Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!

Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832
Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com
Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China

Photocouplers GaAℓAs Infrared LED & Photo IC

TLP2662,TLP2662F

1. Applications

- Factory Automation (FA)
- High-Speed Digital Interfacing for Instrumentation and Control Devices
- Measuring Instruments

2. General

The TLP2662/TLP2662F consists of high-intensity GaAℓAs infrared light-emitting diodes (LEDs) optically coupled to a high-gain, high-speed photoreceptor chip. The TLP2662/TLP2662F guarantees operation at up to 125 ℃ and on supplies from 2.7 V to 5.5 V. It is offered in the DIP8 package. With two LED-photoreceptor pairs, the TLP2662/TLP2662F helps save board space. An internal noise shield provides superior common-mode rejection for improved noise immunity of ±20 kV/μs.

3. Features

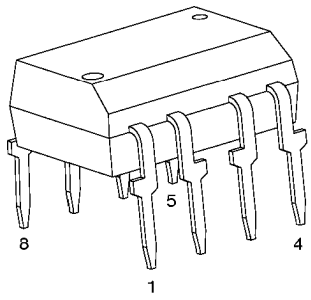
(1) Inverter logic type (open collector output)
(2) Package: DIP8
(3) Operating temperature: -40 to 125 ℃
(4) Supply voltage: 2.7 to 5.5 V
(5) Data transfer rate: 10 MBd (typ.) (NRZ)
(6) Threshold input current: 5.0 mA (max)
(7) Supply current: 8 mA (max)
(8) Common-mode transient immunity: ±20 kV/μs (min)
(9) Isolation voltage: 5000 Vrms (min)
(10) Safety standards
UL-approved: UL1577, File No.E67349
cUL-approved: CSA Component Acceptance Service No.5A File No.E67349
VDE-approved: EN60747-5-5 **(Note 1)**

Note 1: When an EN60747-5-5 approved type is needed, please designate the **Option (D4)**.

2015-11-30
Rev.5.0

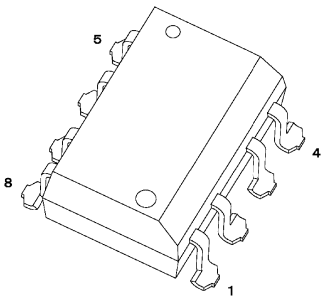
4. Packaging (Note)

TLP2662



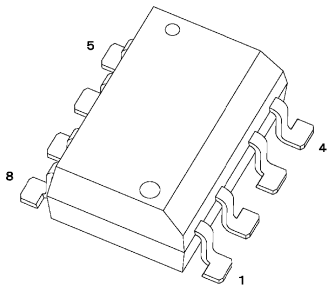
11-10C4S

TLP2662(LF1)



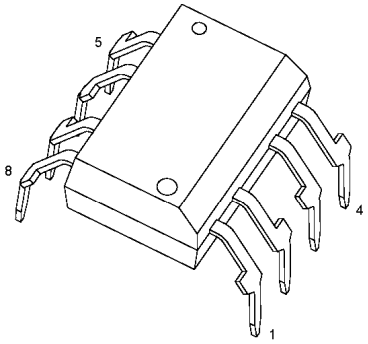
11-10C401S

TLP2662(LF5)



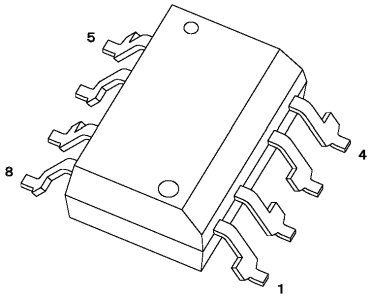
11-10C405S

TLP2662F



11-10C402S

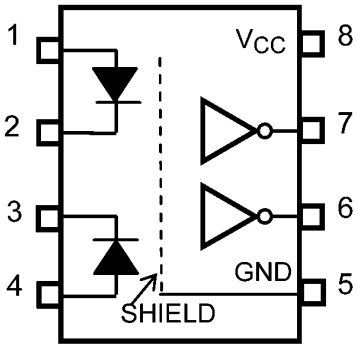
TLP2662F(LF4)



11-10C404S

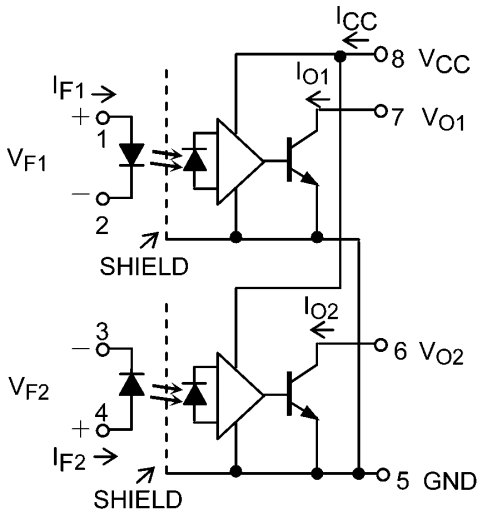
Note: Lead-formed product: (LF1), (LF4), (LF5)

5. Pin Assignment



1: Anode 1
2: Cathode 1
3: Cathode 2
4: Anode 2
5: GND
6: V_{O2} (Output 2)
7: V_{O1} (Output 1)
8: V_{CC}

6. Internal Circuit



7. Principle of Operation

7.1. Truth Table

Input	LED	Output
H	ON	L
L	OFF	H

7.2. Mechanical Parameters

Characteristics	7.62-mm pitch TLP2662	10.16-mm pitch TLP2662F	Unit
Creepage distances	7.0 (min)	8.0 (min)	mm
Clearance distances	7.0 (min)	8.0 (min)	mm
Internal isolation thickness	0.4 (min)	0.4 (min)	mm

8. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, T_a = 25 °C)

	Characteristics	Test Condition	Symbol	Note	Rating	Unit
LED	Input forward current		I_F	(Note 1)	20	mA
	Input forward current derating	($T_a \geq$ 116 °C)	$\Delta I_F/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)	-0.6	mA/°C
	Input forward current (pulsed)		I_{FP}	(Note 1), (Note 2)	40	mA
	Input forward current derating (pulsed)	($T_a \geq$ 116 °C)	$\Delta I_{FP}/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)	-1.17	mA/°C
	Peak transient input forward current		I_{FPT}	(Note 1), (Note 3)	1	A
	Peak transient input forward current derating	($T_a \geq$ 116 °C)	$\Delta I_{FPT}/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)	-29.4	mA/°C
	Input power dissipation		P_D	(Note 1)	40	mW
	Input power dissipation derating	($T_a \geq$ 116 °C)	$\Delta P_D/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)	-1.17	mW/°C
	Input reverse voltage		V_R	(Note 1)	5	V
Detector	Output current		I_O	(Note 1)	25	mA
	Output voltage		V_O	(Note 1)	6	V
	Supply voltage		V_{CC}		6	V
	Output power dissipation		P_O	(Note 1)	85	mW
	Output power dissipation derating	($T_a \geq$ 110 °C)	$\Delta P_O/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)	-2.1	mW/°C
Common	Operating temperature		T_{opr}		-40 to 125	°C
	Storage temperature		T_{stg}		-55 to 150	°C
	Lead soldering temperature	(10 s)	T_{sol}		260	°C
	Isolation voltage	AC, 60 s., R.H. ≤ 60 %	BV_S	(Note 4)	5000	Vrms

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.
Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1: Each channel

Note 2: Pulse width (PW) ≤ 1 ms, duty = 50 %

Note 3: Pulse width (PW) ≤ 1 μs, duty = 300 pps

Note 4: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 are shorted together, and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 are shorted together.

