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I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC

Rev. 3.0 — 14 March 2007 136430 Product data sheet PUBLIC

## 1. General description

The I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC is a dedicated chip for smart label applications with the need for a leaner custom-specific command set, smaller memory and/or a product which takes care of the increasing demand for perfect customer privacy. This IC is another member of our product family of smart label ICs that fully comply to the ISO standard ISO/IEC 15693. The IC is also available in high capacitance version for small label designs.

The I•CODE system offers the possibility of operating more than one label simultaneously in the field of the reader antenna (Anticollision). It is designed for long range applications with a special command for the use under the European regulations.

## 1.1 Anticollision

An intelligent anticollision function allows to operate more than one tag in the field simultaneously. The anticollision algorithm selects each tag individually and ensures that the execution of a transaction with a selected tag is performed correctly without data corruption resulting from other tags in the field.

## 1.2 Contactless energy and data transfer

Whenever connected to a very simple and cheap type of antenna (as a result of the 13.56 MHz carrier frequency) made out of a few windings printed, winded, etched or punched coil the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC can be operated without line of sight up to a distance of 1.5 m (gate width). No battery is needed. When the smart label is positioned in the field of an interrogator antenna, the high speed RF communication interface allows to transmit data with up to 53 kbit/s.



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### 1.3 Security and privacy aspects

1. Unique Identifier (UID)

The UID can not be altered and guarantees the uniqueness of each label.

2. Password protected Label Destroy

With the 32-bit destroy password an addressed label can be destroyed with the Destroy command. That status is irreversible and the label will never respond to any command again.

3. Password protected Privacy Mode

With the 32-bit Privacy password a label can be set to the Privacy mode with the Set to Privacy Mode command. In that mode the label will not respond to any command except of the command Get Random Number till it receives again the right Privacy password. That mode is especially designed to meet the increasing demand to take care of the customers privacy.

4. Password protected EAS Functionality

With the 32-bit EAS password the addressed label can be set in a mode that the commands Set EAS and Reset EAS are only executed by the label if the right EAS password is transmitted to the label within the mentioned commands.

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## 2. Features

## 2.1 I-CODE SLI-L RF interface

- Contactless transmission of data and supply energy (no battery needed)
- Operating distance: up to 1.5 m (depending on antenna geometry)
- Operating frequency: 13.56 MHz (ISM, world-wide licence free available)
- I•CODE SLI- L Functionality (ISO/IEC 15693)
  - Fast data transfer: up to 53 kbit/s
  - High data integrity: 16-bit CRC, framing
  - True anti-collision
  - Additional fast anti-collision read
  - Password protected Electronic Article Surveillance (EAS) incl. application selection
  - Application Family Identifier (AFI) supported
  - Data Storage Format Identifier (DSFID)
  - Privacy command with 32-bit Privacy password
  - Destroy command with 32-bit Destroy password
- Long Range Command
- Write distance equal to read distance

### 2.2 EEPROM

- Data retention of 10 years
- Write endurance 100.000 cycles

## 2.3 Security features

- Unique identifier for each device
- Lock mechanism for each user memory block (write protection)
- Lock mechanism for DSFID, AFI, EAS
- Password (32-bit) protected Label Destroy
- Password (32-bit) protected Privacy Mode
- Password (32-bit) protected EAS Functionality

## 3. Applications

- Factory Automation
- Industrial and Laundry
- Asset Management
- Libraries and Rental

## 4. Quick reference data

The data sheet describes the functionality of the smart label ICS I•CODE SLI- L and I•CODE SLI- L HC. These ICs distinguish between the built in resonance capacitance. The I•CODE SLI- L HC shows a higher capacitance value than the I•CODE SLI- L. Therefore within the I•CODE SLI- L HC smaller label designs can be realized.

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	Description	Typ <mark>[1]</mark>	Unit
SL2 ICS50	I•CODE SLI- L	23.5	pF
SL2 ICS51	I•CODE SLI- L HC	97.0	pf

[1] Typical values are not guaranteed. These values listed are at room temperature.

