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# 16-Bit

Architecture

## XE162FN, XE162HN

16-Bit Single-Chip  
Real Time Signal Controller  
XE166 Family / Value Line

Data Sheet

V1.5 2013-02

**Edition 2013-02**

**Published by  
Infineon Technologies AG  
81726 Munich, Germany**

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Architecture

## XE162FN, XE162HN

16-Bit Single-Chip

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**XE162xN Data Sheet**

**Revision History: V1.5 2013-02**

Previous Versions:

V1.4, 2011-07

V1.3, 2010-04

V1.2, 2009-07

V1.1, 2009-07

V1.0, 2009-03 Preliminary

Page	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
<b>26</b>	Added AB step marking.
<b>76</b>	Errata SWD_X.P002 implemented: $V_{\text{SWD}}$ tolerance boundaries for 5.5 V are changed.
<b>78</b>	Clarified “Coding of bit fields LEVxV” descriptions. Matched with Operating Conditions: marked some coding values “out of valid operation range”.
<b>79</b>	Errata FLASH_X.P001 implemented: Test Condition for Flash parameter $N_{\text{ER}}$ corrected

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**16-Bit Single-Chip  
Real Time Signal Controller  
XE162xN (XE166 Family)****1 Summary of Features**

For a quick overview and easy reference, the features of the XE162xN are summarized here.

- High-performance CPU with five-stage pipeline and MPU
  - 12.5 ns instruction cycle @ 80 MHz CPU clock (single-cycle execution)
  - One-cycle 32-bit addition and subtraction with 40-bit result
  - One-cycle multiplication (16 × 16 bit)
  - Background division (32 / 16 bit) in 21 cycles
  - One-cycle multiply-and-accumulate (MAC) instructions
  - Enhanced Boolean bit manipulation facilities
  - Zero-cycle jump execution
  - Additional instructions to support HLL and operating systems
  - Register-based design with multiple variable register banks
  - Fast context switching support with two additional local register banks
  - 16 Mbytes total linear address space for code and data
  - 1,024 Bytes on-chip special function register area (C166 Family compatible)
  - Integrated Memory Protection Unit (MPU)
- Interrupt system with 16 priority levels providing 96 interrupt nodes
  - Selectable external inputs for interrupt generation and wake-up
  - Fastest sample-rate 12.5 ns
- Eight-channel interrupt-driven single-cycle data transfer with Peripheral Event Controller (PEC), 24-bit pointers cover total address space
- Clock generation from internal or external clock sources, using on-chip PLL or prescaler
- Hardware CRC-Checker with Programmable Polynomial to Supervise On-Chip Memory Areas
- On-chip memory modules
  - 8 Kbytes on-chip stand-by RAM (SBRAM)
  - 2 Kbytes on-chip dual-port RAM (DPRAM)
  - Up to 16 Kbytes on-chip data SRAM (DSRAM)
  - Up to 16 Kbytes on-chip program/data SRAM (PSRAM)
  - Up to 320 Kbytes on-chip program memory (Flash memory)
  - Memory content protection through Error Correction Code (ECC)



**Summary of Features**

- On-Chip Peripheral Modules
  - Two synchronizable A/D Converters with up to 9 channels, 10-bit resolution, conversion time below 1  $\mu$ s, optional data preprocessing (data reduction, range check), broken wire detection
  - 16-channel general purpose capture/compare unit (CC2)
  - One capture/compare units for flexible PWM signal generation (CCU60)
  - Multi-functional general purpose timer unit with 5 timers
  - 6 serial interface channels to be used as UART, LIN, high-speed synchronous channel (SPI/QSPI), IIC bus interface (10-bit addressing, 400 kbit/s), IIS interface
  - On-chip MultiCAN interface (Rev. 2.0B active) with 64 message objects (Full CAN/Basic CAN) on up to 2 CAN nodes and gateway functionality
  - On-chip system timer and on-chip real time clock
- Single power supply from 3.0 V to 5.5 V
- Power reduction and wake-up modes
- Programmable watchdog timer and oscillator watchdog
- Up to 40 general purpose I/O lines
- On-chip bootstrap loaders
- Supported by a full range of development tools including C compilers, macro-assembler packages, emulators, evaluation boards, HLL debuggers, simulators, logic analyzer disassemblers, programming boards
- On-chip debug support via Device Access Port (DAP) or JTAG interface
- 64-pin Green LQFP package, 0.5 mm (19.7 mil) pitch

**Ordering Information**

The ordering code for an Infineon microcontroller provides an exact reference to a specific product. This ordering code identifies:

- the derivative itself, i.e. its function set, the temperature range, and the supply voltage
- the temperature range:
  - SAF-....: -40°C to 85°C
  - SAK-....: -40°C to 125°C
- the package and the type of delivery.

