



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



ULTRA LOW CURRENT CONSUMPTION, HIGH RIPPLE REJECTION AND LOW DROPOUT CMOS VOLTAGE REGULATOR

www.sii-ic.com

© Seiko Instruments Inc., 2004-2010

Rev.3.0_00

The S-1167 Series is a positive voltage regulator with ultra low current consumption, high ripple rejection, low drop voltage and high output voltage accuracy developed based on CMOS technology.

Although current consumption is very small with 9 μA typ., S-1167 Series realized the 70 dB of high ripple rejection rate. Besides a 1.0 μF ceramic capacitor is available as an input-and-output capacitor.

Moreover, dropout voltage is also small since output voltage accuracy realizes $\pm 1.0\%$ of high accuracy, and the low-on-resistance transistor is built-in. A built-in Output current protector prevents the load current from exceeding the current capacitance of the output transistor. A shutdown circuit ensures long battery life.

Two packages, SOT-23-5 and SNT-6A(H), are available.

Compared with the voltage regulators using the conventional CMOS process, S-1167 Series is the most suitable for the portable equipments with ultra low current consumption and corresponding to the small package.

■ Features

- Output voltage : 1.5 to 5.5 V, selectable in 0.1 V steps.
- Low equivalent series resistance capacitor can be used : A ceramic capacitor of 1.0 μF or more can be used for the output capacitor.
- Wide input voltage range : 2.0 to 6.5 V
- High-accuracy output voltage : $\pm 1.0\%$
- Low dropout voltage : 150 mV typ. (3.0 V output product, at $I_{\text{OUT}} = 100 \text{ mA}$)
- Low current consumption : During operation : 9 μA typ., 16 μA max.
During shutdown : 0.1 μA typ., 0.9 μA max.
- High peak current capacity : 150 mA output is possible. (at $V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{\text{OUT(S)}} + 1.0 \text{ V}$)^{*1}
- High ripple rejection : 70 dB typ. (at 1.0 kHz, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$)
- Built-in overcurrent protector : Overcurrent of output transistor can be restricted.
- Built-in shutdown circuit : Ensures long battery life.
- Lead-free, Sn 100%, halogen-free^{*2}

*1. Attention should be paid to the power dissipation of the package when the output current is large.

*2. Refer to "■ Product Name Structure" for details.

■ Applications

- Power supply for battery-powered devices
- Power supply for cellular phones
- Power supply for portable equipments

■ Packages

- SOT-23-5
- SNT-6A(H)

■ Block Diagram

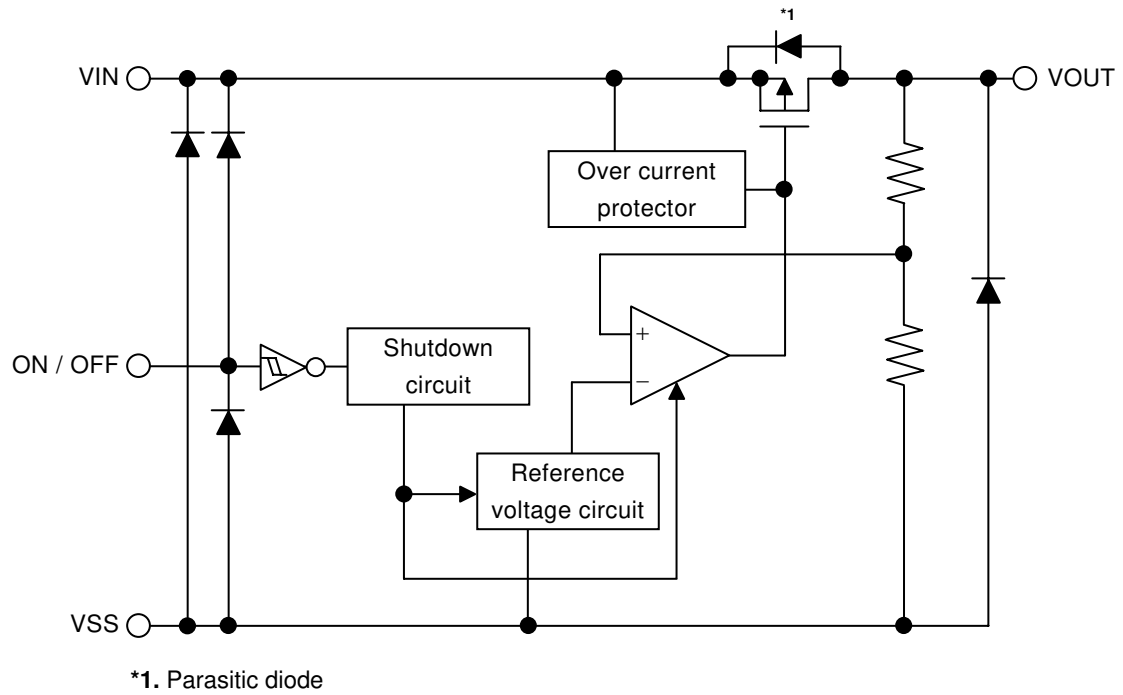
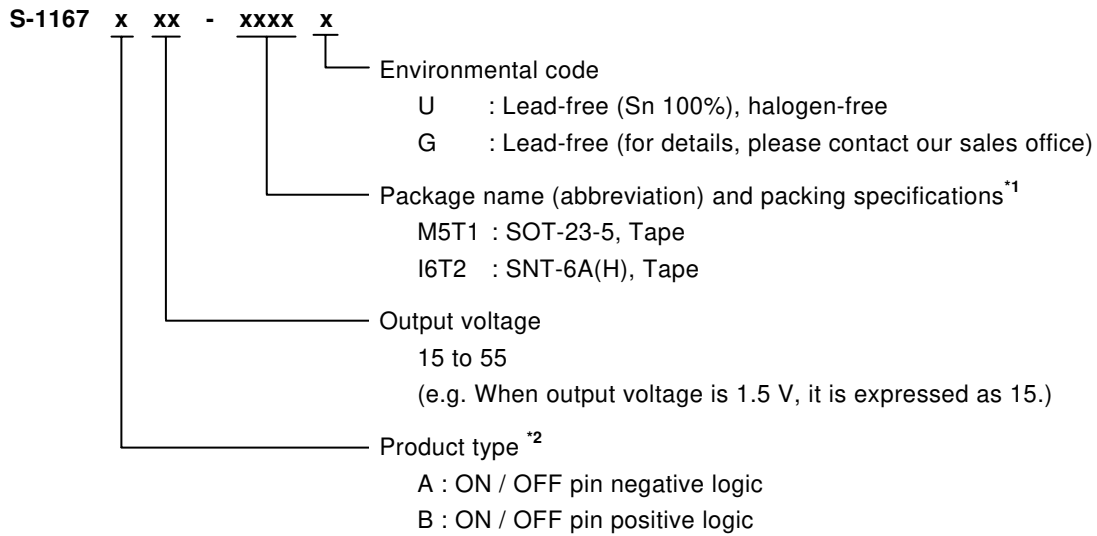


Figure 1

■ Product Name Structure

The product types, output voltage value and package types for the S-1167 Series can be selected at the user's request. Refer to the "1. Product Name" for the meanings of the characters in the product name, "2. Package" regarding the package drawings and "3. Product Name List" for the full product names.

1. Product Name



*1. Refer to the tape specifications.

*2. Refer to the "3. Shutdown (ON / OFF Pin)" in the "■ Operation".

2. Package

Package Name	Drawing Code			
	Package	Tape	Reel	Land
SOT-23-5	MP005-A-P-SD	MP005-A-C-SD	MP005-A-R-SD	-
SNT-6A(H)	PI006-A-P-SD	PI006-A-C-SD	PI006-A-R-SD	PI006-A-L-SD

3. Product Name List

3.1 S-1167 Series A type

Table 1

Output Voltage	SOT-23-5
1.5 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167A15-M5T1x
1.85 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167A1J-M5T1x
1.9 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167A19-M5T1x
3.0 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167A30-M5T1x
3.3 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167A33-M5T1x
5.0 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167A50-M5T1x

Remark 1. Please contact our sales office for the products other than those above.