9. Recommended Operating Conditions (Note)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input on-state current	$I_{F(ON)}$	(Note 1), (Note 2)	6	—	15	mA
Input off-state voltage	$V_{F(OFF)}$	(Note 1)	0	—	0.8	V
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	(Note 3)	2.7	3.3/5.0	5.5	V
Operating temperature	T_{opr}		-40	—	125	°C

Note: The recommended operating conditions are given as a design guide necessary to obtain the intended performance of the device. Each parameter is an independent value. When creating a system design using this device, the electrical characteristics specified in this datasheet should also be considered.

Note: A ceramic capacitor (0.1 μF) should be connected between pin 8 and pin 5 to stabilize the operation of a high-gain linear amplifier. Otherwise, this photocoupler may not switch properly. The bypass capacitor should be placed within 1 cm of each pin.

Note 1: Each channel

Note 2: The rise and fall times of the input on-current should be less than 0.5 μs.

Note 3: Denotes the operating range, not the recommended operating condition.

10. Electrical Characteristics (Note)
(Unless otherwise specified, T_a = -40 to 125 °C, V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input forward voltage	V_F	(Note 1)		I_F = 10 mA, T_a = 25 °C	1.45	1.55	1.7	V
Input forward voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_F/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)		I_F = 10 mA	—	-2.0	—	mV/°C
Input reverse current	I_R	(Note 1)		V_R = 5 V, T_a = 25 °C	—	—	10	μA
Input capacitance	C_t	(Note 1)		V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T_a = 25 °C	—	60	—	pF
High-level output current	I_{OH}	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.1	V_F = 0.8 V, V_O = 5.5 V, V_{CC} = 5.5 V	—	—	50	μA
			Fig. 13.1.1	V_F = 0.8 V, V_O = 5.5 V, V_{CC} = 5.5 V, T_a = 25 °C	—	—	10	μA
Low-level output voltage	V_{OL}	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.2	I_F = 10 mA, I_O = 13 mA (Sinking)	—	0.2	0.6	V
Low-level supply current	I_{CCL}		Fig. 13.1.4	I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 10 mA	—	3.8	8	mA
High-level supply current	I_{CCH}		Fig. 13.1.3	I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 0 mA	—	3.4	8	mA
Threshold input current (H/L)	I_{FHL}	(Note 1)		I_O = 13 mA (Sinking), V_O < 0.6 V, T_a = 25 °C	—	1.3	2.8	mA
				I_O = 13 mA (Sinking), V_O < 0.6 V	—	—	5.0	mA

Note: All typical values are at T_a = 25 °C.
Note 1: Each channel

11. Isolation Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, T_a = 25 °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Total capacitance (input to output)	C_S	(Note 1)	V_S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz	—	1.0	—	pF
Isolation resistance	R_S	(Note 1)	V_S = 500 V, R.H. ≤ 60 %	1×10^{12}	10^{14}	—	Ω
Isolation voltage	BV_S	(Note 1)	AC, 60 s	5000	—	—	Vrms
			AC, 1 s in oil	—	10000	—	Vrms
			DC, 60 s in oil	—	10000	—	Vdc

Note 1: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 are shorted together, and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 are shorted together.

12. Switching Characteristics (Note)
(Unless otherwise specified, T_a = -40 to 125 °C, V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V (Each channel))

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time (H/L)	t_{pHL}	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.5	I_F = 0 → 7.5 mA, R_L = 350 Ω, C_L = 15 pF	—	27	75	ns
Propagation delay time (L/H)	t_{pLH}	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.5	I_F = 7.5 → 0 mA, R_L = 350 Ω, C_L = 15 pF	—	25	75	ns
Pulse width distortion	$\lvert t_{pHL} - t_{pLH} \rvert$	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.5	I_F = 0 ←→ 7.5 mA, R_L = 350 Ω, C_L = 15 pF	—	—	35	ns
Propagation delay skew (device to device)	t_{psk}	(Note 1), (Note 2)	Fig. 13.1.5	I_F = 0 ←→ 7.5 mA, R_L = 350 Ω, C_L = 15 pF	-40	—	40	ns
Fall time	t_f	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.5	I_F = 0 → 7.5 mA, R_L = 350 Ω, C_L = 15 pF	—	3	—	ns
Rise time	t_r	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.5	I_F = 7.5 → 0 mA, R_L = 350 Ω, C_L = 15 pF	—	12	—	ns
Common-mode transient immunity at output high	CM_H		Fig. 13.1.6	V_{CM} = 1000 V_{p-p}, I_F = 0 mA, V_{CC} = 3.3 V/5 V, T_a = 25 °C	±20	±25	—	kV/μs
Common-mode transient immunity at output low	CM_L		Fig. 13.1.6	V_{CM} = 1000 V_{p-p}, I_F = 10 mA, V_{CC} = 3.3 V/5 V, T_a = 25 °C	±20	±25	—	kV/μs

Note: All typical values are at T_a = 25 °C.

Note 1: f = 5 MHz, duty = 50 %, input current t_r = t_f = 5 ns, C_L is approximately 15 pF which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

Note 2: The propagation delay skew, t_{psk}, is equal to the magnitude of the worst-case difference in t_{pHL} and/or t_{pLH} that will be seen between units at the same given conditions (supply voltage, input current, temperature, etc).