For ordering codes for the XE162xN please contact your sales representative or local distributor.

**Summary of Features**
**1.1 Device Types**

The following XE162xN device types are available and can be ordered through Infineon's direct and/or distribution channels. The devices are available for the SAF temperature range. SAK types are available upon request only.

**Table 1 Synopsis of XE162xN Device Types**

<b>Derivative</b>	<b>Flash Memory<sup>1)</sup></b>	<b>PSRAM DSRAM<sup>2)</sup></b>	<b>Capt./Comp. Modules</b>	<b>ADC<sup>3)</sup> Chan.</b>	<b>Interfaces<sup>3)</sup></b>
XE162FN-16F80L	128 Kbytes	8 Kbytes 8 Kbytes	CC2 CCU60	7 + 2	2 CAN Node, 6 Serial Chan.
XE162FN-24F80L	192 Kbytes	8 Kbytes 16 Kbytes	CC2 CCU60	7 + 2	2 CAN Node, 6 Serial Chan.
XE162FN-40F80L	320 Kbytes	16 Kbytes 16 Kbytes	CC2 CCU60	7 + 2	2 CAN Node, 6 Serial Chan.
XE162HN-16F80L	128 Kbytes	8 Kbytes 8 Kbytes	CC2 CCU60	7 + 2	no CAN Nodes, 6 Serial Chan.
XE162HN-24F80L	192 Kbytes	8 Kbytes 16 Kbytes	CC2 CCU60	7 + 2	no CAN Nodes, 6 Serial Chan.
XE162HN-40F80L	320 Kbytes	16 Kbytes 16 Kbytes	CC2 CCU60	7 + 2	no CAN Nodes, 6 Serial Chan.

1) Specific information about the on-chip Flash memory in [Table 2](#).

2) All derivatives additionally provide 8 Kbytes SBRAM and 2 Kbytes DPRAM.

3) Specific information about the available channels in [Table 4](#).

Analog input channels are listed for each Analog/Digital Converter module separately (ADC0 + ADC1).

## 1.2 Definition of Feature Variants

The XE162xN types are offered with several Flash memory sizes. [Table 2](#) and [Table 3](#) describe the location of the available Flash memory.

**Table 2 Continuous Flash Memory Ranges**

Total Flash Size	1st Range <sup>1)</sup>	2nd Range	3rd Range
320 Kbytes	C0'0000 <sub>H</sub> ... C0'FFFF <sub>H</sub>	C1'0000 <sub>H</sub> ... C4'FFFF <sub>H</sub>	n.a.
192 Kbytes	C0'0000 <sub>H</sub> ... C0'FFFF <sub>H</sub>	C1'0000 <sub>H</sub> ... C1'FFFF <sub>H</sub>	C4'0000 <sub>H</sub> ... C4'FFFF <sub>H</sub>
128 Kbytes	C0'0000 <sub>H</sub> ... C0'FFFF <sub>H</sub>	C4'0000 <sub>H</sub> ... C4'FFFF <sub>H</sub>	n.a.

1) The uppermost 4-Kbyte sector of the first Flash segment is reserved for internal use (C0'F000<sub>H</sub> to C0'FFFF<sub>H</sub>).

**Table 3 Flash Memory Module Allocation (in Kbytes)**

Total Flash Size	Flash 0 <sup>1)</sup>	Flash 1
320	256	64
192	128	64
128	64	64

1) The uppermost 4-Kbyte sector of the first Flash segment is reserved for internal use (C0'F000<sub>H</sub> to C0'FFFF<sub>H</sub>).

The XE162xN types are offered with different interface options. [Table 4](#) lists the available channels for each option.

