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## P-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY			
$V_{DS}$ (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$I_D$ (A) <sup>a, b</sup>	$Q_g$ (Typ.)
- 30	0.088 at $V_{GS} = - 10$ V	- 2.7	4.1 nC
	0.138 at $V_{GS} = - 4.5$ V	- 2.2	

### FEATURES

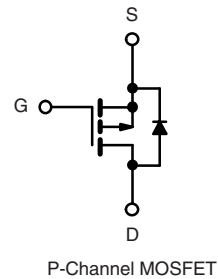
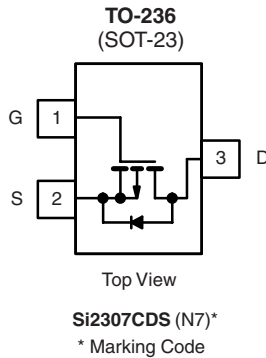
- Halogen-free Option Available
- TrenchFET<sup>®</sup> Power MOSFET



**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT

### APPLICATIONS

- Load Switch for Portable Devices



Ordering Information: Si2307CDS-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)  
Si2307CDS-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted				
Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	- 30	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$		
Continuous Drain Current ( $T_J = 150$ °C) <sup>a, b</sup>	$T_C = 25$ °C	- 3.5	A	
	$T_C = 70$ °C	- 2.8		
	$T_A = 25$ °C	- 2.7 <sup>a, b</sup>		
	$T_A = 70$ °C	- 2.2 <sup>a, b</sup>		
Pulsed Drain Current (10 $\mu$ s Pulse Width)	$I_{DM}$	- 12		
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current <sup>a, b</sup>	$T_C = 25$ °C	- 1.5		
	$T_A = 25$ °C	- 0.91 <sup>a, b</sup>		
Maximum Power Dissipation <sup>a, b</sup>	$T_C = 25$ °C	1.8	W	
	$T_C = 70$ °C	1.14		
	$T_A = 25$ °C	1.1 <sup>a, b</sup>		
	$T_A = 70$ °C	0.7 <sup>a, b</sup>		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	- 55 to 150	°C	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature) <sup>c</sup>		260		

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>a, c</sup>	$R_{thJA}$	90	115	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	$R_{thJF}$	55	70		

Notes:

a. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.

b.  $t = 5$  s.

c. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 166 °C/W.



SPECIFICATIONS $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted						
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>Static</b>						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-30			V
$V_{DS}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	$I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		-32		mV/°C
$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$		4.5			
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-1		-3	V
Gate-Source Leakage	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$			-100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -30\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			-1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS} = -30\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$			-10	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \leq 5\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	-6			A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -3.5\text{ A}$		0.073	0.088	$\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -2.5\text{ A}$		0.110	0.138	
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -3.5\text{ A}$		7		S
<b>Dynamic<sup>b</sup></b>						
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$		340		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$		67			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		51			
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -2.5\text{ A}$		4.1	6.2	nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$		1.3			
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$		1.8			
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$		10		$\Omega$
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = -15\text{ V}, R_L = 15\text{ }\Omega$ $I_D \cong -1\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -4.5\text{ V}, R_g = 1\text{ }\Omega$		40	60	ns
Rise Time	$t_r$		40	60		
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		20	40		
Fall Time	$t_f$		17	30		
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = -15\text{ V}, R_L = 15\text{ }\Omega$ $I_D \cong -1\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\text{ }\Omega$		5.5	10	
Rise Time	$t_r$		13	25		
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		17	30		
Fall Time	$t_f$		7.7	15		
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics</b>						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	$I_S$	$T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$			-1.5	A
Pulse Diode Forward Current	$I_{SM}$				-12	
Body Diode Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$I_S = -0.75\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		-0.8	-1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$I_F = -2.5\text{ A}, di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		17	30	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$		11	20	nC	
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	$t_a$		12		ns	
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	$t_b$		5			

