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With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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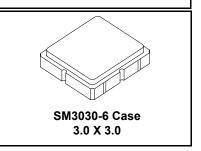


RFM products are now Murata products.

RO3164E/E-1/E-2

868.35 MHz

**SAW Resonator** 



- Ideal for European 868.35 MHz Transmitters
- · Very Low Series Resistance
- · Quartz Stability
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)



The RO3164E is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 868.35 MHz. This SAW is designed specifically for remote-control and wireless security transmitters operating under ETSI-ETS 300 220 in Europe and under FTZ 17 TR 2100 in Germany.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Rating	V	alue	Units	
Input Power Level		0	dBm	
DC Voltage		12	VDC	
Storage Temperature	-40	to +125	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	-40	to +125	°C	
Soldering Temperature	-	+260	°C	

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Frequency (+25 °C) Nomin	al Frequency RO3164E			868.150		868.550	
	RO3164E-1	$f_C$		868.200		868.500	MHz
	RO3164E-2		2,3,4,5	868.250		868.450	
Tolerance from	n 868.35 MHz RO3164E		2,3,4,3			±200	
	RO3164E-1	$\Delta f_{C}$				±150	kHz
	RO3164E-2					±100	
Insertion Loss		IL	2,5,6		1.3	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q <sub>U</sub>	5,6,7		7200		
	50 $Ω$ Loaded $Q$	$Q_L$			975		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T <sub>O</sub>		10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f <sub>O</sub>	6,7,8		f <sub>C</sub>		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C <sup>2</sup>
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	fA	1		<±10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R <sub>M</sub>			16		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L <sub>M</sub>	5, 6, 7, 9		20		μH
	Motional Capacitance	$C_{M}$			1.7		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co	5, 6, 9		1.6		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L <sub>TEST</sub>	2, 7		20		nH
Lid Symbolization (in addition to Lot and/or Date Codes)		RO3164E 686, RO3164E-1 773, RO3164E-2 774 / YWWS					'S
Standard Reel Quantity	Reel Size 7 Inch		10 500 Pieces / I		es / Reel		
	Reel Size 13 Inch		10	3000 Pieces / Reel			

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CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

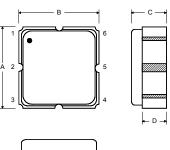
#### NOTES:

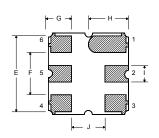
- Frequency aging is the change in f<sub>C</sub> with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subse-
- 2. The center frequency, f<sub>C</sub>, is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL<sub>MIN</sub>, with the resonator in the 50  $\Omega$  test system (VSWR  $\leq$  1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L<sub>TEST</sub>, is tuned for parallel resonance with C<sub>O</sub> at f<sub>C</sub>. Typically,  $f_{
  m OSCILLATOR}$  or  $f_{
  m TRANSMITTER}$  is approximately equal to the resonator  $f_{
  m C}$
- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4.616.197. 3.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature T<sub>C</sub> = +25°C±2°C.
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject 6 to change without notice.
- 7. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured

## **Electrical Connections**

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

Pin	Connection			
1	NC			
2	Terminal			
3	NC			
4	NC			
5	Terminal			
6	NC			







# **Case Dimensions**

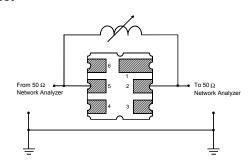
Dimension	mm		Inches			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
Α	2.87	3.0	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123
В	2.87	3.0	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123
С	1.12	1.25	1.38	0.044	0.049	0.054
D	0.77	0.90	1.03	0.030	0.035	0.040
E	2.67	2.80	2.93	0.105	0.110	0.115
F	1.47	1.6	1.73	0.058	0.063	0.068
G	0.72	0.85	0.98	0.028	0.033	0.038
Н	1.37	1.5	1.63	0.054	0.059	0.064
I	0.47	0.60	0.73	0.019	0.024	0.029
J	1.17	1.30	1.43	0.046	0.051	0.056

## **Typical Test Circuit**

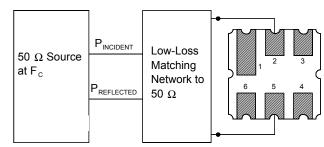
The test circuit inductor, L<sub>TEST</sub>, is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C<sub>O</sub>, at F<sub>C</sub>.

- parameters:  $f_C$ , IL, 3 dB bandwidth,  $f_C$  versus  $T_C$ , and  $C_O$ .
- 8. Turnover temperature, T<sub>O</sub>, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f<sub>O</sub>. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T<sub>C</sub>, may be calculated from:  $f = f_O [1 - FTC (T_O - T_C)^2]$ . Typically oscillator  $T_O$  is approximately equal to the specified resonator To.
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance Co is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as:  $C_P \approx C_O - 0.05$  pF.
- Tape and Reel Standard for ANSI / EIA 481.

#### **Electrical Test**

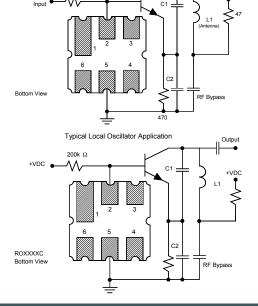


#### **Power Test**

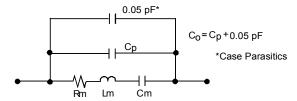


# **Typical Application Circuits**

Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application



## **Equivalent LC Model**



# **Temperature Characteristics**

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.