## 5. Ordering information

#### Table 2:Ordering information

Type number	Package					
	Name	Description	Version			
SL2 ICS5001EW/V1	FFC	sawn wafer 150 $\mu m$ on film frame carrier	-			
SL2 FCS5001 EV/DH	FCP	Flip Chip Package	-			
SL2 MOS5001EV	MOA2	Module for contactless chip card ICs PLMCC-05	SOT500AA1			
SL2 ICS5101EW/V1	FFC	sawn wafer 150 $\mu m$ on film frame carrier	-			
SL2 FCS5101 EV/DH	FCP	Flip Chip Package	-			
SL2 MOS5101EV	MOA2	Module for contactless chip card ICs PLMCC-05	SOT500AA1			

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## 6. Block diagram

The SL2 ICS50/SL2 ICS51 IC consists of three major blocks:

Analog RF Interface

Digital Controller

#### **EEPROM**

The analog part provides stable supply voltage and demodulates data received from the reader for being processed by the digital part. Further, the modulation transistor of the analog part transmits data back to the reader.

The digital section includes the state machines, processes the protocol and handles communication with the EEPROM.



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## 7. Functional description

## 7.1 Block description

The label requires no internal power supply. Its contactless interface generates the power supply and the system clock via the resonant circuitry by inductive coupling to the interrogator. The interface also demodulates data that are transmitted from the interrogator to the I•CODE Label, and modulates the electromagnetic field for data transmission from the I•CODE Label to the interrogator.

Data are stored in a non-volatile memory (EEPROM). The EEPROM has a memory capacity of 512 bit and is organized in 16 blocks consisting of 4 bytes each (1 block = 32 bits). The higher 8 blocks contain user data and the lowest 8 blocks contain the unique identifier, the write access conditions and special data like AFI and DSFID.

## 7.2 Memory organization

The 512 bit EEPROM memory is divided into 16 blocks. A block is the smallest access unit. Each block consists of 4 bytes (1 block = 32 bits). 4 blocks are summed up to 1 page. Bit 0 in each byte represents the least significant bit (LSB) and bit 7 the most significant bit (MSB), respectively.

The Memory is divided into 2 parts:

- Configuration Area
  - Within this part of the memory all required information are stored like UID, Write protection, Passwords and so on. Direct access to this memory area is not possible.
- User Memory
  - Within this area the user data are stored. Direct Read/write access to this part of the memory is possible depending on the related write protection conditions.

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Table 3.	Memory Organization						
Page	Block	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Description	
-2	-8					Configuration Area for	
	-7					internal use	
	-6						
	-5						
-1	-4						
	-3						
	-2						
	-1						
0	0					User Memory	
	1					<ul> <li>2 pages</li> </ul>	
	2					<ul> <li>4 bocks each</li> </ul>	
	3					<ul> <li>4 bytes reach</li> </ul>	
1	4					<ul> <li>(total 32bytes)</li> </ul>	
	5						
	6						
	7						

### 7.2.1 Unique identifier

The 64-bit unique identifier (UID) is programmed during the production process according to ISO/IEC 15693-3 and cannot be changed afterwards.

The numbering of the 64 bits is done according to ISO/IEC 15693-3 starting with the LSB 1 and ending with the MSB 64. This is in contrast to the general used bit numbering within a byte (starting with LSB 0).

The TAG type is a part of the UID (bit 41 to 48, after the manufacturer code which is "04h" for NXP Semiconductors).

Table 4.	Unique lo	lentifier de	scription					
Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	UID 7	UID 6	UID 5	UID 4	UID 3	UID 2	UID 1	UID 0
Value	E0	04	03		IC manufa	acturer seria	al number	
Bit	64 to 57	56 to 49	48 to 41			40 to 1		
	MSB							LSB

The TAG type of the SL2 ICS50/SL2 ICS51 is "03h"

### 7.2.2 Configuration of delivered ICs

I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC ICs are delivered with the following configuration by NXP Semiconductors:

- Unique Identifier is unique and read only
- · Write Access Conditions allow to change user blocks, AFI, DSFID, EAS and Passwords
- All password bytes are 00h (Privacy Password, Destroy Password, EAS Password)
- · Password protected Privacy Mode is disabled
- EAS password protection is disabled
- Status of EAS mode is not defined
- AFI is supported and not defined
- DSFID is supported and not defined
- User Data memory is not defined

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### 7.3 Communication principle

#### ISO 15693 command set

For detailed description of the protocol and timing please refer to ISO/IEC 15693-2 (modulation, bit-coding, framing) and 15693-3 (anticollision, timing, protocol).

