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Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Characteristic		Symbol	Rating	Unit
LED	Forward current	I_F	20	mA
	Forward current derating (Ta ≥ 85°C)	$\Delta I_F / ^\circ\text{C}$	-0.5	mA/°C
	Peak transient forward current (Note 1)	I_{FPT}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	5	V
	Input power dissipation	PD	40	mW
	Input power dissipation derating (Ta ≥ 85°C)	$\Delta PD / ^\circ\text{C}$	-1.0	mW/°C
DETECTOR	Output current	I_O	10	mA
	Output current derating (Ta ≥ 85°C)	$\Delta I_O / ^\circ\text{C}$	-0.25	mA/°C
	Output voltage	V_O	6	V
	Supply voltage	V_{CC}	6	V
	Output power dissipation	P_O	40	mW
Operating temperature range		T_{opr}	-40 to 100	°C
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	-55 to 125	°C
Lead solder temperature(10 s)		T_{sol}	260	°C
Isolation voltage (AC,60 s, R.H. ≤ 60%) (Note 2)		BV_s	3750	Vrms

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges. Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1 : Pulse width $PW \leq 1\mu\text{s}$, 300 pps.

Note 2 :This device is regarded as a two terminal device : pins 1 and 3 are shorted together, as are pins 4,5 and 6.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input current ON	$I_{F(ON)}$	8	—	18	mA
Input voltage , OFF	$V_{F(OFF)}$	0	—	0.8	V
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-40	—	100	°C

Note: Recommended operating conditions are given as a design guideline to obtain expected performance of the device. Additionally, each item is an independent guideline respectively. In developing designs using this product, please confirm specified characteristics shown in this document.

Note: The detector of this product requires a power supply voltage (VCC) of 4.5 V or higher for stable operation. If the VCC is lower than this value, an ICC may increase, or an output may be unstable. Be sure to use the product after checking the supply current, and the operation of a power-on/-off.

Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=-40 to 100°C, VCC=4.5 to 5.5 V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Circuit	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input forward voltage	V _F	—	I _F = 10 mA, Ta = 25°C	1.45	1.58	1.85	V
Temperature coefficient of forward voltage	ΔV _F / ΔTa	—	I _F = 10 mA	—	-2.0	—	mV/°C
Input reverse current	I _R	—	V _R =5 V, Ta = 25°C	—	—	10	μA
Capacitance between Input terminals	C _T	—	V _F = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, Ta = 25°C	—	60	—	pF
Logic low output voltage	V _{OL}	1	I _{OL} = 1.6 mA, I _F = 12 mA, V _{CC} = 5 V	—	—	0.4	V
Logic high output voltage	V _{OH}	2	I _{OH} = -0.02 mA, V _F = 1.05 V, V _{CC} = 5 V	4.0	—	—	V
Logic low supply current	I _{CCL}	3	I _F = 12 mA	—	—	5.0	mA
Logic high supply current	I _{CCH}	4	V _F = 0 V	—	—	5.0	mA
Input current logic low output	I _{FHL}	—	I _O = 1.6 mA, V _O < 0.4 V	—	—	5	mA
Input voltage logic high output	V _{FLH}	—	I _O = -0.02 mA, V _O > 4.0 V	0.8	—	—	V

*All typical values are at Ta=25°C, VCC=5 V, I_F(ON)=12 mA unless otherwise specified

Isolation Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Capacitance input to output	C _S	V _S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz (Note 1)	—	0.8	—	pF
Isolation resistance	R _S	R.H. ≤ 60%, V _S = 500 V (Note 1)	1×10 ¹²	10 ¹⁴	—	Ω
Isolation voltage	B _V _S	AC, 60 s	3750	—	—	V _{rms}
		AC, 1 s, in oil	—	10000	—	
		DC, 60 s, in oil	—	10000	—	V _{dc}

Note 1:A ceramic capacitor(0.1 μF) should be connected from pin 6 to pin 4 to stabilize the operation of the high gain linear amplifier. Failure to provide the bypass may impair the switching property.
The total lead length between capacitor and coupler should not exceed 1 cm.

