imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





IEEE 802.3af PSE INTERFACE AND DC-DC CONTROLLER

Features

- IEEE 802.3afTM compliant PSE and dc-dc controller
- Autonomous operation requires no host processor interface
- Complete reference design available, including Si3460 controller, PSE firmware, and schematic:
 - Low-cost BOM with compact PCB footprint
 - Operates directly from a +12 or +15 V isolated supply
 - DC-DC controller generates –48 V PSE output for SELV compatibility ■ with telephony interfaces
 - Supports up to 15.4 W maximum

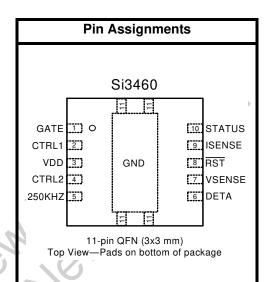
 output power (Class 0)

Applications

- IEEE 802.3af endpoints and midspans
- Environment A and B PSEs
- Embedded PSEs

Description

- Robust 3-point detection algorithm eliminates false detection events
- IEEE-compliant classification
- IEEE-compliant disconnect
- Inrush current control
- Short-circuit output fault protection
- LED status signal (detect, power good, output fault)
- UNH Interoperability Test Lab test report available
- Extended operating range (-40 to +85 °C)
- 11-Pin Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)
- Tiny 3 x 3 mm PCB footprint; Pb-free, RoHS-compliant



- Set-top boxes
- FTTH media converters
- Cable modem and DSL gateways

The Si3460 is a single-port, -48 V power management controller for IEEE 802.3af-compliant Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE). Designed to minimize system cost and ease implementation in embedded PSE endpoint (switches) or midspan (power injector) applications, the Si3460 operates directly from a 12 or 15 V input supply and integrates a digital PWM-based dc-dc converter for generating the -48 V PSE output supply. The IEEE-required Powered Device (PD) detection feature uses a robust 3-point algorithm to avoid false detection events. The Si3460's reference design kit also provides full IEEE-compliant classification and PD disconnect. Intelligent protection circuitry includes input undervoltage lockout (UVLO), classification-based current limiting, and output short-circuit protection. The Si3460 is designed to operate completely independently of host processor control. An LED status signal is provided to indicate the port status, including detect, power good, and output fault event information for use within the host system. The Si3460 is pin-programmable to support endpoint and midspan applications as well as each of the different classification power levels specified by the IEEE 802.3af standard. A comprehensive reference design kit is available (Si3460-EVB), including a complete schematic and BOM (Bill-of-Materials) for the dc-dc converter and PSE functions.

