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MOS DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON GATE CMOS

4 GBIT (512M \times 8 BIT) CMOS NAND E²PROM

DESCRIPTION

The TC58BYG2S0HBAI6 is a single 1.8V 4Gbit (4,429,185,024 bits) NAND Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read-Only Memory (NAND E²PROM) organized as (4096 + 128) bytes × 64 pages × 2048 blocks. The device has a 4224-byte static register which allows program and read data to be transferred between the register and the memory cell array in 4224-bytes increments. The Erase operation is implemented in a single block unit (256 Kbytes + 8 Kbytes: 4224 bytes × 64 pages).

The TC58BYG2S0HBAI6 is a serial-type memory device which utilizes the I/O pins for both address and data input/output as well as for command inputs. The Erase and Program operations are automatically executed making the device most suitable for applications such as solid-state file storage, voice recording, image file memory for still cameras and other systems which require high-density non-volatile memory data storage.

The TC58BYG2S0HBAI6 has ECC logic on the chip and 8bit read errors for each 528Bytes can be corrected internally.

FEATURES

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Organization

	XO
Memory cell array	$4224 \times 128K \times 8$
Register	4224 × 8
Page size	4224 bytes
Block size	(256K + 8K) bytes
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- Modes Read, Reset, Auto Page Program, Auto Block Erase, Status Read, Page Copy, Multi Page Read, Multi Page Program, Multi Block Erase, ECC Status Read
- Mode control Serial input/output Command control
- Number of valid blocks Min 2008 blocks Max 2048 blocks
- Power supply Vcc = 1.7V to 1.95V
- Access time Cell array to register Read Cycle Time
 55 μs typ. (Single Page Read) / 90 μs typ. (Multi Page Read) 25 ns min (CL=30pF)
- Program/Erase time Auto Page Program Auto Block Erase
 340 μs/page typ. 3.5 ms/block typ.
- Operating current Read (25 ns cycle) 30 mA max Program (avg.) 30 mA max Erase (avg.) 30 mA max Standby 50 µA max
- Package P-VFBGA67-0608-0.80-001 (Weight: 0.095 g typ.)
- 8bit ECC for each 528Byte is implemented on the chip.

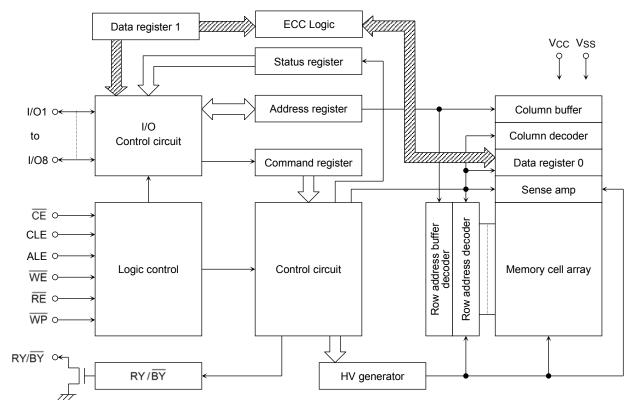
PIN ASSIGNMENT (TOP VIEW)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A	7	NC	NC			NC	NC	NC
В	NC	\overline{WP}	ALE	Vss	CE	\overline{WE}	RY/BY	NC
С	NC	NC	RE	CLE	NC	NC	NC	NC
D		NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	
Е		NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	
F		NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	
G		NC	I/O1	NC	NC	NC	Vcc	
н	NC	NC	I/O2	NC	Vcc	I/O6	I/O8	NC
J	NC	Vss	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/07	Vss	NC
к	NC	NC	NC			NC	NC	NC

PIN NAMES

I/O1 to I/O8	I/O port			
CE	Chip enable			
WE	Write enable			
RE	Read enable			
CLE	Command latch enable			
ALE	Address latch enable			
WP	Write protect			
RY/BY	Ready/Busy			
Vcc	Power supply			
V _{SS}	Ground			
NC	No Connection			

BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	RATING	VALUE	UNIT
V _{CC}	Power Supply Voltage	-0.6 to 2.5	V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	-0.6 to 2.5	V
V _{I/O}	Input /Output Voltage	–0.6 to V _{CC} + 0.3 (\leq 2.5 V)	V
PD	Power Dissipation	0.3	W
TSOLDER	Soldering Temperature (10 s)	260	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to 125	°C
TOPR	Operating Temperature	-40 to 85	°C

CAPACITANCE *(Ta = 25°C, f = 1 MHz)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
CIN	Input	VIN = 0 V	_	10	pF
COUT	Output	$V_{OUT} = 0 V$	_	10	pF

* This parameter is periodically sampled and is not tested for every device.