13. Test Circuits and Characteristics Curves

13.1. Test Circuits

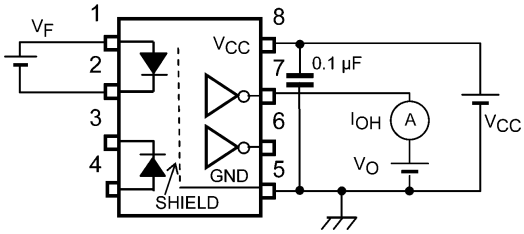


Fig. 13.1.1 I_{OH} Test Circuit

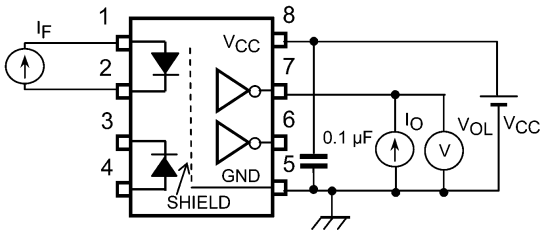


Fig. 13.1.2 V_{OL} Test Circuit

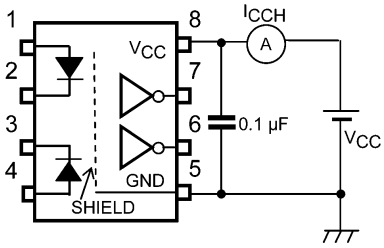


Fig. 13.1.3 I_{CCH} Test Circuit

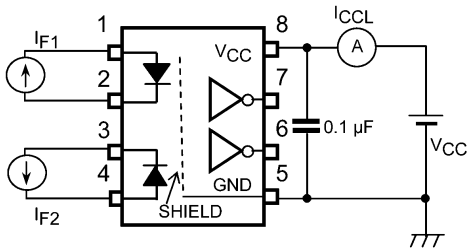


Fig. 13.1.4 I_{CCL} Test Circuit

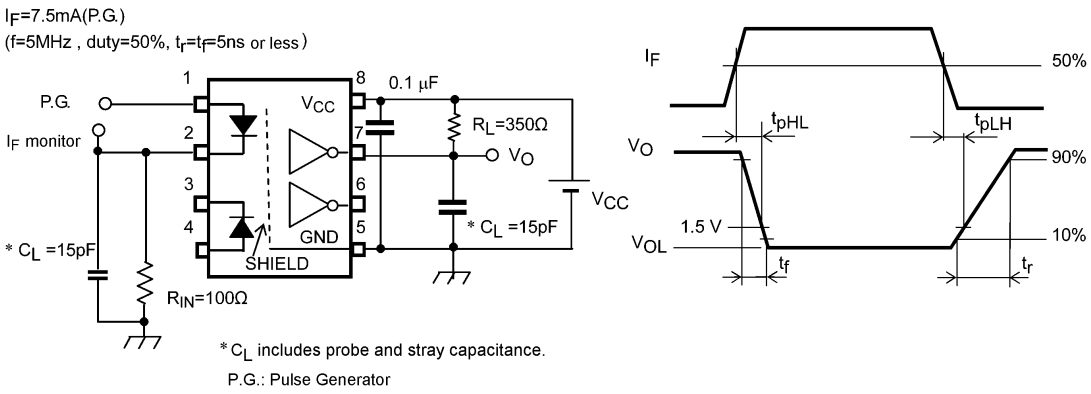


Fig. 13.1.5 Switching Time Test Circuit and Waveform

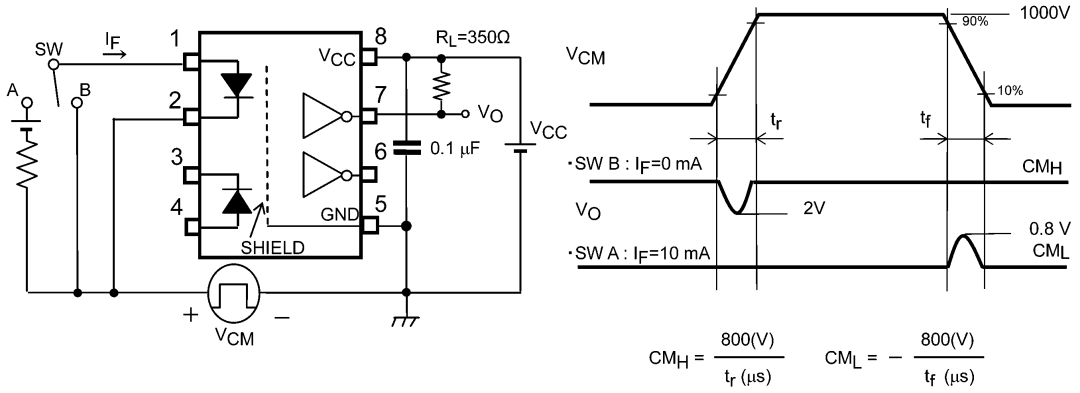


Fig. 13.1.6 Common-Mode Transient Immunity and Waveform

13.2. Characteristics Curves (Note)

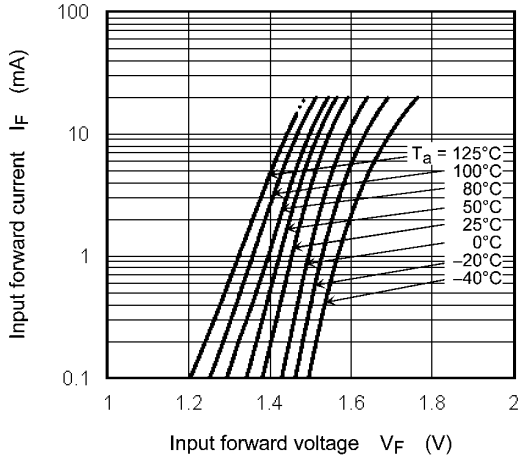


Fig. 13.2.1 I_F - V_F

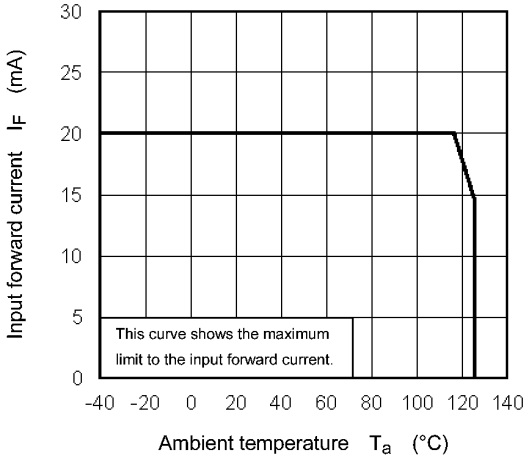


Fig. 13.2.2 I_F - T_a

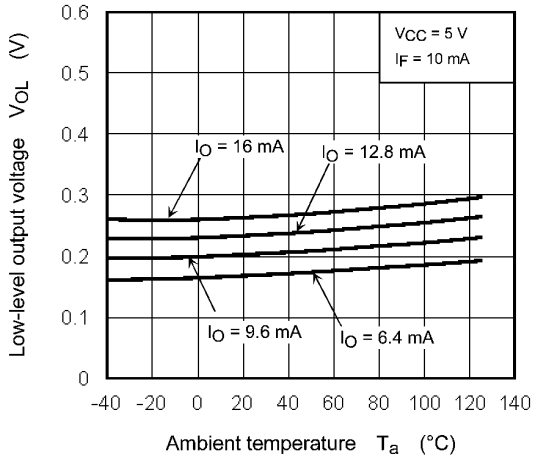


Fig. 13.2.3 V_{OL} - T_a

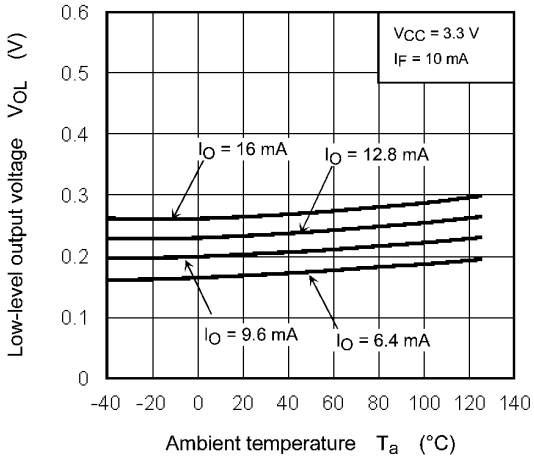


Fig. 13.2.4 V_{OL} - T_a

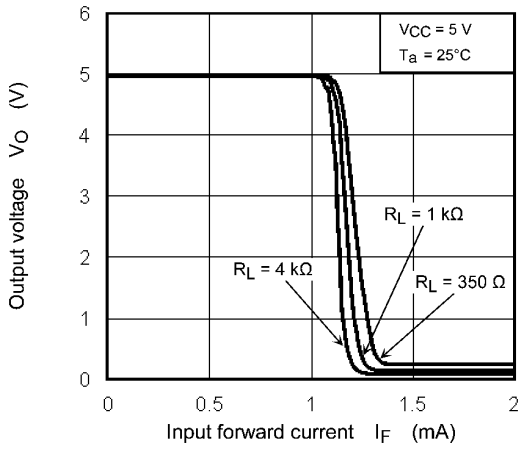