Block Diagram

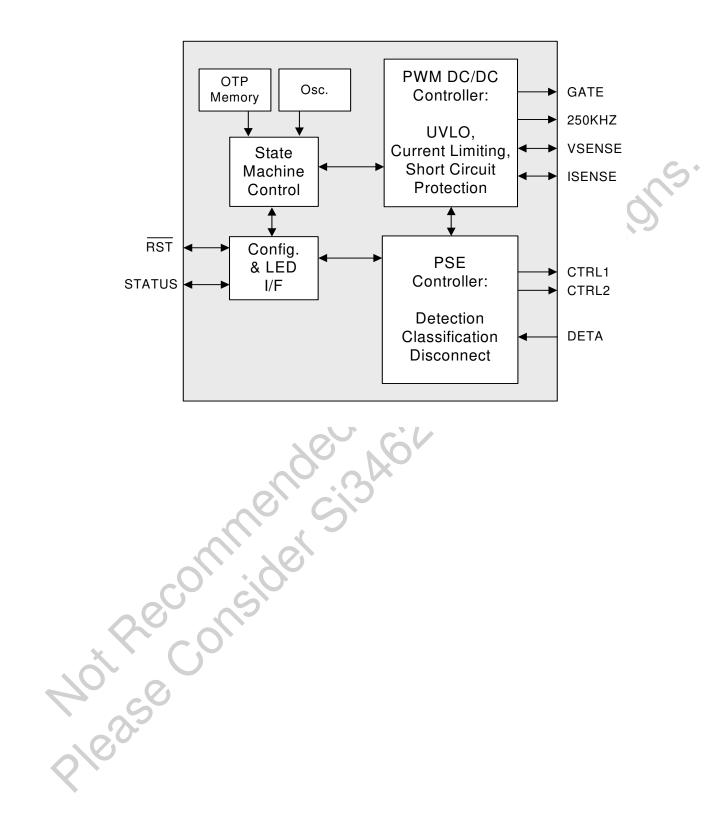




TABLE OF CONTENTS

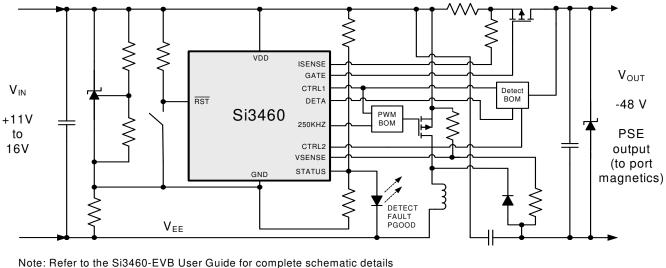
Section

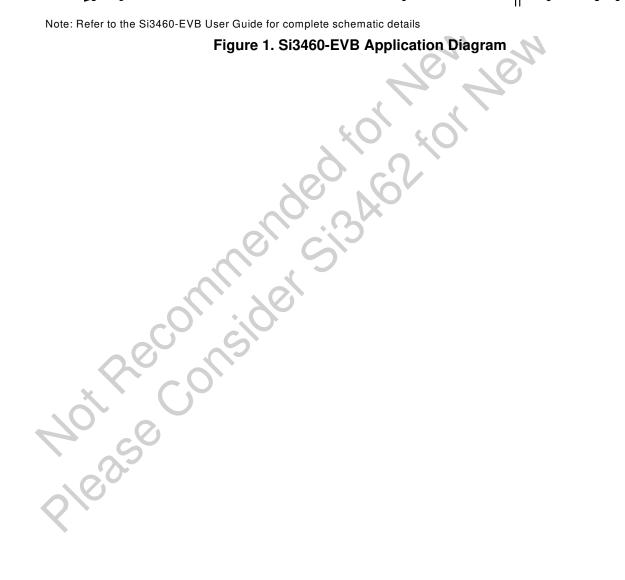
Page

1. Si3460-EVB Application Diagram	4
1.1. Si3460-EVB Performance Characteristics	5
2. Si3460 Electrical Specifications	6
3. Si3460-EVB Performance Characteristics	8
3.1. PSE Timing Characteristics	9
3.2. DC-DC Converter Performance Characteristics	
3.2. DC-DC Converter Performance Characteristics 4. Si3460-EVB Functional Description	
4 1 Reset State	11
4.2. Operating Mode Configuration	11
4.3. Operating Mode Sequencing	12
4.2. Operating Mode Configuration 4.3. Operating Mode Sequencing 5. Design Considerations	14
5 1 ISOIATION	14
5.2. External Component Selection	14
5.3. Input DC Supply	14
5.4. STATUS and RESET Interface	14
5.2. External Component Selection 5.3. Input DC Supply 5.4. STATUS and RESET Interface	15
7. Ordering Guide	17
8. Package Outline: 11-Pin QFN	18
8.1. Solder Paste Mask	19
8.2. PCB Landing Pattern	20
8.3. Device Marking of Production Devices	21
8.2. PCB Landing Pattern 8.3. Device Marking of Production Devices Document Change List Contact Information	22
Contact Information	24
$\sim 0^{-1}$	
Not Reconst Please	



1. Si3460-EVB Application Diagram







1.1. Si3460-EVB Performance Characteristics

When implemented according to the recommended external components and layout guidelines for the Si3460-EVB, the Si3460 enables the following performance specifications in single-port PSE applications. Please refer to the Si3460-EVB User's Guide and schematics for details.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power Supplies	1					
V _{IN} input supply range	V _{IN}	-40 to +85 °C ambient range	11	12, 15	16	V
V _{IN} input UVLO voltage	UVLO	UVLO turn-off voltage at V _{IN}	10	-		V
VDD supply voltage range	V _{DD}	Si3460 supply voltage range	2.7	3.3	3.6	Cv
VDD UVLO voltage	V _{DDmin}	Si3460 UVLO turn-off voltage	2.7	ΎΓ,		V
Output supply voltage	V _{OUT}	PSE output voltage at V _{IN} = 11 V (min) to 16 V (max)	-54	-50	-46	V
Supply current	I _{IN}	Current into V _{DD} (including gate drive and detect)	8	5	9–	mA
Detection Specifications						
Minimum signature resistance	R _{DETmin}		15	17	19	kΩ
Maximum signature resistance	R _{DETmax}		26.5	29	33	kΩ
Classification Specifications			0		l	
Classification voltage	V _{CLASS}	0 mA < I _{CLASS} < 45 mA	-20.5		-15.5	V
Classification current limit	I _{CLASS}	Measured with 200 Ω across V _{OUT}	55	_	95	mA
		Class 0	0		5	mA
		Class 1	8	_	13	mA
Classification current region	I _{CLASS_REGION}	Class 2	16		21	mA
		Class 3	25	_	31	mA
		Class 4	35	_	45	mA
Protection and Current Contro						
Overload current threshold	ICUT	Class 0/3/4	15,400/ V _{OUT}	340	400	mA
ć		Class 1	5000/ V _{OUT}	88	98	mA
c_{0}	.0.	Class 2	7000/ V _{OUT}	154	180	mA
Overload current limit	ILIM	All class levels; Output = 100 Ω across V _{OUT}	400	425	450	mA
Overload time	T _{LIM}	Output = 100 Ω across V _{OUT}	50	60	75	ms
Output power at overload	P _{LIM}		15.4	17	—	W
Disconnect current	I _{MIN}	Disconnect current	5	7.5	10	mA
Efficiency						
System efficiency	η	$(P_{IN} @ V_{IN})$ to $(P_{OUT} @ V_{OUT})$	—	75	—	%
0100						

Table 1. Selected Electrical Specifications (Si3460-EVB)



2. Si3460 Electrical Specifications

The following specifications apply to the Si3460 controller. Refer to Tables 1, 5, 6, and 7, the Si3460-EVB User's Guide, and schematics for additional details about the electrical specifications of the Si3460-EVB reference design.

Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions*

Description	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating temperature range	T _A		-40	25	+85	°C
Thermal impedance	θ_{JA}	No airflow	—	75		°C/W
VDD input supply voltage	VDD	During all operating modes (detect, classification, disconnect)	2.7	3.3	3.6	V
*Note: VDD = 2.7 to 3.6 V, -40 to +	*Note: VDD = 2.7 to 3.6 V, -40 to +85 °C unless otherwise specified.					

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings*

	EE to 10E	
	-55 to +125	°C
10,0	-65 to +150	°C
VDD > 2.2 V	-0.3 to 5.8	V
	-0.3 to 4.2	V
	500	mA
2401	100	mA
Human Body Model	–2 kV to +2 kV	V
Soldering, 10 seconds maximum	260	°C
	Human Body Model Soldering, 10 seconds maximum	VDD > 2.2 V -0.3 to 5.8 -0.3 to 4.2 500 100 100 Human Body Model -2 kV to +2 kV

*Note: Stresses above those listed in this table may cause permanent device damage. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the devices at these or any conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



V _{OH} V _{OL} V _{IH} V _{IL} I _{IL} I _{IL} to +85 °C ur	50KHZ, STATUS (Outp $I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -10 \mu \text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OL} = 8.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OL} = 10 \mu \text{A}$ $I_{OL} = 25 \text{ mA}$ Any digital pin $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$ A, STATUS (Input model)	0.8 × VDD VDD – 0.1 — — — — 0.7 × VDD — —	 0.7 × VDD 0.4 × VDD ±1 5 ±1		
V _{OL} V _{IH} V _{IL} I _{IL} NSE, DETA I _{IL} to +85 °C ur	$I_{OH} = -10 \ \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -10 \ m A$ $I_{OL} = 8.5 \ m A$ $I_{OL} = 10 \ \mu A$ $I_{OL} = 25 \ m A$ Any digital pin Any digital pin $V_{IN} = 0 \ V$ A, STATUS (Input mode	VDD - 0.1 0.7 × VDD 	 0.4 x VDD ±1	0.1	
V _{IH} V _{IL} I _{IL} NSE, DETA	$I_{OL} = 10 \ \mu A$ $I_{OL} = 25 \ m A$ Any digital pin Any digital pin $V_{IN} = 0 \ V$ A, STATUS (Input model) nless otherwise specified.	-	±1	0.1	
V _{IL} I _{IL} NSE, DETA I _{IL} to +85 °C ur	Any digital pin V _{IN} = 0 V A, STATUS (Input mode nless otherwise specified.	-	5	0.3 x VDD 	
I _{IL} NSE, DETA I _{IL} to +85 ℃ ur	V _{IN} = 0 V A, STATUS (Input mode nless otherwise specified.		5	0.3 x VDD 	
NSE, DETA	A, STATUS (Input mode	e)	5	_	
I _{IL} to +85 °C ur	nless otherwise specified.		$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}$		
to +85 °C ur		10 ¹	$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}$		
to +85 °C ur		40 ⁴	±1	_	
		40			
me	S S S AU				
Sinsk	Se.				
	nne Snot	mendedide	mersi		inder St



3. Si3460-EVB Performance Characteristics

When implemented in accordance with the recommended external components and layout guidelines, the Si3460 controller enables the following typical performance characteristics in single-port PSE applications. Refer to the Si3460-EVB applications note, schematics, and user's guide for more details.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Protection and Current Cont	rol		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Overload current limit	I _{LIM}	Output = 100 Ω across V _{OUT}	400	425	450	mA
Overload current thresh- old ³					400	mA
		Class 1	5000/ V _{OUT}	88	98	mA
		Class 2	7000/ V _{OUT}	154	180	mA
Overload current limit	I _{LIM}	All class levels; Output = 100 Ω across V _{OUT}	400	425	450	mA
Overload time	T _{LIM}	Output = 100 Ω across V _{OUT}	50	60	75	ms
Output power at overload	P _{LIM}		15.4	17	_	W
Disconnect current	I _{MIN}	Disconnect current	5	7.5	10	mA
Detection Specifications ²						
Detection voltage	V _{DET}	Detection point 1 (w/ 10 k Ω source) Detection point 2 (w/ 10 k Ω source) Detection point 3 (w/ 10 k Ω source)		4.5 7.5 4.5		V
Minimum signature resistance	R _{DETmin}	S	15	17	19	kΩ
Maximum signature resistance	R _{DETmax}	5	26.5	29	33	kΩ
Classification Specification	ons ²					
Classification voltage	V _{CLASS}	0 mA < ICLASS < 45 mA	-20.5	_	-15.5	V
Classification current limit	ICLASS	Measured with 200 Ω across V_{OUT}	55		95	mA
Classification current region	ICLASS_REGION	Class 0 Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Class 4	0 8 16 25 35		5 13 21 31 45	mA mA mA mA
Notes: 1. Typical specifications a specified.	re based on an an	nbient operating temperature of 25 °C and	V _{IN} = +12	V unless	otherwi	se

Table 5. PSE Performance Characteristics¹

2. See "3. Si3460-EVB Performance Characteristics" for more details.

3. Absolute classification current limits are configurable. See section "4.3.2. Classification" on page 12.



3.1. PSE Timing Characteristics

When implemented in accordance with the recommended external components and layout guidelines, the Si3460 controller enables the following typical performance characteristics in single-port PSE applications. Refer to the Si3460-EVB applications note, schematics, and user's guide for more details.