VALID BLOCKS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Nvb	Number of Valid Blocks	2008	_	2048	Blocks

NOTE: The device occasionally contains unusable blocks. Refer to Application Note (13) toward the end of this document. The first block (Block 0) is guaranteed to be a valid block at the time of shipment.

The specification for the minimum number of valid blocks is applicable over lifetime.

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Power Supply Voltage	1.7	_	1.95	V
VIH	High Level Input Voltage	V _{CC} x 0.8	_	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
VIL	Low Level Input Voltage		_	V _{CC} x 0.2	V

* -2 V (pulse width lower than 20 ns)

DC CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = -40 to 85° C, V_{CC} = 1.7 to 1.95V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
IIL	Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$	_		±10	μA
ILO	Output Leakage Current	VOUT = 0 V to VCC	_	_	±10	μA
ICCO1	Serial Read Current	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, $t_{RC} = 25$ ns	_	_	30	mA
ICCO2	Programming Current	_	_	_	30	mA
ICCO3	Erasing Current	_	_	_	30	mA
ICCS	Standby Current	$\overline{CE} = V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \overline{WP} = 0 \text{ V/V}_{CC}$	_	_	50	μA
Voн	High Level Output Voltage	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	V _{CC} – 0.2	_	_	V
Vol	Low Level Output Voltage	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	_	_	0.2	V
I _{OL} (RY/BY)	Output Current of RY/BY pin	V _{OL} = 0.2 V	_	4	_	mA

AC CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta = -40 to 85°C, V_{CC} = 1.7 to 1.95V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
tCLS	CLE Setup Time	12	_	ns
t _{CLH}	CLE Hold Time	5	—	ns
tcs	CE Setup Time	20	_	ns
tсн	CE Hold Time	5	—	ns
twp	Write Pulse Width	12	—	ns
tals	ALE Setup Time	12	—	ns
talh	ALE Hold Time	5	—	ns
t _{DS}	Data Setup Time	12	—	ns
tDH	Data Hold Time	5	—	ns
twc	Write Cycle Time	25	—	ns
twн	WE High Hold Time	10	—	ns
tww	WP High to WE Low	100	_	ns
t _{RR}	Ready to RE Falling Edge	20	_	ns
t _{RW}	Ready to WE Falling Edge	20	—	ns
t _{RP}	Read Pulse Width	12	_	ns
tRC	Read Cycle Time	25	_	ns
t _{REA}	RE Access Time	_	20	ns
tCEA	CE Access Time	_	25	ns
tCLR	CLE Low to RE Low	10	—	ns
t _{AR}	ALE Low to RE Low	10	_	ns
trнон	RE High to Output Hold Time	25	—	ns
t RLOH	RE Low to Output Hold Time	5	_	ns
t _{RHZ}	RE High to Output High Impedance	_	60	ns
tCHZ	CE High to Output High Impedance	_	20	ns
tCSD	CE High to ALE or CLE Don't Care	0	_	ns
t _{REH}	RE High Hold Time	10	_	ns
t _{IR}	Output-High-Impedance-to- RE Falling Edge	0	_	ns
t _{RHW}	RE High to WE Low	30	_	ns
twhc	WE High to CE Low	30	_	ns
twhr	WE High to RE Low	60	_	ns
twв	WE High to Busy		100	ns
t RST	Device Reset Time (Ready/Read/Program/Erase)	— —	5/5/10/500	μS

*1: tCLS and tALS can not be shorter than tWP.

*2: tCS should be longer than tWP + 8ns.

AC TEST CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	CONDITION			
PARAMETER	V _{CC} : 1.7 to 1.95V			
Input level	V _{CC} -0.2V, 0.2V			
Input pulse rise and fall time	3 ns			
Input comparison level	V _{CC} / 2			
Output data comparison level	V _{CC} / 2			
Output load	CL (30 pF) + 1 TTL			

Note: Busy to ready time depends on the pull-up resistor tied to the RY/\overline{BY} pin. (Refer to Application Note (9) toward the end of this document)

PROGRAMMING / ERASING / READING CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = -40 to 85°C, V_{CC} = 1.7 to 1.95V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
	Average Programming Time (Single Page)	_	340	700	μS	
tprog	Average Programming Time (Multi Page)	_	370	700	μS	
tDCBSYW1	Busy Time in Multi Page Program(following 11h)	_	0.5	1	μS	
N	Number of Partial Program Cycles in the Same Page	_	_	4		(1)
tBERASE	Block Erasing Time		3.5	10	ms	
.	Memory Cell Array to Starting Address (Single Page)	_	55	220		
t _R	Memory Cell Array to Starting Address (Multi Page)	_	90	420	μS	

(1) Refer to Application Note (12) toward the end of this document.

