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# STD95NH02L-1 STD95NH02L

N-channel 24V -  $0.0039\Omega$  - 80A - DPAK - IPAK Ultra low gate charge STripFET<sup>TM</sup> Power MOSFET

#### **Features**

Туре	Type V <sub>DSS</sub> R <sub>DS(on)</sub>		I <sub>D</sub>
STD95NH02L	24V	< 0.005Ω	80A <sup>(1)</sup>
STD95NH02L-1	24V	< 0.005Ω	80A <sup>(1)</sup>

- 1. Value limited by wire bonding
- Conduction losses reduced
- Switching losses reduced
- Low threshold device

### **Description**

The device is based on the latest generation of ST's proprietary STripFET™ technology. An innovative layout enables the device to also exhibit extremely low gate charge for the most demanding requirements in high-frequency DC-DC converters. It's therefore ideal for high-density converters in Telecom and Computer applications.

## **Application**

Switching applications



Figure 1. Internal schematic diagram

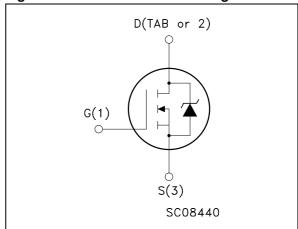


Table 1. Device summary

Order code Marking		Package	Packaging
STD95NH02LT4	D95NH02L	DPAK	Tape & reel
STD95NH02L-1	STD95NH02L-1 D95NH02L		Tube

### **Contents**

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# 1 Electrical ratings

Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>spike</sub> (1)	Drain-source voltage rating	30	٧
V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain-source voltage (V <sub>GS</sub> = 0)	24	V
V <sub>DGR</sub>	Drain-gate voltage ( $R_{GS} = 20kΩ$ )	24	V
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-source voltage	± 20	٧
I <sub>D</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Drain current (continuous) at T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	80	Α
I <sub>D</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Drain current (continuous) at T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	68	A
I <sub>DM</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Drain current (pulsed)	320	Α
P <sub>TOT</sub>	Total dissipation at T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	100	W
	Derating factor	0.67	W/°C
E <sub>AS</sub> (4)	Single pulse avalanche energy	600	mJ
T <sub>j</sub> T <sub>stg</sub>	Operating junction temperature Storage temperature	-55 to 175	°C

- 1. Guaranteed when external Rg=  $4.7\Omega$  and Tf < Tfmax
- 2. Value limited by wire bonding
- 3. Pulse width limited by safe operating area
- 4. Starting Tj =25°C, Id = 40A, Vdd = 22V

Table 3. Thermal data

	Rthj-case	Thermal resistance junction-case max	1.5	°C/W
Rthj-amb Thermal resistance junction-to ambient max		100	°C/W	
	$CT_{\rm J}$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose	275	°C
Obsoleten				

## 2 Electrical characteristics

(T<sub>CASE</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Table 4. On/off states

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	Drain-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0$	24			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero gate voltage drain current (V <sub>GS</sub> = 0)	V <sub>DS</sub> = 20V V <sub>DS</sub> = 20V, T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C			1 10	μ <b>Α</b> μ <b>Α</b>
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-body leakage current (V <sub>DS</sub> = 0)	$V_{GS} = \pm 20V$			±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A$	1			V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static drain-source on resistance	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 40A$ $V_{GS} = 5V, I_D = 40A$	61	0.0039 0.0055	0.005 0.009	Ω