Table	6.	PSE	Timing*
-------	----	-----	---------

Description	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Endpoint detection delay cycle	tDET_CYCLE	Time from PD connection to port to completion of detection process.	70		400	ms
Detection time	^t DETECT	Time required to measure PD signature resistance.	_	70	-	ms
Classification delay cycle	t _{CLASS_CYCLE}	Time from successful detect mode to classification complete.	10	<u>)</u>	50	ms
Classification time	t _{CLASS}		10	-	50	ms
Power-up turn-on delay	t _{PWRUP}	Time from when a valid detection is completed until V _{OUT} power is applied	7	30	_	ms
Midspan detect backoff time	t _{BOM}		2			S
Current limit time	t _{LIM}	7.7	_	60	_	ms
Disconnect delay	t _{DC_DIS}		—	350	—	ms
*Note: These typical specification	ons are based on	an ambient operating temperature of 25 °	² C and V	/ _{IN} = +12	V.	

3.1.1. PSE Timing Diagrams

The basic sequence of applying power is shown in Figure 2. Following is the description of the function that must be performed in each phase.

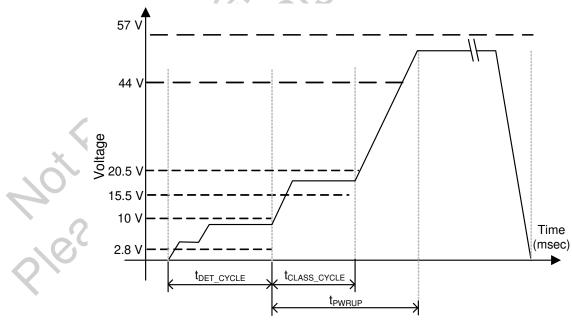


Figure 2. Detection, Classification, Powerup, and Disconnect Sequence



3.2. DC-DC Converter Performance Characteristics

The dc-dc converter utilizes a digital control loop architecture operating at 250 kHz. The complete converter is comprised of the Si3460 controller and the external components in the Si3460-EVB schematics. The performance specifications in Table 7 are typical for the Si3460-EVB reference design.

Table 7. DC-DC Performance¹

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
DC-DC Controller Performation	nce Characteri	stics ²					
PWM operating frequency	f _{PWM}			250	*	kHz	
Efficiency	η	V _{IN} to V _{OUT}		75		%	
Load regulation	R _{LOAD}	Minimum to maximum load					
Line regulation	R _{LINE}	For V _{IN} ranging from 11 to 16 V	5	±1	2	%	
Output ripple	R	250 kHz PWM frequency < 500 Hz	4 1	100 200	_	mV	
2. See "3. Si3460-EVB Perfc	ormance Characte	pient operating temperature of 25 °C and V eristics" for more details.	IN - 112				
		, 40° 40°					
	~						
	e'.	C S					
	nside						
~	<u>)</u> , 76						
	S						
	\mathcal{O}						
Not roce Please							



4. Si3460-EVB Functional Description

In combination with low-cost external components, the Si3460 controller provides a complete PSE solution for embedded PoE applications. Included in the Si3460-EVB reference design is a digital PWM controller-based dc-dc converter that simplifies overall system design by generating the –48 V PSE supply voltage. An isolated 11 to 16 V input dc supply is all that is needed to supply the Si3460-EVB reference design. Refer to the Si3460-EVB User's Guide and schematics for descriptions in the following sections.

4.1. Reset State

At powerup or if reset is held low, the Si3460 is in an inactive state with the PWM turned off (the switcher FET, M1, is off) and the pass FET, M2, is off.

4.2. Operating Mode Configuration

At powerup, the Si3460 reads the voltage on the STATUS pin, which is set by a resistor divider from V_{EE} to chip ground. The STATUS pin voltage level configures all of the Si3460's operating modes as summarized in Table 8.

	Operating Mode					
STATUS Pin Voltage	Power Level Supported (W)	Classes Supported	Midspan/ Endpoint	Restart Action on Fault or Overload Event Condition		
Pin voltage at V _{EE} (no resistors populated)	15.4	All class levels	Endpoint	Auto restart after 2 s		
3.0 V	7.0	Class 1 or 2	Endpoint	Auto restart after 2 s		
2.75 V	4.0	Class 1	Endpoint	Auto restart after 2 s		
2.5 V	15.4	All class levels	Endpoint	Restart on RST		
2.25 V	7.0	Class 1 or 2	Endpoint	Restart on RST		
2.0 V	4.0	Class 1	Endpoint	Restart on RST		
1.75 V	4.0	Class 1	Midspan	Restart on RST		
1.5 V	7.0	Class 1 or 2	Midspan	Restart on RST		
1.25 V	15.4	All class levels	Midspan	Restart on RST		
1.0 V	4.0	Class 1	Midspan	Auto restart after 2 s		
0.5 V	7.0	Class 1 or 2	Midspan	Auto restart after 2 s		
< 0.25 V (pullup resistor only)	15.4	All class levels	Midspan	Auto restart after 2 s		

Table 8. Operating Modes

After powerup, the STATUS pin drives the base of a PNP transistor that controls an LED. To maintain an accurate voltage level at the transistor base, it is recommended that the parallel resistance setting the pin voltage be less than 1 k Ω .