**Table 4 Interface Channel Association**

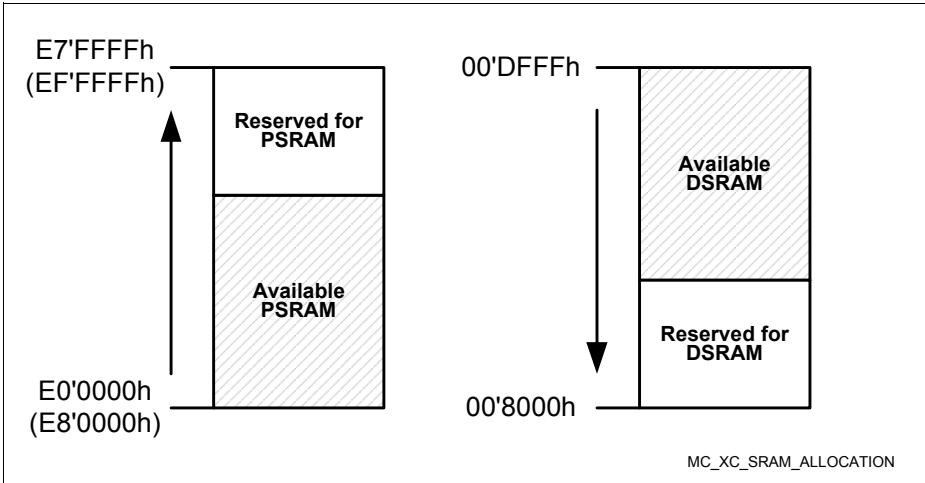
Total Number	Available Channels / Message Objects
7 ADC0 channels	CH0, CH2, Ch4, CH8, CH10, CH13, CH15
2 ADC1 channels	CH0, CH4
2 CAN nodes	CAN0, CAN1 64 message objects
6 serial channels	U0C0, U0C1, U1C0, U1C1, U2C0, U2C1

The XE162xN types are offered with several SRAM memory sizes. [Figure 1](#) shows the allocation rules for PSRAM and DSRAM. Note that the rules differ:

- PSRAM allocation starts from the **lower** address
- DSRAM allocation starts from the **higher** address

**Summary of Features**

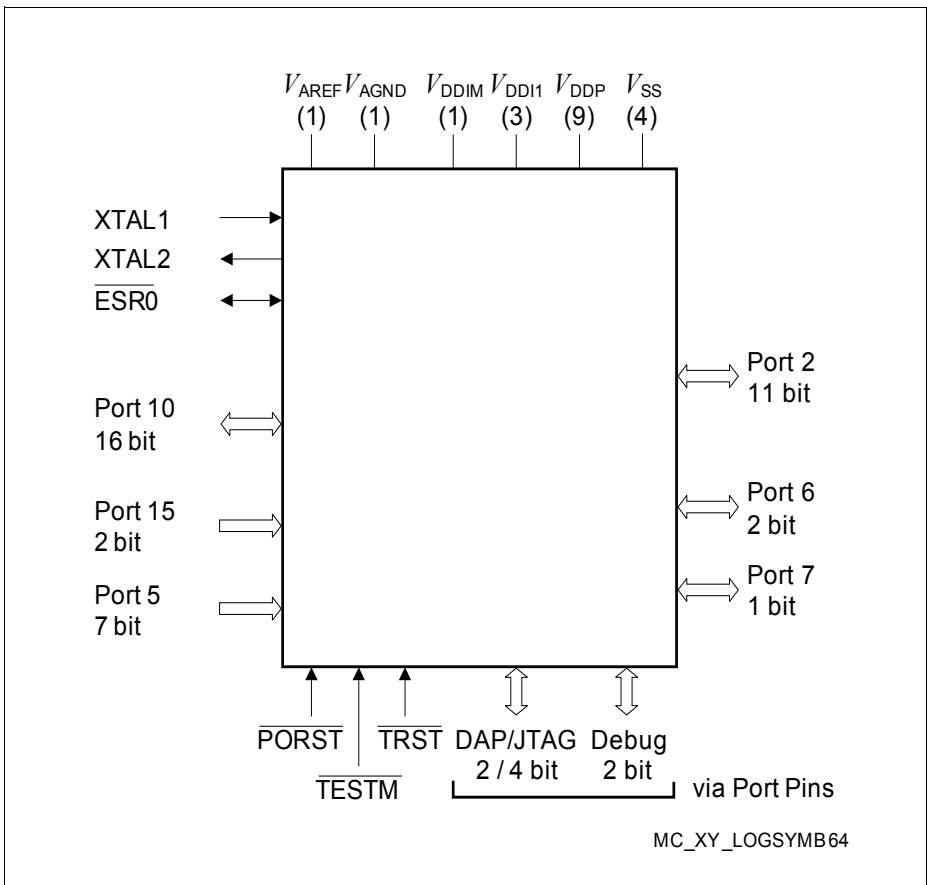
For example 8 Kbytes of PSRAM will be allocated at E0'0000h-E0'1FFFh and 8 Kbytes of DSRAM will be at 00'C000h-00'DFFFh.



