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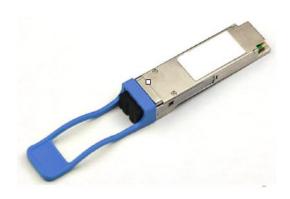


## **Specification**

100 - Gbps QSFP28 Pluggable

**Optical Transceiver Module** 

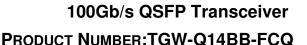
100GBASE-LR4 Pull-Tab



## **Ordering Information**

# TGW-Q14BB-FCQ

Model Name	Voltage	Category	Device type	Interface	Temperature	Distance	Latch Type
TGW-Q14BB-FCQ	3.3V	With DDMI	LWDM DFB	CML/CML	0°C~+70°C	10km	Pull TAB





#### **Features**

- Compliant to IEEE 802.3ba and 100GBASE-LR4 standard.
- > QSFP28 MSA compliant.
- > Up to 25Gbps data rate per wavelength.
- ➤ Up to 10km transmission on single mode fiber (SMF).
- > Operating case temperature: 0~70 °C.
- > Maximum 4.0W operation power
- > LC duplex connector.
- > RoHS-6 compliant.

## **Applications**

- > 100GBASE-LR4 Ethernet Links
- Infiniband QDR and DDR interconnects
- > Client-side 100G Telecom connections

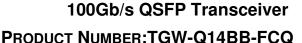
## **General Description**

This product is a 100Gb/s transceiver module designed for optical communication applications compliant to 100GBASE-LR4 of the IEEE P802.3ba standard. The module converts 4 input channels of 25Gb/s electrical data to 4 channels of LAN WDM optical signals and then multiplexes them into a single channel for 100Gb/s optical transmission. Reversely on the receiver side, the module de- multiplexes a 100Gb/s optical input into 4 channels of LAN WDM optical signals and then converts them to 4 output channels of electrical data.

The central wavelengths of the 4 LAN WDM channels are 1295.56, 1300.05, 1304.58 and 1309.14 nm as members of the LAN WDM wavelength grid defined in IEEE 802.3ba. The high performance cooled LAN WDM EA-DFB transmitters and high sensitivity PIN receivers provide superior performance for 100Gigabit Ethernet applications up to 10km links and compliant to optical interface with IEEE802.3ba Clause 88 100GBASE-LR4 requirements.

The product is designed with form factor, optical/electrical connection and digital diagnostic interface according to the QSFP+ Multi-Source Agreement (MSA). It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference.







## **Functional Description**

The transceiver module receives 4 channels of 25Gb/s electrical data, which are processed by a 4-channel Clock and Data Recovery (CDR) IC that reshapes and reduces the jitter of each electrical signal. Subsequently, each of 4 EML laser driver IC's converts one of the 4 channels of electrical signals to an optical signal that is transmitted from one of the 4 cooled EML lasers which are packaged in the Transmitter Optical Sub-Assembly (TOSA). Each laser launches the optical signal in specific wavelength specified in IEEE802.3ba 100GBASE-LR4 requirements. These 4-lane optical signals will be optically multiplexed into a single fiber by a 4-to-1 optical WDM MUX. The optical output power of each channel is maintained constant by an automatic power control (APC) circuit. The transmitter output can be turned off by TX\_DIS hardware signal and/or 2-wire serial interface.

The receiver receives 4-lane LAN WDM optical signals. The optical signals are de-multiplexed by a 1-to-4 optical DEMUX and each of the resulting 4 channels of optical signals is fed into one of the 4 receivers that are packaged into the Receiver Optical Sub-Assembly (ROSA). Each receiver converts the optical signal to an electrical signal. The regenerated electrical signals are retimed and de-jittered and amplified by the RX portion of the 4-channel CDR. The retimed 4-lane output electrical signals are compliant with IEEE CAUI-4 interface requirements. In addition, each received optical signal is monitored by the DOM section. The monitored value is reported through the 2-wire serial interface. If one or more received optical signal is weaker than the threshold level, RX\_LOS hardware alarm will be triggered.

A single +3.3V power supply is required to power up this product. Both power supply pins VccTx and VccRx are internally connected and should be applied concurrently. As per MSA specifications the

offers 7 low speed hardware control pins (including the 2-wire serial interface): ModSelL, SCL, SDA, ResetL, LPMode, ModPrsL and IntL.

Module Select (ModSelL) is an input pin. When held low by the host, this product responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of this product on a single 2-wire interface bus – individual ModSelL lines must be used.

Serial Clock (SCL) and Serial Data (SDA) are required for the 2-wire serial bus communication interface and enable the host to access the QSFP28 memory map.