4.3. Operating Mode Sequencing

4.3.1. Detection

After powerup and passing the UVLO threshold voltage of 10 V, the Si3460 enters into the detection state, with FET M2 off and the dc-dc converter disabled so as to generate no output. Prior to turning on the PSE output FET M2 and enabling the 250 kHz square wave for the dc-dc converter, a valid detection sequence must take place.

According to the IEEE specifications, the detection process consists of sensing a nominal 25 k Ω signature resistance in parallel with up to 0.15 μ F of capacitance. To eliminate the possibility of false detection events, the Si3460-EVB reference design performs a robust 3-point detection sequence by varying the voltage across the sense bridge R1, R2, and R3. The fourth leg of the sense bridge is the load that connects to the drain of M2 and returns to V_{EE} via D8 and L1.

At the beginning of the detection sequence, V_{OUT} is at zero output voltage for 250 ms. With a 10 k Ω source impedance, V_{OUT} is then varied from 4.5 to 7.5 V and then back to 4.5 V for 20 ms at each level. If the PD's signature resistance is in the RGOOD range of 19 to 26.5 k Ω , the Si3460 proceeds to classification and powerup. If the PD resistance is not in this range, the detection sequence repeats continuously.

Detection is sequenced approximately every 320 msec and repeats until RGOOD is sensed, indicating a valid PD has been detected. The STATUS LED (D13) is flashed at the 320 ms rate in synchronization with the detection process to indicate the PSE is searching for a valid PD.

4.3.2. Classification

After a valid PD is detected, the pass transistor, M2, and the PWM controller are turned on and programmed for an output voltage of 18 V with a current limit of 75 mA. The current measured during the classification process determines the class level of the PD. If the class level of the PD is not within the supported level as set by the initial voltage on the Si3460's STATUS pin (refer to the Operating Mode Configuration section above), an error is declared and the LED blinks rapidly. This is referred to as classification-based power denial. If the class level is in the supported range, the Si3460 proceeds to powerup. This is referred to as classification-based power granting. Classification level is determined according to the current at ISENSE as shown in Table 9.

ISENSE Current (Nominal)	Classification Level	Minimum Power Level	Overload Current Threshold I _{CUT} (Max)	Overload Current Limit I _{LIM} (Max)
< 6.5 mA	Class 0	15.4 W	400 mA	450 mA
6.5mA to 14.5 mA	Class 1	4 W	98 mA	450 mA
14.5 mA to 23 mA	Class 2	7 W	180 mA	450 mA
> 23 mA	Class 3 or 4	15.4 W	400 mA	450 mA

Table 9. Classification Levels

If the classification level is at a greater power than can be supported based on R28 and R30, an error condition is reported by flashing the LED at a 10 Hz rate for two seconds before the state machine goes back to the detection cycle.

4.3.3. Classification-Based Current Limiting

Current limits (I_{CUT}) are set based on the classification voltage on the STATUS pin at powerup. Refer to Table 9 for current limits.



4.3.4. DC-DC Converter Ramp-Up

After the optional classification sequence, the dc-dc converter is powered up to -50 V with a current limit corresponding to the values indicated in Table 9. After powerup, power is applied to V_{OUT} as long as there is not an overcurrent fault, disconnect, or input undervoltage (UVLO) condition. The STATUS LED is continuously lit when power is applied. If the output power exceeds the level determined by the initial voltage of the STATUS pin, the Si3460 will declare an error and shut down the port, flashing the LED rapidly to indicate the error (for either two seconds or until reset as determined by the initial voltage on the STATUS pin).

4.3.5. DC-DC Converter Soft Start

The PWM control loop of the dc-dc converter is designed to produce a gradual rise in output voltage to eliminate any inrush current issues. The nominal set point of the dc-dc converter is -50 V. V_{OUT} at -50 V results in 0.930 V at the VSENSE pin. It is possible for there to be almost no load on the dc-dc converter; so, the duty cycle is ramped slowly up to the dc set point. The duty cycle is initially set to zero (dc-dc converter off). Once the desired voltage set point is reached, the feedback path from VSENSE is enabled, and the converter is allowed to regulate at the desired set point.

4.3.6. Disconnect

The Si3460 implements a robust disconnect algorithm. If the output current level drops below 7.5 mA (nominal) for more than 350 ms, the Si3460 will declare a PD disconnect, and the dc-dc converter clock (250 kHz) and FET M1 will be turned off. As set by the initial voltage on the STATUS pin, the Si3460 will then automatically resume the detection process after 250 ms for "endpoint mode" and two seconds for "midspan mode." The difference in these two backoff timings is specified by the IEE 802.3af standard for the midspan and endpoint operating modes.

4.3.7. Current Limit Control

The Si3460's overcurrent trip point is determined by the output power set during the classification stage power granting process. If the output current exceeds the threshold, a timer counts up towards a time-out of 60 ms. If the current drops below the set threshold, the timer counts down towards zero at 1/16th the rate. If the timer reaches 60 ms, an overcurrent fault is declared, and the channel is shut down by turning off the dc-dc converter clock and then turning off the FET M1. After an overcurrent fault event, the LED will flash rapidly.