Long Range command

For detailed description of the protocol and timing please refer to EPC Specification "13.56 MHz ISM Band Class 1 Radio Frequency (RF) Identification Tag Interface Specification".

## 8. Command set

#### 8.1 ISO 15693 command set

#### 8.1.1 Mandatory commands

#### 8.1.1.1 Inventory

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

Exception: If the Privacy or Destroy mode is enabled the label will not respond.

#### 8.1.1.2 Stay quiet

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

#### 8.1.2 Optional commands

#### 8.1.2.1 Read single block

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

Option 0 (Option flag not set) is supported.

Option 1 (Option flag set) is supported.

If the Privacy or Destroy mode is enabled the label will not respond.

#### 8.1.2.2 Write single block

Only Option 0 (Option flag is not set) is supported.

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#### 8.1.2.3 Lock block

Only Option 0 (Option flag is not set) is supported.

8.1.2.4 Select

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

#### 8.1.2.5 Reset to ready

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

#### 8.1.2.6 Write AFI

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

Only Option 0 (Option flag is not set) is supported.

#### 8.1.2.7 Lock AFI

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

Only Option 0 (Option flag is not set) is supported.

#### 8.1.2.8 Write DSFID

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

Only Option 0 (Option flag is not set) is supported.

#### 8.1.2.9 Lock DSFID

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

Only Option 0 (Option flag is not set) is supported.

#### 8.1.2.10 Get system information

As defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

The IC returns number of blocks= 48 blocks, because it comprises the same digital part as I•CODE SLI-S.

The TAG type of the SL2 ICS50/SL2 ICS51 is "03h".

#### 8.1.3 Custom commands

The Manufacturer code of NXP Semiconductors is defined in ISO/IEC 7816-6A1. It has the value "04h".

For the structure of custom commands please refer to ISO/IEC 15693-3.

#### 8.1.3.1 Get random number

#### Command Code = B2h

The Get Random Number command is required to receive a random number from the label IC. The passwords that will be transmitted with the Set Password command have to be calculated with the Password and the Random Number (see <u>Section 8.1.3.2 "Set</u> <u>password"</u>).

The different passwords are addressed with the Password Identifier.

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#### I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC PUBLIC

Table 5.	Request for	mat				
SOF	Flags	Get Random Number	IC Mfg code	UID	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits	16 bits	
Table 6.	Response fo	ormat when Err	or_flag is set			
SOF	Flag	is l	Error code	CRC16	EC	DF
	8 bit	s a	8 bits	16 bits		
Table 7.	Response format when Error_flag is NOT set					
SOF	Flag	IS I	Random Numbe	er CRC16	EC	DF
	8 bit	S ·	16 bits	16 bits		

#### 8.1.3.2 Set password

#### Command Code = B3h

With the Set Password command the different Passwords can be transmitted to the Label to get access to the different protected functionalities on the following commands. The Set Password command has to be executed just once for the related passwords if the label is powered.

Remark: The Set Password command can only be executed in addressed or selected mode except of the Privacy Password.

The XOR Password has to be calculated with the password and two times the received random number from the last Get Random Number command:

XOR Password[31:0] = Password[31:0] XOR {Random Number[15:0], Random\_Number[15:0]}

The different passwords are addressed with the Password Identifier.

Table 8.	Request format
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SOF	Flags	Set Password	IC Mfg code	UID Identifier	Password Identifier	XOR Passwo rd	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits	8 bits	32 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 9. **Password Identifier**

Password Identifier	Password
04h	Privacy
08h	Destroy SLI- L
10h	EAS

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Table 10.	Table 10. Response format when Error_flag is set						
SOF	Flags	Error code	CRC16	EOF			
	8 bits	8 bits	16 bits				
					-		

Table 11.	Response f	ormat when E	Error_flag	is NOT	set
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SOF	Flags	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	16 bits	

**Remark:** If the IC receives an invalid password, it will not execute any following command until a Power-On Reset (RF Reset) is executed.

