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Features

- Direct Supply from the Mains
- Current Consumption ≤ 0.5 mA
- Very Few External Components
- Full-wave Drive No DC Current Component in the Load Circuit
- Negative Output Current Pulse Typically 100 mA Short-circuit Protected
- Simple Power Control
- Ramp Generator
- Reference Voltage

Applications

- Full-wave Power Control
- Temperature Regulation
- Power Blinking Switch

Description

The integrated circuit, T2117, is designed as a zero-voltage switch in bipolar technology. It is used to control resistive loads at mains by a triac in zero-crossing mode. A ramp generator allows power control function by period group control, whereas full-wave logic guarantees that full mains cycles are used for load switching.



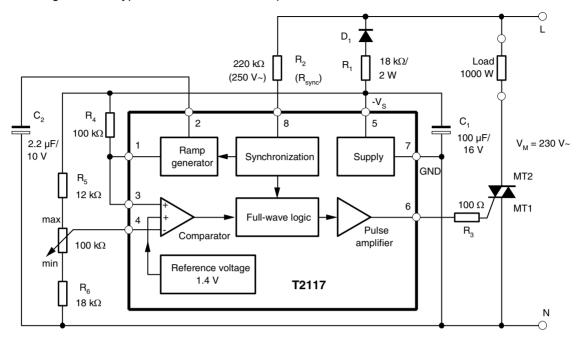
Zero-voltage Switch with Adjustable Ramp

T2117



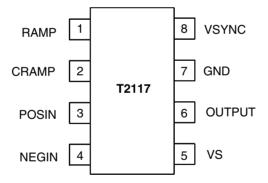


Figure 1. Block Diagram with Typical Circuit, Period Group Control 0 to 100%



Pin Configuration

Figure 2. Pinning DIP8/SO8



Pin Description

Pin	Symbol	Function	
1	RAMP	Ramp output	
2	CRAMP	Ramp capacitor	
3	POSIN	Non-inverting comparator input	
4	NEGIN	Inverting comparator input	
5	VS	Supply voltage	
6	OUTPUT	Trigger pulse output	
7	GND	Ground	
8	VSYNC	Voltage synchronization	

General Description

The integrated circuit T2117 is a triac controller for zero-crossing mode. It is designed to control power in switching resistive loads of mains supplies.

Information regarding synchronous supply is provided at pin 8 via resistor $R_{\rm Sync}$. To avoid a DC load on the mains, the full-wave logic guarantees that complete mains cycles are used for load switching.

A fire pulse is released when the inverting input of the comparator is negative (pin 4) with respect to the non-inverting input (pin 3) and internal reference voltage. A ramp generator with freely selectable duration can be performed by capacitor C_2 at pin 2. The ramp function is used for open-loop control (Figure 4), but also for applications with proportional band regulation (Figure 11 on page 9). Ramp voltage available at capacitor C_2 is decoupled across the emitter follower at pin 1. To maintain the lamp flicker specification, the ramp duration is adjusted according to the controlling load. One can use internal reference voltage for simple applications. In that case, pin 3 is inactive and connected to pin 7 (GND), see Figure 13 on page 11.

Figure 3. Pin 1 Internal Network

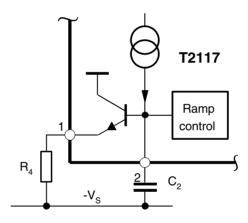
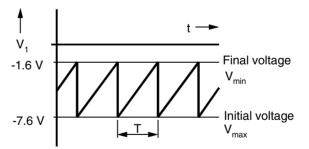


Figure 4. Threshold Voltage of the Ramp at $V_S = -8.8 \text{ V}$







Triac Firing Current (Pulse)

This depends on the triac requirement. It can be limited by the gate series resistance which is calculated as follows:

$$R_{Gmax} \approx \frac{7.5 \ V - V_{Gmax}}{I_{Gmax}} - 36 \ \Omega$$

$$I_{P} = \frac{I_{Gmax}}{T} \times t_{p}$$

where:

V_G = Gate voltage

 I_{Gmax} = Maximum gate current I_{p} = Average gate current t_{p} = Firing pulse width

T = Mains period duration

Firing Pulse Width tp

This depends on the latching current of the triac and its load current. The firing pulse width is determined by the zero-crossing detection which can be influenced by the synchronous resistance, R_{sync} , (see Figure 6 on page 5).