As set by the initial voltage on the STATUS pin at powerup, the Si3460 will then automatically resume the detection process for "automatic restart configuration" unless the Si3460 is configured in a "restart after a RESET condition" mode and a fault condition is detected; in that case, the LED will flash rapidly, and the detection process will automatically start again after 2.2 seconds. Power will not be provided until an open-circuit condition is detected. Once the Si3460-EVB detects an open-circuit condition (normally by removing the Ethernet cable from the Si3460-EVB's RJ-45 jack labelled "To PD"), the detection process begins, the status LED blinks at the rate of 3 times per second, and the Si3460 is then allowed to go into classification and powerup mode if a valid PD signature resistance is detected.

4.3.8. UVLO

The Si3460-EVB reference design is optimized for 12 to 15 V nominal input voltages (11 V min to 16 V maximum). If the input voltage drops below 10 V in detection mode or if the output voltage drops below 10 V in classification or powerup mode, a UVLO condition is declared, which generates the error condition (LED flashing rapidly). An undervoltage event is a fault condition reported through the status LED as a rapid blinking of 10 flashes per second. The UVLO condition is continuously monitored in all operating states.

4.3.9. Status LED Function

During the normal detection sequence, the STATUS LED flashes at approximately 3 times per second as the detection process continues. After successful power up, the LED glows continuously. If there is an error condition (i.e., class level is beyond programmed value, or a fault or over current condition has been detected), the LED flashes rapidly at 10 times per second). This occurs for two seconds for normal error delay and, in the case of the "restart after a RESET condition", the LED will flash rapidly, and the detection process will automatically start again after 2.2 s and power will not be provided until an open circuit condition is detected. Once the Si3460-EVB detects an open circuit condition, the LED blinks at 3 times per second.

If the Powered Device (PD) is disconnected so that a disconnect event occurs, the LED will start flashing at 3 times per second once the detect process resumes.



5. Design Considerations

5.1. Isolation

The Si3460-EVB's PSE output power at V_{OUT} is not isolated from the input power source (V_{IN}). Isolation of PSE output power requires that the input be isolated from earth ground. Typically, an ac to dc power supply or "wall wart" is used to provide the 12 V power so the output of this supply is isolated from earth ground.

5.2. External Component Selection

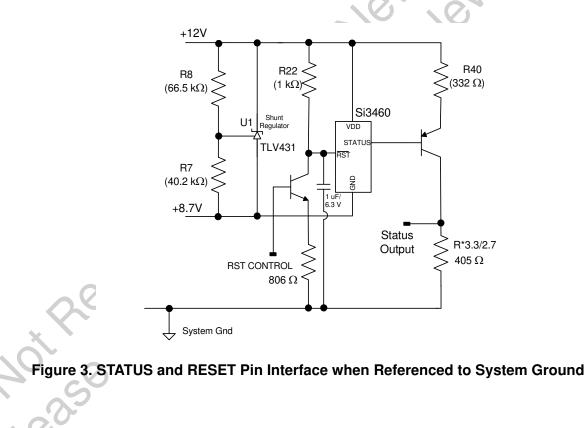
Detailed notes on external component selection are provided in the Si3460-EVB User's Guide schematics and BOM. In general, these recommendations must be followed closely to ensure output power stability and ripple (power stage components), surge protection (surge protection diode), and overall IEEE 802.3 compliance.

5.3. Input DC Supply

The input power supply should be rated for at least 25% higher power level than the output power level chosen. This is primarily to account for the 75 to 80% nominal efficiency performance of the Si3460-EVB reference design. For example, to support a Class 0 PSE, for example, the input supply should be capable of supplying 19.25 W (15.4 W x 1.25 = 19.25 W).

5.4. STATUS and RESET Interface

To reference the RESET and STATUS pins to system ground, the level shifting method shown in Figure 3 can be used. Refer to the schematic in the Si3460-EVB document.





6. Si3460 Pin Descriptions

Si3460 pin functionality is described in Table 10. Note that the information applies to the Si3460 device pins, while the Si3460-EVB User's Guide describes the inputs and outputs of the evaluation system.

The electrical characteristics of the Si3460-EVB are summarized in Table 1 on page 5. Refer to the complete Si3460-EVB schematics and BOM listing for information about the external components needed for the complete PSE and dc-dc controller application circuit.

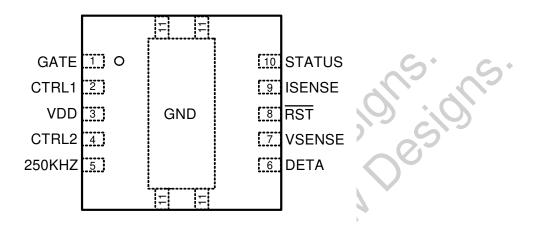


Table 10. Si3460 Pin Functionality

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin Type	Pin Function	
1	GATE	Digital output	A logic low on this pin turns on the output FET to enable the PSE output voltage. Refer to the Si3460-EVB schematics for the circuit connections between the external FET and this pin.	
2	CTRL1	Digital output	The output of this pin is averaged with CTRL2 to control PWM duty cycle for the dc-dc controller. This output also controls the dc output for the detection circuitry.	
3	VDD	Power	3.3 V power supply input.	
4	CTRL2	Digital output	The output of this pin is averaged with CTRL1 to control PWM duty cycle for the dc-dc controller. This output also controls the dc output for the detection circuitry.	
5	250KHZ	Digital output	This is a 250 kHz square wave (50% duty cycle) that is filtered into a triangular wave signal for the dc-dc controller. The 250 kHz output on this pin is gated off when it is desired to keep the switcher FET off.	
6	DETA	Analog input	DETA is an analog input pin. During the detection process, the CTRL1 and CTRL2 pin duty cycle is varied to generate filtered dc voltages across a resistive bridge. The null indicator for this bridge is connected to pin DETA.	
7	VSENSE	Analog input	VSENSE is an analog input used for sensing the PSE output volt- age.	
\mathbf{Q}				