#### 8.1.3.3 Write password

#### Command Code = B4h

With the Write Password command a new password will be written into the related memory, if the related old password has already been transmitted with a Set Password command before and the addressed password is not locked (see <u>Section 8.1.3.4 "Lock password"</u>).

**Remark:** The Write Password command can only be executed in addressed or selected mode. The new password takes effect immediately which means that the new password has to be transmitted with the Set Password command to get access to protected blocks/pages.

The different passwords are addressed with the Password Identifier.

#### Table 12.Request format

SOF	Flags	Write Passwor d	IC Mfg code	UID	Password Identifier	Password	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits	8 bits	32 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 13. Password Identifier

Password Identifier	Password
04h	Privacy
08h	Destroy SLI- L
10h	EAS

#### Table 14. Response format when Error\_flag is set

SOF	Flags	Error code	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 15. Response format when Error\_flag is NOT set

SOF	Flags	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	16 bits	

#### 8.1.3.4 Lock password

#### Command Code = B5h

With the Lock Password command the addressed password will be locked, if the related password has already been transmitted with a Set Password command before. A locked password can not be changed any longer.

The different passwords are addressed with the Password Identifier.

SOF	Flags	Lock Password	IC Mfg code	UID	Password Identifier	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits	8 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 17.Password Identifier

Password Identifier	Password
04h	Privacy
08h	Destroy SLI- L
10h	EAS

#### Table 18. Response format when Error\_flag is set

SOF	Flags	Error code	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 19. Response format when Error\_flag is NOT set

SOF	Flags	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	16 bits	

#### 8.1.3.5 Destroy SLI- L

#### Command Code = B9h

With the Destroy SLI- L command the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC Label IC can be destroyed if the Destroy SLI- L password has been transmitted before. This command is irreversible and the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC will never respond to any command again (ISO commands).

Remark: The Destroy SLI- L can only be executed in addressed or selected mode.

Table	20.	Request format
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SOF	Flags	Destroy SLI- L	IC Mfg code	UID	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 21. Response format when Error\_flag is set

SOF	Flags	Error code	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 22. Response format when Error\_flag is NOT set

SOF	Flags	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	16 bits	

#### 8.1.3.6 Enable privacy

#### Command Code = BAh

With the Enable Privacy command the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC Label IC can be set into the Privacy mode. The I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC will not respond to any command except Get Random Number and Set Password.

To get out of the Privacy Status the valid Privacy password has to be transmitted to the IC with the Set Password command.

#### Table 23. Request format

SOF	Flags	Enable Privacy	IC Mfg code	UID	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits optional	16 bits	
Table 24.	Respons	e format whe	en Error fla	a is set		

SOF	Flags	Error code	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 25. Response format when Error\_flag is NOT set

SOF	Flags	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	16 bits	

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#### 8.1.3.7 Inventory page read

#### Command Code = B0h

When receiving the Inventory Page Read request, the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC performs the same as in the anti-collision sequence, with the difference that instead of the UID and the DSFID the requested memory content is re-transmitted from the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC.

If an error is detected the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC remains silent.

If the Option flag is set to 0 n pages of data including page protection status (password protection condition) are re-transmitted. If the option flag is set to 1 n pages (4 blocks = 16 byte) of data including page protection status (password protection condition) and the part of the UID which is not part of the mask are re-transmitted.

The request contains:

- Flags
- Inventory Page Read command code
- IC Manufacturer code
- AFI (if the AFI flag is set)
- Mask length
- Mask value (if mask length > 0)
- First page number to be read
- Number of pages to be read
- CRC 16

#### Table 26.Request format

SOF	Flags	Inventory Read	IC Mfg code	Optional AFI	Mask Length	Mask Value	First Page Number	Number of Pages	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	0 to 64 bits	8 bits	8 bits	16 bits	

The Inventory\_flag must be set to 1.