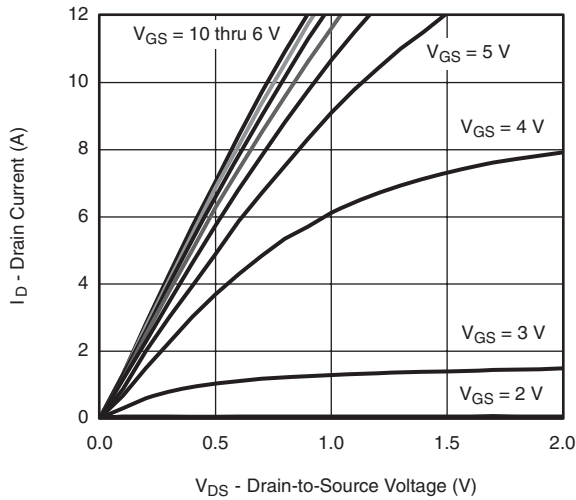
## Notes:

- a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .  
b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

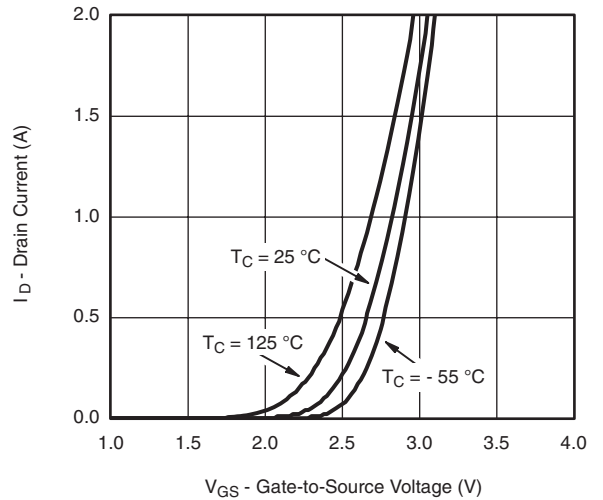
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



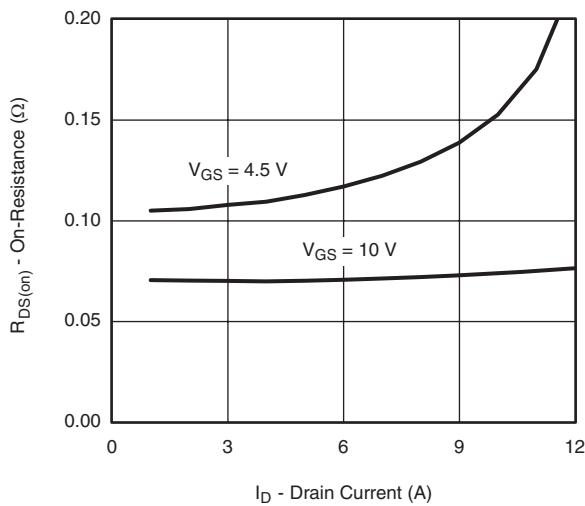
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