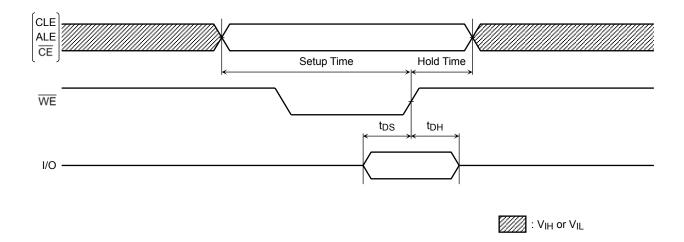
Data Output

When tREH is long, output buffers are disabled by /RE=High, and the hold time of data output depend on tRHOH (25ns MIN). On this condition, waveforms look like normal serial read mode.

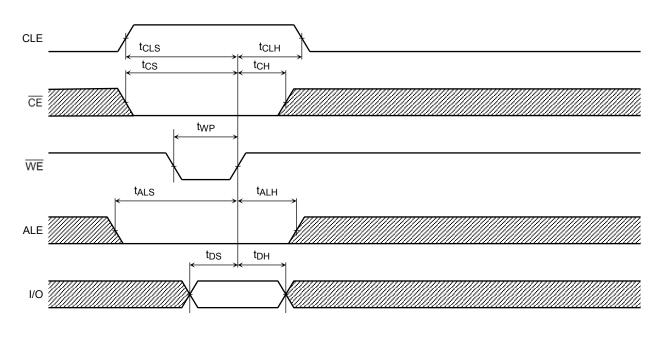
When tREH is short, output buffers are not disabled by /RE=High, and the hold time of data output depend on tRLOH (5ns MIN). On this condition, output buffers are disabled by the rising edge of CLE, ALE, /CE or falling edge of /WE, and waveforms look like Extended Data Output Mode.

