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SC1462

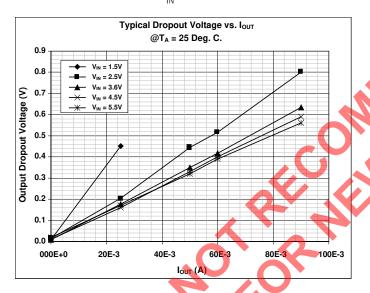
High Output Current Charge Pump Doubler

POWER MANAGEMENT

Description

The SC1462 is a versatile charge pump designed for use in battery operated power supply applications over the wide input range of 1.65 to 5.5 volts. A simple, low quiescent current charge pump doubler can be implemented without costly inductors or capacitors. Internal MOSFETs and control circuitry eliminate the need for costly board space and design time. The small 6 lead SOT-23 package helps minimize board space.

The SC1462 charge pump can be used for applications that require up to 80mA of output current with V_{IN} = 2.5V to 5.5V. Typical dropout voltage (2× V_{IN})- V_{OUT} is shown below for several values of V_{IN} .



Features

- Input supply voltage range of 1.65V to 5.5V
- Small size 6 pin SOT-23 package
- Typical efficiency of :

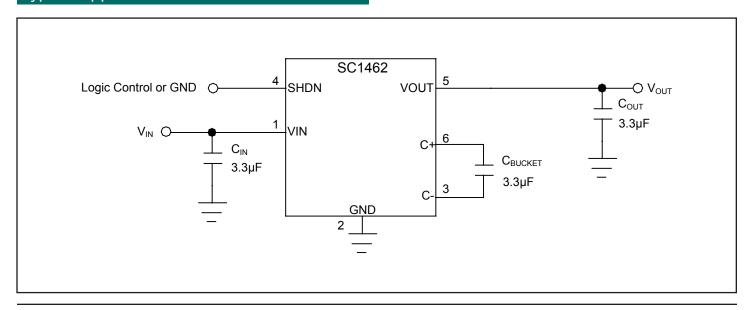
91% @
$$V_{IN} = 2.5V$$
, $I_{OUT} = 45mA$
94% @ $V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $I_{OUT} = 55mA$

- Short circuit and over-temperature protection
- ♦ 140µA typical input current @ no load
- ◆ Shutdown current <1µA
- Designed to work with ceramic or tantalum capacitors
- ◆ Fixed frequency of 160kHz
- All specifications rated over full temperature range (-40°C to 85°C)

Applications

- Cellular phones
- Handheld devices
 - LCD Display

Typical Application Circuit



Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

Exceeding the specifications below may result in permanent damage to the device or device malfunction. Operation outside of the parameters specified in the Electrical Characteristics section is not implied.

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 to +6.0	V
Output Voltage	V _{out}	-0.3 to +12	V
V _{OUT} Short Circuit Duration	SC	Indefinite	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient ⁽²⁾	θ_{JA}	230	°C/W
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T _A	-40 to +85	°C
Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-65 to +150	°C
Peak IR Flow Temperature, SC1462ISKTR	T _{LEAD}	240	°C
Peak IR Flow Temperature, SC1462ISKTRT	T _{LEAD}	260	°C

Notes:

Electrical Characteristics

Unless specified:

 $T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{C to } 85^{\circ} \text{C}$, SHDN = GND, 1.65V $\leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{V}$, Frequency =160kHz, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = C_{BUCKET} = 3.3 \mu\text{F}$ (ESR = 0.3 Ω).

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input Supply Voltage	V _{IN}		1.65		5.5	V
		I _{OUT} = 0, V _{IN} = 2.5V		140	260	μA
Input Supply Current	I _{IN}	I _{OUT} = 0, V _{IN} = 3.6V		200	400	μA
		SHDN = V _{IN}		0.1	1	μA
Ouput Resistance ⁽¹⁾	R _{out}	V _{IN} = 2.5V		9.5	13.5	Ω
Output Resistance(1)	R _{out}	V _{IN} = 3.6V		7.5	10.5	Ω
Total Switch Resistance(2)	R _{sw}	V _{IN} = 2.5V		3	4.5	Ω
Total Switch Resistance(2)	R _{sw}	V _{IN} = 3.6V		2	3	Ω
Output Current		V _{IN} = 2.5V			80	mA
	OUT	V _{IN} = 3.6V			80	mA
Oscillator Frequency	f _{osc}		100	160	200	kHz

¹⁾ This device is ESD sensitive. Use of standard ESD handlng precautions is required.

²⁾ Calculated from package in still air, mounted to 3" x 4.5", 4 layer FR4 PCB with thermal vias under the exposed pad as per JESD51 standards.

