead Code: A2)



Inside Crimp (Lead Code:K1)



											J	
Country was a Davit November	Muurata Davit Nuurahau	T.C.	DC Rated	0.00	Сар.		Dime	nsion	(mm)		Size	Pack
Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	1.0.	Volt. (V)	Сар.	tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	Lead Code	qty. (pcs)
	RHSN12A472K0A2H01B	XAN	100	4700pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	0A2	500
	RHSN12A682K0A2H01B	XAN	100	6800pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	0A2	500
	RHSN12A103K0A2H01B	XAN	100	10000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	0A2	500
	RHSN12A153K0A2H01B	XAN	100	15000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	0A2	500
	RHSN12A223K0A2H01B	XAN	100	22000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	0A2	500
	RHSN12A333K1A2H01B	XAN	100	33000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	1A2	500
	RHSN12A473K1A2H01B	XAN	100	47000pF	$\pm 10\%$	4.0	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	1A2	500
	RHSN12A683K1A2H01B	XAN	100	68000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	1A2	500
	RHSN12A104K1A2H01B	XAN	100	0.1μF	±10%	4.0	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	1A2	500
	RHSN12A154K2A2H01B	XAN	100	0.15μF	±10%	5.5	4.0	-	2.5	3.15	2A2	500
	RHSN12A224K2A2H01B	XAN	100	0.22μF	±10%	5.5	4.0	-	2.5	3.15	2A2	500
	RHSN12A472K0K1H01B	XAN	100	4700pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	0K1	500
	RHSN12A682K0K1H01B	XAN	100	6800pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	0K1	500
	RHSN12A103K0K1H01B	XAN	100	10000pF	$\pm 10\%$	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	0K1	500
	RHSN12A153K0K1H01B	XAN	100	15000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	0K1	500
	RHSN12A223K0K1H01B	XAN	100	22000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	0K1	500
	RHSN12A333K1K1H01B	XAN	100	33000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	2.5	1K1	500
	RHSN12A473K1K1H01B	XAN	100	47000pF	$\pm 10\%$	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	2.5	1K1	500
	RHSN12A683K1K1H01B	XAN	100	68000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	2.5	1K1	500
·	RHSN12A104K1K1H01B	XAN	100	0.1μF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	2.5	1K1	500
<u> </u>	RHSN12A154K2K1H01B	XAN	100	0.15μF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RHSN12A224K2K1H01B	XAN	100	0.22μF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500



Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Con	Con tol		Di	mensi	on (mr	n)		Size	Pack
Customer Fart Number	Murata Fart Number	1.0.	volt. (V)	Cap.	Cap. tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	Н0	Lead Code	qty. (pcs)
	RHSN12A472K0DGH01A	XAN	100	4700pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	0DG	2000
	RHSN12A682K0DGH01A	XAN	100	6800pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	0DG	2000
	RHSN12A103K0DGH01A	XAN	100	10000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	0DG	2000
	RHSN12A153K0DGH01A	XAN	100	15000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	0DG	2000
	RHSN12A223K0DGH01A	XAN	100	22000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	0DG	2000
	RHSN12A333K1DGH01A	XAN	100	33000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	1DG	2000
	RHSN12A473K1DGH01A	XAN	100	47000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	1DG	2000
	RHSN12A683K1DGH01A	XAN	100	68000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	1DG	2000
	RHSN12A104K1DGH01A	XAN	100	0.1μF	±10%	4.0	3.5	-	2.5	2.5	20.0	1DG	2000
	RHSN12A154K2DGH01A	XAN	100	0.15μF	±10%	5.5	4.0	-	2.5	3.15	20.0	2DG	1500
	RHSN12A224K2DGH01A	XAN	100	0.22μF	±10%	5.5	4.0	-	2.5	3.15	20.0	2DG	1500
	RHSN12A472K0M2H01A	XAN	100	4700pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	0M2	2000
	RHSN12A682K0M2H01A	XAN	100	6800pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	0M2	2000
	RHSN12A103K0M2H01A	XAN	100	10000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	0M2	2000
	RHSN12A153K0M2H01A	XAN	100	15000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	0M2	2000
	RHSN12A223K0M2H01A	XAN	100	22000pF	±10%	3.8	3.5	6.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	0M2	2000
	RHSN12A333K1M2H01A	XAN	100	33000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	1M2	2000
	RHSN12A473K1M2H01A	XAN	100	47000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	1M2	2000
	RHSN12A683K1M2H01A	XAN	100	68000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	1M2	2000
	RHSN12A104K1M2H01A	XAN	100	0.1μF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	2.5	20.0	1M2	2000
	RHSN12A154K2M2H01A	XAN	100	0.15μF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	20.0	2M2	1500
	RHSN12A224K2M2H01A	XAN	100	0.22μF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	20.0	2M2	1500