2. x: G or U

3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

3.2 S-1167 Series B type

Table 2

Output Voltage	SOT-23-5	SNT-6A(H)
1.5 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B15-M5T1x	S-1167B15-I6T2x
1.6 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B16-M5T1x	S-1167B16-I6T2x
1.7 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B17-M5T1x	S-1167B17-I6T2x
1.8 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B18-M5T1x	S-1167B18-I6T2x
1.9 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B19-M5T1x	S-1167B19-I6T2x
2.0 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B20-M5T1x	S-1167B20-I6T2x
2.1 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B21-M5T1x	S-1167B21-I6T2x
2.2 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B22-M5T1x	S-1167B22-I6T2x
2.3 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B23-M5T1x	S-1167B23-I6T2x
2.4 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B24-M5T1x	S-1167B24-I6T2x
2.5 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B25-M5T1x	S-1167B25-I6T2x
2.6 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B26-M5T1x	S-1167B26-I6T2x
2.7 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B27-M5T1x	S-1167B27-I6T2x
2.8 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B28-M5T1x	S-1167B28-I6T2x
2.9 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B29-M5T1x	S-1167B29-I6T2x
3.0 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B30-M5T1x	S-1167B30-I6T2x
3.1 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B31-M5T1x	S-1167B31-I6T2x
3.2 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B32-M5T1x	S-1167B32-I6T2x
3.3 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B33-M5T1x	S-1167B33-I6T2x
3.4 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B34-M5T1x	S-1167B34-I6T2x
3.5 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B35-M5T1x	S-1167B35-I6T2x
3.6 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B36-M5T1x	S-1167B36-I6T2x
3.7 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B37-M5T1x	S-1167B37-I6T2x
3.8 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B38-M5T1x	S-1167B38-I6T2x
3.9 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B39-M5T1x	S-1167B39-I6T2x
4.0 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B40-M5T1x	S-1167B40-I6T2x
4.1 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B41-M5T1x	S-1167B41-I6T2x
4.2 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B42-M5T1x	S-1167B42-I6T2x
4.3 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B43-M5T1x	S-1167B43-I6T2x
4.4 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B44-M5T1x	S-1167B44-I6T2x
4.5 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B45-M5T1x	S-1167B45-I6T2x
4.6 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B46-M5T1x	S-1167B46-I6T2x
4.7 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B47-M5T1x	S-1167B47-I6T2x
4.8 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B48-M5T1x	S-1167B48-I6T2x
4.9 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B49-M5T1x	S-1167B49-I6T2x
5.0 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B50-M5T1x	S-1167B50-I6T2x
5.1 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B51-M5T1x	S-1167B51-I6T2x
5.2 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B52-M5T1x	S-1167B52-I6T2x
5.3 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B53-M5T1x	S-1167B53-I6T2x
5.4 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B54-M5T1x	S-1167B54-I6T2x
5.5 V \pm 1.0%	S-1167B55-M5T1x	S-1167B55-I6T2x

Remark 1. Please contact our sales office for the products other than those above.

2. x: G or U

3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

■ Pin Configurations

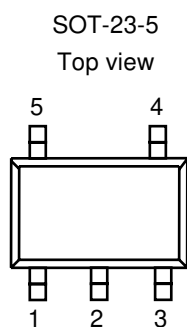


Figure 2

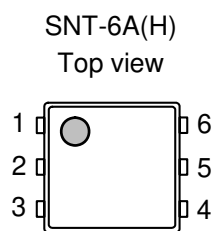


Figure 3

Table 3

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin Description
1	VIN	Input voltage pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	ON / OFF	Shutdown pin
4	NC *1	No connection
5	VOUT	Output voltage pin

*1. The NC pin is electrically open.
 The NC pin can be connected to VIN or VSS.

Table 4

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin Description
1	VOUT	Output voltage pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	NC *1	No connection
4	ON / OFF	Shutdown pin
5	VSS	GND pin
6	VIN	Input voltage pin

*1. The NC pin is electrically open.
 The NC pin can be connected to VIN or VSS.

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 5

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Item	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Input voltage	V _{IN}	V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{SS} + 7	V
	V _{ON/OFF}	V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT}	V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3	V
Power dissipation	P _D	300 (When not mounted on board)	mW
		600 *1	mW
		500 *1	mW
Operating ambient temperature	T _{opr}	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C

*1. When mounted on board

[Mounted board]

- (1) Board size : 114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
- (2) Board name : JEDEC STANDARD51-7

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

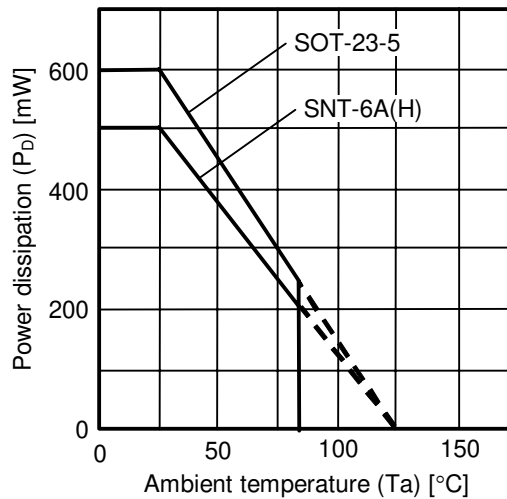


Figure 4 Power Dissipation of The Package (When Mounted on Board)

■ Electrical Characteristics

Table 6

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit	
Output voltage *1	$V_{OUT(E)}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}$	$V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.99$	$V_{OUT(S)}$	$V_{OUT(S)} \times 1.01$	V	1	
Output current *2	I_{OUT}	$V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$	150 *5	–	–	mA	3	
Dropout voltage *3	V_{drop}	$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$	$1.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 1.9 \text{ V}$	0.5	0.54	0.58	V	1
			$2.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 2.4 \text{ V}$	–	0.23	0.35	V	1
			$2.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 2.9 \text{ V}$	–	0.20	0.30	V	1
			$3.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 3.2 \text{ V}$	–	0.15	0.23	V	1
			$3.3 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	–	0.14	0.21	V	1
Line regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT1}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$V_{OUT(S)} + 0.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}$	–	0.05	0.2	% / V	1	
Load regulation	ΔV_{OUT2}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, $10 \mu\text{A} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 100 \text{ mA}$	–	20	40	mV	1	
Output voltage temperature coefficient *4	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}$, $-40 \leq T_a \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	–	± 100	–	ppm / °C	1	
Current consumption during operation	I_{SS1}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, ON / OFF pin = ON, No load	–	9	16	μA	2	
Current consumption during shutdown	I_{SS2}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, ON / OFF pin = OFF, No load	–	0.1	0.9	μA	2	
Input voltage	V_{IN}	–	2.0	–	6.5	V	–	
ON / OFF pin input voltage "H"	V_{SH}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.5	–	–	V	4	
ON / OFF pin input voltage "L"	V_{SL}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$	–	–	0.3	V	4	
ON / OFF pin input current "H"	I_{SH}	$V_{IN} = 6.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{ON/OFF} = 6.5 \text{ V}$	–0.1	–	0.1	μA	4	
ON / OFF pin input current "L"	I_{SL}	$V_{IN} = 6.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$	–0.1	–	0.1	μA	4	
Ripple rejection	RR	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$, $\Delta V_{rip} = 0.5 \text{ V}_{rms}$, $I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}$	$1.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 3.0 \text{ V}$	–	70	–	dB	5
			$3.1 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	–	65	–	dB	5
Short-circuit current	I_{SHORT}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, ON / OFF pin = ON, $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$	–	300	–	mA	3	

*1. $V_{OUT(S)}$: Specified output voltage

$V_{OUT(E)}$: Actual output voltage at the fixed load

The output voltage when fixing $I_{OUT} (= 30 \text{ mA})$ and inputting $V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$

*2. The output current at which the output voltage becomes 95% of $V_{OUT(E)}$ after gradually increasing the output current.