TIMING DIAGRAMS

Latch Timing Diagram for Command/Address/Data

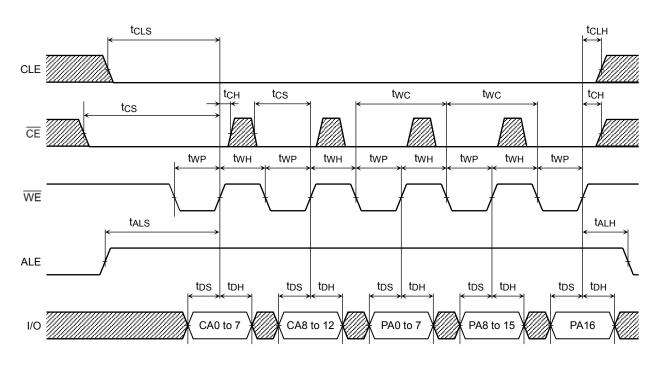


Command Input Cycle Timing Diagram



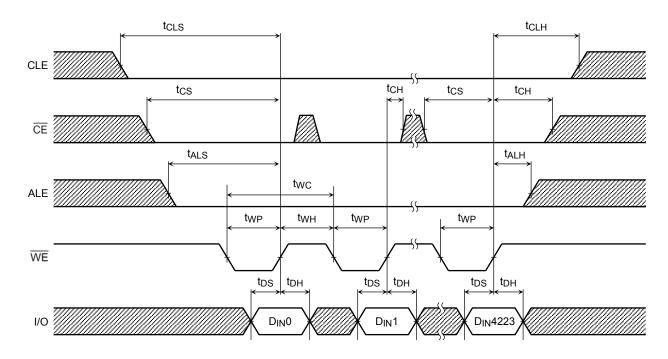
: VIH or VIL

Address Input Cycle Timing Diagram

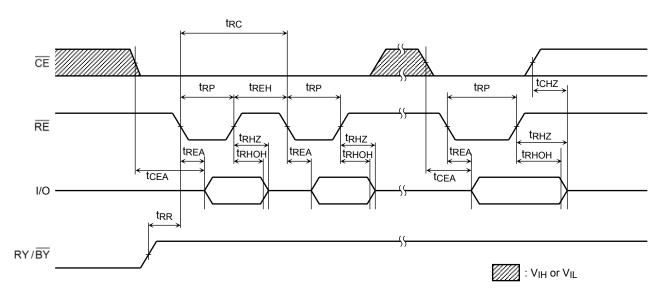


: VIH or VIL

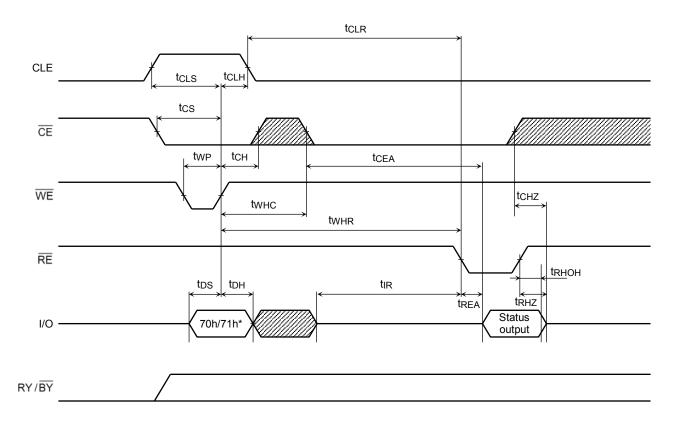
Data Input Cycle Timing Diagram



Serial Read Cycle Timing Diagram



Status Read Cycle Timing Diagram

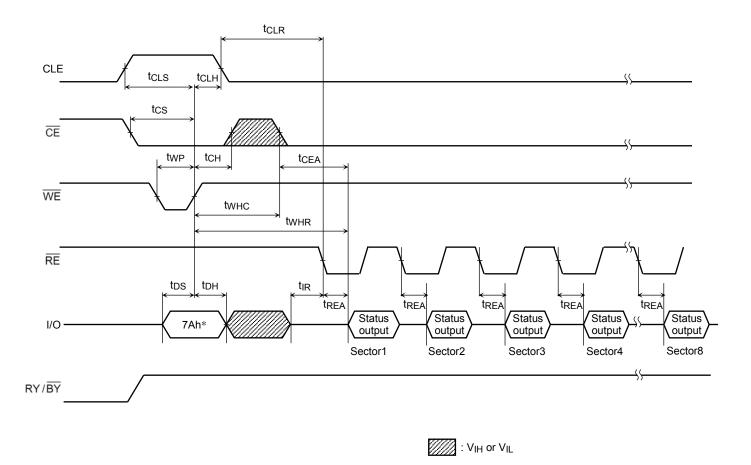


*: 70h/71h represents the hexadecimal number

: VIH or VIL

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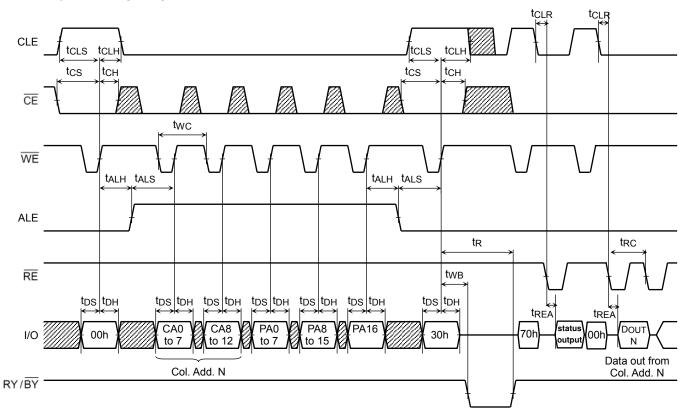
ECC Status Read Cycle Timing Diagram



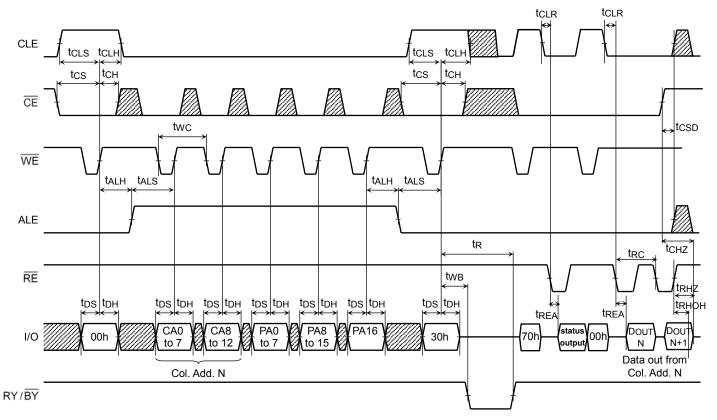
*: ECC Status output should be read for all 8 sector information.

