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# TDA7429L

## 3 BAND EQUALIZER AUDIO PROCESSOR WITH SUBWOOFER CONTR

### 1 FEATURES

- 3 STEREO INPUTS
- AUXILIARY MONO INPUT
- INPUT ATTENUATION CONTROL IN 0.5dB STEP
- TREBLE MIDDLE AND BASS CONTROL
  - FOUR SPEAKERS ATTENUATORS:
  - 4 INDEPENDENT SPEAKERS CONTROL IN 1dB STEPS FOR BALANCE FACILITY
  - INDEPENDENT MUTE FUNCTION
- SUBWOOFER OUTPUT (L+R) CONTROLLED IN 1dB STEP INPUTS
- ALL FUNCTIONS PROGRAMMABLE VIA SERIAL BUS

### 2 DESCRIPTION

The TDA7429L is volume tone (bass middle and treble) balance (Left/Right) processors for quality audio

Figure 1. Package



Table 1. Order Codes

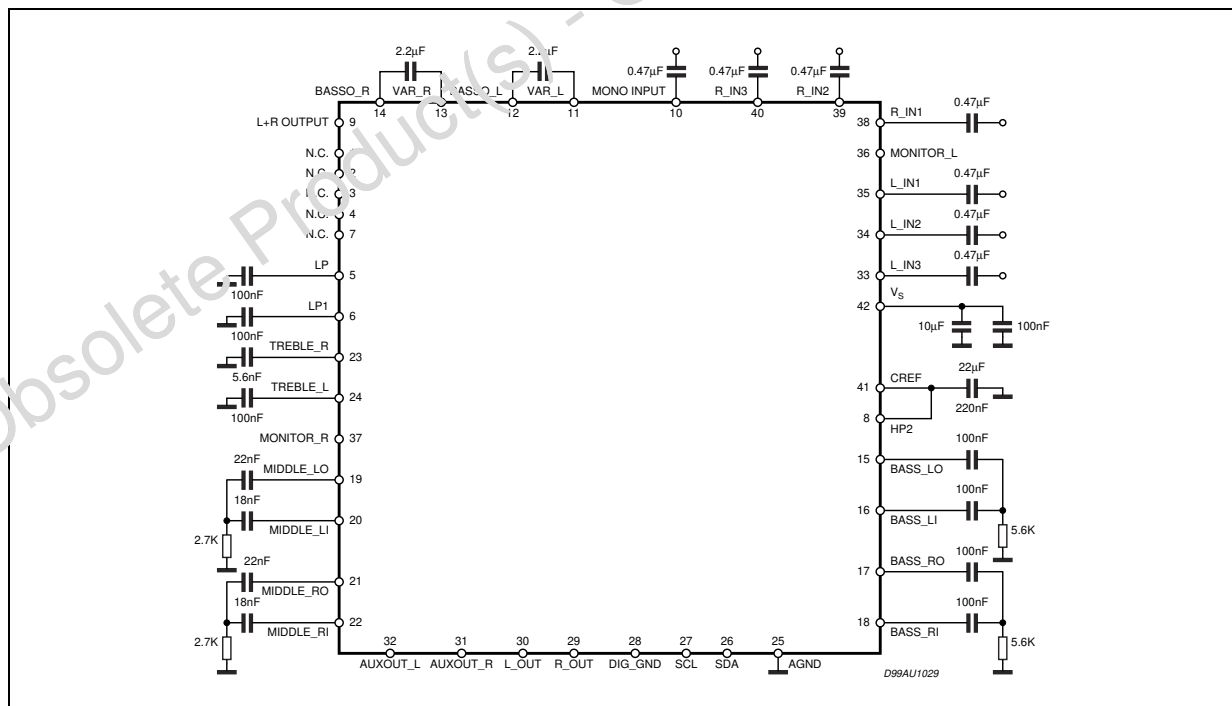
Part Number	Package
TDA7429L	SDIP42

applications in TV and Hi-Fi systems, providing also an additional subwoofer control.

The AC signal setting is obtained by resistor networks and switches combined with operational amplifiers.

Thanks to the used BIPOLAR/CMOS Technology, Low Distortion, Low Noise and DC stepping are obtained.