*3. $V_{drop} = V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT3} \times 0.98)$

V_{OUT3} is the output voltage when $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$ and $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$.

V_{IN1} is the input voltage at which the output voltage becomes 98% of V_{OUT3} after gradually decreasing the input voltage.

*4. The change in temperature [mV / °C] is calculated using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a} [\text{mV} / ^\circ\text{C}]^*1 = V_{OUT(S)} [\text{V}]^*2 \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \cdot V_{OUT}} [\text{ppm} / ^\circ\text{C}]^*3 \div 1000$$

*1. The temperature change ratio of the output voltage

*2. Specified output voltage

*3. Output voltage temperature coefficient

*5. The output current can be supplied at least to this value.

Due to restrictions on the package power dissipation, this value may not be satisfied. Attention should be paid to the power dissipation of the package when the output current is large.

This specification is guaranteed by design.

■ Test Circuits

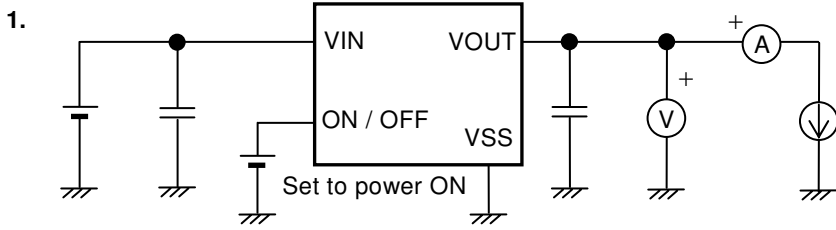


Figure 5

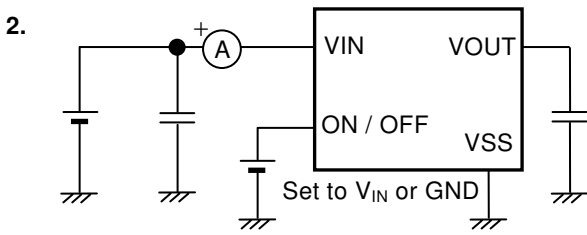


Figure 6

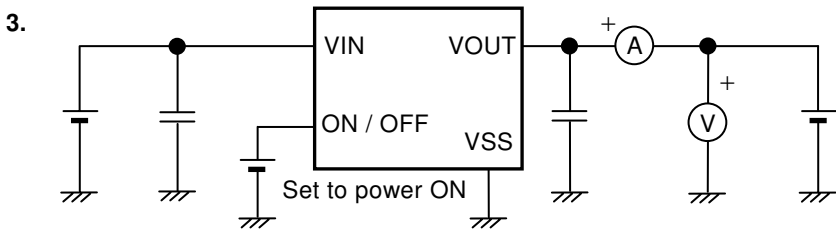


Figure 7

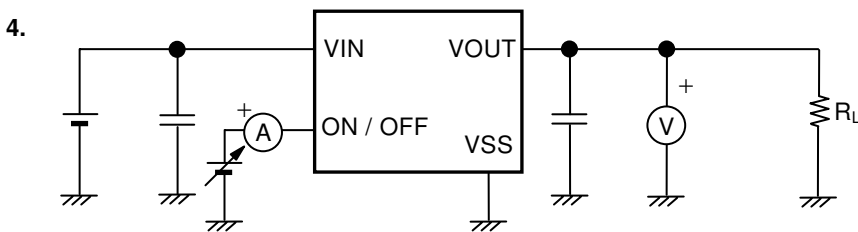


Figure 8

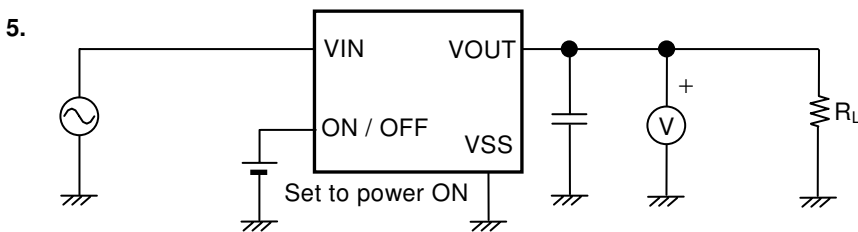
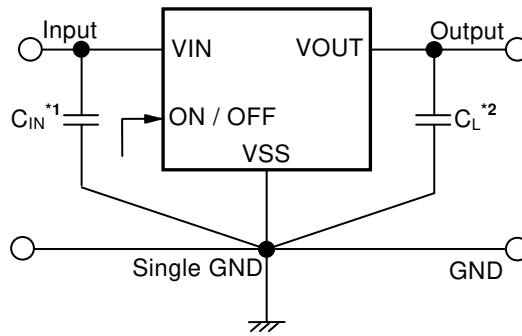


Figure 9

■ **Standard Circuit**



- *1. A capacitor for stabilizing the input.
- *2. A ceramic capacitor of 1.0 μF or more can be used.

Figure 10

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

■ **Application Conditions**

- Input capacitor (C_{IN}) : 1.0 μF or more
- Output capacitor (C_L) : 1.0 μF or more
- Equivalent series resistance (R_{ESR}) of output capacitor : 1.0 Ω or less

Caution A general series regulator may oscillate, depending on the external components selected. Check that no oscillation occurs with the application using the above capacitor.

■ **Selection of Input Capacitor (C_{IN}) and Output Capacitor (C_L)**

The S-1167 Series requires an output capacitor between the VOUT pin and VSS pin for phase compensation. Operation is stabilized by a ceramic capacitor with an output capacitance of 1.0 μF or more in the entire temperature range. However, when using an OS capacitor, tantalum capacitor, or aluminum electrolytic capacitor, a ceramic capacitor with a capacitance of 1.0 μF or more and an equivalent series resistance (R_{ESR}) of 1.0 Ω or less is required.

The value of the output overshoot or undershoot transient response varies depending on the value of the output capacitor. The required capacitance of the input capacitor differs depending on the application.

The recommended value for an application is 1.0 μF or more for C_{IN} and 1.0 μF or more for C_L ; however, when selecting the output capacitor, perform sufficient evaluation, including evaluation of temperature characteristics, on the actual device.

■ Technical Terms

1. Low Dropout Voltage Regulator

The low dropout voltage regulator is a voltage regulator whose dropout voltage is low due to its built-in low on-resistance transistor.

2. Low Equivalent Series Resistance

A capacitor whose equivalent series resistance (R_{ESR}) is low. The S-1167 Series enables use of a low equivalent series resistance capacitor, such as a ceramic capacitor, for the output-side capacitor (C_L). A capacitor whose R_{ESR} is 1.0Ω or less can be used.

3. Output Voltage (V_{OUT})

The accuracy of the output voltage is ensured at $\pm 1.0\%$ under the specified conditions of fixed input voltage^{*1}, fixed output current, and fixed temperature.

*1. Differs depending on the product.

Caution If the above conditions change, the output voltage value may vary and exceed the accuracy range of the output voltage. Refer to the “Electrical Characteristics” and “Typical Characteristics” for details.

4. Line Regulation $\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT1}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}} \right)$

Indicates the dependency of the output voltage on the input voltage. That is, the values show how much the output voltage changes due to a change in the input voltage with the output current remaining unchanged.

5. Load Regulation (ΔV_{OUT2})

Indicates the dependency of the output voltage on the output current. That is, the values show how much the output voltage changes due to a change in the output current with the input voltage remaining unchanged.