Switching Characteristics

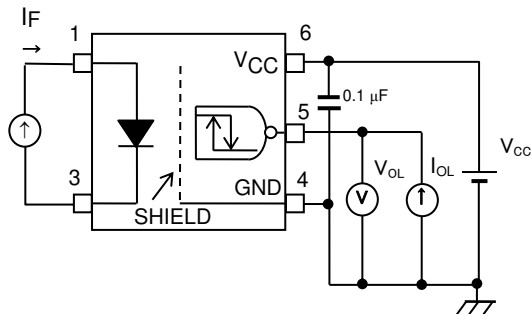
(Unless otherwise specified, $T_a = -40$ to 100°C , $V_{CC} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Circuit	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time to logic high output	t_{pHL}	5	$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 12$ mA	—	—	60	ns
Propagation delay time to logic low output	t_{pLH}		$I_F = 12 \rightarrow 0$ mA				
Propagation delay time to logic high output	t_{pHL}	6	$V_{IN} = 0 \rightarrow 5$ V ($I_F = 0 \rightarrow 8$ mA)	—	—	60	ns
Propagation delay time to logic low output	t_{pLH}		$V_{IN} = 5 \rightarrow 0$ V ($I_F = 8 \rightarrow 0$ mA)				
Switching time dispersion between ON and OFF	$ t_{pHL} - t_{pLH} $	5	$I_F = 12$ mA, $R_{IN} = 100 \Omega$, $C_L = \approx 15$ pF (Note 1)	—	—	30	ns
Output fall time(90-10%)	t_f		$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 12$ mA				
Output rise time(10-90%)	t_r		$I_F = 12 \rightarrow 0$ mA				
Common mode transient immunity at high Level output	CM_H	7	$V_{CM} = 1000$ Vp-p, $I_F = 0$ mA, $V_o(\text{Min}) = 4$ V, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10000	—	—	V/ μs
Common mode transient immunity at low level output	CM_L		$V_{CM} = 1000$ Vp-p, $I_F = 12$ mA, $V_o(\text{Max}) = 0.4$ V, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$				

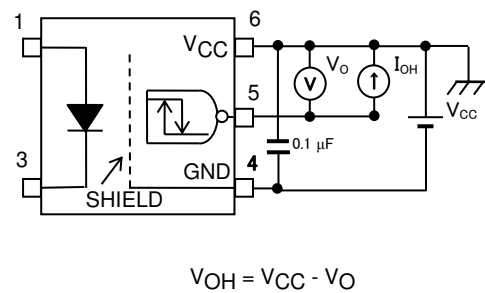
*All typical values are at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Note 1: C_L is approximately 15 pF which includes probe and Jig/stray wiring capacitance.

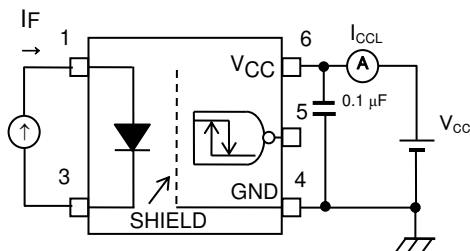
TEST CIRCUIT 1: V_{OL}



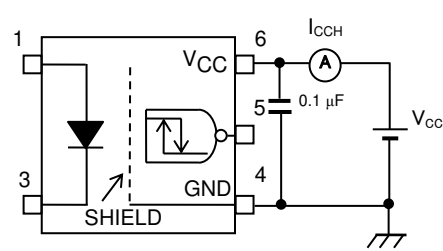
TEST CIRCUIT 2: V_{OH}



TEST CIRCUIT 3: I_{CCL}

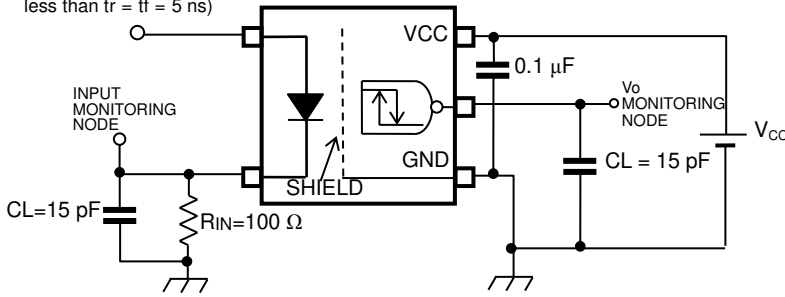


TEST CIRCUIT 4: I_{CCH}

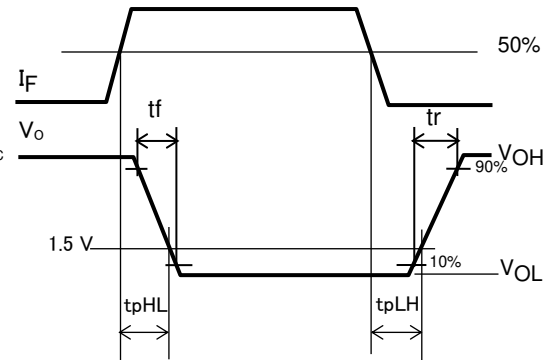


TEST CIRCUIT 5: tpHL, tpLH

$I_F = 12 \text{ mA (P.G)}$
 ($f = 5 \text{ MHz}$, duty = 50%
 less than $t_r = t_f = 5 \text{ ns}$)