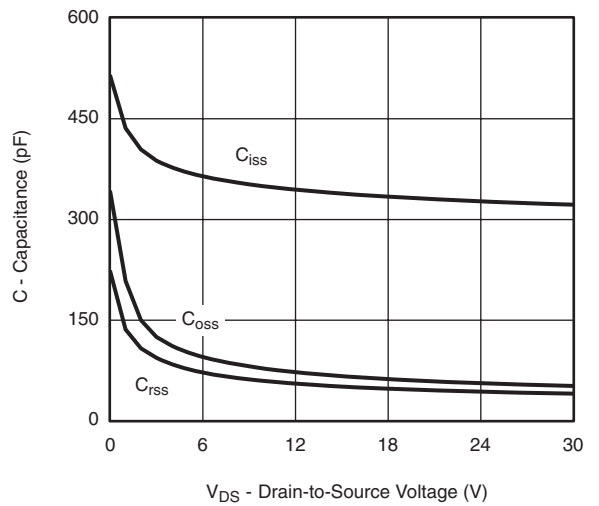
**Output Characteristics**



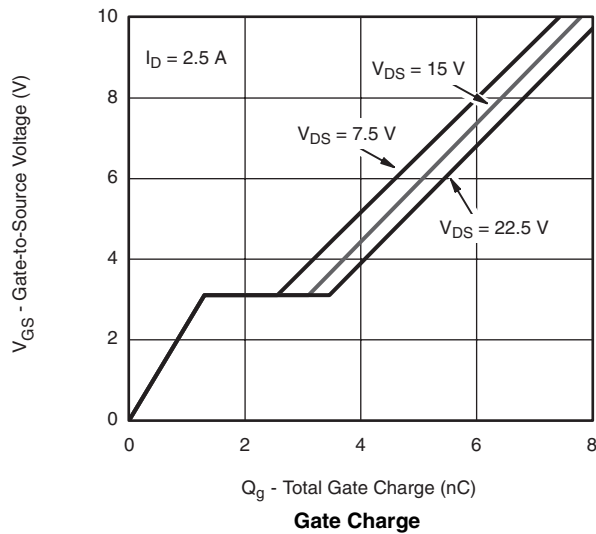
**Transfer Characteristics**



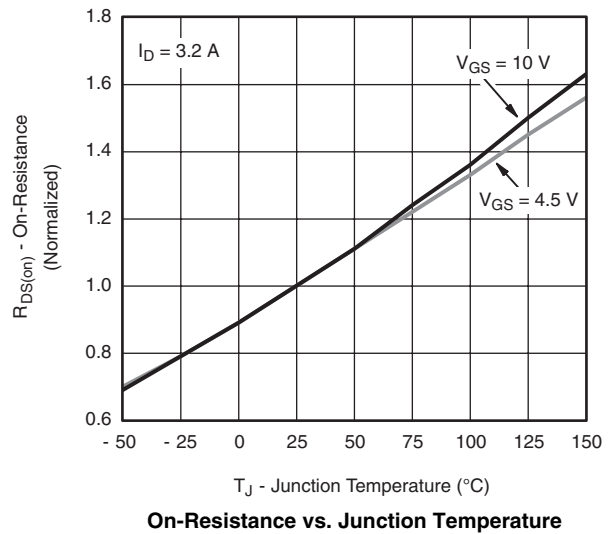
**On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**