6. Dropout Voltage (V_{drop})

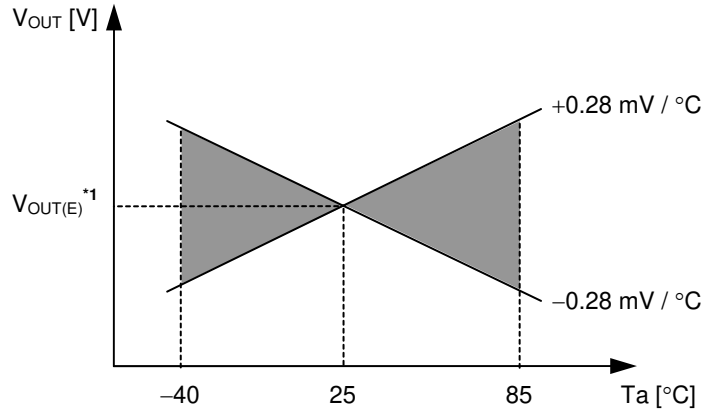
Indicates the difference between the input voltage (V_{IN1}), which is the input voltage (V_{IN}) at the point where the output voltage has fallen to 98% of the output voltage value (V_{OUT3}) after V_{IN} was gradually decreased from $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1.0 \text{ V}$, and the output voltage at that point ($V_{OUT3} \times 0.98$).

$$V_{drop} = V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT3} \times 0.98)$$

7. Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage $\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \cdot V_{OUT}} \right)$

The shadowed area in **Figure 11** is the range where V_{OUT} varies in the operating temperature range when the temperature coefficient of the output voltage is $\pm 100 \text{ ppm} / ^\circ\text{C}$.

e.g. S-1167B28 Typ.



*1. $V_{OUT(E)}$ is the value of the output voltage measured at 25°C.

Figure 11

A change in the temperature of the output voltage [mV/°C] is calculated using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a} [\text{mV} / ^\circ\text{C}]^{*1} = V_{OUT(S)} [\text{V}]^{*2} \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \cdot V_{OUT}} [\text{ppm} / ^\circ\text{C}]^{*3} \div 1000$$

- *1. The temperature change ratio of the output voltage
- *2. Specified output voltage
- *3. Output voltage temperature coefficient

■ Operation

1. Basic Operation

Figure 12 shows the block diagram of the S-1167 Series.

The error amplifier compares the reference voltage (V_{ref}) with V_{fb} , which is the output voltage resistance-divided by feedback resistors R_s and R_f . It supplies the output transistor with the gate voltage necessary to ensure a certain output voltage free of any fluctuations of input voltage and temperature.

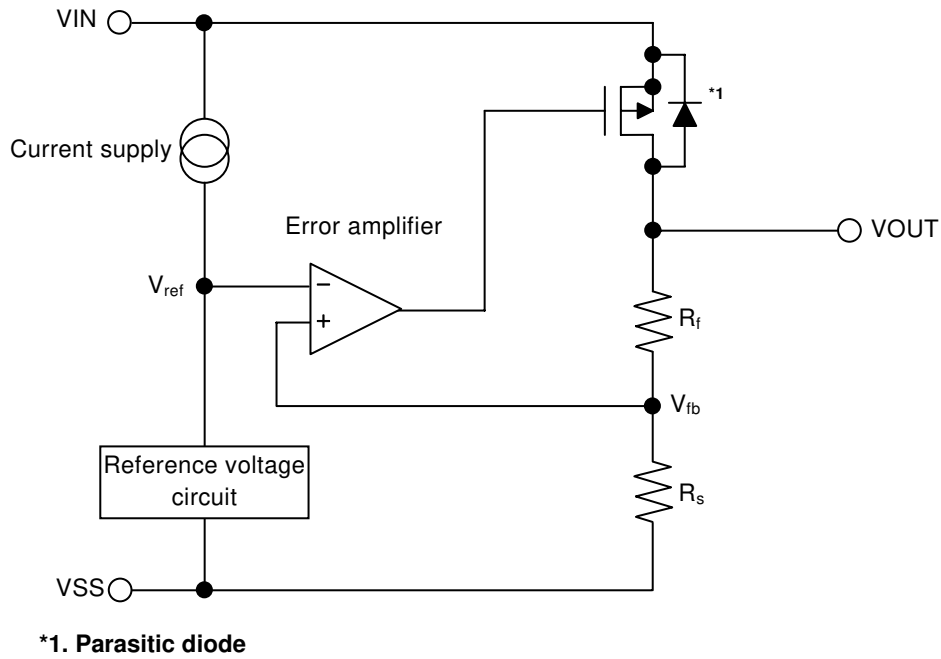


Figure 12

2. Output Transistor

The S-1167 Series uses a low on-resistance P-channel MOS FET as the output transistor.

Be sure that V_{OUT} does not exceed $V_{IN} + 0.3$ V to prevent the voltage regulator from being damaged due to inverse current flowing from the VOUT pin through a parasitic diode to the VIN pin.

3. Shutdown Pin (ON / OFF Pin)

This pin starts and stops the regulator.

When the ON / OFF pin is set to the shutdown level, the operation of all internal circuits stops, and the built-in P-channel MOS FET output transistor between the VIN pin and VOUT pin is turned off to substantially reduce the current consumption. The VOUT pin becomes the V_{SS} level due to the internally divided resistance of several MΩ between the VOUT pin and VSS pin.

The structure of the ON / OFF pin is as shown in **Figure 13**. Since the ON / OFF pin is neither pulled down nor pulled up internally, do not use it in the floating state. In addition, note that the current consumption increases if a voltage of 0.3 V to V_{IN} - 0.3 V is applied to the ON / OFF pin. When the ON / OFF pin is not used, connect it to the VSS pin if the product type is "A" and to the VIN pin if it is "B".

Table 7

Product Type	ON / OFF Pin	Internal Circuit	VOUT Pin Voltage	Current Consumption
A	"L" : Power on	Operating	Set value	I _{SS1}
A	"H" : Power off	Stopped	V _{SS} level	I _{SS2}
B	"L" : Power off	Stopped	V _{SS} level	I _{SS2}
B	"H" : Power on	Operating	Set value	I _{SS1}

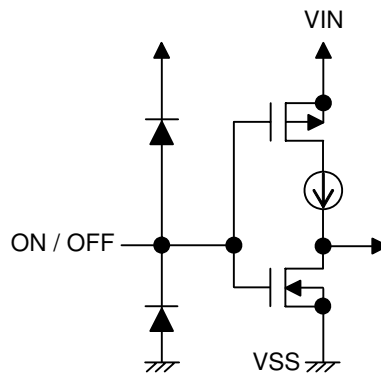


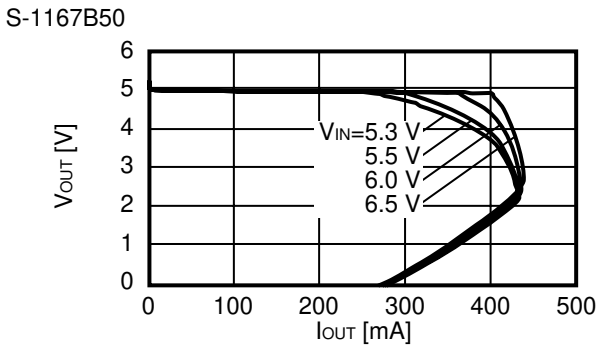
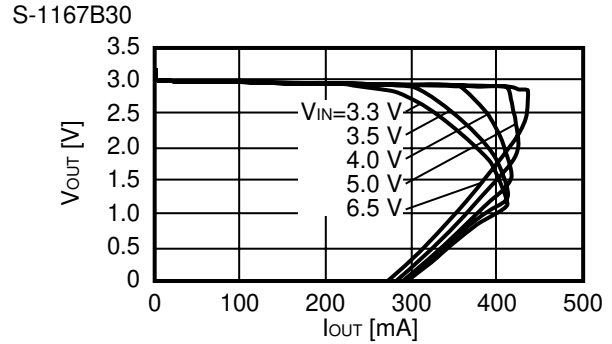
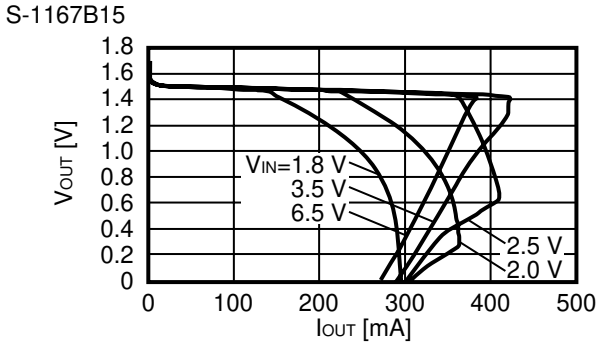
Figure 13

