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With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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# 7.62mm (0.3INCH) SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAY

Part Number: SC03-12SYKWA

Super Bright Yellow

# **Features**

- 0.3 inch digit height.
- Low current operation.
- Excellent character appearance.
- Easy mounting on P.C. boards or sockets.
- Mechanically rugged.
- Standard : gray face, white segment.
- RoHS compliant.

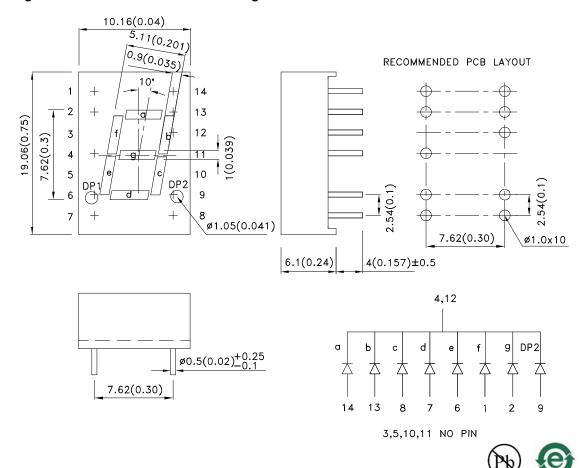
# Description

The Super Bright Yellow device is made with AlGaInP (on GaAs substrate) light emitting diode chip.

PAGE: 1 OF 6

ERP: 1301003151

# **Package Dimensions& Internal Circuit Diagram**



### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches), Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01")unless otherwise noted.

2. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.

SPEC NO: DSAM8437 REV NO: V.2A DATE: MAR/28/2015
APPROVED: WYNEC CHECKED: Joe Lee DRAWN: L.Q.Xie

# **Selection Guide**

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (ucd) [1] @ 10mA		Description
			Min.	Тур.	
SC03-12SYKWA	Super Bright Yellow (AlGaInP)	White Diffused	52000	100000	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal.
			*14000	*30000	

## Note:

- Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.
   Luminous intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

# Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Super Bright Yellow	590		nm	IF=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Super Bright Yellow	590		nm	IF=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Super Bright Yellow	20		nm	IF=20mA
С	Capacitance	Super Bright Yellow	20		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF [2]	Forward Voltage	Super Bright Yellow	2.0	2.5	V	IF=20mA
IR	Reverse Current	Super Bright Yellow		10	uA	V <sub>R</sub> =5V

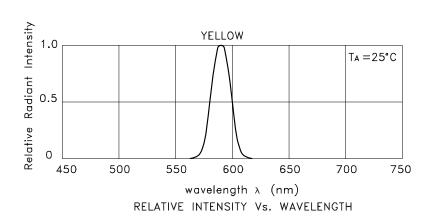
- 1.Wavelength: +/-1nm.
- 2.Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.
- 3. Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.
- 4.Excess driving current and/or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

# Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

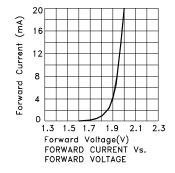
Parameter	Super Bright Yellow	Units		
Power dissipation	75	mW		
DC Forward Current	30	mA		
Peak Forward Current [1]	175	mA		
Reverse Voltage	5	V		
Operating / Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C			
Lead Solder Temperature[2]	2] 260°C For 3-5 Seconds			

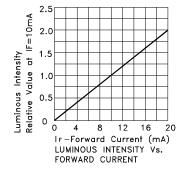
- 1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
   2. 2mm below package base.

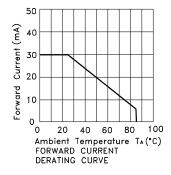
SPEC NO: DSAM8437 **REV NO: V.2A DATE: MAR/28/2015** PAGE: 2 OF 6 **APPROVED: WYNEC CHECKED:** Joe Lee DRAWN: L.Q.Xie ERP: 1301003151