Fig. 13.2.5 V_O - I_F

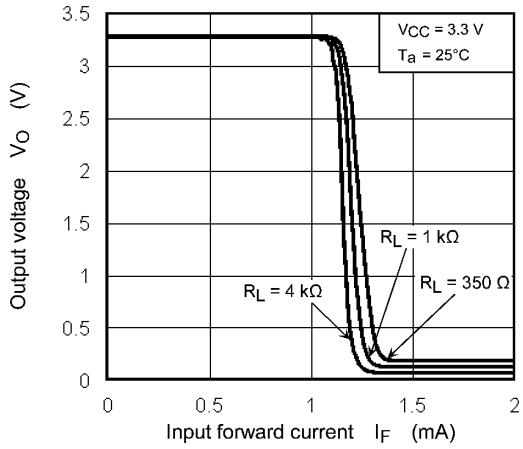


Fig. 13.2.6 V_O - I_F

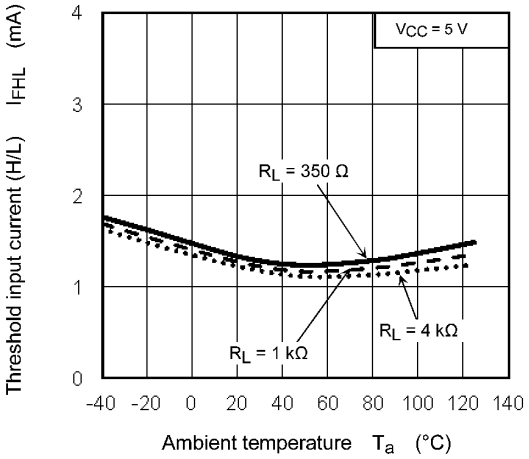


Fig. 13.2.7 I_{FHL} - T_a

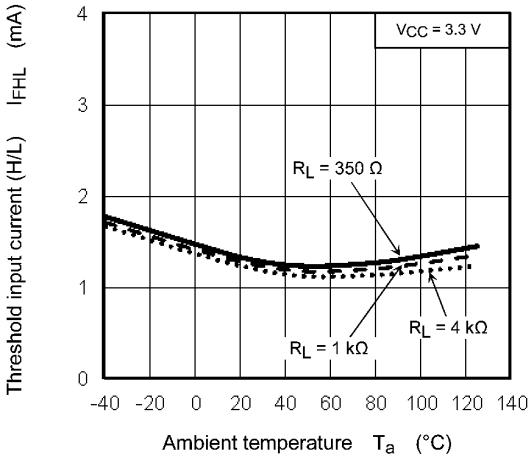


Fig. 13.2.8 I_{FHL} - T_a

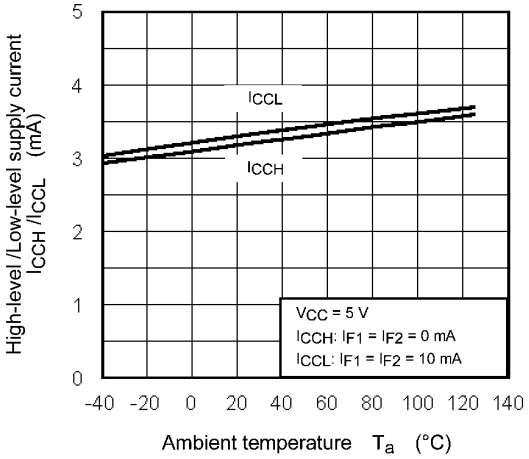


Fig. 13.2.9 I_{CCH} / I_{CCL} - T_a

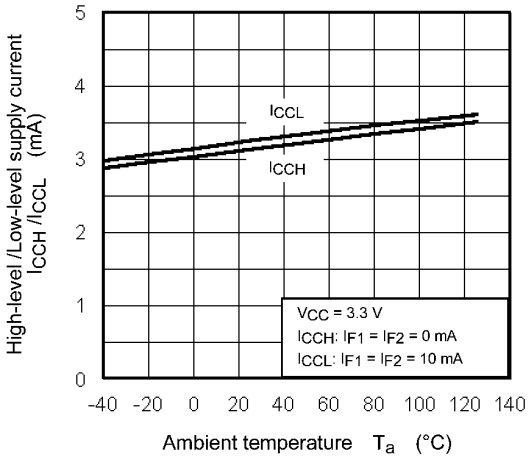


Fig. 13.2.10 I_{CCH} / I_{CCL} - T_a

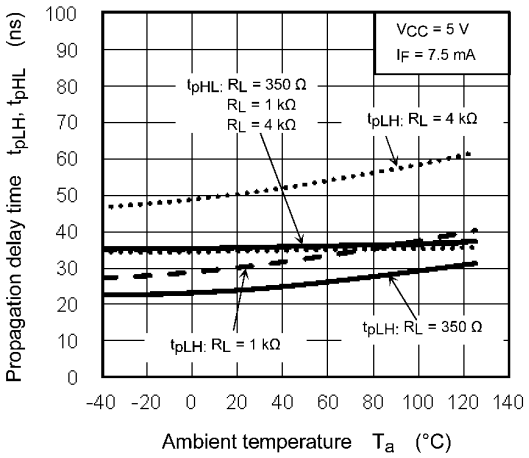


Fig. 13.2.11 t_{pLH} / t_{pHL} - T_a

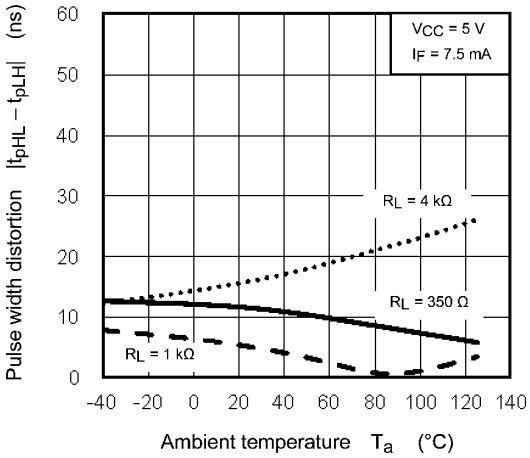


Fig. 13.2.12 $|t_{pHL}-t_{pLH}|$ - T_a

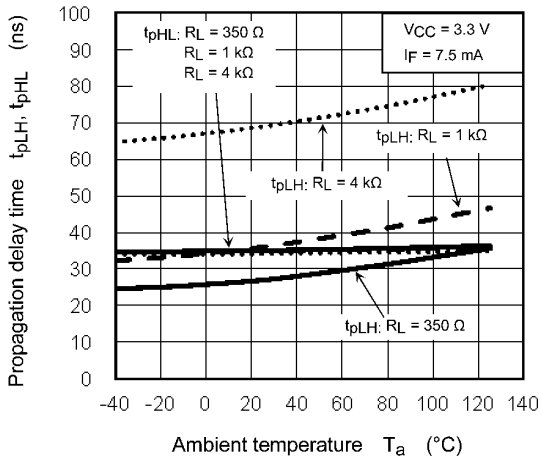


Fig. 13.2.13 t_{pLH} / t_{pHL} - T_a

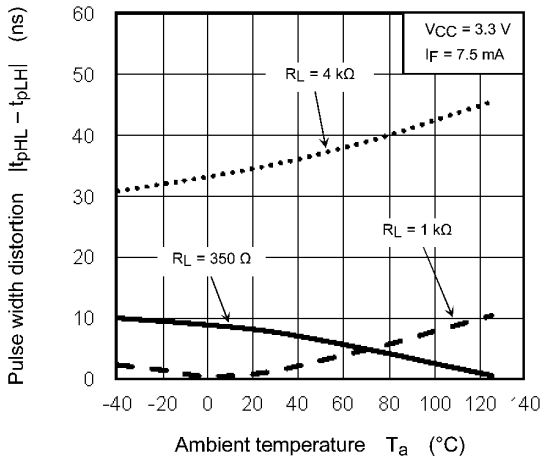


Fig. 13.2.14 $|t_{pHL}-t_{pLH}|$ - T_a

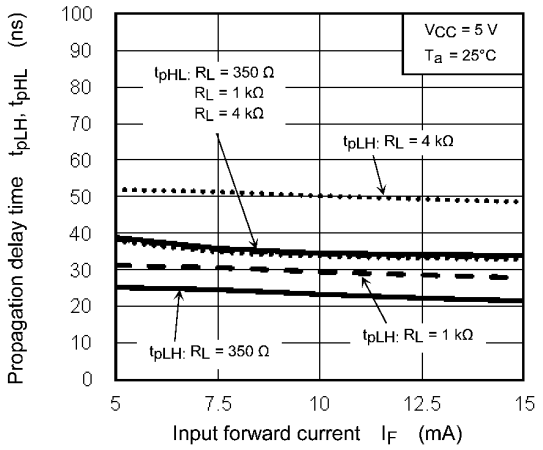


Fig. 13.2.15 t_{pLH} / t_{pHL} - I_F

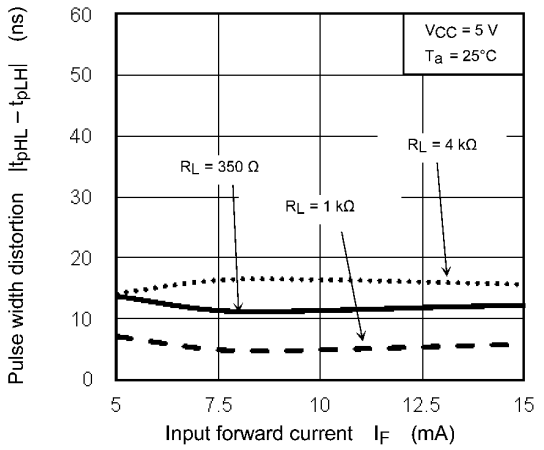


Fig. 13.2.16 $|t_{pHL}-t_{pLH}|$ - I_F

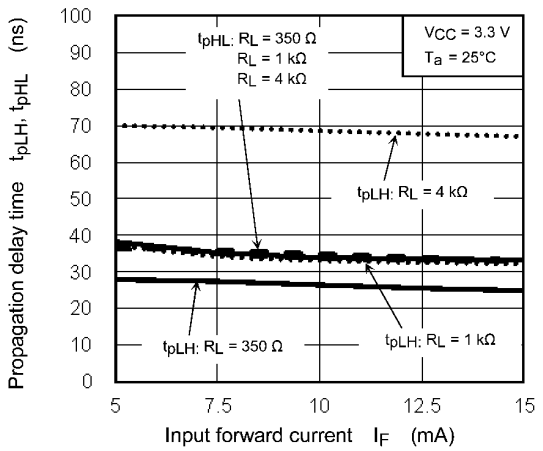