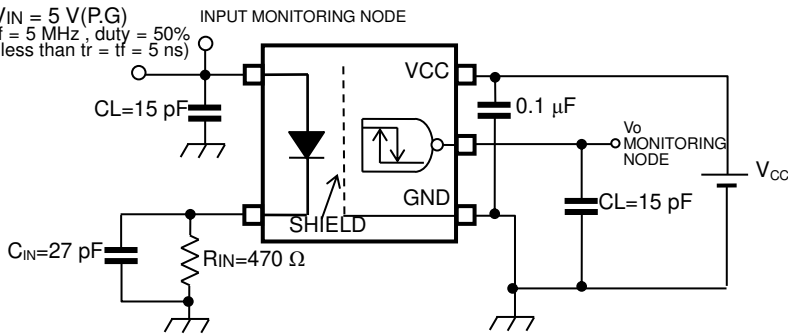


CL is capacitance of the probe and JIG.
 (P.G): Pulse Generator

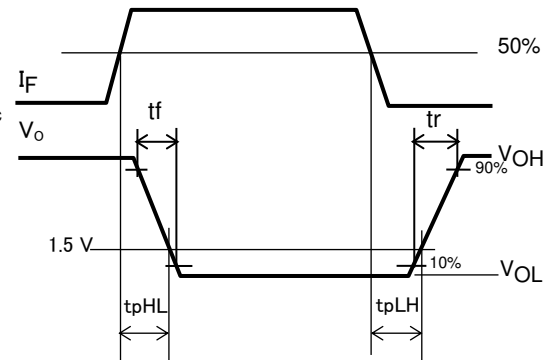


TEST CIRCUIT 6: tpHL, tpLH

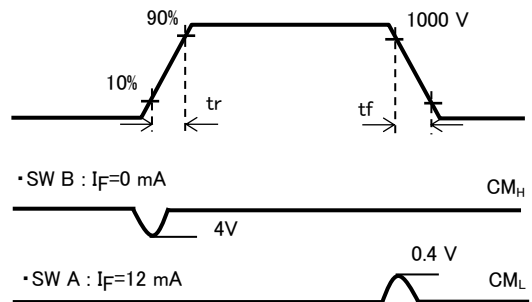
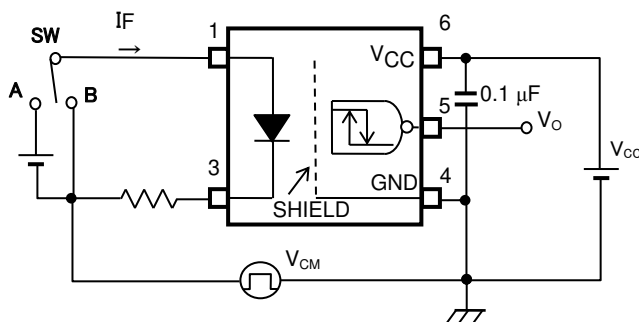
$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V (P.G)}$
 ($f = 5 \text{ MHz}$, duty = 50%
 less than $t_r = t_f = 5 \text{ ns}$)



CL is capacitance of the probe and JIG.
 (P.G): Pulse Generator



TEST CIRCUIT 7: Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit



$$CM_H = \frac{800(V)}{t_r(\mu s)} \quad CM_L = \frac{800(V)}{t_f(\mu s)}$$

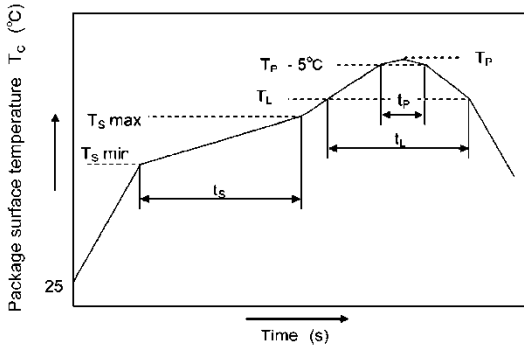
Soldering and Storage

1. Precautions for Soldering

The soldering temperature should be controlled as closely as possible to the conditions shown below, irrespective of whether a soldering iron or a reflow soldering method is used.