■ Precautions

- Wiring patterns for the VIN pin, VOUT pin and GND pin should be designed so that the impedance is low. When mounting an output capacitor between the VOUT pin and VSS pin (C_L) and a capacitor for stabilizing the input between VIN pin and VSS pin (C_{IN}), the distance from the capacitors to these pins should be as short as possible.
- Note that the output voltage may increase when a series regulator is used at low load current (10 μ A or less).
- Note that the output voltage may increase due to driver leakage when a series regulator is used at high temperatures.
- Generally a series regulator may cause oscillation, depending on the selection of external parts. The following conditions are recommended for this IC. However, be sure to perform sufficient evaluation under the actual usage conditions for selection, including evaluation of temperature characteristics.
 - Input capacitor (C_{IN}) : 1.0 μ F or more
 - Output capacitor (C_L) : 1.0 μ F or more
 - Equivalent series resistance (R_{ESR}) : 1.0 Ω or less
- The voltage regulator may oscillate when the impedance of the power supply is high and the input capacitor is small or an input capacitor is not connected.
- It is important to sufficiently evaluate the output voltage fluctuation due to the power supply fluctuation and load fluctuation characteristics in the actual equipment.
- If the power supply suddenly increases sharply, a momentary overshoot may be output. It is therefore important to sufficiently evaluate the output voltage at power application in the actual equipment.
- The application conditions for the input voltage, output voltage, and load current should not exceed the package power dissipation.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- In determining the output current, attention should be paid to the output current value specified in **Table 6** in the “■ **Electrical Characteristics**” and footnote *5 of the table.
- SII claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

■ **Characteristics (Typical Data)**

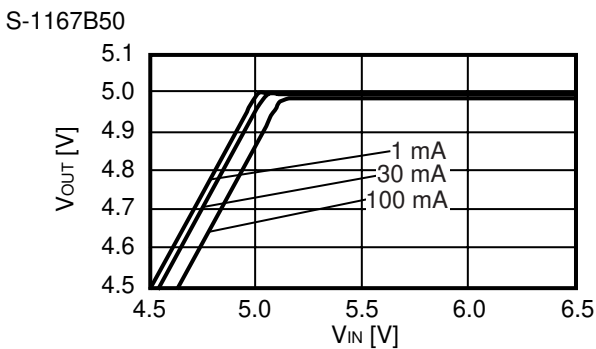
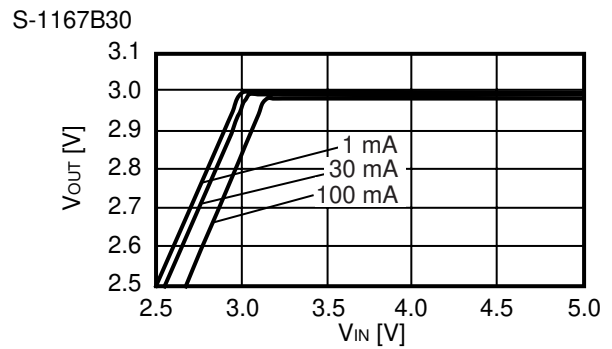
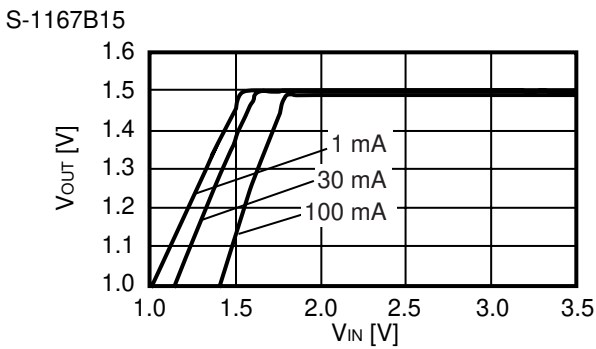
(1) **Output Voltage vs. Output Current (When Load Current Increases) (Ta = 25°C)**



Remark In determining the output current, attention should be paid to the following.

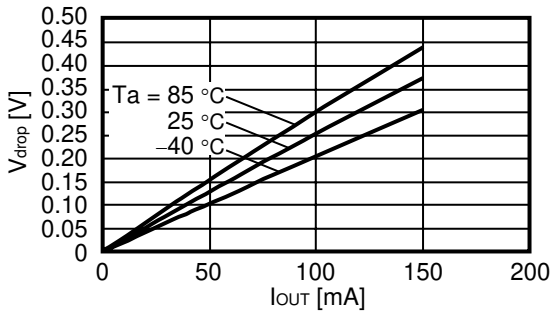
1. The minimum output current value and footnote *5 specified in **Table 6** in the "■ **Electrical Characteristics**"
2. The package power dissipation