Fig. 13.2.17 t_{pLH} / t_{pHL} - I_F

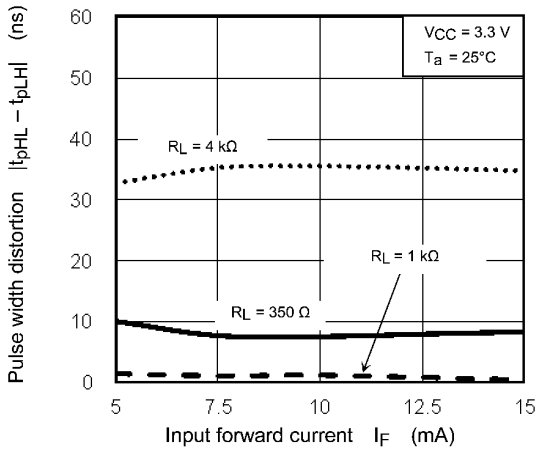


Fig. 13.2.18 $|t_{pHL}-t_{pLH}|$ - I_F

NOTE: The above characteristics curves are presented for reference only and not guaranteed by production test, unless otherwise noted.

14. Soldering and Storage

14.1. Precautions for Soldering

The soldering temperature should be controlled as closely as possible to the conditions shown below, irrespective of whether a soldering iron or a reflow soldering method is used.

- When using soldering reflow.
  The soldering temperature profile is based on the package surface temperature.
  (See the figure shown below, which is based on the package surface temperature.)
  Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.
  The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.

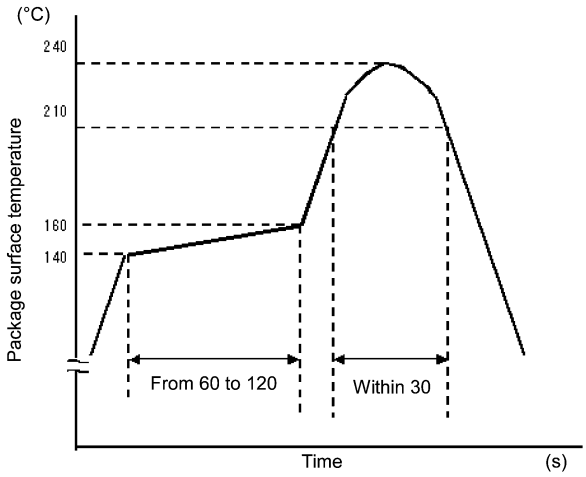


Fig. 14.1.1 An Example of a Temperature Profile When Sn-Pb Eutectic Solder Is Used