$$t_p = \frac{2}{\omega} \text{ arc. } \sin\left(\frac{I_L \times V_M}{P_{\sqrt{2}}}\right)$$

where

 I_L = Latching current of the triac

V_M = Mains supply, effective

P = Load power

The total current consumption is influenced by the firing pulse width which can be calculated as follows:

$$\mbox{R}_{sync} \, = \, \frac{\mbox{V}_{\mbox{M}} \, \sqrt{2} \, sin \! \left(\omega \times \frac{t_{\mbox{\scriptsize p}}}{2} \right) - 0.6 \; \mbox{V}}{3.5 \times 10^{\text{-5}} \mbox{A}} - 49 \; \mbox{k} \Omega \label{eq:Rsync}$$

Figure 5. Output Pulse Width

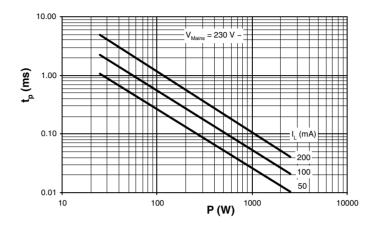
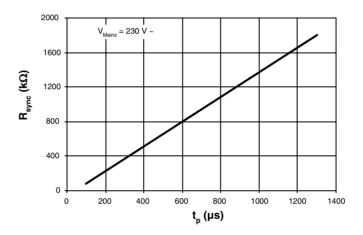


Figure 6. Synchronization Resistance



Supply Voltage

The T2117 contains a voltage limiting funtion and can be connected with the mains supply via the diode D_1 and the resistor R_1 . The supply voltage between pin 5 and 7 is limited to a typical value of 9.5 V.

The series resistance R_1 can be calculated as follows (Figure 7 on page 6 and Figure 8 on page 6):

$$R_{1max} = 0.85 \frac{V_{Mmin} - V_{Smax}}{2 I_{tot}}; P_{(R1)} = \frac{(V_{M} - V_{S})^{2}}{2 R_{1}}$$

$$I_{tot} = I_S + I_P + I_x$$





where

V_M = Mains voltage

 V_S = Limiting voltage of the IC I_{tot} = Total current consumption

I_S = Current requirement of the IC (without load)

I_x = Current requirement of other peripheral components

 $P_{(R1)}$ = Power dissipation at R_1

Figure 7. Maximum Resistance of R₁

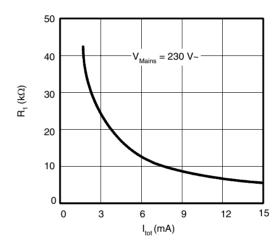
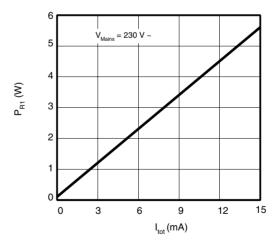


Figure 8. Power Dissipation of R₁ According to Current Consumption



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Parameters	Pin	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply current	5	-I _S	30	mA
Synchrounous current	8	I _{sync}	5	mA
Output current ramp generator	1	Io	3	mA
Input voltages	1, 3, 4, 6 2 8	-V _I -V _I ±V _I	\leq V _S 2 to V _S \leq 7.3	V V V
Power dissipation $T_{amb} = 45^{\circ}C$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$		P _{tot}	400 125	mW mW
Junction temperature		T _j	125	°C
Operating ambient temperature range		T _{amb}	0 to 100	°C
Storage temperature range		T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C

Thermal Resistance

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction ambient SO8	R_{thJA}	200	K/W
Junction ambient DIP8	R_{thJA}	110	K/W

Electrical Characteristics

 $-V_S = 8.8 \text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, reference point pin 7, unless otherwise specified