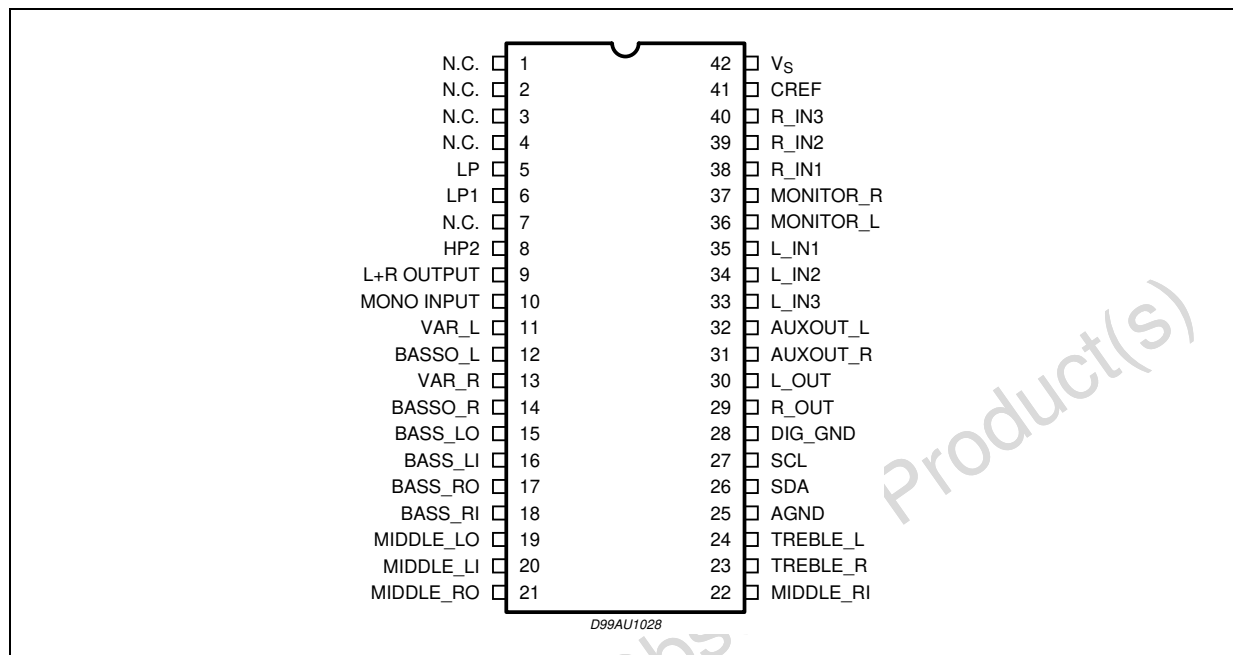
Figure 2. Test Circuit



**Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>S</sub>	Operating Supply Voltage	5.5	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature	0 to 70	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

**Figure 3. Pin Description**



**Table 3. Quick Reference Data**

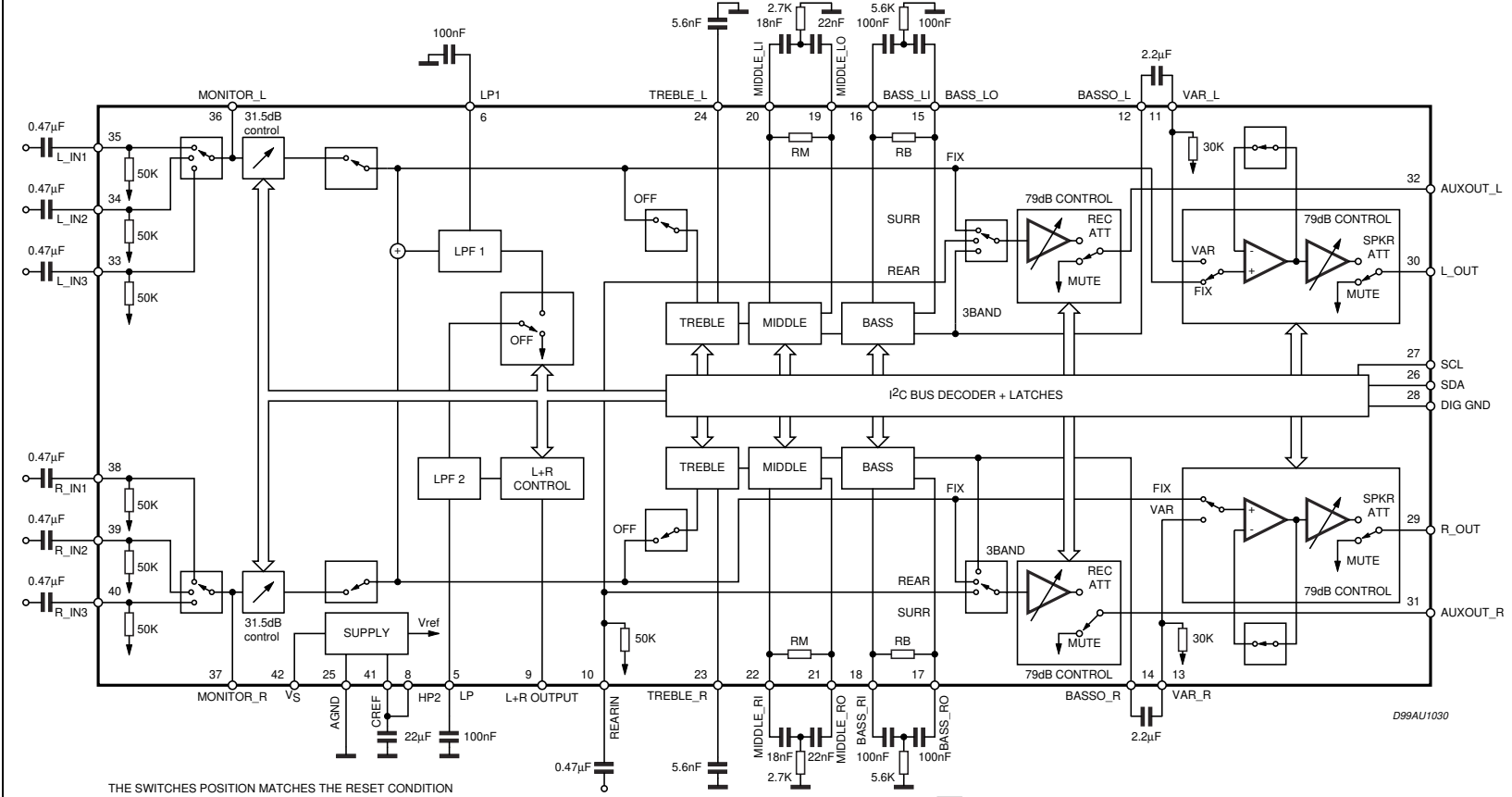
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>S</sub>	Supply Voltage	7	9	10.2	V
V <sub>CL</sub>	Max Input Signal Handling	2			V <sub>RMS</sub>
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion V = 0.1Vrms f = 1KHz		0.01	0.1	%
S/N	Signal to Noise Ratio V <sub>out</sub> = 1Vrms (mode = OFF)		106		dB
S <sub>C</sub>	Channel Separation f = 1KHz		90		dB
	Treble Control (2dB step)	-14		14	dB
	Middle Control (2dB step)	-14		14	dB
	Bass Control (2dB step)	-14		14	dB
	Balance Control 1dB step (LCH, RCH)	-79		0	dB
	Mute Attenuation		100		dB

**Table 4. Thermal Data**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>th j-pin</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-pins	85	°C/W

