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## **Toxic Gas Sensor**

(Model: MQ-7)

# Manual

Version: 1.3

Valid from: 2014-05-01

Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology Co., Ltd

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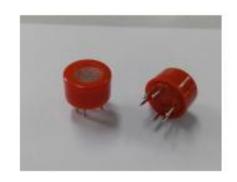
Please keep the manual properly, in order to get help if you have questions during the usage in the future.

Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology CO., LTD

#### **MQ-7 Semiconductor Sensor for Carbon Monoxide**

#### **Profile**

Sensitive material of MQ-7 gas sensor is  $SnO_2$ , which with lower conductivity in clean air. It make detection by method of cycle high and low temperature, and detect CO at low temperature(heated by 1.5V). The sensor's conductivity gets higher along with the CO gas concentration rising. At high temperature(heated by 5.0V), it cleans the other gases adsorbed at low temperature. Users can convert the change of conductivity to correspond output signal of gas concentration through a simple circuit.



#### **Features**

It has good sensitivity to carbon monoxide in wide range, and has advantages such as long lifespan, low cost and simple drive circuit &etc.

#### **Main Applications**

It is widely used in domestic CO gas leakage alarm, industrial CO gas alarm and portable CO gas detector.

#### Technical Parameters Stable.1

Model			MQ-7
Sensor Type			Semiconductor
Standard Encapsulation			Plastic cap
Target Gas			carbon monoxide
Detection range			10∼500ppm CO
	Loop Voltage	V <sub>c</sub>	≤10V DC
Standard Circuit Conditions	Heater Voltage	V <sub>H</sub>	5.0V±0.1V AC or DC(High tem.)
			1.5V±0.1V AC or DC(Low tem.)
	Heater Time	T <sub>L</sub>	60 S±1S(High tem.),
			90 S±1S(Low tem.)
	Load Resistance	$R_{L}$	Adjustable
	Heater Resistance	$R_{H}$	29Ω±3Ω (room tem.)
Sensor character under standard	Heater consumption	P <sub>H</sub>	≤900mW
	Sensitivity	S	Rs(in air)/Rs(in 150ppm CO)≥5
test conditions	Output Voltage	Vs	2.5V∼4.3V (in 150ppm CO)
	Concentration Slope	α	≤0.6(R <sub>300ppm</sub> /R <sub>50ppm</sub> CO)
Standard test conditions	Tem. Humidity		20℃±2℃; 55%±5%RH
	Standard test circuit		Vc:5.0V±0.1V;
			V <sub>H</sub> (High tem.): 5.0V±0.1V;
			V <sub>H</sub> (Low tem.): 1.5V±0.1V
	Preheat time		Over 48 hours

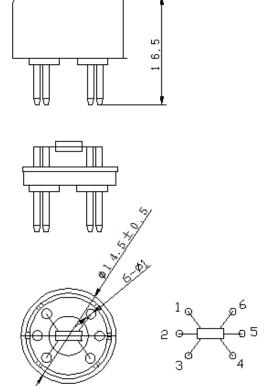


Fig1.Sensor Structure
Unit: mm

NOTE: Output voltage (Vs) is  $V_{RL}$  in test environment.

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#### **Basic Circuit**

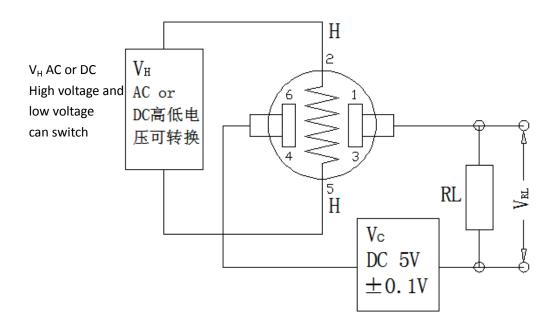


Fig2. MQ-7 Test Circuit

**Instructions:** The above fig is the basic test circuit of MQ-7. The sensor requires two voltage inputs: heater voltage ( $V_H$ ) and circuit voltage( $V_C$ ).  $V_H$  is used to supply standard working temperature to the sensor and it can adopt DC or AC power. For this model sensor,  $V_H$  should be at  $1.5V \pm 0.1V$  low voltage when detect CO while should be at  $5V \pm 0.1V$  at non detection status(resuming period).  $V_{RL}$  is the voltage of load resistance  $R_L$  which is in series with sensor. Vc supplies the detect voltage to load resistance  $R_L$  and it should adopts DC power.

#### **Description of Sensor Characters**

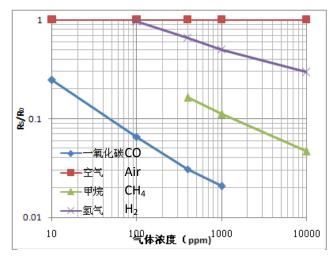


Fig3.Typical Sensitivity Curve

The ordinate is resistance ratio of the sensor (Rs/R<sub>0</sub>), the abscissa is concentration of gases. Rs means resistance in target gas with different concentration, R<sub>0</sub> means resistance of sensor in clean air. All tests are finished under standard test conditions.