**Figure 1 SRAM Allocation**

## 2 General Device Information

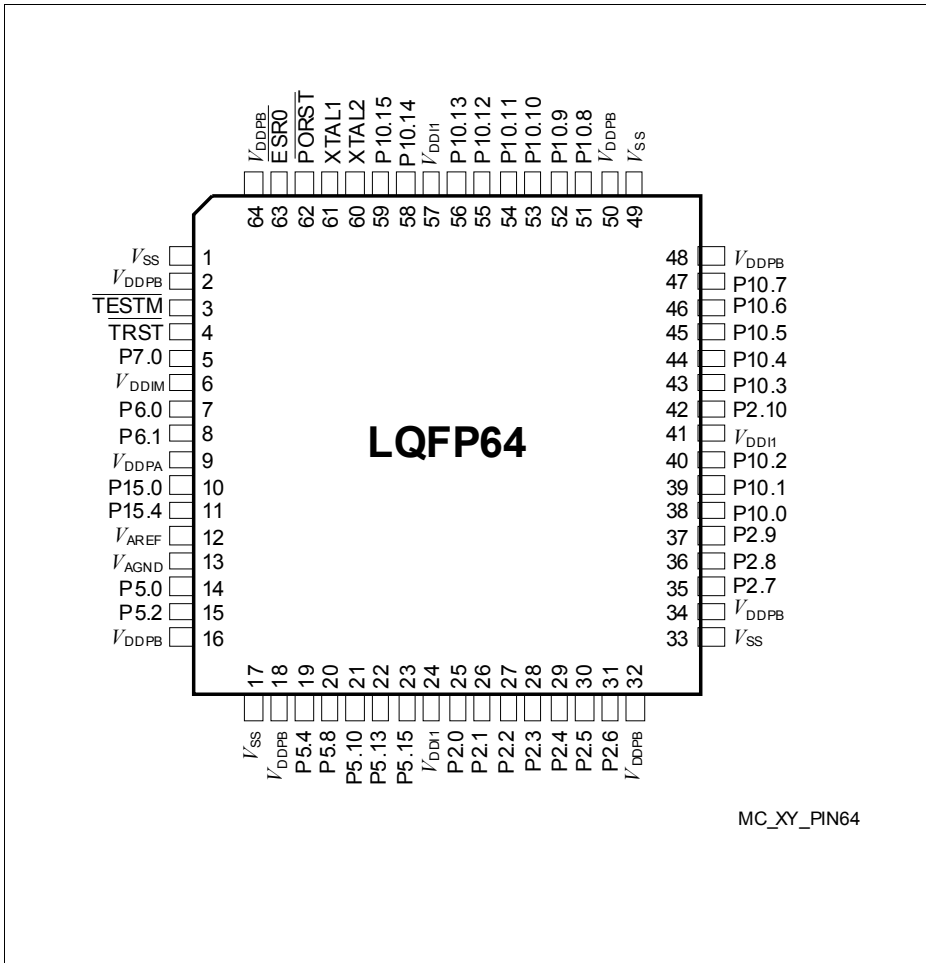
The XE162xN series (16-Bit Single-Chip Real Time Signal Controller) is a part of the Infineon XE166 Family of full-feature single-chip CMOS microcontrollers. These devices extend the functionality and performance of the C166 Family in terms of instructions (MAC unit), peripherals, and speed. They combine high CPU performance (up to 80 million instructions per second) with extended peripheral functionality and enhanced IO capabilities. Optimized peripherals can be adapted flexibly to meet the application requirements. These derivatives utilize clock generation via PLL and internal or external clock sources. On-chip memory modules include program Flash, program RAM, and data RAM.



**Figure 2 XE162xN Logic Symbol**

## 2.1 Pin Configuration and Definition

The pins of the XE162xN are described in detail in [Table 5](#), which includes all alternate functions. For further explanations please refer to the footnotes at the end of the table. The following figure summarizes all pins, showing their locations on the four sides of the package.



**Figure 3 XE162xN Pin Configuration (top view)**

**Key to Pin Definitions**

- **Ctrl.:** The output signal for a port pin is selected by bit field PC in the associated register Px\_IOCry. Output O0 is selected by setting the respective bit field PC to 1x00<sub>B</sub>, output O1 is selected by 1x01<sub>B</sub>, etc. Output signal OH is controlled by hardware.
- **Type:** Indicates the pad type and its power supply domain (A, B, M, 1).
  - St: Standard pad
  - Sp: Special pad e.g. XTALx
  - DP: Double pad - can be used as standard or high speed pad
  - In: Input only pad
  - PS: Power supply pad