(2) **Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (Ta = 25°C)**

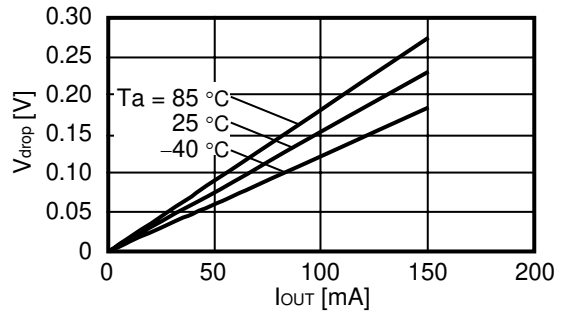


(3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

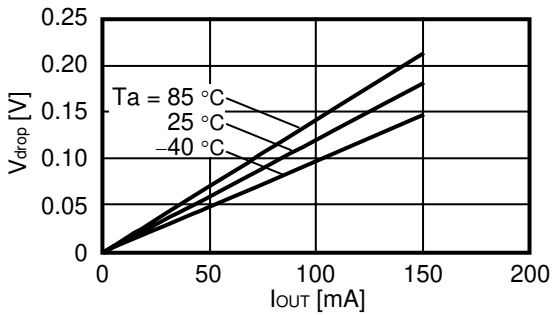
S-1167B15



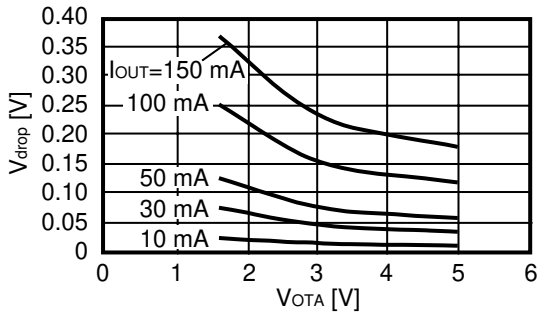
S-1167B30



S-1167B50

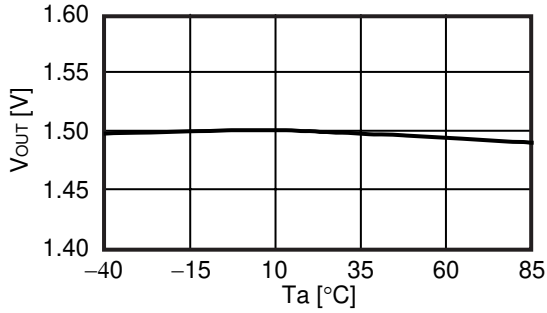


(4) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage

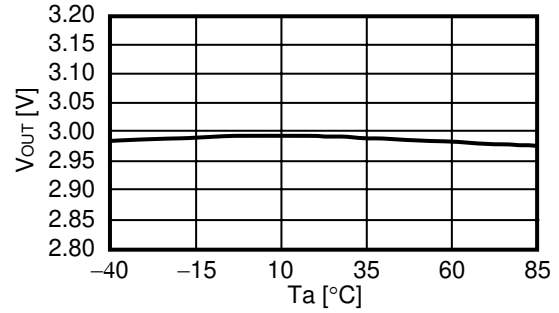


(5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

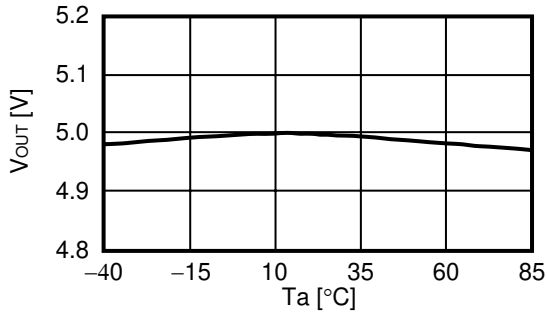
S-1167B15



S-1167B30

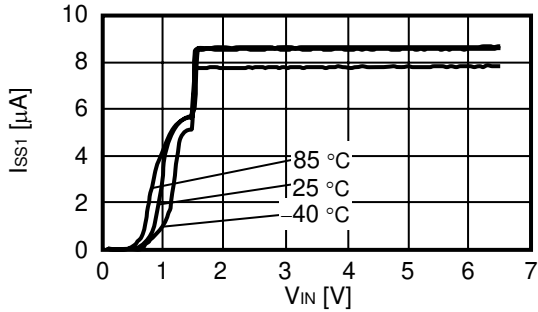


S-1167B50

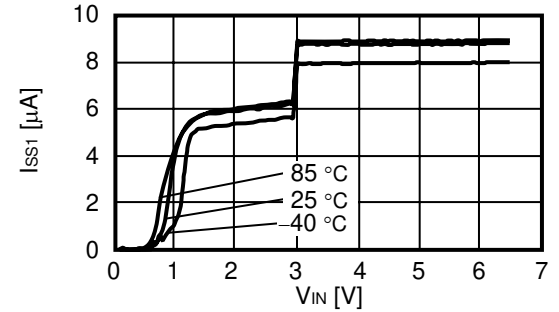


(6) Current Consumption vs. Input Voltage

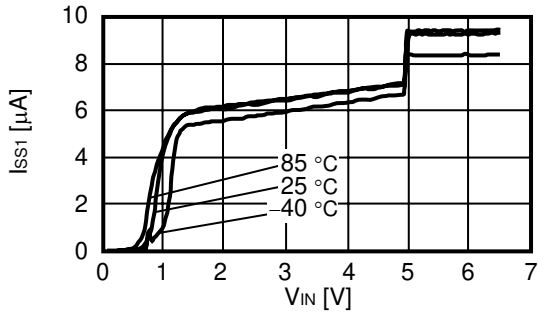
S-1167B15



S-1167B30

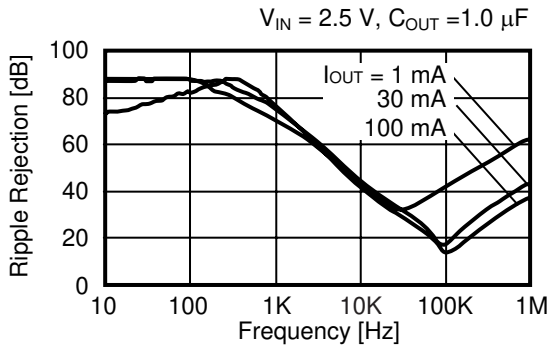


S-1167B50

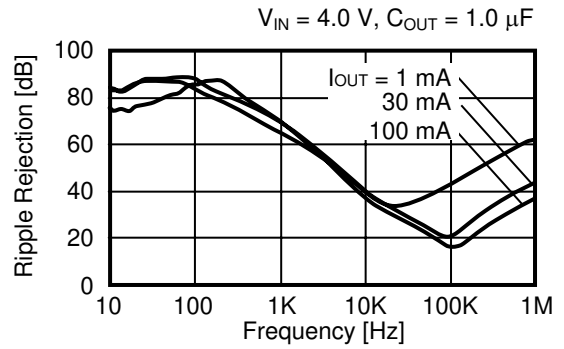


(7) Ripple Rejection ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

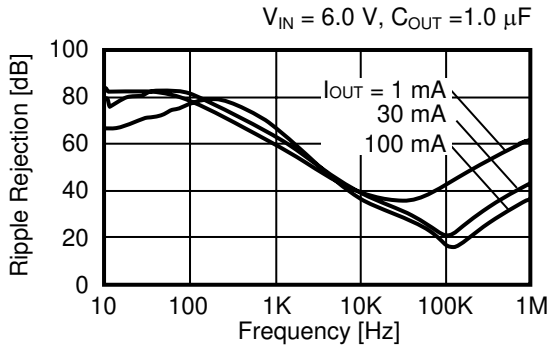
S-1167B15



S-1167B30



S-1167B50

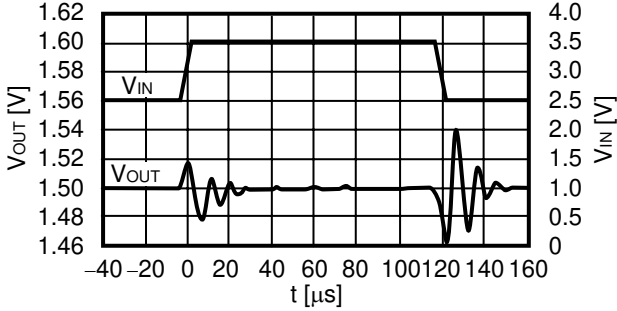


■ Reference Data

(1) Input Transient Response Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

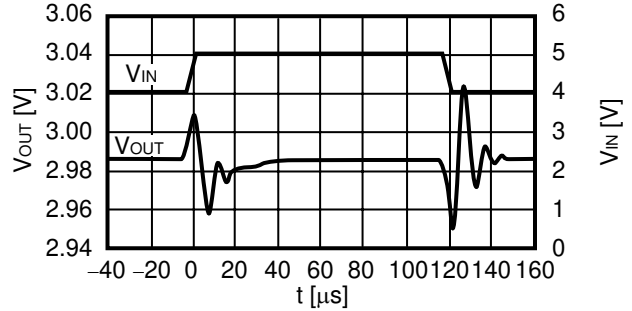
S-1167B15

$I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}$, $t_r = t_f = 5.0 \mu\text{s}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$



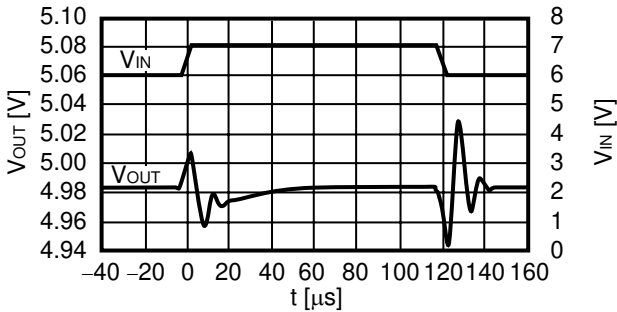
S-1167B30

$I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}$, $t_r = t_f = 5.0 \mu\text{s}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$



S-1167B50

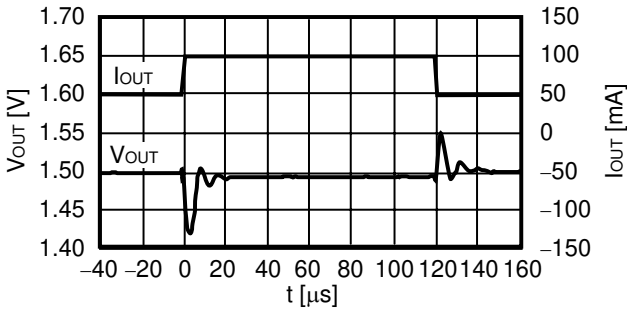
$I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}$, $t_r = t_f = 5.0 \mu\text{s}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$