Obsolete

Figure 4. Block Diagram



D99AU1030

THE SWITCHES POSITION MATCHES THE RESET CONDITION

**Table 5. Electrical Characteristics** (refer to the test circuit  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = 9\text{V}$ ,  $R_L = 10\text{K}\Omega$ ,  $V_{in} = 1\text{V}_{rms}$ ;  $R_G = 600\Omega$ , all controls flat ( $G = 0\text{dB}$ ),  $L+R \text{ CTRL} = +4\text{dB}$ ,  $\text{MODE} = \text{OFF}$ ;  $f = 1\text{KHz}$  unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>SUPPLY</b>						
$V_S$	Supply Voltage		7	9	10.2	V
$I_S$	Supply Current		10	18	26	mA
SVR	Ripple Rejection	$L_{CH} / R_{CH \text{ out}}$ , Mode = OFF	60	80		dB
<b>INPUT STAGE</b>						
$R_{IN}$	Input Resistance		35	50	65	$\text{K}\Omega$
$V_{CL}$	Clipping Level	THD = 0.3%	2	2.5		$V_{rms}$
$C_{RANGE}$	Control Range			31.5		dB
$A_{VMIN}$	Min. Attenuation		-1	0	1	dB
$A_{VMAX}$	Max. Attenuation		31	31.5	32	dB
$A_{STEP}$	Step Resolution			0.5	1	dB
<b>BASS CONTROL</b>						
$G_b$	Control Range	Max. Boost/cut	$\pm 11.5$	$\pm 14.0$	$\pm 16.0$	dB
$B_{STEP}$	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB
$R_B$	Internal Feedback Resistance		32	44	56	$\text{K}\Omega$
<b>MIDDLE CONTROL</b>						
$G_m$	Control Range	Max. Boost/cut	$\pm 11.5$	$\pm 14.0$	$\pm 16.0$	dB
$M_{STEP}$	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB
$R_M$	Internal Feedback Resistance		17.5	25	32.5	$\text{K}\Omega$
<b>TREBLE CONTROL</b>						
$G_t$	Control Range	Max. Boost/cut	$\pm 13.0$	$\pm 14.0$	$\pm 15.0$	dB
$T_{STEP}$	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB
<b>CONTROL L+R</b>						
$C_{RANGE}$	Control Range		$\pm 11.5$		$\pm 4$	dB
$S_{STEP}$	Step Resolution		0.5	1	1.5	dB
<b>SPEAKER &amp; AUX ATTENUATORS</b>						
$C_{RANGE}$	Control Range			79		dB
$S_{STEP}$	Step Resolution		-0.5	1	1.5	dB
$E_A$	Attenuation set error	$A_V = 0 \text{ to } -20\text{dB}$	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
		$A_V = -20 \text{ to } -79\text{dB}$	-3	0	2	dB

Table 5. Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DC</sub>	DC Steps	adjacent att. steps	-3	0	3	mV
A <sub>MUTE</sub>	Output Mute Condition		+70	100		dB
R <sub>VEA</sub>	Input Impedance		21	30	39	K $\Omega$
<b>AUDIO OUTPUTS</b>						
N <sub>O(OFF)</sub>	Output Noise (OFF)	Output Mute, Flat BW = 20Hz to 20KHz		4 5		$\mu$ V <sub>rms</sub> $\mu$ V <sub>rms</sub>
d	Distorsion	A <sub>v</sub> = 0 ; V <sub>in</sub> = 1V <sub>rms</sub>		0.01	0.1	%
S <sub>C</sub>	Channel Separation		70	90		dB
V <sub>OCL</sub>	Clipping Level	d = 0.3%	2	2.5		V <sub>rms</sub>
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Resistance		20	40	70	$\Omega$
V <sub>OUT</sub>	DC Voltage Level			3.8		V
<b>MONITOR OUTPUTS</b>						
d	Distorsion	A <sub>v</sub> = 0 ; V <sub>in</sub> = 1V <sub>rms</sub>		0.01	0.1	%
S <sub>C</sub>	Channel Separation		70	90		dB
V <sub>OCL</sub>	Clipping Level	d = 0.3%	2	2.5		V <sub>rms</sub>
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Resistance		20	50	85	$\Omega$
V <sub>OUT</sub>	DC Voltage Level			4.5		V
<b>BUS INPUTS</b>						
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage				1	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		3			V
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Current		-5		+5	mA
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage SDA Acknowledge	I <sub>O</sub> = 1.6mA			0.4	V

### 3 I<sup>2</sup>C BUS INTERFACE

Data transmission from microprocessor to the TDA7429L and viceversa takes place through the 2 wires I<sup>2</sup>C BUS interface, consisting of the two lines SDA and SCL (pull-up resistors to positive supply voltage must be connected).

#### 3.1 Data Validity

As shown in fig. 5, the data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the clock. The HIGH and LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is LOW.

#### 3.2 Start and Stop Conditions

As shown in fig.6 a start condition is a HIGH to LOW transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. The stop condition is a LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH.



### 3.3 Byte Format

Every byte transferred on the SDA line must contain 8 bits. Each byte must be followed by an acknowledge bit. The MSB is transferred first.

### 3.4 Acknowledge

The master (mP) puts a resistive HIGH level on the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse (see fig. 7). The peripheral (audioprocessor) that acknowledges has to pull-down (LOW) the SDA line during this clock pulse.

The audioprocessor which has been addressed has to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte, otherwise the SDA line remains at the HIGH level during the ninth clock pulse time. In this case the master transmitter can generate the STOP information in order to abort the transfer.

### 3.5 Transmission without Acknowledge

Avoiding to detect the acknowledge of the audioprocessor, the  $\mu$ P can use a simpler transmission: simply it waits one clock without checking the slave acknowledging, and sends the new data. This approach of course is less protected from misworking.

