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2048MB DDR3 – SDRAM ECC XR-DIMM™

240 Pin ECC XR-DIMM™

SGV02G72A1BC1SA-xxRT

2GB in FBGA Technology

RoHS compliant

Options:

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| ▪ Data Rate / Latency | | Marking |
| DDR3 1066 MT/s CL7 | | -BB |
| DDR3 1333 MT/s CL9 | | -CC |
| ▪ Module density | | |
| 2048MB with 9 dies and 1 rank | | |
| ▪ Standard Grade | (T _A) | 0°C to 70°C |
| | (T _C) | 0°C to 85°C |
| Grade W | (T _A) | -40°C to 85°C |
| | (T _C) | -40°C to 95°C |

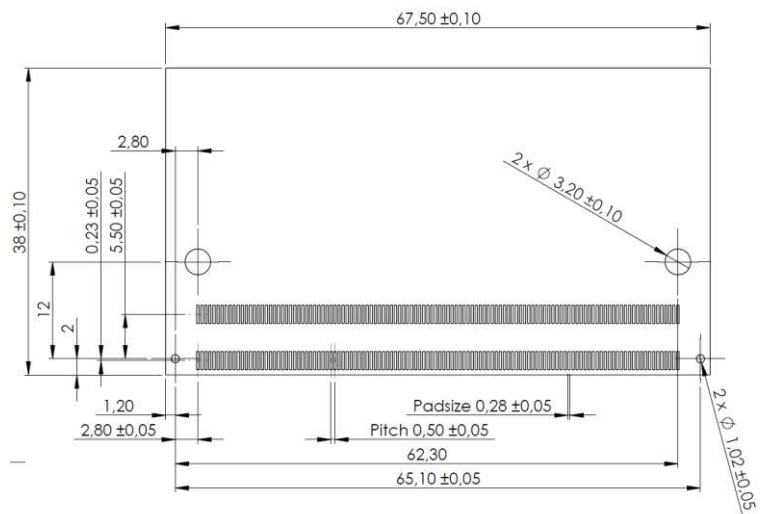
Environmental Requirements:

- Operating temperature (ambient)
 - Standard Grade 0°C to 70°C
 - Grade W -40°C to 85°C
- Operating Humidity
 - 10% to 90% relative humidity, noncondensing
- Operating Pressure
 - 105 to 69 kPa (up to 10000 ft.)
- Storage Temperature
 - 55°C to 100°C
- Storage Humidity
 - 5% to 95% relative humidity, noncondensing
- Storage Pressure
 - 1682 PSI (up to 5000 ft.) at 50°C

Features:

- eXtreme Rugged 240-pin 72-bit DDR3 Small Outline Double Data Rate synchronous DRAM Module
- 67.5 mm x 38 mm module that stacks 7.36mm above CPU board
- Samtec BSH-120-01-X-D-A connector
- Socket ANSI/VITA 47-2005 shock and vibration compliant
- Module organization: single rank 256M x 72
- V_{DD} = 1.5V ±0.075V, V_{DDQ} 1.5V ±0.075V
- 1.5V I/O (SSTL_15 compatible)
- Fly-by-bus with termination for C/A & CLK bus
- On-board I2C temperature sensor with integrated serial presence-detect (SPD) EEPROM
- Compatible to XR-DIMM™ 2.0 specification of SFF-SIG (see www.sff-sig.org)
- The pcb and all components are manufactured according to the RoHS compliance specification [EU Directive 2002/95/EC Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)]
- **DDR3 - SDRAM component Samsung K4B2G0846C**
- 256Mx8 DDR3 SDRAM in PG-TFBGA-78 package
- 8-bit prefetch architecture
- Programmable CAS Latency, CAS Write Latency, Additive Latency, Burst Length and Burst Type.
- On-Die-Termination (ODT) and Dynamic ODT for improved signal integrity.
- Refresh, Self Refresh and Power Down Modes.

Figure: mechanical dimensions¹



¹if no tolerances specified ± 0.15mm

This Swissbit module is a highly ruggedized 240-pin 72bit DDR3 SDRAM ECC Small Outline module which is organized as 256Mx72 high speed CMOS memory arrays. Enhanced ruggedness is obtained through the use of a high-performance, 240-pin socket connector system and the use of standoffs with screw attachment firmly holding the CPU and memory module together. The module uses internally configured octal-bank DDR3 SDRAM devices. The module uses double data rate architecture to achieve high-speed operation. DDR3 SDRAM modules operate from a differential clock (CK and CK#). READ and WRITE accesses to a DDR3 SDRAM module is burst-oriented; accesses start at a selected location and continue for a programmed number of locations in a programmed sequence. The burst length is either four or eight locations. An auto precharge function can be enabled to provide a self-timed row precharge that is initiated at the end of a burst access. The DDR3 SDRAM devices have a multibank architecture which allows a concurrent operation that is providing a high effective bandwidth. A self refresh mode is provided and a power-saving "power-down" mode. All inputs and all full drive-strength outputs are SSTL_15 compatible.

The DDR3 SDRAM module uses the serial presence detect (SPD) function implemented via serial EEPROM using the standard I²C protocol. This nonvolatile storage device contains 256 bytes. The first 128 bytes are utilized by the XR-DIMM manufacturer (Swissbit) to identify the module type, the module's organization and several timing parameters. The second 128 bytes are available to the end user.