AEC-Q200 Specification		Specification	AEC-Q200 Test Method						
	Pre-and Post Electrical Tes	t-Stress		· .					
2	High Temperature Exposure (Storage)	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F.	No defects or abnormalities except color change of outer coating. Within $\pm 12.5\%$ 0.04 max. More than $1,000M\Omega$ or $50~M\Omega\cdot\mu$ F (Whichever is smaller)	Sit the capacitor for 1,000±12h at 175±5°C. Let sit for 24±2h *room condition , then measure. •Pretreatment Perform the heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for 60±5 min and then let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition.					
3	Temperature Cycling	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R.	No defects or abnormalities except color change of outer coating. within ±12.5% 0.05 max. 1,000MΩ or 50MΩ·μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	Perform the 1,000 cycles according to the four heat treatmen listed in the following table. Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition then measure. Step					
	Resistance	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R.	within ±12.5% 0.05 max. 500MΩ or 25MΩ·μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	Treatment shown below, 10 consecutive times. Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measure. Temperature Humidity 90-98% Humidity 90-98					
ō	Biased Humidity Operational	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R. Appearance	No defects or abnormalities within ±12.5% 0.05 max. 500MΩ or 25MΩ·μF min. (Whichever is smaller) No defects or abnormalities except color	Apply the rated voltage and DC1.3+0.2/-0 V (add 100kΩ resist at 85±3°C and 80 to 85% humidity for 1,000±12h. Remove and let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measured the charge/discharge current is less than 50mA. • Pretreatment Perform a heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for 1hr. and then set at room temperature for 24±2 hrs. Apply 50% of the rated voltage for 1,000±12h at 175±5°C.					
	Life	Capacitance Change D.F.	change of outer coating. within $\pm 15.0\%$ 0.04 max. 100M Ω or $5M\Omega \cdot \mu F$ min. (Whichever is smaller)	Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measure. The charge/discharge current is less than 50mA. •Pretreatment Apply test voltage for 60±5 min at test temperature. Remove and let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition.					
7 8	External Visu Physical Dim		No defects or abnormalities Within the specified dimensions	Visual inspection Using calipers and micrometers.					
	Marking		To be easily legible.	Visual inspection					
0	Resistance to Solvents	Appearance Capacitance D.F. I.R.	No defects or abnormalities Within the specified tolerance $0.025~\text{max}$. More than $10,000\text{M}\Omega$ or $500~\text{M}\Omega$ - μF (Whichever is smaller)	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215 Solvent 1 : 1 part (by volume) of isopropyl alcohol 3 parts (by volume) of mineral spirits Solvent 2 : Terpene defluxer Solvent 3 : 42 parts (by volume) of water 1 part (by volume) of propylene glycol monomethyl ether					