Table 5. Dynamic

	Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	g <sub>fs</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 10V, I_{D} = 10A$		30		S
	C <sub>iss</sub> C <sub>oss</sub> C <sub>rss</sub>	Input capacitance Output capacitance Reverse transfer capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15V, f = 1MHz,$ $V_{GS} = 0$		2070 990 90		pF pF pF
005018	$t_{ m d(on)} \ t_{ m r} \ t_{ m d(off)} \ t_{ m f}$	Turn-on delay time Rise time Turn-off delay time Fall time	$V_{DD}$ = 12V, $I_D$ = 40A $R_G$ = 4.7 $\Omega$ $V_{GS}$ = 10V (see <i>Figure 14</i> )		20 110 47 20		ns ns ns
	Q <sub>g</sub> Q <sub>gs</sub> Q <sub>gd</sub>	Total gate charge Gate-source charge Gate-drain charge	$V_{DD} = 12V, I_{D} = 80A,$ $V_{GS} = 5V, R_{G} = 4.7\Omega$ (see <i>Figure 15</i> )		17 7.6 6.8		nC nC nC
	Q <sub>oss</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Output charge	V <sub>DS</sub> =19V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		22.6		nC
	Q <sub>gls</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Third-quadrant gate charge	V <sub>DS</sub> < 0V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 5V		15		nC
	R <sub>G</sub>	Gate Input Resistance	f=1MHz Gate DC Bias =0 Test Signal Level =20mV Open Drain		1.8		Ω

<sup>1.</sup> Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle 1.5%.

<sup>2.</sup>  $Q_{oss.} = C_{oss} * \Delta Vin, C_{oss} = C_{gd} + C_{gd.}$  See Chapter 4: Appendix A

<sup>3.</sup> Gate charge for synchronous operation

Table 6. Source drain diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>SD</sub>	Source-drain current Source-drain current (pulsed)				80 320	A A
V <sub>SD</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Forward on voltage	I <sub>SD</sub> = 40A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0			1.3	V
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse recovery time Reverse recovery charge Reverse recovery current	$I_{SD}=80A$ , di/dt = 100A/ $\mu$ s, $V_{DD}=20V$ , $T_{j}=150^{\circ}C$ (see <i>Figure 16</i> ) a. cle 1.5%		42 50.4 2.4		ns nC A
1 Pulsa wir	The limited by safe operating are	a (See Figure 10)		2.4		
Pulse wid	oth limited by safe operating are	a.				
2. Fui580. f	uise duration = 500 μs, duty cy	OIC 1.3/0			11:	) 1
				1,1	0,,	
				$O_{i,n}$		
		<	)/c	)		
		1010				
		7/6,				
		1250.				
		002				
	4(2)					
	C'					
	900					
	(O)					
×8.						
6						