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
3	$\overline{\text{TESTM}}$	I	In/B	<b>Testmode Enable</b> Enables factory test modes, must be held HIGH for normal operation (connect to $V_{\text{DDPB}}$ ). An internal pull-up device will hold this pin high when nothing is driving it.
4	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	I	In/B	<b>Test-System Reset Input</b> For normal system operation, pin $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ should be held low. A high level at this pin at the rising edge of $\overline{\text{PORST}}$ activates the XE162xN's debug system. In this case, pin $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ must be driven low once to reset the debug system. An internal pull-down device will hold this pin low when nothing is driving it.
5	P7.0	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 0 of Port 7, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	T3OUT	O1	St/B	<b>GPT12E Timer T3 Toggle Latch Output</b>
	T6OUT	O2	St/B	<b>GPT12E Timer T6 Toggle Latch Output</b>
	TDO_A	OH / IH	St/B	<b>JTAG Test Data Output / DAP1 Input/Output</b> If DAP pos. 0 or 2 is selected during start-up, an internal pull-down device will hold this pin low when nothing is driving it.
	ESR2_1	I	St/B	<b>ESR2 Trigger Input 1</b>

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
7	P6.0	O0 / I	DA/A	<b>Bit 0 of Port 6, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	EMUX0	O1	DA/A	<b>External Analog MUX Control Output 0 (ADC0)</b>
	BRKOUT	O3	DA/A	<b>OCDS Break Signal Output</b>
	ADCx_REQG TyG	I	DA/A	<b>External Request Gate Input for ADC0/1</b>
	U1C1_DX0E	I	DA/A	<b>USIC1 Channel 1 Shift Data Input</b>
8	P6.1	O0 / I	DA/A	<b>Bit 1 of Port 6, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	EMUX1	O1	DA/A	<b>External Analog MUX Control Output 1 (ADC0)</b>
	T3OUT	O2	DA/A	<b>GPT12E Timer T3 Toggle Latch Output</b>
	U1C1_DOUT	O3	DA/A	<b>USIC1 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	ADCx_REQT RyE	I	DA/A	<b>External Request Trigger Input for ADC0/1</b>
	ESR1_6	I	DA/A	<b>ESR1 Trigger Input 6</b>
10	P15.0	I	In/A	<b>Bit 0 of Port 15, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC1_CH0	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 0 for ADC1</b>
11	P15.4	I	In/A	<b>Bit 4 of Port 15, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC1_CH4	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 4 for ADC1</b>
	T6INA	I	In/A	<b>GPT12E Timer T6 Count/Gate Input</b>
12	$V_{AREF}$	-	PS/A	<b>Reference Voltage for A/D Converters ADC0/1</b>
13	$V_{AGND}$	-	PS/A	<b>Reference Ground for A/D Converters ADC0/1</b>
14	P5.0	I	In/A	<b>Bit 0 of Port 5, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC0_CH0	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 0 for ADC0</b>
15	P5.2	I	In/A	<b>Bit 2 of Port 5, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC0_CH2	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 2 for ADC0</b>
	TDI_A	I	In/A	<b>JTAG Test Data Input</b>
19	P5.4	I	In/A	<b>Bit 4 of Port 5, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC0_CH4	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 4 for ADC0</b>
	T3EUDA	I	In/A	<b>GPT12E Timer T3 External Up/Down Control Input</b>
	TMS_A	I	In/A	<b>JTAG Test Mode Selection Input</b>



**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
20	P5.8	I	In/A	<b>Bit 8 of Port 5, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC0_CH8	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 8 for ADC0</b>
	ADC1_CH8	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 8 for ADC1</b>
	CCU6x_T12H RC	I	In/A	<b>External Run Control Input for T12 of CCU60/1</b>
	CCU6x_T13H RC	I	In/A	<b>External Run Control Input for T13 of CCU60/1</b>
	U2C0_DX0F	I	In/A	<b>USIC2 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
21	P5.10	I	In/A	<b>Bit 10 of Port 5, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC0_CH10	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 10 for ADC0</b>
	ADC1_CH10	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 10 for ADC1</b>
	BRKIN_A	I	In/A	<b>OCDS Break Signal Input</b>
	U2C1_DX0F	I	In/A	<b>USIC2 Channel 1 Shift Data Input</b>
22	P5.13	I	In/A	<b>Bit 13 of Port 5, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC0_CH13	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 13 for ADC0</b>
23	P5.15	I	In/A	<b>Bit 15 of Port 5, General Purpose Input</b>
	ADC0_CH15	I	In/A	<b>Analog Input Channel 15 for ADC0</b>
25	P2.0	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 0 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	RxDC0C	I	St/B	<b>CAN Node 0 Receive Data Input</b>
	T5INB	I	St/B	<b>GPT12E Timer T5 Count/Gate Input</b>
26	P2.1	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 1 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	TxDC0	O1	St/B	<b>CAN Node 0 Transmit Data Output</b>
	T5EUDB	I	St/B	<b>GPT12E Timer T5 External Up/Down Control Input</b>
	ESR1_5	I	St/B	<b>ESR1 Trigger Input 5</b>
27	P2.2	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 2 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	TxDC1	O1	St/B	<b>CAN Node 1 Transmit Data Output</b>
	ESR2_5	I	St/B	<b>ESR2 Trigger Input 5</b>