1) When Using Soldering Reflow

An example of a temperature profile when lead(Pb)-free solder is used.



	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Preheat temperature	T_s	150	200	°C
Preheat time	t_s	60	120	s
Ramp-up rate (T_L to T_P)			3	°C/s
Liquidus temperature	T_L	217		°C
Time above T_L	t_L	60	150	s
Peak temperature	T_P		260	°C
Time during which T_c is between ($T_P - 5$) and T_P	t_p		30	s
Ramp-down rate (T_P to T_L)			6	°C/s

- The soldering temperature profile is based on the package surface temperature (See the figure shown above.)
- Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.
- The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.

2) When using soldering Flow

- Preheat the device at a temperature of 150 °C (package surface temperature) for 60 to 120 seconds.
- Mounting condition of 260 °C within 10 seconds is recommended
- Flow soldering must be performed once.

3) When using soldering Iron

- Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding 260 °C or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350 °C.
- Heating by soldering iron must be done only once per lead.

2. Precautions for General Storage

- 1) Avoid storage locations where devices may be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- 2) Follow the precautions printed on the packing label of the device for transportation and storage.
- 3) Keep the storage location temperature and humidity within a range of 5°C to 35°C and 45% to 75%, respectively.
- 4) Do not store the products in locations with poisonous gases (especially corrosive gases) or in dusty conditions.
- 5) Store the products in locations with minimal temperature fluctuations. Rapid temperature changes during storage can cause condensation, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, which will deteriorate the solderability of the leads.
- 6) When restoring devices after removal from their packing, use anti-static containers.
- 7) Do not allow loads to be applied directly to devices while they are in storage.
- 8) If devices have been stored for more than two years under normal storage conditions, it is recommended that you check the leads for ease of soldering prior to use.

Specification for Embossed-Tape Packing (TPL)(TPR) for SO6 Coupler

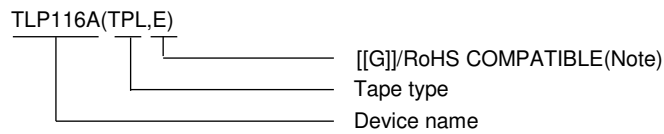
1. Applicable Package

Package	Product Type
SO6	Mini-flat coupler

2. Product Naming System

Type of package used for shipment is denoted by a symbol suffix after a product number. The method of classification is as below.

(Example)



3. Tape Dimensions

3.1 Specification Classification Are as Shown in Table 1

Table 1 Tape Type Classification

Tape type	Classification	Quantity (pcs/reel)
TPL	L direction	3000
TPR	R direction	3000

3.2 Orientation of Device in Relation to Direction of Tape Movement

Device orientation in the recesses is as shown in Figure 1.

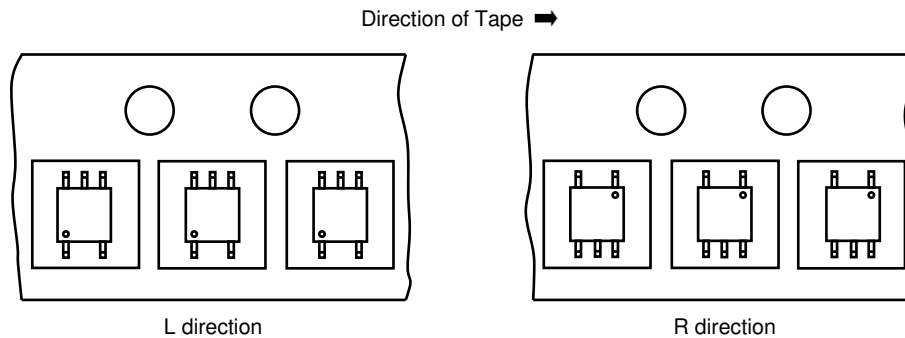


Figure 1 Device Orientation

3.3 Empty Device Recesses Are as Shown in Table 2.

Table 2 Empty Device Recesses

	Standard	Remarks
Occurrences of 2 or more successive empty device recesses	0 device	Within any given 40-mm section of tape, not including leader and trailer
Single empty device recesses	6 devices (max.) per reel	Not including leader and trailer

3.4 Start and End of Tape

The start of the tape has 50 or more empty holes. The end of tape has 50 or more empty holes and two empty turns only for a cover tape.

3.5 Tape Specification

- (1) Tape material: Plastic (protection against electrostatics)
- (2) Dimensions: The tape dimensions are as shown in Figure 2 and Table 3.