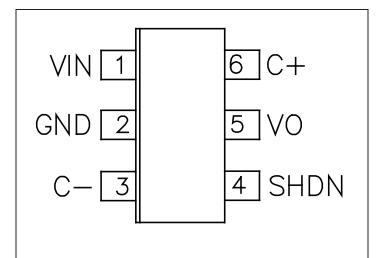
Electrical Characteristics (Cont.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Short Circuit Current	I _{sc}	V _{OUT} = 0V		200		mA
Output Ripple (pk-pk)(3)(4)	V _R	I _{OUT} = 45mA, V _{IN} = 2.5V		75		mV
Power Efficiency ⁽³⁾	η	I _{OUT} = 45mA, V _{IN} = 2.5V	86			%
Maximum Output Voltage(4)	V _{out}	I _{OUT} = 0mA			2×V _{IN}	V
Time to Regulation at Turn-On ⁽⁵⁾	t _{on}	I _{OUT} = 0 to 60mA, V _{IN} = 3.6V		500		μs
Input High Threshold	V _{IN}	SHDN pin, 2.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5V	1.6			V
Input Low Threshold	V _{IL}	SHDN pin, 2.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5V			0.4	V
Over-Temperature Protection(4)	Тот	7/7		140		°C
Over-Temperature Hystereis ⁽⁴⁾		Hysteresis		20		°C

Notes:

- 1) The internal switch resistance, the capacitor ESR and the oscillator's switching frequency all contribute to R_{out} . See the CAPACITOR SELECTION section on Page 6 for information on applying the R_{out} specification.
- 2) The parameter R_{sw} is equal to the total resistance of all 4 internal switches. See the CAPACITOR SELECTION section for information on applying the R_{sw} specification. The parameter was calculated from actual output resistance and the equation on Page 6 for R_{out} .
- 3) All electrical characteristics are for the Typical Application Circuit on Page 1.
- 4) Guaranteed by design.
- 5) Soft start functionality is performed along with short circuit protection. If V_{OUT} is less than V_{IN} 200mV, then all switches are turned off and V_{OUT} is charged with a 200mA current source from V_{IN} . When V_{OUT} reaches V_{IN} 200mV all switches are enabled.

Pin Configuration



Ordering Information

DEVICE ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGE
SC1462ISKTR	SOT-23-6
SC1462ISKTRT ⁽²⁾	SOT-23-6

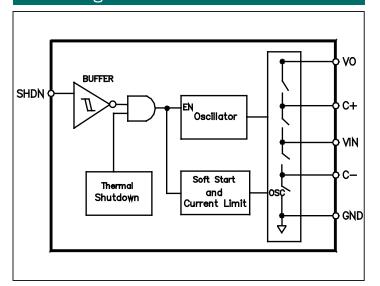
Notes:

- 1) Available in tape and reel only. A reel contains 3,000 devices.
- 2) This Pb free device is WEEE and RoHS compliant.

Pin Descriptions

Pin Des	criptions	
Pin#	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	VIN	Supply input voltage.
2	GND	Ground.
3	C-	This pin should be connected to the negative terminal of the external charging capacitor.
4	SHDN	Shutdown pin. When this pin is connected to V _{IN} , the device enters sleep mode.
5	VO	Voltage output.
6	C+	This pin should be connected to the positive terminal of the external charging capacitor.

Block Diagram



Marking Information

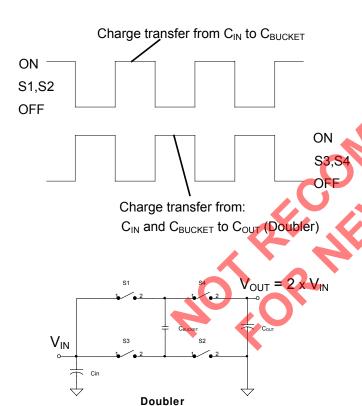


Applications Information

Theory of Operation

The SC1462 utilizes a switched capacitor charge pump to generate an output voltage approximately 2×V_{IN}.

An internal oscillator generates two out of phase fixed frequency clock signals which turn on and off internal MOSFET switches. During phase 1, the flying charge pump capacitor is charged to $V_{\rm IN}$ through switches S1 and S2. During phase 2, the flying charge pump capacitor is connected in series with the input voltage via S3 and S4, producing an output voltage.



Short Circuit/Soft-Start

An internal current limit and soft-start circuit provides protection against output short circuit and limits large current spikes generated during the initial start-up to charge output capacitor. If V_{OUT} is less than V_{IN} - 200mV, then all switches are turned off and V_{OUT} is charged with a 200mA current source from V_{IN} . When V_{OUT} reaches V_{IN} - 200mV, the current source is disconnected from output and the charge pump circuitry is enabled again.

Output Current

The dropout voltage for a charge pump doubler is defined as $(2 \times V_{_{|N}})$ - $V_{_{OUT}}$. The maximum output current is usually specified as that which will not cause the dropout voltage to exceed the requirements of the application. The calculation of the dropout voltage is given in the capacitor selection section on Page 6. Typical dropout voltages versus $I_{_{OUT}}$ are graphed on Page 8.