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Ctrl.</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Function</b>
28	P2.3	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 3 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Data Output</b>
	CC2_CC16	O3 / I	St/B	<b>CAPCOM2 CC16IO Capture Inp./ Compare Out.</b>
	ESR2_0	I	St/B	<b>ESR2 Trigger Input 0</b>
	U0C0_DX0E	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
	U0C1_DX0D	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Input</b>
	RxDC0A	I	St/B	<b>CAN Node 0 Receive Data Input</b>
29	P2.4	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 4 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C1_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	TxDC0	O2	St/B	<b>CAN Node 0 Transmit Data Output</b>
	CC2_CC17	O3 / I	St/B	<b>CAPCOM2 CC17IO Capture Inp./ Compare Out.</b>
	ESR1_0	I	St/B	<b>ESR1 Trigger Input 0</b>
	U0C0_DX0F	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
	RxDC1A	I	St/B	<b>CAN Node 1 Receive Data Input</b>
30	P2.5	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 5 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_SCLK OUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Clock Output</b>
	TxDC0	O2	St/B	<b>CAN Node 0 Transmit Data Output</b>
	CC2_CC18	O3 / I	St/B	<b>CAPCOM2 CC18IO Capture Inp./ Compare Out.</b>
	U0C0_DX1D	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Clock Input</b>
	ESR1_10	I	St/B	<b>ESR1 Trigger Input 10</b>
31	P2.6	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 6 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_SELO 0	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Select/Control 0 Output</b>
	U0C1_SELO 1	O2	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Select/Control 1 Output</b>
	CC2_CC19	O3 / I	St/B	<b>CAPCOM2 CC19IO Capture Inp./ Compare Out.</b>
	U0C0_DX2D	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Control Input</b>
	RxDC0D	I	St/B	<b>CAN Node 0 Receive Data Input</b>
	ESR2_6	I	St/B	<b>ESR2 Trigger Input 6</b>

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
35	P2.7	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 7 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C1_SELO0	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Select/Control 0 Output</b>
	U0C0_SELO1	O2	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Select/Control 1 Output</b>
	CC2_CC20	O3 / I	St/B	<b>CAPCOM2 CC20IO Capture Inp./ Compare Out.</b>
	U0C1_DX2C	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Control Input</b>
	RxDC1C	I	St/B	<b>CAN Node 1 Receive Data Input</b>
	ESR2_7	I	St/B	<b>ESR2 Trigger Input 7</b>
36	P2.8	O0 / I	DP/B	<b>Bit 8 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C1_SCLKOUT	O1	DP/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Clock Output</b>
	EXTCLK	O2	DP/B	<b>Programmable Clock Signal Output</b>
	CC2_CC21	O3 / I	DP/B	<b>CAPCOM2 CC21IO Capture Inp./ Compare Out.</b>
	U0C1_DX1D	I	DP/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Clock Input</b>
37	P2.9	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 9 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C1_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	TxDC1	O2	St/B	<b>CAN Node 1 Transmit Data Output</b>
	CC2_CC22	O3 / I	St/B	<b>CAPCOM2 CC22IO Capture Inp./ Compare Out.</b>
	CLKIN1	I	St/B	<b>Clock Signal Input 1</b>
	TCK_A	IH	St/B	<b>DAP0/JTAG Clock Input</b> If JTAG pos. A is selected during start-up, an internal pull-up device will hold this pin high when nothing is driving it. If DAP pos. 0 is selected during start-up, an internal pull-down device will hold this pin low when nothing is driving it.