(2) Load Transient Response Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

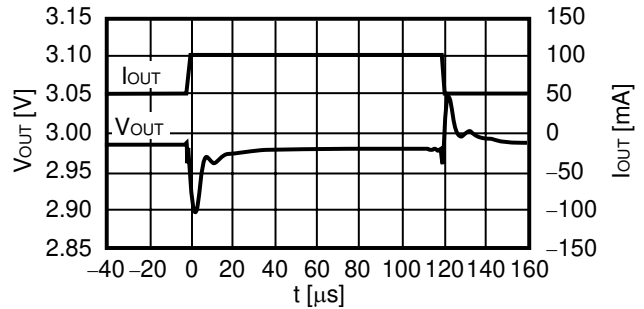
S-1167B15

$V_{IN} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 50 \leftrightarrow 100 \text{ mA}$



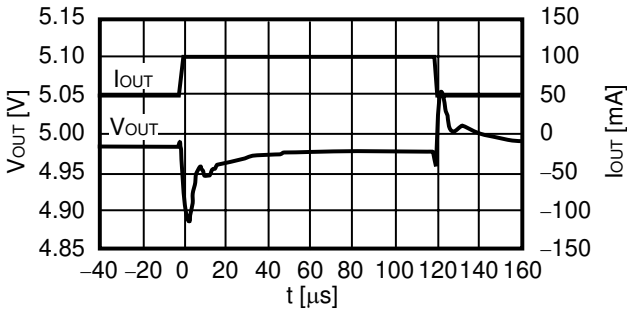
S-1167B30

$V_{IN} = 4.0 \text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 50 \leftrightarrow 100 \text{ mA}$



S-1167B50

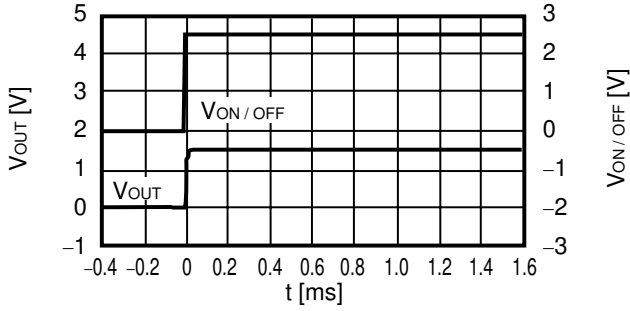
$V_{IN} = 6.0 \text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 50 \leftrightarrow 100 \text{ mA}$



(3) ON / OFF Pin Transient Response Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

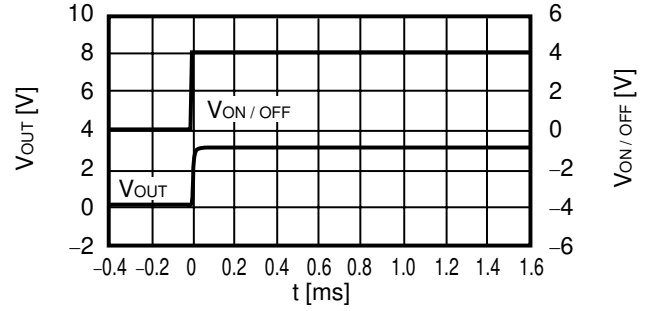
S-1167B15

$V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 100\ \text{mA}$



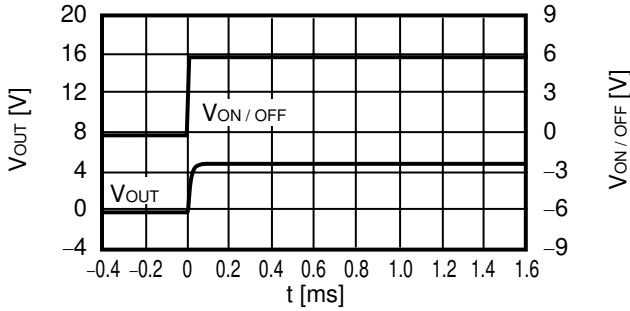
S-1167B30

$V_{IN} = 4.0\ \text{V}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 100\ \text{mA}$



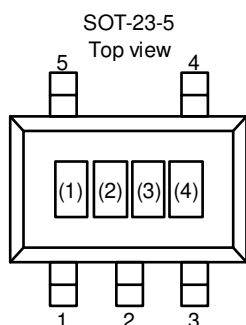
S-1167B50

$V_{IN} = 6.0\ \text{V}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$, $C_{IN} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 100\ \text{mA}$



■ **Marking Specifications**

(1) SOT-23-5



(1) to (3): Product code (refer to **Product name vs. Product code**)
 (4) : Lot number

Product name vs. Product code

(a) **S-1167 Series A type**

Product name	Product code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-1167A15-M5T1x	P	2	A
S-1167A1J-M5T1x	P	3	P
S-1167A19-M5T1x	P	2	E
S-1167A30-M5T1x	P	2	P
S-1167A33-M5T1x	P	2	S
S-1167A50-M5T1x	P	3	J

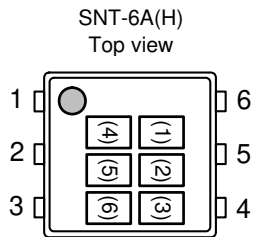
(b) **S-1167 Series B type**

Product name	Product code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-1167B15-M5T1x	P	4	A
S-1167B16-M5T1x	P	4	B
S-1167B17-M5T1x	P	4	C
S-1167B18-M5T1x	P	4	D
S-1167B19-M5T1x	P	4	E
S-1167B20-M5T1x	P	4	F
S-1167B21-M5T1x	P	4	G
S-1167B22-M5T1x	P	4	H
S-1167B23-M5T1x	P	4	I
S-1167B24-M5T1x	P	4	J
S-1167B25-M5T1x	P	4	K
S-1167B26-M5T1x	P	4	L
S-1167B27-M5T1x	P	4	M
S-1167B28-M5T1x	P	4	N
S-1167B29-M5T1x	P	4	O
S-1167B30-M5T1x	P	4	P
S-1167B31-M5T1x	P	4	Q
S-1167B32-M5T1x	P	4	R
S-1167B33-M5T1x	P	4	S
S-1167B34-M5T1x	P	4	T
S-1167B35-M5T1x	P	4	U

Product name	Product code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-1167B36-M5T1x	P	4	V
S-1167B37-M5T1x	P	4	W
S-1167B38-M5T1x	P	4	X
S-1167B39-M5T1x	P	4	Y
S-1167B40-M5T1x	P	4	Z
S-1167B41-M5T1x	P	5	A
S-1167B42-M5T1x	P	5	B
S-1167B43-M5T1x	P	5	C
S-1167B44-M5T1x	P	5	D
S-1167B45-M5T1x	P	5	E
S-1167B46-M5T1x	P	5	F
S-1167B47-M5T1x	P	5	G
S-1167B48-M5T1x	P	5	H
S-1167B49-M5T1x	P	5	I
S-1167B50-M5T1x	P	5	J
S-1167B51-M5T1x	P	5	K
S-1167B52-M5T1x	P	5	L
S-1167B53-M5T1x	P	5	M
S-1167B54-M5T1x	P	5	N
S-1167B55-M5T1x	P	5	O

- Remark 1.** Please contact our sales office for the products other than those above.
2. x: G or U
3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

(2) SNT-6A(H)