The meaning of flags 5 to 8 is according to table 5 in ISO/IEC 15693-3.

The number of pages in the request is one less than the number of pages that the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC returns in its response.

If the Option flag in the request is set to 0 the response contains:

SOF	Flags	Data	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	Page status & data	16 bits	
		Repeated as needed		

The I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC reads the requested block(s) including page protection status and sends back their value in the response. The mechanism and timing of the Inventory Page Read command performs the same as at the Inventory command which is described in Clause 8 of ISO/IEC 15693-3.

The requested page(s) are transmitted in the following format and repeated as necessary (depending on number of pages):

Table 28.	Page	Protection	Status	byte
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Page F	Protection Status byte	Block data		
00h:	ОК	16 byte page data content		
0Fh:	ERROR	no data		

If the Option flag in the request is set to 1 the response contains:

Table 29.	Table 29.   Response format							
SOF	Flags	Rest of UID which is not part of the mask and slot number	Data	CRC16 EOF				
	8 bits	0 to 64 bit	Page status & data	16 bits				
		Multiple of 8 bits	Repeated as needed					

The I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC reads the requested page(s) including page protection status and sends back their value in the response. Additionally the bytes of the UID, which are not parts of the mask and the slot number in case of 16 slots, are returned. Instead of a padding with zeros up to the next byte boundary the corresponding bits of the UID are returned. The mechanism and timing of the Inventory Page Read command perform the same as at the Inventory command which is described in Clause 8 of ISO/IEC 15693-3.

The requested page(s) are transmitted in the following format and repeated as necessary (depending on number of pages):

#### Table 30. Page Protection Status byte

Page F	Protection Status Byte	Block Data		
00h:	ОК	16 byte page data content		
0Fh:	ERROR	no data		

Remark: The number of bits of the re-transmitted UID can be calculated as follows:

- 16 slots:
  - 64 to 4 mask length rounded up to the next byte boundary
- 1 slot:
  - 64 mask length rounded up to the next byte boundary

**Remark:** If the sum of first page number and number of pages exceeds the total available number of user pages the number of transmitted pages is less than the requested number of pages, which means that the last returned page is the highest available user page, followed by the 16-bit CRC and the EOF.

- Example:
  - mask length = 30
- Returned:
  - 64 to 4 30 = 30 gives 4 bytes

#### Table 31.Example

Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7	UID
mask value incl. padding with zeros								zeros transmitted by Interrogator
					returne	d value		transmitted by I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC

#### 8.1.3.8 Fast inventory page read

#### Command Code = B1h

When receiving the Fast Inventory Page Read command the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC behaves the same as in the Inventory Page Read command with the following exceptions:

The data rate in the direction I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC to the interrogator is twice as defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3 depending on the datarate\_flag 53 kbit (high data rate) or 13 kbit (low data rate).

The datarate from the interrogator to the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC and the time between the rising edge of the EOF from the interrogator to the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC remain unchanged (stay the same as defined in ISO/IEC 15693-3).

In the direction I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC to the interrogator only the single subcarrier mode is supported.

#### 8.1.3.9 Set EAS

#### Command Code = A2h

This command enables the EAS mode if the EAS mode is not locked. If the EAS mode is password protected the EAS password has to be transmitted before with the Set Password command.

Table 32.	Request for	rmat						
SOF	Flags	Set EAS	IC Mfg code	UID	CRC16	EOF		
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits optional	16 bits			
Table 33.	Response f	Response format when Error_flag is set						
SOF	Flags		Error code	CRC16	EC	)F		
	8 bi	ts	8 bits	16 bits				
Table 34.	Response f	ormat when E	Error_flag is NO	T set				
SOF		Flags	CRC	16	EOF			
		8 bits	16 bi	ts				

#### 8.1.3.10 Reset EAS

#### Command Code = A3h

This command disables the EAS mode if the EAS mode is not locked. If the EAS mode is password protected the EAS password has to be transmitted before with the Set Password command.