**: 7Ah command can be input to the device from [after RY/BY returns to High] to [before Dout or Next command input].

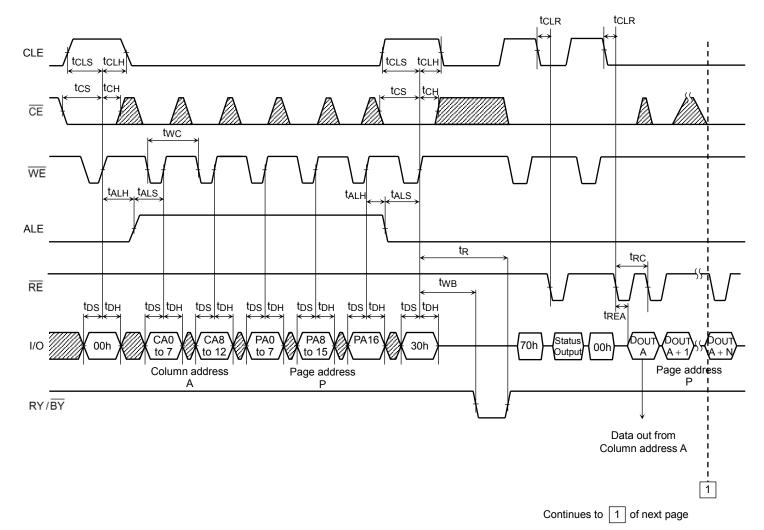
Read Cycle Timing Diagram



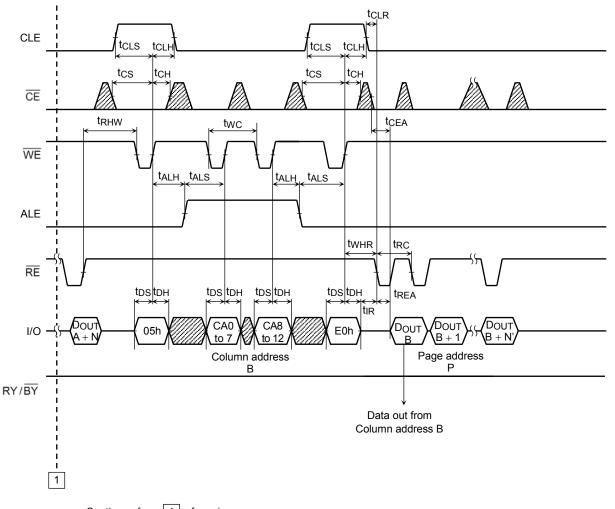
Read Cycle Timing Diagram: When Interrupted by CE



Column Address Change in Read Cycle Timing Diagram (1/2)

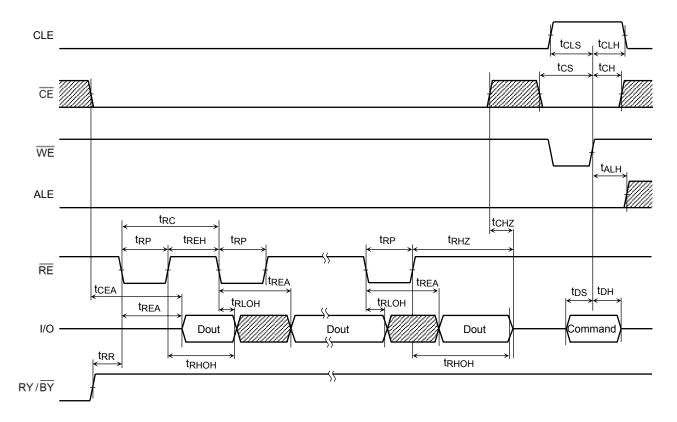


Column Address Change in Read Cycle Timing Diagram (2/2)