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
38	P10.0	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 0 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C1_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	CCU60_CC60	O2	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 0 Output</b>
	CCU60_CC60INA	I	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 0 Input</b>
	ESR1_2	I	St/B	<b>ESR1 Trigger Input 2</b>
	U0C0_DX0A	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
	U0C1_DX0A	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Input</b>
39	P10.1	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 1 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Data Output</b>
	CCU60_CC61	O2	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 1 Output</b>
	CCU60_CC61INA	I	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 1 Input</b>
	U0C0_DX1A	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Clock Input</b>
	U0C0_DX0B	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
40	P10.2	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 2 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_SCLKOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Clock Output</b>
	CCU60_CC62	O2	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 2 Output</b>
	CCU60_CC62INA	I	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 2 Input</b>
	U0C0_DX1B	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Clock Input</b>
42	P2.10	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 10 of Port 2, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C1_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	U0C0_SELO3	O2	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Select/Control 3 Output</b>
	CC2_CC23	O3 / I	St/B	<b>CAPCOM2 CC23IO Capture Inp./ Compare Out.</b>
	U0C1_DX0E	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Input</b>
	CAPINA	I	St/B	<b>GPT12E Register CAPREL Capture Input</b>

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Ctrl.</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Function</b>
43	P10.3	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 3 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	CCU60_COU T60	O2	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 0 Output</b>
	U0C0_DX2A	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Control Input</b>
	U0C1_DX2A	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Control Input</b>
44	P10.4	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 4 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_SELO 3	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Select/Control 3 Output</b>
	CCU60_COU T61	O2	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 1 Output</b>
	U0C0_DX2B	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Control Input</b>
	U0C1_DX2B	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Control Input</b>
	ESR1_9	I	St/B	<b>ESR1 Trigger Input 9</b>
45	P10.5	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 5 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C1_SCLK OUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Clock Output</b>
	CCU60_COU T62	O2	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 2 Output</b>
	U2C0_DOUT	O3	St/B	<b>USIC2 Channel 0 Shift Data Output</b>
	U0C1_DX1B	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Clock Input</b>
	46	P10.6	O0 / I	St/B
U0C0_DOUT		O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Data Output</b>
U1C0_SELO 0		O3	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Select/Control 0 Output</b>
U0C0_DX0C		I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
U1C0_DX2D		I	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Control Input</b>
CCU60_CTR APA		I	St/B	<b>CCU60 Emergency Trap Input</b>

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Ctrl.</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Function</b>
47	P10.7	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 7 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C1_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	CCU60_COU T63	O2	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 3 Output</b>
	U0C1_DX0B	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Input</b>
	CCU60_CCP OS0A	I	St/B	<b>CCU60 Position Input 0</b>
	T4INB	I	St/B	<b>GPT12E Timer T4 Count/Gate Input</b>
51	P10.8	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 8 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_MCLK OUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Master Clock Output</b>
	U0C1_SELO 0	O2	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Select/Control 0 Output</b>
	U2C1_DOUT	O3	St/B	<b>USIC2 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	CCU60_CCP OS1A	I	St/B	<b>CCU60 Position Input 1</b>
	U0C0_DX1C	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Clock Input</b>
	BRKIN_B	I	St/B	<b>OCDS Break Signal Input</b>
T3EUDB	I	St/B	<b>GPT12E Timer T3 External Up/Down Control Input</b>	

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
52	P10.9	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 9 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_SELO4	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Select/Control 4 Output</b>
	U0C1_MCLKOUT	O2	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Master Clock Output</b>
	CCU60_CCP OS2A	I	St/B	<b>CCU60 Position Input 2</b>
	TCK_B	IH	St/B	<b>DAP0/JTAG Clock Input</b> If JTAG pos. B is selected during start-up, an internal pull-up device will hold this pin high when nothing is driving it. If DAP pos. 1 is selected during start-up, an internal pull-down device will hold this pin low when nothing is driving it.
T3INB	I	St/B	<b>GPT12E Timer T3 Count/Gate Input</b>	
53	P10.10	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 10 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U0C0_SELO0	O1	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Select/Control 0 Output</b>
	CCU60_COUT63	O2	St/B	<b>CCU60 Channel 3 Output</b>
	U0C0_DX2C	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 0 Shift Control Input</b>
	U0C1_DX1A	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Clock Input</b>
	TDI_B	IH	St/B	<b>JTAG Test Data Input</b> If JTAG pos. B is selected during start-up, an internal pull-up device will hold this pin high when nothing is driving it.
54	P10.11	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 11 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U1C0_SCLKOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Clock Output</b>
	BRKOUT	O2	St/B	<b>OCDS Break Signal Output</b>
	U1C0_DX1D	I	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Clock Input</b>
	TMS_B	IH	St/B	<b>JTAG Test Mode Selection Input</b> If JTAG pos. B is selected during start-up, an internal pull-up device will hold this pin high when nothing is driving it.