Table 35.	Request fo	rmat					
SOF	Flags	Reset EAS	IC Mfg code	UID	CRC16	EOF	
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits optional	16 bits		

#### Table 36. Response format when Error\_flag is set

SOF	Flags	Error code	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	16 bits	

#### Table 37. Response format when Error\_flag is NOT set

SOF	Flags	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	16 bits	

#### 8.1.3.11 Lock EAS

#### Command Code = A4h

This command locks the current state of the EAS mode and the EAS ID. If the EAS mode is password protected the EAS password has to be transmitted before with the Set Password command.

1aule 30.	Request fo	rmat				
SOF	Flags	Lock EAS	IC Mfg code	UID	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits optional	16 bits	
Table 39.	Response	format when E	rror_flag is set			
Table 39. SOF	Response Fla	format when E	rror_flag is set Error code	CRC16	EC	ÞF

Table 40.	Response	format when	Error_	flag is	NOT set
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SOF	Flags	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	16 bits	

#### 8.1.3.12 EAS Alarm

#### Command Code = A5h

The EAS Alarm command can be used in the following three configurations:

• Option flag is set to 0:

EAS ID Mask length and EAS ID value shall not be transmitted

If the EAS mode is set the EAS response is returned from the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC. This configuration is compliant to the EAS command of the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC.

• Option flag is set to 1:

Within the command the EAS ID Mask Length has to be transmitted to identify how many bits of the following EAS ID value are valid (multiple of 8-bit). Only that I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC ICs will respond with the EAS response which have stored the corresponding data in the EAS ID configuration (selective EAS) and if the EAS Mode is set.

If the EAS ID Mask length is set to 0, the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC will answer with its EAS ID.

#### Table 41. Request format

SOF	Flags	EAS Alarm	IC Mfg code	UID	EAS ID Mask Length	EAS ID Value	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits optional	8 bits optional	0 to 16 bits multiple of 8 bits optional	16 bits	

If an error is detected the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC remains silent.

Option flag is set to 0 or option flag is set to 1 and the EAS ID Mask Length is not equal 0:

Table 42.	Respons	e format						
SOF	F	lags	EAS	Sequence	CRC16		EOF	
	8	bits	256 I	bits	16 bits			
EAS sequence (starting with the LSB, which is transmitted first; read from left to right):								
11110100	11001101	01000110	00001110	10101011	11100101	00001001	11111110	
00010111	10001101	00000001	00011100	01001011	10000001	10010010	01101110	
01000001	01011011	01011001	01100001	11110110	11110101	11010001	00001101	
10001111	00111001	10001011	01001000	10100101	01001110	11101100	11110111	
Option flag is set to 1 and the EAS ID Mask Length is equal 0:								

Option flag is set to 1 and the EAS ID Mask Length is equal 0:

#### Table 43. Response format

SOF	Flags	EAS ID Value	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	16 bits	16 bits	

If the EAS mode is disabled (see Reset EAS command in Section 8.1.3.10 "Reset EAS") the I•CODE SLI-L/I•CODE SLI-L HC IC remains silent.

#### 8.1.3.13 Password protect EAS

#### Command Code = A6h

This command enables the password protection for EAS if the EAS password has to be transmitted before with the Set Password command.

#### Table 44. Request format

SOF	Flags	Password Protect EAS	IC Mfg code	UID	CRC16	EOF	
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits optional	16 bits		
Table 45.	Response	format when Err	or_flag is set				
SOF	Fla	gs l	Error code	CRC16	EO	F	
	8 b	its 8	8 bits	16 bits			
Table 46.	Response	format when Err	or_flag is NOT s	set			
SOF		Flags	CRC16		EOF		
		8 bits	16 bits				

#### 8.1.3.14 Write EAS ID

#### Command Code = A7h

With the command Write EAS ID a new EAS Identifier is stored in the corresponding configuration memory. If EAS is password protected (for Set and Reset EAS) the EAS password has to be transmitted before with the Set Password command.