Figure 5. Data validity on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus

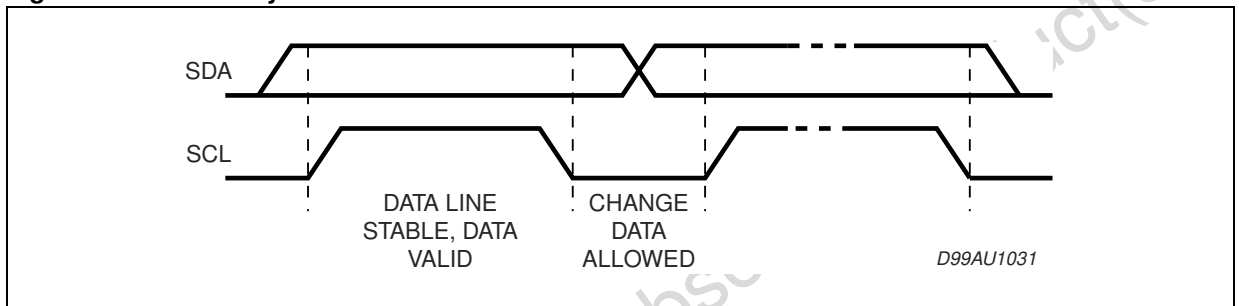


Figure 6. Timing Diagram of I<sup>2</sup>C bus

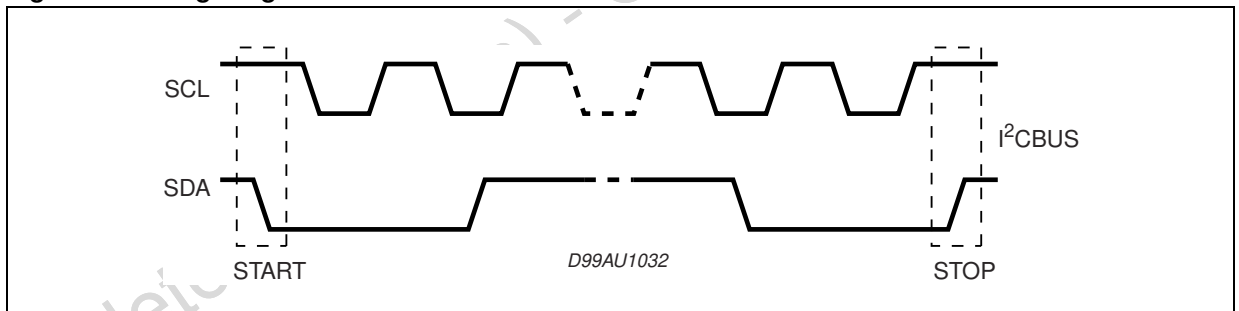
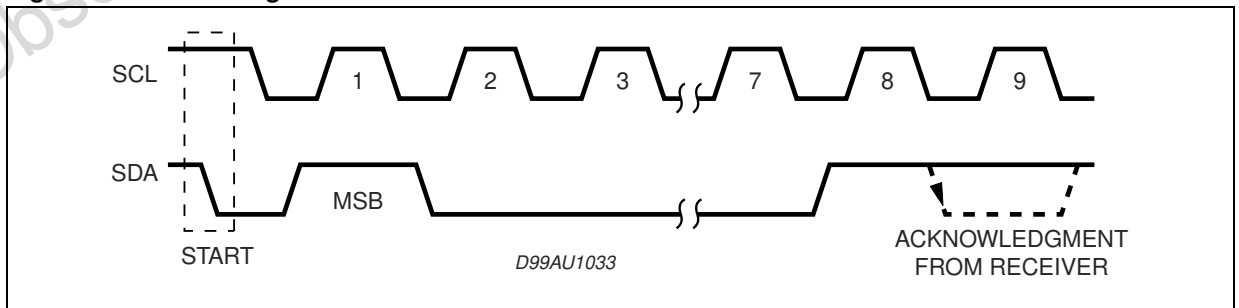


Figure 7. Acknowledge on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus



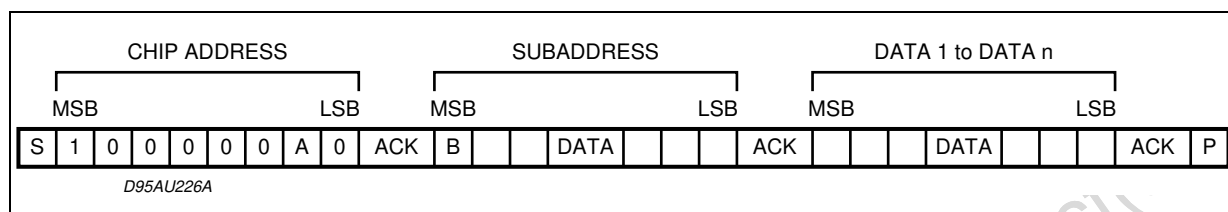
## 4 SOFTWARE SPECIFICATION

### 4.1 Interface Protocol

The interface protocol comprises:

- A start condition (S)
- A chip address byte, containing the TDA7429L address
- A subaddress bytes
- A sequence of data (N byte + acknowledge)
- A stop condition (P)

Figure 8.

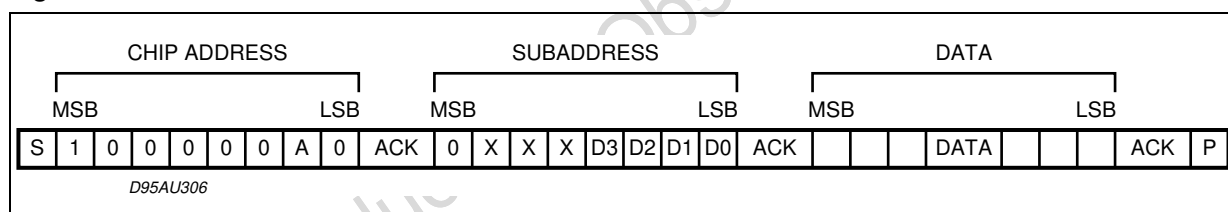


## 5 EXAMPLES

### 5.1 No Incremental Bus

The TDA7429L receives a start condition, the correct chip address, a subaddress with the MSB = 0 (no incremental bus), N-datas (all these datas concern the subaddress selected), a stop condition.