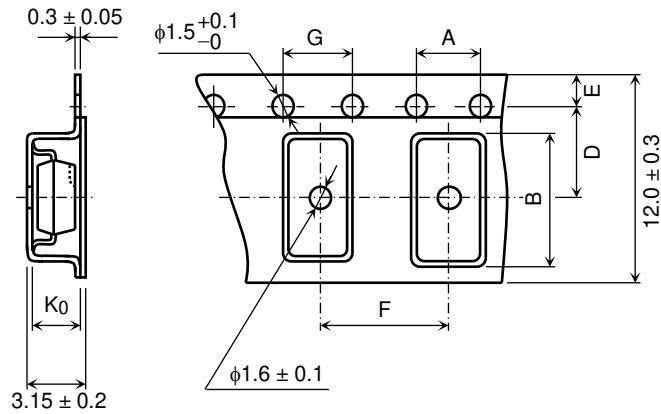


Figure 2 Tape Forms

Table 3 Tape Dimensions

Unit: mm
Unless otherwise specified: ±0.1

Symbol	Dimension	Remark
A	4.2	—
B	7.6	—
D	5.5	Center line of indented square hole and sprocket hole
E	1.75	Distance between tape edge and hole center
F	8.0	Cumulative error $\begin{matrix} +0.1 \\ -0.3 \end{matrix}$ (max) per 10 feed holes
G	4.0	Cumulative error $\begin{matrix} +0.1 \\ -0.3 \end{matrix}$ (max) per 10 feed holes
K ₀	2.8	Internal space

3.6 Reel

- (1) Material: Plastic
- (2) Dimensions: The reel dimensions are as shown in Figure 3 and Table 4.

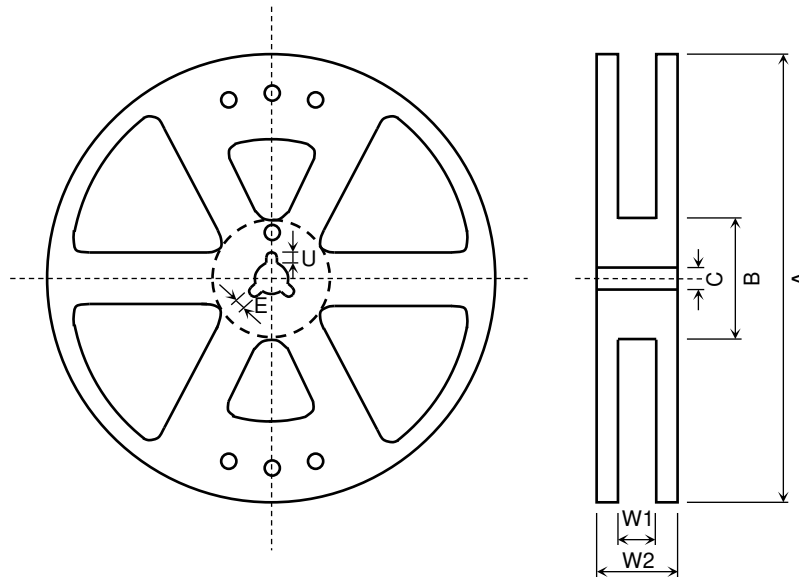


Figure 3 Reel Form

Table 4 Reel Dimensions

Unit: mm

Symbol	Dimension
A	$\Phi 330 \pm 2$
B	$\Phi 80 \pm 1$
C	$\Phi 13 \pm 0.5$
E	2.0 ± 0.5
U	4.0 ± 0.5
W1	13.5 ± 0.5
W2	17.5 ± 1.0

4. Packing

Either one reel or five reels of photocoupler are packed in a shipping carton.

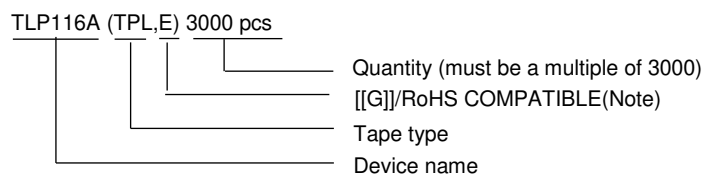
5. Label Indication

The carton bears a label indicating the product number, the symbol representing classification of standard, the quantity, the lot number and the Toshiba company name.

6. Ordering Method

When placing an order, please specify the product number, the tape type and the quantity as shown in the following example.

(Example)



Note : Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of Product.

The RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

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