**Capacitance**



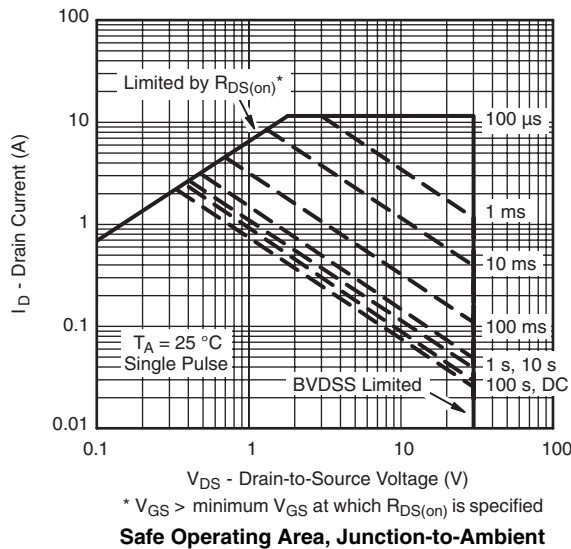
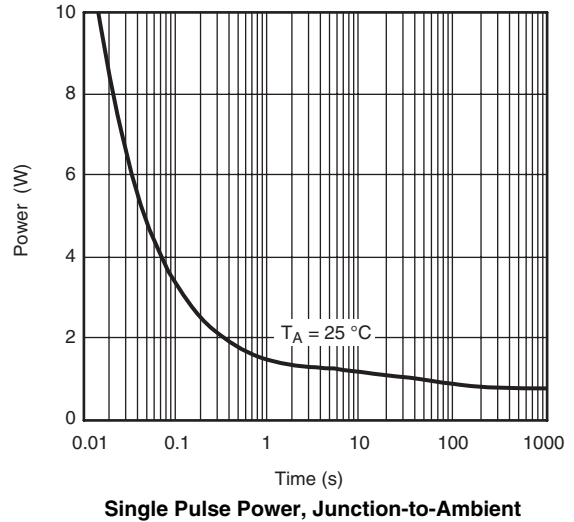
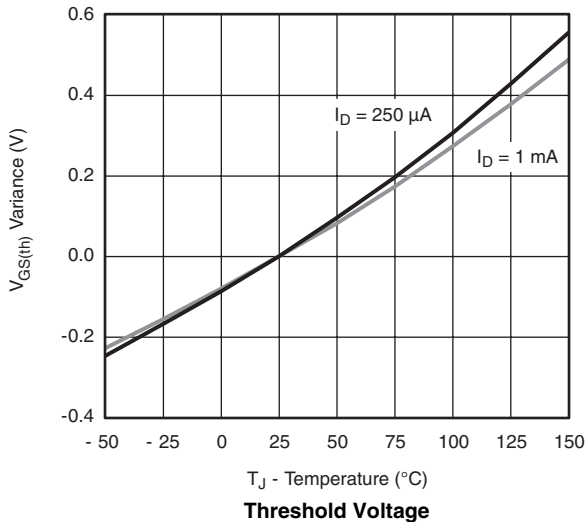
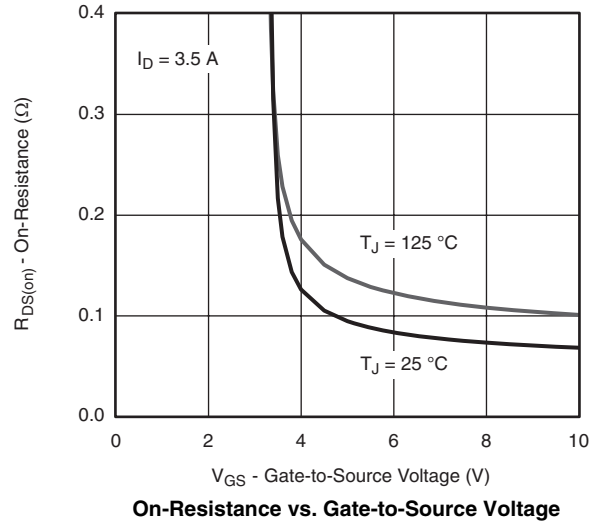
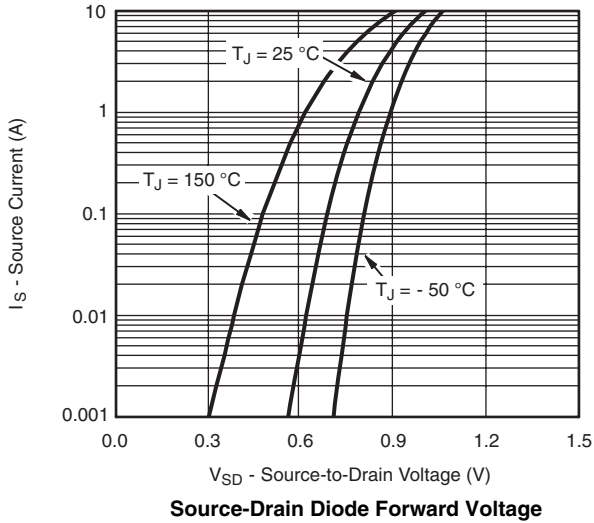
**Gate Charge**