## 2.1 Electrical characteristics (curves)

Figure 2. Safe operating area

Figure 3. Thermal impedance

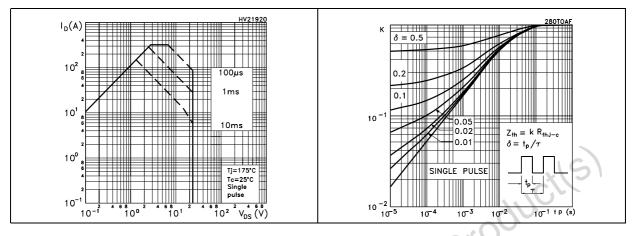


Figure 4. Output characteristics

Figure 5. Transfer characteristics

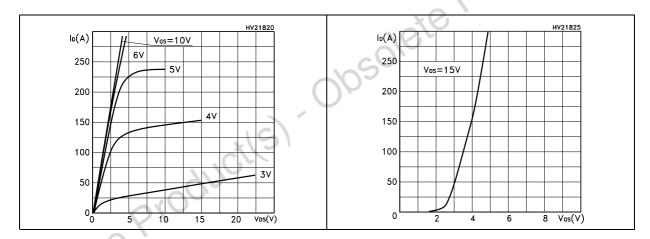


Figure 6. Transconductance

Figure 7. Static drain-source on resistance

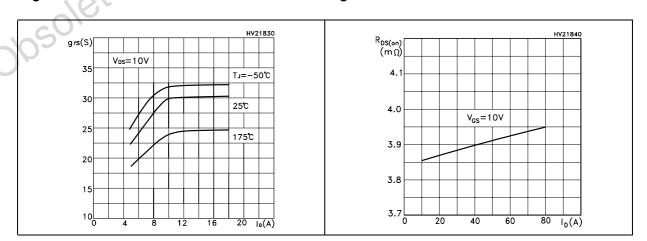


Figure 8. Gate charge vs gate-source voltage Figure 9. Capacitance variations

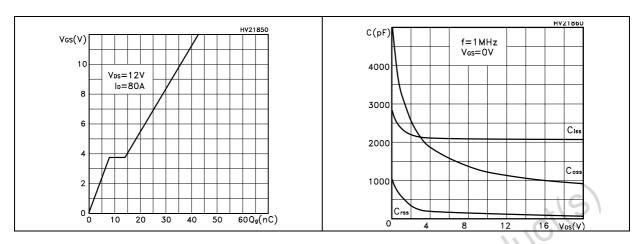


Figure 10. Normalized gate threshold voltage vs temperature

Figure 11. Normalized on resistance vs temperature

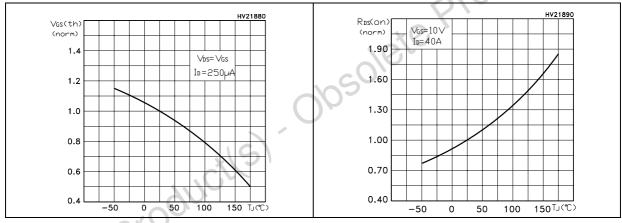
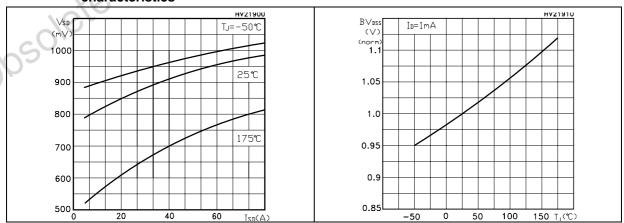


Figure 12. Source-drain diode forward characteristics

Figure 13. Normalized BV<sub>DSS</sub> vs temperature



## 3 Test circuit

Figure 14. Switching times test circuit for resistive load

Figure 15. Gate charge test circuit

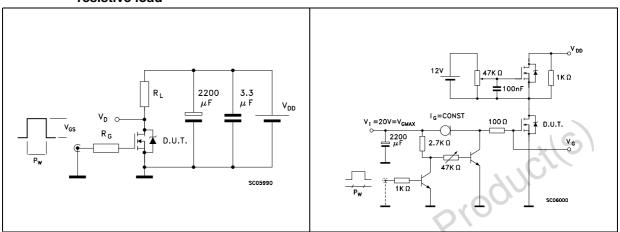


Figure 16. Test circuit for inductive load switching and diode recovery times

Figure 17. Unclamped Inductive load test circuit

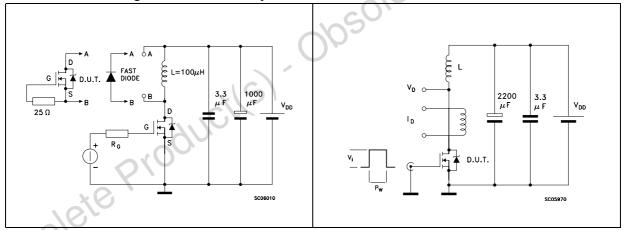
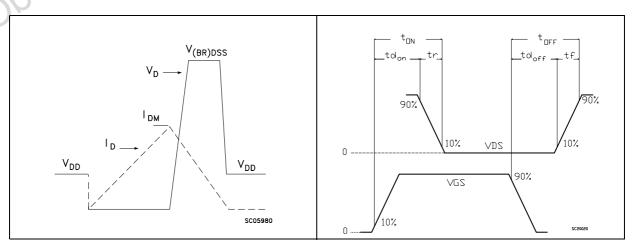