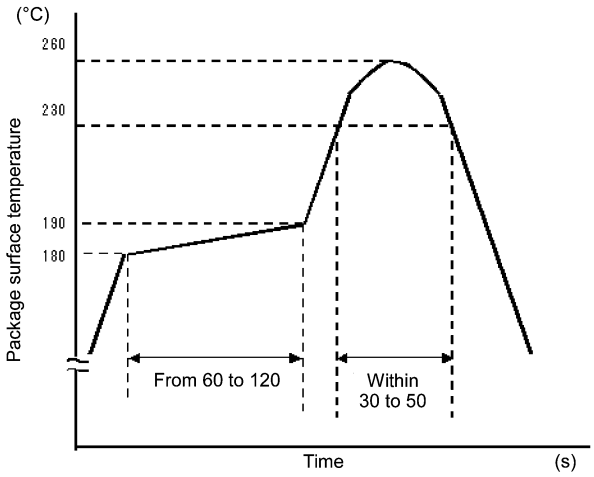


Fig. 14.1.2 An Example of a Temperature Profile When Lead(Pb)-Free Solder Is Used

- When using soldering flow (Applicable to both eutectic solder and Lead(Pb)-Free solder)
  Preheat the device at a temperature of 150 °C (package surface temperature) for 60 to 120 seconds.
  Mounting condition of 260 °C within 10 seconds is recommended.
  Flow soldering must be performed once.
- When using soldering Iron
  Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding 260 °C or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350 °C
  Heating by soldering iron must be done only once per lead.

14.2. Precautions for General Storage

- Avoid storage locations where devices may be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- Follow the precautions printed on the packing label of the device for transportation and storage.
- Keep the storage location temperature and humidity within a range of 5 °C to 35 °C and 45 % to 75 %, respectively.
- Do not store the products in locations with poisonous gases (especially corrosive gases) or in dusty conditions.
- Store the products in locations with minimal temperature fluctuations. Rapid temperature changes during storage can cause condensation, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, which will deteriorate the solderability of the leads.
- When restoring devices after removal from their packing, use anti-static containers.
- Do not allow loads to be applied directly to devices while they are in storage.
- If devices have been stored for more than two years under normal storage conditions, it is recommended that you check the leads for ease of soldering prior to use.

15. Land Pattern Dimensions (for reference only)

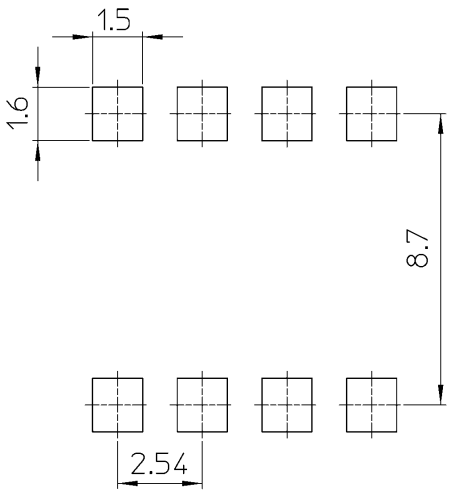


Fig. 15.1 (LF1), (LF5) Type (Unit: mm)

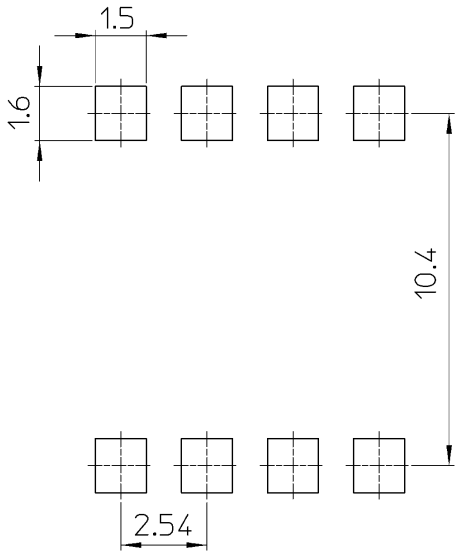


Fig. 15.2 (LF4) Type (Unit: mm)

16. Marking

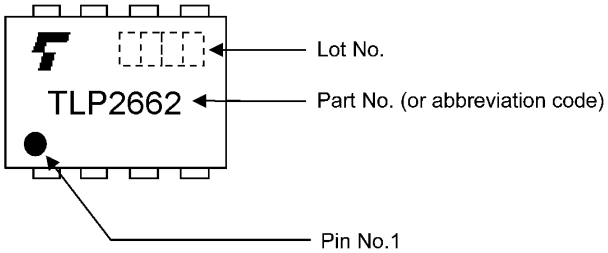


Fig. 16.1 TLP2662

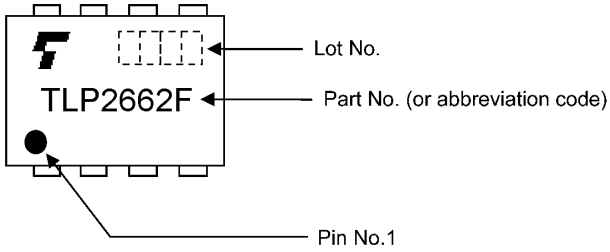


Fig. 16.2 TLP2662F

17. EN60747-5-5 Option (D4) Specification

- Part number: TLP2662 **(Note 1)**
- The following part naming conventions are used for the devices that have been qualified according to option (D4) of EN60747.
  Example: TLP2662(D4-TP1,F)
  D4: EN60747 option
  TP1: Tape type
  F: [[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE **(Note 2)**

Note 1: Use TOSHIBA standard type number for safety standard application.
e.g., TLP2662(D4-TP1,F) → TLP2662

Note 2: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.
RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.

Description		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Application classification for rated mains voltage ≤ 300 Vrms for rated mains voltage ≤ 600 Vrms			 I-IV I-III	—
Climatic classification			40 / 125 / 21	—
Pollution degree			2	—
Maximum operating insulation voltage	TLPxxx type	V_{IORM}	890	Vpeak
	TLPxxxF type		1140	
Input to output test voltage, Method A V_{pr} = 1.6 × V_{IORM}, type and sample test t_p = 10 s, partial discharge < 5 pC	TLPxxx type	V_{pr}	1424	Vpeak
	TLPxxxF type		1824	
Input to output test voltage, Method B V_{pr} = 1.875 × V_{IORM}, 100 % production test t_p = 1 s, partial discharge < 5 pC	TLPxxx type	V_{pr}	1670	Vpeak
	TLPxxxF type		2140	
Highest permissible overvoltage (transient overvoltage, t_{pr} = 60 s)		V_{TR}	8000	Vpeak
Safety limiting values (max. permissible ratings in case of fault, also refer to thermal derating curve) current (input current I_F, P_{so} = 0) power (output or total power dissipation) temperature		 I_{si} P_{so} T_s	 100 800 150	 mA mW °C
Insulation resistance	V_{IO} = 500 V, T_a = 25 °C V_{IO} = 500 V, T_a = 100 °C V_{IO} = 500 V, T_a = T_s	R_{si}	≥ 10^{12} ≥ 10^{11} ≥ 10^{9}	Ω

Fig. 17.1 EN60747 Isolation Characteristics

		7.62 mm pitch TLPxxx type	10.16 mm pitch TLPxxxF type
Minimum creepage distance	Cr	7.0 mm	8.0 mm
Minimum clearance	Cl	7.0 mm	8.0 mm
Minimum insulation thickness	ti	0.4 mm	
Comparative tracking index	CTI	175	

Fig. 17.2 Insulation Related Specifications (Note)

Note: If a printed circuit is incorporated, the creepage distance and clearance may be reduced below this value. (e. g., at a standard distance between soldering eye centers of 7.5 mm). If this is not permissible, the user shall take suitable measures.