Thermal Shutdown

The thermal shutdown circuit provides added protection to the SC1462. During a V_{OUT} short circuit condition or if the load is excessive, the over-temperature circuitry will shut down the charge pump if the junction temperature exceeds approximately 140°C. The charge pump is enabled only if the junction temperature drops to approximately 120°C. The SC1462 will cycle in and out of thermal shut down until the short circuit or the excessive load condition on V_{OUT} is removed, thereby improving device reliability. The junction temperature can be calculated from the following formula if the ambient temperature (T_A) and the charge pump power dissipation (P_{DISS}) are known.

$$T_J = T_A + P_{DISS} \times \theta_{JA}$$
; $\theta_{JA} = 230 \text{ °C/W}$

Applications Information (Cont.)

Capacitor Selection

Capacitor selection is based on both the maximum acceptable ripple voltage and the maximum tolerable drop at the output.

Ripple

The peak-to-peak output ripple voltage is dependent on the following factors:

- 1) Oscillator frequency
- 2) ESR of C_{OUT}
- 3) Capacitance value of C_{OUT}

Item 1 is fixed and depend on the charge pump device used. Item 2, and 3 can be optimized for best performance and reduction of the output ripple.

The following formula could be used for an approximation for V_{OUT RIPPLE}.

$$V_{\text{OUT_RIPPLE}} = \frac{I_{\text{OUT}}}{2 \times f_{\text{OSC}} \times C_{\text{OUT}}} + 2 \times I \times \text{ESR_C}_{\text{OUT}}$$

V_{out} Drop

The voltage drop at the output is specified with the following equation:

$$V_{OUT_DROP} = I_{OUT} \times R_{OUT}$$

 $\boldsymbol{R}_{\text{out}}$ is dependent on the following factors:

- 1) Oscillator frequency

- 2) ESR of $C_{\text{OUT}} \& C_{\text{BUCKET}}$ 3) Capacitance value of C_{OUT} and C_{BUCKET} 4) Internal switch resistance (R_{SW} = Total of all 4 switch resistances).

A good approximation for calculating the output resistance is shown below.

$$R_{\text{out}} = \frac{1}{f_{\text{osc}} \times C_{\text{BUCKET}}} + 2 \times R_{\text{SW}} + 4 \times \text{ESR_C}_{\text{BUCKET}} + \text{ESR_C}_{\text{OUT}}$$

This equation can be used to calculate $C_{\scriptsize BUCKET}$ for a specific V_{out} when V_{IN} and I_{out} are known. The maximum value for the R_{sw} from the Electrical Characteristics section on Page 2 should be used in order to find a worst-case number.

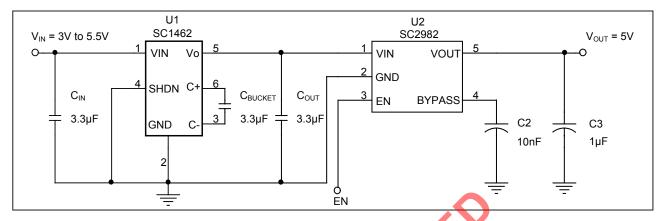
Layout Consideration

Standard power board layout should be followed to ensure proper operation. Any stray inductance should be minimized, this can be achieved by using large power planes or traces, and reducing the distances between input, output and the load. All components should be placed as close as possible to the SC1462.

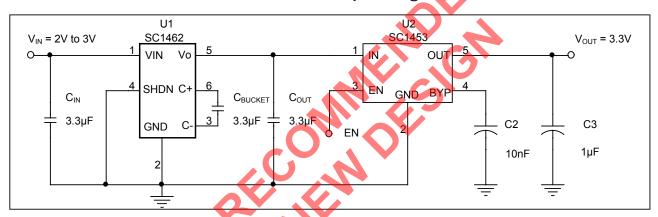
The following table shows typical capacitor characteristics.

Component	$ESR(\Omega)$	ESL(nH)
0.1µF Ceramic 0603 Package	0.050	1.60
1.0µF Ceramic 1206 Package	0.040	0.47
10µF Ceramic 0603 Package	0.075	0.50
47μF Ceramic, 16V Tantalum D case	0.100	0.60
330µF, 6.3V "OSCON"	0.025	2.50
330μF, 16V AL. Electrolytic	0.143	2.37
820μF, 4V "OSCON"	0.012	2.50
1000μF, 10V Al. Electrolytic	0.053	5.00

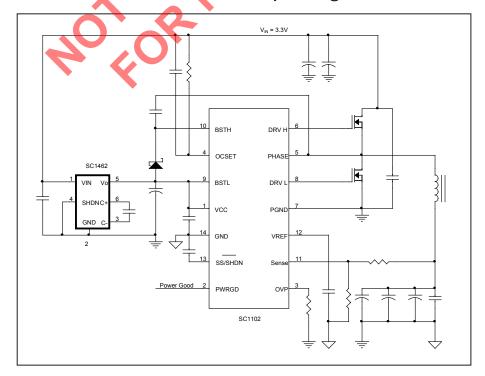
Applications Information (Cont.)