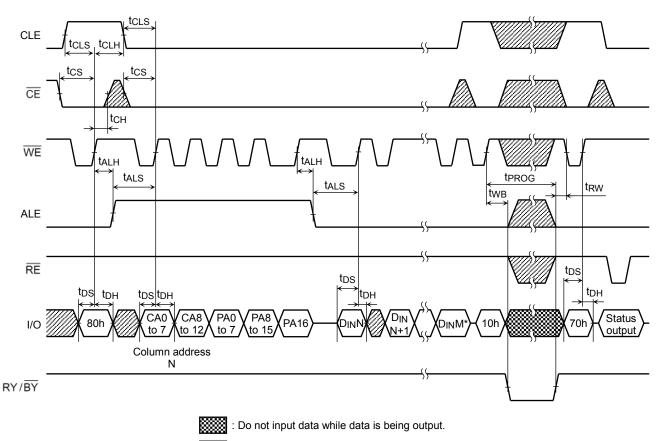




Data Output Timing Diagram



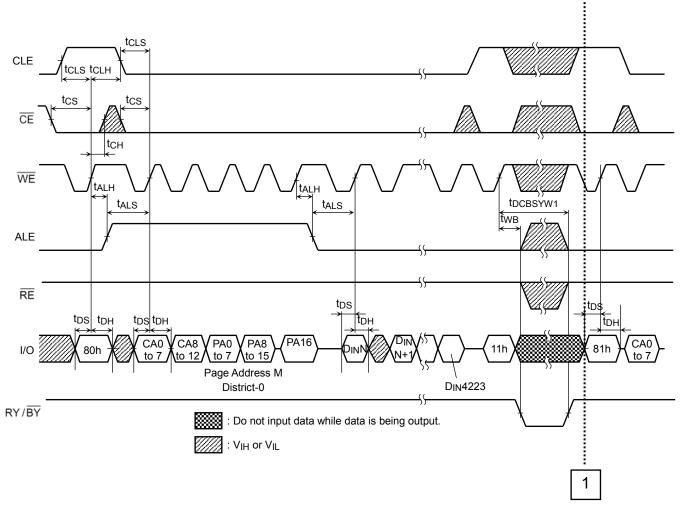
Auto-Program Operation Timing Diagram



: VIH or VIL

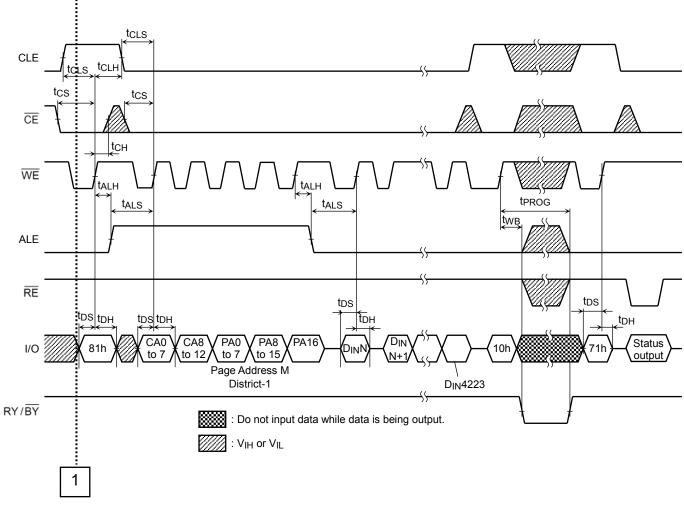
*) M: up to 4223

Multi-Page Program Operation Timing Diagram (1/2)



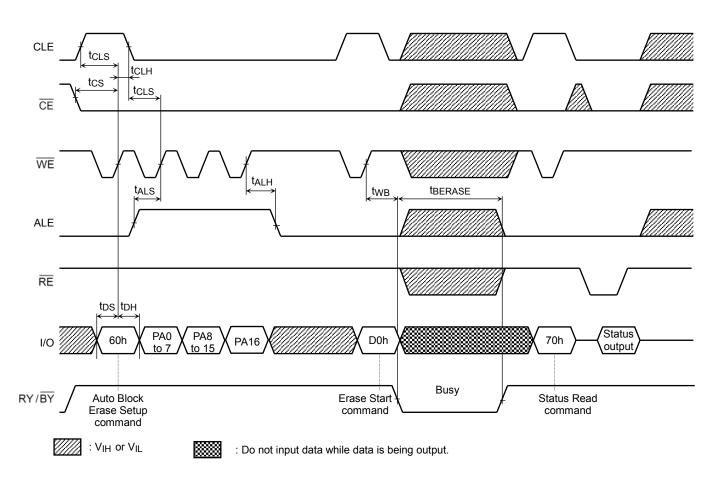
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Multi-Page Program Operation Timing Diagram (2/2)