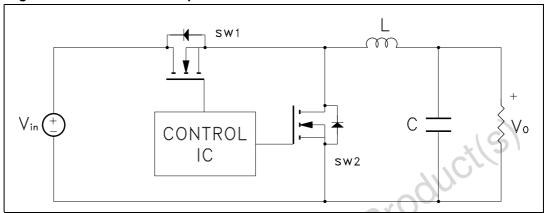
Figure 18. Unclamped inductive waveform

Figure 19. Switching time waveform



## 4 Appendix A

Figure 20. Buck converter: power losses estimation



The power losses associated with the FETs in a synchronous buck converter can be estimated using the equations shown in the table below. The formulas give a good approximation, for the sake of performance comparison, of how different pairs of devices affect the converter efficiency. However a very important parameter, the working temperature, is not considered. The real device behavior is really dependent on how the heat generated inside the devices is removed to allow for a safer working junction temperature.

- The low side (SW2) device requires:
- Very low R<sub>DS(on)</sub> to reduce conduction losses
- Small Qgls to reduce the gate charge losses
- Small Coss to reduce losses due to output capacitance
- Small Qrr to reduce losses on SW1 during its turn-on
- The Cgd/Cgs ratio lower than Vth/Vgg ratio especially with low drain to source
- voltage to avoid the cross conduction phenomenon;
- The high side (SW1) device requires:
- Small Rg and Ls to allow higher gate current peak and to limit the voltage feedback on the gate
- Small Qg to have a faster commutation and to reduce gate charge losses
- Low R<sub>DS(on)</sub> to reduce the conduction losses.

Table 7. Power losses calculation

	High side switching (SW1)	Low side switch (SW2)
Pconduction	$R_{_{ m DS(on)SW1}}*I_{ m L}^2*\delta$	$R_{DS(on)SW2} * I_L^2 * (1 - \delta)$
Pswitching	$V_{\text{in}} * (Q_{\text{gsth(SW1)}} + Q_{\text{gd(SW1)}}) * f * \frac{I_L}{I_g}$	Zero Voltage Switching

Table 7. Power losses calculation

		High side switching (SW1)	Low side switch (SW2)
Pdiode	Recovery (1)	Not applicable	$V_{in} *Q_{rr(SW2)} *f$
1 diode	Conductio n Not applicable		$V_{f(SW2)} * I_L * t_{deadtime} * f$
Pgate	e(Q <sub>G</sub> )	$Q_{g(SW1)} * V_{gg} * f$	$Q_{gls(SW2)} * V_{gg} * f$
P <sub>Qoss</sub>		$\frac{V_{in} * Q_{oss(SW1)} * f}{2}$	$\frac{V_{in} * Q_{oss(SW2)} * f}{2}$

<sup>1.</sup> Dissipated by SW1 during turn-on

Table 8. Parameters meaning

	Parameter	Meaning
	d	Duty-cycle
	Q <sub>gsth</sub>	Post threshold gate charge
	$Q_{gls}$	Third quadrant gate charge
	Pconduction	On state losses
	Pswitching	On-off transition losses
	Pdiode	Conduction and reverse recovery diode losses
	Pgate	Gate drive losses
	$P_{Qoss}$	Output capacitance losses
Obsole		

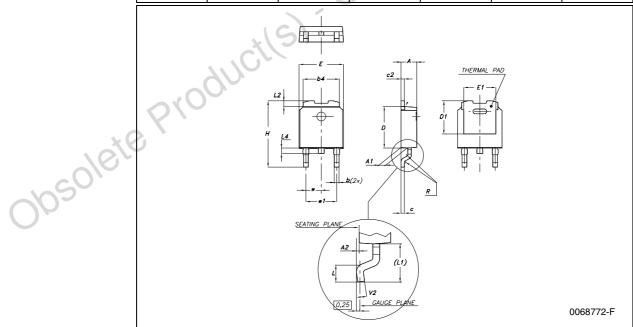
## 5 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. These packages have a Lead-free second level interconnect. The category of second level interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com

Obsolete Produci(s).