Module Configuration

Organization	DDR3 SDRAMs used	Row Addr.	Device Bank Addr.	Column Addr.	Refresh	Module Bank Select
256M x 72bit	9 x 256M x 8bit (2048Mbit)	15	BA0, BA1, BA2	10	8k	S0#

Module Dimensions

in mm

67.5mm (long) x 38mm(high) x 7.36mm(standoff from CPU board)

Timing Parameters

Part Number	Module Density	Transfer Rate	Clock Cycle/Data bit rate	Latency
SGV02G72A1BC1SA-BB[W]RT	2048 MB	8.5 GB/s	1.87ns/1066MT/s	7-7-7
SGV02G72A1BC1SA-CC[W]RT	2048 MB	10.6 GB/s	1.5ns/1333MT/s	9-9-9

Pin Name

Symbol	Type	Polarity	Function
A0–A14	IN	—	During a Bank Activate command cycle, address input defines the row address (RA0–RA14). During a Read or Write command cycle, address input defines the column address. In addition to the column address, AP is used to invoke autoprecharge operation at the end of the burst read or write cycle. If AP is high, autoprecharge is selected and BA0, BA1, BA2 defines the bank to be precharged. If AP is low, autoprecharge is disabled. During a Precharge command cycle, AP is used in conjunction with BA0, BA1, BA2 to control which bank(s) to precharge. If AP is high, all banks will be precharged regardless of the state of BA0, BA1 or BA2. If AP is low, BA0, BA1 and BA2 are used to define which bank to precharge. A12(BC_n) is sampled during READ and WRITE commands to determine if burst chop (on-the-fly) will be performed (HIGH, no burst chop; LOW, burst chopped).
BA0–BA2	IN	—	Selects which SDRAM bank of eight is activated.
CK0_t–CK1_t CK0_c–CK1_c	IN	Differential crossing	CK_t and CK_c are differential clock inputs. All the DDR3 SDRAM addr/cntl inputs are sampled on the crossing of positive edge of CK_t and negative edge of CK_c. Output (read) data is referenced to the crossing of CK_t and CK_c (Both directions of crossing).
CKE0	IN	Active High	Activates the SDRAM CK signal when high and deactivates the CK signal when low. By deactivating the clocks, CKE low initiates the Power Down mode, or the Self Refresh mode.
DM0–DM8	IN	Active High	DM is an input mask signal for write data. Input data is masked when DM is sampled High coincident with that input data during a write access. DM is sampled on both edges of DQS. Although DM pins are input only, the DM loading matches the DQ and DQS loading.
DQ0–DQ63, CB0–CB7	I/O	—	Data and Check Bit Input/Output pins.
DQS0_t–DQS8_t DQS0_c–DQS8_c	I/O	Differential crossing	Data strobe for input and output data. For raw cards using x16 organized DRAMs, Pins DQ0–DQ7 are associated with the LDQS_t and LDQS_c pins and Pins DQ8–DQ15 are associated with UDQS_t and UDQS_c pins.
ODT0	IN	Active High	When high, termination resistance is enabled for all DQ, DQS_t, DQS_c and DM pins, assuming this function is enabled on the DRAM.
RAS_n, CAS_n, WE_n	IN	Active Low	RAS_n, CAS_n, and WE_n (along with S_n) define the command being entered.
RESET_n	IN	Active Low	The RESET_n pin is connected to the RESET_n pin on each DRAM. When low, all DRAMs are set to a known state.
S0_n	IN	Active Low	Enables the associated SDRAM command decoder when low and disables the command decoder when high. When the command decoder is disabled, new commands are ignored but previous operations continue. This signal provides for external rank selection on systems with multiple ranks.
VDD, VSS	Supply		Power and ground for the DDR3 SDRAM input buffers, and core logic. VDD and VDDQ pins are tied to VDD/VDDQ planes on these modules.
VDDQ	Supply		Power supply for the DDR3 SDRAM output buffers to provide improved noise immunity. For the DDR3 XR-DIMM designs, VDDQ shares the same power plane as VDD pins.
VTT	Supply		Termination voltage for C/A & Control bus, by default at VDD/2
VDDSPD	Supply		Power supply for SPD EEPROM. This supply is separate from the VDD/VDDQ power plane. EEPROM supply is operable from 3.0V to 3.6V.
VREFDQ	Supply		Reference voltage for I/O inputs, by default at VDD/2
VREFCA	Supply		Reference voltage for command/address/control inputs, by default at VDD/2
SA0–SA2	IN	—	These signals are tied at the system planar to either VSS or VDDSPD to configure the serial SPD EEPROM address range.
SDA	I/O	—	This bidirectional pin is used to transfer data into or out of the SPD EEPROM. An external resistor may be connected from the SDA bus line to VDDSPD to act as a pullup on the system board.
SCL	IN	—	This signal is used to clock data into and out of the SPD EEPROM. An external resistor may be connected from the SCL bus line to VDDSPD to act as a pullup on the system board.
EVENT_n	Output (Open Drain)	Active Low	This signal indicates that a thermal event has been detected in the thermal sensing device. The system should guarantee the electrical level requirement is met for the EVENT_n pin on the TS/SPD part.
NC(TEST)			Used by memory bus analysis tools (unused (NC) on memory module)
NC			Not connected

Pin Configuration

Odd Row									
Pin#	Symbol	Pin#	Symbol	Pin#	Symbol	Pin#	Symbol	Pin#	Symbol
1	VSS	49	DQS2_t	97	CKE0	145	NC (S1_n)	193	DQ49
3	VSS	51	VSS	99	VDD	147	NC (ODT1)	195	VSS
5	DQ0	53	DQ18	101	BA2	149	VDD	197	DQS6_c
7	DQ1	55	DQ19	103	VDD	151	NC (S3_n)	199	DQS6_t
9	VSS	57	VSS	105	A11	153	VSS	201	VSS
11	DQS0_c	59	DQ24	107	A7	155	DQ32	203	DQ50
13	DQS0_t	61	DQ25	109	VDD	157	DQ33	205	DQ51
15	VSS	63	VSS	111	A5	159	VSS	207	VSS
17	DQ2	65	DQS3_c	113	A4	161	DQS4_c	209	DQ56
19	DQ3	67	DQS3_t	115	VDD	163	DQS4_t	211	DQ57
21	VSS	69	VSS	117	A2	165	VSS	213	VSS
23	DQ8	71	DQ26	119	VDD	167	DQ34	215	DQS7_c
25	DQ9	73	DQ27	121	CK1_t	169	DQ35	217	DQS7_t
27	VSS	75	VSS	123	CK1_n	171	VSS	219	VSS
29	DQS1_c	77	CB0	125	VDD	173	DQ40	221	DQ58
31	DQS1_t	79	CB1	127	VREFCA	175	DQ41	223	DQ59
33	VSS	81	VSS	129	NC (PAR_IN)	177	VSS	225	VSS
35	DQ10	83	DQS8_c	131	VDD	179	DQS5_c	227	SA2
37	DQ11	85	DQS8_t	133	A10/AP	181	DQS5_t	229	VSS
39	VSS	87	VSS	135	BA0	183	VSS	231	NC (SATA_RX_p)
41	DQ16	89	CB2	137	VDD	185	DQ42	233	NC (SATA_RX_n)
43	DQ17	91	CB3	139	WE_n	187	DQ43	235	VSS
45	VSS	93	VSS	141	CAS_n	189	VSS	237	VTT
47	DQS2_c	95	VTT	143	VDD	191	DQ48	239	VTT