Parameters	Test Conditions	Pin	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply-voltage limitation	-I _S = 1 mA -I _S = 10 mA	5	-V _S -V _S	9.0 9.1	9.5 9.6	10.0 10.1	V V
Supply current		5	-I _S			500	μA
Voltage limitation	I ₈ = ±1 mA	8	±V _I	7.7	8.2	8.7	V
Synchronization current		8	±I _{sync}	0.12			mA
Zero detector		8	±I _{sync}		35		μΑ
Output pulse width	V_M = 230 V ~ R_{sync} = 220 kΩ R_{sync} = 470 kΩ	6 6	t _P t _P		260 460		μs μs
Output pulse current	V ₆ = 0 V	6	-l _o	100			mA
Comparator							
Input offset voltage		3, 4	$\pm V_{10}$			15	mV
Input bias current		4	I _{IB}			1	μΑ
Common-mode input voltage		3, 4	-V _{IC}	1		(V _S - 1)	V





Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 $-V_S = 8.8 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ reference point pin 7, unless otherwise specified}$

Parameters	Test Conditions	Pin	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Threshold internal reference	V ₃ = 0 V	4	-V _{Ref}		1.4		V
Ramp Generator, Figure 1 on page 2							
Period	$I_{sync} = 1 \text{ mA}$ $I_{sync} = 1 \text{ mA}$ $C_1 = 100 \text{ μF}$ $C_2 = 2.2 \text{ μF}$ $R_4 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$	1	Т		1.5		S
Final voltage		1	-V ₁	1.2	1.6	2.0	V
Initial voltage		1	-V ₁	7.2	7.6	8.0	V
Charge current	$V_2 = -V_S, I_8 = -1 \text{ mA}$	2	-l ₂	14	20	26	μΑ

Applications

Figure 9. Power Blinking Switch with f ≈ 2.7 Hz, Duty Cycle 1:1, Power Range 0.5 to 2.2 kW

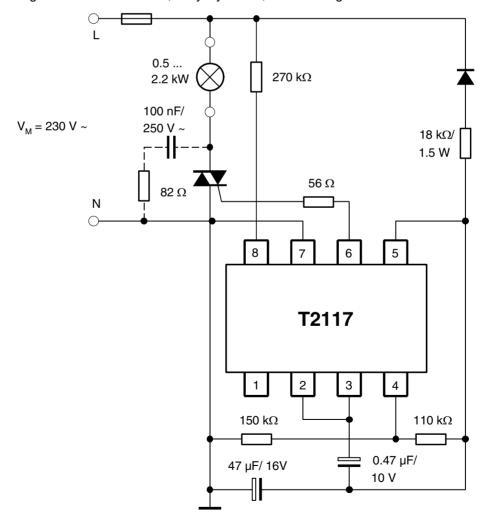


Figure 10. Power Switch

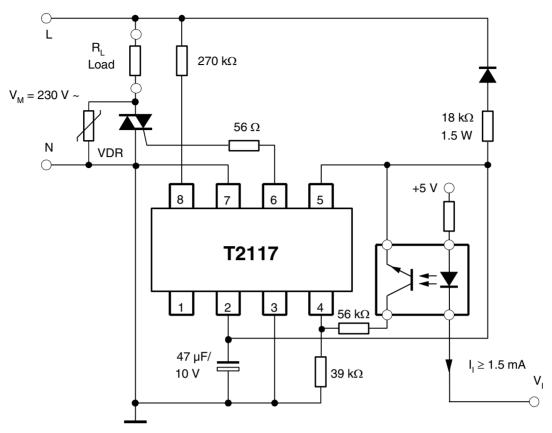
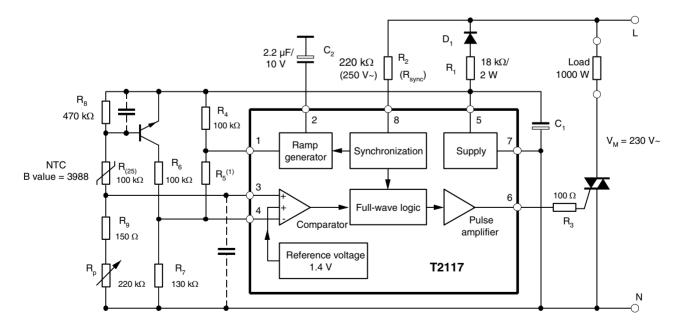