9 IS 10 ST 11 (
10 ST	RST	Digital input	Active low reset input. When low (to GND), places the Si3460 device into an inactive state. The dc-dc converter is disabled. When pulled high, the device begins the detection process sequence. The dc-dc begins to function after a valid R _{GOOD} signature is detected, indicating a valid PD has been detected.
11 (ISENSE	SE Analog input	ISENSE is an analog input connected to a current sense resistor fo output current sensing.
	STATUS	JS Analog in/Digital out	At powerup, the voltage on this pin is sensed to configure the clas- sification level, mid span timing mode, and the device's restart behavior when a fault condition is detected. Refer to "4.2. Operating Mode Configuration" on page 11 and "4.3.9. Status LED Function" on page 13 for more information. After reading the voltage present at this pin at powerup, the STATUS pin becomes a digital output used to control an external LED, which indicates when a detect, power good, or output fault condition has occurred. A logic low turns the LED on, and logic high turns the LED off.
	GND	GND	Ground connection for the Si3460. This is NOT earth ground. Refer to the Si3460-EVB schematics for more information.
616		econside	

Table 10. Si3460 Pin Functionality (Continued)



7. Ordering Guide

Ordering Part Number	Firmware Revision	Description	Package Information	Ambient Temperature Range
Si3460-E02-GM	0.6.7	Single-port PSE controller	11-pin,	–40 to 85 °C
Si3460-E03-GM	0.6.8	with integrated dc-dc con- verter for embedded appli-	$3 \text{ mm} \times 3 \text{ mm} \text{ QFN}.$	
		cations	RoHs compliant.	
Si3460-EVB	N/A	Si3460 evaluation board and reference design	Evaluation board	N/A

Notes:

e"8.3. Device) 2. The ordering part number above is not the same as the device mark. See"8.3. Device Marking of Production Devices"



8. Package Outline: 11-Pin QFN

Figure 4 illustrates the package details for the Si3460. Table 11 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration. The Si3460 is packaged in an industry-standard, 3x3 mm, RoHS-compliant, Pb-free, 11-pin QFN package.

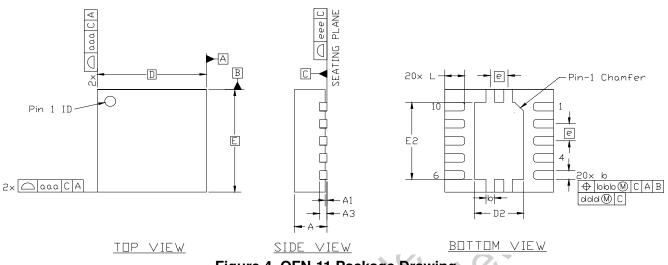


Figure 4. QFN-11 Package Drawing

Table 11. Package Diagram Dimensions

			*
Dimensi	on Min	Nom	Max
A	0.80	0.90	1.00
A1	0.03	0.07	0.11
A3		0.25 REF	
b	0.18	0.25	0.30
D		3.00 BSC.	
D2	1.30	1.35	1.40
е		0.50 BSC.	
E		3.00 BSC.	
E2	2.20	2.25	2.30
L L	.45	.55	.65
aaa	-	_	0.15
bbb	—	_	0.15
ddd			0.05
eee	—	_	0.08
 Notes: 1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise r 2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994. 3. This drawing conforms to JEDEC outline MO-243, variation VEE 			

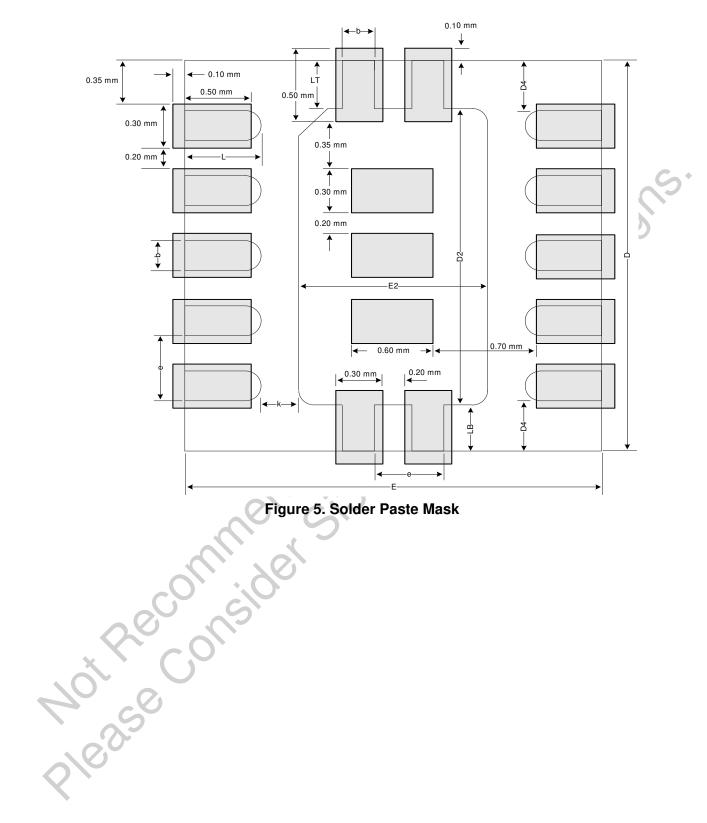
A resonanced per supplier designation.
 Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020C

Rev. 1.2

specification for Small Body Components.