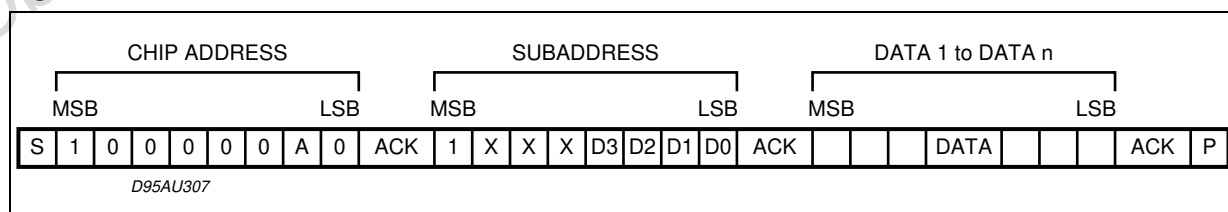
Figure 9.



### 5.2 Incremental Bus

The TDA7429L receives a start condition, the correct chip address, a subaddress with the MSB = 1 (incremental bus): now it is in a loop condition with an autoincrease of the subaddress whereas SUBADDRESS from "1XXX1010" to "1XXX1111" of DATA are ignored. The DATA 1 concern the subaddress sent, and the DATA 2 concern the subaddress sent plus one in the loop etc, and at the end it receives the stop condition.

Figure 10.





**Table 6. Function Selection**

The first byte (subaddress)

MSB							LSB		SUBADDRESS
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		
B <sup>1</sup>	X <sup>2</sup>	X	X	0	0	0	0	INPUT ATTENUATION	
B	X	X	X	0	0	0	1	CONTROL OUT L+R & SUBWOOFER	
B	X	X	X	0	0	1	0	NOT USED	
B	X	X	X	0	0	1	1	BASS & NATURAL BASE	
B	X	X	X	0	1	0	0	MIDDLE & TREBLE	
B	X	X	X	0	1	0	1	SPEAKER ATTENUATION "L"	
B	X	X	X	0	1	1	1	AUX ATTENUATION "L"	
B	X	X	X	1	0	0	0	AUX ATTENUATION "R"	
B	X	X	X	1	0	0	1	INPUT MULTIPLEXER, & AUX OUT	

&lt;1&gt; B = 1 incremental bus; active

B = 0 no incremental bus;

&lt;2&gt; X = indifferent 0,1

**Table 7. Input Attenuation Selection**

MSB							LSB		INPUT ATTENUATION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	0.5 dB STEPS	
X					0	0	0	0	
X					0	0	1	-0.5	
X					0	1	0	-1	
X					0	1	1	-1.5	
X					1	0	0	-2	
X					1	0	1	-2.5	
X					1	1	0	-3	
X					1	1	1	-3.5	
								4 dB STEPS	
X		0	0	0				0	
X		0	0	1				-4	
X		0	1	0				-8	
X		0	1	1				-12	
X		1	0	0				-16	
X		1	0	1				-20	
X		1	1	0				-24	
X		1	1	1				-28	
INPUT ATTENUATION = 0 ~ -31.5dB									
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	L+R OUTPUT SWITCH	
X	0							(L+R) OUTPUT PIN ACTIVE	

Table 8. Out &amp; (L+R) &amp; Subwoofer Selection

MSB							LSB		
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	SUBWOOFER CONTROL	
X						0	0	SUBWOOFER ON	
X						0	1	NOT ALLOWED	
X						1	0	SUBWOOFER OFF	
X						1	1	NOT ALLOWED	
								<b>OUT</b>	
X					0			VAR	
X					1			FIX	
								<b>L+R CONTROL</b>	
X	0	0	0	0				+4	
X	0	0	0	1				+3	
X	0	0	1	0				+2	
X	0	0	1	1				+1	
X	0	1	0	0				0	
X	0	1	0	1				-1	
X	0	1	1	0				-2	
X	0	1	1	1				-3	
X	1	0	0	0				-4	
X	1	0	0	1				-5	
X	1	0	1	0				-6	
X	1	0	1	1				-7	
X	1	1	0	0				-8	
X	1	1	0	1				-9	
X	1	1	1	0				-10	
X	1	1	1	1				-11	

Table 9. Bass Selection

MSB							LSB		BASS
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	2 dB STEPS	
X	X	X	1	0	0	0	0	-14	
X	X	X	1	0	0	0	1	-12	
X	X	X	1	0	0	1	0	-10	
X	X	X	1	0	0	1	1	-8	
X	X	X	1	0	1	0	0	-6	
X	X	X	1	0	1	0	1	-4	
X	X	X	1	0	1	1	0	-2	
X	X	X	1	0	1	1	1	0	
X	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	0	
X	X	X	1	1	1	1	0	2	
X	X	X	1	1	1	0	1	4	
X	X	X	1	1	1	0	0	6	
X	X	X	1	1	0	1	1	8	
X	X	X	1	1	0	1	0	10	
X	X	X	1	1	0	0	1	12	
X	X	X	1	1	0	0	0	14	

Table 10. Speaker/Aux Att. R &amp; L Selection

MSB							LSB		SPEAKER/AUX ATT
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	1 dB STEPS	
X					0	0	0	0	
X					0	0	1	-1	
X					0	1	0	-2	
X					0	1	1	-3	
X					1	0	0	-4	
X					1	0	1	-5	
X					1	1	0	-6	
X					1	1	1	-7	
								<b>8 dB STEPS</b>	
X	0	0	0	0				0	
X	0	0	0	1				-8	
X	0	0	1	0				-16	
X	0	0	1	1				-24	
X	0	1	0	0				-32	
X	0	1	0	1				-40	
X	0	1	1	0				-48	
X	0	1	1	1				-56	
X	1	0	0	0				-64	
X	1	0	0	1				-72	
								<b>MUTE</b>	
X	1	0	1	X					
X	1	1	X	X					