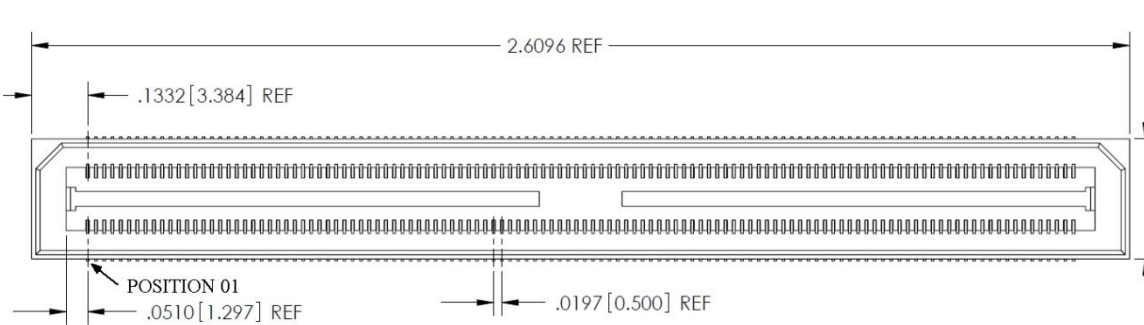
Even Row									
Pin#	Symbol	Pin#	Symbol	Pin#	Symbol	Pin#	Symbol	Pin#	Symbol
2	VSS	50	DM2	98	NC (CKE1)	146	VDD	194	VSS
4	VSS	52	VSS	100	VDD	148	ODT0	196	DM6
6	DQ4	54	DQ22	102	NC (A15)	150	A13	198	VSS
8	DQ5	56	DQ23	104	A14	152	VDD	200	DQ54
10	VSS	58	VSS	106	VDD	154	NC (S2_n)	202	DQ55
12	DM0	60	DQ28	108	A12/BC	156	VSS	204	VSS
14	VSS	62	DQ29	110	A9	158	DQ36	206	DQ60
16	DQ6	64	VSS	112	VDD	160	DQ37	208	DQ61
18	DQ7	66	DM3	114	A8	162	VSS	210	VSS
20	VSS	68	VSS	116	A6	164	DM4	212	DM7
22	DQ12	70	DQ30	118	VDD	166	VSS	214	VSS
24	DQ13	72	DQ31	120	A3	168	DQ38	216	DQ62
26	VSS	74	VSS	122	A1	170	DQ39	218	DQ63
28	DM1	76	CB4	124	VDD	172	VSS	220	VSS
30	VSS	78	CB5	126	CK0_t	174	DQ44	222	VDDSPD
32	DQ14	80	VSS	128	CK0_c	176	DQ45	224	SA0
34	DQ15	82	DM8	130	VDD	178	VSS	226	SA1
36	VSS	84	VSS	132	EVENT_n	180	DM5	228	SCL
38	DQ20	86	CB6	134	A0	182	VSS	230	SDA
40	DQ21	88	CB7	136	VDD	184	DQ46	232	VSS
42	VSS	90	VSS	138	BA1	186	DQ47	234	NC (SATA_TX_n)
44	VREFDQ	92	RESET_n	140	VDD	188	VSS	236	NC (SATA_TX_p)
46	NC (TEST)	94	NC (ERR_OUT_n)	142	RAS_n	190	DQ52	238	VSS
48	VSS	96	VTT	144	SO_n	192	DQ53	240	VTT

(Sig): Signal in brackets may be routed to the socket connector, but is not used on the module

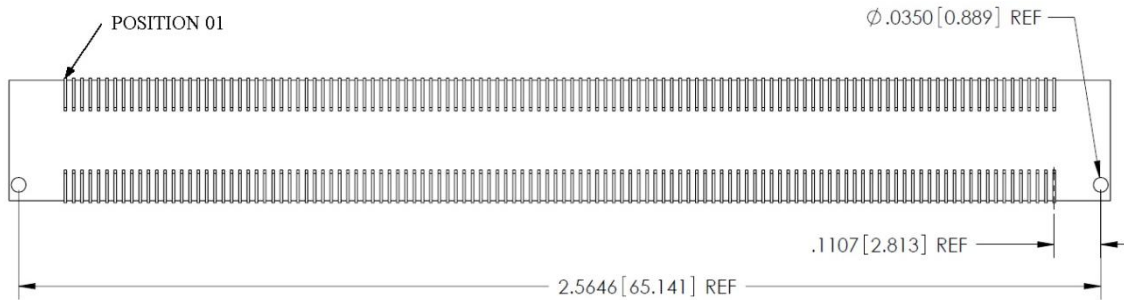
Mechanical Specifications

Connector on Memory Module (BSH-120-01-X-D-A)

Top view:



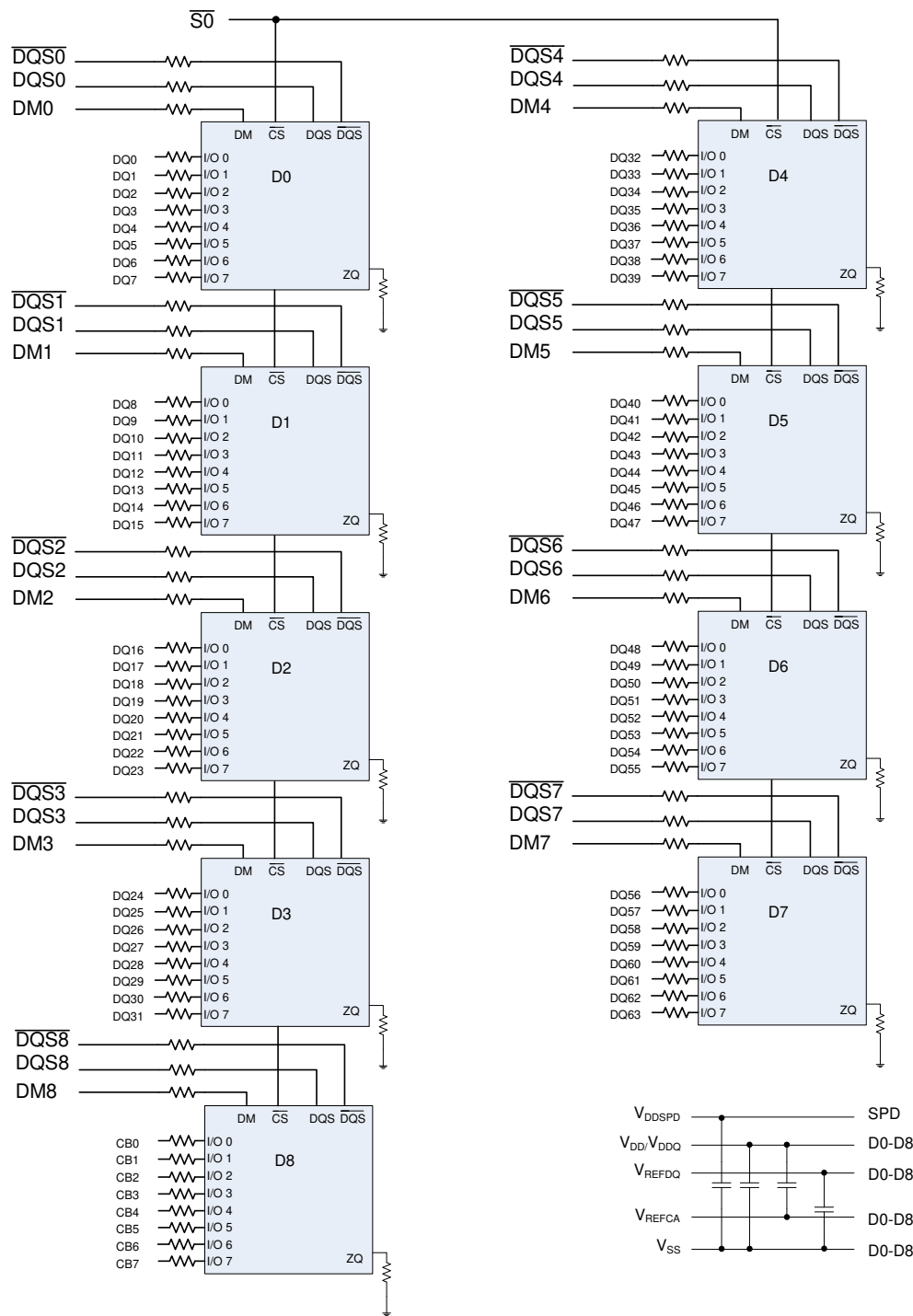
Bottom view:



Front view:



**FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM 2048MB DDR3 SDRAM XR-DIMM,
1 RANK AND 9 COMPONENTS**



- BA0-BA2 → BA0-BA2: SDRAM D0-D8
- A0-A14 → A0-A14: SDRAM D0-D8
- RAS → RAS: SDRAM D0-D8
- CAS → CAS: SDRAM D0-D8
- WE → WE: SDRAM D0-D8
- ODT0 → ODT: SDRAM D0-D8
- CKE0 → CKE: SDRAM D0-D8
- CK0 → CK: SDRAM D0-D8
- CK0 → CK: SDRAM D0-D8
- RESET → RESET: SDRAM D0-D8

- Notes:
1. DQ-to-I/O wiring is shown as recommended but may be changed.
 2. DQ/DQS/DQS/ODT/DM/CKE/S relationship must be maintained as shown.
 3. DQ, DM, DQS/DQS resistors: Refer to associated topology diagram.
 4. Refer to the appropriate clock wiring topology under the DIMM wiring details section of the JEDED document.
 5. For each DRAM, a unique ZQ resistor is connected to GND. The ZQ resistor is 240Ω±1%.
 6. Refer to associated figure for SPD details.

MAXIMUM ELECTRICAL DC CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER/ CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.4	1.975	V
I/O Supply Voltage	V_{DDQ}	-0.4	1.975	V
V_{DDL} Supply Voltage	V_{DDL}	-0.4	1.975	V
Voltage on any pin relative to V_{SS}	V_{IN}, V_{OUT}	-0.4	1.975	V
INPUT LEAKAGE CURRENT Any input $0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$, V_{REF} pin $0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 0.95V$ (All other pins not under test = 0V)	I_I			μA
Command/Address RAS#, CAS#, WE#, S#, CKE		-16	16	
CK, CK#		-16	16	
DM		-2	2	
OUTPUT LEAKAGE CURRENT (DQ's and ODT are disabled; $0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{DDQ}$)	I_{OZ}	-5	5	μA
DQ, DQS, DQS#				
V_{REF} LEAKAGE CURRENT ; V_{REF} is on a valid level	I_{VREF}	-8	8	μA

DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER/ CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
I/O Supply Voltage	V_{DDQ}	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{DDL} Supply Voltage	V_{DDL}	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
I/O Reference Voltage	V_{REF}	$0.49 \times V_{DDQ}$	$0.50 \times V_{DDQ}$	$0.51 \times V_{DDQ}$	V
I/O Termination Voltage (system)	V_{TT}	$0.49 \times V_{DDQ} - 20mV$	$0.50 \times V_{DDQ}$	$0.51 \times V_{DDQ} + 20mV$	V
Input High (Logic 1) Voltage	$V_{IH(DC)}$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$		$V_{DDQ} + 0.3$	V
Input Low (Logic 0) Voltage	$V_{IL(DC)}$	-0.3		$V_{REF} - 0.1$	V

AC INPUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER/ CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Input High (Logic 1) Voltage	$V_{IH(AC)}$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	-	V
Input Low (Logic 0) Voltage	$V_{IL(AC)}$	-	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	V

CAPACITANCE

At DDR3 data rates, it is recommended to simulate the performance of the module to achieve optimum values. When inductance and delay parameters associated with trace lengths are used in simulations, they are significantly more accurate and realistic than a gross estimation of module capacitance. Simulations can then render a considerably more accurate result. DDR3 modules are now designed by using simulations to close timing budgets.

I_{DD} Specifications and Conditions

(0°C ≤ T_{CASE} ≤ + 85°C; V_{DDQ} = +1.5V ± 0.075V, V_{DD} = +1.5V ± 0.075V)

Parameter & Test Condition	Symbol	max.		Unit	
		10600-999	8500-777		
OPERATING CURRENT *) : One device bank Active-Precharge; t _{RC} = t _{RC} (I _{DD}); t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}); CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH between valid commands; DQ inputs changing once per clock cycle; Address and control inputs changing once every two clock cycles	I _{DD0}	540	495	mA	
OPERATING CURRENT *) : One device bank; Active-Read-Precharge; I _{OUT} = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL (I _{DD}), AL = 0; t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}), t _{RC} = t _{RC} (I _{DD}), t _{RAS} = t _{RAS} MIN (I _{DD}), t _{RCD} = t _{RCD} (I _{DD}); CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH between valid commands; Address inputs changing once every two clock cycles; Data Pattern is same as I _{DD4W}	I _{DD1}	675	630	mA	
PRECHARGE POWER-DOWN CURRENT: All device banks idle; Power-down mode; t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}); CKE is LOW; All Control and Address bus inputs are not changing; DQ's are floating at V _{REF}	Fast Exit	I _{DD2P}	180	180	mA
	Slow Exit		108	108	
PRECHARGE QUIET STANDBY CURRENT: All device banks idle; t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}); CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH; All Control and Address bus inputs are not changing; DQ's are floating at V _{REF}	I _{DD2Q}	270	270	mA	
PRECHARGE STANDBY CURRENT: All device banks idle; t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}); CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH; All other Control and Address bus inputs are changing once every two clock cycles; DQ inputs changing once per clock cycle	I _{DD2N}	315	270	mA	
ACTIVE POWER-DOWN CURRENT: All device banks open; t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}); CKE is LOW; All Control and Address bus inputs are not changing; DQ's are floating at V _{REF} (always fast exit)	I _{DD3P}	270	270	mA	
ACTIVE STANDBY CURRENT: All device banks open; t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}), t _{RAS} = t _{RAS} MAX (I _{DD}), t _{RP} = t _{RP} (I _{DD}); CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH between valid commands; All other Control and Address bus inputs are changing once every two clock cycles; DQ inputs changing once per clock cycle	I _{DD3N}	495	450	mA	
OPERATING READ CURRENT: All device banks open, Continuous burst reads; One module rank active; I _{OUT} = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL (I _{DD}), AL = 0; t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}), t _{RAS} = t _{RAS} MAX (I _{DD}), t _{RP} = t _{RP} (I _{DD}); CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH between valid commands; Address bus inputs are changing once every two clock cycles; DQ inputs changing once per clock cycle	I _{DD4R}	1035	900	mA	

Parameter & Test Condition	Symbol	max.		Unit
		10600-999	8500-777	
OPERATING WRITE CURRENT: All device banks open, Continuous burst writes; One module rank active; BL = 4, CL = CL (I _{DD}), AL = 0; t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}), t _{RAS} = t _{RAS} MAX (I _{DD}), t _{RP} = t _{RP} (I _{DD}); CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH between valid commands; Address bus inputs are changing once every two clock cycles; DQ inputs changing once per clock cycle	I _{DD4W}	1260	1035	mA
BURST REFRESH CURRENT: t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}); refresh command at every t _{RFC} (I _{DD}) interval, CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH between valid commands; All other Control and Address bus inputs are changing once every two clock cycles; DQ inputs changing once per clock cycle	I _{DD5}	1530	1530	mA
SELF REFRESH CURRENT: CK and CK# at 0V; CKE ≤ 0.2V; All other Control and Address bus inputs are floating at V _{REF} ; DQ's are floating at V _{REF}	I _{DD6}	108	108	mA
OPERATING CURRENT *) : Four device bank interleaving READs, I _{OUT} = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL (I _{DD}), AL = t _{RCD} (I _{DD}) - 1 x t _{CK} (I _{DD}); t _{CK} = t _{CK} (I _{DD}), t _{RC} = t _{RC} (I _{DD}), t _{RRD} = t _{RRD} (I _{DD}), t _{RCD} = t _{RCD} (I _{DD}); CKE is HIGH, CS# is HIGH between valid commands; Address bus inputs are not changing during DESELECT; DQ inputs changing once per clock cycle	I _{DD7}	1890	1530	mA

*) Value calculated as one module rank in this operating condition, and all other module ranks in IDD2P (CKE LOW) mode.