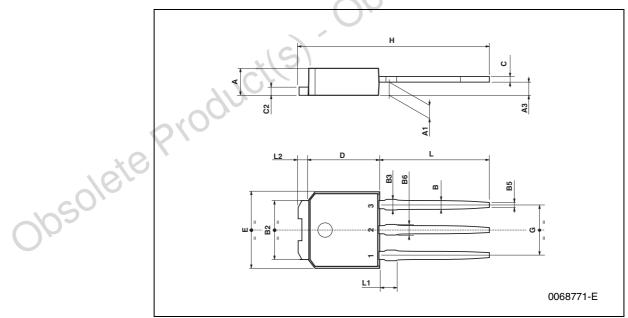
#### **DPAK MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.		mm.			inch		
DIM.	MIN.	TYP MAX. MIN. TYI		TYP.	MAX.		
Α	2.2		2.4	0.086		0.094	
A1	0.9		1.1	0.035		0.043	
A2	0.03		0.23	0.001		0.009	
В	0.64		0.9	0.025		0.035	
b4	5.2		5.4	0.204		0.212	
С	0.45		0.6	0.017		0.023	
C2	0.48		0.6	0.019		0.023	
D	6		6.2	0.236		0.244	
D1		5.1			0.200		
E	6.4		6.6	0.252		0.260	
E1		4.7			0.185		
е		2.28			0.090		
e1	4.4		4.6	0.173	_	0.181	
Н	9.35		10.1	0.368		0.397	
L	1			0.039			
(L1)		2.8		0	0.110		
L2		0.8	~()		0.031		
L4	0.6		109	0.023		0.039	
R		0.2	70		0.008		
V2	0°		8°	0°		8°	



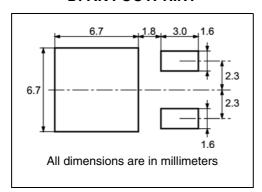
#### **TO-251 (IPAK) MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Α	2.2		2.4	0.086		0.094
A1	0.9		1.1	0.035		0.043
A3	0.7		1.3	0.027		0.051
В	0.64		0.9	0.025		0.031
B2	5.2		5.4	0.204		0.212
В3			0.85			0.033
B5		0.3			0.012	x(3)
B6			0.95			0.037
С	0.45		0.6	0.017	41	0.023
C2	0.48		0.6	0.019		0.023
D	6		6.2	0.236	9	0.244
Е	6.4		6.6	0.252		0.260
G	4.4		4.6	0.173		0.181
Н	15.9		16.3	0.626		0.641
L	9		9.4	0.354		0.370
L1	0.8		1.2	0.031		0.047
L2		0.8	1		0.031	0.039

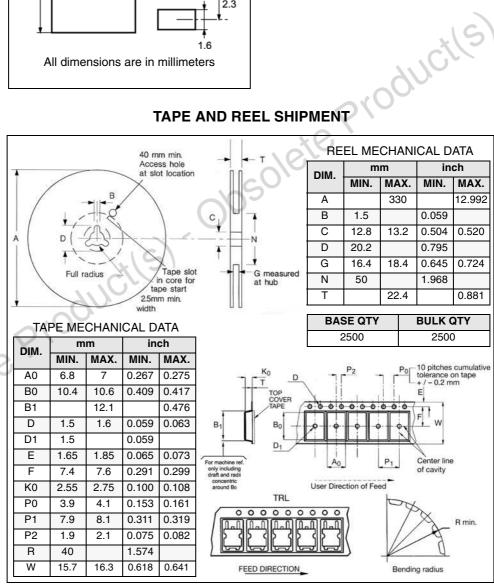


#### Packing mechanical data 6

#### **DPAK FOOTPRINT**



#### TAPE AND REEL SHIPMENT



## 7 Revision history

Table 9. Revision history

	Date	Revision	Changes				
	13-Sep-2004	1	First release				
	27-May-2005	2	Some values changed in <i>Table 5: Dynamic</i> .				
	09-Aug-2006	3	The document has been updated				
	02-Aug-2007	4	Error on cover page; added IPAK				
02-Aug-2007 4 Error on cover page; added IPAK							

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