The ResetL pin enables a complete reset, returning the settings to their default state, when a low level on the ResetL pin is held for longer than the minimum pulse length. During the execution of a reset the host shall disregard all status bits until it indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The product indicates this by posting an IntL (Interrupt) signal with the Data\_Not\_Ready bit negated in the memory map. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module should post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

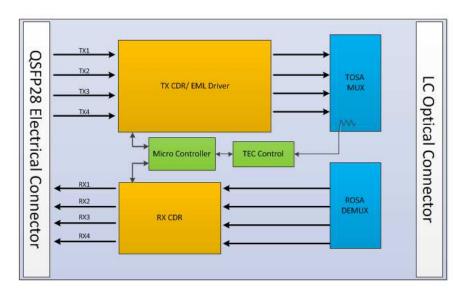
Low Power Mode (LPMode) pin is used to set the maximum power consumption for the product in order to protect hosts that are not capable of cooling higher power modules, should such modules be accidentally inserted.



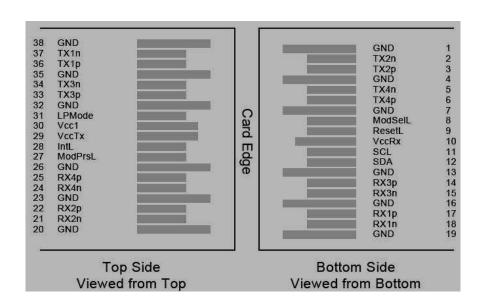
Module Present (ModPrsL) is a signal local to the host board which, in the absence of a product, is normally pulled up to the host Vcc. When the product is inserted into the connector, it completes the path to ground through a resistor on the host board and asserts the signal. ModPrsL then indicates its present by setting ModPrsL to a "Low" state.

Interrupt (IntL) is an output pin. "Low" indicates a possible operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled to the Host Vcc voltage on the Host board.

## **Transceiver Block Diagram**



### Pin Assignment and Pin Description





# 100Gb/s QSFP Transceiver PRODUCT NUMBER:TGW-Q14BB-FCQ

## **Pin Definitions**

PIN	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Note
1		GND	Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
3	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output	
4		GND	Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
6	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output	
7		GND	Ground	1
8	LVTLL-I	ModSelL	Module Select	
9	LVTLL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock	
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data	
13		GND	Ground	
14	CML-O	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
15	CML-O	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
16		GND	Ground	1
17	CML-O	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
18	CML-O	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
19		GND	Ground	1
20		GND	Ground	1
21	CML-O	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
22	CML-O	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
23		GND	Ground	1
24	CML-O	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	1
25	CML-O	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
26		GND	Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt	
29		VccTx	+3.3 V Power Supply transmitter	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3 V Power Supply	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode	
32		GND	Ground	1



# 100Gb/s QSFP Transceiver PRODUCT NUMBER:TGW-Q14BB-FCQ

33	CML-I	Тх3р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
34	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
35		GND	Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
37	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
38		GND	Ground	1

#### Notes:

- 1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the QSFP28 module. All are common within the module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.
- 2. VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiving and transmission power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown in Figure 3 below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 1000mA.



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

It has to be noted that the operation in excess of any individual absolute maximum ratings might cause permanent damage to this module.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	85	degC	
Relative Humidity (non-condensation)	RH	0	85	%	
Operating Case Temperature	Торс	0	70	degC	
Damage Threshold, each Lane	THd	5.5		dBm	
Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.5	3.6	V	

## **Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0		70	degC
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.14	3.30	3.47	V
Data Rate, each Lane			25.78125		Gb/s
Control Input Voltage High		2		Vcc	V
Control Input Voltage Low		0		0.8	V
Link Distance with G.652	D	0.002		10	Km



## **Optical Characteristic**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
	L0	1294.53	1295.56	1296.59	nm	
Wayalangth Assignment	L1	1299.02	1300.05	1301.09	nm	
Wavelength Assignment	L2	1303.54	1304.58	1305.63	nm	
	L3	1308.09	1309.14	1310.19	nm	
	Transmit	ter	l		I	
Side-mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Total Average Launch Power	P <sub>T</sub>			10.5	dBm	
Average Launch Power, each Lane	P <sub>AVG</sub>	-4.3		4.5	dBm	
Optical Modulation Amplitude, each Lane	Рома	-1.3		4.5	dBm	1
Difference in Launch Power between any two Lanes (OMA)	$P_{tx,diff}$			5	dB	
Launch Power in OMA minus Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty (TDP), each Lane		-2.3			dBm	
TDP, each Lane	TDP			2.2	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	4			dB	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-130	dB/H z	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	TOL			20	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance	$R_T$			-12	dB	
Transmitter Eye Mask Definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3}		{0.25,0.4	4,0.45,0.25,0	0.28,0.4}		
Average Launch Power OFF Transmitter, each Lane	P <sub>off</sub>			-30	dBm	