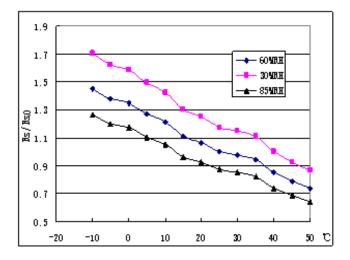
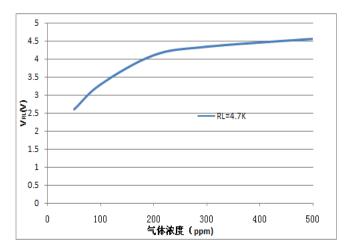
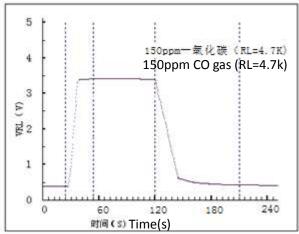


Fig4.Typical temperature/humidity characteristics

The ordinate is resistance ratio of the sensor (Rs/Rso).Rs means resistance of sensor in 150ppm CO gas under different tem. and humidity. Rso means resistance of the sensor in 150ppm CO gas under  $20^{\circ}$ C/55%RH.





#### Fig5.Sensitity Curve

Fig5 shows the  $V_{RL}$  in CO gas with different concentration. The resistance load  $R_L$  is 4.7 K $\Omega$  and the test is finished in standard test conditions.

#### Fig6.Responce and Resume

Fig5 shows the changing of  $V_{RL}$  in the process of putting the sensor into target gas and removing it out.

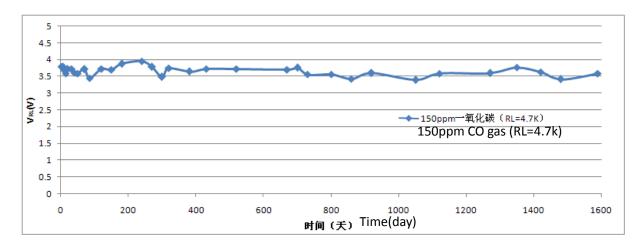


Fig7.long-term Stability

Test is finished in standard test conditions, the abscissa is observing time and the ordinate is V<sub>RL</sub>.

#### **Cautions**

#### 1 .Following conditions must be prohibited

#### 1.1 Exposed to organic silicon steam

Sensing material will lose sensitivity and never recover if the sensor absorbs organic silicon steam. Sensors must avoid exposing to silicon bond, fixature, silicon latex, putty or plastic contain silicon environment.

#### 1.2 High Corrosive gas

If the sensors are exposed to high concentration corrosive gas (such as  $H_2S$ ,  $SO_X$ ,  $CI_2$ , HCI etc.), it will not only result in corrosion of sensors structure, also it cause sincere sensitivity attenuation.

#### 1.3 Alkali, Alkali metals salt, halogen pollution

The sensors performance will be changed badly if sensors be sprayed polluted by alkali metals salt

especially brine, or be exposed to halogen such as fluorine.

#### 1.4 Touch water

Sensitivity of the sensors will be reduced when spattered or dipped in water.

#### 1.5 Freezing

Do avoid icing on sensor's surface, otherwise sensing material will be broken and lost sensitivity.

#### 1.6 Applied higher voltage

Applied voltage on sensor should not be higher than stipulated value, even if the sensor is not physically damaged or broken, it causes down-line or heater damaged, and bring on sensors' sensitivity characteristic changed badly.

#### 1.7 Voltage on wrong pins

For 6 pins sensor, Pin 2&5 is heating electrodes, Pin (1,3)/(4,6) are testing electrodes (Pin 1 connects with Pin 3, while Pin 4 connects with Pin 6). If apply voltage on Pin 1&3 or 4&6, it will make lead broken; and no signal putout if apply on pins 2&4.

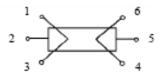


Fig8. Lead sketch

#### 2 .Following conditions must be avoided

#### 2.1 Water Condensation

Indoor conditions, slight water condensation will influence sensors' performance lightly. However, if water condensation on sensors surface and keep a certain period, sensors' sensitive will be decreased.

#### 2.2 Used in high gas concentration

No matter the sensor is electrified or not, if it is placed in high gas concentration for long time, sensors characteristic will be affected. If lighter gas sprays the sensor, it will cause extremely damage.

#### 2.3 Long time storage

The sensors resistance will drift reversibly if it's stored for long time without electrify, this drift is related with storage conditions. Sensors should be stored in airproof bag without volatile silicon compound. For the sensors with long time storage but no electrify, they need long galvanical aging time for stability before using. The suggested aging time as follow:

Stable2.

Storage Time	Suggested aging time
Less than one month	No less than 48 hours
1 ~ 6 months	No less than 72 hours
More than six months	No less than 168 hours

#### 2.4 Long time exposed to adverse environment

No matter the sensors electrified or not, if exposed to adverse environment for long time, such as high humidity, high temperature, or high pollution etc., it will influence the sensors' performance badly.

#### 2.5 Vibration

Continual vibration will result in sensors down-lead response then break. In transportation or assembling line, pneumatic screwdriver/ultrasonic welding machine can lead this vibration.

#### 2.6 Concussion

If sensors meet strong concussion, it may lead its lead wire disconnected.

#### 2.7 Usage Conditions

- 2.7.1For sensor, handmade welding is optimal way. The welding conditions as follow:
- Soldering flux: Rosin soldering flux contains least chlorine



- homothermal soldering iron
- Temperature: 250°C
- Time: less than 3 seconds
  - 2.7.1If users choose wave-soldering, the following conditions should be obey:
- Soldering flux: Rosin soldering flux contains least chlorine
- Speed: 1-2 Meter/ Minute
- Warm-up temperature: 100±20°C
  Welding temperature: 250±10°C
- One time pass wave crest welding machine

If disobey the above using terms, sensors sensitivity will reduce.

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