TIMING VALUES USED FOR I_{DD} MEASUREMENT

I _{DD} MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS			
SYMBOL	10600-999	8500-777	Unit
CL (I _{DD})	9	7	t _{CK}
t _{RCD} (I _{DD})	13.5	13.125	ns
t _{RC} (I _{DD})	49.5	50.625	ns
t _{RRD} (I _{DD})	6	7.5	ns
t _{CK} (I _{DD})	1.5	1.87	ns
t _{RAS} MIN (I _{DD})	36	37.5	ns
t _{RAS} MAX (I _{DD})	70'200	70'200	ns
t _{RP} (I _{DD})	13.5	13.125	ns
t _{RFC} (I _{DD})	160	160	ns

DDR3 SDRAM COMPONENT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED AC OPERATING CONDITIONS

(0°C ≤ T_{CASE} ≤ +85°C; V_{DDQ} = +1.5V ± 0.075V, V_{DD} = +1.5V ± 0.075V)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			10600-999		8500-777		
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Unit
Clock cycle time	CL = 10	t _{CK} (10)	1.5	<1.875	-	-	ns
	CL = 9	t _{CK} (9)	1.5	<1.875	-	-	ns
	CL = 8	t _{CK} (8)	1.875	<2.5	-	-	ns
	CL = 7	t _{CK} (7)	1.875	<2.5	1.875	<2.5	ns
	CL = 6	t _{CK} (6)	2.5	3.3	2.5	3.3	ns
CK high-level width		t _{CH} (avg)	0.47	0.53	0.47	0.53	t _{CK}
CK low-level width		t _{CL} (avg)	0.47	0.53	0.47	0.53	t _{CK}
Data-out high-impedance window from CK/CK#		t _{HZ}		250		300	ps
Data-out low-impedance window from CK/CK#		t _{LZ}	-500	250	-600	300	ps
DQ and DM input setup time relative to DQS		t _{DS(Base)}	30		25		ps
DQ and DM input hold time relative to DQS		t _{DH(Base)}	65		100		ps
DQ and DM input setup time relative to DQS V _{REF} =1V/ns		t _{DS1V}	180		200		ps
DQ and DM input hold time relative to DQS V _{REF} =1V/ns		t _{DH1V}	165		200		ps
DQ and DM input pulse width (for each input)		t _{DIPW}	400		490		ps
DQS, DQS# to DQ skew, per access		t _{DQSQ}		125		150	ps
DQ-DQS hold, DQS to first DQ to go non-valid, per access		t _{QH}	0.38		0.38		t _{CK} (AVG)
DQS input high pulse width		t _{DQSH}	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	t _{CK}
DQS input low pulse width		t _{DQSL}	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	t _{CK}
DQS, DQS# rising to/from CK, CK#		t _{DQSCK}	-255	255	-300	300	ps
DQS, DQS# rising to/from CK, CK# when DLL disabled		t _{DQSCK} DLL DIS	1	10	1	10	ns
DQS falling edge to CK rising - setup time		t _{DSS}	0.2		0.2		t _{CK}
DQS falling edge from CK rising - hold time		t _{DSH}	0.2		0.2		t _{CK}
DQS read preamble		t _{RPRE}	0.9	Note1	0.9	Note1	t _{CK}
DQS read postamble		t _{RPST}	0.3	Note2	0.3	Note2	t _{CK}
DQS write preamble		t _{WPRE}	0.9		0.9		t _{CK}
DQS write postamble		t _{WPST}	0.3		0.3		t _{CK}
Positive DQS latching edge to associated clock edge		t _{DQSS}	- 0.25	+ 0.25	- 0.25	+ 0.25	t _{CK}
Address and control input pulse width (for each input)		t _{IPW}	620		780		ps
CTRL, CMD, Addr setup to CK, CK#		t _{IS(Base)}	65		125		ps
CTRL, CMD, Addr setup to CK, CK# V _{REF} @ 1V/ns		t _{IS(1V)}	240		300		ps

- 1 The maximum preamble is bound by t_{LZDQS} (MAX)
- 2 The maximum postamble is bound by t_{HZDQS} (MAX)

DDR3 SDRAM COMPONENT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED AC OPERATING CONDITIONS (Continued)
 $(0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{CASE}} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{\text{DDQ}} = +1.5\text{V} \pm 0.075\text{V}, V_{\text{DD}} = +1.5\text{V} \pm 0.075\text{V})$

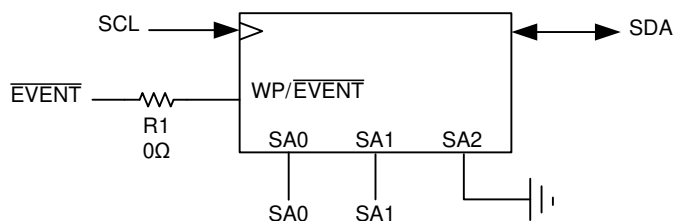
AC CHARACTERISTICS		10600-999		8500-777		Unit
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
CTRL, CMD, Addr hold to CK, CK#	$t_{\text{IH(Base)}}$	140		200		ps
CTRL, CMD, Addr hold to CK, CK# $V_{\text{REF}} @ 1\text{V/ns}$	$t_{\text{IH(1V)}}$	240		300		ps
CAS# to CAS# command delay	t_{CCD}	4		4		t_{CK}
ACTIVE to ACTIVE (same bank) command period	t_{RC}	49.5		50.625		ns
ACTIVE bank a to ACTIVE bank b command	t_{RRD}	max 4nCK,10ns		max 4nCK,7.5ns		ns
ACTIVE to READ or WRITE delay	t_{RCD}	13.5		13.125		ns
Four bank Activate period	t_{FAW}	1K Page size 30		37.5		ns
2K Page size		45		50		
ACTIVE to PRECHARGE command	t_{RAS}	36	70'200	37.5	70'200	ns
Internal READ to precharge command delay	t_{RTP}	max 4nCK,7.5ns		max 4nCK,7.5ns		ns
Write recovery time	t_{WR}	15		15		ns
Auto precharge write recovery + precharge time	t_{DAL}	$t_{\text{WR}} + t_{\text{RP}}/t_{\text{CK}}$		$t_{\text{WR}} + t_{\text{RP}}/t_{\text{CK}}$		ns
Internal WRITE to READ command delay	t_{WTR}	max 4nCK,7.5ns		max 4nCK,7.5ns		ns
PRECHARGE command period	t_{RP}	15		13.125		ns
LOAD MODE command cycle time	t_{MRD}	4		4		t_{CK}
REFRESH to ACTIVE or REFRESH to REFRESH command interval	t_{RFC}	160	70'200	160	70'200	ns
Average periodic refresh interval $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{CASE}} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	t_{REFI}		7.8		7.8	μs
$85^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{\text{CASE}} \leq 95^{\circ}\text{C}$	$t_{\text{REFI (IT)}}$		3.9		3.9	
RTT turn-on from ODTL on reference	t_{AON}	-250	250	-300	300	ps
RTT turn-on from ODTL off reference	t_{AOF}	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	t_{CK}
Asynchronous RTT turn-on delay (power Down with DLL off)	t_{AONPD}	2	8,5	2	8,5	ns
Asynchronous RTT turn-off delay (power Down with DLL off)	t_{AOFPD}	2	8,5	2	8,5	ns
RTT dynamic change skew	t_{ADC}	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	t_{CK}
Exit self refresh to commands not requiring a locked DLL	t_{XS}	max 5nCK,tR FC + 10ns		max 5nCK,tR FC + 10ns		ns
Write levelling setup from rising CK, CK# crossing to rising DQS, DQS# crossing	t_{WLS}	195		245		ps
Write levelling setup from rising DQS, DQS# crossing to rising CK, CK# crossing	t_{WLH}	195		245		ps
First DQS, DQS# rising edge	t_{WLMRD}	40		40		t_{CK}
DQS, DQS# delay	t_{WLDQSEN}	25		25		t_{CK}