Note: This photocoupler is suitable for **safe electrical isolation** only within the safety limit data. Maintenance of the safety data shall be ensured by means of protective circuits.

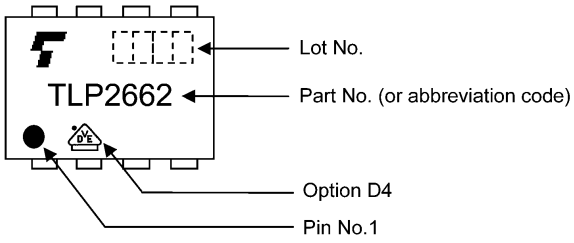


Fig. 17.3 TLP2662 Marking Example

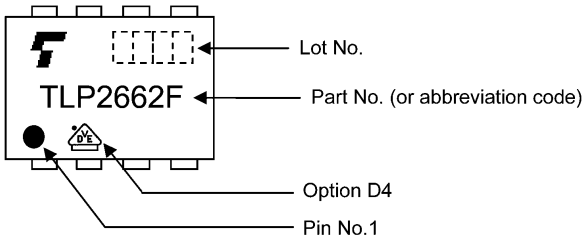


Fig. 17.4 TLP2662F Marking Example

Note: The above marking is applied to the photocouplers that have been qualified according to option (D4) of EN60747.

Figure 1 Partial discharge measurement procedure according to EN60747
Destructive test for qualification and sampling tests.

Method A

(for type and sampling tests, destructive tests)

t_1, t_2	= 1 to 10 s
t_3, t_4	= 1 s
t_p (Measuring time for partial discharge)	= 10 s
t_b	= 12 s
t_{ini}	= 60 s

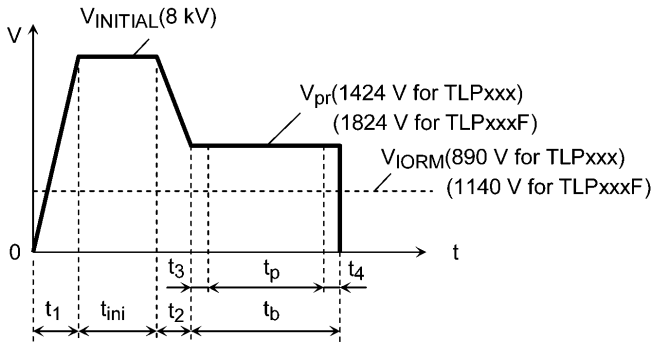


Figure 2 Partial discharge measurement procedure according to EN60747
Non-destructive test for 100 % inspection.

Method B

(for sample test,non-destructive test)

t_3, t_4	= 0.1 s
t_p (Measuring time for partial discharge)	= 1 s
t_b	= 1.2 s

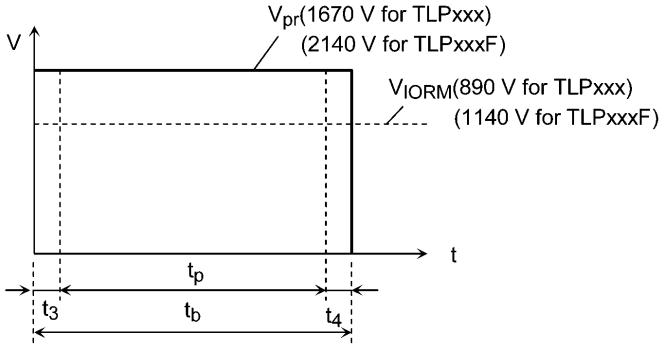


Figure 3 Dependency of maximum safety ratings on ambient temperature

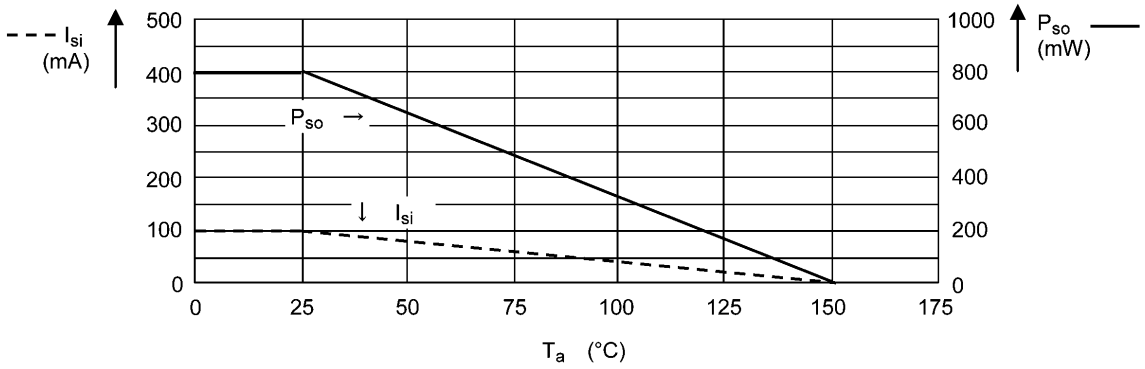
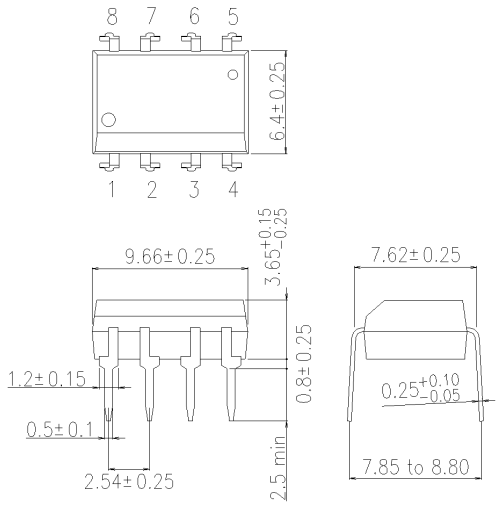


Fig. 17.5 Measurement Procedure

Package Dimensions

Unit: mm

TLP2662



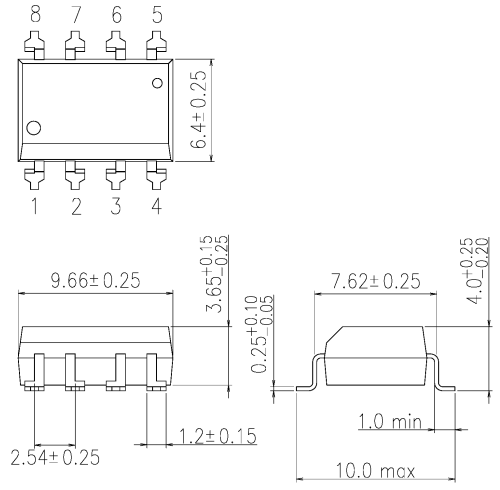
Weight: 0.54 g (typ.)