Figure 11. Temperature Control 15°C to 35°C with Sensor Monitoring

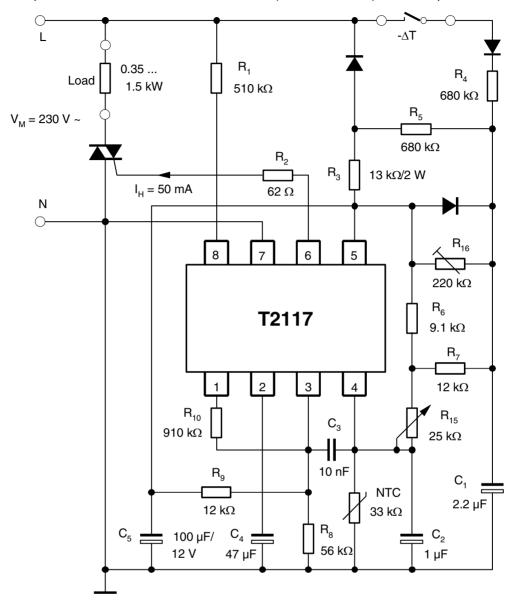


 $R_{(25)} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega/B = 3988 \text{ --> } R_{(15)} = 159 \text{ k}\Omega, \ R_{(35)} = 64.5 \text{ k}\Omega, \ R_5^{(1)}$ determines the proportional range.





Figure 12. Room Temperature Control with Definite Reduction (Remote Control) for a Temperature Range of 5 to 30°C



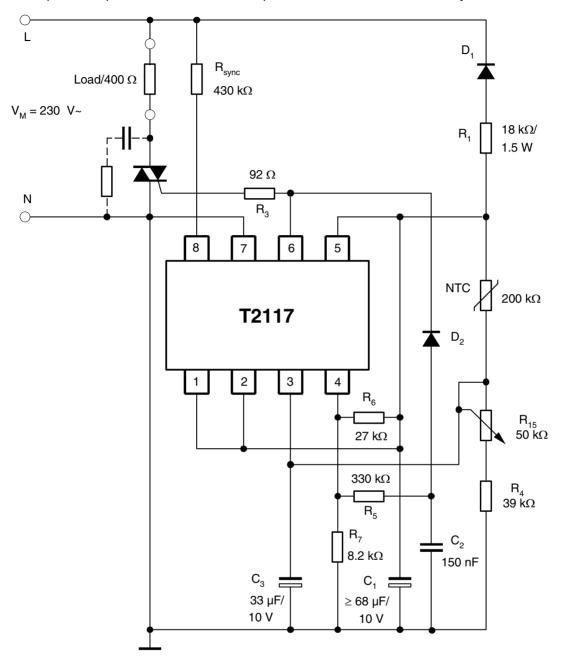
220 kΩ Load/1000 W V_M = 230 V ~ $18 \text{ k}\Omega$ / 1.5 W $56\,\Omega$ Ν 8 5 7 6 220 kΩ (680 kΩ) T2117 $500~\text{k}\Omega$ 2 3 4 1 $(2 M\Omega)$ $50 \; k\Omega$ 10 nF (200 kΩ) 68 μF/ 10 V

Figure 13. Two-point Temperature Control for a Temperature Range of 15°C to 30°C





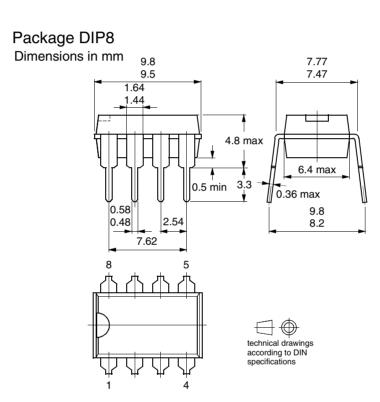
Figure 14. Two-point Temperature Control for a Temperature of 18°C to 32°C and a Hysteresis of ±0.5°C at 25°C



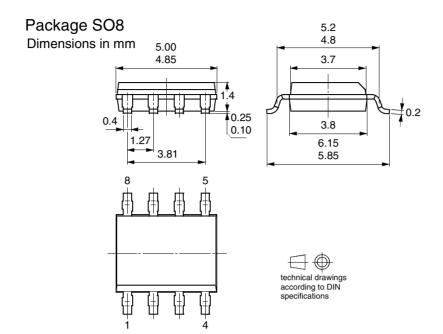
Ordering Information

Extended Type Number	Package	Remarks
T2117-3AS	DIP8	Tube
T2117-TAS	SO8	Tube
T2117-TAQ	SO8	Taped and reeled

Package Information









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