**On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

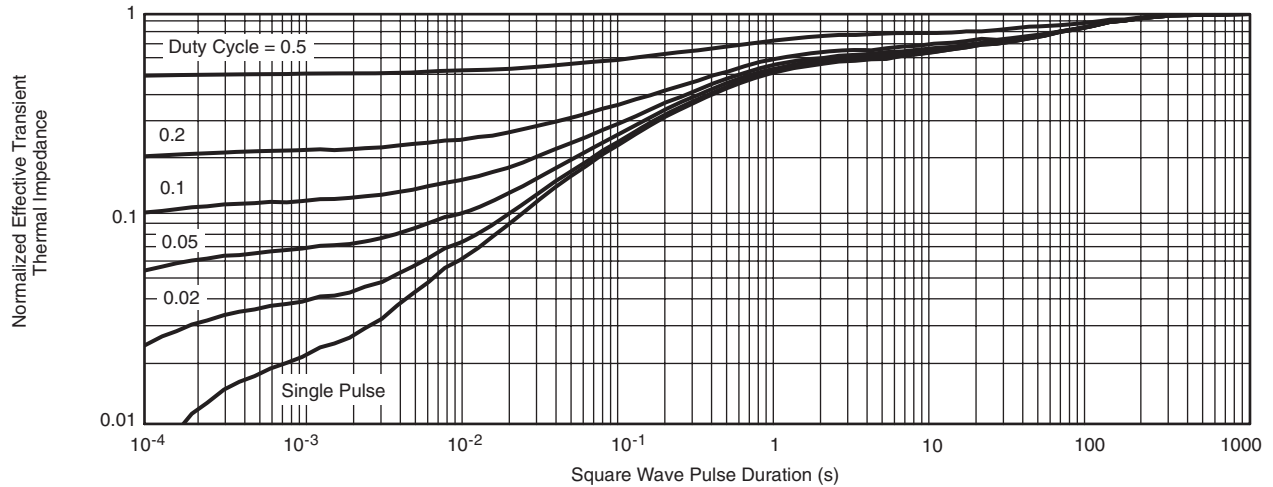


**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

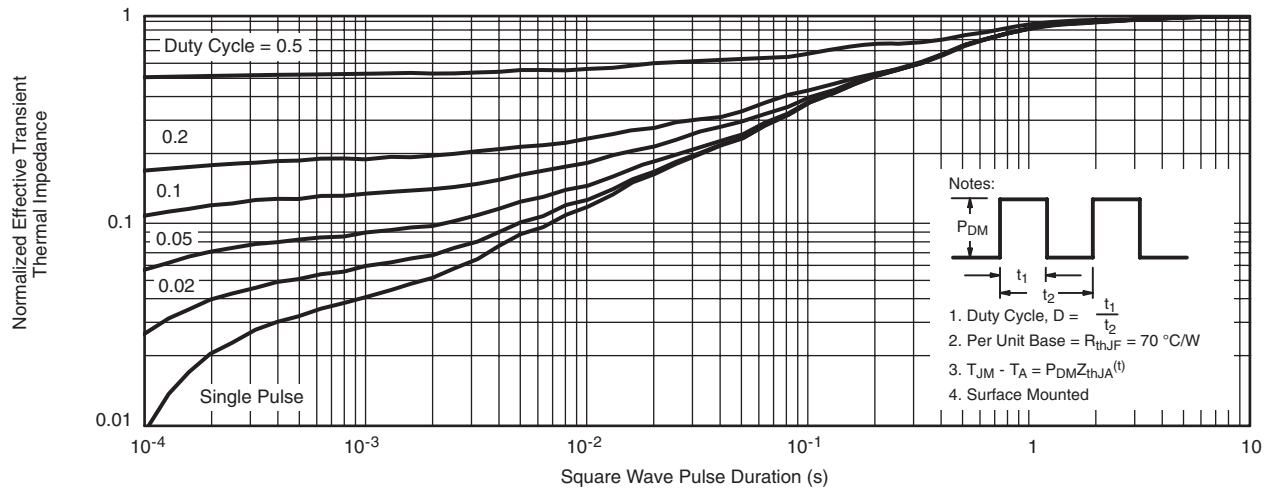




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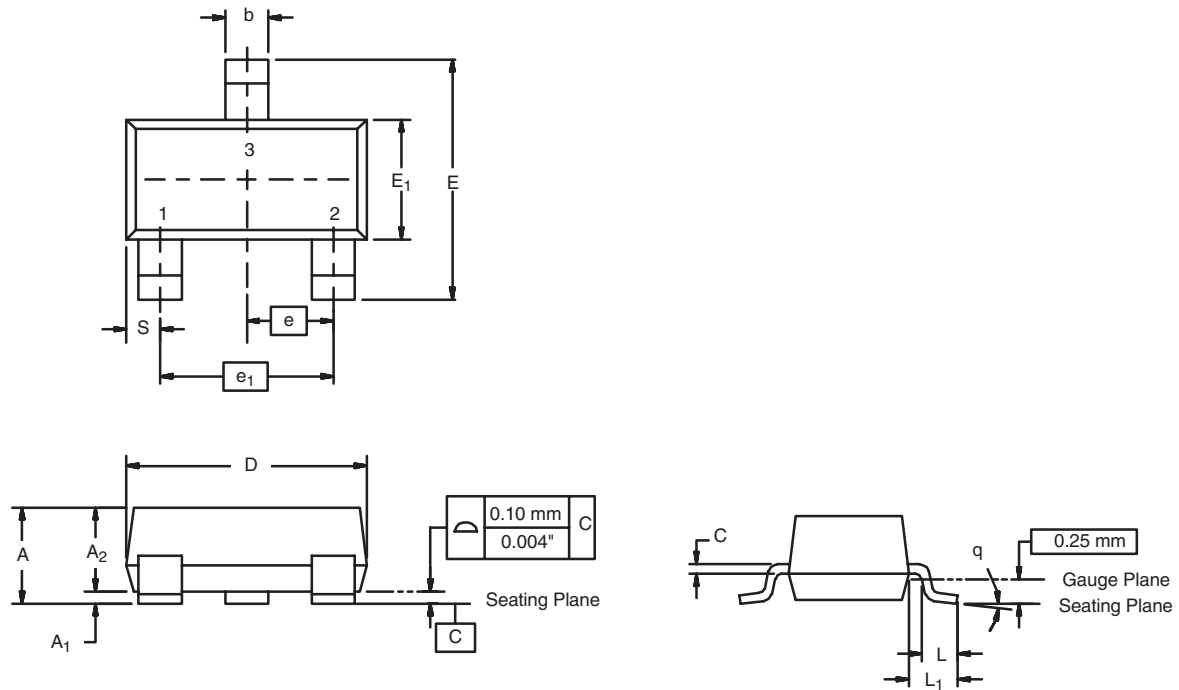
**Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient**



**Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot**

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see <http://www.vishay.com/ppg?68768>.

## SOT-23 (TO-236): 3-LEAD



Dim	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044
A <sub>1</sub>	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.004
A <sub>2</sub>	0.88	1.02	0.0346	0.040
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020
c	0.085	0.18	0.003	0.007
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120
E	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104
E <sub>1</sub>	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055
e	0.95 BSC		0.0374 Ref	
e <sub>1</sub>	1.90 BSC		0.0748 Ref	
L	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024
L <sub>1</sub>	0.64 Ref		0.025 Ref	
S	0.50 Ref		0.020 Ref	
q	3°	8°	3°	8°

ECN: S-03946-Rev. K, 09-Jul-01  
 DWG: 5479

## Mounting LITTLE FOOT<sup>®</sup> SOT-23 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

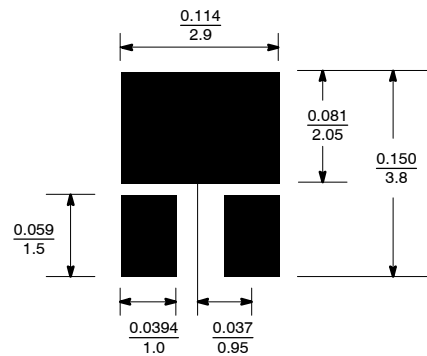
Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (<http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286>), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SOT-23 power MOSFET footprint. In converting this footprint to the pad set for a power device, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

The electrical connections for the SOT-23 are very simple. Pin 1 is the gate, pin 2 is the source, and pin 3 is the drain. As in the other LITTLE FOOT packages, the drain pin serves the additional function of providing the thermal connection from the package to the PC board. The total cross section of a copper trace connected to the drain may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it may be inadequate thermally. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pin is the heat source when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the footprint with copper spreading for the SOT-23 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pin and provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain lead and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the

ambient air. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.



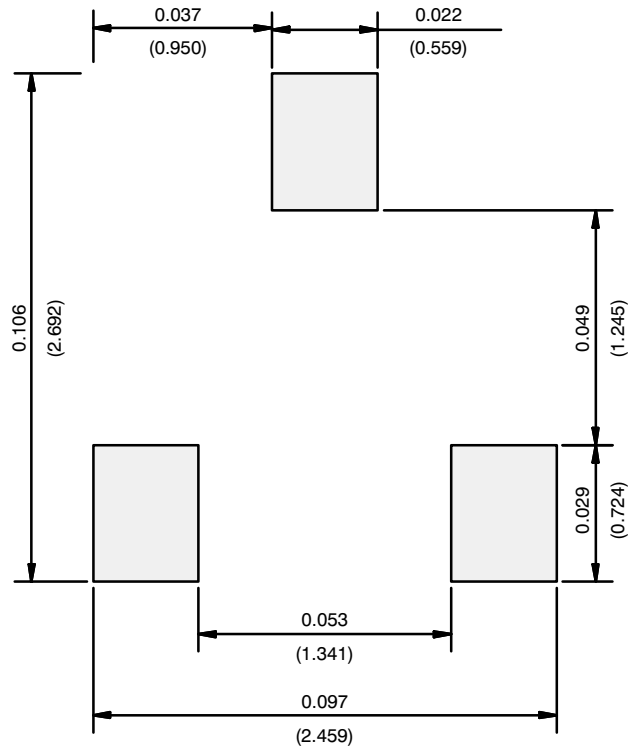
**FIGURE 1.** Footprint With Copper Spreading

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, “thermal” connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low-impedance path for heat to move away from the device.



## RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SOT-23



Recommended Minimum Pads  
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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