Package Name(s)
TOSHIBA: 11-10C4S

Package Dimensions

Unit: mm

TLP2662(LF1)



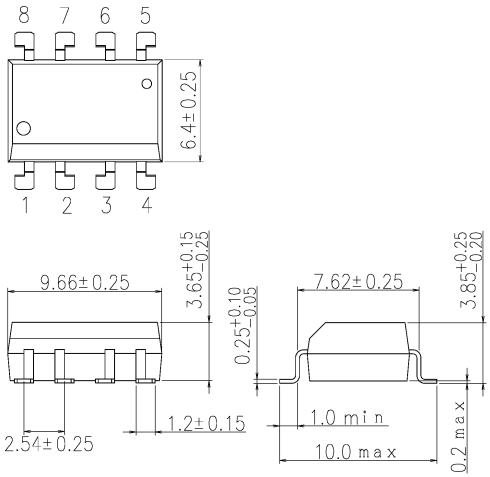
Weight: 0.53 g (typ.)

Package Name(s)
TOSHIBA: 11-10C401S

Package Dimensions

Unit: mm

TLP2662(LF5)



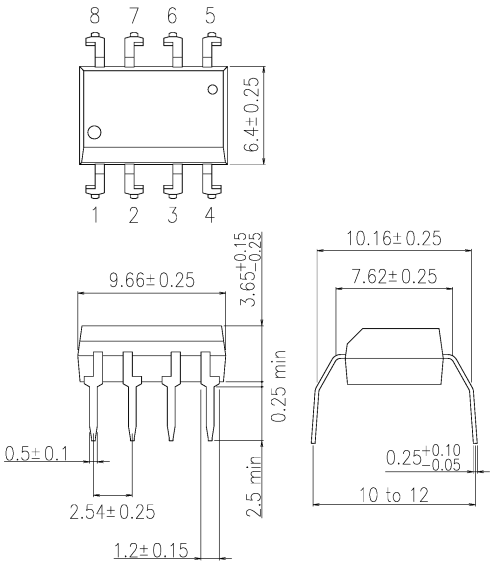
Weight: 0.53 g (typ.)

Package Name(s)
TOSHIBA: 11-10C405S

Package Dimensions

Unit: mm

TLP2662F



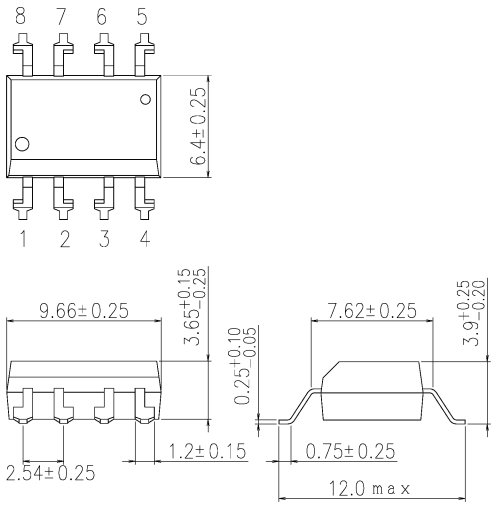
Weight: 0.54 g (typ.)

Package Name(s)
TOSHIBA: 11-10C402S

Package Dimensions

Unit: mm

TLP2662F(LF4)



Weight: 0.53 g (typ.)

Package Name(s)
TOSHIBA: 11-10C404S

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

- Toshiba Corporation, and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively "TOSHIBA"), reserve the right to make changes to the information in this document, and related hardware, software and systems (collectively "Product") without notice.
- This document and any information herein may not be reproduced without prior written permission from TOSHIBA. Even with TOSHIBA's written permission, reproduction is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration/omission.
- Though TOSHIBA works continually to improve Product's quality and reliability, Product can malfunction or fail. Customers are responsible for complying with safety standards and for providing adequate designs and safeguards for their hardware, software and systems which minimize risk and avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of Product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property, including data loss or corruption. Before customers use the Product, create designs including the Product, or incorporate the Product into their own applications, customers must also refer to and comply with (a) the latest versions of all relevant TOSHIBA information, including without limitation, this document, the specifications, the data sheets and application notes for Product and the precautions and conditions set forth in the "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" and (b) the instructions for the application with which the Product will be used with or for. Customers are solely responsible for all aspects of their own product design or applications, including but not limited to (a) determining the appropriateness of the use of this Product in such design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the applicability of any information contained in this document, or in charts, diagrams, programs, algorithms, sample application circuits, or any other referenced documents; and (c) validating all operating parameters for such designs and applications. **TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR CUSTOMERS' PRODUCT DESIGN OR APPLICATIONS.**
- **PRODUCT IS NEITHER INTENDED NOR WARRANTED FOR USE IN EQUIPMENTS OR SYSTEMS THAT REQUIRE EXTRAORDINARILY HIGH LEVELS OF QUALITY AND/OR RELIABILITY, AND/OR A MALFUNCTION OR FAILURE OF WHICH MAY CAUSE LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE, BODILY INJURY, SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND/OR SERIOUS PUBLIC IMPACT ("UNINTENDED USE").** Except for specific applications as expressly stated in this document, Unintended Use includes, without limitation, equipment used in nuclear facilities, equipment used in the aerospace industry, medical equipment, equipment used for automobiles, trains, ships and other transportation, traffic signaling equipment, equipment used to control combustions or explosions, safety devices, elevators and escalators, devices related to electric power, and equipment used in finance-related fields. **IF YOU USE PRODUCT FOR UNINTENDED USE, TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR PRODUCT.** For details, please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative.
- Do not disassemble, analyze, reverse-engineer, alter, modify, translate or copy Product, whether in whole or in part.
- Product shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable laws or regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as guidance for Product use. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of third parties that may result from the use of Product. No license to any intellectual property right is granted by this document, whether express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise.
- **ABSENT A WRITTEN SIGNED AGREEMENT, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THE RELEVANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR PRODUCT, AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY LAW, TOSHIBA (1) ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OR LOSS, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF OPPORTUNITIES, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION AND LOSS OF DATA, AND (2) DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND CONDITIONS RELATED TO SALE, USE OF PRODUCT, OR INFORMATION, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ACCURACY OF INFORMATION, OR NONINFRINGEMENT.**
- GaAs (Gallium Arsenide) is used in Product. GaAs is harmful to humans if consumed or absorbed, whether in the form of dust or vapor. Handle with care and do not break, cut, crush, grind, dissolve chemically or otherwise expose GaAs in Product.
- Do not use or otherwise make available Product or related software or technology for any military purposes, including without limitation, for the design, development, use, stockpiling or manufacturing of nuclear, chemical, or biological weapons or missile technology products (mass destruction weapons). Product and related software and technology may be controlled under the applicable export laws and regulations including, without limitation, the Japanese Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law and the U.S. Export Administration Regulations. Export and re-export of Product or related software or technology are strictly prohibited except in compliance with all applicable export laws and regulations.
- Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of Product. Please use Product in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. **TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES OCCURRING AS A RESULT OF NONCOMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.**