DDR3 SDRAM COMPONENT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED AC OPERATING CONDITIONS (Continued)

(0°C ≤ T_{CASE} ≤ + 85°C; V_{DDQ} = +1.5V ± 0.075V, V_{DD} = +1.5V ± 0.075V)

AC CHARACTERISTICS		10600-999		8500-777		
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Unit
Exit reset from CKE HIGH to a valid command	t _{XPR}	max 5nCK, t _{RFC} + 10ns		max 5nCK, t _{RFC} + 10ns		t _{CK}
Begin power supply ramp to power supplies stable	t _{VDDPR}		200		200	ms
RESET# LOW to power supplies stable	t _{RPS}		200		200	ms
RESET# LOW to I/O and RTT High-Z	t _{IOz}		20		20	ns
Exit precharge power-down to any non-READ command	t _{XP}	max 3nCK, 6ns		max 3nCK, 7.5ns		t _{CK}
CKE minimum high/low time	t _{CKE}	max 3nCK, 5.625ns		max 3nCK, 5.625ns		t _{CK}

Temperature Sensor with Serial Presence-Detect EEPROM



Temperature Sensor with Serial Presence-Detect EEPROM Operating Conditions

Parameter / Condition	Symbol	MIN	MAX	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DDSPD}	+3	+3.6	V
Supply current: V _{DD} = 3.3V	I _{DD}		+2.0	mA
Input high voltage: Logic 1; SCL, SDA	V _{IH}	+1.45	V _{DDSPD} + 1	V
Input low voltage: Logic 0; SCL, SDA	V _{IL}	-	550	mV
Output low voltage: I _{OUT} = 2.1mA	V _{OL}	-	400	mV
Input current	I _{IN}	-5.0	5.0	μA
Temperature sensing range		TBD	TBD	°C
Temperature sensor accuracy		TBD	TBD	°C

A.C. Characteristics of Temperature Sensor

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$

Symbol	Parameter / Condition	MIN	MAX	Unit
f _{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	10	400	kHz
t _{BUF}	Bus Free Time Between STOP and START	1300		ns
t _F	SDA fall time		300	ns
t _R	SDA rise time		300	ns
t _{HD:DAT}	Data hold time (accepted for Input Data)	0		ns
	Data Hold Time (guaranteed for Output Data)	300	900	ns
t _{H:STA}	Start condition hold time	600		ns
t _{HIGH}	High Period of SCL	600		ns
t _{LOW}	Low Period of SCL	1300		ns
t _{SU:DAT}	Data setup time	100		ns
t _{SU:STA}	Start condition setup time	600		ns
t _{SU:STO}	Stop condition setup time	600		ns
t _{TIMEOUT}	SMBus SCL Clock Low Timeout	25	35	ms
t _i	Noise Pulse Filtered at SCL and SDA Inputs		100	ns
t _{WR}	Write Cycle Time		5	ms
t _{PU}	Power-up Delay to Valid Temperature Recording		100	ms

Temperature Characteristics of Temperature Sensor

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Test Conditions/Comments	MAX	Unit
Temperature Reading Error Class B, JC42.4 compliant	+75°C ≤ T _A ≤ +95°C, active range	±1.0	°C
	+40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C, monitor range	±2.0	°C
	-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C, sensing range	±3.0	°C
ADC Resolution		12	Bits
Temperature Resolution		0.0625	°C
Conversion Time		100	Ms
Thermal Resistance ¹ θ _{JA}	Junction-to-Ambient (Still Air)	92	°C/W

¹ Power Dissipation is defined as $P_J = (T_J - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$, where T_J is the junction temperature and T_A is the ambient temperature. The thermal resistance value refers to the case of a package being used on a standard 2-layer PCB.