# 100Gb/s QSFP Transceiver PRODUCT NUMBER:TGW-Q14BB-FCQ

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes			
Receiver									
Damage Threshold, each Lane	$TH_d$	5.5			dBm	2			
Total Average Receive Power				10.5	dBm				
Average Power at Receiver Input, each Lane		-10.6		4.5	dBm				
Receiver Power (OMA), each Lane				4.5	dBm				
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity in OMA, each Lane				-6.8	dBm	3			
Receiver Sensitivity, each Lane	SEN			-8.6	dBm				
Difference in Receive Power between any two Lanes (OMA)	P <sub>rx, diff</sub>			5.5	dB				
LOS Assert	LOSA		-18		dBm				
LOS Deassert	LOSD		-15		dBm				
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB				
Receive Electrical 3 dB upper Cutoff Frequency, each Lane	Fc			31	GHz				
Conditions of Stress Receiver Sensitivity Test (Note 4)									
Vertical Eye Closure Penalty, each Lane			1.8		dB				
Stressed Eye J2 Jitter, each Lane			0.3		UI				
Stressed Eye J9 Jitter, each Lane			0.47		UI				

## **Notes:**

- 1. Even if the TDP < 1 dB, the OMA min must exceed the minimum value specified here.
- 2. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
- 3. Measured with conformance test signal at receiver input for BER =  $1 \times 10^{-12}$ .
- 4. Vertical eye closure penalty and stressed eye jitter are test conditions for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.



### **Electrical Characteristics**

The following electrical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating temperature and supply voltage unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Power Consumption				4.0	W	
Supply Current	Icc			1.21	Α	
Transceiver Power-on Initialization Time				2000	ms	1
	Transmitte	er (each L	.ane)			
Single-ended Input Voltage Tolerance (Note 2)		-0.3		4	V	Referred to TP1 signal common
AC Common Mode Input Voltage Tolerance		15			mV	RMS
Differential Input Voltage Swing Threshold		50			mVpp	LOSA Threshold
Differential Input Impedance	Z <sub>in</sub>	90	100	110	ohm	
Differential Input Swing	V <sub>in, pp</sub>	190		700	mVpp	

Receiver (each Lane)								
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes		
Single-ended Output Voltage		-0.3		4.0	V	Referred to signal common		
AC Common Mode Output Voltage				7.5	mV	RMS		
Differential Output Impedance	Z <sub>out</sub>	90	100	110	ohm			
Differential Output Voltage Swing	$V_{out, pp}$	300		850	mVpp			

#### Notes:

- 1. Power-on Initialization Time is the time from when the power supply voltages reach and remain above the minimum recommended operating supply voltages to the time when the module is fully functional.
- 2. The single ended input voltage tolerance is the allowable range of the instantaneous input signals.



## **Digital Diagnostic Functions**

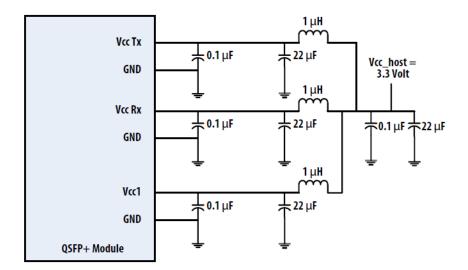
The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the normal operating conditions unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	degC	Over operating temperature range
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-0.1	0.1	V	Over full operating range
Channel RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1
Channel Bias current monitor	DMI_lbias_Ch	-10%	10%	mA	
Channel TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1

#### **Notes:**

1. Due to measurement accuracy of different single mode fibers, there could be an additional  $\pm$ 1 dB fluctuation, or a  $\pm$ 1 dB total accuracy.

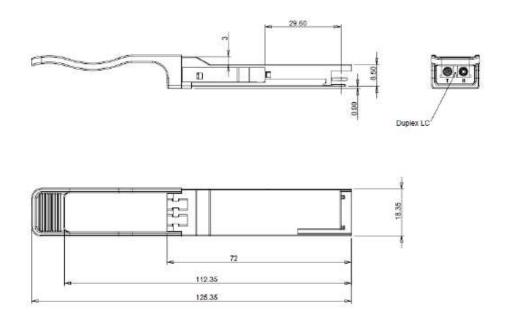
## **Recommended Power Supply Filter**





## **Mechanical Design Diagram**

## Unit: mm



### **ESD**

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for SFI pins and 2kV for all other electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.4 /JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module. This transceiver is shipped in ESD protective packaging. It should be removed from the packaging and handled only in an ESD protected environment.

## **Laser Safety**

This is a Class 1 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1:2007. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).