Notes: 1. X = INDIFFERENT 0.1

2. SPEAKER/AUX ATTENUATION = 0dB to 79dB

Table 11. Middle &amp; Treble Selection

MSB				LSB				MIDDLE
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	2 dB STEPS
				0	0	0	0	-14
				0	0	0	1	-12
				0	0	1	0	-10
				0	0	1	1	-8
				0	1	0	0	-6
				0	1	0	1	-4
				0	1	1	0	-2
				0	1	1	1	0
				1	1	1	1	0
				1	1	1	0	2
				1	1	0	1	4
				1	1	0	0	6
				1	0	1	1	8
				1	0	1	0	10
				1	0	0	1	12
				1	0	0	0	14
								<b>TREBLE</b>
								<b>2 dB STEPS</b>
0	0	0	0					-14
0	0	0	1					-12
0	0	1	0					-10
0	0	1	1					-8
0	1	0	0					-6
0	1	0	1					-4
0	1	1	0					-2
0	1	1	1					0
1	1	1	1					0
1	1	1	0					2
1	1	0	1					4
1	1	0	0					6
1	0	1	1					8
1	0	1	0					10
1	0	0	1					12
1	0	0	0					14

Table 12. Input/recout L &amp; R Selection

MSB							LSB	
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	INPUT MULTIPLEXER
X					1	1	0	IN1
X					0	0	0	IN2
X					0	1	0	IN3
								<b>AUX OUT "L"</b>
X			0	0			0	VAR 1 (3BAND)
X			0	1			0	NOT ALLOWED
X			1	0			0	VAR 3 (REAR)
X			1	1			0	FIX
								<b>AUX OUT "R"</b>
X	0	0					0	VAR 1 (3BAND)
X	0	1					0	NOT ALLOWED
X	1	0					0	VAR 3 (REAR)
X	1	1					0	FIX

Table 13. Power on reset

BASS & MIDDLE	2dB
TREBLE	0dB
SURROUND & OUT CONTROL + (L+R) CONTROL	OFF + FIX + MAX. ATTENUATION
SPEAKER/AUX ATTENUATION L & R	MUTE
INPUT ATTENUATION + (L+R) SWITCH	MAX. ATTENUATION + ON
NATURAL BASE	OFF
INPUT	IN1