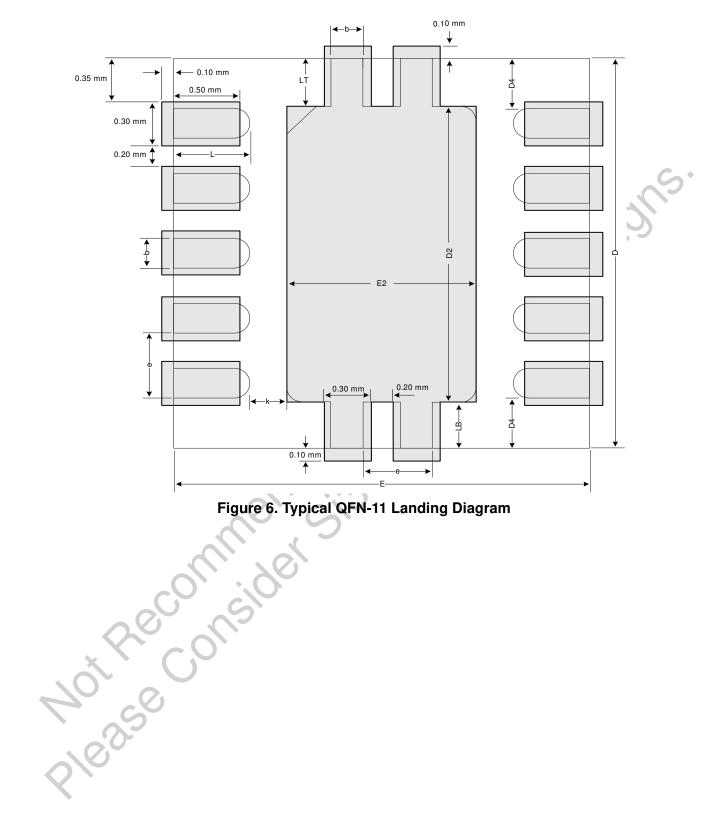


8.1. Solder Paste Mask





8.2. PCB Landing Pattern





8.3. Device Marking of Production Devices

Line 1 is the part number, line 2 is the lot code, and line 3 is the date code. The part number marking is different for Si3460-E02 devices and Si3460-E03. The silicon revision letter is the first letter of the lot code ("E" for both Si3460-E02 and Si3460-E03 devices). Figure 8 shows how to decode the top side marking.

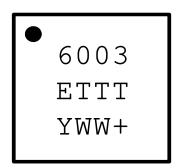


Figure 7. QFN 11 Top Marking

Table 1	2. Тор	Marking	Explanation
---------	--------	---------	-------------

	У	TTTT WW+
	•	FN 11 Top Marking
		Marking Explanation
Line 1 Marking:	Pin 1 Identifier	Circle = 0.25 mm Diameter
	Product ID	6003 60 = Si3460; 03 = Firmware Revision 03
Line 2 Marking:	ETTT = Trace Code	Assembly trace code E = Product revision TTT = Assembly trace code
Line 3 Marking:	YWW = Date Code	Assigned by the Assembly contractor. Y = Last Digit of Current Year (ex: 2009 = 9) WW = Current Work Week
	Lead-Free Designator	

hotese consider the considered of the considered



DOCUMENT CHANGE LIST

Revision 0.4 to Revision 1.0

- Added Table 1 specification values on page 5.
- on pages on the Menutesians in pages on the Menutesians in the states of Updated Table 5 specification values for I_{CUT} limits on page 8.



NOTES:





CONTACT INFORMATION

Silicon Laboratories Inc.

400 West Cesar Chavez Austin, TX 78701 Tel: 1+(512) 416-8500 Fax: 1+(512) 416-9669 Toll Free: 1+(877) 444-3032

nended 602 for New New Designs Please visit the Silicon Labs Technical Support web page: https://www.silabs.com/support/pages/contacttechnicalsupport.aspx and register to submit a technical support request.

Patent Notice

Silicon Labs invests in research and development to help our customers differentiate in the market with innovative low-power, small size, analogintensive mixed-signal solutions. Silicon Labs' extensive patent portfolio is a testament to our unique approach and world-class engineering team.

The information in this document is believed to be accurate in all respects at the time of publication but is subject to change without notice. Silicon Laboratories assumes no responsibility for errors and omissions, and disclaims responsibility for any consequences resulting from the use of information included herein. Additionally, Silicon Laboratories assumes no responsibility for the functioning of undescribed features or parameters. Silicon Laboratories reserves the right to make changes without further notice. Silicon Laboratories makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Silicon Laboratories assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. Silicon Laboratories products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use in applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Silicon Laboratories product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Silicon Laboratories products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Silicon Laboratories harmless against all claims and damages.

Silicon Laboratories and Silicon Labs are trademarks of Silicon Laboratories Inc. Other products or brandnames mentioned herein are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