No.	AEC-Q200 Test Item		Specification	AEC-Q200 Test Method				
11	Mechanical	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	Three shocks in each direction should be applied along 3				
	Shock	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance	mutually perpendicular axes of the test specimen (18 shocks). The specified test pulse should be Half-sine and should have				
		D.F.	0.025 max.	duration:0.5ms, peak value:1,500G and velocity change: 4.7				
12	Vibration	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	The capacitor should be subjected to a simple harmonic motion				
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance	having a total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 2,000Hz. The frequency range, from 10 to 2,000Hz and return to 10Hz, should be traversed in approximately 20 min. This motion should be applied for 12 items in each 3 mutually perpendicula directions (total of 36 times).				
		D.F.	0.025 max.					
13-1	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	The lead wires should be immersed in the melted solder 1.5 to				
	to Soldering Heat (Non- Preheat)	Capacitance Change	Within ±7.5%	2.0mm from the root of terminal at 260±5°C for 10±1 seconds. • Pre-treatment Capacitor should be stored at 150+0/-10°C for one hour, then place at *room condition for 24±2 hours before initial measurement. • Post-treatment Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition				
		Dielectric Strength (Between terminals)	No defects					
13-2	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 seconds. Then, the lead wires should be immersed in the melted solder 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal at 260±5°C for 7.5+0/-1 seconds.				
	to Soldering	Capacitance	Within ±7.5%					
	Heat	Change						
	(On- Preheat)	Dielectric Strength	No defects					
		(Between		Pre-treatment				
		terminals)		Capacitor should be stored at 150+0/-10°C for one hour, then place at *room condition for 24±2 hours before initial measurement. • Post-treatment Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition fo				
13-3	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	Test condition Termperature of iron-tip: 350±10°C Soldering time: 3.5±0.5 seconds Soldering position Straight Lead:1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal. Crimp Lead:1.5 to 2.0mm from the end of lead bend. • Pre-treatment Capacitor should be stored at 150+0/-10°C for one hour, then place at *room condition for 24±2 hours before initial measurement. • Post-treatment Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition				
100	to Soldering Heat (soldering iron method)	Capacitance Change	Within ±7.5%					
		Dielectric Strength (Between terminals)	No defects					
14	Thermal Shock	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities except color change of outer coating.	Perform the 300 cycles according to the two heat treatments lis in the following table(Maximum transfer time is 20s.). Let sit for				
		Capacitance	within ±12.5%	24±2 h at *room condition, then measure.				
		Change		Step 1 2				
		D.F. I.R.	0.05 max. 1,000MΩ or $50MΩ·μF$ min.	Temp55+0/-3 175+5/-0				
		ı.n.	(Whichever is smaller)	Time (min.) 15±3 15±3				
				Pretreatment Perform the heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for 60±5 min and then let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition.				
15	ESD	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	Per AEC-Q200-002				
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance					
		D.F.	0.025 max.					
		I.R.	More than 10,000M Ω or 500 M Ω ·μF (Whichever is smaller)					
16	Solderability		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 95% of the circumferential direction.	The terminal of a capacitor is dipped into a solution of ethan (JIS-K-8101) and rosin (JIS-K-5902) (25% rosin in weight propotion) and then into molten solder (JIS-Z-3282) for 2±0 In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm the terminal body.				
				Temp. of solder: 245±5°C Lead Free Solder(Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu) 235±5°C H60A or H63A Eutectic Solder				

ESRH07

				Heterence	Only		
No.		AEC-Q200 Test Item		Specifications	AEC-Q200 Test Method Visual inspection.		
17	Electrical	Apperance	No defects or abnormalities				
	Characte- rization	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance		The capacitance/D.F. should be measured at 25°C at the frequency and voltage shown in the table.		
		D.F.	0.025 max.		Frequency Voltage		
					1±0.1kHz 1±0.2V(ms)		
		Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Room 10,000M Ω or 500M Ω ·μF min. (Whichever is smaller)		The insulation resistance should be measured at 25±3 °C with DC voltage not exceeding the rated voltage at normal tempera and humidity and within 2 min. of charging. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)		
			High Temperature	ture (Whichever is smaller) The insulation resistance should be measure DC voltage not exceeding 50% of the rated temperature and humidity and within 2 min. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)			
		Dielectric Strength	Between Terminals	No defects or abnormalities	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 250 of the rated voltage is applied between the terminations for 1 to seconds.		
			Body Insulation	No defects or abnormalities	(Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.) The capacitor is placed in a container with metal balls of 1mm diameter so that each terminal, short-circuit is kept approximately 2mm from the balls, and 250% of the rated DC voltage is impressed for 1 to 5 seconds between capacitor terminals and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)		
18	Terminal Strength	Tensile Strength	Termination not to be broken or loosened Termination not to be broken or loosened		As in the figure, fix the capacitor body, apply the force graduall to each lead in the radial direction of the capacitor until reachin 10N and then keep the force applied for 10±1 seconds.		
		Bending Strength			Each lead wire should be subjected to a force of 2.5N and the be bent 90° at the point of egress in one direction. Each wire then returned to the original position and bent 90° in the opposition at the position and bent 90° in the opposition at the original position and bent 90° in the opposition at the original position and bent 90° in the original position at the original position at the original position at the original position and bent 90° in the original position at the original position at the original position at the original position at the original position and bent 90° in the original position at the original po		
19	Capacitance Temperature Characteristics		Within the specified Tolerance55 to 125°C: within ±15% 125 to 175°C: within +15/-60%		direction at the rate of one bend per 2 to 3 seconds. The capacitance change should be measured after 5min. at each specified temperature step. Step Temperature(°C) 1 25±2 2 -55±3 3 25±2 4 175±5 5 25±2		
					The ranges of capacitance change compared with the above 25°C value over the temperature ranges shown in the table should be within the specified ranges. •Pretreatment Perform the heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for 60±5 min and then let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition. Perform the initial measurement.		
"roon	n condition"	Temperature:1	5 to 35°C, Re	lative humidity:45 to 75%, Atmosph	ere pressure:86 to 106kPa		