Table 47.	Request	format					
SOF	Flags	Write EAS	IC Mfg code	UID	EAS ID value	CRC16	EOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	64 bits optional	16 bits	16 bits	
Table 48.	Response format when Error_flag is set						
SOF	F	lags	Error cod	e C	CRC16	EOF	
	8	bits	8 bits	1	6 bits		
Table 49.	Response format when Error_flag is NOT set						
SOF		Flags		CRC16		EOF	
		8 bits		16 bits			

#### 8.2 Long range command

#### 8.2.1 Long Range CMD

#### Command Code = 40h

The Long Range CMD command is designed to allow the use of the higher limits defined in the ISO/TR 7003:1990. The bit and byte coding is the same as it is defined in EPC Specification "13.56 MHz ISM Band Class 1 Radio Frequency (RF) Identification Tag Interface Specification".

To reduce the number of pulses the redundancy check is changed from an CRC8 calculation to a XOR of the transmitted parameters (Long Range CMD, Data Selector, Number of Slots)

- Number of Slots:
  - If the Data Selector is transmitted for EAS the label will ignore the received Number of Slots parameter and will use always one Slot (like EAS Alarm command, see <u>Section 8.1.3.12 "EAS Alarm"</u>). with EAS. For EAS typically 00h is used as the value for Number of Slots to reduce the number of transmitted pulses.
  - If the Data Selector is transmitted for UID or EPC the label will respond within one of the transmitted Number of Slots on a pseudo random basis and will calculate a new slot for a following command.

Labels, which have executed a Destroy EPC command before will not respond to this command, if the Data Selector for EPC is transmitted.

SSOF	Long Range CMD	Data Selector	Number of Slots	XOR	CEOF
	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	

#### Table 50.Request format

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Table 51. Number	of Slots
Number of Slots	Value
1	10h
4	20h
8	40h
16	80h
32	00h
64	01h
128	02h
256	04h
512	08h

#### Table 52. Data Selector

Data Selector	Value	Response
EAS	00h	LSB first
UID	01h	LSB of LS Byte first

Depending on Data Selector the Label ICs will respond with the requested data.

#### Table 53.Response format

RSOF	Requested Data	CRC16	REOF
	Depending on Data Selector	16 bits	

### Table 54.Long Range CMD



Comment

No VICC response

Collision

#### Table 55. Timing

Timing	Min.	Max.	Unit
t1	302.06 - 2.36	30206 + 2.36	μS

### 8.3 Error handling

#### 8.3.1 Transmission errors

According to ISO/IEC 15693 the Label IC will not respond if a transmission error (CRC, bitcoding, bitcount, wrong framing) is detected and will silently wait for the next correct received command.

#### 8.3.2 Not supported commands or options

If the received command or option is not supported, the behaviour of the Label IC is depending on the addressing mechanism.

#### 8.3.2.1 Non addressed mode

The label IC remains silent.

#### 8.3.2.2 Addressed or selected mode

The addressed or selected label IC responds with the error code "0Fh" (error with no information given or error code is not supported).

If the Inventory flag or the protocol extension flag is set the label IC will not respond if the command or option is not supported.

#### 8.3.3 Parameter out of range

#### 8.3.3.1 Read commands

If the sum of the first block number and the number of blocks exceeds the total available number of user blocks, the number of transmitted blocks is less than the requested number of blocks, which means that the last returned block is the highest available user block, followed by the 16-bit CRC and the EOF.

#### 8.3.3.2 Write and lock commands

If the address of a block to be written does not exist or a block to be written is locked the behaviour of the Label IC is depending on the addressing mechanism.

#### 8.3.3.3 Non addressed mode

The Label IC remains silent and aborts the command without writing anything.

#### 8.3.3.4 Addressed or selected mode

The addressed or selected Label IC responds with the error code "0Fh" (error with no information given or error code is not supported).

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### 8.4 Data integrity

Following mechanisms are implemented in the contactless communication link between interrogator and label to ensure very reliable data transmission:

- 16-bit CRC per block
- Bit count checking
- Bit coding to distinguish between "1", "0" and no information
- Channel monitoring (protocol sequence and bit stream analysis)

#### 8.5 RF interface

The definition of the RF interface is according to the standard ISO/IEC 15693-2 and ISO/IEC 15693-3.

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## 9. Revision history

Table 56.	Revision history			
	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
136430	14 March 2007	Product data sheet		new
Modificatio	ns:  • Inital version			