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
55	P10.12	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 12 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U1C0_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Data Output</b>
	TDO_B	OH / IH	St/B	<b>JTAG Test Data Output / DAP1 Input/Output</b> If DAP pos. 1 is selected during start-up, an internal pull-down device will hold this pin low when nothing is driving it.
	U1C0_DX0C	I	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
	U1C0_DX1E	I	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Clock Input</b>
56	P10.13	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 13 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U1C0_DOUT	O1	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Data Output</b>
	U1C0_SELO 3	O3	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Select/Control 3 Output</b>
	U1C0_DX0D	I	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
58	P10.14	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 14 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U1C0_SELO 1	O1	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Select/Control 1 Output</b>
	U0C1_DOUT	O2	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	ESR2_2	I	St/B	<b>ESR2 Trigger Input 2</b>
	U0C1_DX0C	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Input</b>
59	P10.15	O0 / I	St/B	<b>Bit 15 of Port 10, General Purpose Input/Output</b>
	U1C0_SELO 2	O1	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Select/Control 2 Output</b>
	U0C1_DOUT	O2	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Data Output</b>
	U1C0_DOUT	O3	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Data Output</b>
	U0C1_DX1C	I	St/B	<b>USIC0 Channel 1 Shift Clock Input</b>
60	XTAL2	O	Sp/M	<b>Crystal Oscillator Amplifier Output</b>
61	XTAL1	I	Sp/M	<b>Crystal Oscillator Amplifier Input</b> To clock the device from an external source, drive XTAL1, while leaving XTAL2 unconnected. Voltages on XTAL1 must comply to the core supply voltage $V_{DDIM}$ .
	ESR2_9	I	St/B	<b>ESR2 Trigger Input 9</b>



**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
62	$\overline{\text{PORST}}$	I	In/B	<p><b>Power On Reset Input</b></p> <p>A low level at this pin resets the XE162xN completely. A spike filter suppresses input pulses &lt;10 ns. Input pulses &gt;100 ns safely pass the filter. The minimum duration for a safe recognition should be 120 ns.</p> <p>An internal pull-up device will hold this pin high when nothing is driving it.</p>
63	$\overline{\text{ESR0}}$	O0 / I	St/B	<p><b>External Service Request 0</b></p> <p>After power-up, ESR0 operates as open-drain bidirectional reset with a weak pull-up.</p>
	U1C0_DX0E	I	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Data Input</b>
	U1C0_DX2B	I	St/B	<b>USIC1 Channel 0 Shift Control Input</b>
6	$V_{\text{DDIM}}$	-	PS/M	<p><b>Digital Core Supply Voltage for Domain M</b></p> <p>Decouple with a ceramic capacitor, see Data Sheet for details.</p>
24, 41, 57	$V_{\text{DDI1}}$	-	PS/1	<p><b>Digital Core Supply Voltage for Domain 1</b></p> <p>Decouple with a ceramic capacitor, see Data Sheet for details.</p> <p>All <math>V_{\text{DDI1}}</math> pins must be connected to each other.</p>
9	$V_{\text{DDPA}}$	-	PS/A	<p><b>Digital Pad Supply Voltage for Domain A</b></p> <p>Connect decoupling capacitors to adjacent <math>V_{\text{DDP}}/V_{\text{SS}}</math> pin pairs as close as possible to the pins.</p> <p><i>Note: The A/D Converters and ports P5, P6 and P15 are fed from supply voltage <math>V_{\text{DDPA}}</math>.</i></p>

**Table 5 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)**

Pin	Symbol	Ctrl.	Type	Function
2, 16, 18, 32, 34, 48, 50, 64	$V_{DDPB}$	-	PS/B	<p><b>Digital Pad Supply Voltage for Domain B</b></p> <p>Connect decoupling capacitors to adjacent <math>V_{DDP}/V_{SS}</math> pin pairs as close as possible to the pins.</p> <p><i>Note: The on-chip voltage regulators and all ports except P5, P6 and P15 are fed from supply voltage <math>V_{DDPB}</math>.</i></p>
1, 17, 33, 49	$V_{SS}$	-	PS/--	<p><b>Digital Ground</b></p> <p>All <math>V_{SS}</math> pins must be connected to the ground-line or ground-plane.</p> <p><i>Note: Also the exposed pad is connected internally to <math>V_{SS}</math>. To improve the EMC behavior, it is recommended to connect the exposed pad to the board ground.</i></p> <p><i>For thermal aspects, please refer to the Data Sheet. Board layout examples are given in an application note.</i></p>