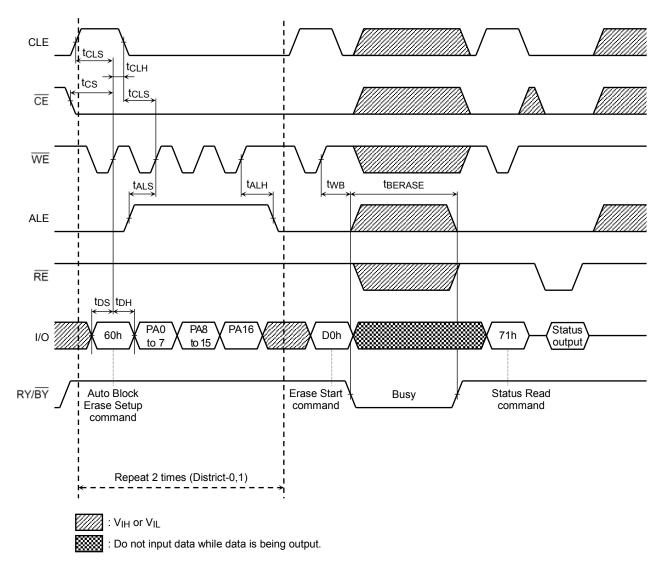
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Auto Block Erase Timing Diagram

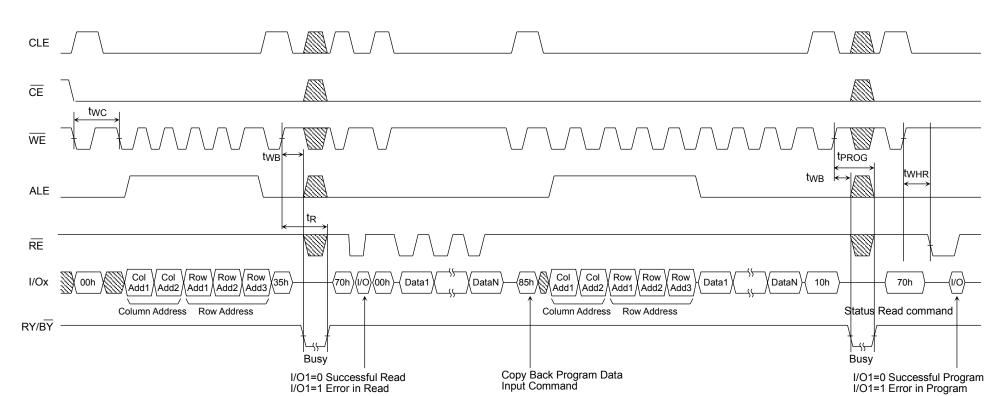




Multi Block Erase Timing Diagram

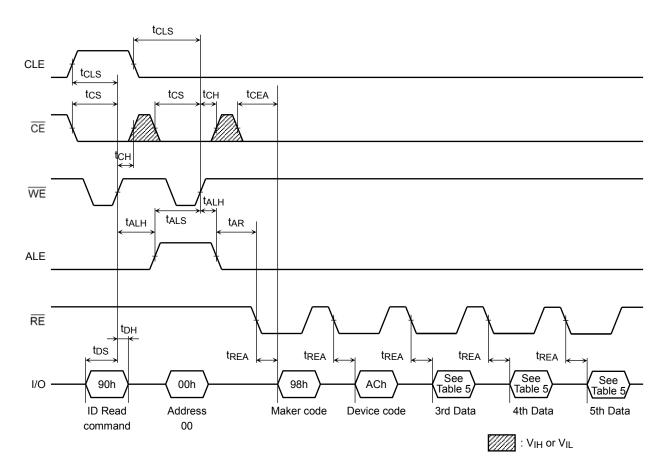






SHIBA

ID Read Operation Timing Diagram



PIN FUNCTIONS

The device is a serial access memory which utilizes time-sharing input of address information.

Command Latch Enable: CLE

The CLE input signal is used to control loading of the operation mode command into the internal command register. The command is latched into the command register from the I/O port on the rising edge of the \overline{WE} signal while CLE is High.

Address Latch Enable: ALE

The ALE signal is used to control loading address information into the internal address register. Address information is latched into the address register from the I/O port on the rising edge of \overline{WE} while ALE is High.

Chip Enable: CE

The device goes into a low-power Standby mode when \overline{CE} goes High during the device is in Ready state. The \overline{CE} signal is ignored when device is in Busy state ($RY / \overline{BY} = L$), such as during a Program, Erase or Read operation, and will not enter Standby mode even if the \overline{CE} input goes High.

Write Enable: WE

The \overline{WE} signal is used to control the acquisition of data from the I/O port.

Read Enable: RE

The $\overline{\text{RE}}$ signal controls serial data output. Data is available t_{REA} after the falling edge of $\overline{\text{RE}}$. The internal column address counter is also incremented (Address = Address + 1) on this falling edge.