6. Packing specification

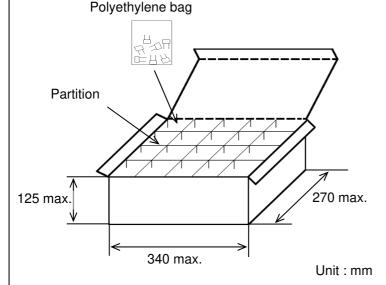
•Bulk type (Packing style code : B)

The size of packing case and packing way

The number of packing = *1 Packing quantity *2 N

*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

*2 : Standard n = 20 (bag)

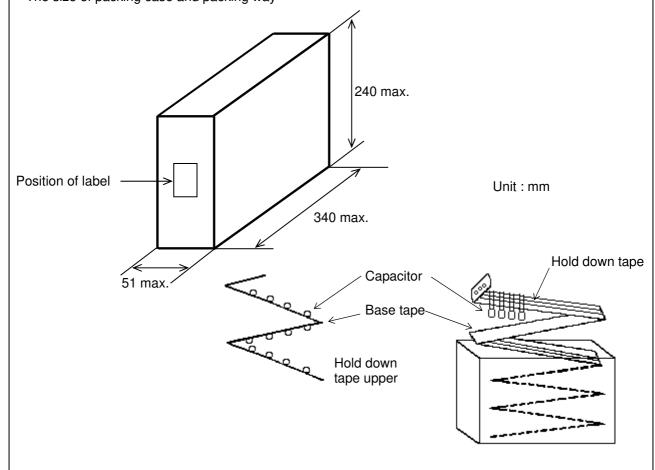


Note)

The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

- •Ammo pack taping type (Packing style code : A)
 - · A crease is made every 25 pitches, and the tape with capacitors is packed zigzag into a case.
 - · When body of the capacitor is piled on other body under it.

The size of packing case and packing way

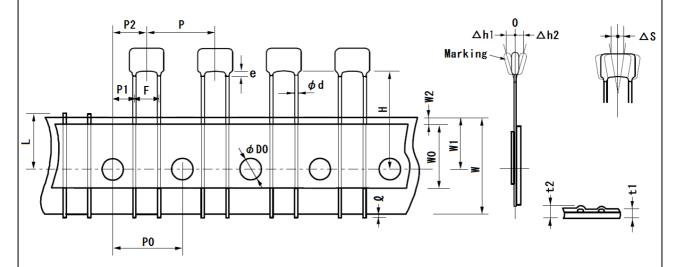


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7. Taping specification

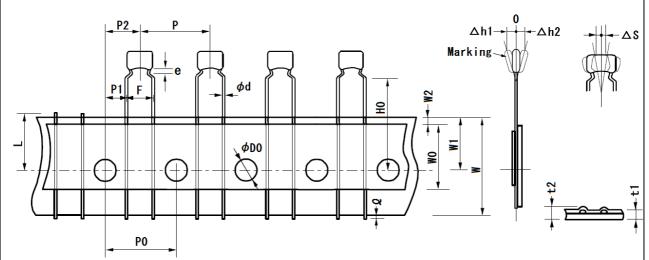
7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape
Straight taping type < Lead code : DG >

Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 2.5mm



ltem	Code	Dimensions	Remarks	
Pitch of component	Р	12.7+/-1.0		
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7+/-0.2		
Lead spacing	F	2.5+0.4/-0.2		
Length from hole center to component center		6.35+/-1.3		
Length from hole center to lead	P1	5.1+/-0.7	Deviation of progress direction	
Deviation along tape, left or right defect		0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend .	
Carrier tape width	W	18.0+/-0.5		
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction	
Lead distance between reference and bottom plane	Н	20.0+/-0.5		
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.		
Diameter of sprocket hole	D0	4.0+/-0.1		
Lead diameter	d	0.50+/-0.05		
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3		
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	They include hold down tape thickness	
Deviation	∆h1	1.0 max.		
Deviation across tape	∆h2			
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0		
Hold down tape width	W0	9.5 min.		
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5+/-1.5		
Coating extension on lead	е	1.5 max.		

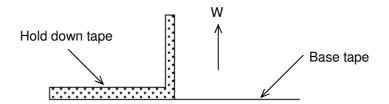
Inside crimp taping type < Lead code : M2 > Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



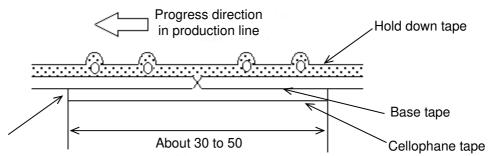
Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks	
Pitch of component	Р	12.7+/-1.0		
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7+/-0.2		
Lead spacing	F	5.0+0.6/-0.2		
Length from hole center to component center	P2	6.35+/-1.3	Deviation of many alternation	
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85+/-0.7	Deviation of progress direction	
Deviation along tape, left or right defect	ΔS	0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend .	
Carrier tape width	W	18.0+/-0.5		
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction	
Lead distance between reference and bottom plane	H0	20.0+/-0.5		
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.		
Diameter of sprocket hole	D0	4.0+/-0.1		
Lead diameter	φd	0.50+/-0.05		
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3	They include hold down tape thickness.	
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.		
Deviation agreed to a	Δh1	2.0 max. (Dimension code : W)		
Deviation across tape	∆h2	1.0 max. (except as above)		
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0		
Hold down tape width	W0	9.5 min.		
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5+/-1.5		
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of crimp		

7-2. Splicing way of tape

1) Adhesive force of tape is over 3N at test condition as below.



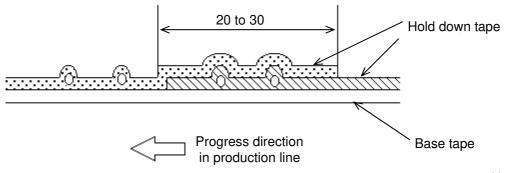
- 2) Splicing of tape
 - a) When base tape is spliced
 - •Base tape shall be spliced by cellophane tape. (Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



No lifting for the direction of progressing

Unit: mm

- b) When hold down tape is spliced
 - •Hold down tape shall be spliced with overlapping. (Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- c) When both tape are spliced
 - •Base tape and hold down tape shall be spliced with splicing tape.

EU RoHS and Halogen Free

This products of the following crresponds to EU RoHS and Halogen Free

(1) RoHS

EU RoHs 2011/65/EC compliance

maximum concentration values tolerated by weight in homogeneous materials

- •1000 ppm maximum Lead
- •1000 ppm maximum Mercury
- •100 ppm maximum Cadmium
- •1000 ppm maximum Hexavalent chromium
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)

(2) Halogen-Free

The International Electrochemical Commission's (IEC) Definition of Halogen-Free (IEC 61249-2-21) compliance

- •900 ppm maximum chlorine
- •900 ppm maximum bromine
- •1500 ppm maximum total chlorine and bromine