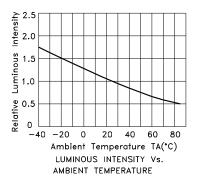


# Super Bright Yellow SC03-12SYKWA







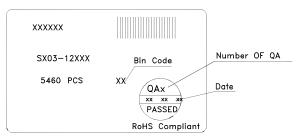


SPEC NO: DSAM8437 REV NO: V.2A DAT APPROVED: WYNEC CHECKED: Joe Lee DRA

DATE: MAR/28/2015 PAGE: 3 OF 6
DRAWN: L.Q.Xie ERP: 1301003151

# PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS SC03-12SYKWA OUTSIDE LABEL OUTSIDE LABEL OUTSIDE LABEL OUTSIDE LABEL OUTSIDE LABEL OUTSIDE LABEL Note: The story of the st

## Outside Label On Box



# Terms and conditions for the usage of this document

- 1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
- 2. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
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 SPEC NO: DSAM8437
 REV NO: V.2A
 DATE: MAR/28/2015
 PAGE: 4 OF 6

 APPROVED: WYNEC
 CHECKED: Joe Lee
 DRAWN: L.Q.Xie
 ERP: 1301003151

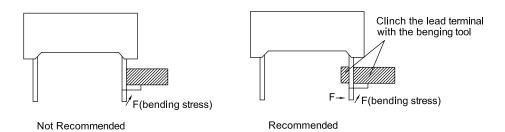


# THROUGH HOLE DISPLAY MOUNTING METHOD

# Lead Forming

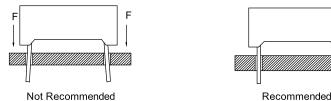
Do not bend the component leads by hand without proper tools.

The leads should be bent by clinching the upper part of the lead firmly such that the bending force is not exerted on the plastic body.

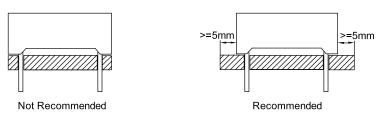


# Installation

- 1. The installation process should not apply stress to the lead terminals.
- 2. When inserting for assembly, ensure the terminal pitch matches the substrate board's hole pitch to prevent spreading or pinching the lead terminals.

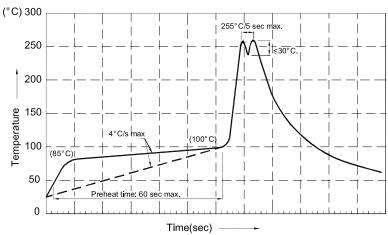


3.The component shall be placed at least 5mm from edge of PCB to avoid damage caused excessive heat during wave soldering.



SPEC NO: DSAM8437 REV NO: V.2A DATE: MAR/28/2015 PAGE: 5 OF 6
APPROVED: WYNEC CHECKED: Joe Lee DRAWN: L.Q.Xie ERP: 1301003151

# Recommended Wave Soldering Profiles:



### Notes:

- 1.Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105° C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260° C
- 2 Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
- 3.Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above  $85^{\circ}\text{C.}$
- 4. Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
- 5.SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
- 6.No more than one wave soldering pass.
- 7. During wave soldering, the PCB top-surface temperature should be kept below 105°C.

# Soldering General Notes:

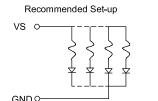
- 1. Through-hole displays are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 2.If components will undergo multiple soldering processes, or other processes where the components may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.

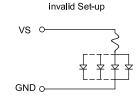
# **CLEANING**

- 1.Mild "no-clean" fluxes are recommended for use in soldering.
- 2.If cleaning is required, Kingbright recommends to wash components with water only.
  Do not use harsh organic solvents for cleaning because they may damage the plastic parts.
- The cleaning process should take place at room temperature and the devices should not be washed for more than one minute.
- 4. When water is used in the cleaning process, immediately remove excess moisture from the component with forced-air drying afterwards.

# **CIRCUIT DESIGN NOTES**

- 1.Protective current-limiting resistors may be necessary to operate the LEDs within the specified range.
- 2.LEDs mounted in parallel should each be placed in series with its own current-limiting resistor.





- The driving circuit should be designed to protect the LED against reverse voltages and transient voltage spikes when the circuit is powered up or shut down.
- The safe operating current should be chosen after considering the maximum ambient temperature of the operating environment.
- 5. Prolonged reverse bias should be avoided, as it could cause metal migration, leading to an increase in leakage current or causing a short circuit.

SPEC NO: DSAM8437 REV NO: V.2A DATE: MAR/28/2015 PAGE: 6 OF 6

APPROVED: WYNEC CHECKED: Joe Lee DRAWN: L.Q.Xie ERP: 1301003151