Slave Address Bits of Temperature Sensor

Device	Device Type Identifier				Select Address Signals			R/W#
	b7 ¹	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
EEPROM	1	0	1	0	A ₂	A ₁	A ₀	R/W#
Temp. Sensor	0	0	1	1	A ₂	A ₁	A ₀	R/W#

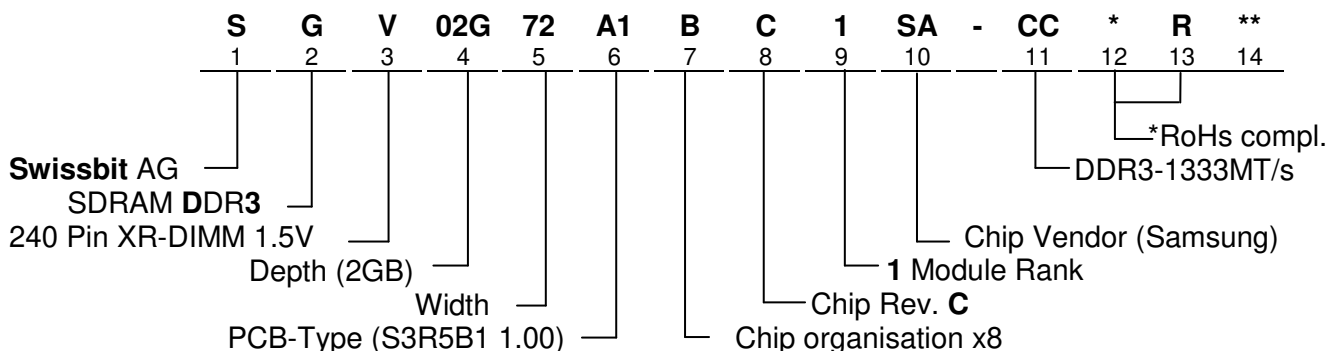
¹ The most significant bit, b7, is sent first.

SERIAL PRESENCE-DETECT MATRIX

Byte	Byte Description	10600-999	8500-777
0	CRC RANGE, EEPROM BYTES, BYTES USED	0x92	
1	SPD REVISION	0x10	
2	DRAM DEVICE TYPE	0x0B	
3	MODULE TYPE (FORM FACTOR)	0x08	
4	SDRAM DEVICE DENSITY & BANKS	0x03	
5	SDRAM DEVICE ROW & COLUMN COUNT	0x19	
6	BYTE 6 RESERVED	0x00	
7	MODULE RANKS & DEVICE DQ COUNT	0x01	
8	ECC TAG & MODULE MEMORY BUS WIDTH	0x0B	
9	FINE TIMEBASE DIVIDEND/DIVISOR	0x52	
10	MEDIUM TIMEBASE DIVIDEND	0x01	
11	MEDIUM TIMEBASE DIVISOR	0x08	
12	MIN SDRAM CYCLE TIME ($t_{CK\ MIN}$)	0x0C	0x0F
13	BYTE 13 RESERVED	0x00	
14	CAS LATENCIES SUPPORTED (CL4 => CL11)	0x3C	0x1C
15	CAS LATENCIES SUPPORTED (CL12 => CL18)	0x00	
16	MIN CAS LATENCY TIME ($t_{AA\ MIN}$)	0x69	
17	MIN WRITE RECOVERY TIME ($t_{WR\ MIN}$)	0x78	
18	MIN RAS# TO CAS# DELAY ($t_{RCD\ MIN}$)	0x69	
19	MIN ROW ACTIVE TO ROW ACTIVE DELAY ($t_{RRD\ MIN}$)	0x30	0x3C
20	MIN ROW PRECHARGE DELAY ($t_{RP\ MIN}$)	0x69	
21	UPPER NIBBLE FOR t_{RAS} & t_{RC}	0x11	
22	MIN ACTIVE TO PRECHARGE DELAY ($t_{RAS\ MIN}$)	0x20	0x2C
23	MIN ACTIVE TO ACTIVE/REFRESH DELAY ($t_{RC\ MIN}$)	0x89	0x95
24	MIN REFRESH RECOVERY DELAY ($t_{RFC\ MIN}$) LSB	0x00	
25	MIN REFRESH RECOVERY DELAY ($t_{RFC\ MIN}$) MSB	0x05	
26	MIN INTERNAL WRITE TO READ CMD DELAY ($t_{WTR\ MIN}$)	0x3C	
27	MIN INTERNAL READ TO PRECHARGE CMD DELAY ($t_{RTP\ MIN}$)	0x3C	
28	MIN FOUR ACTIVE WINDOW DELAY ($t_{FAW\ MIN}$) MSB	0x00	0x01
29	MIN FOUR ACTIVE WINDOW DELAY ($t_{FAW\ MIN}$) LSB	0xF0	0x2C
30	SDRAM DEVICE OUTPUT DRIVERS SUPPORTED	0x83	
31	SDRAM DEVICE THERMAL & REFRESH OPTIONS	0x01	

Byte	Byte Description	10600-999	8500-777
32	Module Thermal Sensor	0x80	
33-59	BYTES 32-59 RESERVED	0x00	
60	MODULE HEIGHT (NOMINAL)	0x18	
61	MODULE THICKNESS (MAX)	0x11	
62	REFERENCE RAW CARD ID	0x1F	
63	ADDRESS MAPPING EDGE CONECTOR TO DRAM	0x00	
64-116	BYTES 64-116 RESEVED	0x00	
117	MODULE MFR ID (LSB)	0x83	
118	MODULE MFR ID (MSB)	0xDA	
119	MODULE MFR LOCATION ID	0x01 (Switzerland) 0x02 (Germany) 0x03 (USA)	
120	MODULE MFR YEAR	X	
121	MODULE MFR WEEK	X	
122-125	MODULE SERIAL NUMBER	X	
126-127	CRC	0x5FDB	0x1D72
128-145	MODULE PART NUMBER	"SGV02G72A1BC1SA-xx"	
146	MODULE DIE REV	0x52	
147	MODULE PCB REV	0x54	
148	DRAM DEVICE MFR ID (LSB)	0x80	
149	DRAM DEVICE MFR (MSB)	0xCE	
150-175	MFR RESERVED BYTES 150-175	0x00	
176-255	CUSTOMER RESERVED BYTES 176-255	0xff	

Part Number Code



* optional / additional information

**T=Thermal Sensor

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