Figure 11. Pin: TREBLE-L, TREBLE-R

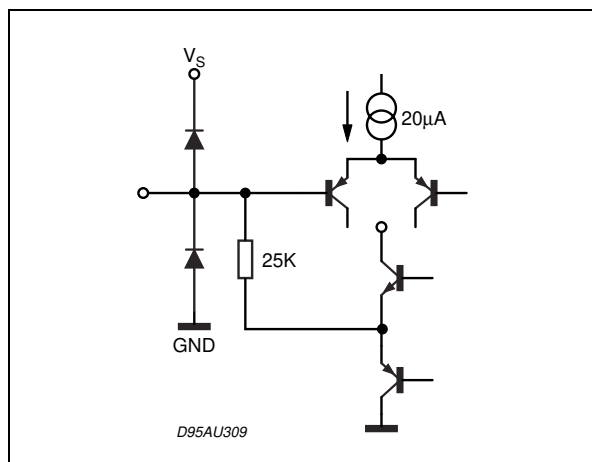


Figure 14. Pin: CREF

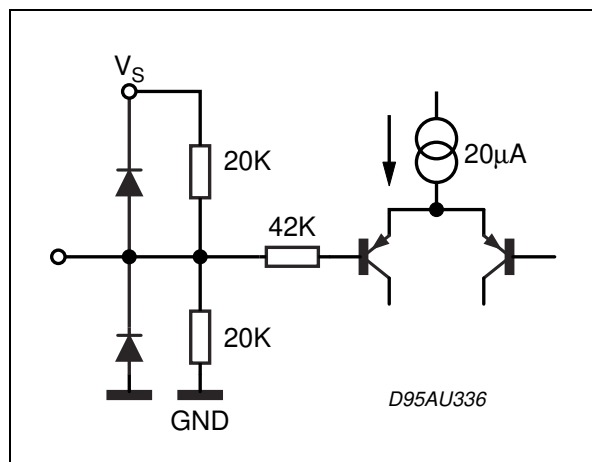


Figure 12. Pin:  $V_{OUT REF}$

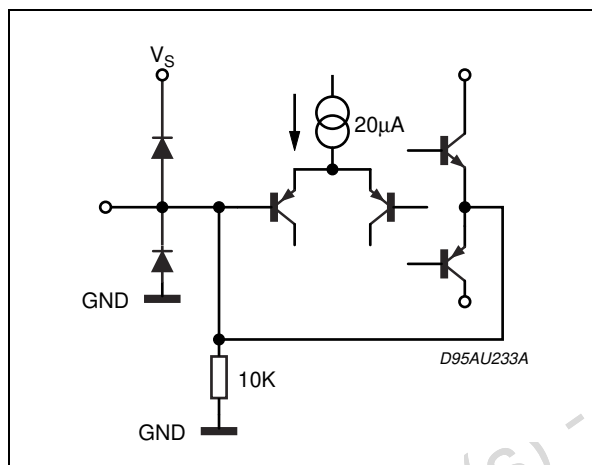


Figure 15. Pin: VAR-L, VAR-R

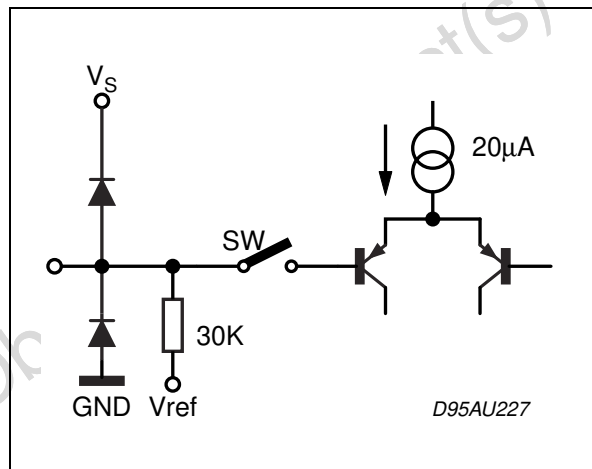


Figure 13. Pin: L-IN, R-IN, L-IN2, R-IN2, L-IN3, R-IN3, L-IN4, R-IN4

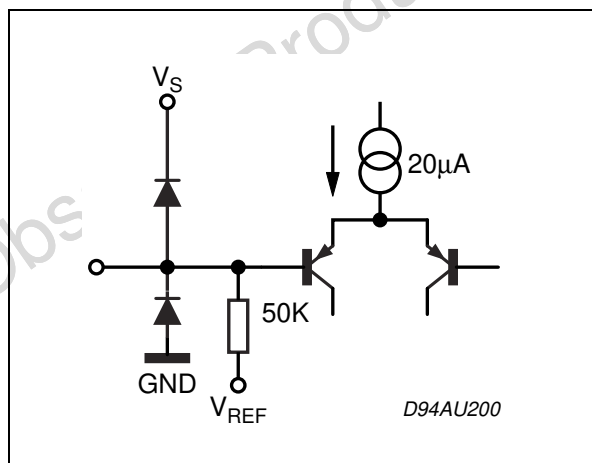


Figure 16. Pin: LP1, LP

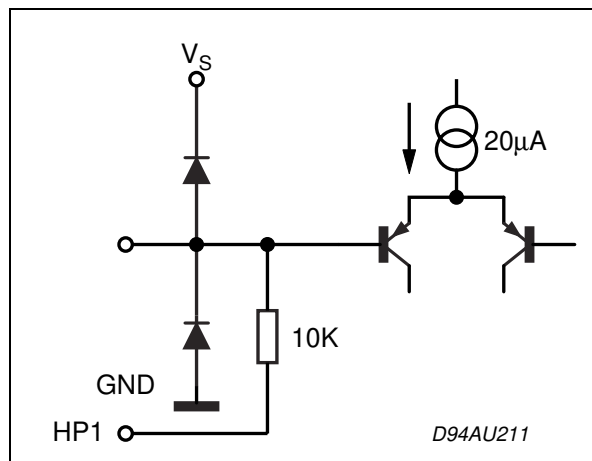


Figure 17. Pin: SCL, SDA

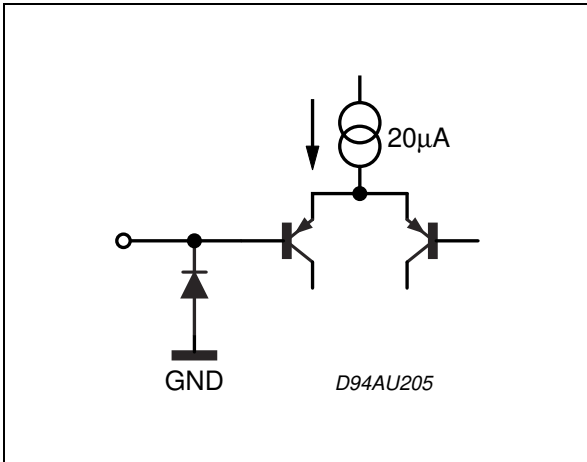


Figure 20. Pin: BASS-LI, BASS-RI, MIDDLE-LI, MIDDLE-R

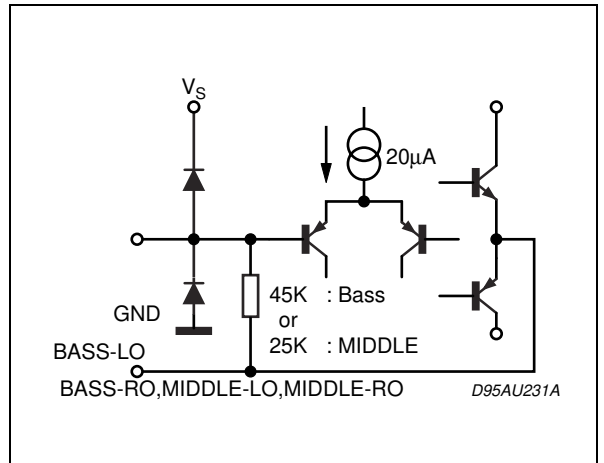


Figure 18. Pin: MONO INPUT

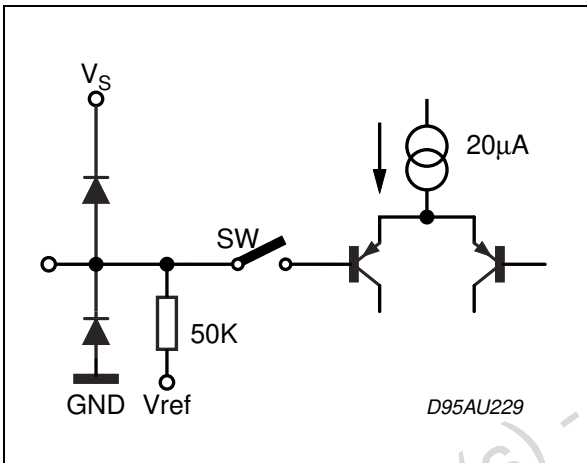


Figure 21. Pin: BASS-LO, BASS-RO, MIDDLE-LO, MIDDLE-RO

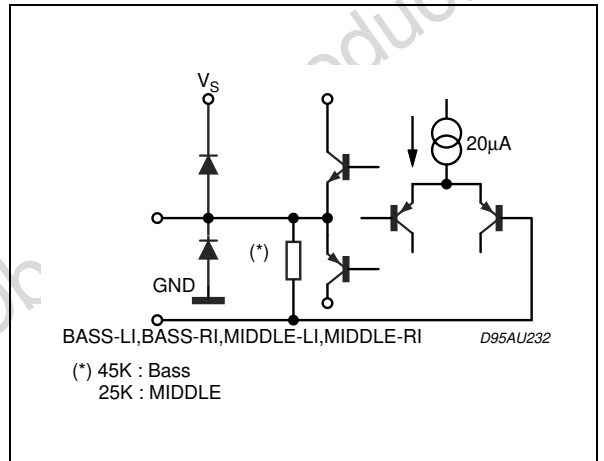


Figure 19. Pin: L-OUT, R-OUT, MONITOR-L, MONITOR-R, LTR OUTPUT, BASSO-L, BASSO-R, AUXOUT\_L, AUXOUT\_R

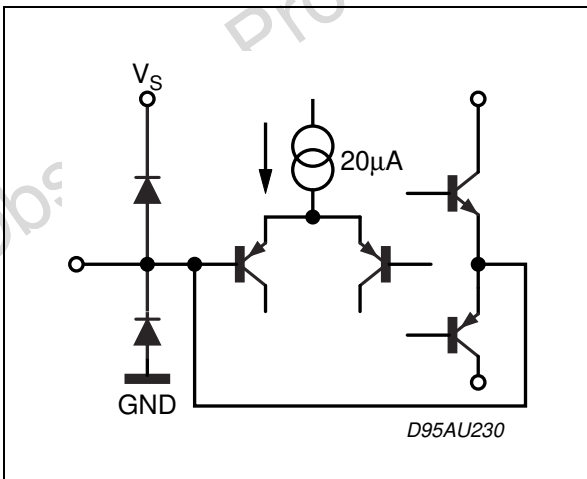
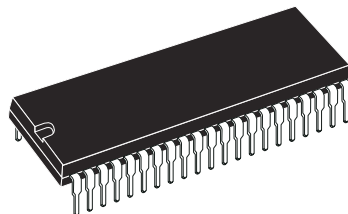