I/O Port: I/O1 to 8

The I/O1 to 8 pins are used as a port for transferring address, command and input/output data to and from the device.

Write Protect: WP

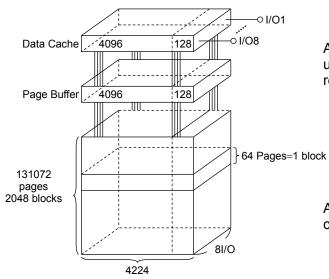
The \overline{WP} signal is used to protect the device from accidental programming or erasing. The internal voltage regulator is reset when \overline{WP} is Low. This signal is usually used for protecting the data during the power-on/off sequence when input signals are invalid.

Ready/Busy: RY/BY

The RY/\overline{BY} output signal is used to indicate the operating condition of the device. The RY/\overline{BY} signal is in Busy state (RY/\overline{BY} = L) during the Program, Erase and Read operations and will return to Ready state (RY/\overline{BY} = H) after completion of the operation. The output buffer for this signal is an open drain and has to be pulled-up to V_{CC} with an appropriate resistor.

Schematic Cell Layout and Address Assignment

The Program operation works on page units while the Erase operation works on block units.



A page consists of 4224 bytes in which 4096 bytes are used for main memory storage and 128 bytes are for redundancy or for other uses.

1 page = 4224 bytes

1 block = 4224 bytes \times 64 pages = (256K + 8K) bytes Capacity = 4224 bytes \times 64 pages \times 2048 blocks

An address is read in via the I/O port over five consecutive clock cycles, as shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Addressing

	I/O8	I/07	I/O6	I/O5	I/O4	I/O3	I/O2	I/O1
First cycle	CA7	CA6	CA5	CA4	CA3	CA2	CA1	CA0
Second cycle	L	L	L	CA12	CA11	CA10	CA9	CA8
Third cycle	PA7	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0
Fourth cycle	PA15	PA14	PA13	PA12	PA11	PA10	PA9	PA8
Fifth cycle	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	PA16

CA0 to CA12: Column address PA0 to PA5: Page address in block PA6 to PA16: Block address

Operation Mode: Logic and Command Tables

The operation modes such as Program, Erase, Read and Reset are controlled by command operations shown in Table 3. Address input, command input and data input/output are controlled by the CLE, ALE, \overline{CE} , \overline{WE} , \overline{RE} and \overline{WP} signals, as shown in Table 2.

Table	2.	Logic	Table

	CLE	ALE	CE	WE	RE	WP ^{*1}
Command Input	Н	L	L		Н	*
Data Input	L	L	L		Н	н
Address Input	L	н	L		Н	*
Serial Data Output	L	L	L	Н		*
During Program (Busy)	*	*	*	*	*	н
During Erase (Busy)	*	*	*	*	*	Н
During Read (Busy)	*	*	н	*	*	*
	*	*	L	H (*2)	H (*2)	*
Program, Erase Inhibit	*	*	*	*	*	L
Standby	*	*	Н	*	*	0 V/Vcc

H: VIH, L: VIL, *: VIH or VIL

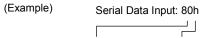
*1: Refer to Application Note (10) toward the end of this document regarding the WP signal when Program or Erase Inhibit.

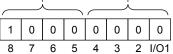
*2: If \overline{CE} is low during read busy, \overline{WE} and \overline{RE} must be held High to avoid unintended command/address input to the device or read to device. Reset or Status Read command can be input during Read Busy.

Table 3. Command table (HEX)

	First Set	Second Set	Acceptable while Busy
Serial Data Input	80	_	
Read	00	30	
Column Address Change in Serial Data Output	05	E0	
Auto Page Program	80	10	
Column Address Change in Serial Data Input	85		
Multi Daga Dragram	80	11	
Multi Page Program	81	10	
Read for Copy-Back	00	35	
Copy-Back Program	85	10	
Auto Block Erase	60	D0	
ID Read	90	—	
Status Read	70	_	0
Status Read for Multi-Page Program or Multi Block Erase	71	—	0
ECC Status Read	7A	_	
Reset	FF	—	0

HEX data bit assignment





	CLE	ALE	CE	WE	RE	I/O1 to I/O8	Power
Output select	L	L	L	Н	L	Data output	Active
Output Deselect	L	L	L	Н	Н	High impedance	Active

Table 4. Read mode operation states

H: VIH, L: VIL