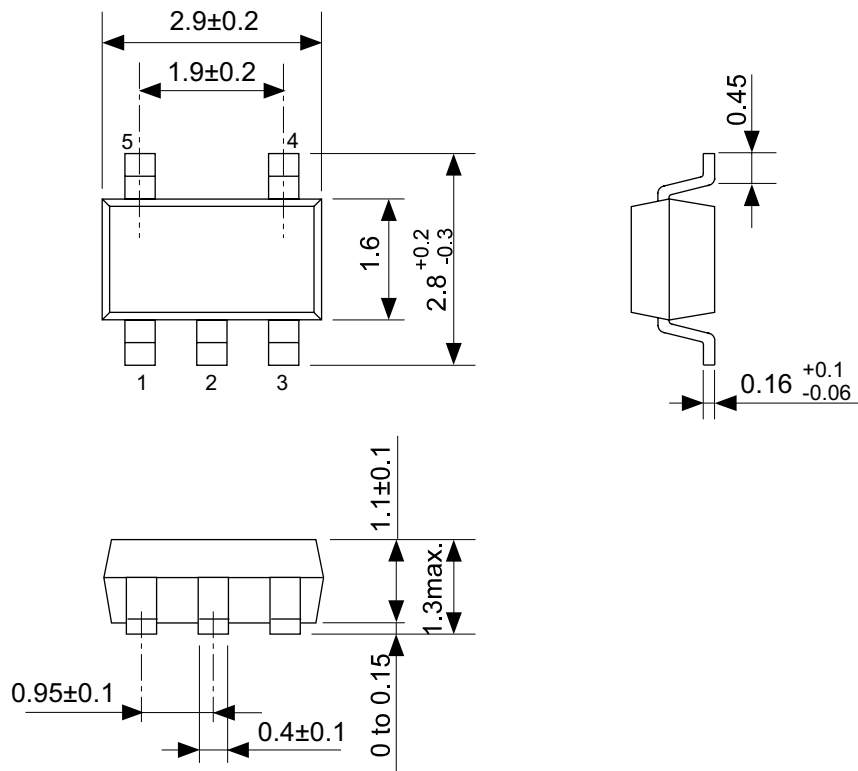
(1) to (3): Product code (refer to **Product name vs. Product code**)
 (4) to (6): Lot number

Product name vs. Product code

Product name	Product code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-1167B15-I6T2x	P	4	A
S-1167B16-I6T2x	P	4	B
S-1167B17-I6T2x	P	4	C
S-1167B18-I6T2x	P	4	D
S-1167B19-I6T2x	P	4	E
S-1167B20-I6T2x	P	4	F
S-1167B21-I6T2x	P	4	G
S-1167B22-I6T2x	P	4	H
S-1167B23-I6T2x	P	4	I
S-1167B24-I6T2x	P	4	J
S-1167B25-I6T2x	P	4	K
S-1167B26-I6T2x	P	4	L
S-1167B27-I6T2x	P	4	M
S-1167B28-I6T2x	P	4	N
S-1167B29-I6T2x	P	4	O
S-1167B30-I6T2x	P	4	P
S-1167B31-I6T2x	P	4	Q
S-1167B32-I6T2x	P	4	R
S-1167B33-I6T2x	P	4	S
S-1167B34-I6T2x	P	4	T
S-1167B35-I6T2x	P	4	U

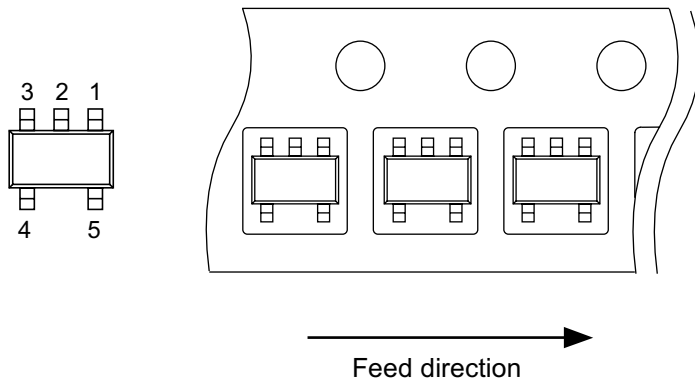
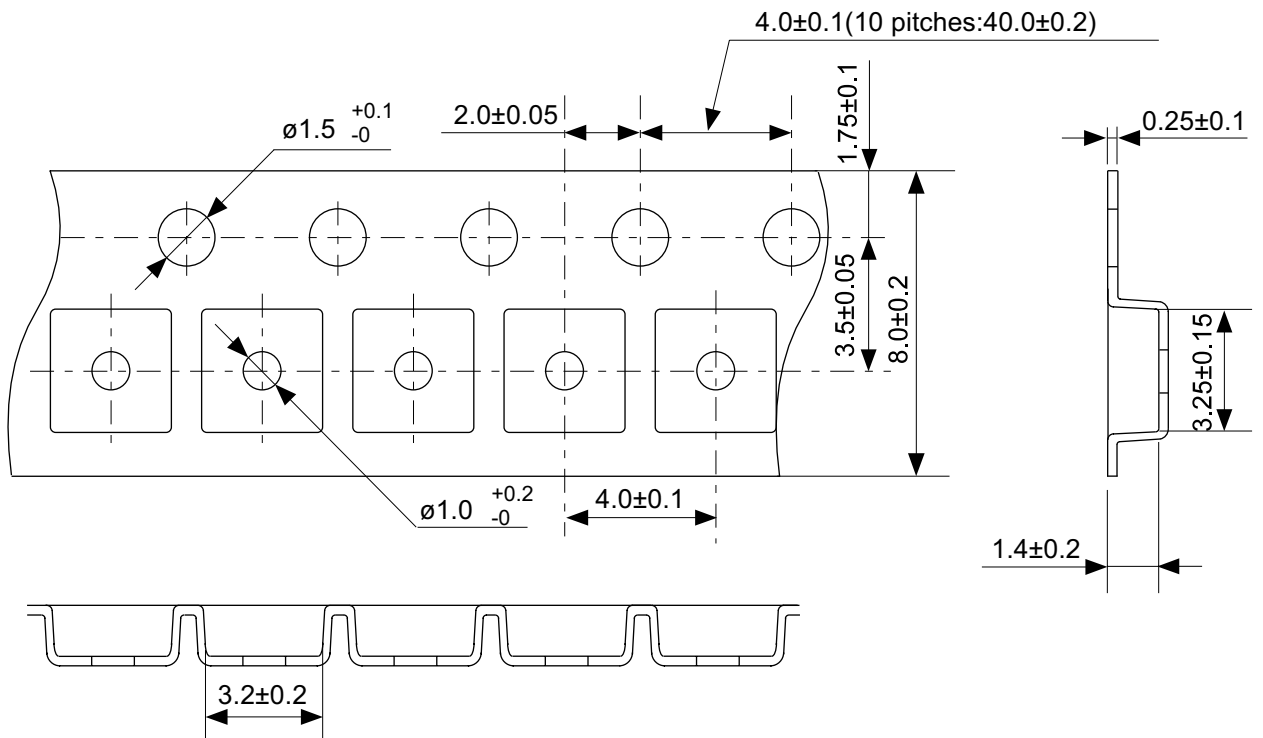
Product name	Product code		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-1167B36-I6T2x	P	4	V
S-1167B37-I6T2x	P	4	W
S-1167B38-I6T2x	P	4	X
S-1167B39-I6T2x	P	4	Y
S-1167B40-I6T2x	P	4	Z
S-1167B41-I6T2x	P	5	A
S-1167B42-I6T2x	P	5	B
S-1167B43-I6T2x	P	5	C
S-1167B44-I6T2x	P	5	D
S-1167B45-I6T2x	P	5	E
S-1167B46-I6T2x	P	5	F
S-1167B47-I6T2x	P	5	G
S-1167B48-I6T2x	P	5	H
S-1167B49-I6T2x	P	5	I
S-1167B50-I6T2x	P	5	J
S-1167B51-I6T2x	P	5	K
S-1167B52-I6T2x	P	5	L
S-1167B53-I6T2x	P	5	M
S-1167B54-I6T2x	P	5	N
S-1167B55-I6T2x	P	5	O

- Remark 1.** Please contact our sales office for products with type A products.
2. x: G or U
3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.



No. MP005-A-P-SD-1.2

TITLE	SOT235-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	MP005-A-P-SD-1.2
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	



No. MP005-A-C-SD-2.1

TITLE	SOT235-A-Carrier Tape
No.	MP005-A-C-SD-2.1
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	