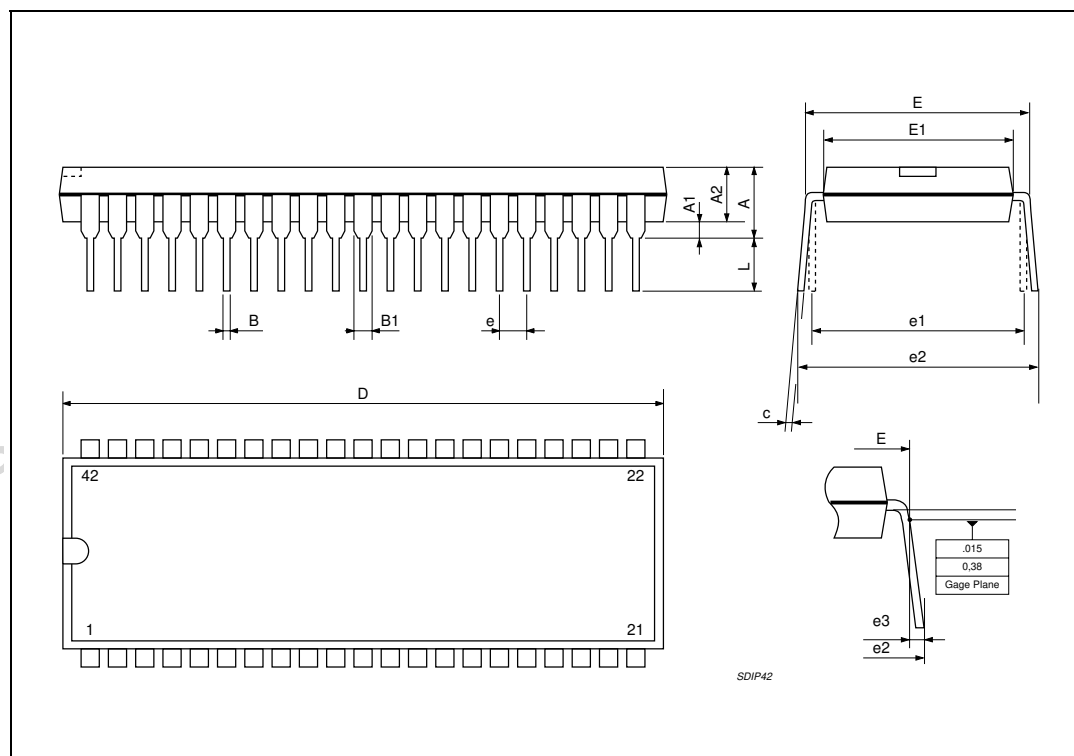
Figure 22. SDIP42 Mechanical Data &amp; Package Dimensions

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			5.08			0.20
A1	0.51			0.020		
A2	3.05	3.81	4.57	0.120	0.150	0.180
B	0.38	0.46	0.56	0.0149	0.0181	0.0220
B1	0.89	1.02	1.14	0.035	0.040	0.045
c	0.23	0.25	0.38	0.0090	0.0098	0.0150
D	36.58	36.83	37.08	1.440	1.450	1.460
E	15.24		16.00	0.60		0.629
E1	12.70	13.72	14.48	0.50	0.540	0.570
e		1.778			0.070	
e1		15.24			0.60	
e2			18.54			0.730
e3			1.52			0.060
L	2.54	3.30	3.56	0.10	0.130	0.140

### OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA



**SDIP42 (0.600")**



**Table 14. Revision History**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Revision</b>	<b>Description of Changes</b>
January 2004	2	First Issue in EDOCS DMS
June 2004	3	Changed the Style-sheet in compliance to the new "Corporate Technical Publications Design Guide"

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