5 Volts Fixed Ouput Voltage



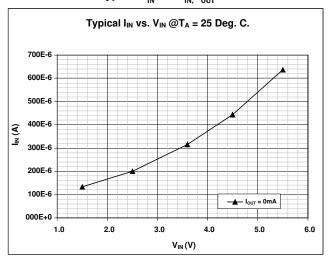
3.3 Volts Fixed Ouput Voltage



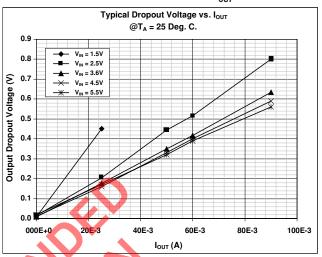
(3.3V Input Supply) Battery Operated Synchronous Buck Converter

Typical Characteristics

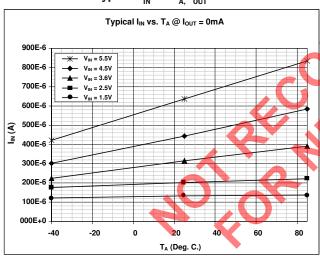
Typical I_{IN} vs. V_{IN} , $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA



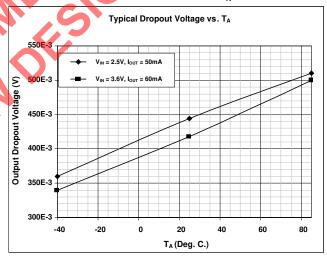
Typical Dropout vs. I_{out}



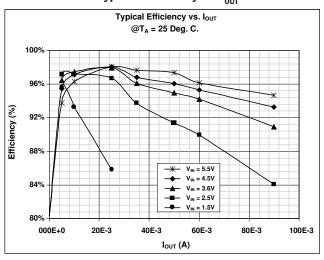
Typical I_{IN} vs. $T_{A,I} = 0$ mA



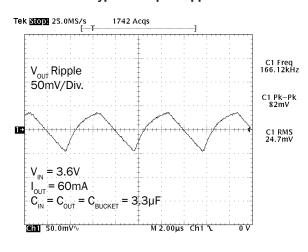
Typical Dropout vs. T



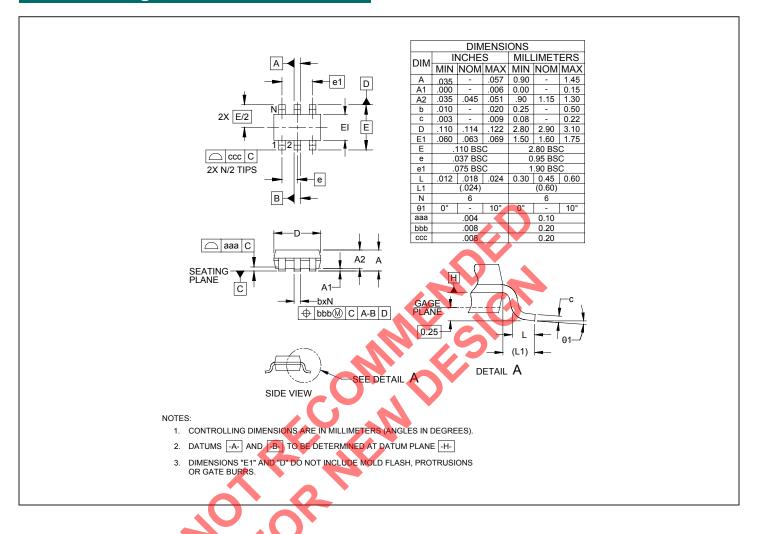
Typical Efficiency vs. I_{OUT}



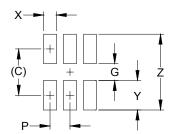
Typical Output Ripple



Outline Drawing - SOT-23-6L



Land Pattern - SOT-23-6L



DIMENSIONS				
DIM	INCHES	MILLIMETERS		
С	(.098)	(2.50)		
G	.055	1.40		
Р	.037	0.95		
Х	.024	0.60		
Υ	.043	1.10		
Ζ	.141	3.60		

NOTES:

THIS LAND PATTERN IS FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY.
CONSULT YOUR MANUFACTURING GROUP TO ENSURE YOUR
COMPANY'S MANUFACTURING GUIDELINES ARE MET.

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